PREPARED BY: DATE PREPARED: PHONE: Nikki Swope January 31, 2020 402-471-0042

LB 970

Revision: 00

FISCAL NOTE

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST ESTIMATE

ESTIMATE OF FISCAL IMPACT - STATE AGENCIES (See narrative for political subdivision estimates)						
	FY 202	0-21	FY 2021-22			
	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE		
GENERAL FUNDS						
CASH FUNDS						
FEDERAL FUNDS						
OTHER FUNDS						
TOTAL FUNDS	See below		See below			

Any Fiscal Notes received from state agencies and political subdivisions are attached following the Legislative Fiscal Analyst Estimate.

LB970 would require that any individual or group health insurance policy or any self-funded employee benefit plan, to the extent not preemptive by federal law, limit the total amount covered individuals are required to pay for prescription insulin drugs at an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars per thirty day supply, regardless of the amount or type of insulin needed to fulfill the covered individual's prescription. This bill has an effective date of January 1, 2021.

The State of Nebraska's pharmacy plan divides prescription drugs into 3 tiers with an assigned corresponding deducible or copay. The Department of Administrative Services (DAS) has analyzed data for future costs of plans that have historical data available. DAS estimates that the fiscal impact of the bill as proposed would be minimal. It is estimated that the shift of the state employee's costs to the State of Nebraska Pharmacy plan would have on-going annual costs of \$10,000, with an estimated increase in FY20-21 of \$5,000.

The University of Nebraska's pharmacy plan currently covers individuals' costs for insulin products at or under one hundred dollars as required by the bill that are on the University plan's formulary drug list. However, certain insulin drugs are not currently covered under the University plan's formulary thus if the bill intends to provide coverage these drugs, it is possible that the cost for these products could exceed the maximum amount of one hundred dollars per month. If the bill intends to include drugs that are not included in the University's formulary, there could be an indeterminate amount of fiscal impact on the University.

Pursuant to an email from DHHS, there would be no fiscal impact for the Medicaid/Medicare programs.

The Department of Insurance anticipates no fiscal impact. No expected duties are expected of the Department, however, should there be any increased enforcement, such duties will be absorbed by available resources.

There is no basis to disagree with these estimates.

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES STATE BUDGET DIVISION: REVIEW OF AGENCY & POLT. SUB. RESPONSE					
LB: 970	AM:	AGENCY/POLT. SUB: Depa	rtment of Insurance		
REVIEWED I	BY: Neil Sullivan	DATE: 2/7/2020	PHONE: (402) 471-4179		
COMMENTS: The Department of Insurance assessment of no fiscal impact from LB 970 appears reasonable.					

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES STATE BUDGET DIVISION: REVIEW OF AGENCY & POLT. SUB. RESPONSE					
LB: 970	LB: 970 AM: AGENCY/POLT. SUB: Department of Administrative Services				
REVIEWED B	REVIEWED BY: Neil Sullivan DATE: 1/22/2020 PHONE: (402) 471-4179				
COMMENTS: The Department of Administrative Services assessment of impact to premiums from LB 970 appears reasonable.					

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES STATE BUDGET DIVISION: REVIEW OF AGENCY & POLT. SUB. RESPONSE					
LB: 970	AM:	AGENCY/POLT. SUB: Univer	rsity of Nebraska		
REVIEWED E	BY: Neil Sullivan	DATE: 1/23/2020	PHONE: (402) 471-4179		
COMMENTS: No basis to disagree with the University of Nebraska estimate of indeterminate fiscal impact from LB 970.					

LB ⁽¹⁾ 970						FISCAL NOTE
State Agency OR I	Political Subdivision Name:	Depa	rtment of Ins	urance		
Prepared by: (3)	Thomas Green II	Da	te Prepared: ⁽⁴⁾	2/4/2020	Phone: (5	402-471-4650
	ESTIMATE PRO	OVIDED BY	Y STATE AGEN	NCY OR POLIT	ICAL SUBDIVI	ISION
	1	FY 2020-21	1		FY 202	01_00
	<u>EXPENDITUR</u>		<u>REVENUE</u>	EXPENI	<u>F1 202</u> DITURES	REVENUE
GENERAL FUN	DS					
CASH FUNDS						
FEDERAL FUN	DS					
OTHER FUNDS						
TOTAL FUNDS	<u></u>					
Explanation of E						
individual is red hundred dollars The Department Department, ho	ich provides reimburse quired to pay for covere s per 30 day supply. Int anticipates no fiscal owever, should there b bsorbed by existing res	ed prescrip impact as e any incre	tion insulin dro a result of LB	ugs of any type	e at an amoun ased duties ar	t not to exceed one re expected of the
Personal Service		OWN BY M	IAJOR OBJECT	TS OF EXPEND	<u>ITURE</u>	
	TION TITLE	NUMBER 20-21	OF POSITION <u>21-22</u>		20-21 DITURES	2021-22 EXPENDITURES
Benefits			_			
Operating						
Travel		•				
Capital outlay						
	ments					
TOTAL						

LB ⁽¹⁾ 970				FISCAL NOTE			
State Agency OR Po	olitical Subdivision Name: (2)	Department of Administrative Services (DAS) - Employee Wellness & Benefits					
Prepared by: (3)	Jennifer Norris	Date Prepared: (4)	1/9/2020 Phone:	(5) 402/471-4443			
-	ESTIMATE PROVI	DED BY STATE AGEN	ICY OR POLITICAL SUBDI	VISION			
	<u>FY 9</u> EXPENDITURES	2020-21 <u>REVENUE</u>	<u>FY 20</u> <u>EXPENDITURES</u>	021-22 <u>REVENUE</u>			
GENERAL FUNDS FEDERAL FUND REVOLVING FUNDS							
TOTAL FUNDS	See Below		See Below				

Explanation of Estimate:

LB 970 would require, effective January 1, 2021, any self-funded employee benefit plans to the extent not preempted by federal law, which provides reimbursement for prescription insulin drugs, to limit the amount that a covered individual is required to pay for a covered prescription insulin drug at an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars per thirty-day supply of insulin, regardless of the amount or type of insulin needed to fill the covered individuals prescription.

The State of Nebraska pharmacy plans divide drugs into three tiers. Each tier for each plan has an assigned deductible or copay. The WellNebraska with Incentive, the WellNebraska without Incentive and the Regular Health Plans contain set copays for each tier. The WellNebraska with Incentive and the Consumer Focused Health Plans offer a separate tier for Preventive Medication Drug List Plans (see below). The Direct Primary Care Pilot Program pharmacy plans (depending on option elected) costs a State of Nebraska teammate 20% or 30% after deductible is met. The Direct Primary Care doctors can independently negotiate a lower cost for a patient.

The Plan Year 2018/2019 pharmacy data was analyzed and projected for future costs. With exception, there is no historical data for the Direct Primary Care Pilot Program Plans (pilot program effective 7/1/2019) thus the plans' costs have been estimated based on usage for the past 6 months. These costs have been combined to project for future claims costs.

The State of Nebraska averages 15,000 teammates enrolled in a medical plan with pharmacy. There is an average of 150 teammates enrolled in the Direct Primary Care Plans. There are few claims with multiple insulin prescriptions with a total monthly claims over \$100.00 or from the Direct Primary Care Plans with claims over \$100.00. These claims over the \$100.00 maximum would shift from the teammate costs to the State of Nebraska Pharmacy plan costs.

Medical and Pharmacy Benefits for the State of Nebraska are self-insured. Any increase in claims will be reflected into the cost of premiums. The State of Nebraska pays 79% premiums with the teammate paying 21%.

For fiscal year 2018/2019, the pharmacy claims paid for the State of Nebraska health plans totaled \$35,470,040.

To apply LB 790 as a monthly limit of \$100.00 total for all insulin prescriptions, it is estimated as an annual increase in claims paid of \$10,000.00, with an estimated increase in FY20-21 of \$5,000.00.

The possible increased cost for insulin prescriptions of \$5,000 in FY20-21 and \$10,000.00 in FY21-22 would have a limited fiscal impact on the State of Nebraska medical and pharmacy plans.

Chart of Tiers for State of Nebraska Medical with Pharmacy Plans.

	tate of Nebraska Pharmacy plans per prescription:
WellNebraska wi	th Incentive for Preventative Medications
Tier 1:	No copay
Tier 2:	\$15 copay
Tier 3:	\$30 copay
WellNebraska wi	thout Incentive and Regular Health Plan
Tier 1:	\$5 copay
Tier 2:	\$40 copay
Tier 3:	\$60 copay
Consumer Focus	Health Plan (H.S.A. eligible) for Preventative Medications
Tier 1:	No copay
Tier 2:	\$25 copay
Tier 3:	\$50 copay
Direct Primary Ca	are Pilot Program –Select
Tier 1:	20% after deductible
Tier 2:	20% after deductible
Tier 3:	20% after deductible
Direct Primary Ca	are Pilot Program –Standard
Tier 1:	30% after deductible
Tier 2:	30% after deductible
Tier 3:	30% after deductible

BREAKI	OOWN BY MA	JOR OBJECTS O	F EXPENDITURE	
Personal Services:				
	NUMBER O	F POSITIONS	2020-21	2021-22
POSITION TITLE	<u>20-21</u>	<u>21-22</u>	EXPENDITURES	EXPENDITURES
Benefits	••			
Operating				
Travel	•••			
Capital outlay				
Aid	••			
Capital improvements				
TOTAL				

LB ⁽¹⁾ 970				FISCAL NOTE
State Agency OR Political Subdivisio	_{n Name: (2)} Unive	ersity of Nebrasl	ka	
Prepared by: (3) Michael Justus	Da	te Prepared: (4)	anuary 21, 2020 Phone	: (5) 402-472-7109
ESTIMA	TE PROVIDED B	Y STATE AGENCY	OR POLITICAL SUBDI	VISION
EXPEN	<u>FY 2020-2</u> IDITURES	<u>1</u> <u>REVENUE</u>	<u>FY 20</u> EXPENDITURES	021-22 <u>REVENUE</u>
GENERAL FUNDS				
CASH FUNDS				
FEDERAL FUNDS				
OTHER FUNDS				
TOTAL FUNDS	=======================================			
Explanation of Estimate:				
Based on the University of Neb which would include providing		•	•	on the formulary,
The University covers the follow	wing insulin drug	s as part of its for	mulary:	
BASAGLAR, FIASP, HUMULIN F NOVOLG MIX 70/30, TRESIBA.	•	R, NOVOLIN 70/30	O, NOVOLIN N, NOVOLI	N R, NOVLOG,
In instances were an insulin dr RELION INSULIN is not on our our plan.	_	2 -		•
Where the possible fiscal impactionly drugs covered by a plan's Relion Insulin in the example a have a fiscal impact on the Uni	formulary. If it in bove, it is possib	ncludes drugs outs	side of the University's f	formulary, such as
<u>BI</u> Personal Services:	REAKDOWN BY N	MAJOR OBJECTS (OF EXPENDITURE	
POSITION TITLE	NUMBER 20-21	OF POSITIONS 21-22	2020-21 EXPENDITURES	2021-22 EXPENDITURES
		_		
Benefits		<u> </u>		
Operating				
Travel				
Capital outlay				
Aid				
Capital improvements				