## LEGISLATIVE BILL 237

Approved by the Governor June 4, 1993

Introduced by Bromm, 23; Robinson, 16; Hillman, 48; Baack, 47; Bernard-Stevens, 42; Hohenstein, 17

AN ACT relating to petroleum release remedial action; to amend sections 66-1519, 66-1523, 66-1525, 66-1529.02, and 81-15,124, Revised Statutes Supplement, 1992; to provide for certain reimbursement amounts as prescribed; to change an eligibility term; to provide for approval or disapproval of a remedial action plan by the Department of Environmental Quality; to harmonize provisions; to repeal the original sections; and to declare an emergency.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. That section 66-1519, Revised Statutes

Supplement, 1992, be amended to read as follows:

66-1519. There is hereby created the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Cash Fund to be administered by the department. Revenue from the following sources shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the fund:

(1) The fees imposed by sections 66-1520 and 66-1521;

(2) Money paid under an agreement, stipulation, cost-recovery award under section 66-1529.02, or settlement; and

(3) Money received by the department in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursements, property liquidations, or appropriations from any

source intended to be used for the purposes of the fund.

Money in the fund may only be spent for: (a) Reimbursement for the costs of remedial action by a responsible person or his or her designated representative and costs of remedial action undertaken by the department in response to a release first reported after July 17, 1983, and on or before December 31, 1998, including reimbursement for damages caused by the department or a person acting at the department's direction while investigating or inspecting or during remedial action on property other than property on which a release or suspected release has occurred; (b) payment of any amount due from a third-party claim; (c) fee collection expenses incurred by the State Fire Marshal; (d) direct expenses incurred by the department in carrying out the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Act; and (e) appraisal and other costs related to tangible personal property as provided in section 66-1529.01.

Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to sections 72-1237 to 72-1276.

Sec. 2. That section 66-1523, Revised Statutes Supplement,

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1992, be amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the department shall provide reimbursement from the fund in accordance with section 66-1525 to eligible responsible persons in an amount not to exceed nine hundred seventy-five thousand dollars per occurrence for the cost of remedial action for releases reported after July 17, 1983, and on or before December 31, 1998, and for the cost of paying third-party claims. The responsible person shall be responsible for pay the first ten thousand dollars of the cost of the remedial action or third-party claim, twenty-five percent of the remaining cost of the remedial action or third-party claim not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars, and the amount of any reduction authorized under subsection (5) of section 66-1525. If the department determines that a responsible person was ordered to take remedial action for a release which was later found to be from a tank not owned or operated by such person, (a) such person shall be fully reimbursed and shall not be required to pay the first cost or percent of the remaining cost as provided in this subsection and (b) the first cost and percent of the remaining cost not required to be paid by the person ordered to take remedial action shall be paid to the fund as a cost of remedial action by the owner or operator of the tank found to be the cause of the release. In no event shall reimbursements or payments from the fund exceed the annual aggregate of one million nine hundred

seventy-five thousand dollars per responsible person.

(2) Upon the determination by the department that the responsible person sold no less than two thousand gallons of petroleum and no more than two hundred fifty thousand gallons of petroleum during the calendar year immediately preceding the first report of the release or stored less than ten thousand gallons of petroleum in the calendar year immediately preceding the first report of the release, the department shall provide reimbursement from the fund in accordance with section 66-1525 to such an eligible person in an amount not to exceed nine hundred eighty-five thousand dollars per occurrence for the cost of remedial action for releases reported after July 17, 1983, and on or before December 31, 1998, and for the cost of paying third-party claims. The responsible person shall be responsible for pay the first five thousand dollars of the cost of the remedial action or third-party claim, twenty-five percent of the remaining cost of the remedial action or third-party claim not to exceed ten thousand dollars, and the amount of any reduction authorized under subsection (5) of section 66-1525. If the department determines that a responsible person was ordered to take remedial action for a release which was later found to be from a tank not owned or operated by such person, (a) such person shall be fully reimbursed and shall not be required to pay the first cost or percent of the remaining cost as provided in this subsection and (b) the first cost and percent of the remaining cost not required to be paid by the person ordered to take remedial action shall be paid to the fund as a cost of remedial action by the owner or operator of the tank found to be the cause of the release. In no event shall reimbursements or payments from the fund exceed the annual aggregate LB 237

of one million nine hundred eighty-five thousand dollars per responsible person.

(3) The department may make partial reimbursement during the time that remedial action is being taken if the department is satisfied that the remedial action being taken is as required by the department.

(4) If the fund is insufficient for any reason to reimburse the amount set forth in this section, the maximum amount that the fund shall be required to reimburse is the amount in the fund. If reimbursements approved by the department exceed the amount in the fund, reimbursements shall be made in the order in which the applications for them were received by the department.

(5) For purposes of this section, occurrence shall mean an accident, including continuous or repeated exposure to conditions, which

results in a release from a tank.

Sec. 3. That section 66-1525, Revised Statutes Supplement,

1992, be amended to read as follows:

66-1525. (1) Any responsible person or his or her designated representative who has taken remedial action in response to a release first reported after July 17, 1983, and on or before December 31, 1998, or against whom there is a third-party claim may apply to the department under the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to section 66-1518 for reimbursement for the costs of the remedial action or third-party claim.

(2) No reimbursement may be made unless the department

makes the following eligibility determinations:

(a) The tank was in substantial compliance with any rules and regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the State Fire Marshal, and the department which were applicable to the tank. Substantial compliance shall be determined by the department taking into consideration the purposes of the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Act and the adverse effect that any violation of the rules and regulations may have had on the tank thereby causing or contributing to the release and

the extent of the remedial action thereby required;

(b) Either the State Fire Marshal or the department was given notice of the release in substantial compliance with the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to the Environmental Protection Act and the Petroleum Products and Hazardous Substances Storage and Handling Act. Substantial compliance shall be determined by the department taking into consideration the purposes of the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Act and the adverse effect that any violation of the notice provisions of the rules and regulations may have had on the remedial action being taken in a prompt, effective, and efficient manner;

(c) The responsible person reasonably cooperated with the

department and the State Fire Marshal in responding to the release;

(d) The department has approved the plan submitted by the responsible person for the remedial action in accordance with rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the department pursuant to the

Environmental Protection Act or the Petroleum Products and Hazardous Substances Storage and Handling Act or that portion of the plan for which payment or reimbursement is requested:

(e) The costs for the remedial action were actually incurred by the responsible person or his or her designated representative after

May 27, 1989, and were eligible and reasonable;

(f) If reimbursement for a third-party claim is involved, the cause of action for the third-party claim accrued after April 26, 1991, the eause of action for the third party claim was filed on or before June 30. 1993, and the Attorney General was notified by any person of the service of summons for the action within ten days of such service; and

(g) The responsible person or his or her designated representative has paid the amount specified in subsection (1) or (2) of

section 66-1523.

(3) The State Fire Marshal shall review each application prior to consideration by the department and provide to the department any information the State Fire Marshal deems relevant to subdivisions (2)(a) through (g) of this section.

(4) The department may withhold taking action on an application during the pendency of an enforcement action by the state or

federal government related to the tank or a release from the tank.

(5) Reimbursements made for a remedial action may be reduced as much as one hundred percent for failure by the responsible person to comply with applicable statutory or regulatory requirements. In determining the amount of the reimbursement reduction, the department shall consider:

(a) The extent of and reasons for noncompliance;

(b) The likely environmental impact of the noncompliance;

and

(c) Whether noncompliance was negligent, knowing, or willful.

Sec. 4. That section 66-1529.02. Revised Statutes

Supplement, 1992, be amended to read as follows:

- 66-1529.02. (1) The department may undertake remedial actions in response to a release first reported after July 17, 1983, and on or before December 31, 1998, with money available in the fund if:
  - (a) The responsible person cannot be identified or located;

(b) An identified responsible person cannot or will not

comply with the remedial action requirements; or

- (c) Immediate remedial action is necessary, as determined by the Director of Environmental Control Quality, to protect human health or the environment.
- (2) The department may pay the costs of a third-party claim meeting the requirements of subdivision (2)(f) of section 66-1525 with money available in the fund if the responsible person cannot or will not pay the third-party claim.
- (3) Reimbursement for any damages caused by the department or a person acting at the department's direction while

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investigating or inspecting or during remedial action on property other than property on which a release or suspected release has occurred shall be considered as part of the cost of remedial action involving the site where the release or suspected release occurred. The costs shall be reimbursed from money available in the fund. If such reimbursement is deemed inadequate by the party claiming the damages, the party's claim for damages caused by the department shall be filed as provided in section 76-705.

(4) All expenses paid from the fund under this section, court costs, and attorney's fees may be recovered in a civil action in the district court of Lancaster County. The action may be brought by the county attorney or Attorney General at the request of the director against the responsible person. All recovered expenses shall be deposited into the fund.

Sec. 5. That section 81-15,124, Revised Statutes

Supplement, 1992, be amended to read as follows:

81-15,124. Any reported or suspected release of a regulated substance from any tank shall be investigated by the State Fire Marshal and the Department of Environmental Control Quality. In the event that the State Fire Marshal or the Department of Environmental Control department finds an adverse effect caused by a release of a regulated substance from a tank:

(1) The State Fire Marshal shall (a) determine the immediate danger presented by the release, (b) take all steps necessary to assure immediate public safety, and (c) assist the Department—of Environmental—Control department in determining the source of the release and taking all steps necessary to ensure that the release is halted;

(2) By order of the Department of Environmental Control department, the owner or operator of the tank causing the release shall, after securing the source of the release, develop a plan for remedial action to be approved by the Department—of—Environmental Control department. The department shall inform the owner or operator of its approval or disapproval of a plan for remedial action within one hundred twenty days after receipt of a remedial action plan which contains all required information. If after one hundred twenty days the department fails to either deny, approve, or amend the remedial action plan submitted, the proposed plan shall be deemed approved; and

(3) The approved remedial action plan shall then be carried out by the owner or operator of the tank causing the release. All expenses incurred during the remedial action shall be paid by the owner or operator subject to reimbursement pursuant to the Petroleum Release Remedial

Action Act.

If it is determined that the source of the release is unknown or that the owner or operator of the facility causing the release is unknown or unavailable, a remedial action plan shall be developed by or under the direction of the Department of Environmental Control department. Such remedial action plan shall be developed and carried out by the department with money from the Petroleum Products and

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Hazardous Substances Storage and Handling Fund if funds are available. If at a later date the owner or operator of the facility which caused the release is determined, he or she shall be responsible for remedial action costs incurred on his or her behalf subject to reimbursement pursuant to the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Act. Any money received from such person shall be deposited in the Petroleum Products and Hazardous Substances Storage and Handling Fund.

Sec. 6. That original sections 66-1519, 66-1523, 66-1525, 66-1529.02, and 81-15,124, Revised Statutes Supplement, 1992, are

repealed.

Sec. 7. Since an emergency exists, this act shall be in full force and take effect, from and after its passage and approval, according to law.