

Administrator will begin immediately to make all the structural changes necessary so that the bill will be up...the system will be up and running October 1st of '86 and the reason they need the bill to pass this year is so they can get started on that because it is going to take them six to eighteen months.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: What do they have to get started on? Because they won't have statutory authority for it.

SENATOR HOAGLAND: Well, they have got to get the computer programs written and installed in about 90 counties, 85 or 90 counties. They have got to get the personnel on line. They have got to read the 40 pages of LB 600 that constitute this expedited...let me read the type of the act for you.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Okay, because you will have time to go through all that. My question is, what in addition to collecting those records can this automated system be used for by the Supreme Court?

SENATOR HOAGLAND: Senator Chambers, I can't answer that. Once you get a computerized record-keeping system set up, surely it can be used for a lot of other things.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: And had there not been this bill for a vehicle, the Supreme Court couldn't have gotten a \$220,000 appropriation to set up this system, could they?

SENATOR HOAGLAND: Well, I don't know about that, Senator Chambers, but it is necessary to implement LB 600.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: But it will be used for other things in addition to this to a greater extent than this, won't it?

SENATOR HOAGLAND: That could be, Senator Chambers, I don't know. But I know that we have to have it for LB 600.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Who brought this amendment to the committee?

SENATOR HOAGLAND: The Supreme Court Administrator did.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Thank you. Members of the Legislature, these kind of bills are presented to you as something that the federal government says must be passed. This must not