would offer an amendment to the resolution. Senator, would you like me to read it? Okay. (Read the Schmit amendment as found on page 319 of the Legislative Journal).

PRESIDENT: The Chair recognizes Senator Schmit on speaking to the Schmit amendment.

SENATOR SCHMIT: Mr. President, members of the Legislature, I offer this resolution and I apologize it is not as complete as the one I had prepared previously but I left it at home this morning apparently and I don't have it with me, so I had to jot this one down in kind of a spur of the moment. This resolution does most of the things that Senator Labedz referred to. It refers to the free labor movement. It refers to the right of the workers to bargain collectively, and refers to the government of Poland in their attempts to suppress the free labor movement, affirms the fact that the citizens of Nebraska and United States have sympathy with the people of Poland and the workers of Poland, and then also adds that President Reagan has expressed his support for the shipment of wheat to Poland through private charitable channels, and aware therefore that the Legislature affirms its support for the workers and people of Poland, endorses private charitable efforts to provide food for the citizens of Poland. I want to just point out the resolution does not in any way ... the amendment that I offered does not in any way support or endorse the proposed sanctions that are at the present time involved by President Reagan and it does not, of course, in any way support any kind of embargo. I have opposed those embargoes in the past. I oppose them now. I am on record in support of those actions which will guarantee the movement of grain and supplies through the international commerce, and I believe that this resolution touches upon that. It is not as complete perhaps as I would like to have it, but I believe it does express my feelings and expresses them simply and plainly in a manner which cannot be misunderstood. I believe I want to reaffirm again, I believe it would be a mistake, it has been proven to be a mistake to impose embargoes which cannot be enforced. We might as well try to shovel corn with a cob fork, if you know what that is as to try to enforce an embargo. We have had a most miserable record in those areas. Those individuals who enacted language in the Congress I believe through the Jefferson amendment, which said that if there is going to be an embargo in the future, it must be a total embargo, are in fact deluding the American people, particularly those who livelihood depends upon a prosperous agricultural economy. Approximately 81 percent of all the