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his designee, two Senators that would be selected by the body, and two lay people who would be appointed by the Governor. Once the institution is in place, then, of course, there would be actually certain financial obligations. One-half of that obligation would be apportioned by population and one-half would be apportioned by the amount of the budget that would be adopted by the various board of directors who would then indeed carry out the midwest compact which ultimately might be fifteen states, but in no case, it takes six to initiate it. Thank you.

SPEAKER MARVEL: Senator Murphy and then Senator Frank Lewis.

SENATOR MURPHY: Senator Koch, if I may, we are presently paying a substantial amount of dues to the educational compact of these states, period, at Denver, is that correct?

SENATOR KOCH: Yes, we do.

SENATOR MURPHY: Now we are going to create the sublevel educational compact?

SENATOR KOCH: That is the proposal. ECS is the states, forty-nine presently plus three other, what, Samoa, Virgin Islands and someone else. This one would be a compact of states that have various things in common. This would be the midwest compact.

SENATOR MURPHY: You say this would be the midwest compact but I believe one of the states cited is West Virginia.

SENATOR KOCH: That is correct.

SENATOR MURPHY: Midwest is starting to leak.

SENATOR KOCH: That could be but I would remind you West Virginia also has a new vet college that they are putting up and that might be to our advantage to have them be a part of us, too.

SENATOR MURPHY: Senator, I have two or three questions in the structure of the bill that concern me. In section 3, subsection (a), you are providing that this group may sue or be sued. Do we want to create something that is presently not possible? Right now you cannot sue the state, can you?

SENATOR KOCH: Would you cite the area again?