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force somebody to open a program but if they should. I think what Senator Carpenter said was important. This sometimes to a young man a \$100 means a lot. It makes the difference whether he goes to school or not. Now, my boy went to Fairbury. So I won't have that charge. I'll put it right out in the open. He went there for one-half year, then transferred to UN-O. And there were some Bahamians that won, they ran cross-country with him. And there were a few from outstate but I understand state law requires and the coach told me in my front room that they were required to take nine out of ten or whatever it was on these athletic scholarships had to be Nebraska boys. Now, if they happen to be bunched in basketball, that I wouldn't know but I did know a couple of the basketball players that did come to my place with my boy over a weekend and they were from Nebraska. Now, I don't know where Savage...Senator Savage got all his information but totally I doubt, I think about nine out of the ten boys that competed on an athletic scholarship would be from Nebraska. At least that's what the coach told me at that time, some percentage like that, pretty high that they couldn't go out of state only on a limited amount. But it could be that so many on track were from Nebraska and the throwover on basketball might be you know, the total might be the same. But there might be more outstaters on one team than another. That could easily happen but I...the thing that's gotten me on this whole thing. And of course when my boy went there it hadn't turned into a voc-tech school yet. It has now, I understand, but the thing that gripes me is the fact that there's a classification here. The classification is as I said before, if you're learning a trade or something like that, you're not entitled to compete. But if you're an academic and I say a lawyer or something like that, you are...we're setting up a classification here that I think is unfair.

PRESIDENT: Senator Clark.

SENATOR CLARK: Well, in the first place I can't talk as loud as Senator Syas. What we actually did in the committee was to give ten each to all of the schools. Now, Sidney where I come from, has twenty, but that local board out there had twenty. And most of these were used in basketball. And we had the high attendance, as high as fifteen people watching the basketball game. It was terrific. And I really think this is a wonderful thing. Now you can get all the pork barrel into this thing that you want. I happen to be from one school that has twenty remissions right now. Now I would very, very much be in favor of remissions going to people that have to go to school. Now Fairbury board has taken this out. Fairbury itself according to them had 47% remissions. Now you can't operate a business when you don't take in any money from half of the people. And if a school is bad enough, you have to give half of it away, you probably ought to close the school up in the first place. You're not talking about \$100, you're talking about \$84 a quarter, on these things. If you want to vote it in, vote it in but I don't think it's good for my school except for the fact that if we could get the ten remissions from every school and each one of these could go to a student and they could use 60% of them now for athletics if they want too. But if they don't, they can use them for kids that really want to school...want to go to school and earn a living. That's what it's for.

PRESIDENT: Speaking order, Senators Nore, Kelly, Clark, Savage, Anderson, Waldron. Senator Nore.