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one that Senator Whitney has now separate out. We will vote on that separately. All those in favor of the other Warner amendments vote aye. All those opposed vote no. You are voting on the Warner amendments now. With the exclusion of the one to LB772 on Select File. The question has been divided, we've taken out that section, we're not voting on that Senator Whitney is objecting to at this moment. Senator Duis, okay. Motion still takes 25 votes. We're voting on the Warner amendment to LB772 with the exclusion of the one question that came out that Senator Whitney wants to debate which is apparently the controversial part of the issue. Thank you. Clerk will record.

CLERK: 26 ayes, 2 nays, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT: All right. Now we have a portion of the Warner amendment that was left over.

CLERK: Now, Mr. President, the motion is to adopt the Warner amendment on page 799 identified as paragraph 4. We now have pending a motion to amend that amendment by amending line 3, delete 850 and insert 900 and on line 6 delete 850 and insert 1,200. Signed, Senator Whitney.

PRESIDENT: All right. We'll take up Senator Whitney's amendment now to the Warner amendment on page 779, LB772, excuse me.

SENATOR WHITNEY. Yes. Now, Mr. President, this would put back exactly the way Senator Duis had his amendment to the original LB772. In my judgment what it does is update what the cost would be in our high schools and for grades 7 and 8. In other words, it increases the insured needs for grades 7 and 8 by \$900 and increase by \$50, in other words, going up from \$850 to \$900 and then instead of having \$900 there for grades 9 to 12, the insured needs would be \$1,200. Now, what does this do? Well, this is with reference to working out the equalization aid that goes to these schools and what you do is to take a figure which is assumed to be approximately the cost. Then you subtract a levy times the tangible property from this figure and by so doing, you're going to increase the equalization aid to some extent to those people who have the greatest amount of tangible property. Now, the reason for doing that is that the mill levy is not necessarily a true figure as to the sacrifice of the cost of....to the people operating the schools. Now, it would reduce the percentage of funding a little bit but that doesn't matter because then you wouldn't have so much to put back into the foundation aid fund. And so what this does is to give a little more equalization aid to some of the marginal school districts that have a fairly good amount of tangible property. And, Senator Duis, in the original preparation of his bill, definitely felt in studying this over for the administrators of schools outstate that this should be this way. And the cost of operating of schools are rising higher and higher and so this takes care of the portion of the inflation which is bound to take place this year and next year so we would have a little greater insured need there from which would be subtracted a certain mill levy times the amount of tangible property. And so I feel that this is very important to do this so I so move this amendment.

PRESIDENT: All right now, Senator Frank Lewis.

SENATOR FRANK LEWIS: Mr. President and members of the Legislature. If you think it was confusing the other day, what you have now is an attempt to increase the insured needs to