

this will be accomplished Senator Keyes.

SENATOR KEYES: Tell me just what those four things are going to do Senator Burbach. You can't OK. I didn't the gentleman could tell me what those four things were going to do especially when it comes to the precision of taking all over a thousand dollars of money going to a school district and paying it out of the state.

SPEAKER: Senator Warner I believe has some explanation.

SENATOR WARNER: Mr. President, I want to point out, I don't believe, I know that the Burbach amendment does not in any way state that the state would be providing all of the cost for school districts over a thousand. Not at all. It only recognizes that there are some instances where there are justified costs or unique situations. There are not that many districts but the ones that are, are unique problems and this is an effort through the board of education that rules and regulations that perhaps some of these instances can be acknowledged and something done to recognize their unique problem and I would long before anything would be paid out there would be the opportunity to see exactly what this would what effect this would have on different school districts, what criteria. I think that probably the Burbach amendment at this point is at least it acknowledges the problems in a few areas and I think that at least provides a vehicle to assist for those and I see nothing wrong with adopting it at this point in its present form.

SPEAKER: Senator Whitney.

SENATOR WHITNEY: Mr. President, members of the legislature I would like to speak to the Burbach amendment and I would like to have Senator Burbach take this sheet that I handed out showing the chart that I had for the three schools. Do you have that Senator Burbach. Will a Page take this over to Senator Burbach please. Now what I want to point out is that what Senator Burbach's amendment would do it would say that if the cost in a school district were more than a \$1,000 that is the current operating expense and that is not the building expense and debt service, but if the current operating expense were more than the \$1,000 per pupil then some adjustments would be made in the amount that they would receive and I don't know what adjustments would be made. But something would be done. Now, I want to point out that this does not solve the problem and the major reason why I am interested in making these remarks is that Senator Burbach pointed out that I was on this state aid committee and travelled all over the state and he was hoping that his amendment would help and I think that it would help some but I don't think that it helps enough and I want to point out why. If we look at this chart you see that school number 3 which happens to be Paxton, Nebraska and the cost there is \$1,138 per pupil. Now of course with the present state aid program be brought down to the cost probably the property tax would be \$983 but you see the actual operating cost is more than the \$1,100 per pupil. Now they get some satisfaction, but their mil levy with LB472 is going to be 33 mils. Now lets take the school at Brule, Nebraska. Now there you have in the same county the same assessing ratios and so on. The mil levy is 42.7 is going to be brought down only to 37.5. But you see there there cost for operational cost is likely to be less than a thousand dollars. They are going to have about a 38 mil levy which is a higher mil levy than the school to the right there and we are going to help...the Burbach amendment will help the