LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED NINTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 422

Introduced by Storer, 43. Read first time January 17, 2025 Committee: Judiciary

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Nebraska Uniform Real Property Transfer
2	on Death Act; to amend sections 76-3401 and 76-3410, Reissue Revised
3	Statutes of Nebraska; to change provisions relating to required
4	warnings on transfer on death deeds and insurance policies on
5	certain real property; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the
6	original sections.

7 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 76-3401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 76-3401 Sections 76-3401 to 76-3423 and section 3 of this act shall
4 be known and may be cited as the Nebraska Uniform Real Property Transfer
5 on Death Act.

6 Sec. 2. Section 76-3410, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
7 amended to read:

8 76-3410 (a) A transfer on death deed:

9 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (2) of this 10 subsection, must contain the essential elements and formalities of a 11 properly recordable inter vivos deed;

12 (2) Must state that the transfer to the designated beneficiary is to
13 occur at the transferor's death;

14 (3) Must contain the warnings provided in subsection (b) of this15 section; and

(4) Must be recorded (i) within thirty days after being executed as
required in section 76-3409, (ii) before the transferor's death, and
(iii) in the public records in the office of the register of deeds of the
county where the property is located.

20 (b)(1) A transfer on death deed shall contain the following 21 warnings:

22 WARNING: The property transferred remains subject to inheritance 23 taxation in Nebraska to the same extent as if owned by the transferor at 24 death. Failure to timely pay inheritance taxes is subject to interest and 25 penalties as provided by law.

WARNING: The designated beneficiary is personally liable, to the extent of the value of the property transferred, to account for medicaid reimbursement to the extent necessary to discharge any such claim remaining after application of the assets of the transferor's estate. The designated beneficiary may also be personally liable, to the extent of the value of the property transferred, for claims against the estate,

-2-

statutory allowances to the transferor's surviving spouse and children,
 and the expenses of administration to the extent needed to pay such
 amounts by the personal representative.

4 WARNING: The Department of Health and Human Services may require 5 revocation of this deed by a transferor, a transferor's spouse, or both a 6 transferor and the transferor's spouse in order to qualify or remain 7 qualified for medicaid assistance.

WARNING: After the death of the transferor, the transferor's 8 9 insurance policy covers the property transferred for only sixty days. Once the sixty-day period expires, the insurance policy no longer covers 10 the property. The designated beneficiary and the property would be 11 12 uninsured. The transferor should make arrangements with the transferor's 13 property and casualty insurer by naming the designated beneficiary in the transferor's insurance policy. The beneficiary should inform the 14 transferor's insurer as soon as possible after the death of the 15 transferor. The beneficiary needs to make arrangements for insurance 16 17 coverage upon the property as soon as possible following the death of the transferor, but in any event no later than the expiration of the sixty-18 day coverage period. Premiums coming due must still be timely paid as 19 provided in the policy. 20

(2) No recorded transfer on death deed shall be invalidated because
of any defects in the wording of the warnings required by this
subsection.

(c) No action may be commenced to set aside a transfer on death deed, based on failure to comply with the requirement of disinterested witnesses pursuant to section 76-3409, more than ninety days after the date of death of the transferor or, if there is more than one transferor, more than ninety days after the date of death of the last surviving transferor.

30 (d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section, an action to set31 aside a transfer on death deed, based on failure to comply with the

-3-

requirement of disinterested witnesses pursuant to section 76-3409, in which the transferor or, if there is more than one transferor, the last surviving transferor, has died prior to May 8, 2013, shall be commenced by the later of (1) ninety days after the date of death of the transferor or, if there is more than one transferor, ninety days after the date of death of the last surviving transferor, or (2) ninety days after May 8, 2013.

(a) When there is a recorded transfer on death deed 8 Sec. 3. 9 transferring any real estate located in this state, the beneficiary of 10 the transfer on death deed shall become the named insured under any policy insuring such property for a period of sixty calendar days 11 immediately following the death of the insured. At the time of the 12 13 transferor's death, the beneficiary of a transfer on death deed succeeds 14 to all rights and obligations of the transferor under such policy for the 15 <u>sixty-day period.</u>

(b) The beneficiary of a transfer on death deed shall not acquire
 any interest in proceeds of a policy that have been paid out before
 death.

19 (c) A beneficiary of a transfer on death deed may be named on an 20 insurance policy prior to the death of the insured but shall not be 21 treated as the named insured until the insured's death. However, there is 22 no requirement that the beneficiary be named in such policy before the 23 transferor's death.

Sec. 4. Original sections 76-3401 and 76-3410, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.

-4-