

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA
ONE HUNDRED NINTH LEGISLATURE
FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 561

FINAL READING

Introduced by Brandt, 32; Murman, 38; DeKay, 40; Dover, 19; Meyer, 17.

Read first time January 22, 2025

Committee: Transportation and Telecommunications

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Nebraska Rules of the Road; to amend
2 section 60-6,298, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections
3 60-601 and 60-6,290, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024;
4 to provide for the issuance and revocation of permits for overweight
5 raw-milk vehicles; to state legislative findings; to define terms;
6 to require the Department of Transportation to create and publish a
7 bridge map; to provide for liability for damage to bridge structures
8 as prescribed; to harmonize provisions; to repeal the original
9 sections; and to declare an emergency.
10 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 **Section 1.** Section 60-601, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2 2024, is amended to read:

3 60-601 Sections 60-601 to 60-6,383 and section 4 of this act shall
4 be known and may be cited as the Nebraska Rules of the Road.

5 **Sec. 2.** Section 60-6,290, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
6 2024, is amended to read:

7 60-6,290 (1)(a) No vehicle shall exceed a length of forty feet,
8 extreme overall dimensions, inclusive of front and rear bumpers including
9 load, except that:

10 (i) A bus or a motor home, as defined in section 71-4603, may exceed
11 the forty-foot limitation but shall not exceed a length of forty-five
12 feet;

13 (ii) A truck-tractor may exceed the forty-foot limitation;

14 (iii) A semitrailer operating in a truck-tractor single semitrailer
15 combination, which semitrailer was actually and lawfully operating in the
16 State of Nebraska on December 1, 1982, may exceed the forty-foot
17 limitation;

18 (iv) A semitrailer operating in a truck-tractor single semitrailer
19 combination, which semitrailer was not actually and lawfully operating in
20 the State of Nebraska on December 1, 1982, may exceed the forty-foot
21 limitation but shall not exceed a length of fifty-three feet including
22 load;

23 (v) A semitrailer operating in a truck-tractor single semitrailer
24 combination, while transporting baled livestock forage, may exceed the
25 forty-foot limitation but shall not exceed a length of fifty-nine feet
26 six inches including load;

27 (vi) An articulated bus vehicle operated by a transit authority
28 established under the Transit Authority Law or regional metropolitan
29 transit authority established pursuant to section 18-804 may exceed the
30 forty-foot limitation. For purposes of this subdivision (vi), an
31 articulated bus vehicle shall not exceed sixty-five feet in length; and

1 (vii) A truck may exceed the forty-foot limitation but shall not
2 exceed a length of forty-five feet.

3 (b) No combination of vehicles shall exceed a length of sixty-five
4 feet, extreme overall dimensions, inclusive of front and rear bumpers and
5 including load, except:

6 (i) One truck and one trailer, loaded or unloaded, used in
7 transporting implements of husbandry to be engaged in harvesting, while
8 being transported into or through the state during daylight hours if the
9 total length does not exceed seventy-five feet including load;

10 (ii) A truck-tractor single semitrailer combination;

11 (iii) A truck-tractor semitrailer trailer combination, but the
12 semitrailer trailer portion of such combination shall not exceed sixty-
13 five feet inclusive of connective devices;

14 (iv) A driveaway saddlemount vehicle transporter combination and
15 driveaway saddlemount with fullmount vehicle transporter combination, but
16 the total overall length shall not exceed ninety-seven feet;

17 (v) A stinger-steered automobile transporter, but the total overall
18 length shall not exceed eighty feet, inclusive of a front overhang of
19 less than four feet and a rear overhang of less than six feet. For
20 purposes of this subdivision, automobile transporter means any vehicle
21 combination designed and used for the transport of assembled highway
22 vehicles, including truck camper units. An automobile transporter shall
23 not be prohibited from the transport of cargo or general freight on a
24 backhaul, so long as it is in compliance with weight limitations for a
25 truck-tractor and semitrailer combination; and

26 (vi) A towaway trailer transporter combination, but the total
27 overall length shall not exceed eighty-two feet. For purposes of this
28 subdivision, towaway trailer transporter combination means a combination
29 of vehicles consisting of a trailer transporter towing unit and two
30 trailers or semitrailers with a total weight that does not exceed twenty-
31 six thousand pounds, and in which the trailers or semitrailers carry no

1 property and constitute inventory property of a manufacturer,
2 distributor, or dealer of such trailers or semitrailers.

3 (c) A truck shall be construed to be one vehicle for the purpose of
4 determining length.

5 (d) A trailer shall be construed to be one vehicle for the purpose
6 of determining length.

7 (2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to:

8 (a) Extra-long vehicles which have been issued a permit pursuant to
9 section 60-6,292;

10 (b) Vehicles which have been issued a permit pursuant to section
11 60-6,299;

12 (c) The temporary moving of farm machinery during daylight hours in
13 the normal course of farm operations;

14 (d) The movement of unbaled livestock forage vehicles, loaded or
15 unloaded;

16 (e) The movement of public utility or other construction and
17 maintenance material and equipment at any time;

18 (f) Farm equipment dealers or their representatives as authorized
19 under section 60-6,382 driving, delivering, or picking up farm equipment
20 or implements of husbandry within the county in which the dealer
21 maintains his or her place of business, or in any adjoining county or
22 counties, and return;

23 (g) The overhang of any motor vehicle being hauled upon any lawful
24 combination of vehicles, but such overhang shall not exceed the distance
25 from the rear axle of the hauled motor vehicle to the closest bumper
26 thereof;

27 (h) The overhang of a combine to be engaged in harvesting, while
28 being transported into or through the state driven during daylight hours
29 by a truck-tractor semitrailer combination, but the length of the
30 semitrailer, including overhang, shall not exceed sixty-three feet and
31 the maximum semitrailer length shall not exceed fifty-three feet;

1 (i) Any self-propelled specialized mobile equipment with a fixed
2 load when the requirements of subdivision (2)(i) of section 60-6,288 are
3 met; ~~or~~

4 (j) One truck-tractor two trailer combination or one truck-tractor
5 semitrailer trailer combination used in transporting equipment utilized
6 by custom harvesters under contract to agricultural producers to harvest
7 wheat, soybeans, or milo during the months of April through November but
8 the length of the property-carrying units, excluding load, shall not
9 exceed eighty-one feet six inches; or -

10 (k) An overweight raw-milk vehicle for which a length exception has
11 been granted under section 4 of this act.

12 (3) The length limitations of this section shall be exclusive of
13 safety and energy conservation devices such as rearview mirrors,
14 turnsignal lights, marker lights, steps and handholds for entry and
15 egress, flexible fender extensions, mudflaps and splash and spray
16 suppressant devices, load-induced tire bulge, refrigeration units or air
17 compressors, and other devices necessary for safe and efficient operation
18 of commercial motor vehicles, except that no device excluded from the
19 limitations of this section shall have by its design or use the
20 capability to carry cargo.

21 **Sec. 3.** Section 60-6,298, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
22 amended to read:

23 60-6,298 (1)(a) The Department of Transportation or the Nebraska
24 State Patrol, with respect to highways under its jurisdiction including
25 the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, and local
26 authorities, with respect to highways under their jurisdiction, may in
27 their discretion upon application and good cause being shown therefor
28 issue a special, continuing, or continuous permit in writing authorizing
29 the applicant or his or her designee:

30 (i) To operate or move a vehicle, a combination of vehicles, or
31 objects of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum

1 specified by law when such permit is necessary:

2 (A) To further the national defense or the general welfare;

3 (B) To permit movement of cost-saving equipment to be used in
4 highway or other public construction or in agricultural land treatment;
5 or

6 (C) Because of an emergency, an unusual circumstance, or a very
7 special situation;

8 (ii) To operate vehicles, for a distance up to one hundred twenty
9 miles, loaded up to fifteen percent greater than the maximum weight
10 specified by law, or up to ten percent greater than the maximum length
11 specified by law, or both, except that any combination with two or more
12 cargo-carrying units, not including the truck-tractor, also known as a
13 longer combination vehicle, may only operate for a distance up to seventy
14 miles loaded up to fifteen percent greater than the maximum weight
15 specified by law, or up to ten percent greater than the maximum length
16 specified by law, or both, when carrying grain or other seasonally
17 harvested products from the field where such grain or products are
18 harvested to storage, market, or stockpile in the field or from stockpile
19 or farm storage to market or factory when failure to move such grain or
20 products in abundant quantities would cause an economic loss to the
21 person or persons whose grain or products are being transported or when
22 failure to move such grain or products in as large quantities as possible
23 would not be in the best interests of the national defense or general
24 welfare. The distance limitation may be waived for vehicles when carrying
25 dry beans or dry peas and lentils from the field where harvested to
26 storage or market when dry beans or dry peas and lentils are not normally
27 stored, purchased, or used within the permittee's local area and must be
28 transported more than one hundred twenty miles to an available marketing
29 or storage destination. No permit shall authorize a weight greater than
30 twenty thousand pounds on any single axle;

31 (iii) To transport an implement of husbandry which does not exceed

1 twelve and one-half feet in width during daylight hours, except that the
2 permit shall not allow transport on holidays;

3 (iv) To operate one or more recreational vehicles, as defined in
4 section 71-4603, exceeding the maximum width specified by law if movement
5 of the recreational vehicles is prior to retail sale and the recreational
6 vehicles comply with subdivision (2)(k) of section 60-6,288;

7 (v) To operate an emergency vehicle for purposes of sale,
8 demonstration, exhibit, or delivery, if the applicant or his or her
9 designee is a manufacturer or sales agent of the emergency vehicle. No
10 permit shall be issued for an emergency vehicle which weighs over sixty
11 thousand pounds on the tandem axle; ~~or~~

12 (vi) To transport during daylight hours divisible loads of livestock
13 forage in bale form which do not exceed twelve feet in width, except that
14 the permit shall not allow transport on holidays; or -

15 (vii) To operate overweight raw-milk vehicles carrying raw milk from
16 a dairy farm to a processing facility for such raw milk in accordance
17 with section 4 of this act.

18 (b) No permit shall be issued under subdivision (a)(i) of this
19 subsection for a vehicle carrying a load unless such vehicle is loaded
20 with an object which exceeds the size or weight limitations, which cannot
21 be dismantled or reduced in size or weight without great difficulty, and
22 which of necessity must be moved over the highways to reach its intended
23 destination. No permit shall be required for the temporary movement on
24 highways other than dustless-surfaced state highways and for necessary
25 access to points on such highways during daylight hours of cost-saving
26 equipment to be used in highway or other public construction or in
27 agricultural land treatment when such temporary movement is necessary and
28 for a reasonable distance.

29 (2) The application for any such permit shall specifically describe
30 the vehicle, the load to be operated or moved, whenever possible the
31 particular highways for which permit to operate is requested, and whether

1 such permit is requested for a single trip or for continuous or
2 continuing operation. The permit shall include a signed affirmation under
3 oath that, for any load sixteen feet high or higher, the applicant has
4 contacted any and all electric utilities that have high voltage
5 conductors and infrastructure that cross over the roadway affected by the
6 move and made arrangements with such electric utilities for the safe
7 movement of the load under any high voltage conductors owned by such
8 electric utilities.

9 (3) The department or local authority is authorized to issue or
10 withhold such permit at its discretion or, if such permit is issued, to
11 limit the number of days during which the permit is valid, to limit the
12 number of trips, to establish seasonal or other time limitations within
13 which the vehicles described may be operated on the highways indicated,
14 or to issue a continuous or continuing permit for use on all highways,
15 including the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. The
16 permits are subject to reasonable conditions as to periodic renewal of
17 such permit and as to operation or movement of such vehicles. The
18 department or local authority may otherwise limit or prescribe conditions
19 of operation of such vehicle or vehicles, when necessary to assure
20 against undue damage to the road foundations, surfaces, or structures or
21 undue danger to the public safety. The department or local authority may
22 require such undertaking or other security as may be deemed necessary to
23 compensate for any injury to any roadway or road structure.

24 (4) Every such permit shall be carried in the vehicle to which it
25 refers and shall be open to inspection by any peace officer, carrier
26 enforcement officer, or authorized agent of any authority granting such
27 permit. Each such permit shall state the maximum weight permissible on a
28 single axle or combination of axles and the total gross weight allowed.
29 No person shall violate any of the terms or conditions of such special
30 permit. In case of any violation, the permit shall be deemed
31 automatically revoked and the penalty of the original limitations shall

1 be applied unless:

2 (a) The violation consists solely of exceeding the size or weight
3 specified by the permit, in which case only the penalty of the original
4 size or weight limitation exceeded shall be applied; ~~or~~

5 (b) The total gross load is within the maximum authorized by the
6 permit, no axle is more than ten percent in excess of the maximum load
7 for such axle or group of axles authorized by the permit, and such load
8 can be shifted to meet the weight limitations of wheel and axle loads
9 authorized by such permit. Such shift may be made without penalty if it
10 is made at the state or commercial scale designated in the permit. The
11 vehicle may travel from its point of origin to such designated scale
12 without penalty, and a scale ticket from such scale, showing the vehicle
13 to be properly loaded and within the gross and axle weights authorized by
14 the permit, shall be reasonable evidence of compliance with the terms of
15 the permit; or -

16 (c) Such permit is an overweight raw-milk vehicle permit and the
17 overweight raw-milk vehicle violated subsection (3) of section 4 of this
18 act.

19 (5) The department or local authority issuing a permit as provided
20 in this section may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations with
21 respect to the issuance of permits provided for in this section.

22 (6) The department shall make available applications for permits
23 authorized pursuant to subdivisions (1)(a)(ii) and (1)(a)(iii) of this
24 section in the office of each county treasurer. The department may make
25 available applications for all other permits authorized by this section
26 to the office of the county treasurer and may make available applications
27 for all permits authorized by this section to any other location chosen
28 by the department.

29 (7) The department or local authority issuing a permit may require a
30 permit fee of not to exceed twenty-five dollars, except that:

31 (a) The fee for a continuous or continuing permit may not exceed

1 twenty-five dollars for a ninety-day period, fifty dollars for a one-
2 hundred-eighty-day period, or one hundred dollars for a one-year period;
3 and

4 (b) The fee for permits issued pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)(ii) of
5 this section shall be twenty-five dollars. Permits issued pursuant to
6 such subdivision shall be valid for thirty days and shall be renewable
7 four times for a total number of days not to exceed one hundred fifty
8 days per calendar year.

9 A vehicle or combination of vehicles for which an application for a
10 permit is requested pursuant to this section shall be registered under
11 section 60-3,147 or 60-3,198 for the maximum gross vehicle weight that is
12 permitted pursuant to section 60-6,294 before a permit shall be issued.

13 **Sec. 4.** (1) The Legislature finds that:

14 (a) Raw milk needs to be promptly processed;

15 (b) Lawful truck weight requirements can lead to an inability to
16 haul all available raw milk produced at a dairy farm, which results in
17 some raw milk being wasted;

18 (c) There has been a reduction in the availability of raw milk
19 processing facilities in this state; and

20 (d) The opportunity and need for overweight raw-milk vehicle permits
21 to operate overweight raw-milk vehicles to carry only raw milk from a
22 dairy farm to a milk processing facility for such raw milk is needed due
23 to 23 U.S.C. 127(a)(13), as such section existed on January 1, 2025,
24 concerning the carrying of fluid milk products.

25 (2) For purposes of this section:

26 (a) Bridge map means the map described in subsection (4) of this
27 section;

28 (b) Department means the Department of Transportation;

29 (c) Overweight raw-milk vehicle means a vehicle that has been issued
30 and currently holds an overweight raw-milk vehicle permit;

31 (d) Overweight raw-milk vehicle permit means a valid special,

1 continuing, or continuous overweight raw-milk vehicle permit issued under
2 section 60-6,298 to carry raw milk from a dairy farm to a processing
3 facility for such raw milk; and

4 (e) Prohibited bridge structure means a bridge structure identified
5 as prohibited on the bridge map.

6 (3) An overweight raw-milk vehicle shall:

7 (a) Not exceed a gross weight of one hundred seven thousand five
8 hundred pounds;

9 (b) For each single axle and each group of axles on the truck-
10 tractor and the hauling tanker trailer, not exceed the weight limits
11 calculated using the federal bridge formula identified in 23 U.S.C. 127,
12 as such section existed on January 1, 2025;

13 (c) Carry a physical or digital copy of the bridge map;

14 (d) Not enter any prohibited bridge structure; and

15 (e) Not travel on the National System of Interstate and Defense
16 Highways, unless authorized by the department on the overweight raw-milk
17 vehicle permit pursuant to written approval from the Federal Highway
18 Administration for such authorization.

19 (4)(a) Prior to January 1, 2026, the department shall create a map
20 of bridge structures in this state onto which an overweight raw-milk
21 vehicle shall not enter.

22 (b) The department shall review the bridge map at least once each
23 year and make any necessary updates to the bridge map.

24 (c) The department shall publish the most recent version of the
25 bridge map on the public website provided by the department.

26 (5)(a) The department may revoke the overweight raw-milk vehicle
27 permit for any overweight raw-milk vehicle that violates subsection (3)
28 of this section.

29 (b) Any such revocation shall not become effective until the holder
30 of any such revoked permit has been provided written notice by the
31 department of such revocation. Any such notice provided by United States

1 mail is not effective until received by the holder of the revoked permit.

2 (c) Any such revocation may be appealed by the holder of the revoked
3 permit. The appeal shall be in accordance with the Administrative
4 Procedure Act.

5 (6) If the department determines that overweight raw-milk vehicle
6 permits put this state at risk of losing federal aid funding, the
7 department shall revoke all such permits.

8 (7) For any overweight raw-milk vehicle that enters a prohibited
9 bridge structure and is the proximate cause of damage to the prohibited
10 bridge structure, the owner of the overweight raw-milk vehicle shall be
11 liable for all costs associated with repairing such damage. The
12 department may bring an action to recover such costs associated with
13 repairing such damage in the district court of the county where the
14 prohibited bridge structure is located or in the district court of
15 Lancaster County. Any money recovered in such action shall be remitted to
16 the State Treasurer for credit to the Roads Operations Cash Fund.

17 (8) The department may grant an exception to section 60-6,290
18 regarding the length of a vehicle if such length is reasonable and is
19 needed for an overweight raw-milk vehicle to comply with all weight
20 limits for single axles and groups of axles.

21 **Sec. 5.** Original section 60-6,298, Reissue Revised Statutes of
22 Nebraska, and sections 60-601 and 60-6,290, Revised Statutes Cumulative
23 Supplement, 2024, are repealed.

24 **Sec. 6.** Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when
25 passed and approved according to law.