

ONE HUNDRED NINTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION - 2026
COMMITTEE STATEMENT
LB727

Hearing Date: Thursday January 22, 2026
Committee On: Judiciary
Introducer: Kauth
One Liner: Authorize law enforcement agencies to obtain, maintain, and possess epinephrine autoinjectors for use by a law enforcement officer and require training

Roll Call Vote - Final Committee Action:
Advanced to General File with amendment(s)

Vote Results:

Aye: 8 Senators Bosn, DeBoer, Hallstrom, Holdcroft, McKinney, Rountree, Storer, Storm
Nay:
Absent:
Present Not Voting:

Testimony:

Proponents: Senator Kathleen Kauth	Representing: Opening Presenter
Opponents:	Representing:
Neutral:	Representing:

* ADA Accommodation Written Testimony

Summary of purpose and/or changes:

This bill creates a new section of law authorizing law enforcement agencies to obtain, maintain, and possess epinephrine autoinjectors for use by law enforcement officers. This bill defines "administer" as the direct application of an epinephrine autoinjector to the body of an individual. The "epinephrine autoinjector" is defined as a single use device used for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose to be used in course of the law enforcement officer's official duties. "Law enforcement agency" is defined to include police departments, town marshals, sheriff offices, and the State Patrol. "Law enforcement officer" is defined to include a member of the State Patrol, any county or deputy sheriff, a member of a municipal police force, or any other public official authorized to enforce laws and ordinances. The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) shall consult with law enforcement agencies to approve one or more educational training programs relating to response to an anaphylaxis event. Epinephrine autoinjectors will not be provided to law enforcement officers until training is completed and certified. DHHS may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to carry out this section.

Nothing in this bill requires law enforcement agencies to obtain epinephrine autoinjectors and make them available to law enforcement officers, or requires law enforcement officers to carry or administer epinephrine autoinjectors.



Explanation of amendments:

AM 1787 strikes the original section of LB 727 and inserts a new version of that section which adds the option for law enforcement agencies and law enforcement officers to obtain, maintain, and possess and administer nasal epinephrine in addition to the autoinjectors. Nasal epinephrine is defined as a needle free, prescription nasal spray containing epinephrine.

Carolyn Bosn, Chairperson

