## E AND R AMENDMENTS TO LB 332

Introduced by Guereca, 7, Chairman Enrollment and Review

Strike the original sections and all amendments thereto and
 insert the following new sections:

3 Section 1. Section 38-511, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 38-511 Nothing in the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology
6 Practice Act shall be construed to prevent or restrict:

7 (1) The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology or the
8 use of the official title of such practice by a person employed as a
9 speech-language pathologist or audiologist by the federal government;

10 (2) A physician from engaging in the practice of medicine and 11 surgery or any individual from carrying out any properly delegated 12 responsibilities within the normal practice of medicine and surgery under 13 the supervision of a physician;

(3) A person licensed as a hearing instrument specialist in this
state from engaging in the fitting, selling, <u>ordering</u>, and servicing of
hearing instruments or performing such other duties as defined in the
Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act;

(4) The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology or the 18 use of the official title of such practice by a person who holds a valid 19 20 and current credential as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist issued by the State Department of Education, if such person performs 21 speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of his 22 or her duties within an agency, institution, or organization for which no 23 fee is paid directly or indirectly by the recipient of such service and 24 under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Education, but such 25 person may elect to be within the jurisdiction of the Audiology and 26 27 Speech-Language Pathology Practice Act;

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1 (5) The clinical practice in audiology or speech-language pathology 2 required for students enrolled in an accredited college or university 3 pursuing a major in audiology or speech-language pathology, if such 4 clinical practices are supervised by a person licensed to practice 5 audiology or speech-language pathology and if the student is designated 6 by a title such as student clinician or other title clearly indicating 7 the training status; or

8 (6) The utilization of a speech aide or other personnel employed by 9 a public school, educational service unit, or other private or public 10 educational institution working under the direct supervision of a 11 credentialed speech-language pathologist.

Sec. 2. Section 38-1401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

38-1401 Sections 38-1401 to 38-1428 and sections 4 and 6 to 9 of
 <u>this act</u> shall be known and may be cited as the Funeral Directing and
 Embalming Practice Act.

Sec. 3. Section 38-1402, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

38-1402 For purposes of the Funeral Directing and Embalming Practice
Act and elsewhere in the Uniform Credentialing Act, unless the context
otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections 38-1403 to 38-1413
and section 4 of this act apply.

Sec. 4. Assistant funeral director means a person who assists a
 funeral director licensed pursuant to the Funeral Directing and Embalming
 Practice Act.

Sec. 5. Section 38-1413, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

28 38-1413 Supervision means the direct oversight or the easy 29 availability of the supervising funeral director and embalmer. The first 30 twenty-five funeral assists and embalmings performed by an apprentice 31 shall be completed under direct onsite supervision of the supervising

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1 funeral director and embalmer.

Sec. 6. To be eligible to enter into a collaborative agreement to
act as an assistant funeral director, an individual shall provide
evidence of successful completion of an approved jurisprudence
examination in Nebraska law.

6 Sec. 7. Prior to acting as an assistant funeral director, the 7 assistant funeral director shall be employed by a funeral director 8 licensed pursuant to the Funeral Directing and Embalming Practice Act and 9 shall be a party to a signed collaborative agreement with the licensed 10 funeral director. An assistant funeral director may be so employed by 11 more than one funeral director in Nebraska by being a party to a signed 12 collaborative agreement with each licensed funeral director.

13 Sec. 8. (1) An assistant funeral director may assist a funeral 14 director licensed pursuant to the Funeral Directing and Embalming 15 Practice Act with one or more of the principal functions of funeral 16 directing, including the operation and management of a licensed funeral 17 establishment. Such principal functions shall include, but not be limited to, conducting funeral services, arranging interments, working with 18 19 families on funeral arrangements, and performing daily management and all permitted necessary funeral activities related to the operation of a 20 21 licensed funeral establishment. The assistant funeral director shall 22 perform all work under the supervision and control of the licensed 23 funeral director.

24 (2) An assistant funeral director shall not engage in any aspect of
 25 the practice of embalming a dead human body. An assistant funeral
 26 director found to be in violation of this subsection shall have any
 27 collaborative agreement in Nebraska immediately terminated and employment
 28 in Nebraska as an assistant funeral director immediately terminated.

Sec. 9. <u>A funeral director who is employing an assistant funeral</u>
 <u>director shall enter into a collaborative agreement with the assistant</u>
 <u>funeral director, supervise the assistant funeral director, and keep</u>

records of the collaborative agreement and the functions of the assistant
 funeral director.

3 Sec. 10. Section 38-1424, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 38-1424 (1) In addition to the grounds for disciplinary action found 6 in sections 38-178 and 38-179, a credential issued under the Funeral 7 Directing and Embalming Practice Act may be denied, refused renewal, 8 limited, revoked, or suspended or have other disciplinary measures taken 9 against it in accordance with section 38-196 when the applicant or 10 credential holder is found guilty of any of the following acts or 11 offenses:

(a) Solicitation of dead human bodies by the credential holder or
his or her agents, assistants, or employees, either prior to or following
death;

(b) The purchasing of funeral or embalming engagements or the payment of a commission either directly or indirectly or offer of payment of such commission to any agent, assistant, or employee for the purpose of securing business;

(c) Using indecent, profane, or obscene language in the presence of a dead human body or within the immediate presence or hearing of the family, relatives, or friends of the deceased prior to the burial of the deceased;

(d) Soliciting or accepting any remuneration, commission, bonus, or
rebate in consideration of the recommending or causing a dead human body
to be placed in any crematory, mausoleum, or cemetery;

(e) Using any casket or part thereof which has previously been used
as a receptacle for, or in connection with, the shipment, burial, or
other disposition of a dead human body without first identifying such
item as used;

(f) Violations of any state law, municipal ordinance, or rule or
 regulation of the department or other body having regulatory powers,

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relating to the handling, custody, care, or transportation of dead human
 bodies;

3 (g) Refusal to surrender promptly the custody of a dead human body
4 upon request of a person or persons lawfully entitled to the custody
5 thereof; or

6 (h) Taking undue advantage of a patron or patrons, or being found
7 guilty of fraud, or misrepresentation in the selling of merchandise or
8 service to patrons; or -

9

## (i) Failure to comply with section 9 of this act.

10 (2) An applicant or a credential holder shall be subject to the 11 penalty provisions of this section if found guilty of any of the 12 following:

(a) Paying, directly or indirectly, any money or other thing of
value as a commission or gratuity for the securing of business;

(b) The buying of a business of any person, firm, or corporation, or the paying of a commission to any person, firm, or corporation or to any hospital or any institution where death occurs or to any hospital superintendent, nurse, intern, or other employee, whether directly or indirectly; or

20 (c) Willful malpractice.

(3) Any funeral director and embalmer who commits any of the acts or
things prohibited by this section or otherwise violates any of the
provisions thereof shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a
licensed funeral director and embalmer from engaging in sales of funeral
goods or services under the Burial Pre-Need Sale Act.

27 Sec. 11. Section 38-1501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

38-1501 Sections 38-1501 to 38-1518 and sections 14, 15, and 25 to
<u>34 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Hearing Instrument</u>
Specialists Practice Act.

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Sec. 12. Section 38-1502, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 38-1502 For purposes of the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice
4 Act and elsewhere in the Uniform Credentialing Act, unless the context
5 otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections 38-1503 to 38-1507
6 and sections 14 and 15 of this act apply.

7 Sec. 13. Section 38-1504, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 8 amended to read:

38-1504 Hearing instrument means any wearable instrument or device
 designed for, or offered for the purpose of, or represented as aiding
 <u>persons with</u> or compensating for impaired human hearing and any parts,
 attachments, or accessories, including earmold, but excluding batteries
 and cords.

Sec. 14. <u>Hearing instrument specialist means a person who engages</u>
 in the practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments.

Sec. 15. <u>Medical liaison means an otolaryngologist or a licensed</u> physician, if no otolaryngologist is available, with whom a cooperative arrangement for consultation is established by a hearing instrument specialist.

20 Sec. 16. Section 38-1505, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

38-1505 <u>Practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing</u>
 <u>instruments includes the following activities:</u>

(1) Eliciting patient case histories, including medical history,
 otological history, pharmacological history, amplification history, and
 patient attitudes and expectations;

27 (2) Administering otoscopy and, if required, cerumen removal for the
 28 purpose of identifying possible otological conditions, including, but not
 29 limited to, any of the conditions related to warnings found in the
 30 regulations of the federal Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R.
 31 801.422, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2025, which may

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1 indicate the need for a medical referral or which may have a bearing on 2 outcomes or recommendations; 3 (3) Administering and interpreting tests of human hearing performed with an audiometer, including other appropriate objective and subjective 4 5 methodology and measures; (4) Determining candidacy for hearing instruments, and discussing 6 7 the results of a human hearing test with the individual to inform the 8 individual about potential options for addressing the individual's 9 hearing loss, including hearing instruments, hearing-assistive devices such as cochlear implants, or other medical interventions, and 10 11 facilitating appropriate referrals, if needed; (5) Ordering, selecting, or fitting appropriate hearing instruments 12 and assistive devices, including appropriate technology, programming 13 14 parameters, and special custom earpiece applications, as indicated; 15 (6) Assessing hearing instrument efficacy utilizing appropriate fitting verification methodology and equipment, which may include real-16 17 ear measures or speech mapping, and electroacoustic analysis equipment; (7) Assessing hearing instrument benefits through appropriate 18 19 validation measures, which may include communication assessment 20 questionnaires or speech audiometry; 21 (8)(a) Taking ear impressions or electronic scans by any method used 22 for the purpose of creating earmolds and (b) preparing earmolds for 23 hearing instruments, assistive devices, telecommunications applications, ear protection, and other related applications; 24 25 (9) Ordering and modifying earmolds and auditory equipment to meet a 26 patient's needs; 27 (10) Providing services in the use and care of hearing instruments and assistive devices, including listening strategies and other 28 29 approaches to foster optimal patient results; 30 (11) Providing tinnitus care;

31 (12) Providing supervision and inservice training of those entering

1 <u>the dispensing profession;</u>

2 (13) Providing post-fitting care and services and hearing instrument
 3 care and repair services; or

4 (14) Any other act of hearing assessment pertaining to hearing
5 testing, ordering the use of hearing instruments, or the selling,
6 renting, leasing, and delivery of hearing instruments.

Practice of fitting hearing instruments means the measurement of human hearing by means of an audiometer or by other means approved by the board solely for the purpose of making selections, adaptations, or sale of hearing instruments. The term also includes the making of impressions for earmolds. A dispenser, at the request of a physician or a member of related professions, may make audiograms for the professional's use in consultation with the hard-of-hearing.

Sec. 17. Section 38-1506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

38-1506 Providing tinnitus care means the selection of tinnitus care
 devices, as contained within the hearing instruments, and tinnitus
 maskers, which shall be used only in accordance with the audiology
 department staff of the manufacturer of the devices.

20 Sell, sale, or dispense means any transfer of title or of the right 21 to use by lease, bailment, or any other contract, excluding (1) wholesale 22 transactions with distributors or dispensers and (2) distribution of 23 hearing instruments by nonprofit service organizations at no cost to the 24 recipient for the hearing instrument.

25 Sec. 18. Section 38-1508, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 38-1508 The board shall consist of five professional members and one 28 public member appointed pursuant to section 38-158. <u>Members</u> The members 29 shall meet the requirements of sections 38-164 and 38-165. The 30 professional members shall consist of three licensed hearing instrument 31 specialists, one otolaryngologist, and one audiologist until one licensed

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hearing instrument specialist vacates his or her office or his or her term expires, whichever occurs first, at which time the professional members of the board shall consist of three licensed hearing instrument specialists, at least one of whom does not hold a license as an audiologist, one otolaryngologist, and one audiologist. At the expiration of the four-year terms of the members serving on December 1, 2008, successors shall be appointed for five-year terms.

8 Sec. 19. Section 38-1509, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
9 2024, is amended to read:

38-1509 (1)(a) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it 10 11 shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the practice of ordering 12 the use and fitting of no person shall engage in the sale of or practice of fitting hearing instruments or display a sign or in any other way 13 14 advertise or represent that the person is engaged in the practice of 15 ordering the use and fitting himself or herself as a person who practices 16 the fitting and sale or dispensing of hearing instruments unless such person he or she holds a current, an unsuspended, and unrevoked hearing 17 instrument specialist license issued by the department as provided in the 18 19 Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act. A person represents that the 20 person is a hearing instrument specialist if the person holds out to the 21 public that the person engages in the practice of ordering the use and 22 fitting of hearing instruments, by any means, or by any service or 23 function performed, directly or indirectly, or by using the term 24 audioprosthologist, hearing center, hearing instrument center, hearing instrument office, hearing instrument specialist, hearing office, or any 25 26 variation or synonym which expresses, employs, or implies these terms or 27 functions.

(b) A hearing instrument specialist license shall confer upon the
 holder the right to select, fit, and sell hearing instruments. A person
 holding a license issued under the act prior to August 30, 2009, may
 continue to practice under such license until it expires under the terms

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1 of the license.

2 (2) A licensed audiologist who maintains a practice pursuant to (a) 3 licensure as an audiologist, or (b) a privilege to practice audiology under the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact, in 4 5 which hearing instruments are regularly dispensed, or who intends to 6 maintain such a practice, shall be exempt from the requirement to be 7 licensed as a hearing instrument specialist if the audiologist maintains a practice in which hearing instruments are regularly dispensed, or 8 9 intends to maintain such a practice, pursuant to: -

10 <u>(a) Licensure as an audiologist; or</u>

(b) A privilege to practice audiology under the Audiology and
 Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact.

<u>(3) A hearing instrument specialist or audiologist may order the use</u>
 <u>of devices pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 801.109, as such regulation existed on</u>
 <u>January 1, 2025.</u>

16 <u>(4)(a)</u> (3) Nothing in the <u>Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice</u> 17 <u>Act act</u> shall prohibit a corporation, partnership, limited liability 18 company, trust, association, or other like organization maintaining an 19 established business address from engaging in the business of selling or 20 offering for sale hearing instruments at retail without a license if it 21 employs only properly licensed natural persons in the direct sale and 22 fitting of such products.

(b) Each such organization shall file annually with the department, on a form provided by the department, a list of the licensed hearing instrument specialists employed by the organization and a statement, on a form provided by the department, that the organization agrees to comply with the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to section 38-126.

29 (4) Nothing in the act shall prohibit the holder of a hearing 30 instrument specialist license from the fitting and sale of wearable 31 instruments or devices designed for or offered for the purpose of 1 conservation or protection of hearing.

Sec. 20. Section 38-1510, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

38-1510 (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist who provides
tinnitus care or cerumen removal shall only provide such service to an
individual who is eighteen years of age or older.

7 (2) The Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act does not change
 8 the scope of practice of a licensed audiologist.

9 <u>(3)</u> <del>(1)</del> The Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act is not 10 intended to prevent any person from engaging in the practice of measuring 11 human hearing for the purpose of selection of hearing instruments if such 12 person or organization employing such person does not sell hearing 13 instruments or the accessories thereto.

14 (4) (2) The <u>Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act does act</u> 15 shall not apply to a person who is a physician licensed to practice in 16 this state, except that such physician shall not delegate the authority 17 to fit and dispense hearing instruments unless the person to whom the 18 authority is delegated is licensed as a hearing instrument specialist 19 under the act.

20 Sec. 21. Section 38-1511, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

38-1511 (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall enter
 into a written contract for each sale of a hearing instrument which
 states the terms of the sale.

(2) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall, at the time of delivery of the hearing instrument, provide the patient with a receipt containing the signature, regular business address, and license number of the licensee; the brand, model, manufacturer or manufacturer identification code, and serial number of the hearing instrument; and the amount charged for the hearing instrument. The receipt shall also specify whether the hearing instrument is new, used, or rebuilt, as provided in <u>21 C.F.R. 801.422, as such regulation existed on January 1, 2025; the</u>
 <u>length of time and other terms of the guarantee; and by whom the hearing</u>
 <u>instrument is guaranteed.</u>

(3) No hearing instrument may be sold to any person unless both the 4 5 packaging containing the hearing instrument and the itemized receipt are 6 in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations. 7 (4) Upon delivery of the hearing instrument to any person, the 8 licensed hearing instrument specialist shall confirm the physical and 9 operational performance of the hearing instrument. If a patient purchases a hearing instrument from a licensed hearing instrument specialist 10 11 outside of the licensee's regular place of business and the regular place 12 of business is beyond a reasonable distance, as determined by the board, the licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide the patient with 13 14 the address of an affiliate location with which the licensee is 15 associated that is within a reasonable distance, at which a licensed hearing instrument specialist or audiologist is available for fitting 16 17 <u>services.</u>

(5) Any seller offering for sale or selling a hearing instrument in
this state or to a resident of this state shall make available in this
state an in-person fitting of the hearing instrument by a licensed
hearing instrument specialist in this state prior to the sale.

22 (1) Any person who practices the fitting and sale of hearing 23 instruments shall deliver to each person supplied with a hearing 24 instrument a receipt which shall contain the licensee's signature and 25 show his or her business address and the number of his or her 26 certificate, together with specifications as to the make and model of the 27 hearing instrument furnished, and clearly stating the full terms of sale. 28 If a hearing instrument which is not new is sold, the receipt and the 29 container thereof shall be clearly marked as used or reconditioned, 30 whichever is applicable, with terms of guarantee, if any.

31 (6) A receipt provided pursuant to this section (2) Such receipt

shall bear in no smaller type than the largest used in the body copy 1 2 portion the following: The purchaser has been advised at the outset of 3 the his or her relationship with the hearing instrument specialist that any examination or representation made by a licensed hearing instrument 4 5 specialist in connection with the fitting and selling of this hearing 6 instrument is not an examination, diagnosis, or prescription by a person 7 licensed to practice medicine in this state and therefor must not be regarded as medical opinion or advice. 8

9 Sec. 22. Section 38-1512, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
10 2024, is amended to read:

11 38-1512 (1) Any person may obtain a hearing instrument specialist 12 license under the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act by 13 successfully passing a qualifying examination <u>pursuant to section 38-1514</u> 14 if the applicant <u>provides verification to the department</u>, on a form 15 <u>provided by the department</u>, that such person:

16 (a) Is at least twenty-one years of age; and

17 (b) Has an education equivalent to a four-year course in an 18 accredited high school<u>; and</u> -

19 (c)(i) Has completed the minimum number of practicum hours 20 prescribed by the board;

21 (ii) Has a two-year degree in hearing instrument sciences or an
22 equivalent as determined by the board;

(iii) Has a master's or doctoral degree in audiology from an
 accredited institution approved by the board;

(iv) Has held a current, unsuspended, and unrevoked license to
 dispense hearing instruments from another jurisdiction for at least
 twelve of the last eighteen months prior to taking the examination;

28 <u>(v) Is certified by the National Board for Certification in Hearing</u>

29 Instrument Sciences at the time of taking the examination; or

30 (vi) Holds an advanced credential offered by the International
 31 Hearing Society at the time of taking the examination.

(2) The department, with the recommendation of the board, may
 determine whether completion of a licensure program from outside of the
 United States qualifies a person to take the examination in this state.

4 <u>(3) The department, upon recommendation of the board, may waive</u> 5 <u>either or both components of the examination pursuant to section 38-1514</u> 6 <u>for licensure as a hearing instrument specialist if the person has passed</u> 7 <u>the same examination as provided in section 38-1514 or a substantially</u> 8 <u>equivalent examination as determined by the board.</u>

9 <u>(4) The department, with the recommendation of the board, shall</u> 10 <u>determine whether a person has met the requirements to be eligible to</u> 11 <u>take the examination pursuant to the Hearing Instrument Specialists</u> 12 <u>Practice Act.</u>

13 (2) The qualifying examination shall consist of written and 14 practical tests. The examination shall not be conducted in such a manner 15 that college training is required in order to pass. Nothing in this 16 examination shall imply that the applicant is required to possess the 17 degree of medical competence normally expected of physicians.

18 (3) The department shall give examinations approved by the board. A
 19 minimum of two examinations shall be offered each calendar year.

20 Sec. 23. Section 38-1513, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,21 2024, is amended to read:

22 38-1513 (1) The department, with the recommendation of the board, 23 shall issue a temporary training license to any person who has met the 24 requirements for licensure as a hearing instrument specialist pursuant to 25 <u>subdivisions (1)(a) and (b)</u> <del>subsection (1)</del> of section 38-1512. Previous 26 experience or a waiting period shall not be required to obtain a 27 temporary training license.

(2) Any person who desires a temporary training license shall make
application to the department. The temporary training license shall be
issued for a period of one year. A person holding a valid license as a
hearing instrument specialist shall be responsible for the supervision

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and training of such applicant and shall maintain adequate personal
 contact with him or her.

3 (3) If a person who holds a temporary training license under this 4 section has not successfully passed the licensing examination within 5 twelve months of the date of issuance of the temporary training license, 6 the temporary training license may be renewed or reissued for a twelve-7 month period. In no case may a temporary training license be renewed or 8 reissued more than once. A renewal or reissuance may take place any time 9 after the expiration of the first twelve-month period.

Sec. 24. Section 38-1514, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

38-1514 (1) The examination required by section 38-1512 for
 licensure as a hearing instrument specialist shall be comprised of two
 separate components:

(a) A written or computer-based, psychometrically valid, competency
 examination approved by the board that tests the examinee for knowledge
 fundamental to the practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing
 instruments, which may be an examination developed and maintained by the
 International Hearing Society; and

(b) A practical examination approved by the board that requires the
 examinee to demonstrate competence in the practice of ordering the use
 and fitting of hearing instruments, which may be an examination developed
 and maintained by the International Hearing Society.

(2)(a) If an examinee fails more than one portion of the practical
 examination, the examinee shall retake the entire practical examination
 upon payment of the examination fee.

(b) If an examinee fails only one portion of the practical
 examination, the examinee may retake that portion of the examination
 without payment of a fee.

30 (c) If an examinee fails the jurisprudence examination or competency
 31 examination, the examinee shall retake the entire examination upon

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1	payment of the examination fee.	
2	(d) If an examinee fails either the practical or competency	
3	component of the examination and fails two subsequent reexaminations, the	
4	examinee shall be disqualified from retaking the examination a fourth	
5	time until the examinee meets with the board, presents an acceptable	
6	written training plan to the board for passing the components of the	
7	examination, and successfully completes that plan.	
8	The qualifying examination provided in section 38-1512 shall be	
9	designed to demonstrate the applicant's adequate technical qualifications	
10	<del>by:</del>	
11	(1) Tests of knowledge in the following areas as they pertain to the	
12	fitting and sale of hearing instruments:	
13	(a) Basic physics of sound;	
14	(b) The anatomy and physiology of the ear; and	
15	(c) The function of hearing instruments; and	
16	(2) Practical tests of proficiency in the following techniques as	
17	they pertain to the fitting of hearing instruments:	
18	(a) Pure tone audiometry, including air conduction testing and bone	
19	conduction_testing;	
20	(b) Live voice or recorded voice speech audiometry;	
21	(c) Masking when indicated;	
22	(d) Recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech audiometry to	
23	determine proper selection and adaptation of a hearing instrument; and	
24	(e) Taking earmold impressions.	
25	<b>Sec. 25.</b> (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall not	
26	engage in the practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing	
27	instruments with respect to a patient without first having conducted a	
28	face-to-face hearing assessment for the patient. A hearing assessment	
29	conducted in accordance with this subsection shall be valid for six	
30	months. Such hearing assessment shall include at least the following	
31	procedures, and any additional or modified procedures appropriate to	

1 <u>technological developments as determined by the board:</u>

2 (a) Completion of a patient history questionnaire;

3 <u>(b) Otoscopic examination;</u>

4 (c) Testing to determine the type and degree of hearing loss that 5 includes pure-tone air conduction testing at two hundred fifty hertz, 6 five hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, two thousand hertz, four thousand 7 hertz, and eight thousand hertz and bone conduction testing at five 8 hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, two thousand hertz, and four thousand 9 hertz;

10 (d) Effective masking when indicated;

(e) Appropriate testing to determine speech reception thresholds, word recognition scores, most comfortable listening levels, uncomfortable loudness levels, frequency-specific loudness discomfort levels, ability to understand speech in noise, and the selection of the best fitting arrangement for maximum hearing instrument benefit when indicated; and (f) Other speech tests commonly used to assess human hearing acuity.

17 (2) Each component of a hearing instrument shall be adapted to the 18 needs of the patient. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall 19 conduct a final fitting to ensure physical fit and operational comfort of 20 the hearing instrument.

Sec. 26. <u>A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall demonstrate</u> the benefit of a hearing instrument fitting by using objective measures, such as aided and unaided sound field testing, real-ear measurements, speech mapping, or electroacoustic analysis, or any additional or modified procedures appropriate to technological developments as determined and approved by the board.

Sec. 27. <u>A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall determine a</u>
 <u>patient's benefit with the hearing instrument fitting using validation</u>
 <u>measures, such as speech audiometry and validated communication</u>
 <u>assessment questionnaires, or any other method approved by the board.</u>

31 Sec. 28. (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall use the

1 following equipment as part of any hearing testing conducted for the 2 purpose of dispensing of hearing instruments: 3 (a) An audiometer that has been calibrated within the twelve months 4 preceding the test and that meets the specifications set forth under this 5 section; and 6 (b) A speech audiometer or a master hearing instrument in order to 7 perform speech tests as required in subdivision (1)(e) of section 25 of 8 <u>this act.</u> (2) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide for the 9 10 calibration of the equipment utilized for hearing assessments required 11 under section 25 of this act and in the dispensing of hearing instruments at least annually in conformance with current standards of the American 12 13 National Standards Institute or such other quality control standards 14 established by the board. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall 15 annually ensure that audiometric equipment has been evaluated electrically and acoustically, that the equipment has been adjusted or 16 17 repaired if necessary, and that conformity with such standards was determined at that time. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall 18 19 maintain calibration records for ten years and shall make the records 20 available for inspection by the department at any time. A licensed 21 hearing instrument specialist shall also use routine procedures for the 22 daily inspection of audiometric equipment, or prior to use if used less 23 often than daily, to generally determine that the equipment is in normal 24 working order. 25 (3) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide the 26 following care of the equipment used in the licensee's practice of 27 ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments: 28 (a) Hearing instruments, assistive-listening devices, and electronic 29 equipment shall be maintained according to the manufacturer's 30 specifications; 31 (b) Instrumental technology shall be maintained in proper working 1 order and be properly calibrated according to accepted standards; and

2 (c) Proper infection control and sanitation procedures shall be
3 utilized.

(1) Prior to engaging in cerumen removal, a licensed 4 Sec. 29. 5 hearing instrument specialist shall have held a valid, undisciplined license as a licensed hearing instrument specialist for a minimum of two 6 7 consecutive years and provide the board with evidence of (a) successful 8 completion of a cerumen removal course pursuant to subsection (3) of this 9 section, (b) professional liability insurance pursuant to subsection (5) 10 of this section, and (c) an arrangement with a medical liaison pursuant 11 to subsection (2) of this section. If the licensed hearing instrument specialist continues to engage in cerumen removal, the licensee shall 12 annually provide evidence to the board of professional liability 13 14 insurance and an arrangement with a medical liaison.

15 (2) Prior to engaging in cerumen removal, a licensed hearing instrument specialist shall have an arrangement with a medical liaison. A 16 17 licensed hearing instrument specialist shall refer a patient to a medical liaison if the patient exhibits contraindications to cerumen removal 18 19 requiring medical consultation or medical intervention. If a licensed 20 hearing instrument specialist engaged in routine cerumen removal 21 discovers any trauma, including, but not limited to, continuous 22 uncontrolled bleeding, lacerations, or other traumatic injuries, the 23 licensee shall, as soon as practicable, refer the patient to the medical 24 <u>liaison.</u>

25 (3)(a) Prior to entering into an arrangement with a medical liaison,
26 a licensed hearing instrument specialist shall complete a cerumen removal
27 course approved by the International Hearing Society or the American
28 Academy of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery, or another course
29 approved by the board, and provide the board with evidence of such
30 successful completion and attestation of competence. In order to be
31 approved by the board as a cerumen removal course, the course shall be

1	approved by the International Hearing Society or the American Academy of	
2	Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery and shall:	
3	<u>(i) Be overseen by a physician, preferably an otolaryngologist;</u>	
4	(ii) Consist of at least six hours of a participant practicing	
5	<u>cerumen removal from an ear canal model using a variety of safe</u>	
6	<u>techniques;</u>	
7	<u>(iii) Include in-person practice of cerumen removal techniques;</u>	
8	(iv) Include an infectious control component; and	
9	(v) Result in a certificate of successful completion and attestation	
10	of competence signed by such physician.	
11	<u>(b) The board may, only after consultation with the Board or </u>	
12	Medicine and Surgery, adopt rules and regulations as provided in section	
13	<u>38-126 to provide requirements for the initial cerumen removal course.</u>	
14	<u>(4) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain</u>	
15	documentation evidencing the satisfactory completion of the training.	
16	<u>(5) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall carry appropriate</u>	
17	professional liability insurance before engaging in cerumen removal.	
18	<u>(6) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall perform cerumen</u>	
19	removal using the customary removal techniques that are commensurate with	
20	<u>the licensee's training and experience. Performance of cerumen removal is</u>	
21	limited to the patient's cartilaginous outer one-third portion of the	
22	<u>external auditory canal.</u>	
23	<u>(7) A licensed hearing instrument specialist engaged in cerumen</u>	
24	removal shall comply with the following requirements:	
25	<u>(a) The indications for cerumen removal for a licensed hearing</u>	
26	<u>instrument specialist shall include:</u>	
27	<u>(i) Enabling audiometric testing;</u>	
28	<u>(ii) Making ear impressions;</u>	
29	(iii) Fitting ear protection or prosthetic devices; and	
30	(iv) Monitoring continuous use of hearing aids;	
31	(b) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall refer a patient	
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1	to the medical liaison, an otolaryngologist, or a licensed physician for	
2	medical consultation or medical intervention if the patient exhibits any	
3	of the following contraindications to cerumen removal:	
4	<u>(i) The patient is younger than eighteen years of age;</u>	
5	(ii) The patient has a perforated tympanic membrane;	
6	<u>(iii) The patient has a history of pain or active drainage or</u>	
7	bleeding from the ear;	
8	<u>(iv) There is evidence of congenital or traumatic deformity of the</u>	
9	<u>ear;</u>	
10	(v) The patient has any previous ear surgery;	
11	(vi) The patient has tympanostomy tubes, such that irrigation should	
12	<u>not be used;</u>	
13	(vii) The patient has a bleeding disorder;	
14	<u>(viii) The patient has an actual or suspected foreign body in the</u>	
15	<u>ear;</u>	
16	<u>(ix) The patient has a stenosis or bony exostosis of the ear canal;</u>	
17	<u>(x) The patient has a tympanic membrane that the licensed hearing</u>	
18	<u>instrument specialist is unable to see; or</u>	
19	<u>(xi) There is any other contraindication to cerumen removal that</u>	
20	requires medical consultation or medical intervention; and	
21	<u>(c) If the patient, while undergoing cerumen removal that did not</u>	
22	present contraindications, complains of significant pain, exhibits	
23	uncontrolled bleeding or a laceration of the external auditory canal, or	
24	notices the acute onset of dizziness or vertigo or sudden hearing loss,	
25	the licensed hearing instrument specialist shall immediately stop the	
26	procedure and refer the patient to the medical liaison, an	
27	<u>otolaryngologist, or a licensed physician.</u>	
28	(8) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain the	
29	following proper infection control practices:	
30	<u>(a) Universal health precautions;</u>	

31 (b) Decontamination;

1	<u>(c) Cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization of multiple-use</u>	
2	<u>equipment; and</u>	
3	<u>(d) Universal precautions for prevention of the transmission of</u>	
4	human immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B virus, and other bloodborne	
5	pathogens, as defined by occupational safety and health standards	
6	promulgated pursuant to 29 C.F.R. 1910, as such regulations existed on	
7	<u>January 1, 2025.</u>	
8	<u>(9) The licensed hearing instrument specialist who performs cerumen</u>	
9	removal shall maintain a case history for every patient and informed	
10	consent signed by the patient as part of the patient's records.	
11	<u>(10) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall carry</u>	
12	appropriate professional liability insurance before performing cerumen	
13	<u>removal.</u>	
14	<u>(11) The licensed hearing instrument specialist is prohibited from</u>	
15	requiring patients to sign any form that eliminates liability if the	
16	patient is harmed.	
17	<u>(12) A licensed hearing instrument specialist who first passes the</u>	
18	<u>initial training in cerumen removal shall take one additional hour of</u>	
19	continuing education specific to cerumen removal annually, by any	
20	approved means, in addition to the required continuing education	
21	requirements for the license as a licensed hearing instrument specialist.	
22	Sec. 30. <u>A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall advise a</u>	
23	prospective hearing instrument user to consult promptly with an	
24	<u>otolaryngologist, or a licensed physician if no otolaryngologist is</u>	
25	available, before dispensing a hearing instrument if the licensee	
26	<u>determines, through inquiry, actual observation, or review of any other</u>	
27	available information concerning the prospective user, that the	
28	prospective user has any of the conditions related to warnings found in	
29	the regulations of the federal Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R.	
30	801.422, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2025.	
31	<b>Sec. 31.</b> It is a condition of licensure under the Hearing	

1 Instrument Specialists Practice Act that a licensed hearing instrument 2 specialist comply with the rules of the federal Food and Drug 3 Administration governing the ordering of the use, fitting, and sales of hearing instruments as prescribed by 21 C.F.R. 801.422, as such 4 5 regulations existed on January 1, 2025. 6 Sec. 32. A purchaser of a hearing instrument shall not be required 7 to obtain a medical evaluation for the repurchase of a hearing instrument 8 once a medical evaluation has been obtained for certain otologic 9 conditions that are permanent and would be reidentified at each hearing 10 assessment. Such conditions shall include, but not be limited to: 11 (1) Visible congenital or traumatic deformity of the ear; (2) Unilateral or asymmetric hearing loss, assuming no change in 12 13 thresholds; and 14 (3) Audiometric air-bone gap equal to or greater than an average of 15 fifteen decibels at five hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, and two 16 thousand hertz. (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall keep 17 Sec. 33. and maintain in the licensee's office or place of business the following 18 19 records: 20 (a) Results of tests and other records as they pertain to hearing assessments conducted by the licensed hearing instrument specialist and 21 22 the dispensing of hearing instruments by the licensed hearing instrument 23 specialist; (b) A copy of the written contract and, if executed, signed medical 24 25 evaluation waiver; and 26 (c) Copies of such other records as the department, with the recommendation of the board, reasonably requires. 27 28 (2) Any such record shall be kept and maintained by the licensed 29 hearing instrument specialist for a period of seven years after the date 30 the record was produced.

31 Sec. 34. <u>A licensed hearing instrument specialist who is certified</u>

by the National Board for Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences or has an advanced credential recognized or offered by the International Hearing Society may work for a company or organization as a trainer and provide specialized training in the practical application of hearing instrument sciences.

Sec. 35. Section 38-2849, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

8 38-2849 The board shall be composed of <u>eight</u> five members, including 9 <u>five</u> four actively practicing pharmacists, at least one of whom practices 10 within the confines of a hospital, <u>one pharmacy technician</u>, and <u>two</u> <del>one</del> 11 public <u>members</u> member who <u>are</u> <del>is</del> interested in the health of the people 12 of Nebraska.

13 Sec. 36. Section 38-2884, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 14 amended to read:

15 38-2884 Under a delegated dispensing permit for a public health 16 clinic, approved formulary drugs and devices may be dispensed by a public 17 health clinic worker or a health care professional licensed in Nebraska 18 to practice medicine and surgery or licensed in Nebraska as a registered 19 nurse, licensed practical nurse, or physician assistant without the 20 onsite services of a pharmacist if:

(1) The initial dispensing of all prescriptions for approved
formulary drugs and devices is conducted by a health care professional
licensed in Nebraska to practice medicine and surgery or pharmacy or
licensed in Nebraska as a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or
physician assistant;

(2) The drug or device is dispensed pursuant to a prescription
 written onsite by a practitioner or by a practitioner licensed in
 Nebraska working in affiliation with a public health clinic pursuant to a
 delegated dispensing permit;

30 (3) The only prescriptions to be refilled under the delegated
 31 dispensing permit are prescriptions for contraceptives;

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1

(4) Prescriptions are accompanied by patient instructions and written information approved by the director; 2

3 (5) The dispensing of authorized refills of contraceptives is done by a licensed health care professional listed in subdivision (1) of this 4 section or by a public health clinic worker; 5

6 (6) All drugs or devices are prepackaged by the manufacturer or at a 7 public health clinic by a pharmacist into the quantity to be prescribed 8 and dispensed at the public health clinic;

9 (7) All drugs and devices stored, received, or dispensed under the authority of public health clinics are properly labeled at all times. For 10 purposes of this subdivision, properly labeled means that the label 11 12 affixed to the container prior to dispensing contains the following information: 13

14 (a) The name of the manufacturer;

15 (b) The lot number and expiration date from the manufacturer or, if repackaged by a pharmacist, the lot number and calculated expiration 16 17 date;

(c) Directions for patient use; 18

(d) The quantity of drug in the container; 19

(e) The name, strength, and dosage form of the drug; and 20

21 (f) Auxiliary labels as needed for proper adherence to any 22 prescription;

23 (8) The following additional information is added to the label of 24 each container when the drug or device is dispensed:

25 (a) The patient's name;

26 (b) The name of the prescribing health care professional;

(c) The prescription number; 27

(d) The date dispensed; and 28

29 (e) The name and address of the public health clinic;

30 (9) The only drugs and devices allowed to be dispensed or stored by public health clinics appear on the formulary approved pursuant to 31

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1 section 38-2881; and

(10) At any time that dispensing is occurring from a public health 2 3 clinic, the delegating pharmacist for the public health clinic or on-call pharmacist in Nebraska is available, either in person or by telephone, to 4 5 answer questions from clients, staff, public health clinic workers, or 6 volunteers. This availability shall be confirmed and documented at the 7 beginning of each day that dispensing will occur. The delegating 8 pharmacist or on-call pharmacist shall inform the public health clinic if 9 he or she will not be available during the time that his or her availability is required. If a pharmacist is unavailable, no dispensing 10 11 shall occur.

Sec. 37. Section 38-28,104, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

14 38-28,104 (1) A prescription for a legend drug which is not a 15 controlled substance must contain the following information prior to being filled by a pharmacist or a practitioner who holds a pharmacy 16 17 license under subdivision (1) of section 38-2850: Patient's name, or if not issued for a specific patient, the words "for emergency use" or "for 18 use in immunizations"; name of the drug, device, or biological; strength 19 20 of the drug or biological, if applicable; dosage form of the drug or 21 biological; quantity of drug, device, or biological prescribed; number of 22 authorized refills; directions for use; date of issuance; prescribing 23 practitioner's name; and if the prescription is written, prescribing 24 practitioner's signature. Prescriptions for controlled substances must meet the requirements of sections 28-414 and 28-414.01. 25

26 (2) If a pharmacist receives a request for a prescription refill 27 with no refill authorization and the pharmacist is unable to obtain a 28 refill authorization from the prescribing practitioner after making 29 reasonable efforts, the pharmacist may dispense an emergency refill if:

30 (a) The pharmacist obtains prescription information from: (i) A
 31 prescription label; (ii) a prescription record located in any pharmacy;

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1	<u>or (iii) a common database;</u>	
2	(b) The prescription refill is not for a controlled substance;	
3	(c) The prescription refill is for a maintenance medication;	
4	<u>(d) In the pharmacist's professional judgment, failure to dispense</u>	
5	the refill is likely to endanger the patient's health or disrupt	
6	essential drug therapy for the patient;	
7	(e) The pharmacist informs the patient or the patient's agent at the	
8	time of dispensing that the refill is being provided without the	
9	prescriber's authorization and that prescriber authorization is required	
10	<u>for future refills;</u>	
11	<u>(f) The prescription refill is documented in the patient's</u>	
12	prescription record;	
13	(g) The pharmacist informs the prescriber within seventy-two hours	
14	of dispensing the refill; and	
15	<u>(h) The prescription refill is dispensed in person or delivered by</u>	
16	staff of the pharmacy.	
17	(3) A refill provided pursuant to subsection (2) of this section	
18	shall not be (a) dispensed in an amount greater than a seven-day supply,	
19	except that if the drug is packaged in a form that requires a pharmacist	
20	to dispense the drug in an amount greater than a seven-day supply, the	
21	pharmacist may dispense the drug in the smallest quantity in which the	
22	drug is typically packaged and (b) dispensed to the same patient more	
23	<u>than one time in any six-month period.</u>	
24	(4) The prescriber of a drug shall not be liable or subject to	
25	disciplinary action for an act or omission in connection with dispensing	
26	<u>a refill pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.</u>	
27	Sec. 38. Section 68-911, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,	
28	2024, is amended to read:	

68-911 (1) Medical assistance shall include coverage for health care
and related services as required under Title XIX of the federal Social
Security Act, including, but not limited to:

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1	(a) Inpatient and outpatient hospital services;
2	(b) Laboratory and X-ray services;
3	(c) Nursing facility services;
4	(d) Home health services;
5	(e) Nursing services;
6	(f) Clinic services;
7	(g) Physician services;
8	(h) Medical and surgical services of a dentist;
9	(i) Nurse practitioner services;
10	(j) Nurse midwife services;
11	<pre>(k) Pregnancy-related services;</pre>
12	<li>(1) Medical supplies;</li>
13	(m) Mental health and substance abuse services;
14	(n) Early and periodic screening and diagnosis and treatment
15	services for children which shall include both physical and behavioral
16	health screening, diagnosis, and treatment services;
17	(o) Rural health clinic services; and
18	(p) Federally qualified health center services.
19	(2) In addition to coverage otherwise required under this section,
20	medical assistance may include coverage for health care and related
21	services as permitted but not required under Title XIX of the federal
22	Social Security Act, including, but not limited to:
23	(a) Prescribed drugs;
24	(b) Intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental
25	disabilities;
26	(c) Home and community-based services for aged persons and persons
27	with disabilities;
28	(d) Dental services;
29	(e) Rehabilitation services;
30	(f) Personal care services;
31	(g) Durable medical equipment;

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1	<pre>(h) Medical transportation services;</pre>
2	<li>(i) Vision-related services;</li>

3 (j) Speech therapy services;

4 (k) Physical therapy services;

5 (1) Chiropractic services;

6 (m) Occupational therapy services;

- 7 (n) Optometric services;
- 8 (0) Podiatric services;

9 (p) Hospice services;

10 (q) Mental health and substance abuse services;

(r) Hearing screening services for newborn and infant children; and
 (s) Administrative expenses related to administrative activities,
 including outreach services, provided by school districts and educational
 service units to students who are eligible or potentially eligible for
 medical assistance.

16 (3) No later than July 1, 2009, the department shall submit a state 17 plan amendment or waiver to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid 18 Services to provide coverage under the medical assistance program for 19 community-based secure residential and subacute behavioral health 20 services for all eligible recipients, without regard to whether the 21 recipient has been ordered by a mental health board under the Nebraska 22 Mental Health Commitment Act to receive such services.

23 (4) On or before October 1, 2014, the department, after consultation 24 with the State Department of Education, shall submit a state plan amendment to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, as 25 26 necessary, to provide that the following are direct reimbursable services 27 when provided by school districts as part of an individualized education program or an individualized family service plan: Early and periodic 28 29 screening, diagnosis, and treatment services for children; medical 30 transportation services; mental health services; nursing services; occupational therapy services; personal care services; physical therapy 31

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services; rehabilitation services; speech therapy and other services for
 individuals with speech, hearing, or language disorders; and vision related services.

4 (5)(a) No later than January 1, 2023, the department shall provide 5 coverage for continuous glucose monitors under the medical assistance 6 program for all eligible recipients who have a prescription for such 7 device.

8 (b) Effective August 1, 2024, eligible recipients shall include all 9 individuals who meet local coverage determinations, as defined in section 10 1869(f)(2)(B) of the federal Social Security Act, as amended, as such act 11 existed on January 1, 2024, and shall include individuals with 12 gestational diabetes.

(c) It is the intent of the Legislature that no more than six hundred thousand dollars be appropriated annually from the Medicaid Managed Care Excess Profit Fund, as described in section 68-996, for the purpose of implementing subdivision (5)(b) of this section. Any amount in excess of six hundred thousand dollars shall be funded by the Medicaid Managed Care Excess Profit Fund.

(6) On or before October 1, 2023, the department shall seek federal approval for federal matching funds from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services through a state plan amendment or waiver to extend postpartum coverage for beneficiaries from sixty days to at least six months. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the department from submitting a state plan amendment for twelve months.

(7)(a) No later than October 1, 2025, the department shall submit a medicaid waiver or state plan amendment to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to designate two medical respite facilities to reimburse for services provided to an individual who is:

29 (i) Homeless; and

30 (ii) An adult in the expansion population.

31 (b) For purposes of this subsection:

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(i) Adult in the expansion population means an adult (A) described
 in 42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) as such section existed on January
 1, 2024, and (B) not otherwise eligible for medicaid as a mandatory
 categorically needy individual;

5 (ii) Homeless has the same meaning as provided in 42 U.S.C. 11302 as
6 such section existed on January 1, 2024;

7 (iii) Medical respite care means short-term housing with supportive8 medical services; and

9 (iv) Medical respite facility means a residential facility that 10 provides medical respite care to homeless individuals.

(c) The department shall choose two medical respite facilities, one in a city of the metropolitan class and one in a city of the primary class, best able to serve homeless individuals who are adults in the expansion population.

(d) Once such waiver or state plan amendment is approved, the department shall submit a report to the Health and Human Services Committee of the Legislature on or before November 30 each year, which provides the (i) number of homeless individuals served at each facility, (ii) cost of the program, and (iii) amount of reduction in health care costs due to the program's implementation.

(e) The department may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations tocarry out this subsection.

(f) The services described in subdivision (7)(a) of this section
shall be funded by the Medicaid Managed Care Excess Profit Fund as
described in section 68-996.

(8)(a) No later than January 1, 2025, the department shall provide coverage for an electric personal-use breast pump for every pregnant woman covered under the medical assistance program, or child covered under the medical assistance program if the pregnant woman is not covered, beginning at thirty-six weeks gestation or the child's date of birth, whichever is earlier. The electric personal-use breast pump shall

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be capable of (i) sufficiently supporting milk supply, (ii) double and single side pumping, and (iii) suction power ranging from zero mmHg to two hundred fifty mmHg. No later than January 1, 2025, the department shall provide coverage for a minimum of ten lactation consultation visits for every mother covered under the medical assistance program or child covered under the medical assistance program, if the mother is not covered under such program.

8 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the appropriation for 9 lactation consultation visits shall be equal to an amount that is a one 10 hundred forty-five percent rate increase over the current lactation 11 consultation rate paid by the department.

(9)(a) No later than January 1, 2024, the department shall provide coverage, and reimbursement to providers, for all necessary translation and interpretation services for eligible recipients utilizing a medical assistance program service. The department shall take all actions necessary to maximize federal funding to carry out this subsection.

(b) The services described in subdivision (9)(a) of this section
shall be funded by the Medicaid Managed Care Excess Profit Fund as
described in section 68-996.

(10) No later than January 1, 2026, the department shall provide
 coverage for psychology services provided by advanced level practitioners
 who have completed advanced training requirements for a doctoral
 internship in an accredited training program or a postdoctoral fellowship
 and who are under current supervision by a licensed psychologist.

25 Sec. 39. (1) For purposes of this section, program means the Rural 26 Health Opportunity Program that encourages students from rural 27 communities to pursue health care professions and return to practice in 28 those rural communities.

29 (2)(a) The Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges and the
 30 Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska shall enter into a
 31 memorandum of understanding to administer the program, including a joint

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1 application and interview process to select students to participate in 2 the program and be provisionally admitted into one of the eligible health 3 care programs at the University of Nebraska Medical Center. (b) To be eligible, students shall: 4 5 (i) Attend, or be a graduate of, an approved or accredited high school in Nebraska or receive an equivalent of a diploma of high school 6 7 equivalency in Nebraska; and 8 (ii) Have lived in, or been a resident of, a rural area of Nebraska 9 as determined by the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges and 10 the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska. 11 (3) A student who participates in the program is entitled to a

12 waiver of one hundred percent of the cost of tuition and fees per 13 academic year for up to four years at a state college for the purpose of 14 completing the established health care program coursework at such state 15 college that is required for early admission and transfer to an eligible 16 health care program at the University of Nebraska Medical Center.

17 (4) It is the intent of the Legislature to consider continued
 18 funding for the program in an appropriate amount equal to or more than
 19 one-half of the cost of the tuition waivers or fees granted pursuant to
 20 this section as part of the biennial budget process.

Sec. 40. Sections 1, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 41 of this act become operative three calendar months after the adjournment of this legislative session. The other sections of this act become operative on their effective date.

Sec. 41. Original sections 38-511, 38-1501, 38-1502, 38-1504,
38-1505, 38-1506, 38-1508, 38-1510, 38-1511, 38-1514, 38-2849, and
38-2884, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 38-1509,
38-1512, 38-1513, 38-28,104, and 68-911, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2024, are repealed.

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Sec. 42. Original sections 38-1401, 38-1402, 38-1413, and 38-1424,

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1 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.

Sec. 43. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when
passed and approved according to law.

2. On page 1, strike beginning with "the" in line 1 through line 5 4 5 and insert "public health and welfare; to amend sections 38-511, 38-1401, 6 38-1402, 38-1413, 38-1424, 38-1501, 38-1502, 38-1504, 38-1505, 38-1506, 7 38-1508, 38-1510, 38-1511, 38-1514, 38-2849, and 38-2884, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 38-1509, 38-1512, 38-1513, 38-28,104, 8 9 and 68-911, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024; to provide, change, and eliminate definitions; to provide for assistant funeral 10 11 directors; to provide for credentialing, scope of practice, collaborative 12 agreements, restrictions on practice, and disciplinary actions under the Funeral Directing and Embalming Practice Act; to change provisions 13 14 relating to licensure and regulation of hearing instrument specialists 15 under the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act; to change membership requirements for the Board of Pharmacy; to change requirements 16 17 relating to compounding and delegated dispensing permits; to provide 18 requirements for certain prescription refills as prescribed; to require psychology services 19 medicaid coverage for provided by certain 20 practitioners as prescribed; to require a memorandum of understanding 21 regarding a Rural Health Opportunity Program; to provide for tuition 22 waivers for eligible students as prescribed; to state intent regarding 23 appropriations; to harmonize provisions; to provide operative dates; to 24 repeal the original sections; and to declare an emergency.".