## AMENDMENTS TO LB597

Introduced by DeBoer, 10.

1 1. Strike original section 2 and insert the following new section: Section 1. Section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2 2024, is amended to read: 3 77-3442 (1) Property tax levies for the support of local governments 4 5 for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998, shall be limited to the amounts set forth in this section except as provided in section 6 7 77-3444. (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (2)(b) and (2)(e) of this 8 9 section, school districts and multiple-district school systems may levy a maximum levy of: 10 (i) Through fiscal year 2024-25, one dollar and five cents per one 11 12 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy; 13 and -(ii) For fiscal year 2025-26 and each fiscal year thereafter, 14 ninety-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of 15 property subject to the levy. 16 (b) For each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, learning 17 communities may levy a maximum levy for the general fund budgets of 18 member school districts of ninety-five cents per one hundred dollars of 19 20 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The proceeds from the

21 levy pursuant to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to 22 section 79-1073.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this section, for
each fiscal year prior to fiscal year 2017-18, school districts that are
members of learning communities may levy for purposes of such districts'
general fund budget and special building funds a maximum combined levy of
the difference of one dollar and five cents on each one hundred dollars

-1-

of taxable property subject to the levy minus the learning community levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(b) of this section for such learning community.

(d) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (2)(a) and (2)(c)4 5 of this section are (i) amounts levied to pay for current and future sums 6 agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in 7 exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring prior to September 1, 2017, (ii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at 8 9 the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay for current and future qualified voluntary termination incentives for 10 11 certificated teachers pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-8,142 that 12 are not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (iii) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at 13 14 the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay 15 for seventy-five percent of the current and future sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of 16 17 employment occurring between September 1, 2017, and August 31, 2018, as a 18 result of a collective-bargaining agreement in force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in an exclusion 19 20 pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (iv) amounts levied by a 21 school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to subdivision (2) 22 (a) of this section to pay for fifty percent of the current and future 23 sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in exchange for a 24 voluntary termination of employment occurring between September 1, 2018, and August 31, 2019, as a result of a collective-bargaining agreement in 25 26 force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are not otherwise included in 27 an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (v) amounts levied by a school district otherwise at the maximum levy pursuant to 28 29 subdivision (2)(a) of this section to pay for twenty-five percent of the 30 current and future sums agreed to be paid to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment occurring between 31

-2-

September 1, 2019, and August 31, 2020, as a result of a collective-1 2 bargaining agreement in force and effect on September 1, 2017, that are 3 not otherwise included in an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (2)(d) of this section, (vi) amounts levied in compliance with sections 79-10,110 4 5 and 79-10,110.02, and (vii) amounts levied to pay for special building 6 funds and sinking funds established for projects commenced prior to April 7 1, 1996, for construction, expansion, or alteration of school district 8 buildings. For purposes of this subsection, commenced means any action 9 taken by the school board on the record which commits the board to expend district funds in planning, constructing, or carrying out the project. 10

11 (e) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum levy 12 prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (2)(c) of this section only to the extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid pursuant to Title VIII 13 14 of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001. For 15 purposes of this subdivision, federal aid school district means any school district which receives ten percent or more of the revenue for its 16 17 general fund budget from federal government sources pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001. 18

(f) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one-half cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for elementary learning center facility leases, for remodeling of leased elementary learning center facilities, and for up to fifty percent of the estimated cost for focus school or program capital projects approved by the learning community coordinating council pursuant to section 79-2111.

(g) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for early childhood education programs for children in poverty, for elementary learning center employees, for contracts with other entities or individuals who are not employees of the learning community for elementary learning center programs and services,

-3-

and for pilot projects, except that no more than ten percent of such levy
 may be used for elementary learning center employees.

3 (3) For each fiscal year through fiscal year 2023-24, community college areas may levy the levies provided in subdivisions (2)(a) through 4 5 (c) of section 85-1517, in accordance with the provisions of such 6 subdivisions. For fiscal year 2024-25 and each fiscal year thereafter, 7 community college areas may levy the levies provided in subdivisions (2) 8 (a) and (b) of section 85-1517, in accordance with the provisions of such 9 subdivisions. A community college area may exceed the levy provided in subdivision (2)(a) of section 85-1517 by the amount necessary to generate 10 11 sufficient revenue as described in section 85-1543 or 85-2238. A 12 community college area may exceed the levy provided in subdivision (2)(b) of section 85-1517 by the amount necessary to retire general obligation 13 14 bonds assumed by the community college area or issued pursuant to section 15 85-1515 according to the terms of such bonds or for any obligation pursuant to section 85-1535 entered into prior to January 1, 1997. 16

17 (4)(a) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum levy of four
18 and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of
19 property subject to the levy.

20 (b) Natural resources districts shall also have the power and 21 authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their 22 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water 23 management activities and integrated management activities under the 24 Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water 25 26 management activities and integrated management activities for FY2003-04, 27 not to exceed one cent on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation annually on all of the taxable property within the district. 28

(c) In addition, natural resources districts located in a river
basin, subbasin, or reach that has been determined to be fully
appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated as overappropriated

-4-

pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department of Natural Resources shall 1 also have the power and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar 2 3 amount by which their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management activities and integrated management 4 5 activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act 6 exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground 7 water management activities and integrated management activities for 8 FY2005-06, not to exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of 9 taxable valuation on all of the taxable property within the district for fiscal year 2006-07 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year 10 11 2017-18.

12 (5) Any educational service unit authorized to levy a property tax 13 pursuant to section 79-1225 may levy a maximum levy of one and one-half 14 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to 15 the levy.

(6)(a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not within the 16 17 boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of forty-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to 18 the levy plus an additional five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable 19 20 valuation to provide financing for the municipality's share of revenue 21 required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the 22 Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum 23 levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library 24 pursuant to section 51-201, museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to 25 26 section 71-1637, or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 27 80-202.

(b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The maximum levy shall include amounts paid to a municipal county for county

-5-

services, amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to
 section 51-201, a museum pursuant to section 51-501, a visiting community
 nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section
 71-1637, or a statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.

5 (7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence 6 for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty cents per one 7 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, and 8 sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five 9 years or less shall not have a maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for more than five 10 11 years and are located in a municipal county may levy a maximum of eighty-12 five cents per hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. 13

14 (8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of fifty cents per 15 one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, except that five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of 16 property subject to the levy may only be levied to provide financing for 17 the county's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements 18 executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public 19 20 Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums 21 to support a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to 22 section 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen cents of its 23 authority to other political subdivisions subject to allocation of 24 property tax authority under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 and not specifically covered in this section to levy taxes as authorized by law 25 26 which do not collectively exceed fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of 27 taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property. The county may allocate to one or more other political subdivisions subject to 28 29 allocation of property tax authority by the county under subsection (1) 30 of section 77-3443 some or all of the county's five cents per one hundred dollars of valuation authorized for support of an agreement or agreements 31

-6-

to be levied by the political subdivision for the purpose of supporting that political subdivision's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. If an allocation by a county would cause another county to exceed its levy authority under this section, the second county may exceed the levy authority in order to levy the amount allocated.

7 (9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of one 8 dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject 9 to the levy. The municipal county may allocate levy authority to any 10 political subdivision or entity subject to allocation under section 11 77-3443.

12 (10) Beginning July 1, 2016, rural and suburban fire protection districts may levy a maximum levy of ten and one-half cents per one 13 14 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy if 15 (a) such district is located in a county that had a levy pursuant to subsection (8) of this section in the previous year of at least forty 16 17 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy or (b) such district had a levy request pursuant to section 18 77-3443 in any of the three previous years and the county board of the 19 20 county in which the greatest portion of the valuation of such district is 21 located did not authorize any levy authority to such district in such 22 vear.

(11) A regional metropolitan transit authority may levy a maximum levy of ten cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy for each fiscal year that commences on the January 1 that follows the effective date of the conversion of the transit authority established under the Transit Authority Law into the regional metropolitan transit authority.

(12) Property tax levies (a) for judgments, except judgments or
orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, obtained against a
political subdivision which require or obligate a political subdivision

-7-

to pay such judgment, to the extent such judgment is not paid by 1 liability insurance coverage of a political subdivision, 2 (b) for 3 preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, (c) for bonds as defined in section 10-134 approved according to law and 4 5 secured by a levy on property except as provided in section 44-4317 for 6 bonded indebtedness issued by educational service units and school 7 districts, (d) for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free Division of 8 loans from the Aeronautics of the Department of 9 Transportation in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport, and (e) to pay for cancer benefits provided on or after 10 11 January 1, 2022, pursuant to the Firefighter Cancer Benefits Act are not 12 included in the levy limits established by this section.

(13) The limitations on tax levies provided in this section are to 13 14 include all other general or special levies provided by law. 15 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only exceptions to the limits in this section are those provided by or authorized by sections 16 77-3442 to 77-3444. 17

18 (14) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in this section shall
19 be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606 unless approved
20 under section 77-3444.

(15) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444, political
subdivision means a political subdivision of this state and a county
agricultural society.

24 (16) For school districts that file a binding resolution on or before May 9, 2008, with the county assessors, county clerks, and county 25 26 treasurers for all counties in which the school district has territory 27 pursuant to subsection (7) of section 79-458, if the combined levies, except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the 28 29 school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded 30 indebtedness, are in excess of the greater of (a) one dollar and twenty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to 31

-8-

the levy or (b) the maximum levy authorized by a vote pursuant to section 77-3444, all school district levies, except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, shall be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606.

6 2. Renumber the remaining sections and correct the repealer7 accordingly.