## AMENDMENTS TO LB150

(Amendments to E and R amendments, ER90)

Introduced by Bosn, 25.

Strike the original sections and all amendments thereto and
 insert the following new sections:

3 Section 1. <u>Sections 1 to 5 of this act shall be known and may be</u>
4 cited as the Regional Mental Health Expansion Pilot Program Act.

5 Sec. 2. <u>The Legislature finds and declares that:</u>

6 (1) The State of Nebraska is facing serious issues in its current 7 mental health system, including a shortage of mental health care 8 professionals and long travel distances to receive care. These issues 9 have had a negative impact on those suffering from mental health issues 10 and their communities, particularly in rural parts of the state;

(2) As a consequence, when an individual experiences a mental health 11 12 crisis in public, law enforcement officers are frequently required to respond and take the individual into emergency protective custody until 13 the individual can be transported to an available mental health treatment 14 facility. This places a significant burden on law enforcement agencies, 15 16 particularly in rural parts of the state, which is compounded by the shortage of mental health bed space and long travel distances to 17 18 facilities;

19 (3) Addressing these issues is vitally important to the state, and 20 the state would benefit from innovative solutions aimed at reducing the 21 negative impact of mental health issues on individuals and law 22 enforcement agencies;

(4) There is a history of cooperation between rural agencies and
 communities that have successfully worked together to meet regional needs
 efficiently and cost-effectively; and

26 (5) There is an opportunity to adapt the existing method of

1 cooperation and apply it in a way that helps reduce the impact on those 2 suffering from mental health issues and the law enforcement agencies that 3 interact with them. 4 Sec. 3. (1) The Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal 5 Justice shall create a regional mental health expansion pilot program to provide funding to a county law enforcement agency to expand mental 6 7 health beds and encourage cooperation between law enforcement agencies to 8 service the region. 9 (2) The Legislature intends that the pilot program will demonstrate a method of regional cooperation among law enforcement agencies to 10 address the impact of shortages and the long travel distances on those 11 suffering from mental health issues and law enforcement agencies and that 12 13 can be replicated statewide. 14 (3) The commission shall select one county law enforcement agency 15 for the pilot program. The selected agency shall: 16 (a) Have the capacity to add mental health beds, either at an 17 existing jail facility or elsewhere; (b) Have a history of cooperation with other law enforcement 18 19 agencies; 20 (c) Provide an assessment of the anticipated regional impact of the 21 additional mental health beds on individuals with mental health issues 22 and law enforcement agencies; and 23 (d) Cooperate with other counties or law enforcement agencies 24 through a memorandum of understanding to ensure the mental health beds 25 provide a regional benefit. 26 (4) The Legislature does not intend the Regional Mental Health 27 Expansion Pilot Program Act to criminalize mental health issues or result 28 in the incarceration of individuals for mental health issues, and nothing 29 in the act should be so construed. The purpose of this pilot program is 30 to expand mental health services provided by law enforcement agencies to 31 individuals temporarily in custody for mental health issues.

1	Sec. 4. (1) The Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal
2	Justice shall administer the pilot program and, in addition to the
3	requirements set out in section 3 of this act, develop grant eligibility,
4	application, and audit requirements.
5	(2) The commission may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to
6	carry out the Regional Mental Health Expansion Pilot Program Act.
7	(3) The commission shall identify grant funding to carry out the
8	<u>Regional Mental Health Expansion Pilot Program Act.</u>
9	Sec. 5. The Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal
10	Justice shall coordinate with the Attorney General to carry out the

11 <u>Regional Mental Health Expansion Pilot Program Act.</u>

12 Sec. 6. <u>The Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal</u> 13 <u>Justice shall create a pilot program to seek federal funding for</u> 14 <u>collaborative efforts in emergency response by law enforcement agencies</u> 15 <u>and mental health professionals.</u>

Sec. 7. Section 18-1724, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

18 18-1724 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all cities and villages in this state shall have the power by ordinance to define, 19 20 regulate, suppress, and prevent discrimination on the basis of race, 21 color, creed, religion, ancestry, sex, marital status, national origin, 22 familial status as defined in section 20-311, disability as defined in 23 section 20-308.01, or age, or military or veteran status in employment, 24 public accommodation, and housing and may provide for the enforcement of such ordinances by providing appropriate penalties for the violation 25 26 thereof. It shall not be an unlawful employment practice to refuse 27 employment based on a policy of not employing both spouses if such policy is equally applied to both sexes. 28

29 Sec. 8. Section 20-113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 20-113 (1) Any incorporated city may enact ordinances and any county

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may adopt resolutions which are substantially equivalent to the Age 1 2 Discrimination in Employment Act, the Nebraska Fair Employment Practice 3 Act, the Nebraska Fair Housing Act, and sections 20-126 to 20-143 and 48-1219 to 48-1227 or which are more comprehensive than such acts and 4 5 sections in the protection of civil rights. No such ordinance or 6 resolution shall place a duty or liability on any person, other than an 7 employer, employment agency, or labor organization, for acts similar to 8 those prohibited by section 48-1115. Such ordinance or resolution may 9 include authority for a local agency to seek an award of damages or other equitable relief on behalf of the complainant by the filing of a petition 10 11 in the district court in the county with appropriate jurisdiction. The 12 local agency shall have within its authority jurisdiction substantially equivalent to or more comprehensive than the Equal Opportunity Commission 13 14 or other enforcement agencies provided under such acts and sections and 15 shall have authority to order backpay and other equitable relief or to enforce such orders or relief in the district court with appropriate 16 17 jurisdiction. Certified copies of such ordinances or resolutions shall be transmitted to the commission. When the commission determines that any 18 such city or county has enacted an ordinance or adopted a resolution that 19 20 is substantially equivalent to such acts and sections or is more 21 comprehensive than such acts and sections in the protection of civil 22 rights and has established a local agency to administer such ordinance or 23 resolution, the commission may thereafter refer all complaints arising in 24 such city or county to the appropriate local agency. All complaints arising within a city shall be referred to the appropriate agency in such 25 26 city when both the city and the county in which the city is located have 27 established agencies pursuant to this section. When the commission refers a complaint to a local agency, it shall take no further action on such 28 29 complaint if the local agency proceeds promptly to handle such complaint 30 pursuant to the local ordinance or resolution. If the commission determines that a local agency is not handling a complaint with 31

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reasonable promptness or that the protection of the rights of the parties or the interests of justice require such action, the commission may regain jurisdiction of the complaint and proceed to handle it in the same manner as other complaints which are not referred to local agencies. In cases of conflict between this section and section 20-332, for complaints subject to the Nebraska Fair Housing Act, section 20-332 shall control.

7 (2)(a) Any club which has been issued a license by the Nebraska 8 Liquor Control Commission to sell, serve, or dispense alcoholic liquor 9 shall have that license revoked if the club discriminates because of 10 race, color, religion, sex, familial status as defined in section 20-311, 11 disability as defined in section 20-308.01, <del>or</del> national origin, <u>or</u> 12 <u>military or veteran status</u> in the sale, serving, or dispensing of 13 alcoholic liquor to any person who is a guest of a member of such club.

(b) The procedure for revocation shall be as prescribed in sections
 53-134.04, 53-1,115, and 53-1,116.

(c) This subsection does not prohibit a club from, on an otherwise
 nondiscriminatory basis, limiting admission or service to veterans or
 servicemembers or their family members or providing discounts or other
 benefits to veterans or servicemembers or their family members.

20 Sec. 9. Section 20-132, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 20-132 All persons within this state shall be entitled to a full and 23 equal enjoyment of any place of public accommodation, as defined in 24 sections 20-132 to 20-143, without discrimination or segregation on the 25 grounds of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, disability, <del>or</del> 26 ancestry<u>, or military or veteran status</u>.

27 Sec. 10. Section 20-134, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 20-134 <u>(1)</u> Any person who directly or indirectly refuses, withholds 30 from, denies, or attempts to refuse, withhold, or deny, to any other 31 person any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, services, or

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privileges, or who segregates any person in a place of public accommodation on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, religion, national origin, disability, or ancestry, or military or veteran status, shall be guilty of discriminatory practice and shall be subject to the penalties of sections 20-132 to 20-143.

6 (2) It is not a discriminatory practice under sections 20-132 to 7 20-143 for a person or a place of public accommodation to, on an 8 otherwise nondiscriminatory basis, limit admission or service to veterans 9 or servicemembers or their family members or provide discounts or other 10 benefits to veterans or servicemembers or their family members.

Sec. 11. Section 20-139, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20-139 The Nebraska Fair Housing Act and sections 20-123, 20-124, 13 14 and 20-132 to 20-143 shall be administered by the Equal Opportunity 15 Commission, except that the State Fire Marshal shall administer the act and sections as they relate to accessibility standards and specifications 16 17 set forth in sections 81-5,147 and 81-5,148. The county attorneys are granted the authority to enforce such act and sections 20-123, 20-124, 18 and 20-132 to 20-143 and shall possess the same powers and duties with 19 20 respect thereto as the commission. If a complaint is filed with the 21 county attorney, the commission shall be notified. Powers granted to and 22 duties imposed upon the commission pursuant to such act and sections 23 shall be in addition to the provisions of the Nebraska Fair Employment 24 Practice Act and shall not be construed to amend or restrict those provisions. In carrying out the Nebraska Fair Housing Act and sections 25 26 20-123, 20-124, and 20-132 to 20-143, the commission shall have the power 27 to:

(1) Seek to eliminate and prevent discrimination in places of public
accommodation because of race, color, sex, religion, national origin,
familial status as defined in section 20-311, disability as defined in
section 20-308.01, or ancestry, or military or veteran status;

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1 (2) Effectuate the purposes of sections 20-132 to 20-143 by 2 conference, conciliation, and persuasion so that persons may be 3 guaranteed their civil rights and goodwill may be fostered;

4 (3) Formulate policies to effectuate the purposes of sections 20-132
5 to 20-143 and make recommendations to agencies and officers of the state
6 or local subdivisions of government in aid of such policies and purposes;

7 (4) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the 8 powers granted by the Nebraska Fair Housing Act and sections 20-123, 9 and 20-132 to 20-143, subject to the provisions of the 20-124, Administrative Procedure Act. The commission shall, not later than one 10 11 hundred eighty days after September 6, 1991, issue draft rules and 12 regulations to implement subsection (3) of section 20-336, which regulations may incorporate regulations of the United States Department 13 14 of Housing and Urban Development as applicable;

15 (5) Designate one or more members of the commission or a member of the commission staff to conduct investigations of any complaint alleging 16 discrimination because of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, 17 familial status, disability, or ancestry, or military or veteran status, 18 attempt to resolve such complaint by conference, conciliation, 19 and 20 persuasion, and conduct such conciliation meetings and conferences as are 21 deemed necessary to resolve a particular complaint, which meetings shall 22 be held in the county in which the complaint arose;

23 (6) Determine that probable cause exists for crediting the24 allegations of a complaint;

(7) Determine that a complaint cannot be resolved by conference,
conciliation, or persuasion, such determination to be made only at a
meeting where a quorum is present;

(8) Dismiss a complaint when it is determined there is not probable
cause to credit the allegations;

30 (9) Hold hearings, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance,
31 administer oaths, take the testimony of any person under oath, and in

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connection therewith require for examination any books or papers relating
 to any matter under investigation or in question before the commission;
 and

4 (10) Issue publications and the results of studies and research
5 which will tend to promote goodwill and minimize or eliminate
6 discrimination because of race, color, sex, religion, national origin,
7 familial status, disability, <del>or</del> ancestry, or military or veteran status.

8 Sec. 12. Section 20-317, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
9 amended to read:

20-317 Restrictive covenant shall mean any specification limiting the transfer, rental, or lease of any housing because of race, creed, religion, color, national origin, sex, disability, familial status, <del>or</del> ancestry<u>, or military or veteran status</u>.

Sec. 13. Section 20-318, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

16 20-318 Except as exempted by section 20-322, it shall be unlawful 17 to:

(1) Refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer,
refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of or otherwise make
unavailable or deny, refuse to show, or refuse to receive and transmit an
offer for a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion,
national origin, disability, familial status, or sex, or military or
veteran status;

(2) Discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or
privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling or in the provision of
services or facilities in connection therewith because of race, color,
religion, national origin, disability, familial status, or sex, or
military or veteran status;

(3) Make, print, publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published
any notice, statement, or advertisement with respect to the sale or
rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or

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discrimination based on race, color, religion, national origin,
 disability, familial status, <del>or</del> sex, or military or veteran status or an
 intention to make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination;

4 (4) Represent to any person because of race, color, religion,
5 national origin, disability, familial status, or sex, or military or
6 veteran status that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale,
7 or rental when such dwelling is in fact so available;

8 (5) Cause to be made any written or oral inquiry or record 9 concerning the race, color, religion, national origin, disability, 10 familial status, <del>or</del> sex<u>, or military or veteran status</u> of a person 11 seeking to purchase, rent, or lease any housing;

(6) Include in any transfer, sale, rental, or lease of housing any
restrictive covenants or honor or exercise or attempt to honor or
exercise any restrictive covenant pertaining to housing;

(7) Discharge or demote an employee or agent or discriminate in the
 compensation of such employee or agent because of such employee's or
 agent's compliance with the Nebraska Fair Housing Act; and

(8) Induce or attempt to induce, for profit, any person to sell or
rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective
entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race,
color, religion, national origin, disability, familial status, or sex, or
military or veteran status.

23 Sec. 14. Section 20-320, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

25 20-320 (1) Except as exempted by section 20-322, it It shall be 26 unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging 27 in transactions related to residential real estate to discriminate 28 against any person in making available such a transaction or in the terms 29 or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color, religion, 30 sex, disability, familial status, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or military or</u> 31 veteran status.

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(2) For purposes of this section, transaction related to residential
 real estate shall mean any of the following:

3 (a) The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial4 assistance:

5 (i) For purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or6 maintaining a dwelling; or

7

(ii) Secured by residential real estate; or

8 (b) The selling, brokering, or appraising of residential real9 property.

10 (3) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a person engaged in the
11 business of furnishing appraisals of real property from taking into
12 consideration factors other than race, color, religion, national origin,
13 sex, disability, <del>or</del> familial status, or military or veteran status.

Sec. 15. Section 20-321, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20-321 It shall be unlawful to deny any person access to or 16 membership or participation in any multiple listing service, real estate 17 brokers organization, or other service, organization, or facility 18 relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings or to 19 20 discriminate against any person in the terms or conditions of such 21 access, membership, or participation on account of race, color, religion, 22 national origin, disability, familial status, or military or 23 <u>veteran status</u>.

Sec. 16. Section 20-322, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20-322 (1) Nothing in the Nebraska Fair Housing Act shall prohibit a 27 religious organization, association, or society or any nonprofit 28 institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in 29 conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society from 30 limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of a dwelling which it owns or 31 operates for other than commercial purposes to persons of the same

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religion or from giving preferences to such persons unless membership in
 such religion is restricted on account of race, color, national origin,
 disability, familial status, <del>or</del> sex, or military or veteran status.

4 (2) Nothing in the act shall prohibit a private club not in fact 5 open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or 6 purposes provides lodgings which it owns or operates for other than 7 commercial purposes, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such 8 lodging to its members or from giving preference to its members.

9 (3) Nothing in the act shall prohibit or limit the right of any 10 person or his or her authorized representative to refuse to rent a room 11 or rooms in his or her own home for any reason or for no reason or to 12 change tenants in his or her own home as often as desired, except that 13 this exception shall not apply to any person who makes available for 14 rental or occupancy more than four sleeping rooms to a person or family 15 within his or her own home.

(4)(a) Nothing in the act shall limit the applicability of any
reasonable local restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants
permitted to occupy a dwelling, and nothing in the act regarding familial
status shall apply with respect to housing for older persons.

(b) For purposes of this subsection, housing for older persons shallmean housing:

(i) Provided under any state program that the commission determines
is specifically designed and operated to assist elderly persons as
defined in the program;

(ii) Intended for and solely occupied by persons sixty-two years ofage or older; or

(iii) Intended and operated for occupancy by at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit. In determining whether housing qualifies as housing for older persons under this subdivision, the commission shall develop regulations which require at least the following factors:

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1 (A) The existence of significant facilities and services 2 specifically designed to meet the physical or social needs of older 3 persons or, if the provision of such facilities and services is not practicable, that such housing is necessary to provide important housing 4 5 opportunities for older persons;

6 (B) That at least eighty percent of the units are occupied by at7 least one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit; and

8 (C) The publication of and adherence to policies and procedures 9 which demonstrate an intent by the owner or manager to provide housing 10 for persons fifty-five years of age or older.

11 (c) Housing shall not fail to meet the requirements for housing for 12 older persons by reason of:

(i) Persons residing in the housing as of September 6, 1991, who do not meet the age requirements of subdivision (b)(ii) or (iii) of this subsection if succeeding occupants of the housing meet the age requirements; or

(ii) Unoccupied units if the units are reserved for occupancy bypersons who meet the age requirements.

19 (5) Nothing in the act shall prohibit conduct against a person 20 because such person has been convicted by any court of competent 21 jurisdiction of the illegal manufacture or distribution of a controlled 22 substance as defined in section 28-401.

(6) Nothing in the act shall prohibit otherwise nondiscriminatory
 conduct intended to benefit veterans or servicemembers or their family
 members, such as providing housing limited to veterans or servicemembers
 or their family members, providing favorable conditions of loans, leases,
 mortgages, or contracts, or otherwise offering benefits that are limited
 to veterans or servicemembers or their family members.

29 Sec. 17. Section 20-325, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 20-325 The commission shall:

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1 (1) Make studies with respect to the nature and extent of 2 discriminatory housing practices in representative urban, suburban, and 3 rural communities throughout the state;

4 (2) Publish and disseminate reports, recommendations, and 5 information derived from such studies, including an annual report to the 6 Legislature to be submitted electronically:

7 (a) Specifying the nature and extent of progress made statewide in 8 eliminating discriminatory housing practices and furthering the purposes 9 of the Nebraska Fair Housing Act, obstacles remaining to achieving equal 10 housing opportunity, and recommendations for further legislative or 11 executive action; and

(b) Containing tabulations of the number of instances and thereasons therefor in the preceding year in which:

14 (i) Investigations have not been completed as required by15 subdivision (1)(b) of section 20-326;

16 (ii) Determinations have not been made within the time specified in 17 section 20-333; and

18 (iii) Hearings have not been commenced or findings and conclusions
19 have not been made as required by section 20-337;

(3) Cooperate with and render technical assistance to state, local,
and other public or private agencies, organizations, and institutions
which are formulating or carrying on programs to prevent or eliminate
discriminatory housing practices;

24 (4) Electronically submit an annual report to the Legislature and make available to the public data on the age, race, color, religion, 25 26 national origin, disability, familial status, and sex, and military or 27 veteran status of persons and households who are applicants for, participants in, or beneficiaries or potential beneficiaries of programs 28 29 administered by the commission. In order to develop the data to be 30 included and made available to the public under this subdivision, the commission shall, without regard to any other provision of law, collect 31

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such information relating to those characteristics as the commission
 determines to be necessary or appropriate;

3 (5) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the members of the commission, regarding the investigative 4 5 and conciliation process that provide for testing standards, fundamental 6 due process, and notice to the parties of their rights and 7 responsibilities; and

8 (6) Have authority to enter into agreements with the United States 9 Department of Housing and Urban Development in cooperative agreements under the Fair Housing Assistance Program. The commission shall further 10 11 have the authority to enter into agreements with testing organizations to 12 assist in investigative activities. The commission shall not enter into any agreements under which compensation to the testing organization is 13 14 partially or wholly based on the number of conciliations, settlements, 15 and reasonable cause determinations.

Sec. 18. Section 23-2525, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

23-2525 The county personnel officer shall, with the assistance of 18 two advisory groups, one of classified employees and one of department 19 20 heads, prepare and submit to the personnel policy board proposed 21 personnel rules and regulations for the classified service. He or she 22 shall give reasonable notice thereof to the heads of all agencies, 23 departments, county employee associations, and institutions affected 24 thereby, and they shall be given an opportunity, upon request, to appear before the board and present their views thereon. The personnel policy 25 26 board shall submit the rules and regulations for adoption or amendment 27 and adoption by resolution of the board of county commissioners. Amendments thereto shall be made in the same manner. The rules and 28 29 regulations shall provide:

30 (1) For a single integrated classification plan covering all 31 positions in the county service except those expressly exempt from the

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County Civil Service Act, which shall group all positions into defined 1 2 classes containing a descriptive class title and a code identifying each 3 class, and which shall be based on similarity of duties performed and responsibilities assumed, so that the same qualifications may reasonably 4 5 be required and the same schedule of pay may be equitably applied to all 6 positions in the same class. After the classification plan has been 7 approved by the personnel policy board, the county personnel officer 8 shall be responsible for the administration and maintenance of the plan 9 and for the allocation of each classified position. Any employee affected by the allocation of a position to a class shall, upon request, be given 10 11 a reasonable opportunity to be heard thereon by the personnel policy 12 board who shall issue an advisory opinion to the personnel officer;

(2) For a compensation plan for all employees in the classified 13 14 service, comprising salary schedules, hours of work, premium payments, 15 special allowances, and fringe benefits, considering the amount of money available, the prevailing rates of pay in government and private 16 17 employment, the cost of living, the level of each class of position in 18 classification plan, and other relevant factors. Initial, the intervening, and maximum rates of pay for each class shall be established 19 20 to provide for steps in salary advancement without change of duty in 21 recognition of demonstrated quality and length of service. The 22 compensation plan and amendments thereto shall be adopted in the manner 23 prescribed for rules and regulations and shall in no way limit the 24 authority of the board of county commissioners relative to appropriations for salary and wage expenditures; 25

(3) For open competitive examinations to test the relative fitness of applicants for the respective positions. Competitive examination shall not be required for transferred employees transferring from positions in the state or a political subdivision to positions in the county pursuant to a merger of services or transferred employees transferring from positions in the state or a political subdivision to positions in the

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county due to the assumption of functions of the state or a political 1 subdivision by the county. The rules and regulations shall provide for 2 3 the public announcement of the holding of examinations and shall authorize the personnel officer to prescribe examination procedures and 4 5 to place the names of successful candidates on eligible lists in 6 accordance with their respective ratings. Examinations may be assembled 7 or unassembled and may include various job-related examining techniques, 8 such as rating training and experience, written tests, oral interviews, 9 recognition of professional licensing, performance tests, investigations, and any other measures of ability to perform the duties of the position. 10 11 Examinations shall be scored objectively and employment registers shall 12 be established in the order of final score. Certification of eligibility for appointment to vacancies shall be in accordance with a formula which 13 14 limits selection by the hiring department from among the highest ranking 15 available and eligible candidates, but which also permits selective certification under appropriate conditions as prescribed in the rules and 16 17 regulations;

(4) For promotions which shall give appropriate consideration to
examinations and to record of performance, seniority, and conduct.
Vacancies shall be filled by promotion whenever practicable and in the
best interest of the service, and preference may be given to employees
within the department in which the vacancy occurs;

(5) For the rejection of candidates who fail to comply with reasonable requirements of the personnel officer in regard to such factors as physical conditions, training, and experience or who have been guilty of infamous or disgraceful conduct, who are addicted to alcohol or narcotics, or who have attempted any deception or fraud in connection with an examination;

(6) <u>For prohibiting Prohibiting</u> disqualification of any person from
taking an examination, from promotion, or from holding a position because
of:

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(a) Race, national origin, physical disabilities, age, or political
 or religious opinions or affiliations;

3 (b) Sex race, sex, unless it constitutes a bona fide occupational
 4 qualification; , or national origin, physical disabilities, age,
 5 political or religious opinions or affiliations

6 (c) Military or veteran status, subject to section 91 of this act; τ
 7 or

8 (d) Other other factors which have no bearing upon the individual's
9 fitness to hold the position;

(7) For a period of probation not to exceed one year before 10 11 appointment or promotion may be made complete, and during which period a 12 probationer may be separated from his or her position without the right of appeal or hearing except as provided in section 23-2531. After a 13 14 probationer has been separated, he or she may again be placed on the 15 eligible list at the discretion of the personnel officer. The rules shall provide that a probationer shall be dropped from the payroll at the 16 expiration of his or her probationary period if, within ten days prior 17 thereto, the appointing authority has notified the personnel officer in 18 writing that the services of the employee have been unsatisfactory; 19

(8) When an employee has been promoted but fails to satisfactorily
perform the duties of the new position during the probationary period, he
or she shall be returned to a position comparable to that held
immediately prior to promotion at the current salary of such position;

(9) For temporary or seasonal appointments of limited terms of notto exceed one year;

(10) For part-time appointment where the employee accrues benefits
of full-time employment on a basis proportional to the time worked;

(11) For emergency employment for not more than thirty days with or
without examination, with the consent of the county personnel officer and
department head;

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(12) For provisional employment without competitive examination when

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1 there is no appropriate eligible list available. No such provisional 2 employment shall continue longer than six months, nor shall successive 3 provisional appointments be allowed;

4 (13) For transfer from a position in one department to a similar
5 position in another department involving similar qualifications, duties,
6 responsibilities, and salary ranges;

7 (14) For the transfer of employees of the state or a political 8 subdivision to the county pursuant to a merger of services or due to the 9 assumption of functions of the state or a political subdivision by the 10 county;

11 (15) For layoff by reason of lack of funds or work or abolition of 12 the position, or material change in duties or organization, for the 13 layoff of nontenured employees first, and for reemployment of permanent 14 employees so laid off, giving consideration in both layoff and 15 reemployment to performance record and seniority in service;

16 (16) For establishment of a plan for resolving employee grievances17 and complaints;

18 (17) For hours of work, holidays, and attendance regulations in the
19 various classes of positions in the classified service, and for annual,
20 sick, and special leaves of absence, with or without pay, or at reduced
21 pay;

(18) For the development of employee morale, safety, and trainingprograms;

(19) For a procedure whereby an appointing authority may suspend,
reduce, demote, or dismiss an employee for misconduct, inefficiency,
incompetence, insubordination, malfeasance, or other unfitness to render
effective service and for the investigation and public hearing of appeals
of such suspended, reduced, demoted, or dismissed employee;

(20) For granting of leave without pay to a permanent employee to
accept a position in the unclassified service, and for his or her return
to a position comparable to that formerly held in the classified service

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1 at the conclusion of such service;

2 (21) For regulation covering political activity of employees in the3 classified service; and

4 (22) For other regulations not inconsistent with the County Civil
5 Service Act and which may be necessary for its effective implementation.

Sec. 19. Section 23-2531, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

8 23-2531 (1) Discrimination against any person in recruitment, 9 examination, appointment, training, promotion, retention, discipline, or any other aspect of personnel administration because of political or 10 11 religious opinions or affiliations or because of race, national origin, or other nonmerit factors shall be prohibited. Discrimination on the 12 basis of age or sex or physical disability shall be prohibited unless 13 14 specific age, sex, or physical requirements constitute a bona fide 15 occupational qualification necessary to proper and efficient administration. Subject to section 91 of this act, discrimination on the 16 basis of military or veteran status shall be prohibited. The rules and 17 regulations shall provide for appeals in cases of alleged discrimination 18 to the personnel policy board whose determination shall be binding upon a 19 20 finding of discrimination.

(2) No person shall make any false statement, certificate, mark, rating, or report with regard to any test, certification, or appointment made under the County Civil Service Act or in any manner commit or attempt to commit any fraud preventing the impartial execution of the act and the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to the act.

(3) No person shall, directly or indirectly, give, render, pay,
offer, solicit, or accept any money, service, or other valuable
consideration for or on account of any appointment, proposed appointment,
promotion, or proposed promotion to, or any advantage in, a position in
the classified service.

31 (4) No employee of the personnel office, examiner, or other person

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1 shall defeat, deceive, or obstruct any person in his or her right to 2 examination, eligibility, certification, or appointment under the act, or 3 furnish to any person any special or secret information for the purpose 4 of affecting the rights or prospects of any persons with respect to 5 employment in the classified service.

Sec. 20. Section 23-2541, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

8 23-2541 The personnel policy board, if created, shall, with the 9 assistance of two advisory groups, one of classified employees and one of department heads, adopt proposed personnel rules and regulations for the 10 11 classified service and provide reasonable notice of proposed rules and 12 regulations to the heads of all agencies, departments, county employee associations, and institutions affected thereby. Any person affected by 13 14 such rules and regulations shall be given an opportunity, upon request, 15 to appear before the personnel policy board and present his or her views on the rules and regulations. The personnel policy board shall submit 16 17 proposed rules and regulations or amendments for adoption by the county board. The county board may consider and adopt only personnel rules and 18 regulations or amendments proposed by the personnel policy board and may 19 not repeal or revoke a rule or regulation except upon the recommendation 20 21 of the personnel policy board.

22 The rules and regulations or amendments may provide:

23 (1) For a single integrated classification plan covering all 24 positions in the county service except those expressly exempt from sections 23-2534 to 23-2544, which shall (a) group all positions into 25 26 defined classes containing a descriptive class title and a code 27 identifying each class and (b) be based on similarity of duties performed and responsibilities assumed, so that the same qualifications may 28 29 reasonably be required and the same schedule of pay may be equitably 30 applied to all positions in the same class. After the classification plan has been approved by the personnel policy board, the county personnel 31

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officer shall be responsible for the administration and maintenance of the plan and for the allocation of each classified position. Any employee affected by the allocation of a position to a class shall, upon request, be given a reasonable opportunity to be heard on such allocation by the personnel policy board which shall issue an advisory opinion to the county personnel officer;

7 (2) For a compensation plan for all employees in the classified 8 service, comprising salary schedules, attendance regulations, premium 9 payments, special allowances, and fringe benefits, considering the amount of money available, the prevailing rates of pay in government and private 10 11 employment, the cost of living, the level of each class of position in 12 the classification plan, and other relevant factors. The compensation plan and amendments to such plan shall be adopted in the manner 13 14 prescribed for rules and regulations and shall in no way limit the 15 authority of the county board relative to appropriations for salary and wage expenditures; 16

17 (3) For open competitive examinations to test the relative fitness of applicants for the respective positions. The rules and regulations 18 shall provide for the public announcement of the holding of examinations 19 20 and shall authorize the county personnel officer to prescribe examination 21 procedures and to place the names of successful candidates on eligible 22 lists in accordance with their respective ratings. Examinations may be 23 assembled or unassembled and may include various job-related examining 24 techniques, such as rating training and experience, written tests, oral interviews, recognition of professional licensing, performance tests, 25 26 investigations, and any other measures of ability to perform the duties 27 of the position. Examinations shall be scored objectively and employment registers shall be established in the order of final score. Certification 28 29 of eligibility for appointment to vacancies shall be in accordance with a 30 formula which limits selection by the hiring department from among the highest ranking available and eligible candidates, but which also permits 31

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selective certification under appropriate conditions as prescribed in the
 rules and regulations;

3 (4) For promotions which shall give appropriate consideration to 4 examinations and to record of performance, seniority, and conduct. 5 Vacancies shall be filled by promotion whenever practicable and in the 6 best interest of the service and preference may be given to employees 7 within the department in which the vacancy occurs;

8 (5) For the rejection of candidates who fail to comply with 9 reasonable requirements of the county personnel officer in regard to such 10 factors as physical conditions, training, and experience, who have been 11 guilty of infamous or disgraceful conduct, who are currently abusing 12 alcohol or narcotics, or who have attempted any deception or fraud in 13 connection with an examination;

14 (6) For prohibiting disqualification of any person from (a) taking
 15 an examination, (b) promotion, or (c) holding a position, solely because
 16 of:

<u>(a) Race</u> race, sex, national origin, physical disabilities, age,
 political or religious opinions or affiliations; - or

19 (b) Military or veteran status, subject to section 91 of this act;
20 or

(c) Other other factors which have no bearing upon the individual's
 fitness to hold the position;

23 (7) For a period of probation, not to exceed one year, before 24 appointment or promotion may be made complete and during which period a probationer may be separated from his or her position without the right 25 26 of appeal or hearing. After a probationer has been separated, he or she 27 may again be placed on the eligible list at the discretion of the county personnel officer. The rules and regulations shall provide that a 28 29 probationer shall be dropped from the payroll at the expiration of his or 30 her probationary period if, within ten days prior thereto, the appointing authority has notified the county personnel officer in writing that the 31

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1 services of the employee have been unsatisfactory;

2 (8) For temporary or seasonal appointments of limited terms of not
3 to exceed one year;

4 (9) For part-time appointment in which the employee accrues benefits
5 of full-time employment on a basis proportional to the time worked;

6 (10) For emergency employment for not more than thirty days with or 7 without examination with the consent of the county personnel officer and 8 department head;

9 (11) For provisional employment without competitive examination when 10 there is no appropriate eligible list available. Provisional employment 11 shall not continue longer than six months and successive provisional 12 appointments shall not be allowed;

(12) For transfer from a position in one department to a similar
 position in another department involving similar qualifications, duties,
 responsibilities, and salary ranges;

16 (13) For layoff by reason of lack of funds or work, abolition of the 17 position, or material change in duties or organization, for the layoff of 18 nontenured employees first, and for reemployment of permanent employees 19 so laid off, giving consideration in both layoff and reemployment to 20 performance record and seniority in service;

(14) For establishment of a plan for resolving employee grievances
 and complaints;

(15) For holidays, for attendance regulations in the various classes
of positions in the classified service, and for annual, sick, and special
leaves of absence, with or without pay or at reduced pay;

(16) For the development of employee morale, safety, and training
 programs;

(17) For a procedure whereby an appointing authority may suspend,
 reduce, demote, or dismiss an employee for misconduct, inefficiency,
 incompetence, insubordination, malfeasance, or other unfitness to render
 effective service and for the investigation and public hearing of appeals

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1 of such suspended, reduced, demoted, or dismissed employee;

2 (18) For granting of leave without pay to a permanent employee to 3 accept a position in the unclassified service and for his or her return 4 to a position comparable to that formerly held in the classified service 5 at the conclusion of such service;

6 (19) For regulation covering political activity of employees in the7 classified service; and

8 (20) For other rules and regulations not inconsistent with sections 9 23-2534 to 23-2544 and the implementation of personnel policy in the 10 county.

Sec. 21. Section 25-1030.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

13 25-1030.01 <u>(1)</u> Upon filing an application for determination of 14 liability of the garnishee, the plaintiff shall give the garnishee and 15 the defendant in the original action notice of the filing thereof and of 16 the time and place of trial thereon. <u>Subject to subsections (2) and (3)</u> 17 <u>of this section, the The</u> notice shall be given within such time and in 18 such manner as the court shall direct.

19

<u>(2) For purposes of this section:</u>

(a) Corporate entity means any corporation, limited liability
 company, limited liability partnership, or series limited liability
 company or any other corporate entity that is required by the statutes of
 Nebraska to have a registered agent for service of process in Nebraska;
 and

(b) Corporate entity does not include any financial institution as
 described in subsection (6) of section 25-1056.

27 (3)(a) If the garnishee is a corporate entity, notice under
 28 subsection (1) of this section shall be served upon the location of the
 29 corporate entity's registered agent for service of process in this state.
 30 (b) If service is unable to be accomplished as provided in
 31 subdivision (3)(a) of this section, such notice shall be served in

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1 accordance with section 25-509.01. 2 (4) In a case involving a garnishment served upon a corporate entity 3 against wages due to a judgment debtor, the corporate entity shall not be 4 liable as a garnishee under this section unless the plaintiff shows: 5 (a) That service was made in accordance with subdivision (3)(a) of 6 this section; or 7 (b) That service was made in accordance with subdivision (3)(b) of 8 this section and: 9 (i) That a copy of the notice described in subsection (1) of this section was sent to the location of the corporate entity's registered 10 11 <u>agent;</u> 12 (ii) That the garnishee requested no such copy be sent to such 13 location; or 14 (iii) That the corporate entity does not have a registered agent in 15 <u>this state.</u> Sec. 22. Section 25-1056, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 16 17 amended to read: 25-1056 (1) In all cases when a judgment has been entered by any 18 court of record and the judgment creditor or his or her agent or attorney 19 20 has filed an affidavit setting forth the amount due on the judgment, 21 interest, and costs in the office of the clerk of the court where the 22 judgment has been entered and that he or she has good reason to and does 23 believe that any person, partnership, limited liability company, or 24 corporation, naming him, her, or it, has property of and is indebted to the judgment debtor, the clerk shall issue a summons which shall set 25 26 forth the amount due on the judgment, interest, and costs as shown in the 27 affidavit and require such person, partnership, limited liability company, or corporation, as garnishee, to answer written interrogatories 28 29 to be furnished by the plaintiff and to be attached to such summons 30 respecting the matters set forth in section 25-1026. The summons shall be returnable within ten days from the date of its issuance and shall 31

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require the garnishee to answer within ten days from the date of service 1 upon him or her. Except when wages are involved, the garnishee shall hold 2 3 the property of every description and the credits of the defendant in his or her possession or under his or her control at the time of the service 4 5 of the summons and interrogatories until the further order of the court. 6 If the only property in the possession or under the control of the 7 garnishee at the time of the service of the summons and interrogatories 8 is credits of the defendant and the amount of such credits is not in 9 dispute by the garnishee, then such garnishee shall only hold the credits of the defendant in his or her possession or under his or her control at 10 11 the time of the service of the summons and interrogatories to the extent of the amount of the judgment, interest, and costs set forth in the 12 summons until further order of the court. When wages are involved, the 13 14 garnishee shall pay to the employee all disposable earnings exempted from 15 garnishment by statute, and any disposable earnings remaining after such payment shall be retained by the garnishee until further order of the 16 17 court. Thereafter, the service of the summons and interrogatories and all further proceedings shall be in all respects the same as is provided for 18 in sections 25-1011 and 25-1026 to 25-1031.01 unless inconsistent with 19 20 this section.

21 (2) If it appears from the answer of the garnishee that the judgment 22 debtor was an employee of the garnishee, that the garnishee otherwise 23 owed earnings to the judgment debtor when the garnishment order was 24 served, or that earnings would be owed within sixty days thereafter and there is not a successful written objection to the order or the answer of 25 26 the garnishee filed, on application by the judgment creditor, the court 27 shall order that the nonexempt earnings, if any, withheld by the garnishee after service of the order be transferred to the court for 28 29 delivery to the judgment creditor who is entitled to such earnings. 30 Except for garnishments in support of a person, the payments may be made payable to the judgment creditor or assignee and shall be forwarded to 31

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the issuing court to record the judgment payment prior to the court 1 2 delivering the payment to the judgment creditor or assignee. The court 3 shall, upon application of the judgment creditor, further order that the garnishment is a continuing lien against the nonexempt earnings of the 4 5 judgment debtor. An order of continuing lien on nonexempt earnings 6 entered pursuant to this section shall require the garnishee to continue 7 to withhold the nonexempt earnings of the judgment debtor for as long as 8 the continuing lien remains in effect.

9 Beginning with the pay period during which the writ was served and 10 while the continuing lien remains in effect, the garnishee shall deliver 11 the nonexempt earnings to the court from which the garnishment was issued 12 for each pay period or on a monthly basis if the garnishee so desires and 13 shall deliver to the judgment debtor his or her exempt earnings for each 14 pay period.

(3) A continuing lien ordered pursuant to this section shall be
invalid and shall have no force and effect upon the occurrence of any of
the following:

18 (a) The underlying judgment is satisfied in full or vacated or19 expires;

(b) The judgment debtor leaves the garnishee's employ for more thansixty days;

22 (c) The judgment creditor releases the garnishment;

(d) The proceedings are stayed by a court of competent jurisdiction,
 including the United States Bankruptcy Court;

(e) The judgment debtor has not earned any nonexempt earnings for at
least sixty days;

27 (f) The court orders that the garnishment be quashed; or

(g) Ninety days have expired since service of the writ. The judgment
creditor may extend the lien for a second ninety-day period by filing
with the court a notice of extension during the fifteen days immediately
prior to the expiration of the initial lien, and the continuing lien in

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favor of the initial judgment creditor shall continue for a second
 ninety-day period.

3 (4)(a) To determine priority, garnishments and liens shall rank
4 according to time of service.

5 (b) Garnishments, liens, and wage assignments which are not for the 6 support of a person shall be inferior to wage assignments for the support 7 of a person. Garnishments which are not for the support of a person and 8 liens shall be inferior to garnishments for the support of a person.

9 (5) Only one order of continuing lien against earnings due the judgment debtor shall be in effect at one time. If an employee's wages 10 11 are already being garnished pursuant to a continuing lien at the time of 12 service of a garnishment upon an employer, the answer to garnishment interrogatories shall include such information along with the date of 13 14 termination of such continuing lien and the title of the case from which 15 such garnishment is issued. Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, a continuing lien obtained pursuant to this section shall have 16 17 priority over any subsequent garnishment or wage assignment.

18 (6)(a) In any case involving service of a garnishment summons on a financial institution where deposits are received within this state, the 19 20 financial institution shall (i) if its main chartered office is located 21 in this state, designate its main chartered office for the service of 22 summons or (ii) if its main chartered office is located in another state, 23 designate any one of its offices or branches or its agent for service of 24 process in this state for service of summons. The designation of a main chartered office or an office or branch or the agent for service of 25 26 process under this subdivision shall be made by filing a notice of 27 designation with the Department of Banking and Finance, shall contain the physical address of the main chartered office or the office or branch or 28 29 the agent for service of process designated, and shall be effective upon 30 placement on the department website. The department shall post the list of such designated main chartered offices and offices or branches or 31

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agents for service of process on its website for access by the public. A 1 2 financial institution may modify or revoke a designation made under this 3 subdivision by filing the modification or revocation with the department. The modification or revocation shall be effective when the department's 4 5 website has been updated to reflect the modification or revocation, 6 except that the judgment creditor may rely upon the designation that was 7 modified or revoked during the thirty-day period following the effective 8 date of the modification or revocation if the summons is timely served 9 upon the financial institution. The department shall update its website to reflect a filing by a financial institution pursuant to this 10 11 subdivision or a modification or revocation filed by a financial 12 institution pursuant to this subdivision within ten business days following the filing by the financial institution. The department website 13 14 shall reflect the date its online records for each financial institution 15 have most recently been updated.

(b) If a financial institution where deposits are received has 16 designated its main chartered office or one of its offices or branches or 17 its agent for service of process for the service of summons, service made 18 on the main chartered office or the office or branch or the agent for 19 service of process so designated shall be valid and effective as to any 20 21 property or credits of the defendant in the possession or control of the 22 main chartered office of the financial institution in this state and any 23 of the financial institution offices or branches located within this 24 state. If service of summons is not made on the main chartered office or the office or branch or the agent for service of process designated by 25 26 the financial institution, but instead is made at another office or 27 branch of the financial institution located in Nebraska, the financial institution, in its discretion, and without violating any obligation to 28 29 its customer, may elect to treat the service of summons as valid and 30 effective as to any property or credits of the defendant in the possession or control of the main chartered office of the financial 31

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institution in this state and any of the financial institution offices or branches located within this state. In the absence of such an election, the financial institution shall file a statement with the interrogatories that the summons was not served at the financial institution's designated location for receiving service of summons and, therefore, was not processed, and shall provide the address at which the financial institution is to receive service of summons.

8 (c) For purposes of this subsection, financial institution means a 9 bank, savings bank, building and loan association, savings and loan 10 association, or credit union whether chartered by the United States, the 11 Department of Banking and Finance, or a foreign state agency.

(d) The notice of designation, modification, or revocation shall be
made by a financial institution on forms prescribed by the <u>Department of</u>
<u>Banking and Finance</u> <del>department</del>.

(e) The Department of Banking and Finance, any employee of the department, or any person acting on behalf of the department shall be immune from civil and criminal liability for any acts or omissions which occur as a result of the requirements of this subsection.

19

<u>(7)(a) For purposes of this section:</u>

(i) Corporate entity means any corporation, limited liability
 company, limited liability partnership, or series limited liability
 company or any other corporate entity that is required by the statutes of
 Nebraska to have a registered agent for service of process in Nebraska;
 and

25 (ii) Corporate entity does not include any financial institution
 26 described in subsection (6) of this section.

(b) In any case involving service of a garnishment summons on a
 corporate entity against wages due to a judgment debtor from the
 corporate entity, service shall be made upon the corporate entity in
 accordance with section 25-509.01 or in a manner mutually agreed upon by
 the garnishee and judgment creditor.

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1 (c) If service is not made upon the corporate entity's registered 2 agent for service of process in this state, the judgment creditor shall 3 send a copy of such summons to the location of the corporate entity's 4 registered agent for service of process in this state unless the 5 corporate entity has requested that no such copy be sent or no such 6 registered agent exists. Proof of compliance with this subdivision (7)(c) 7 is not required for a garnishment to continue.

8 Sec. 23. Section 25-1645, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
9 2024, is amended to read:

10 25-1645 The Legislature hereby declares that it is the intent and 11 purpose of the Jury Selection Act to create a jury system which will 12 ensure that:

(1) All persons selected for jury service are selected at random
from a fair cross section of the population of the area served by the
court;

16 (2) All qualified citizens have the opportunity to be considered for17 jury service;

(3) All qualified citizens fulfill their obligation to serve as
 jurors when summoned for that purpose; and

20 (4) No citizen is excluded from jury service in this state as a
21 result of discrimination based upon race, color, religion, sex, national
22 origin, <del>or</del> economic status, or military or veteran status.

Sec. 24. Section 27-413, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
24 2024, is amended to read:

25 27-413 For purposes of sections 27-414 and 27-415, offense of sexual 26 assault means sexual assault under section 28-319 or 28-320, sexual abuse 27 by a school <u>worker employee</u> under section 28-316.01, sexual assault of a 28 child under section 28-319.01 or 28-320.01, sexual assault by use of an 29 electronic communication device under section 28-320.02, sexual abuse of 30 an inmate or parolee under sections 28-322.01 to 28-322.03, sexual abuse 31 of a protected individual under section 28-322.04, sexual abuse of a

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detainee under section 28-322.05, an attempt or conspiracy to commit any 1 of the crimes listed in this section, or the commission of or conviction 2 3 for a crime in another jurisdiction that is substantially similar to any 4 crime listed in this section. 5 Sec. 25. Section 28-105, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 6 2024, is amended to read: 7 28-105 (1) For purposes of the Nebraska Criminal Code and any statute passed by the Legislature after the date of passage of the code, 8 9 felonies are divided into ten classes which are distinguished from one 10 another by the following penalties which are authorized upon conviction: Class I felony Death 11 12 Class IA felony Life imprisonment Class IB felony Maximum—life imprisonment 13 14 Minimum-twenty years imprisonment Class IC felony Maximum-fifty years imprisonment 15 16 Mandatory minimum-five years imprisonment 17 Class ID felony Maximum-fifty years imprisonment Mandatory minimum—three years imprisonment 18 19 Class II felony Maximum-fifty years imprisonment 20 Minimum—one year imprisonment Class IIA felony Maximum—twenty years imprisonment 21 22 Minimum-none 23 Class III felony Maximum—four years imprisonment and two years 24 post-release supervision or 25 twenty-five thousand dollars fine, or both Minimum-none for imprisonment and none for 26 27 post-release supervision 28 Minimum-none for imprisonment and nine months 29 post-release supervision if imprisonment is imposed Class IIIA felony Maximum—three years imprisonment 30

1		and eighteen months post-release supervision or
2		ten thousand dollars fine, or both
3		Minimum—none for imprisonment and none for
4		post-release supervision
5		Minimum-none for imprisonment and nine months
6		<pre>post-release supervision if imprisonment is imposed</pre>
7	Class IV felony	Maximum—two years imprisonment and twelve
8		months post-release supervision or
9		ten thousand dollars fine, or both
10		Minimum—none for imprisonment and none for
11		post-release supervision

12 (2) All sentences for maximum terms of imprisonment for one year or 13 more for felonies shall be served in institutions under the jurisdiction 14 of the Department of Correctional Services. All sentences for maximum 15 terms of imprisonment of less than one year shall be served in the county 16 jail.

17 (3) Nothing in this section shall limit the authority granted in
18 sections 29-2221 and 29-2222 to increase sentences for habitual
19 criminals.

(4) A person convicted of a felony for which a mandatory minimum
sentence is prescribed shall not be eligible for probation.

(5) All sentences of post-release supervision shall be served under
the jurisdiction of the Office of Probation Administration and shall be
subject to conditions imposed pursuant to section 29-2262 and subject to
sanctions authorized pursuant to section 29-2266.02.

(6) Any person who is sentenced to imprisonment for a Class I, IA,
IB, IC, ID, II, or IIA felony and sentenced concurrently or consecutively
to imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony shall not be subject
to post-release supervision pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

30 (7) Any person who is sentenced to imprisonment for a Class III,

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1 IIIA, or IV felony committed prior to August 30, 2015, and sentenced
2 concurrently or consecutively to imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or
3 IV felony committed on or after August 30, 2015, shall not be subject to
4 post-release supervision pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.
5 (8) The changes made to the penalties for Class III, IIIA, and IV

5 (8) The changes made to the penalties for Class III, IIIA, and IV 6 felonies by Laws 2015, LB605, do not apply to any offense committed prior 7 to August 30, 2015, as provided in section 28-116.

Sec. 26. Section 28-316.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2024, is amended to read:

10 28-316.01 (1) For purposes of this section:

11 (a) Sexual contact has the same meaning as in section 28-318;

12 (b) Sexual penetration has the same meaning as in section 28-318;

(c) School means a public, private, denominational, or parochial
 school approved or accredited by the State Department of Education;

15 (d) School contract worker means a person nineteen years of age or 16 older who, as part of such person's employment, is assigned to work at a 17 school and works in proximity to students of such school, but who is not 18 employed by such school;

(e) (c) School employee means a person nineteen years of age or
 older who is employed by a public, private, denominational, or parochial
 school approved or accredited by the State Department of Education; and

22 (f) School worker means a school contract worker or a school
23 employee; and

24 (g) (d) Student means a person at least sixteen but not more than 25 nineteen years of age enrolled in or attending a public, private, 26 denominational, or parochial school approved or accredited by the State 27 Department of Education, or who was such a person enrolled in or who 28 attended such a school within ninety days of any violation of this 29 section.

30 (2) A person commits the offense of sexual abuse by a school worker
 31 employee if a school worker employee subjects a student in the school to

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which such worker employee is assigned for work to sexual penetration or sexual contact, or engages in a pattern or scheme of conduct to subject a student in the school to which such worker employee is assigned for work to sexual penetration or sexual contact. It is not a defense to a charge under this section that the student consented to such sexual penetration or sexual contact.

7 (3) Any school <u>worker</u> <del>employee</del> who engages in sexual penetration 8 with a student is guilty of sexual abuse by a school <u>worker</u> <del>employee</del> in 9 the first degree. Sexual abuse by a school <u>worker</u> <del>employee</del> in the first 10 degree is a Class IIA felony.

11 (4) Any school <u>worker</u> employee who engages in sexual contact with a 12 student is guilty of sexual abuse by a school <u>worker</u> employee in the 13 second degree. Sexual abuse by a school <u>worker</u> employee in the second 14 degree is a Class IIIA felony.

(5) Any school <u>worker</u> employee who engages in a pattern or scheme of conduct with the intent to subject a student to sexual penetration or sexual contact is guilty of sexual abuse by a school <u>worker</u> employee in the third degree. Sexual abuse by a school <u>worker</u> employee in the third degree is a Class IV felony.

20 Sec. 27. Section 28-318, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 21 2024, is amended to read:

22 28-318 As used in sections 28-317 to 28-322.05, unless the context
23 otherwise requires:

24 (1) Actor means a person accused of sexual assault;

(2) Intimate parts means the genital area, groin, inner thighs,
buttocks, or breasts;

(3) Past sexual behavior means sexual behavior other than the sexual
behavior upon which the sexual assault is alleged;

(4) Serious personal injury means great bodily injury or
30 disfigurement, extreme mental anguish or mental trauma, pregnancy,
31 disease, or loss or impairment of a sexual or reproductive organ;

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(5) Sexual contact means the intentional touching of the victim's 1 2 sexual or intimate parts or the intentional touching of the victim's 3 clothing covering the immediate area of the victim's sexual or intimate parts. Sexual contact also means the touching by the victim of the 4 5 actor's sexual or intimate parts or the clothing covering the immediate 6 area of the actor's sexual or intimate parts when such touching is 7 intentionally caused by the actor. Sexual contact includes only such 8 conduct which can be reasonably construed as being for the purpose of 9 sexual arousal or gratification of either party. Sexual contact also includes the touching of a child with the actor's sexual or intimate 10 11 parts on any part of the child's body for purposes of sexual abuse by a 12 school worker employee under section 28-316.01 or sexual assault of a child under sections 28-319.01 and 28-320.01; 13

(6) Sexual penetration means sexual intercourse in its ordinary meaning, cunnilingus, fellatio, anal intercourse, or any intrusion, however slight, of any part of the actor's or victim's body or any object manipulated by the actor into the genital or anal openings of the victim's body which can be reasonably construed as being for nonmedical, nonhealth, or nonlaw enforcement purposes. Sexual penetration shall not require emission of semen;

(7) Victim means the person alleging to have been sexuallyassaulted;

23 (8) Without consent means:

(a)(i) The victim was compelled to submit due to the use of force or threat of force or coercion, or (ii) the victim expressed a lack of consent through words, or (iii) the victim expressed a lack of consent through conduct, or (iv) the consent, if any was actually given, was the result of the actor's deception as to the identity of the actor or the nature or purpose of the act on the part of the actor;

30 (b) The victim need only resist, either verbally or physically, so 31 as to make the victim's refusal to consent genuine and real and so as to

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1 reasonably make known to the actor the victim's refusal to consent; and

2 (c) A victim need not resist verbally or physically where it would3 be useless or futile to do so; and

4 (9) Force or threat of force means (a) the use of physical force 5 which overcomes the victim's resistance or (b) the threat of physical 6 force, express or implied, against the victim or a third person that 7 places the victim in fear of death or in fear of serious personal injury 8 to the victim or a third person where the victim reasonably believes that 9 the actor has the present or future ability to execute the threat.

Sec. 28. Section 28-322, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

12

28-322 For purposes of sections 28-322 to 28-322.03:

(1) Inmate or parolee means any individual confined in a facility
 operated by the Department of Correctional Services or a city or county
 correctional or jail facility or under parole supervision; and

(2) Person means (a) an individual employed by the Department of 16 Correctional Services or by the Division of Parole Supervision, including 17 any individual working in central administration of the department, any 18 individual working under contract with the 19 department, and any 20 individual, other than an inmate's spouse, to whom the department has 21 authorized or delegated control over an inmate or an inmate's activities, 22 (b) an individual employed by a city or county correctional or jail 23 facility, including any individual working in central administration of 24 the city or county correctional or jail facility, any individual working under contract with the city or county correctional or jail facility, and 25 26 any individual, other than an inmate's spouse, to whom the city or county 27 correctional or jail facility has authorized or delegated control over an inmate or an inmate's activities, and (c) an individual employed by the 28 29 Office of Probation Administration who performs official duties within 30 any facility operated by the Department of Correctional Services or a city or county correctional or jail facility. 31

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1 Sec. 29. Section 28-519, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 2 amended to read: 3 28-519 (1) For purposes of this section: (a) Tamper means to interfere with, displace, remove, damage, 4 5 disable, destroy, set fire to, impair, or otherwise interfere with something without lawful authority or express permission; and 6 7 (b) Rail infrastructure means any of the following that are located 8 on railroad property or that are owned, leased, possessed, operated, or 9 otherwise used for or in connection with railroad operations: A train, locomotive, freight or passenger car, or any other on-track vehicle or 10 11 equipment; any railroad track or structure; any signaling or communication system or component; or any station, terminal, depot, or 12 13 other facility. 14 (2) (1) A person commits criminal mischief if he or she: 15 (a) Damages property of another intentionally or recklessly; or (b) Intentionally tampers with property of another so as to endanger 16 17 person or property; or (c) Intentionally or maliciously causes another to suffer pecuniary 18 19 loss by deception or threat. (3) Criminal mischief is a Class III felony if the actor acts 20 21 intentionally or maliciously with the intent to cause a substantial 22 interruption or impairment of: 23 (a) Any rail infrastructure; (b) Any telecommunication or broadband communication service; or 24 25 (c) The supply of water, gas, or power. 26 (4) (2) Criminal mischief is a Class IV felony if the actor 27 intentionally or maliciously causes pecuniary loss of five thousand 28 dollars or more , or a substantial interruption or impairment of public 29 communication, transportation, supply of water, gas, or power, or other 30 public service.

31

(5) (3) Criminal mischief is a Class I misdemeanor if the actor

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intentionally or maliciously causes pecuniary loss of one thousand five
 hundred dollars or more but less than five thousand dollars.

3 <u>(6)</u> <del>(4)</del> Criminal mischief is a Class II misdemeanor if the actor 4 intentionally or maliciously causes pecuniary loss of five hundred 5 dollars or more but less than one thousand five hundred dollars.

6 (7) (5) Criminal mischief is a Class III misdemeanor if the actor
7 intentionally, maliciously, or recklessly causes pecuniary loss in an
8 amount of less than five hundred dollars, or if his or her action results
9 in no pecuniary loss.

Sec. 30. Section 29-401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 29-401 Every sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal, police officer, or peace officer as 13 security guard, defined in 14 subdivision (15) of section 49-801 shall arrest and detain any person 15 found violating any law of this state or any legal ordinance of any city or incorporated village until a legal warrant can be obtained, except 16 17 that (1) any such law enforcement officer taking a juvenile under the age of eighteen years into his or her custody for any violation herein 18 defined shall proceed as set forth in sections 43-248, 43-248.01, 43-250, 19 20 43-251, 43-251.01, and 43-253 and (2) the court in which the juvenile is 21 to appear shall not accept a plea from the juvenile until finding that 22 the parents of the juvenile have been notified or that reasonable efforts 23 to notify such parents have been made as provided in section 43-250.

Sec. 31. Section 29-1912, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 25 2024, is amended to read:

29-1912 (1) When a defendant is charged with a felony or when a 27 defendant is charged with a misdemeanor or a violation of a city or 28 village ordinance for which imprisonment is a possible penalty, he or she 29 may request the court where the case is to be tried, at any time after 30 the filing of the indictment, information, or complaint, to order the 31 prosecuting attorney to permit the defendant to inspect and copy or

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1 photograph:

2 (a) The defendant's statement, if any. For purposes of this 3 subdivision, statement includes any of the following which relate to the 4 investigation of the underlying charge or charges in the case and which 5 were developed or received by law enforcement agencies:

6 (i) Written or recorded statements;

7 (ii) Written summaries of oral statements; and

8 (iii) The substance of oral statements;

9 (b) The defendant's prior criminal record, if any;

10 (c) The defendant's recorded testimony before a grand jury;

11 (d) The names and addresses of witnesses on whose evidence the 12 charge is based;

(e) The results and reports, in any form, of physical or mental
examinations, and of scientific tests, or experiments made in connection
with the particular case, or copies thereof;

(f) Documents, papers, books, accounts, letters, photographs,
objects, or other tangible things of whatsoever kind or nature which
could be used as evidence by the prosecuting authority; and

(g) Reports developed or received by law enforcement agencies when
such reports directly relate to the investigation of the underlying
charge or charges in the case.

(2) The court may issue such an order pursuant to the provisions of
this section. In the exercise of its judicial discretion, the court shall
consider, among other things, whether:

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(a) The request is material to the preparation of the defense;

(b) The request is not made primarily for the purpose of harassing
the prosecution or its witnesses;

(c) The request, if granted, would not unreasonably delay the trial
of the offense and an earlier request by the defendant could not have
reasonably been made;

31 (d) There is no substantial likelihood that the request, if granted,

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would preclude a just determination of the issues at the trial of the
 offense; or

3 (e) The request, if granted, would not result in the possibility of4 bodily harm to, or coercion of, witnesses.

5 (3) Whenever the court refuses to grant an order pursuant to the 6 provisions of this section, it shall render its findings in writing 7 together with the facts upon which the findings are based.

8 (4) Whenever the prosecuting attorney believes that the granting of 9 an order under the provisions of this section will result in the possibility of bodily harm to witnesses or that witnesses will be 10 11 coerced, the court may permit him or her to make such a showing in the form of a written statement to be inspected by the court alone. The 12 statement shall be sealed and preserved in the records of the court to be 13 14 made available to the appellate court in the event of an appeal by the 15 defendant.

(5) This section is subject to the continuing duty of disclosure
 under section 29-1918.

(6) (5) This section does not apply to jailhouse informants as
 defined in section 29-4701. Sections 29-4701 to 29-4706 govern jailhouse
 informants.

Sec. 32. Section 29-1918, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 22 2024, is amended to read:

23 29-1918 <u>A party who discovers additional evidence or material before</u>
 24 <u>or during trial must promptly disclose its existence to the other party</u>
 25 <u>or the court if:</u>

26 (1) The evidence or material is subject to discovery or inspection
 27 under sections 29-1912 to 29-1921; and

(2) The other party previously requested, or the court ordered, the
 production of such evidence or material. If, subsequent to compliance
 with an order for discovery under the provisions of sections 29-1912 to
 29-1921, and prior to or during trial, a party discovers additional

1 material which the party would have been under a duty to disclose or 2 produce at the time of such previous compliance, the party shall promptly 3 notify the other party or the other party's attorney and the court of the 4 existence of the additional material. Such notice shall be given at the 5 time of the discovery of such additional material.

Sec. 33. Section 29-2221, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2024, is amended to read:

8 29-2221 (1) Whoever has been twice convicted of a crime, sentenced, 9 and committed to prison, in this or any other state or by the United States or once in this state and once at least in any other state or by 10 11 the United States, for terms of not less than one year each shall, upon conviction of a felony committed in this state, be deemed to be a 12 habitual criminal and shall be punished by imprisonment in a Department 13 14 of Correctional Services adult correctional facility for a mandatory 15 minimum term of ten years and a maximum term of not more than sixty years, except that: 16

(a) If the felony committed is in violation of section 28-303,
28-304, 28-308, 28-313, 28-319, 28-319.01, 28-502, 28-929, or 28-1222,
and at least one of the habitual criminal's prior felony convictions was
for a violation of one of the sections listed in this subdivision or of a
similar statute in another state or of the United States, the mandatory
minimum term shall be twenty-five years and the maximum term not more
than sixty years;

24 (b) If the felony committed is in violation of subsection (3) of section 28-306 and at least one of the prior convictions is in violation 25 26 of subsection (3) of section 28-306 and the other is in violation of one 27 of the sections set forth in subdivision (a) of this subsection or if the felony committed is in violation of one of the sections set forth in 28 29 subdivision (a) of this subsection and both of the prior convictions are 30 in violation of subsection (3) of section 28-306, the mandatory minimum term shall be twenty-five years and the maximum term not more than sixty 31

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1 years;

(c) If the felony committed is in violation of subsection (3) of 2 3 section 28-416 or in violation of sections 28-509 to 28-518 and all of the habitual criminal's prior felony convictions are also violations of 4 5 such subsection or sections or of a similar statute in another state or 6 of the United States and at least one of the prior felony convictions do 7 not involve sexual contact, sexual penetration, the threat to inflict 8 serious bodily injury or death on another person, the infliction of 9 serious bodily injury on another person, a deadly or dangerous weapon, or a firearm, the mandatory minimum term shall be three years and the 10 11 maximum term not more than the maximum term for the felony committed or 12 twenty years , whichever is greater. For this subdivision (1)(c) to apply, no prior felony conviction may be a violation described in 13 14 subdivision (1)(a) of this section; and

(d) If a greater punishment is otherwise provided by statute, thelaw creating the greater punishment shall govern.

17 (2) When punishment of an accused as a habitual criminal is sought, the facts with reference thereto shall be charged in the indictment or 18 information which contains the charge of the felony upon which the 19 20 accused is prosecuted, but the fact that the accused is charged with 21 being a habitual criminal shall not be an issue upon the trial of the 22 felony charge and shall not in any manner be disclosed to the jury. If 23 the accused is convicted of a felony, before sentence is imposed a 24 hearing shall be had before the court alone as to whether such person has been previously convicted of prior felonies. The court shall fix a time 25 26 for the hearing and notice thereof shall be given to the accused at least 27 three days prior thereto. At the hearing, if the court finds from the evidence submitted that the accused has been convicted two or more times 28 29 of felonies and sentences imposed therefor by the courts of this or any 30 other state or by the United States, the court shall sentence such person so convicted as a habitual criminal. 31

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1 (3) If the person so convicted shows to the satisfaction of the 2 court before which the conviction was had that he or she was released 3 from imprisonment upon either of such sentences upon a pardon granted for 4 the reason that he or she was innocent, such conviction and sentence 5 shall not be considered as such under this section and section 29-2222.

Sec. 34. Section 29-2246, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2024, is amended to read:

8 29-2246 For purposes of the Nebraska Probation Administration Act 9 and sections 43-2,123.01 and 83-1,102 to 83-1,104, unless the context 10 otherwise requires:

11 (1) Association means the Nebraska District Court Judges 12 Association;

(2) Court means a district court, county court, or juvenile court as
defined in section 43-245;

15 (3) Office means the Office of Probation Administration;

(4) Probation means a sentence under which a person found guilty of a crime upon verdict or plea or adjudicated delinquent or in need of special supervision is released by a court subject to conditions imposed by the court and subject to supervision. Probation includes post-release supervision and supervision ordered by a court pursuant to a deferred judgment under section 29-2292 or 29-4803;

(5) Probationer means a person sentenced to probation or post release supervision;

24 (6) Probation officer means an employee of the system who supervises 25 probationers and conducts presentence, predisposition, or other 26 investigations as may be required by law or directed by a court in which 27 he or she is serving or performs such other duties as authorized pursuant to section 29-2258, except unpaid volunteers from the community; 28

(7) Juvenile probation officer means any probation officer who
 supervises probationers of a separate juvenile court;

31 (8) Juvenile intake probation officer means an employee of the

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1 system who is called upon by a law enforcement officer in accordance with 2 section 43-250 to make a decision regarding the furtherance of a 3 juvenile's detention;

4 (9) Chief probation officer means the probation officer in charge of
5 a probation district;

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(10) System means the Nebraska Probation System;

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(11) Administrator means the probation administrator;

8 (12) Non-probation-based program or service means a program or 9 service established within the district, county, or juvenile courts and provided to individuals not sentenced to probation who have been charged 10 11 with or convicted of a crime for the purpose of diverting the individual from incarceration or to provide treatment for issues related to the 12 individual's criminogenic needs. Non-probation-based programs or services 13 14 include, but are not limited to, problem solving courts established 15 pursuant to section 24-1302 and the treatment of problems relating to substance abuse, mental health, sex offenses, or domestic violence; 16

(13) Post-release supervision means the portion of a split sentence following a period of incarceration under which a person found guilty of a crime upon verdict or plea is released by a court subject to conditions imposed by the court and subject to supervision by the office; and

(14) Rules and regulations means policies and procedures written by
the office and approved by the Supreme Court.

23 Sec. 35. Section 29-2252, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,24 2024, is amended to read:

25 29-2252 The administrator shall:

26 (1) Supervise and administer the office;

(2) Establish and maintain policies, standards, and procedures for
 the system, with the concurrence of the Supreme Court;

(3) Prescribe and furnish such forms for records and reports for the
system as shall be deemed necessary for uniformity, efficiency, and
statistical accuracy;

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(4) Establish minimum qualifications for employment as a probation 1 officer in this state and establish and maintain such additional 2 3 qualifications as he or she deems appropriate for appointment to the system. Qualifications for probation officers shall be established in 4 5 accordance with subsection (4) of section 29-2253. An ex-offender 6 released from a penal complex or a county jail may be appointed to a 7 position of deputy probation or parole officer. Such ex-offender shall maintain a record free of arrests, except for minor traffic violations, 8 9 for one year immediately preceding his or her appointment;

10 (5) Establish and maintain advanced periodic inservice training
 11 requirements for the system;

12 (6) Cooperate with all agencies, public or private, which are concerned with treatment or welfare of persons on probation. 13 A11 14 information provided to the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and 15 Criminal Justice for the purpose of providing access to such information to law enforcement agencies through the state's criminal justice 16 17 information system shall be provided in a manner that allows such information to be readily accessible through the main interface of the 18 19 system;

20 (7) Organize and conduct training programs for probation officers. 21 Training shall include the proper use of a risk and needs assessment, 22 risk-based supervision strategies, relationship skills, cognitive 23 behavioral interventions, community-based resources, criminal risk 24 factors, and targeting criminal risk factors to reduce recidivism and the proper use of a matrix of administrative sanctions, custodial sanctions, 25 26 and rewards developed pursuant to subdivision (18) of this section. All 27 probation officers employed on or after August 30, 2015, shall complete the training requirements set forth in this subdivision; 28

(8) Collect, develop, and maintain statistical information
concerning probationers, probation practices, and the operation of the
system and provide the Community Corrections Division of the Nebraska

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Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice with the information
 needed to compile the report required in section 47-624;

3 (9) Interpret the probation program to the public with a view toward
4 developing a broad base of public support;

5 (10) Conduct research for the purpose of evaluating and improving 6 the effectiveness of the system. Subject to the availability of funding, 7 the administrator shall contract with an independent contractor or 8 academic institution for evaluation of existing community corrections 9 facilities and programs operated by the office;

(11) Adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as may be 10 11 necessary or proper for the operation of the office or system. The 12 administrator shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for transitioning individuals on probation across levels of supervision and 13 14 discharging them from supervision consistent with evidence-based 15 practices. The rules and regulations shall ensure supervision resources are prioritized for individuals who are high risk to reoffend, require 16 17 transitioning individuals down levels of supervision intensity based on assessed risk and months of supervision without a reported major 18 and establish 19 violation, incentives for earning discharge from 20 supervision based on compliance;

(12) Transmit a report during each even-numbered year to the Supreme Court on the operation of the office for the preceding two calendar years which shall include a historical analysis of probation officer workload, including participation in non-probation-based programs and services. The report shall be transmitted by the Supreme Court to the Governor and the Clerk of the Legislature. The report submitted to the Clerk of the Legislature shall be submitted electronically;

(13) Administer the payment by the state of all salaries, travel,
and expenses authorized under section 29-2259 incident to the conduct and
maintenance of the office;

31 (14) Use the funds provided under section 29-2262.07 to augment

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personnel costs associated 1 operational or with the development, 2 implementation, and evaluation of enhanced probation-based programs and 3 non-probation-based programs and services in which probation personnel or probation resources are utilized pursuant to an interlocal agreement 4 5 authorized by subdivision (16) of this section and to purchase services 6 to provide such programs aimed at enhancing adult probationer or non-7 probation-based program participant supervision in the community and 8 treatment needs of probationers and non-probation-based program 9 participants. Enhanced probation-based programs include, but are not limited to, specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases 10 11 and training, and programs that address a probationer's vocational, 12 educational, mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs; 13

14 (15) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by15 the system be periodically validated;

(16) Have the authority to enter into interlocal agreements in which
probation resources or probation personnel may be utilized in conjunction
with or as part of non-probation-based programs and services. Any such
interlocal agreement shall comply with section 29-2255;

(17) Collaborate with the Community Corrections Division of the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice and the <u>Department of Correctional Services</u> <del>Division of Parole Supervision</del> to develop rules governing the participation of parolees in community corrections programs operated by the Office of Probation Administration;

(18) Develop a matrix of rewards for compliance and positive behaviors and graduated administrative sanctions and custodial sanctions for use in responding to and deterring substance abuse violations and technical violations. As applicable under sections 29-2266.02 and 29 29-2266.03, custodial sanctions of up to thirty days in jail shall be designated as the most severe response to a violation in lieu of revocation and custodial sanctions of up to three days in jail shall be

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1 designated as the second most severe response;

(19) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the creation of
individualized post-release supervision plans, collaboratively with the
Department of Correctional Services and county jails, for probationers
sentenced to post-release supervision; and

6 (20) Exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary and proper
7 to carry out his or her responsibilities.

8 Each member of the Legislature shall receive an electronic copy of 9 the report required by subdivision (12) of this section by making a 10 request for it to the administrator.

Sec. 36. Section 29-2261, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

29-2261 (1) Unless it is impractical to do so, when an offender has 13 14 been convicted of a felony other than murder in the first degree, the 15 court shall not impose sentence without first ordering a presentence investigation of the offender and according due consideration to a 16 17 written report of such investigation. When an offender has been convicted of murder in the first degree and (a) a jury renders a verdict finding 18 the existence of one or more aggravating circumstances as provided in 19 (b)(i) the information contains a notice of 20 section 29-2520 or 21 aggravation as provided in section 29-1603 and (ii) the offender waives 22 his or her right to a jury determination of the alleged aggravating 23 circumstances, the court shall not commence the sentencing determination 24 proceeding as provided in section 29-2521 without first ordering a presentence investigation of the offender and according due consideration 25 26 to a written report of such investigation.

(2) A court may order a presentence investigation in any case,
except in cases in which an offender has been convicted of a Class IIIA
misdemeanor, a Class IV misdemeanor, a Class V misdemeanor, a traffic
infraction, or any corresponding city or village ordinance.

31 (3) The presentence investigation and report shall include, when

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available, an analysis of the circumstances attending the commission of 1 2 the crime, the offender's history of delinquency or criminality, physical 3 and mental condition, family situation and background, economic status, education, occupation, and personal habits, and any other matters that 4 5 the probation officer deems relevant or the court directs to be included. 6 All local and state police agencies and Department of Correctional 7 Services adult correctional facilities shall furnish to the probation 8 officer copies of such criminal records, in any such case referred to the 9 probation officer by the court of proper jurisdiction, as the probation officer shall require without cost to the court or the probation officer. 10 11

Such investigation shall also include:

12 (a) Any written statements submitted to the county attorney by a victim; and 13

14 (b) Any written statements submitted to the probation officer by a 15 victim.

(4) If there are no written statements submitted to the probation 16 17 officer, he or she shall certify to the court that:

(a) He or she has attempted to contact the victim; and 18

(b) If he or she has contacted the victim, such officer offered to 19 20 accept the written statements of the victim or to reduce such victim's 21 oral statements to writing.

22 For purposes of subsections (3) and (4) of this section, the term 23 victim shall be as defined in section 29-119.

24 (5) Before imposing sentence, the court may order the offender to submit to psychiatric observation and examination for a period of not 25 26 exceeding sixty days or such longer period as the court determines to be 27 necessary for that purpose. The offender may be remanded for this purpose to any available clinic or mental hospital, or the court may appoint a 28 29 qualified psychiatrist to make the examination. The report of the 30 examination shall be submitted to the court.

31 (6)(a) Any presentence report, substance abuse evaluation, or

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psychiatric examination shall be privileged and shall not be disclosed 1 2 directly or indirectly to anyone other than a judge; probation officers whom an offender's file duly transferred; the probation 3 is to administrator or his or her designee; alcohol and drug counselors, mental 4 5 health practitioners, psychiatrists, and psychologists licensed or 6 certified under the Uniform Credentialing Act to conduct substance abuse 7 evaluations and treatment; or others entitled by law to receive such 8 information, including personnel and mental health professionals for the 9 Nebraska State Patrol specifically assigned to sex offender registration and community notification for the sole purpose of using such report, 10 evaluation, or examination for assessing risk and for community 11 12 notification of registered sex offenders.

(b) For purposes of this subsection, mental health professional 13 14 means (i) a practicing physician licensed to practice medicine in this 15 state under the Medicine and Surgery Practice Act, (ii) a practicing psychologist licensed to engage in the practice of psychology in this 16 17 state as provided in section 38-3111 or as provided under similar provisions of the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact, (iii) a 18 practicing mental health professional licensed or certified in this state 19 20 as provided in the Mental Health Practice Act, or (iv) a practicing 21 professional counselor holding a privilege to practice in Nebraska under 22 the Licensed Professional Counselors Interstate Compact.

23 (7) The court shall permit inspection of the presentence report, 24 substance abuse evaluation, or psychiatric examination or parts of the report, evaluation, or examination, as determined by the court, by the 25 26 prosecuting attorney and defense counsel. Such inspection shall be by 27 electronic access only unless the court determines such access is not available to the prosecuting attorney or defense counsel. The State Court 28 29 Administrator shall determine and develop the means of electronic access 30 such presentence reports, evaluations, and examinations. Upon to application by the prosecuting attorney or defense counsel, the court may 31

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order that addresses, telephone numbers, and other contact information 1 2 for victims or witnesses named in the report, evaluation, or examination 3 be redacted upon a showing by a preponderance of the evidence that such redaction is warranted in the interests of public safety. The court may 4 5 permit inspection of the presentence report, substance abuse evaluation, 6 or psychiatric examination or examination of parts of the report, 7 evaluation, or examination by any other person having a proper interest 8 therein whenever the court finds it is in the best interest of a 9 particular offender. The court may allow fair opportunity for an offender to provide additional information for the court's consideration. 10

11 (8) If an offender is sentenced to imprisonment, a copy of the 12 report of any presentence investigation, substance abuse evaluation, or shall transmitted 13 psychiatric examination be immediately to the 14 Department of Correctional Services. Upon request, the department shall 15 provide a copy of the report to the Board of Parole , the Division of Parole Supervision, and the Board of Pardons. 16

(9) Notwithstanding subsections (6) and (7) of this section, the Supreme Court or an agent of the Supreme Court acting under the direction and supervision of the Chief Justice shall have access to psychiatric examinations, substance abuse evaluations, and presentence investigations and reports for research purposes. The Supreme Court and its agent shall treat such information as confidential, and nothing identifying any individual shall be released.

Sec. 37. Section 29-2935, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 25 2024, is amended to read:

26 29-2935 For purposes of evaluating the treatment process, the 27 Division of Parole Supervision, the Department of Correctional Services, 28 the Board of Parole, and the designated aftercare treatment programs 29 shall allow appropriate access to data and information as requested by 30 the Department of Health and Human Services.

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Sec. 38. Section 29-4003, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

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2024, is amended to read: 1 2 29-4003 (1)(a) The Sex Offender Registration Act applies to any 3 person who on or after January 1, 1997: (i) Has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found 4 5 guilty of any of the following: 6 (A) Kidnapping of a minor pursuant to section 28-313, except when 7 the person is the parent of the minor and was not convicted of any other 8 offense in this section; 9 (B) False imprisonment of a minor pursuant to section 28-314 or 28-315; 10 (C) Sexual assault pursuant to section 28-319 or 28-320; 11 (D) Sexual abuse by a school worker employee pursuant to section 12 28-316.01; 13 14 (E) Sexual assault of a child in the second or third degree pursuant 15 to section 28-320.01; (F) Sexual assault of a child in the first degree pursuant to 16 17 section 28-319.01; (G) Sexual abuse of a vulnerable adult or senior adult pursuant to 18 19 subdivision (1)(c) of section 28-386; (H) Incest of a minor pursuant to section 28-703; 20 21 (I) Pandering of a minor pursuant to section 28-802; 22 (J) Visual depiction of sexually explicit conduct of a child 23 pursuant to section 28-1463.03 or subdivision (2)(b) or (c) of section 24 28-1463.05; (K) Knowingly possessing any visual depiction of sexually explicit 25 26 conduct which has a child as one of its participants or portrayed 27 observers pursuant to subsection (1) or (4) of section 28-813.01; (L) Criminal child enticement pursuant to section 28-311; 28 29 (M) Child enticement by means of an electronic communication device 30 pursuant to section 28-320.02;

31 (N) Debauching a minor pursuant to section 28-805; or

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(0) Attempt, solicitation, aiding or abetting, being an accessory,
 or conspiracy to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1)(a)(i)(A)
 through (1)(a)(i)(N) of this section;

(ii) Has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found 4 5 guilty of any offense that is substantially equivalent to a registrable 6 offense under subdivision (1)(a)(i) of this section by any village, town, 7 city, state, territory, commonwealth, or other jurisdiction of the United 8 States, by the United States Government, by court-martial or other 9 military tribunal, or by a foreign jurisdiction, notwithstanding a procedure comparable in effect to that described under section 29-2264 or 10 11 any other procedure to nullify a conviction other than by pardon;

(iii) Is incarcerated in a jail, a penal or correctional facility, or any other public or private institution or is under probation or parole as a result of pleading guilty to or being found guilty of a registrable offense under subdivision (1)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section prior to January 1, 1997; or

(iv) Enters the state and is required to register as a sex offender
under the laws of another village, town, city, state, territory,
commonwealth, or other jurisdiction of the United States.

(b) In addition to the registrable offenses under subdivision (1)(a)
of this section, the Sex Offender Registration Act applies to any person
who on or after January 1, 2010:

(i)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (1)(b)(i)(B) of this
section, has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found
guilty of any of the following:

26 (I) Murder in the first degree pursuant to section 28-303;

27 (II) Murder in the second degree pursuant to section 28-304;

28 (III) Manslaughter pursuant to section 28-305;

29 (IV) Assault in the first degree pursuant to section 28-308;

30 (V) Assault in the second degree pursuant to section 28-309;

31 (VI) Assault in the third degree pursuant to section 28-310;

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(VII) Stalking pursuant to section 28-311.03; 1 (VIII) Violation of section 28-311.08 requiring registration under 2 3 the act pursuant to subsection (6) of section 28-311.08; (IX) Kidnapping pursuant to section 28-313; 4 5 (X) False imprisonment pursuant to section 28-314 or 28-315; 6 (XI) Sexual abuse of an inmate or parolee in the first degree 7 pursuant to section 28-322.02; 8 (XII) Sexual abuse of an inmate or parolee in the second degree 9 pursuant to section 28-322.03; (XIII) Sexual abuse of a protected individual pursuant to section 10 11 28-322.04; 12 (XIV) Incest pursuant to section 28-703; (XV) Child abuse pursuant to subdivision (1)(d) or (e) of section 13 14 28-707; 15 (XVI) Enticement by electronic communication device pursuant to section 28-833; or 16 17 (XVII) Attempt, solicitation, aiding or abetting, being an accessory, or conspiracy to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) 18 (b)(i)(A)(I) through (1)(b)(i)(A)(XVI) of this section. 19 20 (B) In order for the Sex Offender Registration Act to apply to the 21 offenses listed in subdivisions (1)(b)(i)(A)(I), (II), (III), (IV), (V), 22 (VI), (VII), (IX), and (X) of this section, a court shall have found that 23 evidence of sexual penetration or sexual contact, as those terms are 24 defined in section 28-318, was present in the record, which shall include

26 information contained in the presentence report;

(ii) Has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found
guilty of any offense that is substantially equivalent to a registrable
offense under subdivision (1)(b)(i) of this section by any village, town,
city, state, territory, commonwealth, or other jurisdiction of the United
States, by the United States Government, by court-martial or other

consideration of the factual basis for a plea-based conviction and

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1 military tribunal, or by a foreign jurisdiction, notwithstanding a 2 procedure comparable in effect to that described under section 29-2264 or 3 any other procedure to nullify a conviction other than by pardon; or

4 (iii) Enters the state and is required to register as a sex offender
5 under the laws of another village, town, city, state, territory,
6 commonwealth, or other jurisdiction of the United States.

7 (c) In addition to the registrable offenses under subdivisions (1)
8 (a) and (b) of this section, the Sex Offender Registration Act applies to
9 any person who on or after January 1, 2020:

(i) Has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found
guilty of sexual abuse of a detainee under section 28-322.05; or

12 (ii) Has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found guilty of any offense that is substantially equivalent to a registrable 13 14 offense under subdivision (1)(c)(i) of this section by any village, town, 15 city, state, territory, commonwealth, or other jurisdiction of the United States, by the United States Government, by court-martial or other 16 military tribunal, or by a foreign jurisdiction, notwithstanding a 17 procedure comparable in effect to that described under section 29-2264 or 18 any other procedure to nullify a conviction other than by pardon. 19

(d) In addition to the registrable offenses under subdivisions (1)
(a), (b), and (c) of this section, the Sex Offender Registration Act
applies to any person who on or after January 1, 2023:

(i) Has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found
guilty of human trafficking under subsection (1) or (2) of section
28-831, and the court determines either by notification of sex offender
registration responsibilities or notation in the sentencing order that
the human trafficking was sex trafficking or sex trafficking of a minor
and not solely labor trafficking or labor trafficking of a minor; or

(ii) Has ever pled guilty to, pled nolo contendere to, or been found
guilty of any offense that is substantially equivalent to a registrable
offense under subdivision (1)(d)(i) of this section by any village, town,

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1 city, state, territory, commonwealth, or other jurisdiction of the United 2 States, by the United States Government, by court-martial or other 3 military tribunal, or by a foreign jurisdiction, notwithstanding a 4 procedure comparable in effect to that described under section 29-2264 or 5 any other procedure to nullify a conviction other than by pardon.

6 (2) A person appealing a conviction of a registrable offense under 7 this section shall be required to comply with the act during the appeals 8 process.

9 Sec. 39. Section 29-4019, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
10 2024, is amended to read:

11 29-4019 (1) When sentencing a person convicted of an offense which 12 requires lifetime community supervision upon release pursuant to section 13 83-174.03, the sentencing court shall:

14 (a) Provide written notice to the defendant that he or she shall be 15 subject to lifetime community supervision by the Department of Correctional Services Division of Parole Supervision upon release from 16 incarceration or civil commitment. The written notice shall inform the 17 defendant (i) that he or she shall be subject to lifetime community 18 supervision by the <u>department</u> division upon release and that the 19 20 department division shall conduct a risk assessment and evaluation to 21 determine the conditions of community supervision which will minimize, in 22 the least restrictive manner that is compatible with public safety, the risk of the defendant committing additional offenses, (ii) that a 23 24 violation of any of the conditions of community supervision imposed by department division may result in the revision of existing 25 the 26 conditions, the addition of new conditions, a recommendation that civil 27 commitment proceedings should be instituted, or criminal prosecution, and (iii) of his or her right to challenge the determination of the 28 29 conditions of community supervision by the <u>department</u> division and the 30 right to a periodic review of the conditions of community supervision pursuant to section 83-174.03 to determine if the conditions are still 31

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1 necessary to protect the public;

2 (b) Require the defendant to read and sign a form stating that the 3 duty of the defendant to comply with the conditions of community 4 supervision and his or her rights to challenge the conditions of 5 community supervision imposed by the <u>department</u> <del>division</del> has been 6 explained; and

7 (c) Retain a copy of the written notification signed by the8 defendant.

9 (2) Prior to the release of a person serving a sentence for an 10 offense requiring lifetime community supervision <del>by the Division of</del> 11 <del>Parole Supervision</del> pursuant to section 83-174.03, the Department of 12 Correctional Services, the Department of Health and Human Services, or a 13 city or county correctional or jail facility shall:

14 (a) Provide written notice to the person that he or she shall be 15 subject to lifetime community supervision by the Department of Correctional Services division upon release from incarceration. The 16 17 written notice shall inform the person (i) that he or she shall be subject to lifetime community supervision by the department division upon 18 release and that the department division shall conduct a risk assessment 19 20 and evaluation of the defendant to determine the conditions of community 21 supervision which will minimize, in the least restrictive manner that is 22 compatible with public safety, the risk of the person committing 23 additional offenses, (ii) that a violation of any of the conditions of 24 community supervision imposed by the department division may result in the revision of existing conditions, the addition of new conditions, a 25 26 recommendation that civil commitment proceedings should be instituted, or 27 criminal prosecution, and (iii) of his or her right to challenge the determination of the conditions of community supervision by the 28 29 <u>department</u> division and the right to a periodic review of the conditions 30 of community supervision pursuant to section 83-174.03 to determine if the conditions are still necessary to protect the public; 31

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(b) Require the defendant to read and sign a form stating that the
duty of the defendant to comply with the conditions of community
supervision and his or her right to challenge the conditions of community
supervision imposed by the <u>department division</u> has been explained; and
(c) Retain a copy of the written notification signed by the person.
Sec. 40. Sections 29-4801 to 29-4807 apply on and after July 1,
2027.

8 Sec. 41. Section 29-4803, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
9 2024, is amended to read:

29-4803 (1) The probation administrator shall create a veteran justice program as provided in sections 29-4802 to 29-4804 and subject to the Supreme Court's rules. The program shall be available in every district court and county court. A veteran justice program shall not supersede, alter, or otherwise interfere with the establishment, functioning, participation, or operation of a problem solving court established pursuant to section 24-1302.

17 (2) A veteran justice program shall be operated by use of deferred18 judgments as provided in this section.

(3) Upon a finding of guilt for which a judgment of conviction may 19 be rendered, a defendant that is eligible to participate in a veteran 20 21 justice program may request the court defer the entry of judgment of 22 conviction under this section. Upon such request, the court shall provide 23 notice to any victim of the offense of the request and provide an 24 opportunity for the victim to provide a statement for consideration by the court. After giving the prosecutor and defendant the opportunity to 25 26 be heard, the court may defer the entry of a judgment of conviction and 27 the imposition of a sentence and place the defendant on probation, upon conditions as the court may require under sections 29-2262 and 29-4804. 28 29 If the court defers the entry of judgment, the court shall provide notice 30 to victims of the offense.

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(4)(a) Whenever a court considers a request to defer judgment under

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1 this section, the court shall consider the following:

2 (i) The factors set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of section
3 29-2260 and section 29-4802;

4 (ii) The supervision, treatment, and other programming options 5 available in the community; and

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(iii) Any other information the court deems relevant.

7 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (4)(c) of this section, there shall be a presumption that a veteran eligible under section 29-4802 8 9 shall be allowed to participate in a veteran justice program. The presumption shall only be overcome by a judicial finding, based on an 10 11 individualized assessment of the veteran and consideration of the factors set forth in subdivisions (4)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section, 12 that entry of judgment of conviction should not be deferred. The fact 13 14 that a veteran has previously absconded from or violated pretrial 15 release, probation, parole, supervised release, post-release supervision, or another form of court-ordered supervision, including a violation 16 17 arising from commission of a new offense or an offense committed while previously participating in a veteran justice program, is not, standing 18 alone, a sufficient basis to overcome the presumption. 19

20 (c) The presumption provided for in subdivision (4)(b) of this
21 section does not apply to a veteran charged with:

(i) A violation of section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197, or a city or
village ordinance enacted in conformance with section 60-6,196 or
60-6,197, following a previous conviction for a violation of any such
section or ordinance; or

(ii) An offense that resulted in serious bodily injury to anotherperson.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in this section and sections
29-2293 and 29-2294, the supervision of a defendant on probation pursuant
30 to a deferred judgment shall be governed by the Nebraska Probation
31 Administration Act and sections 29-2270 to 29-2273.

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1 (6) After a hearing providing the prosecutor and defendant an 2 opportunity to be heard and upon a finding that a defendant has violated 3 a condition of his or her probation, the court may enter any order 4 authorized by section 29-2268 or pronounce judgment and impose such new 5 sentence as might have been originally imposed for the offense for which 6 the defendant was convicted.

7 (7) Upon satisfactory completion of the conditions of probation and 8 the payment or waiver of all administrative and programming fees assessed 9 under section 29-2293, the defendant or prosecutor may file a motion to 10 withdraw any plea entered by the defendant and to dismiss the action 11 without entry of judgment. The court shall not grant such motion until a 12 victim of the offense has received notice and the opportunity to be 13 heard, as required by subsection (4) of section 29-4804.

(8) Sections 29-4802 to 29-4804 apply to offenses committed on or
after July 1, <u>2027</u> <del>2025</del>. For purposes of this subsection, an offense
shall be deemed to have been committed prior to July 1, <u>2027</u> <del>2025</del>, if any
element of the offense occurred prior to such date.

18 Sec. 42. Section 29-4807, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 19 2024, is amended to read:

20 29-4807 (1) The State Court Administrator shall compile information 21 on the number of veterans receiving, successfully completing, declining, 22 and denied participation in a veteran justice program and the sentencing 23 mitigation described in section 29-4805.

(2) The State Court Administrator shall track outcomes among
 veterans who participate in a veteran justice program, including
 completion status, recidivism, and housing and employment status.

(3) Data collected under this section shall be disaggregated by
 race, ethnicity, gender, age, military discharge characterization, and
 the offense involved.

30 (4) On or before July 1, <u>2028</u> <del>2026</del>, and on or before each July 1
31 thereafter, the State Court Administrator shall electronically submit a

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report to the Judiciary Committee of the Legislature. The report shall contain de-identified data collected pursuant to this section and shall analyze the outcomes, successes, and areas for improvement of the veteran justice programs and the sentencing mitigation described in section 29-4805.

Sec. 43. Section 32-221, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2024, is amended to read:

8 32-221 (1) The election commissioner shall appoint precinct and 9 district inspectors, judges of election, and clerks of election to assist the election commissioner in conducting elections on election day. In 10 11 counties with a population of less than four hundred thousand inhabitants 12 as determined by the most recent federal decennial census, judges and clerks of election and inspectors shall be appointed at least thirty days 13 14 prior to the statewide primary election, shall hold office for terms of 15 two years or until their successors are appointed and qualified for the next statewide primary election, and shall serve at all elections in the 16 17 county during their terms of office. In counties with a population of four hundred thousand or more inhabitants as determined by the most 18 recent federal decennial census, judges and clerks of election shall be 19 20 appointed at least thirty days prior to the first election for which 21 appointments are necessary and shall serve for at least four elections.

22 (2) Judges and clerks of election may be selected at random from a 23 cross section of the population of the county. All qualified citizens 24 shall have the opportunity to be considered for service. All qualified citizens shall fulfill their obligation to serve as judges or clerks of 25 26 election as prescribed by the election commissioner. No citizen shall be 27 excluded from service as a result of discrimination based upon race, color, religion, sex, national origin, <del>or</del> economic status, or military or 28 29 veteran status. No citizen shall be excluded from service unless excused 30 by reason of ill health or other good and sufficient reason.

31 (3) All persons appointed shall be of good repute and character, be

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able to read and write the English language, and except as otherwise provided in subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section 32-223, be registered voters in the county. No candidate at an election shall be appointed as a judge or clerk of election or inspector for such election other than a candidate for delegate to a county, state, or national political party convention.

7 (4) If a vacancy occurs in the office of judge or clerk of election 8 or inspector, the election commissioner shall fill such vacancy in 9 accordance with section 32-223. If any judge or clerk of election or inspector fails to appear at the hour appointed for the opening of the 10 11 polls, the remaining officers shall notify the election commissioner, 12 select a registered voter to serve in place of the absent officer if so directed by the election commissioner, and proceed to conduct the 13 14 election. If the election commissioner finds that a judge or clerk of 15 election or inspector does not possess all the qualifications prescribed in this section or if any judge or clerk of election or inspector is 16 17 guilty of neglecting the duties of the office or of any official misconduct, the election commissioner shall remove the person and fill 18 the vacancy. 19

20 Sec. 44. Section 32-230, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 21 2024, is amended to read:

32-230 (1) As provided in subsection (4) of this section, the precinct committeeman and committeewoman of each political party shall appoint a receiving board consisting of three judges of election and two clerks of election. The chairperson of the county central committee of each political party shall send the names of the appointments to the county clerk no later than February 1 prior to the primary election.

(2) If no names are submitted by the chairperson, the county clerk
shall appoint judges or clerks of election from the appropriate political
party. Judges and clerks of election may be selected at random from a
cross section of the population of the county. All qualified citizens

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shall have the opportunity to be considered for service. All qualified citizens shall fulfill their obligation to serve as judges or clerks of election as prescribed by the county clerk. No citizen shall be excluded from service as a result of discrimination based upon race, color, religion, sex, national origin, or economic status, or military or veteran status. No citizen shall be excluded from service unless excused by reason of ill health or other good and sufficient reason.

8 (3) The county clerk may allow persons serving on a receiving board 9 to serve for part of the time the polls are open and appoint other 10 persons to serve on the same receiving board for the remainder of the 11 time the polls are open.

12 (4) In each precinct at any one time, one judge and one clerk of election shall be appointed from the political party casting the highest 13 14 number of votes in the county for Governor or for President of the United 15 States in the immediately preceding general election, one judge and one clerk shall be appointed from the political party casting the next 16 17 highest number of votes in the county for Governor or for President of the United States in the immediately preceding general election, and one 18 judge shall be appointed from the political party casting the third 19 20 highest number of votes in the county for Governor or for President of 21 the United States in the immediately preceding general election. If the 22 political party casting the third highest number of votes cast less than 23 ten percent of the total vote cast in the county at the immediately 24 preceding general election, the political party casting the highest number of votes at the immediately preceding general election shall be 25 26 entitled to two judges and one clerk.

(5) The county clerk may appoint registered voters to serve in case of a vacancy among any of the judges or clerks of election or in addition to the judges and clerks in any precinct when necessary to meet any situation that requires additional judges and clerks. Such appointees may include registered voters unaffiliated with any political party. Such

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appointees shall serve at subsequent or special elections as determined
 by the county clerk.

3 (6) The county clerk may appoint an elector residing outside the 4 county as a precinct inspector, district inspector, judge of election, or 5 clerk of election if the elector resides in a county which conducts all 6 elections by mail pursuant to section 32-960.

7 (7) If authorized by the Secretary of State and registered voters of 8 the county are unavailable, the county clerk may appoint an elector 9 residing outside the county as a precinct inspector, district inspector, 10 judge of election, or clerk of election.

11 (8) The county clerk may appoint a person who is at least sixteen 12 years old but is not eligible to register to vote as a clerk of election. Such clerk of election shall meet the requirements of subsection (1) of 13 14 section 32-231, except that such clerk shall not be required to be a 15 registered voter. No more than one clerk of election appointed under this subsection shall serve at any precinct. A clerk of election appointed 16 17 under this subsection shall be considered a registered voter who is not affiliated with a political party for purposes of this section. 18

Sec. 45. Section 39-210, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2024, is amended to read:

21 39-210 To qualify to appear on a tourist-oriented directional sign 22 panel, an activity shall be licensed and approved by the state and local 23 agencies if required by law and be open to the public at least eight 24 hours per day, five days per week, including Saturdays or Sundays, during the normal season of the activity, except that if the activity is a 25 26 winery, the winery shall be open at least twenty hours per week. The 27 activity, before qualifying to appear on a sign panel, shall provide to the Department of Transportation assurance of its conformity with all 28 29 applicable laws relating to discrimination based on race, creed, color, 30 sex, national origin, ancestry, political affiliation, or religion, or military or veteran status. If the activity violates any of such laws, it 31

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shall lose its eligibility to appear on a tourist-oriented directional 1 2 sign panel. In addition, the qualifying activity shall be required to 3 remove any advertising device which was unlawfully erected or which is in violation of section 39-202, 39-203, 39-204, 39-205, 39-206, 39-215, 4 5 39-216, or 39-220, any rule or regulation of the department, or any 6 federal rule or regulation relating to tourist-oriented directional sign 7 panels. The tourist-oriented directional sign panels shall conform to the 8 requirements of the Federal Beautification Act and the Manual on Uniform 9 Traffic Control Devices as adopted pursuant to section 60-6,118.

10 Sec. 46. Section 2, Legislative Bill 80, One Hundred Ninth 11 Legislature, First Session, 2025, is amended to read:

Sec. 2. For purposes of the Protection Orders Act:

13 (1) Abuse has the same meaning as in section 42-903;

14 (2) Course of conduct has the same meaning as in section 28-311.02;

15 (3) Family or household members has the same meaning as in section 16 42-903;

17 (4) Harass has the same meaning as in section 28-311.02;

(5) Household pet means any animal maintained for companionship or
pleasure but does not include any animal kept primarily for commercial
purposes or for consumption or any livestock animal as defined in section
54-902;

(6) Law enforcement agency means the police department or town
 marshal in incorporated municipalities, the office of the sheriff in
 unincorporated areas, and the Nebraska State Patrol; and

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(7) Sexual assault offense means:

(a) Conduct amounting to sexual assault under section 28-319 or
28-320, sexual abuse by a school worker employee under section 28-316.01,
sexual assault of a child under section 28-319.01 or 28-320.01, a
violation of section 28-311.08, or an attempt to commit any of such
offenses; or

31 (b) Subjecting or attempting to subject another person to sexual

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contact or sexual penetration without such person's consent, as such
 terms are defined in section 28-318.

3 Sec. 47. Section 43-1401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

43-1401 (<u>1)</u> For purposes of sections 43-1401 to 43-1418:

6 (a) Except as provided in sections 43-1411 and 43-1414, child means
7 (1) Child shall mean a child under the age of eighteen years born out of
8 wedlock;

9 (b) (2) Child born out of wedlock <u>means</u> shall mean a child whose 10 parents were not married to each other at the time of its birth, except 11 that a child shall not be considered as born out of wedlock if <u>the</u> its 12 parents were married at the time of <u>the child's</u> its conception but 13 divorced at the time of its birth. The definition of legitimacy or 14 illegitimacy for other purposes shall not be affected by <u>the provisions</u> 15 <u>of such</u> sections <u>43-1401 to 43-1418</u>; and

16 (c) (3) Support <u>includes</u> shall include reasonable education.

17 (2) The changes made to this section by this legislative bill apply
 18 to actions under sections 43-1401 to 43-1418 that are pending on the
 19 operative date of this section and to cases filed on or after such date.

20 Sec. 48. Section 43-1411, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,21 2024, is amended to read:

43-1411 (1) A civil proceeding to establish the paternity of a child may be instituted, in the court of the district where the child is domiciled or found or, for cases under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, where the alleged father is domiciled, by:

(a) The mother or the alleged father of such child, or a person who
 has reason to believe he is the biological father of the child, either
 during pregnancy or within four years after the child's birth, unless:

(i) A valid consent or relinquishment has been made pursuant to
sections 43-104.08 to 43-104.24 or section 43-105 for purposes of
adoption; or

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(ii) A county court or separate juvenile court has jurisdiction over
 the custody of the child or jurisdiction over an adoption matter with
 respect to such child pursuant to sections 43-101 to 43-116; or

4 (b) The guardian or next friend of such child or the state, either
5 during pregnancy or within eighteen years after the child's birth.

6 (2) Summons shall issue and be served as in other civil proceedings, 7 except that such summons may be directed to the sheriff of any county in 8 the state and may be served in any county.

9 (3)(a) (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person who has reason to believe he is claiming to be the biological father of a 10 11 child over which the juvenile court already has jurisdiction may file a 12 complaint to intervene in such juvenile proceeding to institute an action to establish the paternity of the child. The complaint to intervene shall 13 14 be accompanied by an affidavit under oath that the complainant affiant 15 believes he is the biological father of the juvenile. No filing fee shall be charged for filing the complaint and affidavit. 16

17 (b) Upon filing of the complaint and affidavit, the juvenile court 18 may shall enter an order pursuant to section 43-1414 to require genetic 19 testing and to require the juvenile to be made available for genetic 20 testing. The costs of genetic testing shall be paid by the <u>complainant</u> 21 <u>intervenor</u>, the county, or the state at the discretion of the juvenile 22 court.

(c) This subsection does not authorize intervention by a person
 whose parental rights to such child have been terminated by the order of
 any court of competent jurisdiction.

26 (4) For purposes of this section, child means a person under the age
 27 of eighteen years, regardless of whether the person was born out of
 28 wedlock.

(5) The changes made to this section by this legislative bill apply
 to actions under sections 43-1401 to 43-1418 that are pending on the
 operative date of this section and to cases filed on or after such date.

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Sec. 49. Section 43-1414, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 43-1414 (1)(a) (1) In any proceeding to establish paternity, the court may, on its own motion, or shall, on a timely request of a party, 4 5 after notice and hearing, require the child, the mother, and the alleged 6 father to submit to genetic testing to be performed on blood or any other 7 appropriate genetic testing material. Failure to comply with such requirement for genetic testing shall constitute contempt and may be 8 9 dealt with in the same manner as other contempts. If genetic testing is required, the court shall direct that inherited characteristics be 10 11 determined by appropriate testing procedures and shall appoint an expert 12 in genetic testing and qualified as an examiner of genetic markers to analyze and interpret the results and to report to the court. The court 13 14 shall determine the number of experts required.

(b) For purposes of this subsection, child means a person under the
 age of eighteen years, regardless of whether the person was born out of
 wedlock.

(2) In any proceeding to establish paternity, the Department of 18 Health and Human Services, county attorneys, and authorized attorneys 19 20 have the authority to require the child, the mother, and the alleged 21 father to submit to genetic testing to be performed on blood or any other 22 appropriate genetic testing material. All genetic testing shall be 23 performed by a laboratory accredited by the College of American 24 Pathologists or any other national accrediting body or public agency which has requirements that are substantially equivalent to or more 25 26 comprehensive than those of the college.

(3) Except as authorized under sections 43-1414 to 43-1418, a person
shall not disclose information obtained from genetic paternity testing
that is done pursuant to such sections.

30 (4) If an alleged father who is tested as part of an action under31 such sections is found to be the child's father, the testing laboratory

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shall retain the genetic testing material of the alleged father, mother, 1 2 and child for no longer than the period of years prescribed by the 3 national standards under which the laboratory is accredited. If a man is found not to be the child's father, the testing laboratory shall destroy 4 5 the man's genetic testing material in the presence of a witness after 6 such material is used in the paternity action. The witness may be an 7 individual who is a party to the destruction of the genetic testing 8 material. After the man's genetic testing material is destroyed, the 9 testing laboratory shall make and keep a written record of the destruction and have the individual who witnessed the destruction sign 10 11 the record. The testing laboratory shall also expunge its records 12 regarding the genetic paternity testing performed on the genetic testing material in accordance with the national standards under which the 13 14 laboratory is accredited. The testing laboratory shall retain the genetic 15 testing material of the mother and child for no longer than the period of years prescribed by the national standards under which the laboratory is 16 17 accredited. After a testing laboratory destroys an individual's genetic testing material as provided in this subsection, it shall notify the 18 adult individual, or the parent or legal guardian of a minor individual, 19 20 by certified mail that the genetic testing material was destroyed.

(5) A testing laboratory is required to protect the confidentiality of genetic testing material, except as required for a paternity determination. The court and its officers shall not use or disclose genetic testing material for a purpose other than the paternity determination.

26 (6) A person shall not buy, sell, transfer, or offer genetic testing
27 material obtained under sections 43-1414 to 43-1418.

(7) A testing laboratory shall annually have an independent audit verifying the contracting laboratory's compliance with this section. The audit shall not disclose the names of, or otherwise identify, the test subjects required to submit to testing during the previous year. The

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1 testing laboratory shall forward the audit to the department.

2 (8) Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty
3 of a Class IV misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class III
4 misdemeanor for the second or subsequent offense.

5 (9) For purposes of sections 43-1414 to 43-1418, an expert in 6 genetic testing means a person who has formal doctoral training or 7 postdoctoral training in human genetics.

8 (10) The changes made to this section by this legislative bill apply 9 to actions under sections 43-1401 to 43-1418 that are pending on the 10 operative date of this section and to cases filed on or after such date.

Sec. 50. Section 93, Legislative Bill 474, One Hundred Ninth
 Legislature, First Session, 2025, is amended to read:

Sec. 93. (1) A licensee shall not refuse to enter into a loan or 13 14 impose finance charges or other terms or conditions of credit more 15 onerous than those regularly extended by that licensee to borrowers of similar economic backgrounds because of the age, color, creed, national 16 17 origin, political affiliation, race, religion, sex, marital status, or disability, or military or veteran status of the borrower or because the 18 borrower receives public assistance, social security benefits, pension 19 20 benefits, or the like.

21 (2) No licensee shall conduct the business of making loans under the 22 Nebraska Installment Loan and Sales Act within any office, room, or place 23 of business in which any other business is solicited or engaged in, or in 24 association or conjunction with any other business, if the director finds that the other business is of such nature that the conducting of such 25 26 other business tends to conceal evasion of the act or of the rules and 27 regulations adopted and promulgated under the act. In such case, the director shall order such licensee in writing to cease and desist from 28 29 such conduct.

30 (3) No licensee shall, directly or indirectly, require a borrower as 31 a condition of granting a loan to such borrower to reaffirm or otherwise

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obligate the borrower to pay a former debt to the licensee which has been
 discharged in bankruptcy proceedings.

3 (4) Any person who makes a false statement to secure a loan is 4 guilty of a Class III misdemeanor. The punishment shall not be exacted, 5 however, when such a loan is made after the licensee is aware of the 6 falsity of the statement.

7 (5) No licensee or other person subject to the Nebraska Installment Loan and Sales Act shall advertise, print, display, publish, distribute, 8 9 or broadcast or cause or permit to be advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, or broadcast in any manner whatsoever any false, 10 11 misleading, or deceptive statement or representation with regard to the rates, terms, or conditions for the lending of money, credit, goods, or 12 things in action. The director may order any licensee to cease and desist 13 14 from any conduct which he or she finds to be a violation of this section. 15 The director may require that rates of charge, if stated by a licensee, be stated fully and clearly in such manner as the director deems 16 necessary to prevent misunderstanding by prospective borrowers. 17

(6) No loan, made outside this state, in the amount or of the value 18 of three thousand dollars or less, for which a greater rate of interest, 19 20 consideration, or charges than is permitted by section 45-350 has been 21 charged, contracted for, or received, shall be enforced in this state. 22 Every person participating in such loan in this state is subject to the 23 Nebraska Installment Loan and Sales Act, except that the act shall not 24 apply to loans legally made in any state under and in accordance with a regulatory small loan law similar in principle to such act. 25

26 (7) In connection with the collection of any loan, a licensee may27 not:

28 (a) Use or threaten to use violence;

29 (b) Use obscene or profane language;

30 (c) Cause a telephone to ring or engage a person in telephone
 31 conversation at times known to be inconvenient to the borrower;

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(d) Falsely represent the character, amount, or legal status of any
 debt;

3 (e) Falsely represent that an individual is an attorney when he or4 she is not;

5 (f) Falsely represent that nonpayment of any debt will result in the 6 arrest or imprisonment of the borrower or any member of the borrower's 7 household;

8 (g) Threaten to take any action that the licensee knows cannot 9 legally be taken at the time the threat is made;

(h) Falsely represent that the borrower committed any crime when theborrower did not;

(i) Communicate or threaten to communicate to any person credit
 information which is known to be false;

(j) Use or distribute any written communication which falsely
represents that it is a document authorized, issued, or approved by any
court, official, or agency of the United States or any state;

17 (k) Charge or collect any fees, charges, or expenses, incidental to
18 the collection of any loan, unless such amount is expressly authorized by
19 the loan agreement or permitted by law;

(1) Accept from any person a check or other payment instrument
postdated by more than five days unless such person is notified in
writing of the licensee's intent to deposit such check or instrument not
more than ten nor less than three business days prior to such deposit;

(m) Solicit any postdated check or other postdated payment instrument for the purpose of threatening or instituting criminal prosecution;

27 (n) Deposit or threaten to deposit any postdated check prior to the28 date on such check;

(o) Cause charges to be made to any person for communications by
concealment of the true purpose of the communication, including, but not
limited to, collect telephone calls and telegram fees;

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(p) Communicate with a borrower regarding a debt by postcard; or

2 (q) Communicate with a borrower at the borrower's place of
3 employment if the licensee has received actual notice that the borrower's
4 employer prohibits the borrower from receiving such communication.

5 Sec. 51. Section 45-1303, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
6 2024, is amended to read:

7 45-1303 (1) The Medical Debt Relief Program is established for the 8 purpose of discharging medical debt of eligible residents by contracting 9 with a medical debt relief coordinator as described in subsection (3) of 10 this section. The State Treasurer shall administer the program.

11 Money appropriated to the State Treasurer or otherwise (2) 12 contributed for the program shall be used exclusively for the program, including contracting with a medical debt relief coordinator and 13 14 providing money to be used by the medical debt relief coordinator to 15 discharge medical debt of eligible residents. Money used in contracting with a medical debt relief coordinator may also be used for the payment 16 17 of services provided by the medical debt relief coordinator to discharge medical debt of eligible residents based on a budget approved by the 18 State Treasurer. 19

(3)(a) The State Treasurer shall enter into a contract with a
medical debt relief coordinator to purchase and discharge medical debt
owed by eligible residents with money allocated for the program.

(b) The State Treasurer shall implement a competitive bidding
process to determine which medical debt relief coordinator to use, unless
the State Treasurer determines that only a single medical debt relief
coordinator has the capacity and willingness to carry out the duties
specified in the Medical Debt Relief Act.

(c) In contracting with the State Treasurer, a medical debt reliefcoordinator shall adhere to the following:

30 (i) The medical debt relief coordinator shall review the medical
 31 debt accounts of each health care provider willing to donate or sell

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1 medical debt accounts in this state;

2 (ii) The medical debt relief coordinator may negotiate for and elect 3 to buy the dischargeable medical debt from a health care provider that 4 identifies the accounts described in subdivision (3)(c)(i) of this 5 section as a bad debt expense and agrees to sell the debt for less than 6 the original value;

7 (iii) After the purchase and discharge of medical debt from a health 8 care provider, the medical debt relief coordinator shall notify all 9 eligible residents whose medical debt has been discharged under the 10 program, in a manner approved by the State Treasurer, that they no longer 11 have specified medical debt owed to the relevant health care provider;

(iv) A medical debt relief coordinator shall make its best efforts to ensure parity and equity in the purchasing and discharging of medical debt to ensure that all eligible residents have an equal opportunity of receiving medical debt relief regardless of their geographical location or their race, color, religion, sex, disability, age, or national origin, <u>or military or veteran status;</u>

(v) A medical debt relief coordinator shall report to the State
 Treasurer summary statistics regarding eligible residents whose medical
 debt has been discharged; and

(vi) A medical debt relief coordinator may not attempt to seek payment from an eligible resident for medical debt purchased by the medical debt relief coordinator.

(d) A medical debt relief coordinator shall continue to fulfill its
contractual obligations to the State Treasurer until all money contracted
to the medical debt relief coordinator is exhausted, regardless of
whether money allocated to the program has been exhausted.

(e) If a medical debt relief coordinator attempts to seek payment from an eligible resident for medical debt purchased by the medical debt relief coordinator or fails to carry out the responsibilities described in its contract with the State Treasurer, the medical debt relief

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coordinator shall be considered in breach of contract and the contract
 provisions that apply in the case of a breach of contract shall apply.

3 (f) Health care providers that are willing to sell medical debt to 4 the medical debt relief coordinator shall provide necessary information 5 to, and otherwise coordinate with, the medical debt relief coordinator as 6 needed to carry out the purposes of the Medical Debt Relief Act.

Sec. 52. Section 47-624, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

9 47-624 The division shall:

(1) Collaborate with the Office of Probation Administration , the
 Division of Parole Supervision, and the Department of Correctional
 Services to develop and implement a plan to establish statewide operation
 and use of a continuum of community correctional facilities and programs;

14 (2) Develop, in consultation with the probation administrator and
 15 the Director of <u>Correctional</u> <del>Supervision and</del> Services of the Division of
 16 Parole Supervision, standards for the use of community correctional
 17 facilities and programs by the Nebraska Probation System and the parole
 18 system;

(3) Collaborate with the Office of Probation Administration , the
 Division of Parole Supervision, and the Department of Correctional
 Services on the development of additional reporting centers as set forth
 in section 47-624.01;

(4) Analyze and promote the consistent use of offender risk
 assessment tools;

(5) Educate the courts, the Board of Parole, criminal justice system
stakeholders, and the general public about the availability, use, and
benefits of community correctional facilities and programs;

(6) Enter into and administer contracts, if necessary, to carry out
the purposes of the Community Corrections Act;

30 (7) In order to ensure adequate funding for substance abuse31 treatment programs, consult with the probation administrator and the

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Director of <u>Correctional Supervision and</u> Services of the Division of
 Parole Supervision and develop or assist with the development of programs
 as provided in subdivision (14) of section 29-2252 and subdivision (20)
 (8) of section 83-173 83-1,102;

5 (8) Study substance abuse and mental health treatment services in 6 and related to the criminal justice system, recommend improvements, and 7 evaluate the implementation of improvements;

8 (9) Research and evaluate existing community correctional facilities
9 and programs, within the limits of available funding;

10 (10) Develop standardized definitions of outcome measures for 11 community correctional facilities and programs, including, but not 12 limited to, recidivism, employment, and substance abuse;

(11) Report annually to the Legislature and the Governor on the development and performance of community correctional facilities and programs. The report submitted to the Legislature shall be submitted electronically. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(a) A description of community correctional facilities and programs
 currently serving offenders in Nebraska, which includes the following
 information:

(i) The target population and geographic area served by each
facility or program, eligibility requirements, and the total number of
offenders utilizing the facility or program over the past year;

(ii) Services, programs, assessments, case management, supervision,
and tools provided for offenders at the facility, in the program, or
under the supervision of a governmental agency in any capacity;

(iii) The costs of operating the facility or program and the costper offender; and

29 (iv) The funding sources for the facility or program;

30 (b) The progress made in expanding community correctional facilities31 and programs statewide and an analysis of the need for additional

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1 community corrections services;

2 (c) An analysis of the impact community correctional facilities and 3 programs have on the number of offenders incarcerated within the 4 Department of Correctional Services; and

5 (d) The recidivism rates and outcome data for probationers, 6 parolees, and problem-solving-court clients participating in community 7 corrections programs;

8 (12) Grant funds to entities including local governmental agencies, 9 nonprofit organizations, and behavioral health services which will 10 support the intent of the <u>Community Corrections Act</u> <del>act</del>;

11 (13) Manage all offender data acquired by the division in a 12 confidential manner and develop procedures to ensure that identifiable 13 information is not released;

(14) Establish and administer grants, projects, and programs for the
 operation of the division; and

16 (15) Perform such other duties as may be necessary to carry out the17 policy of the state established in the act.

18 Sec. 53. Section 47-624.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

47-624.01 (1) The division shall collaborate with the Office of Probation Administration <del>, the Division of Parole Supervision,</del> and the Department of Correctional Services in developing a plan for the implementation and funding of reporting centers in Nebraska.

(2) The plan shall include recommended locations for at least one
reporting center in each district court judicial district that currently
lacks such a center and shall prioritize the recommendations for
additional reporting centers based upon need.

(3) The plan shall also identify and prioritize the need for
expansion of reporting centers in those district court judicial districts
which currently have a reporting center but have an unmet need for
additional reporting center services due to capacity, distance, or

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1 demographic factors.

Sec. 54. Section 47-627, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

47-627 The director shall develop and maintain a uniform crime data 4 5 analysis system in Nebraska which shall include, but need not be limited to, the number of offenses, arrests, charges, probation admissions, 6 7 probation violations, probation discharges, participants in specialized 8 community corrections programs, admissions to and discharges from 9 problem-solving courts, admissions to and discharges from the Department of Correctional Services, parole reviews, parole hearings, releases on 10 parole, parole violations, and parole discharges. The data shall be 11 categorized by statutory crime. The data shall be collected from the 12 Board of Parole, the State Court Administrator, the Department of 13 14 Correctional Services, the Division of Parole Supervision, the Office of 15 Probation Administration, the Nebraska State Patrol, counties, local law enforcement, and any other entity associated with criminal justice. The 16 division and the Supreme Court shall have access to such data to 17 implement the Community Corrections Act. 18

19 Sec. 55. Section 47-629, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 20 amended to read:

21 47-629 (1) The Board of Parole may parole an offender to a community 22 correctional facility or program pursuant to guidelines developed by the 23 division.

(2) The Department of Correctional Services and the Division of
 Parole Supervision shall utilize community correctional facilities and
 programs as appropriate.

27 Sec. 56. Section 47-903, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

47-903 For purposes of the Office of Inspector General of the
Nebraska Correctional System Act, the following definitions apply:

31 (1) Administrator means a person charged with administration of a

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1 program, an office, or a division of the department or administration of 2 a private agency;

3 (2) Department means the Department of Correctional Services;

4 (3) Director means the Director of Correctional Services;

5 (4) Division of Parole Supervision means the division created
6 pursuant to section 83-1,100;

7 (4) (5) Inspector General means the Inspector General of the
 8 Nebraska Correctional System appointed under section 47-904;

9 <u>(5)</u> <del>(6)</del> Malfeasance means a wrongful act that the actor has no legal 10 right to do or any wrongful conduct that affects, interrupts, or 11 interferes with performance of an official duty;

<u>(6)</u> <del>(7)</del> Management means supervision of subordinate employees;

<u>(7)</u> (8) Misfeasance means the improper performance of some act that
 a person may lawfully do;

(8) (9) Obstruction means hindering an investigation, preventing an
 investigation from progressing, stopping or delaying the progress of an
 investigation, or making the progress of an investigation difficult or
 slow;

(9) (10) Office means the office of Inspector General of the
 Nebraska Correctional System and includes the Inspector General and other
 employees of the office;

(10) (11) Private agency means an entity that contracts with the
 department or contracts to provide services to another entity that
 contracts with the department; and

(11) (12) Record means any recording in written, audio, electronic 25 26 transmission, or computer storage form, including, but not limited to, a 27 draft, memorandum, note, report, computer printout, notation, or message, and includes, but is not limited to, medical records, mental health 28 29 records, case files, clinical records, financial and records, 30 administrative records.

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Sec. 57. Section 47-908, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read:

47-908 All employees of the department , all employees of the
Division of Parole Supervision, and all owners, operators, managers,
supervisors, and employees of private agencies shall cooperate with the
office. Cooperation includes, but is not limited to, the following:

6 (1) Provision of full access to and production of records and 7 information. Providing access to and producing records and information 8 for the office is not a violation of confidentiality provisions under any 9 statute, rule, or regulation if done in good faith for purposes of an 10 investigation under the Office of Inspector General of the Nebraska 11 Correctional System Act;

12 (2) Fair and honest disclosure of records and information reasonably
 13 requested by the office in the course of an investigation under the act;

14 (3) Encouraging employees to fully comply with reasonable requests
15 of the office in the course of an investigation under the act;

16 (4) Prohibition of retaliation by owners, operators, or managers
17 against employees for providing records or information or filing or
18 otherwise making a complaint to the office;

19 (5) Not requiring employees to gain supervisory approval prior to
 20 filing a complaint with or providing records or information to the
 21 office;

(6) Provision of complete and truthful answers to questions posed bythe office in the course of an investigation; and

24 (7) Not willfully interfering with or obstructing the investigation.

25 Sec. 58. Section 47-919, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 47-919 The <u>department</u> Division of Parole Supervision shall provide 28 the Public Counsel and the Inspector General with direct computer access 29 to all computerized records, reports, and documents maintained in 30 connection with administration of the Nebraska parole system, except that 31 access for the Public Counsel and the Inspector General to a parolee's

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1 medical or mental health records shall be subject to the parolee's 2 consent.

3 Sec. 59. Section 47-1102, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4 2024, is amended to read:

5 47-1102 (1) The Legislature finds that studies have shown that post-6 prison outcomes tend to be better for committed offenders who participate 7 in work release programs prior to discharge from custody. Specifically, 8 findings indicate that committed offenders who participated in work 9 release programs had a higher likelihood of obtaining post-release employment within the first calendar quarter after release and also had a 10 11 significantly lower rate of recidivism than committed offenders who did not participate in work release programs prior to discharge from custody. 12 In addition, studies indicate that committed offenders who participated 13 14 in privately operated work release programs were significantly more 15 likely to become employed after release.

16 (2) In light of these findings, and in order to give the Board of 17 Parole and the Department of Correctional Services additional options for 18 the placement of committed offenders, it is the intent of the 19 Legislature:

20 (a) To increase the number of committed offenders in the Nebraska
21 correctional system who are exposed to work release prior to discharge
22 from custody; and

(b) To do so in settings that also offer therapy, programming,
treatment, vocational training, and educational classes.

(3) To achieve these goals, the purpose of the Community Work Release and Reentry Centers Act is to empower the <del>Division of Parole</del> <del>Supervision and the</del> Department of Correctional Services to contract with private providers to establish community work release and reentry centers at various locations throughout the State of Nebraska.

30 Sec. 60. Section 47-1103, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 31 2024, is amended to read:

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47-1103 For purposes of the Community Work Release and Reentry
 Centers Act:

3 (1) Advisory board means the Reentry Continuity Advisory Board
4 established in section 47-1117;

5 (2) Board means the Board of Parole;

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(3) Committed offender has the same meaning as in section 83-170;

7 (4) Community work release and reentry center or center means a 8 residential home, halfway house, or other facility operated by a private 9 provider pursuant to an agreement in writing either with the division or the department for providing housing and supervision of committed 10 11 offenders placed in the center by the <u>department</u> division for work 12 release and for vocational training, education, programming, or behavioral health or mental health treatment; 13

14 (5) Department means the Department of Correctional Services;

15 (6) Division means the Division of Parole Supervision;

(6) (7) Individualized release plan means a detailed written plan
 outlining a committed offender's future vocational goals, training,
 employment, and needed treatment services following the committed
 offender's release from a community work release and reentry center;

20 <u>(7)</u> <del>(8)</del> Private provider means a partnership, corporation, 21 association, joint venture, organization, or similar entity which is 22 operated on a nonprofit basis and which, under a contract with <del>either the</del> 23 <del>division or</del> the department, has agreed to operate a community work 24 release and reentry center pursuant to the act;

<u>(8)</u> (9) Probation administration means the Office of Probation
 Administration;

27 (9) (10) Reentering person means an individual who is subject to 28 supervision by the <u>board</u> <del>division</del> or probation administration, not 29 including juvenile probation, or who was recently in the custody of the 30 department or a county jail and was released with no supervision;

31 (10) (11) Reentry housing means temporary housing for reentering

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1 persons, generally in the first year following a period of incarceration;
2 and

3 <u>(11)(a)</u> (12)(a) Reentry housing facility means a facility which is 4 owned or operated by a private organization, whether nonprofit or for-5 profit, that receives direct payment from the board, <del>division,</del> probation 6 administration, or department to provide reentry housing.

7 (b) Reentry housing facility includes, but is not limited to, a8 community work release and reentry center.

9 (c) Reentry housing facility does not include a health care facility 10 as defined in section 71-413.

Sec. 61. Section 47-1104, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

47-1104 (1) The <u>department</u> division may place a parole-eligible
 committed offender at a community work release and reentry center as
 provided in the Community Work Release and Reentry Centers Act.

16 (2) Any parole-eligible committed offender placed at a community17 work release and reentry center pursuant to the act:

(a) Shall be under the continuing jurisdiction and authority of the
 department and board as if the committed offender was selected for
 release on ordinary parole status as provided for in section 83-192; and

(b) May be subsequently released by the board on ordinary parole
status as provided for in section 83-192.

(3) The department may place a committed offender whose sentence includes a term of post-release supervision and who is within three years of his or her release date at a community work release and reentry center as provided in the act. Any such committed offender placed at a center shall be under the continuing jurisdiction and authority of the department.

29 Sec. 62. Section 47-1105, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 30 2024, is amended to read:

31 47-1105 (1) The division and the department may exercise all powers

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and perform all duties necessary and proper for carrying out their
 responsibilities under the Community Work Release and Reentry Centers
 Act.

4 (2) The division and the department may use designated funds 5 provided by the Legislature to enter into agreements with private 6 providers for the development and operation of community work release and 7 reentry centers to be established at various locations throughout the 8 state. Any such agreement shall require a private provider to:

9 (a) Establish a contract with public or private employers to provide
10 employment for committed offenders placed at the center;

(b) Assist any committed offender placed at the center to obtain and maintain employment in the community;

(c) Provide vocational training, education, programming, and
 treatment for issues related to the criminogenic needs of any committed
 offender placed at the center; and

(d) Otherwise direct and supervise the activities and behavior of
any committed offender placed at the center as provided in the act.

(3) In an agreement under this section, the division or the
department may include contractual requirements that obligate the private
provider to offer to any committed offender placed at the center:

21 (a) Specialized educational or vocational training; and

(b) Other programming that will address the mental health,
behavioral health, or substance abuse treatment needs of such committed
offender.

(4) An agreement under this section shall require the community work
release and reentry center to establish programs, rules, and enforcement
systems:

28 (a) Regarding the behavior of committed offenders;

(b) To ensure that committed offenders seek and retain continuousemployment;

31 (c) For the treatment of committed offenders for substance abuse;

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(d) To ensure that committed offenders only leave the center for
 purposes of work or for other specified and approved activities,
 including, but not limited to, job interviews, medical appointments,
 treatment, and outings to visit family;

5 (e) To ensure that committed offenders consistently participate in 6 all necessary therapy, programming, treatment, vocational training, and 7 educational classes; and

8 (f) To ensure that committed offenders maintain their scheduled work9 hours.

Sec. 63. Section 47-1106, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

12 47-1106 The division and the department shall set standards for the 13 appropriate staffing levels of community work release and reentry 14 centers. The division and the department shall require each center to:

15 (1) Be under the supervision and control of a designated center
 16 director approved by the division or the department;

17 (2) Be adequately staffed twenty-four hours per day, including on
18 weekends and holidays; and

(3) Assign an individual counselor to each committed offenderassigned to the center.

Sec. 64. Section 47-1107, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 22 2024, is amended to read:

47-1107 (1) The division and the department shall require each community work release and reentry center to establish an individualized release plan for each committed offender assigned to the center. The staff of a center shall assist the division and the department in making reasonable advance preparations for the release of such committed offenders.

(2) If a parole-eligible committed offender is released from a
 center, the offender shall be subject to parole conditions set by the
 board and under the supervision of a district parole officer assigned by

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the division pursuant to section 83-1,104. The individualized release plan for a parole-eligible committed offender shall be developed in coordination with the assigned district parole officer.

4 (3) If a committed offender whose sentence includes a term of post-5 release supervision is released from a center, the offender shall be 6 subject to the conditions of his or her order of post-release supervision 7 and under the supervision of a district probation officer. The 8 individualized release plan for such an offender shall be developed in 9 coordination with the assigned district probation officer.

Sec. 65. Section 47-1108, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

47-1108 (1) The division and the department shall set requirements
 for the maintenance of the individual records of committed offenders
 assigned to a community work release and reentry center.

15 (2) The division and the department shall require each community 16 work release and reentry center to make periodic reports to the division 17 and the department on the performance of each committed offender assigned 18 to the center.

19 Sec. 66. Section 47-1109, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,20 2024, is amended to read:

47-1109 The division and the department shall establish an internal system for assessing the achievements of community work release and reentry centers and the effectiveness of the Community Work Release and Reentry Centers Act as a whole. The division and the department shall develop and maintain measurable goals and objectives for such assessment.

Sec. 67. Section 47-1110, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 27 2024, is amended to read:

47-1110 (1) The <u>department</u> division shall designate a parole officer to monitor the performance of each parole-eligible committed offender who is assigned to a community work release and reentry center. The designated parole officer shall be required to periodically report to the

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1 <u>department</u> division on the progress of the committed offender.

(2) The department shall designate a correctional officer to monitor
the performance of each committed offender who is assigned to a community
work release and reentry center under subsection (3) of section 47-1104.
The designated correctional officer shall be required to periodically
report to the department on the progress of the committed offender.

Sec. 68. Section 47-1111, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2024, is amended to read:

9 47-1111 The division and the department shall develop an internal 10 program to conduct annual reviews of the performance of each community 11 work release and reentry center. A senior staff person of the division 12 and the department shall visit each center at least twice each year.

13 Sec. 69. Section 47-1113, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 14 2024, is amended to read:

47-1113 The division and the department may allow a community work release and reentry center to have access to all of the records, documents, and reports in the custody of the division or the department, other than presentence investigation reports, that relate to any committed offender who is assigned to the center.

20 Sec. 70. Section 47-1114, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,21 2024, is amended to read:

47-1114 (1) By July 1, 2026, the division and the department shall develop a strategic plan and procedure to allow private providers to bid on agreements to establish community work release and reentry centers pursuant to the Community Work Release and Reentry Centers Act.

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature to appropriate one million
dollars from the General Fund to carry out the Community Work Release and
Reentry Centers Act.

29 Sec. 71. Section 47-1115, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 30 2024, is amended to read:

31 47-1115 (1) The department, with the assistance of the board, shall

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establish a program to encourage the development of reentry housing,
 coordinate the provisions of reentry services, and provide standards for
 reentry housing. Through this program, the department shall:

4 (a) Establish minimum standards for reentry housing facilities,
5 including requirements related to health and safety, insurance,
6 evaluations, and inspections, with input from the advisory committee;

7 (b) Monitor compliance with these minimum standards and investigate8 suspected violations;

9 (c) Coordinate evaluations of reentry housing facilities based on 10 living conditions, staffing, programming, and other criteria;

(d) Communicate with relevant agencies regarding evaluation results
 and compliance with minimum standards;

(e) Facilitate communication between the department, division,
board, probation administration, and reentry housing facilities regarding
reentering persons in need of housing and the availability of housing to
meet such needs;

(f) Engage in regular discussions with entities which organize and prioritize housing services for people experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness in Nebraska;

20 (g) Track data on costs, utilization, and outcomes for reentry 21 housing within the state and use this data to determine trends and 22 project future needs and costs; and

23 (h) Electronically submit an annual report to the Legislature, the 24 Supreme Court, and the Governor which describes the status of housing for reentering persons in Nebraska. The report shall include details on 25 26 housing-related expenditures, characteristics of reentry housing 27 facilities and other places which provide housing for reentering persons, characteristics of the individuals receiving financial assistance for 28 29 housing, and recommendations for improving the quality and availability 30 of housing for reentering persons in the state.

31 (2) The department and board may use available funds to encourage

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development of quality, safe reentry housing and to assist existing
 reentry housing facilities in making improvements for the benefit of
 reentering persons and public safety.

Sec. 72. Section 47-1116, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2024, is amended to read:

6 47-1116 (1) Reentry housing facilities shall cooperate with 7 investigations and evaluations conducted pursuant to the Community Work 8 Release and Reentry Centers Act and shall provide the department, board, 9 division, probation administration, and the Office of Public Counsel with 10 reasonable access to facilities and records related to the provision of 11 reentry housing.

12 (2) The department or board may request the State Fire Marshal to 13 investigate any reentry housing facility for fire safety under section 14 81-502. The State Fire Marshal shall assess a fee for such inspection 15 under section 81-505.01 payable by the facility. The State Fire Marshal 16 may delegate the authority to make such inspections to qualified local 17 fire prevention personnel under section 81-502.

(3) The department or board may request a county, city, or village to inspect any reentry housing facility for the purpose of administering or enforcing the state building code or an applicable local building or construction code enacted pursuant to the Building Construction Act, if the county, city, or village has taken on the responsibility of code enforcement. A county, city, or village may assess fees for such an inspection under section 71-6406.

(4) The department or board shall promptly notify a reentry housing
facility and relevant agencies if there is reason to believe conditions
in the facility present an imminent threat to the health or safety of
reentering persons residing at the facility.

(5) The department shall work with the board, <del>division,</del> probation administration, and the advisory board to establish a speedy process by which reentry housing facilities may contest the findings of any

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investigation or evaluation pursuant to the Community Work Release and 1 2 Reentry Centers Act. 3 Sec. 73. Section 47-1117, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 4 2024, is amended to read: 5 47-1117 (1) The Reentry Continuity Advisory Board is created. The 6 board shall include the following members: 7 (a) The Inspector General of the Nebraska Correctional System; 8 (b) The Director of Correctional Services or his or her designee; 9 (c) The chairperson of the Board of Parole or his or her designee; (d) The probation administrator or his or her designee; and 10 11 (e) Five additional members to be appointed by the Governor. Such 12 members shall include: 13 (i) An individual with experience in reentry and restorative justice 14 service delivery; 15 (ii) A victims' rights representative; 16 (iii) A formerly incarcerated individual; 17 (iv) An individual with expertise in mental or behavioral health; and 18 (v) An individual with experience in public policy. 19 20 (2) The advisory board shall select a chairperson from among its 21 members. 22 (3) The advisory board shall identify areas for improving continuity 23 and collaboration among the department, the division, the board, 24 probation administration, and any other relevant criminal justice entities and offer advice on practices that will enhance the continuity 25 26 of reentry services and reentry housing for individuals in the criminal 27 justice system. (4) The advisory board shall: 28

29 (a) Conduct regular meetings;

30 (b) Provide advice and assistance to the department and board
 31 relating to reentry housing in Nebraska;

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1 (c) Promote the interests of reentering persons and their families;

2 (d) Promote public safety through effective reintegration into the3 community;

4 (e) Provide input on the process of evaluating reentry housing5 facilities;

6 (f) Engage with neighborhood groups and other stakeholders;

(g) Provide reports as requested by the department and board; and

8 (h) Engage in other activities as requested by the department and9 board.

10 (5) The advisory board shall convene at least quarterly. The members 11 described in subdivisions (1)(b), (c), and (d) of this section shall 12 attend each meeting of the advisory board and share and present 13 information relevant to the mission of the advisory board.

(6) The department, division, board, and probation administration
shall provide information requested by the advisory board related to its
mission. This shall include, but is not limited to, information
regarding:

18 (a) The use of evidence-based risk assessments and evidence-based19 programming;

20 (b) Participation in rehabilitation and education programs;

(c) Treatment and programming offered, including vocational training, substance abuse treatment, cognitive-behavioral therapy, and mental health counseling;

24 (d) Population and demographic data;

25 (e) Use of and need for transitional housing and reentry housing;

26 (f) Identified gaps in services;

27 (g) Recidivism;

28 (h) Institutional conduct; and

29 (i) Post-release and reentry planning and services;

30 (7) The advisory board shall conduct periodic evaluations of the 31 effectiveness of the collaborative efforts and reentry programs offered

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by the department, division, board, probation administration, and other criminal justice agencies. Such evaluation shall be accomplished using an integrated reentry and rehabilitation framework, which shall include an examination of:

5 (a) The extent to which agencies are conducting comprehensive 6 assessments of criminal justice-involved individuals' needs and risks, 7 including education, employment, housing, mental health, substance abuse, 8 and family support;

9 (b) Whether the agencies are providing individualized reentry 10 planning tailored to the specific needs and circumstances of such 11 individuals, with a focus on addressing criminogenic factors and 12 promoting positive behavioral change;

(c) Whether such individuals have access to evidence-based
 interventions, programs, and services both during and following
 incarceration, including education, vocational training, mental health
 treatment, substance abuse counseling, and life skills development; and

(d) The extent of collaboration and coordination between the
department, parole, probation, other criminal justice agencies,
community-based organizations, and other stakeholders.

20 (8) The advisory board shall assist probation administration and  $_{\tau}$ 21 the department  $_{\tau}$  and the division in implementing performance metrics for 22 staff as provided in sections 29-2243 and 83-171.01. The advisory board 23 shall regularly review such agencies' implementation and use of such 24 performance metrics and offer updated guidance to ensure that such 25 metrics are aligned with best practices, stakeholder input, and the 26 evolving goals and priorities of the criminal justice system.

(9) On or before October 1, 2025, and on or before each October 1 thereafter, the advisory board shall electronically submit a report to the Judiciary Committee of the Legislature. The report shall include data regarding baselines, goals, efforts undertaken to achieve such goals, and action steps outlined to meet such goals and set objectives. The report

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shall detail the outcomes of parole decisions, reentry efforts,
 recidivism rates, and any challenges encountered. The report shall
 provide stakeholders with a clear understanding of the progress made,
 challenges faced, and strategies employed throughout the reporting
 period.

Sec. 74. Section 47-1119, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2024, is amended to read:

8 47-1119 The department <del>, division,</del> and board may adopt and 9 promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the Community Work Release 10 and Reentry Centers Act.

Sec. 75. Section 48-215, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-215 It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation, 13 14 engaged to any extent whatsoever in the State of Nebraska in the 15 production, manufacture, or distribution of military or naval material, equipment, or supplies for the State of Nebraska or the government of the 16 17 United States, to refuse to employ any person in any capacity, if such said person is a citizen and is qualified, on account of the race, color, 18 creed, religion, or national origin, or military or veteran status of 19 20 such said person.

Sec. 76. Section 48-628.13, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-628.13 Good cause for voluntarily leaving employment shall
include, but not be limited to, the following reasons:

(1) An individual has made all reasonable efforts to preserve the
employment but voluntarily leaves his or her work for the necessary
purpose of escaping abuse at the place of employment or abuse as defined
in section 42-903 between household members;

(2) An individual left his or her employment voluntarily due to a
bona fide non-work-connected illness or injury that prevented him or her
from continuing the employment or from continuing the employment without

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1 undue risk of harm to the individual;

2 (3) An individual left his or her employment to accompany his or her
3 spouse to the spouse's employment in a different city or new military
4 duty station;

5 (4) An individual left his or her employment because his or her
6 employer required the employee to relocate;

7 (5)(a) An individual is a construction worker and left his or her
8 employment voluntarily for the purpose of accepting previously secured
9 insured work in the construction industry if the commissioner finds that:

(i)(A) The quit occurred within thirty days immediately prior to the 10 11 established termination date of the job which the individual voluntarily 12 leaves, (B) the specific starting date of the new job is prior to the established termination date of the job which the worker quits, (C) the 13 14 new job offered employment for a longer period of time than remained 15 available on the job which the construction worker voluntarily quit, and (D) the worker had worked at least twenty days or more at the new job 16 17 after the established termination date of the previous job unless the new job was terminated by a contract cancellation; or 18

(ii)(A) The construction worksite of the job which the worker quit was more than fifty miles from his or her place of residence, (B) the new construction job was fifty or more miles closer to his or her residence than the job which he or she quit, and (C) the worker actually worked twenty days or more at the new job unless the new job was terminated by a contract cancellation.

(b) The provisions of this subdivision (5) shall not apply if the
individual is separated from the new job under conditions resulting in a
disqualification from benefits under section 48-628.10 or 48-628.12;

(6) An individual accepted a voluntary layoff to avoid bumpinganother worker;

30 (7) An individual left his or her employment as a result of being
 31 directed to perform an illegal act;

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(8) An individual left his or her employment because of unlawful
 discrimination or workplace harassment on the basis of race, sex, or age,
 <u>or military or veteran status;</u>

4 (9) An individual left his or her employment because of unsafe5 working conditions;

6

(10) An individual left his or her employment to attend school;

7 (11) An individual has made all reasonable efforts to preserve 8 employment but voluntarily leaves employment for the purpose of caring 9 for a family member with a serious health condition. For purposes of this 10 subdivision:

11 (a) Family member means:

(i) A biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, or a legal ward of the individual or the individual's spouse or a person to whom the individual or the individual's spouse stood in loco parentis when such person was a minor child, regardless of the age or dependency status of such child, stepchild, legal ward, or person;

(ii) A biological, adoptive, or foster parent, a stepparent, or a legal guardian of the individual or the individual's spouse or a person who stood in loco parentis to the individual or the individual's spouse when the individual or the individual's spouse was a minor child;

21 (iii) The individual's spouse; or

(iv) A grandparent, grandchild, or sibling, whether of a biological,
foster, adoptive, or step relationship, of the individual or the
individual's spouse; and

(b) Serious health condition has the same meaning as in 29 U.S.C.
26 2611, as such section existed on January 1, 2021; or

27 (12) Equity and good conscience demand a finding of good cause.

28 Sec. 77. Section 48-1125, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

 30
 48-1125
 Sections
 48-1102
 to
 48-1126
 and
 sections
 77,
 78,
 and
 91
 of

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 this act
 48-1101
 to
 48-1125
 shall
 be
 known
 and
 may
 be
 cited
 as
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1 Nebraska Fair Employment Practice Act.

Sec. 78. Section 48-1101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-1101 (1) It is the policy of this state to foster the employment 4 5 of all employable persons in the state on the basis of merit regardless of their race, color, religion, sex, disability, or national origin, or 6 7 military or veteran status and to safeguard their right to obtain and 8 hold employment without discrimination because of their race, color, 9 religion, sex, disability, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or military or veteran</u> status. Denying equal opportunity for employment because of race, color, 10 11 religion, sex, disability, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or military or veteran</u> status is contrary to the principles of freedom and is a burden on the 12 objectives of the public policy of this state. 13

14 (2) Except for the veterans preference provided for in sections 15 <u>48-225 to 48-231, the</u> The policy of this state does not require any person to employ an applicant for employment because of his or her race, 16 color, religion, sex, disability, or national origin, or military or 17 veteran status, and the policy of this state does not require any 18 employment agency, labor organization, or joint 19 emplover, labor-20 management committee to grant preferential treatment to any individual or 21 to any group because of race, color, religion, sex, disability, or 22 national origin, or military or veteran status.

23 (3) It is the public policy of this state that all people in 24 Nebraska, both with and without disabilities, shall have the right and opportunity to enjoy the benefits of living, working, and recreating 25 26 within this state. It is the intent of the Legislature that state and 27 local governments, Nebraska businesses, Nebraska labor organizations, and Nebraskans with disabilities understand their rights and responsibilities 28 29 under the law regarding employment discrimination and the prevention of 30 discrimination on the basis of disability.

31

Sec. 79. Section 48-1104, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

1 amended to read:

48-1104 It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an employer:
(1) To fail or refuse to hire, to discharge, or to harass any
individual, or otherwise to discriminate against any individual with
respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment,
because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex, disability,
marital status, or national origin, or military or veteran status; or

8 (2) To limit, advertise, solicit, segregate, or classify employees 9 in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of 10 employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect such individual's 11 status as an employee, because of such individual's race, color, 12 religion, sex, disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or</u> 13 <u>military or veteran status</u>.

Sec. 80. Section 48-1105, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

16 48-1105 It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an 17 employment agency to<u>:</u>

<u>(1) Fail fail</u> or refuse to refer for employment, or otherwise to
 discriminate against, any individual because of race, color, religion,
 sex, disability, marital status, or national origin, or military or
 veteran status; or

(2) Classify to classify or refer for employment any individual on
 the basis of race, color, religion, sex, disability, marital status, or
 national origin, or military or veteran status.

25 Sec. 81. Section 48-1106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

48-1106 It shall be an unlawful employment practice for a labororganization:

(1) To exclude or to expel from its membership, or otherwise to
discriminate against, any individual because of race, color, religion,
sex, disability, marital status, or national origin, or military or

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1 <u>veteran status;</u>

(2) To limit, segregate, or classify its membership, or to classify 2 3 or fail or refuse to refer for employment any individual, in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employment 4 5 opportunities, or would limit such employment opportunities or otherwise 6 adversely affect such individual's status as an employee or as an 7 applicant for employment, because of such individual's race, color, 8 religion, sex, disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or</u> 9 <u>military or veteran status;</u> or

10 (3) To cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against11 an individual in violation of this section.

Sec. 82. Section 48-1107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

14 48-1107 It shall be an unlawful employment practice for any 15 employer, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee 16 controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including on-17 the-job training programs, to discriminate against any individual because 18 of race, color, religion, sex, disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national 19 origin, or military or veteran status, in admission to, or employment in, 20 any program established to provide apprenticeship or other training.

Sec. 83. Section 48-1108, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-1108 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Nebraska Fair
 Employment Practice Act:

(1) It shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment agency to classify or refer for employment any individual, for a labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer for employment any individual, or for an employer, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit or employ any individual in any such program on the basis of

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religion, sex, disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national origin, or 1 2 military or veteran status in those certain instances when religion, sex, 3 disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or military or veteran</u> status is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to 4 5 the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise;

6 (2) It shall not be an unlawful employment practice for a school, 7 college, university, or other educational institution or institution of learning to hire and employ employees of a particular religion if such 8 9 school, college, university, or other educational institution or institution of learning is, in whole or in substantial part, owned, 10 11 supported, controlled, or managed by a particular religion or by a particular religious corporation, association, or society or if the 12 curriculum of such school, college, university, or other educational 13 14 institution of learning is directed toward the propagation of a 15 particular religion;

(3) It shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer 16 enact any bona fide health and safety standard that regulates 17 to characteristics associated with race if the employer demonstrates that: 18

(a) Without the implementation of such standard, it is reasonably 19 20 certain that the health and safety of the applicant, employee, or other 21 materially connected person will be impaired;

22

(b) The standard is adopted for nondiscriminatory reasons;

23

(c) The standard is applied equally; and

(d) The employer has engaged in good faith efforts to reasonably 24 accommodate the applicant or employee; and 25

26 (4) It shall not be an unlawful employment practice for the Nebraska 27 State Patrol, a county sheriff, a city or village police department, or any other law enforcement agency in this state or the Nebraska National 28 29 Guard to impose its own dress and grooming standards.

30 Sec. 84. Section 48-1111, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 31

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48-1111 (1) Except as otherwise provided in the Nebraska Fair 1 2 Employment Practice Act, it shall not be an unlawful employment practice 3 for an employer to apply different standards of compensation, or different terms, conditions, or privileges of employment pursuant to a 4 5 bona fide seniority or merit system or a system which measures earnings 6 by quantity or quality of production or to employees who work in 7 different locations, if such differences are not the result of an 8 intention to discriminate because of race, color, religion, sex, 9 disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national origin, or military or veteran status, nor shall it be an unlawful employment practice for an employer 10 11 to give and to act upon the results of any professionally developed ability test if such test, its administration, or action upon the results 12 is not designed, intended, or used to discriminate because of race, 13 14 color, religion, sex, disability, marital status, or national origin, or 15 military or veteran status.

16 (2) It shall not be an unlawful employment practice for a covered 17 entity to deny privileges of employment to an individual with a 18 disability when the qualification standards, tests, or selection criteria 19 that screen out or tend to screen out or otherwise deny a job or benefit 20 to an individual with a disability:

(a) Have been shown to be job-related and consistent with business
necessity and such performance cannot be accomplished by reasonable
accommodation, as required by the Nebraska Fair Employment Practice Act
and the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; or

(b) Include a requirement that an individual shall not pose a direct threat, involving a significant risk to the health or safety of other individuals in the workplace, that cannot be eliminated by reasonable accommodation.

<u>(3)</u> It shall not be an unlawful employment practice to refuse
 employment based on a policy of not employing both husband and wife if
 such policy is equally applied to both sexes.

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1 <u>(4)</u> (2) Except as otherwise provided in the Nebraska Fair Employment 2 Practice Act, women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical 3 conditions shall be treated the same for all employment-related purposes, 4 including receipt of employee benefits, as other persons not so affected 5 but similar in their ability or inability to work, and nothing in this 6 section shall be interpreted to provide otherwise.

7 <u>(5)</u> This section shall not require an employer to provide employee 8 benefits for abortion except when medical complications have arisen from 9 an abortion.

10 <u>(6)</u>Nothing in this section shall preclude an employer from 11 providing employee benefits for abortion under fringe benefit programs or 12 otherwise affect bargaining agreements in regard to abortion.

13 Sec. 85. Section 48-1113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 14 amended to read:

15 48-1113 Nothing in the Nebraska Fair Employment Practice Act shall interpreted to require any employer, 16 be employment agency, labor 17 organization, or joint labor-management committee subject to the act to grant preferential treatment to any individual or to any group because of 18 the race, color, religion, sex, disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national 19 20 origin, or military or veteran status of such individual or group on 21 account of an imbalance which may exist with respect to the total number 22 or percentage of persons of any race, color, religion, sex, disability, 23 marital status, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or military or veteran status</u> 24 employed by any employer, referred or classified for employment by any employment agency or labor organization, admitted to membership or 25 26 classified by any labor organization, or admitted to, or employed in, any 27 apprenticeship or other training program, in comparison with the total number or percentage of persons of such race, color, religion, sex, 28 29 disability, marital status, or national origin, or military or veteran 30 status in any community, section, or other area, or in the available work force in any community, section, or other area. 31

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Sec. 86. Section 48-1115, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 48-1115 Except as provided in section 91 of this act and except for the veterans preference provided for in sections 48-225 to 48-231 or 4 5 section 48-238, it It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an 6 employer, labor organization, or employment agency to print or publish or 7 cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to 8 employment by such an employer or membership in or any classification or 9 referral for employment by such a labor organization, or relating to any classification or referral for employment by such an employment agency, 10 11 indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination 12 based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, marital status, or national origin, or military or veteran status, except that such a notice 13 14 or advertisement may indicate a preference, limitation, specification or 15 discrimination based on religion, sex, disability, marital status, or national origin, or military or veteran status when religion, sex, 16 17 disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or military or veteran</u> status is a bona fide occupational qualification for employment. 18

19 Sec. 87. Section 48-1117, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 20 amended to read:

21 48-1117 The commission shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To receive, investigate, and pass upon charges of unlawful
employment practices anywhere in the state;

(2) To hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, administer oaths, and take the testimony of any person under oath and, in connection therewith, to require the production for examination of any books and papers relevant to any allegation of unlawful employment practice pending before the commission. The commission may make rules as to the issuance of subpoenas, subject to the approval by a constitutional majority of the elected members of the Legislature;

31 (3) To cooperate with the federal government and with local agencies

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to effectuate the purposes of the Nebraska Fair Employment Practice Act, including the sharing of information possessed by the commission on a case that has also been filed with the federal government or local agencies if both the employer and complainant have been notified of the filing;

6 (4) To attempt to eliminate unfair employment practices by means of
7 conference, mediation, conciliation, arbitration, and persuasion;

8 (5) To require that every employer, employment agency, and labor 9 organization subject to the act shall (a) make and keep such records relevant to the determinations of whether unlawful employment practices 10 11 have been or are being committed, (b) preserve such records for such 12 periods, and (c) make such reports therefrom, as the commission shall prescribe by regulation or order, after public hearing, as reasonable, 13 14 necessary, or appropriate for the enforcement of the act or the 15 regulations or orders thereunder. The commission shall, by regulation, require each employer, labor organization, and joint labor-management 16 17 committee subject to the act which controls an apprenticeship or other 18 training program to maintain such records as are reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of the act, including, but not limited to, a list 19 of applicants who wish to participate in such program, including the 20 21 chronological order in which such applications were received, and to 22 furnish to the commission, upon request, a detailed description of the 23 manner in which persons are selected to participate in the apprenticeship 24 or other training program. Any employer, employment agency, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee which believes that the 25 26 application to it of any regulation or order issued under this section 27 would result in undue hardship may either apply to the commission for an exemption from the application of such regulation or order or bring a 28 29 civil action in the district court for the district where such records 30 are kept. If the commission or the court, as the case may be, finds that the application of the regulation or order to the employer, employment 31

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agency, or labor organization in question would impose an undue hardship,
 the commission or the court, as the case may be, may grant appropriate
 relief;

(6) To report, not less than once every two years, to the Clerk of 4 5 the Legislature and the Governor, on the hearings it has conducted and 6 the decisions it has rendered, the other work performed by it to carry 7 out the purposes of the act, and to make recommendations for such further 8 legislation concerning abuses and discrimination because of race, color, 9 religion, sex, disability, marital status, <del>or</del> national origin<u>, or</u> military or veteran status, as may be desirable. The report shall also 10 11 include the number of complaints filed under the act alleging a violation of subdivision (2) of section 48-1107.01 and the resolution of such 12 complaints. The report submitted to the Clerk of the Legislature shall be 13 14 submitted electronically. Each member of the Legislature shall receive an 15 electronic copy of the report required by this subdivision by making a request for it to the chairperson of the commission; and 16

17 (7) To adopt and promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry18 out the duties prescribed in the act.

19 Sec. 88. Section 48-1119, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 20 amended to read:

21 48-1119 (1) In case of failure to eliminate any unlawful employment 22 practice by informal methods of conference, conciliation, persuasion, 23 mediation, or arbitration, the commission may order a public hearing. If 24 such hearing is ordered, the commission shall cause to be issued and served a written notice, together with a copy of the complaint, requiring 25 26 the person, employer, labor organization, or employment agency named in 27 the complaint, hereinafter referred to as respondent, to answer such charges at a hearing before the commission at a time and place which 28 29 shall be specified in such notice. Such hearing shall be within the 30 county where the alleged unlawful employment practice occurred. The complainant shall be a party to the proceeding, and in the discretion of 31

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the commission any other person whose testimony has a bearing on the 1 matter may be allowed to intervene therein. Both the complainant and the 2 3 respondent, in addition to the commission, may introduce witnesses at the hearing. The respondent may file a verified answer to the allegations of 4 5 the complaint and may appear at such hearing in person and with or 6 without counsel. Testimony or other evidence may be introduced by either 7 party. All evidence shall be under oath and a record thereof shall be 8 made and preserved. Such proceedings shall, so far as practicable, be 9 conducted in accordance with the rules of evidence applicable in the district courts of the State of Nebraska, and shall be of public record. 10

11 (2) No person shall be excused from testifying or from producing any 12 book, document, paper, or account in any investigation, or inquiry by, or hearing before the commission when ordered to do so, upon the ground that 13 14 the testimony or evidence, book, document, paper, or account required of 15 such person may tend to incriminate such person in or subject such person to penalty or forfeiture; but no person shall be prosecuted, punished, or 16 17 subjected to any forfeiture or penalty for or on account of any act, transaction, matter, or thing concerning which such person shall have 18 been compelled under oath to testify or produce documentary evidence, 19 except that no person so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution or 20 21 punishment for any perjury committed by such person in his or her 22 testimony. Such immunity shall extend only to a natural person who, in 23 obedience to a subpoena, gives testimony under oath or produces evidence, 24 documentary or otherwise, under oath. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as precluding any person from claiming any right or privilege 25 26 available to such person under the Fifth Amendment fifth amendment to the 27 Constitution of the United States.

(3) After the conclusion of the hearing, the commission shall,
within ten days of the receipt of the transcript or the receipt of the
recommendations from the hearing officer, make and file its findings of
fact and conclusions of law and make and enter an appropriate order. The

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hearing officer need not refer to the page and line numbers of the 1 2 transcript when making his or her recommendation to the commission. Such 3 findings of fact and conclusions of law shall be in sufficient detail to enable a court on appeal to determine the controverted questions 4 5 presented by the proceedings and whether proper weight was given to the 6 evidence. If the commission determines that the respondent has 7 intentionally engaged in or is intentionally engaging in any unlawful 8 employment practice, it shall issue and cause to be served on such 9 respondent an order requiring such respondent to cease and desist from such unlawful employment practice and order such other affirmative action 10 11 as may be appropriate which may include, but shall not be limited to, 12 reinstatement or hiring of employees, with or without backpay. Backpay liability shall not accrue from a date more than two years prior to the 13 14 filing of the charge with the commission. Interim earnings or amounts 15 earnable with reasonable diligence by the person or persons discriminated against shall operate to reduce the backpay otherwise allowable. 16

17 (4) A complainant who has suffered physical, emotional, or financial harm as a result of a violation of section 48-1104 or 48-1114 may, at any 18 stage of the proceedings prior to dismissal, file an action directly in 19 20 the district court of the county where such alleged violation occurred. 21 If the complainant files a district court action on the charge, the 22 complainant shall provide written notice of such filing to the and such notification shall immediately terminate 23 commission, all 24 proceedings before the commission. The district court shall file and try such case as any other civil action, and any successful complainant shall 25 26 be entitled to appropriate relief, including temporary or permanent 27 injunctive relief, general and special damages, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs. 28

(5) No order of the commission shall require the admission or
reinstatement of an individual as a member of a labor organization or the
hiring, reinstatement, or promotion of an individual as an employee, or

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the payment to him or her of any backpay, if such individual was refused 1 2 admission, suspended, or expelled, or was refused employment or 3 advancement or was suspended or discharged for any reason other than discrimination on account of race, color, religion, sex, disability, 4 5 marital status, or national origin, or military or veteran status or in 6 violation of section 48-1114. If the commission finds that a respondent 7 has not engaged in any unfair employment practice, it shall within thirty 8 days state its findings of fact and conclusions of law. A copy of any 9 order shall be served upon the person against whom it runs or his or her attorney and notice thereof shall be given to the other parties to the 10 11 proceedings or their attorneys. Such order shall take effect twenty days after service thereof unless otherwise provided and shall continue in 12 force either for a period which may be designated therein or until 13 14 changed or revoked by the commission.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, until a transcript of the record of the proceedings is filed in the district court as provided in section 48-1120, the commission may, at any time upon reasonable notice and in such a manner it shall deem proper, modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any finding or order made by it.

20 Sec. 89. Section 48-1122, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 48-1122 Every contract to which the state or any of its political 23 subdivisions is a party shall contain a provision requiring the 24 contractor and his or her subcontractors not to discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment, to be employed in the performance 25 26 of such contract, with respect to his or her hire, tenure, terms, 27 conditions, or privileges of employment, because of his or her race, color, religion, sex, disability, or national origin, or military or 28 29 <u>veteran status</u>.

30 Sec. 90. Section 48-1124, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

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48-1124 Nothing contained in the Nebraska Fair Employment Practice 1 2 Act shall be deemed to repeal any of the provisions of the civil rights 3 law, any other law of this state, or any municipal ordinance relating to discrimination because of race, creed, color, religion, sex, disability, 4 5 or national origin, or military or veteran status. Sec. 91. The inclusion of military or veteran status as a protected 6 7 class in the Nebraska Fair Employment Practice Act and sections 23-2525, 8 23-2531, and 23-2541: (1) Is not intended to duplicate or mirror the protections offered 9 by the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act 10 of 1994, 38 U.S.C. 4301 et seq.; 11 (2) Does not require an employer or other covered entity to treat a 12 13 servicemember who is absent from work differently than an individual who 14 <u>is not a servicemember;</u> 15 (3) Does not prohibit the granting of special benefits to veterans 16 or servicemembers on an otherwise nondiscriminatory basis; and 17 (4) Does not prohibit veterans' preference programs. Sec. 92. Section 49-801, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 19 amended to read: 20 49-801 Unless the context is shown to intend otherwise, words and phrases in the statutes of Nebraska hereafter enacted are used in the 21 22 following sense: 23 (1) Acquire when used in connection with a grant of power or property right to any person includes shall include the purchase, grant, 24 25 gift, devise, bequest, and obtaining by eminent domain; 26 (2) Action includes shall include any proceeding in any court of this state; 27 28 (3) Attorney means shall mean attorney at law; 29 (4) Company <u>includes</u> shall include any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint-stock company, joint venture, or 30 association;

(5) Domestic when applied to corporations <u>means</u> shall mean all those
 created by authority of this state;

3 (6) Federal <u>refers</u> shall refer to the United States;

4 (7) Foreign when applied to corporations <u>includes</u> shall include all
5 those created by authority other than that of this state;

6 (8) Grantee <u>includes</u> shall include every person to whom any estate
7 or interest passes in or by any conveyance;

8 (9) Grantor <u>includes</u> shall include every person from or by whom any
9 estate or interest passes in or by any conveyance;

10 (10) Inhabitant shall be construed to mean a resident in the 11 particular locality in reference to which that word is used;

(11) Land or real estate <u>includes</u> shall include lands, tenements,
and hereditaments and all rights thereto and interest therein other than
a chattel interest;

(12) Magistrate <u>includes</u> shall include judge of the county court and
 clerk magistrate;

17 (13) Military or veteran status means a person:

(a) Is serving active duty service in the armed forces of the United
 States, including any reserve component or the National Guard;

20 (b) Has served on such active duty and was discharged or otherwise
21 separated with a characterization of honorable or general (under
22 honorable conditions); or

23 (c) Is a dependent, as defined in 50 U.S.C. 3911, of a person
 24 described in subdivision (13)(a) or (b) of this section;

25 (<u>14</u>) (<del>13</del>) Month <u>means</u> shall mean calendar month;

26 (15) (14) Oath <u>includes</u> shall include affirmation in all cases in
 27 which an affirmation may be substituted for an oath;

(16) (15) Peace officer <u>includes</u> shall include sheriffs, coroners,
 jailers, marshals, police officers, state highway patrol officers,
 members of the National Guard on active service by direction of the
 Governor during periods of emergency, and all other persons with similar

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1 authority to make arrests;

(17) (16) Person <u>includes</u> shall include bodies politic 2 and 3 corporate, societies, communities, the public generally, individuals, partnerships, limited liability companies, joint-stock companies, and 4 5 associations;

6 (18) (17) Personal estate includes shall include money, goods, 7 chattels, claims, and evidences of debt;

(19) (18) Process means shall mean a summons, subpoena, or notice to 8 9 appear issued out of a court in the course of judicial proceedings;

(20) (19) Service animal has shall have the same meaning as in 28 10 C.F.R. 36.104, as such regulation existed on January 1, 2008; 11

(21) (20) State when applied to different states of the United 12 States shall be construed to extend to and include the District of 13 14 Columbia and the several territories organized by Congress;

(22) (21) Sworn <u>includes</u> shall include affirmed in all cases in 15 which an affirmation may be substituted for an oath; 16

17 (23) (22) The United States includes shall include territories, outlying possessions, and the District of Columbia; 18

(24) (23) Violate includes shall include failure to comply with; 19

20 (25) (24) Writ shall signify an order or citation in writing issued 21 in the name of the state out of a court or by a judicial officer; and 22

(26) (25) Year means shall mean calendar year.

23 Sec. 93. Section 51-211, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

51-211 (1) The library board may erect, lease, or occupy an 25 26 appropriate building for the use of a library, appoint a suitable 27 librarian and assistants, fix the compensation of such appointees, and remove such appointees at the pleasure of the board. The governing body 28 29 of the county, city, or village in which the library is located shall 30 approve any personnel administrative or compensation policy or procedure before implementation of such policy or procedure by the library board. 31

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(2) The library board may establish rules and regulations for the 1 2 government of such library as may be deemed necessary for its 3 preservation and to maintain its usefulness and efficiency. The library board may fix and impose, by general rules, penalties and forfeitures for 4 5 trespasses upon or injury to the library grounds, rooms, books, or other 6 property, for failure to return any book, or for violation of any bylaw, 7 rule, or regulation and fix and impose reasonable fees, not to exceed the 8 library's actual cost, for nonbasic services. The board shall have and 9 exercise such power as may be necessary to carry out the spirit and intent of sections 51-201 to 51-219 in establishing and maintaining a 10 11 public library and reading room.

(3) The public library shall make its basic services available
without charge to all residents of the political subdivision which
supplies its tax support.

(4) No service shall be denied to any person because of race, sex,
 religion, age, color, national origin, ancestry, physical handicap, or
 marital status, or military or veteran status.

18 Sec. 94. Section 58-216, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

58-216 Low-income or moderate-income person shall mean any person irrespective of race, religion, creed, national origin, or sex, or <u>military or veteran status</u> determined by the authority to be eligible for such assistance as is made available by the Nebraska Investment Finance Authority Act on account of insufficient personal or family income, taking into consideration without limiting the generality thereof such factors as:

27 (1) The amount of income of such person available for housing needs;

28 (2) Size of family;

29 (3) Cost and condition of housing available;

30 (4) Whether such person is elderly, infirm, or disabled;

31 (5) The ability of such person to compete successfully in the normal

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private housing market and to pay the amounts at which private enterprise
 is providing sanitary, safe, and uncrowded housing; and

3 (6) Existing federal guidelines or standards for determining low4 income and moderate income.

5 Sec. 95. Section 58-808, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
6 amended to read:

7 58-808 Private health care institution means any private not-for-8 profit corporation or institution that (1) is licensed under the Health 9 Care Facility Licensure Act, (2) is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxation under 10 11 section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, (3) is located within this 12 state and is not owned or controlled by the state or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district, or municipality thereof, 13 14 and (4) does not violate any Nebraska or federal law against 15 discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, age, gender, or handicap, or military or veteran status. 16

Sec. 96. Section 58-809, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 58-809 Private institution of higher education means a not-for-20 profit educational institution located within this state which is not 21 owned or controlled by the state or any political subdivision, agency, 22 instrumentality, district, or municipality thereof, which is authorized 23 by law to provide a program of education beyond the high school level, 24 and which:

(1) Admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate
of graduation from a high school or the recognized equivalent of such a
certificate;

(2) Provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor's
degree; provides an educational program, admission into which is
conditioned upon the prior attainment of a bachelor's degree or its
equivalent, for which it awards a postgraduate degree; provides a program

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of not less than two years in length which is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's degree; or offers a two-year program in engineering, mathematics, or the physical or biological sciences which is designed to prepare the student to work as a technician and at a semiprofessional level in engineering, research, medicine, or other technological fields which require the understanding and application of basic engineering, scientific, or mathematical principles or knowledge;

8 (3) Is accredited by an accrediting agency or association or, if not 9 so accredited, is an institution whose credits are accepted, on transfer, 10 by not less than three institutions which are so accredited, for credit 11 on the same basis as if transferred from an institution so accredited; 12 and

(4) Has a student admissions policy that does not violate any other
Nebraska or federal law against discrimination on the basis of race,
color, creed, national origin, ancestry, age, gender, or
<u>military or veteran status</u>.

Sec. 97. Section 58-810, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

58-810 Private social services institution means any private not-19 20 for-profit corporation or institution that (1) provides health, safety, 21 and welfare assistance, including emergency, social, housing, and related 22 support services, to members of the general public in the state, (2) is 23 described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt 24 from federal income taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, (3) is located within this state and is not owned or controlled by 25 26 the state or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, 27 district, or municipality thereof, and (4) does not violate any Nebraska 28 or federal law against discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, 29 national origin, ancestry, age, gender, <del>or</del> handicap<u>, or military or</u> 30 veteran status.

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Sec. 98. Section 68-1605, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read:

68-1605 (1) The department shall use the funds in the Homeless
Shelter Assistance Trust Fund to finance grants for projects or programs
that provide for persons or families with special housing needs.

5 (2) Projects and programs to which funds shall be provided include 6 eligible community, neighborhood-based, housing-assistance organizations, 7 institutions, associations, and societies or corporations that:

8 (a) Are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
9 Revenue Code as defined in section 49-801.01;

(b) Do not discriminate on the basis of age, religion, sex, race,
color, or national origin, or military or veteran status. This
subdivision does not prohibit otherwise nondiscriminatory conduct
designed to benefit veterans or servicemembers or their family members,
such as providing housing limited to veterans or servicemembers or their
family members, or otherwise offering benefits that are limited to
veterans or servicemembers or their family members;

17 (c) Provide residential housing for at least eight hours of every18 twenty-four-hour period; and

19 (d) Operate a drug-free premises.

20 (3) The department shall establish an advisory committee consisting 21 of individuals and groups involved with housing issues, in particular 22 those pertaining to persons or families with special housing needs, to 23 advise and assist the department in establishing criteria, priorities, 24 and guidelines for eligibility requirements, application requirements and dates, public notification, and monitoring and 25 shall assist the 26 department in adopting and promulgating rules and regulations for 27 providing grants from the fund.

(4) An application submitted by an organization representing a
 number of eligible applicants may be considered even though the
 representing organization may itself not qualify under this section.

31 (5) In making grants pursuant to the Homeless Shelter Assistance

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Trust Fund Act, the department shall consider, but not be limited to, the
 following factors:

3 (a) The number of night-lodging units provided by the applicant as
4 measured by the number of persons housed per night;

(b) Participation by the applicant in community planning processes
and activities aimed at preventing and alleviating homelessness;

7 (c) Other verifiable units of service provided by the applicant; and

(d) The geographic distribution of funds.

9 Sec. 99. Section 69-2403, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 10 amended to read:

11 69-2403 (1) Except as provided in this section and section 69-2409, 12 a person shall not:

(a) Purchase purchase, lease, rent, or receive transfer of a handgun
 until he or she has obtained a certificate in accordance with section
 69-2404; or - Except as provided in this section and section 69-2409, a
 person shall not sell

<u>(b) Sell</u>, lease, rent, or transfer a handgun to a person who has not
 obtained a certificate.

19 (2) The certificate shall not be required if:

20 (a) The person acquiring the handgun is a licensed firearms dealer
21 under federal law;

22 (b) The handgun is an antique handgun;

(c) The person acquiring the handgun is authorized to do so on
behalf of a law enforcement agency;

(d) The transfer is a temporary transfer of a handgun and the
transferee remains (i) in the line of sight of the transferor or (ii)
within the premises of an established shooting facility;

(e) The transfer is between a person and his or her spouse, sibling,
parent, child, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, or grandparent;

(f) The person acquiring the handgun is a holder of a valid permit
 under the Concealed Handgun Permit Act; or

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(g) The person acquiring the handgun is a peace officer as defined
 in section 69-2429.

3 Sec. 100. Section 69-2409.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
4 is amended to read:

5 69-2409.01 <u>(1)(a)</u> <del>(1)</del> For purposes of <u>criminal history record</u> 6 <u>information checks relating to firearms or explosives</u> <del>sections 69-2401 to</del> 7 <del>69-2425</del>, the Nebraska State Patrol shall be furnished with only such</del> 8 information as may be necessary for the <u>purposes</u> <del>sole</del> <del>purpose</del> of 9 determining whether an individual is:

10 (i) Qualified to receive a permit to carry a concealed handgun under 11 section 69-2433; or

<u>(ii) Disqualified</u> disqualified from purchasing or possessing
 <u>firearms or explosives</u> a handgun pursuant to state <u>or federal</u> law <del>or is</del>
 subject to the disability provisions of 18 U.S.C. 922(d)(4) and (g)(4).

15 (b) Such information shall be furnished by the Department of Health and Human Services. The clerks of the various courts shall furnish to the 16 Department of Health and Human Services and Nebraska State Patrol, as 17 soon as practicable but within thirty days after a court order is issued, 18 in a form and manner prescribed by the Department of Health and Human 19 Services or the Nebraska State Patrol, as applicable an order of 20 21 commitment or discharge is issued or after removal of firearm-related 22 disabilities pursuant to section 71-963, all information necessary to set 23 up and maintain the database required by this section. The clerks of the 24 various courts shall furnish This information shall include (a) 25 information regarding those persons who:

(i) Are disqualified from purchasing or possessing firearms or
 explosives pursuant to state or federal law, including, but not limited
 to, 18 U.S.C. 922(d)(4) and (g)(4);

29 (ii) Are are currently receiving mental health treatment pursuant to 30 a commitment order of a mental health board or who have been 31 discharged;  $\tau$ 

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(iii) Have (b) information regarding those persons who have been
 committed to treatment pursuant to section 29-3702; - and

3 (iv) Meet the definition of adjudicated as a mental defective or 4 committed to a mental institution pursuant to 27 C.F.R. 478.11, including 5 individuals found not responsible by reason of insanity, found not 6 competent to stand trial, found to lack the mental capacity to manage 7 their own affairs, or otherwise found by a court to be not competent; and 8 (v) Have (c) information regarding those persons who have had 9 firearm-related disabilities removed pursuant to section 71-963.

10 <u>(c)</u> The mental health board shall notify the Department of Health 11 and Human Services and the Nebraska State Patrol when <u>an individual's</u> 12 <u>firearm-related</u> <del>such</del> disabilities have been removed <u>pursuant to section</u> 13 <u>71-963</u>.

14 (d) The <u>department</u> Department of Health and Human Services shall 15 also maintain in the database <u>information provided by the clerks of the</u> 16 <u>various courts pursuant to this section and a listing of persons</u> 17 committed to treatment pursuant to section 29-3702.

(e) To ensure the accuracy of the database, any information 18 maintained or disclosed under this subsection shall 19 be updated, 20 corrected, modified, or removed, as appropriate, and as soon as 21 practicable, from any database that the state or federal government 22 maintains and makes available to the National Instant Criminal Background 23 Check System. The procedures for furnishing the information shall 24 guarantee that no information is released beyond what is necessary for purposes of this section. 25

(2) In order to comply with sections 69-2401 and 69-2403 to 69-2408
and this section, the Nebraska State Patrol shall provide to the chief of
police or sheriff of an applicant's place of residence or a licensee in
the process of a criminal history record check pursuant to section
69-2411 only the information regarding whether or not the applicant is
disgualified from purchasing or possessing a handgun.

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1 (3) Any person, agency, or mental health board participating in good 2 faith in the reporting or disclosure of records and communications under 3 this section is immune from any liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, 4 that might result by reason of the action.

5 (4) Any person who intentionally causes the Nebraska State Patrol to 6 request information pursuant to this section without reasonable belief 7 that the named individual has submitted a written application under 8 section 69-2404 or 69-2430 or is otherwise subject to a criminal history 9 record information check pursuant to law has completed a consent form under section 69-2410 shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor in 10 11 addition to other civil or criminal liability under state or federal law. 12 (5) The Nebraska State Patrol and the Department of Health and Human 13 Services shall report electronically to the Clerk of the Legislature on a

14 biannual basis the following information about the database: (a) The 15 number of total records of persons unable to purchase or possess firearms 16 because of disqualification or disability shared with the National 17 Instant Criminal Background Check System; (b) the number of shared records by category of such persons; (c) the change in number of total 18 19 shared records and change in number of records by category from the 20 previous six months; (d) the number of records existing but not able to 21 be shared with the National Instant Criminal Background Check System 22 because the record was incomplete and unable to be accepted by the 23 National Instant Criminal Background Check System; and (e) the number of 24 hours or days, if any, during which the database was unable to share 25 records with the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and 26 the reason for such inability. The report shall also be published on the 27 websites of the Nebraska State Patrol and the Department of Health and 28 Human Services.

29 Sec. 101. Section 69-2410, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 69-2410 No importer, manufacturer, or dealer licensed pursuant to 18

U.S.C. 923 shall sell or deliver any handgun to another person other than
a licensed importer, manufacturer, dealer, or collector until he or she
has:

4 (1) (1)(a) Inspected a valid certificate issued to such person
5 pursuant to sections 69-2401, 69-2403 to 69-2408, and 69-2409.01; and

6 (2) (b) Inspected a valid identification containing a photograph of 7 such person which appropriately and completely identifies such person.  $\dot{\tau}$ 8 or

9 (2)(a) Obtained a completed consent form from the potential buyer or 10 transferee, which form shall be established by the Nebraska State Patrol 11 and provided by the licensed importer, manufacturer, or dealer. The form 12 shall include the name, address, date of birth, gender, race, and country 13 of citizenship of such potential buyer or transferee. If the potential 14 buyer or transferee is not a United States citizen, the completed consent 15 form shall contain the potential buyer's or transferee's place of birth 16 and his or her alien or admission number;

17 (b) Inspected a valid identification containing a photograph of the 18 potential buyer or transferee which appropriately and completely 19 identifies such person;

20 (c) Requested by toll-free telephone call or other electromagnetic
21 communication that the Nebraska State Patrol conduct a criminal history
22 record check; and

23 (d) Received a unique approval number for such inquiry from the
 24 Nebraska State Patrol indicating the date and number on the consent form.
 25 Sec. 102. Section 69-2420, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 26 amended to read:

69-2420 Any person who, in connection with the purchase, transfer, or attempted purchase of a handgun pursuant to <u>section</u> <del>sections</del> 69-2410 <del>to 69-2423</del>, knowingly and intentionally makes any materially false oral or written statement or knowingly and intentionally furnishes any false identification intended or likely to deceive the licensee shall be guilty

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1 of a Class IV felony. Sec. 103. Section 71-901, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2 3 2024, is amended to read: 71-901 Sections 71-901 to 71-964 and sections 106 and 107 of this 4 5 act shall be known and may be cited as the Nebraska Mental Health 6 Commitment Act. 7 Sec. 104. Section 71-903, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 8 2024, is amended to read: 9 71-903 For purposes of the Nebraska Mental Health Commitment Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections 10 71-904 to 71-914.02 and sections 106 and 107 of this act shall apply. 11 Sec. 105. Section 71-904, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read: 13 14 71-904 Administrator means the administrator or other chief 15 administrative officer of a treatment facility, medical facility, jail, or Department of Correctional Services facility or his or her designee. 16 17 Sec. 106. Dangerous sex offender has the same meaning as in section 83-174.01. 18 Videoconferencing means conducting or participating in a 19 Sec. 107. hearing or evaluation electronically or telephonically with audiovisual 20 21 interaction among the participants. 22 Sec. 108. Section 71-915, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 71-915 (1) The presiding judge in each district court judicial

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24 district shall create at least one but not more than three mental health 25 26 boards in such district and shall appoint sufficient members and 27 alternate members to such boards. Members and alternate members of a mental health board shall be appointed for four-year terms. The presiding 28 29 judge may remove members and alternate members of the board at his or her 30 discretion. Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as provided for the original appointment. Members of the mental 31

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1 health board shall have the same immunity as judges of the district 2 court.

3 (2) Each mental health board shall consist of an attorney licensed to practice law in this state and any two of the following but not more 4 5 than one from each category: A physician, a psychologist, a psychiatric 6 nurse, a licensed clinical social worker or a licensed independent 7 clinical social worker, a licensed independent mental health practitioner 8 who is not a social worker, or a layperson with a demonstrated interest 9 in mental health and substance dependency issues. The attorney shall be chairperson of the board. Members and alternate members of a mental 10 11 health board shall take and subscribe an oath to support the United 12 States Constitution and the Constitution of Nebraska and to faithfully discharge the duties of the office according to law. 13

(3) The mental health board shall have the power to issue subpoenas, to administer oaths, and to do any act necessary and proper for the board to carry out its duties. No mental health board hearing shall be conducted unless three members or alternate members are present and able to vote. Any action taken at any mental health board hearing shall be by majority vote. <u>Upon the agreement of all parties</u>, any hearing before the mental health board may be conducted by videoconferencing.

21 (4) The mental health board shall prepare and file an annual 22 inventory statement with the county board of its county of all county 23 personal property in its custody or possession. Members of the mental 24 health board shall be compensated and shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses by the county or counties being served by 25 26 such board. Compensation shall be at an hourly rate to be determined by 27 the presiding judge of the district court, except that such compensation shall not be less than fifty dollars for each hearing of the board. 28 29 Members shall also be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses, 30 not including charges for meals. Mileage shall be determined pursuant to section 23-1112. 31

Sec. 109. Section 71-919, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2024, is amended to read:

71-919 (1)(a) A law enforcement officer may take a person into
emergency protective custody, cause him or her to be taken into emergency
protective custody, or continue his or her custody if he or she is
already in custody if the officer has probable cause to believe:

7 (i) Such person is mentally ill and dangerous or a dangerous sex 8 offender and that the harm described in section 71-908 or subdivision (1) 9 of section 83-174.01 is likely to occur before mental health board 10 proceedings under the Nebraska Mental Health Commitment Act or the Sex 11 Offender Commitment Act may be initiated to obtain custody of the person; 12 or

(ii) For a person domiciled within Indian country in Nebraska, that such person is mentally ill and dangerous or a dangerous sex offender under tribal law and that harm comparable to that described in section 71-908 or subdivision (1) of section 83-174.01 or the equivalent under tribal law is likely to occur before mental health proceedings under tribal law may be initiated to obtain custody of the person.

(b) Such person shall be admitted to an appropriate and available
medical facility, jail, or Department of Correctional Services facility
as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

(c)(i) Except as provided in subdivision (1)(c)(ii) of this section,
each county shall make arrangements with appropriate facilities inside or
outside the county for such purpose and shall pay the cost of the
emergency protective custody of persons from such county in such
facilities.

(ii) For a subject domiciled within Indian country in Nebraska for whom emergency protective custody is initiated under tribal law, the tribe shall make arrangements with appropriate facilities inside or outside the tribe for such purpose and shall make arrangements for payment of the cost of the emergency protective custody of persons from

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1 such tribe in such facilities.

2 (d) A mental health professional who has probable cause to believe 3 that a person is mentally ill and dangerous or a dangerous sex offender 4 may cause such person to be taken into custody and shall have a limited 5 privilege to hold such person until a law enforcement officer or other 6 authorized person arrives to take custody of such person.

7 (2)(a) For purposes of this subsection, convicted sex offender means
8 a person with a prior conviction for an offense listed in section
9 29-4003.

10 <u>(b)</u> A person taken into emergency protective custody under this 11 section who is not a convicted sex offender shall be admitted to an 12 appropriate and available medical facility, except that such person may 13 instead be admitted to a jail or other facility with an available mental 14 health bed under the Regional Mental Health Expansion Pilot Program Act 15 until an appropriate medical facility is available unless such person has 16 a prior conviction for a sex offense listed in section 29-4003.

17 (c) (b) A person taken into emergency protective custody under this section who is not a convicted sex offender has a prior conviction for a 18 sex offense listed in section 29-4003 shall be admitted to a jail or 19 20 Department of Correctional Services facility unless a medical or 21 psychiatric emergency exists for which treatment at a medical facility is 22 required. The person in emergency protective custody shall remain at the 23 medical facility until the medical or psychiatric emergency has passed 24 and it is safe to transport such person, at which time the person shall be transferred to an available jail or Department of Correctional 25 26 Services facility.

(3)(a) Except as provided in subdivision (3)(b) of this section,
upon admission to a facility <u>or jail</u> of a person taken into emergency
protective custody by a law enforcement officer under this section, such
officer shall execute a written certificate prescribed and provided by
the Department of Health and Human Services. The certificate shall allege

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the officer's belief that the person in custody is mentally ill and dangerous or a dangerous sex offender and shall contain a summary of the person's behavior supporting such allegations. A copy of such certificate shall be immediately forwarded to the county attorney.

5 (b) In the case of a subject domiciled within Indian country who is 6 taken into emergency protective custody by a law enforcement officer 7 under tribal law, upon admission to a facility or jail, such officer 8 shall execute written documentation in a format provided by the tribe. At 9 a minimum, such documentation shall clearly identify the subject, identify the relevant tribe, allege the officer's belief that the person 10 11 in custody is mentally ill and dangerous or a dangerous sex offender 12 under tribal law, and contain a summary of the subject's behavior supporting such allegations. A copy of such documentation shall be 13 14 immediately forwarded to the appropriate tribal prosecutor or tribal 15 official.

(4)(a) (4) The administrator of the facility or jail shall have such 16 17 person evaluated by a mental health professional as soon as reasonably possible but not later than thirty-six hours after admission. The mental 18 health professional shall not be the mental health professional who 19 causes such person to be taken into custody under this section and shall 20 21 not be a member or alternate member of the mental health board that will 22 preside over any hearing under the Nebraska Mental Health Commitment Act 23 or the Sex Offender Commitment Act with respect to such person. Upon the 24 agreement of all parties, the evaluation may be conducted by videoconferencing if the mental health professional thinks it appropriate 25 26 under the circumstances.

27 (b) A person shall be released from emergency protective custody 28 after completion of such evaluation unless the mental health professional 29 determines, in his or her clinical opinion, that such person is mentally 30 ill and dangerous or a dangerous sex offender. In the case of a subject 31 domiciled within Indian country who is taken into emergency protective

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custody under tribal law, the mental health professional shall notify an
 appropriate tribal prosecutor or official of such release.

3 Sec. 110. Section 71-920, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4 2024, is amended to read:

5 71-920 (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a 6 mental health professional who, upon evaluation of a person admitted for 7 emergency protective custody under section 71-919, determines that such 8 person is mentally ill and dangerous shall execute a written certificate 9 as provided in subsection (2) of this section not later than twenty-four 10 hours after the completion of such evaluation. A copy of such certificate 11 shall be immediately forwarded to the county attorney.

12 (2) The certificate shall be in writing and shall include the13 following information:

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(a) The subject's name and address, if known;

(b) The name and address of the subject's spouse, legal counsel,
guardian or conservator, and next-of-kin, if known;

17 (c) The name and address of anyone providing psychiatric or other
18 care or treatment to the subject, if known;

(d) The name and address of any other person who may have knowledge of the subject's mental illness or substance dependence who may be called as a witness at a mental health board hearing with respect to the subject, if known;

(e) The name and address of the medical facility or jail in which
 the subject is being held for emergency protective custody and
 evaluation;

26 (f) The name and work address of the certifying mental health 27 professional;

(g) A statement by the certifying mental health professional that he
or she has evaluated the subject since the subject was admitted for
emergency protective custody and evaluation; and

31 (h) A statement by the certifying mental health professional that,

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in his or her clinical opinion, the subject is mentally ill and dangerous
 and the clinical basis for such opinion.

3 (3) In the case of a subject domiciled within Indian country who is taken into emergency protective custody by a law enforcement officer 4 5 under tribal law, a mental health professional who, upon evaluation of 6 such person, determines that such person is mentally ill and dangerous 7 shall execute appropriate written documentation in a format provided by the tribe not later than twenty-four hours after the completion of such 8 9 evaluation. A copy of such certificate shall be immediately forwarded to the person designated by the tribe. 10

Sec. 111. Section 71-922, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

71-922 (1) Mental health board proceedings shall be deemed to have 13 14 commenced upon the earlier of (a) the filing of a petition under section 15 71-921 or (b) notification by the county attorney to the law enforcement officer who took the subject into emergency protective custody under 16 section 71-920 or the administrator of the treatment center or medical 17 facility or jail having charge of the subject of his or her intention to 18 file such petition. The county attorney shall file such petition as soon 19 20 as reasonably practicable after such notification.

21 (2) A petition filed by the county attorney under section 71-921 may 22 contain a request for the emergency protective custody and evaluation of 23 the subject prior to commencement of a mental health board hearing 24 pursuant to such petition with respect to the subject. Upon receipt of such request and upon a finding of probable cause to believe that the 25 26 subject is mentally ill and dangerous as alleged in the petition, the 27 court or chairperson of the mental health board may issue a warrant directing the sheriff to take custody of the subject. If the subject is 28 29 already in emergency protective custody under a certificate filed under 30 section 71-919, a copy of such certificate shall be filed with the petition. The subject in such custody shall be held in the nearest 31

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appropriate and available medical facility and shall not be placed in a jail or other correctional facility except as required or authorized by subsection (2) of section 71-919. Each county shall make arrangements with appropriate medical facilities inside or outside the county for such purpose and shall pay the cost of the emergency protective custody of persons from such county in such facilities.

7 (3) The petition and all subsequent pleadings and filings in the 8 case shall be entitled In the Interest of ....., Alleged to be 9 Mentally Ill and Dangerous. The county attorney may dismiss the petition 10 at any time prior to the commencement of the hearing of the mental health 11 board under section 71-924, and upon such motion by the county attorney, 12 the mental health board shall dismiss the petition.

13 Sec. 112. Section 71-924, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 14 amended to read:

15 71-924 <u>(1)</u> A hearing shall be held by the mental health board to 16 determine whether there is clear and convincing evidence that the subject 17 is mentally ill and dangerous as alleged in the petition.

(2) At the commencement of the hearing, the board shall inquire 18 whether the subject has received a copy of the petition and list of 19 20 rights accorded him or her by sections 71-943 to 71-960 and whether he or 21 she has read and understood them. The board shall explain to the subject 22 any part of the petition or list of rights which he or she has not read 23 or understood. The board shall inquire of the subject whether he or she 24 admits or denies the allegations of the petition. If the subject admits the allegations, the board shall proceed to enter a treatment order 25 26 pursuant to section 71-925. If the subject denies the allegations of the 27 petition, the board shall proceed with a hearing on the merits of the 28 petition.

29 (3) Upon the agreement of all parties, a hearing before the mental
 30 health board under this section may be conducted by videoconferencing.

31 Sec. 113. Section 71-926, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

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1 2024, is amended to read:

2 71-926 (1) At the conclusion of a mental health board hearing under 3 section 71-924 and prior to the entry of a treatment order by the board under section 71-925, the board may (a) order that the subject be 4 5 retained in custody until the entry of such order and the subject may be 6 admitted for treatment pursuant to such order or (b) order the subject 7 released from custody under such conditions as the board deems necessary and appropriate to prevent the harm described in section 71-908 and to 8 9 assure the subject's appearance at a later disposition hearing by the board. A subject shall be retained in custody under this section at the 10 11 nearest appropriate and available medical facility and shall not be 12 placed in a jail or other correctional facility except as required or authorized by subsection (2) of section 71-919. Each county shall make 13 14 arrangements with appropriate medical facilities inside or outside the 15 county for such purpose and shall pay the cost of the emergency protective custody of persons from such county in such facilities. 16

17 (2) A subject who has been ordered to receive inpatient or 18 outpatient treatment by a mental health board may be provided treatment 19 while being retained in emergency protective custody and pending 20 admission of the subject for treatment pursuant to such order.

(3)(a) In the case of a subject domiciled within Indian country who is taken into emergency protective custody by a law enforcement officer under tribal law, at the conclusion of a mental health hearing under tribal law and prior to entry of a treatment order by the tribal court, the tribal court may order that the subject be:

(i) Retained in custody until entry of such order and the subject
may be admitted for treatment pursuant to such order; or

(ii) Released from custody under such conditions as the tribal court
deems necessary and appropriate to prevent harm comparable to that
described in section 71-908 or the equivalent under tribal law and to
assure the subject's appearance at a later disposition hearing. A subject

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shall be retained in custody under this section at the nearest
 appropriate and available medical facility and shall not be placed in a
 jail or other correctional facility except as required or authorized by
 subsection (2) of section 71-919.

5 (b) Each tribe shall make arrangements with appropriate medical 6 facilities inside or outside the tribe for such purpose and shall make 7 arrangements for payment of the cost of the emergency protective custody 8 of persons from such tribe in such facilities.

9 (c) A subject who has been ordered to receive inpatient or 10 outpatient treatment pursuant to tribal law may be provided treatment 11 while being retained in emergency protective custody and pending 12 admission of the subject for treatment pursuant to such order.

13 Sec. 114. Section 71-939, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 14 2024, is amended to read:

15 71-939 (1)(a) When any person receiving treatment at a treatment facility or program for persons with mental illness or substance 16 17 dependence pursuant to an order of a court or mental health board is 18 absent without authorization from such treatment facility or program, the administrator or program director of such treatment facility or program 19 shall immediately notify the Nebraska State Patrol and the court or clerk 20 21 of the mental health board of the judicial district from which such 22 person was committed.

(b) The clerk shall issue the warrant of the board directed to the
sheriff of the county for the arrest and detention of such person. Such
warrant may be executed by the sheriff or any other peace officer.

(2)(a) When any person receiving treatment at a treatment facility or program for persons with mental illness or substance dependence pursuant to an order of a tribal court as provided in section 71-964 is absent without authorization from such treatment facility or program, the administrator or program director of such treatment facility or program shall immediately notify the Nebraska State Patrol and the appropriate

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1 tribal prosecutor or official.

2 (b) The appropriate tribal official may issue a warrant directed to 3 a peace officer or sheriff of any county for the arrest and detention of 4 such person. Such warrant may be executed by the sheriff or any other 5 peace officer.

6 (3) The notification required by subdivision (1)(a) or (2)(a) of 7 this section shall include the person's name and description and a 8 determination by a psychiatrist, clinical director, administrator, or 9 program director as to whether the person is believed to be currently 10 dangerous to others.

(4) Pending the issuance of such warrant, any peace officer may seize and detain such person when the peace officer has probable cause to believe that the person is reported to be absent without authorization as described in this section. Such person shall be returned to the treatment facility or program or shall be taken to a facility <u>or jail</u> as described in section 71-919 until he or she can be returned to such treatment facility or program.

18 Sec. 115. Section 71-941, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

20 71-941 (1) A person arrested upon a warrant pursuant to section 21 71-940 shall not be delivered to a demanding state until he or she is 22 notified of the demand for his or her surrender and has had an 23 opportunity to apply for a writ of habeas corpus. If an application is 24 filed, notice of the time and place for hearing on the writ shall be given to the county attorney of the county where the arrest was made. The 25 26 person arrested shall have the right to counsel and the right to have 27 counsel appointed for him or her if the person is indigent. Pending the determination of the court upon the application for the writ, the person 28 29 detained shall be maintained in a suitable facility or jail as described 30 in section 71-919 or a hospital for persons with mental illness.

31 (2) At a hearing on a writ of habeas corpus, the State of Nebraska

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shall show that there is probable cause to believe that (a) such person is absent without authorization from a treatment facility or program for persons with mental illness or substance dependence to which he or she was committed located in the demanding state, (b) the demanding state has reason to believe that such person is currently dangerous to himself, herself, or others, and (c) the demanding state is willing to accept the person back for further treatment.

Sec. 116. Section 71-951, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

71-951 All mental health board hearings under the Nebraska Mental 10 11 Health Commitment Act shall be closed to the public except at the request of the subject and shall be held in a courtroom or at any convenient and 12 suitable place designated by the mental health board. The board shall 13 14 have the right to conduct the proceeding where the subject is currently 15 residing if the subject is unable to travel. Upon the agreement of all parties, any hearing before the mental health board may be conducted by 16 17 videoconferencing.

18 Sec. 117. Section 71-952, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

20 71-952 A subject shall appear personally <u>or by videoconferencing</u> and 21 be afforded the opportunity to testify in his or her own behalf and to 22 present witnesses and tangible evidence in defending against the petition 23 at the hearing.

Sec. 118. Section 71-954, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

26 71-954 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a A
27 subject shall have the right at a hearing held under the Nebraska Mental
28 Health Commitment Act or the Sex Offender Commitment Act to confront and
29 cross-examine adverse witnesses and evidence equivalent to the rights of
30 confrontation granted by Amendments VI and XIV of the United States
31 Constitution and Article I, section 11, of the Constitution of Nebraska.

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(2) This section does not prohibit a mental health board from
 conducting a hearing using videoconferencing.

3 Sec. 119. Section 71-958, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4 2024, is amended to read:

5 71-958 Any qualified mental health professional, upon being 6 authorized by the administrator of the treatment facility or jail having 7 custody of the subject, may provide appropriate medical treatment for the 8 subject while in custody, except that a subject shall not be subjected to 9 such quantities of medication or other treatment within such period of time prior to any hearing held under the Nebraska Mental Health 10 11 Commitment Act or the Sex Offender Commitment Act or, for a subject who 12 is domiciled in Indian country and committed for treatment as provided in section 71-964, a hearing held under the equivalent tribal law, as will 13 14 substantially impair his or her ability to assist in his or her defense 15 at such hearing.

Sec. 120. Section 71-961, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

71-961 (1) All records kept on any subject shall remain confidential 18 except as otherwise provided by law. Such records shall be accessible to 19 (a) the subject, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this 20 21 section, (b) the subject's legal counsel, (c) the subject's guardian or 22 conservator, if any, (d) the mental health board having jurisdiction over 23 the subject, (e) persons authorized by an order of a judge or court, (f) 24 persons authorized by written permission of the subject, (g) agents or employees of the Department of Health and Human Services upon delivery of 25 26 a subpoena from the department in connection with a licensing or 27 licensure investigation by the department, (h) individuals authorized to receive notice of the release of a sex offender pursuant to section 28 29 83-174, (i) the Nebraska State Patrol or the department pursuant to 30 section 69-2409.01, (j) the Department of Correctional Services Division of Parole Supervision if the subject meets the requirements for lifetime 31

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community supervision pursuant to section 83-174.03, and (k) any tribal
 court having jurisdiction over a subject who is domiciled in Indian
 country and committed for treatment as provided in section 71-964.

(2) Upon application by the county attorney or by the administrator 4 5 of the treatment facility where the subject is in custody and upon a 6 showing of good cause therefor, a judge of the district court of the 7 county where the mental health board proceedings were held or of the 8 county where the treatment facility is located may order that the records 9 not be made available to the subject if, in the judgment of the court, the availability of such records to the subject will adversely affect his 10 11 or her mental illness or personality disorder and the treatment thereof.

(3) When a subject is absent without authorization from a treatment facility or program described in section 71-939 or 71-1223 and is considered to be dangerous to others, the subject's name and description and a statement that the subject is believed to be considered dangerous to others may be disclosed in order to aid in the subject's apprehension and to warn the public of such danger.

18 Sec. 121. Section 71-1203, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 19 2024, is amended to read:

20 71-1203 For purposes of the Sex Offender Commitment Act:

(1) The definitions found in sections 71-904.02, 71-905, 71-906,
71-907, 71-910, 71-911, 71-914.01, 71-914.02, and 83-174.01 and sections
<u>106 and 107 of this act</u> apply;

(2) Administrator means the administrator or other chief
 administrative officer of a treatment facility, medical facility, jail,
 or Department of Correctional Services facility or his or her designee;

(3) Outpatient treatment means treatment ordered by a mental health board directing a subject to comply with specified outpatient treatment requirements, including, but not limited to, (a) taking prescribed medication, (b) reporting to a mental health professional or treatment facility for treatment or for monitoring of the subject's condition, or

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(c) participating in individual or group therapy or educational,
 rehabilitation, residential, or vocational programs;

3 (4)(a) Subject means any person concerning whom (i) a certificate
4 has been filed under section 71-1204, (ii) a certificate has been filed
5 under section 71-919 and such person is held pursuant to subdivision (2)
6 (b) of section 71-919, or (iii) a petition has been filed under the Sex
7 Offender Commitment Act.

8 (b) Subject also includes a person who is a member of a tribe or 9 eligible for membership in a tribe, who is domiciled within Indian 10 country in Nebraska, and concerning whom sex offender involuntary 11 commitment or emergency protective custody proceedings have been 12 initiated under tribal law.

(c) Subject does not include any person under eighteen years of age
 unless such person is an emancipated minor; and

(5) Treatment facility means a facility which provides services for
persons who are dangerous sex offenders.

Sec. 122. Section 71-1204, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

19 71-1204 (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a 20 mental health professional who, upon evaluation of a person admitted for 21 emergency protective custody under section 71-919, determines that such 22 person is a dangerous sex offender shall execute a written certificate as 23 provided in subsection (2) of this section not later than twenty-four 24 hours after the completion of such evaluation. A copy of such certificate 25 shall be immediately forwarded to the county attorney.

26 (2) The certificate shall be in writing and shall include the27 following information:

28 (a) The subject's name and address, if known;

(b) The name and address of the subject's spouse, legal counsel,
guardian or conservator, and next of kin, if known;

31 (c) The name and address of anyone providing psychiatric or other

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1 care or treatment to the subject, if known;

2 (d) The name and address of any other person who may have knowledge 3 of the subject's mental illness or personality disorder who may be called 4 as a witness at a mental health board hearing with respect to the 5 subject, if known;

6 (e) The name and address of the <u>medical</u> facility <u>or jail</u> in which 7 the subject is being held for emergency protective custody and 8 evaluation;

9 (f) The name and work address of the certifying mental health 10 professional;

(g) A statement by the certifying mental health professional that he or she has evaluated the subject since the subject was admitted for emergency protective custody and evaluation; and

(h) A statement by the certifying mental health professional that,
in his or her clinical opinion, the subject is a dangerous sex offender
and the clinical basis for such opinion.

(3) In the case of a subject domiciled within Indian country who is 17 taken into emergency protective custody by a law enforcement officer 18 under tribal law, a mental health professional who, upon evaluation of 19 20 such person, determines that such person is a dangerous sex offender 21 shall execute appropriate written documentation in a format provided by 22 the tribe not later than twenty-four hours after the completion of such 23 evaluation. A copy of such certificate shall be immediately forwarded to 24 the person designated by the tribe.

25 Sec. 123. Section 71-1206, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,26 2024, is amended to read:

27 71-1206 (1) Mental health board proceedings shall be deemed to have 28 commenced upon the earlier of (a) the filing of a petition under section 29 71-1205 or (b) notification by the county attorney to the law enforcement 30 officer who took the subject into emergency protective custody under 31 section 71-919 or the administrator of the treatment facility or jail

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having charge of the subject of the intention of the county attorney to
file such petition. The county attorney shall file such petition as soon
as reasonably practicable after such notification.

(2) A petition filed by the county attorney under section 71-1205 4 5 may contain a request for the emergency protective custody and evaluation 6 of the subject prior to commencement of a mental health board hearing 7 pursuant to such petition with respect to the subject. Upon receipt of such request and upon a finding of probable cause to believe that the 8 9 subject is a dangerous sex offender as alleged in the petition, the court or chairperson of the mental health board may issue a warrant directing 10 11 the sheriff to take custody of the subject. If the subject is already in 12 emergency protective custody under a certificate filed under section 71-919, a copy of such certificate shall be filed with the petition. The 13 14 subject in such custody, including pursuant to tribal law as provided in 15 section 71-1226.01, shall be held in an appropriate and available medical facility, jail, or Department of Correctional Services facility. A 16 17 dangerous sex offender shall not be admitted to a medical facility for emergency protective custody unless a medical or psychiatric emergency 18 exists requiring treatment not available at a jail or correctional 19 20 facility.

(3)(a) Except as provided in subdivision (3)(b) of this section, each county shall make arrangements with appropriate facilities inside or outside the county for such purpose and shall pay the cost of the emergency protective custody of persons from such county in such facilities.

(b) For a subject domiciled within Indian country in Nebraska for whom emergency protective custody is initiated under tribal law, the tribe shall make arrangements with appropriate facilities inside or outside the tribe for such purpose and shall make arrangements for the payment of the cost of the emergency protective custody of persons from such tribe in such facilities.

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1 (4) The petition and all subsequent pleadings and filings in the 2 case shall be entitled In the Interest of . . . . , Alleged to be a 3 Dangerous Sex Offender. The county attorney may dismiss the petition at 4 any time prior to the commencement of the hearing of the mental health 5 board under section 71-1208, and upon such motion by the county attorney, 6 the mental health board shall dismiss the petition.

7 Sec. 124. Section 71-1208, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 8 amended to read:

9 71-1208 <u>(1)</u> A hearing shall be held by the mental health board to 10 determine whether there is clear and convincing evidence that the subject 11 is a dangerous sex offender as alleged in the petition.

12 (2) At the commencement of the hearing, the board shall inquire whether the subject has received a copy of the petition and list of 13 14 rights accorded him or her by sections 71-943 to 71-960 and whether he or 15 she has read and understood them. The board shall explain to the subject any part of the petition or list of rights which he or she has not read 16 17 or understood. The board shall inquire of the subject whether he or she admits or denies the allegations of the petition. If the subject admits 18 the allegations, the board shall proceed to enter a treatment order 19 pursuant to section 71-1209. If the subject denies the allegations of the 20 21 petition, the board shall proceed with a hearing on the merits of the 22 petition.

(3) Upon the agreement of all parties, a hearing before the mental
 health board under this section may be conducted by videoconferencing.

25 Sec. 125. Section 71-1223, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,26 2024, is amended to read:

27 71-1223 (1)(a) When any person receiving treatment at a treatment 28 facility or program for dangerous sex offenders pursuant to an order of a 29 court or mental health board is absent without authorization from such 30 treatment facility or program, the administrator or program director of 31 such treatment facility or program shall immediately notify the Nebraska

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State Patrol and the court or clerk of the mental health board of the
 judicial district from which such person was committed.

3 (b) The clerk shall issue the warrant of the board directed to the 4 sheriff of the county for the arrest and detention of such person. Such 5 warrant may be executed by the sheriff or any other peace officer.

6 (2)(a) When any person receiving treatment at a treatment facility 7 or program for persons with mental illness pursuant to an order of a 8 tribal court as provided in section 71-1226.01 is absent without 9 authorization from such treatment facility or program, the administrator 10 or program director of such treatment facility or program shall 11 immediately notify the Nebraska State Patrol and the appropriate tribal 12 prosecutor or official.

(b) The appropriate tribal official may issue a warrant directed to
a peace officer or sheriff of any county for the arrest and detention of
such person. Such warrant may be executed by the sheriff or any other
peace officer.

17 (3) The notification required by subdivision (1)(a) or (2)(a) of 18 this section shall include the person's name and description and a 19 determination by a psychiatrist, clinical director, administrator, or 20 program director as to whether the person is believed to be currently 21 dangerous to others.

(4) Pending the issuance of such warrant, any peace officer may seize and detain such person when the peace officer has probable cause to believe that the person is reported to be absent without authorization as described in this section. Such person shall be returned to the treatment facility or program or shall be taken to a facility <u>or jail</u> as described in section 71-919 until he or she can be returned to such treatment facility or program.

29 Sec. 126. Section 71-3426, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 30 2024, is amended to read:

31 71-3426 (1) A lead organization may establish a local team for the

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lead organization's jurisdiction or for a group of cities, counties, or
 districts, pursuant to an agreement between multiple lead organizations.
 If multiple lead organizations decide to form a local team, only one
 shall fulfill the role of lead organization. The lead organization shall
 select the members of the local team.

6 (2) A local team shall consist of the core members that may include 7 one or more members from the following backgrounds:

8 (a) Officials from the lead organization or from another local
9 public health department or such officials' designees;

10 (b) Behavioral health providers or officials;

11 (c) Law enforcement personnel;

12 (d) Representatives of jails or detention centers;

13 (e) The coroner or the coroner's designee;

14 (f) Health care providers who specialize in the prevention,15 diagnosis, and treatment of substance use disorders;

16 (g) Mental health providers who specialize in substance use 17 disorders;

(h) Representatives of emergency medical services providers in thecounty;

(i) The Director of Children and Family Services of the Division of
Children and Family Services of the Department of Health and Human
Services or the director's designee; and

(j) Representatives from the Board of Parole, the Office of
 Probation Administration, the <u>Department of Correctional Services</u>
 <del>Division of Parole Supervision</del>, or the Community Corrections Division of
 the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice.

(3) A local team may also include, either as permanent or temporarymembers:

(a) A local school superintendent or the superintendent's designee;
(b) A representative of a local hospital;

31 (c) A health care provider who specializes in emergency medicine;

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1 (d) A health care provider who specializes in pain management;

2 (e) A pharmacist with a background in prescription drug misuse and3 diversion;

4 (f) A substance use disorder treatment provider from a licensed
5 substance use disorder treatment program;

6 (g) A poison control center representative;

7

(h) A mental health provider who is a generalist;

8 (i) A prescription drug monitoring program administrator or such

9 administrator's designee;

10

(j) A representative from a harm reduction provider;

11 (k) A recovery coach, peer support worker, or other representative
12 of the recovery community;

13 (1) A representative from the local drug court; and

14 (m) Any other individual necessary for the work of the local team.

(4) The lead organization shall select a chairperson for the local
team. The chairperson shall be an official of the lead organization or
such official's designee. The chairperson shall:

(a) Solicit and recruit members and appoint replacement members to
fill vacancies that may arise on the team. In carrying out this
responsibility, the chairperson shall, at a minimum, attempt to appoint
at least one member from each of the backgrounds or positions described
in subsection (2) of this section;

(b) Facilitate local team meetings and implement the protocols and
procedures of the local team;

(c) Request and collect the records and information needed for the local team's case review. The chairperson shall remove all personal identifying information from any records or information prior to providing it to the local team;

(d) Gather, store, and distribute the necessary records and
information for reviews conducted by the team. The chairperson shall
carry out such duties in compliance with all local, state, and federal

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1 confidentiality laws and regulations;

2 (e) Ensure that team members receive timely notification of upcoming3 meetings;

4 (f) Ensure the team fulfills the requirements of section 71-3427 to
5 publish an annual report, including recommendations to prevent future
6 drug overdose deaths;

7 (g) Ensure that all members of the local team and all guest
8 observers and participants sign confidentiality forms as required under
9 section 71-3433;

(h) Oversee compliance with the Overdose Fatality Review Teams Actand the protocols developed by the team;

12 (i) Serve as a liaison for the local team; and

13 (j) Perform such other duties as the team deems appropriate.

14 (5) Members of the local team shall not receive compensation for15 their services as team members.

Sec. 127. Section 71-3430, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, is amended to read:

18 71-3430 (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, on 19 written request of the lead organization, and as necessary to carry out 20 the purpose and duties of the local team, the lead organization shall be 21 provided with the following information:

(a) Nonprivileged information and records regarding the physical
health, mental health, and treatment for any substance use disorder
maintained by a health care provider, substance use disorder treatment
provider, hospital, or health system for an individual whose death is
being reviewed by the local team; and

27 (b) Information and records maintained by a state or local government agency or entity, including, but not limited to, death 28 29 investigative information, coroner investigative information, law 30 enforcement investigative information, emergency medical services reports, fire department records, prosecutorial records, parole and 31

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probation information and records, court records, school records, and information and records of a social services agency, including the department, if the agency or entity provided services to an individual whose death is being reviewed by the local team.

5 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the 6 following persons shall comply with a records request by the lead 7 organization made pursuant to subsection (1) of this section:

- 8 (a) A coroner;
- 9 (b) A fire department;

10 (c) A health system;

- 11 (d) A hospital;
- 12 (e) A law enforcement agency;

(f) A local or state governmental agency, including, but not limited
to, the department, local public health authorities, the Attorney
General, county attorneys, public defenders, the Commission on Public
Advocacy, the Department of Correctional Services, <u>and</u> the Office of
Probation Administration , and the Division of Parole Supervision;

18 (g) A mental health provider;

19 (h) A health care provider;

20 (i) A substance use disorder treatment provider;

(j) A school, including a public or private elementary, secondary,
or postsecondary institution;

23 (k) An emergency medical services provider;

24 (1) A social services provider; and

(m) Any other person who is in possession of records pertinent to
the local team's investigation of an overdose fatality.

(3) A person subject to a records request by a lead organization under subsection (1) of this section may charge the lead organization a reasonable fee for the service of duplicating any records requested by the lead organization, not to exceed the actual cost of duplication.

31 (4)(a) Compliance with any records request under this section is

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subject to the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
 Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and regulations promulgated thereunder;
 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2; 42 C.F.R. part 2; and the Child Protection and Family
 Safety Act.

5 (b) The department is not required to comply with a records request 6 under subsection (2) of this section to the extent the information 7 requested:

8 (i) Was obtained by the prescription drug monitoring program created
9 under section 71-2454;

10 (ii) Is covered by section 68-313; or

11

(iii) Is covered by 42 C.F.R. 431.300 et seq.

(c) The disclosure or redisclosure of a medical record developed in connection with the provision of substance abuse treatment services, without the authorization of a person in interest, is subject to any limitations that exist under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and regulations promulgated thereunder; 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2; and 42 C.F.R. part 2.

(5) Information requested by the lead organization shall be provided
within thirty calendar days after receipt of the written request, unless
an extension is granted by the chairperson. Written request includes a
request submitted via email or facsimile transmission.

(6)(a) A county attorney or the Attorney General may, upon request
by a lead organization, issue subpoenas to compel production of any of
the records and information specified in this section.

(b) Any willful failure to comply with such a subpoena may be
certified by the county attorney or Attorney General to the district
court for enforcement or punishment for contempt of court.

28 Sec. 128. Section 75-325, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

30 75-325 (1) Every transportation network company shall:

31 (a) Provide the commission with its email address and customer

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service telephone number;

2 (b) Display for the passenger either a picture of the driver's 3 personal vehicle and a picture of the driver or the license plate number 4 of the driver's personal vehicle on the online-enabled application or 5 platform that a transportation network company uses to connect drivers 6 and passengers;

7

(c) Maintain an agent for service of process in Nebraska;

8 (d) Maintain accurate and up-to-date records of all drivers 9 providing services on behalf of the transportation network company, 10 including the vehicle identification number for all personal vehicles to 11 be operated in connection with the transportation network company;

(e)(i) Implement, enforce, and maintain a zero-tolerance policy on the use of drugs or alcohol applicable to any driver providing service for the transportation network company that prohibits a driver from using any amount of drugs or alcohol while the driver is providing service, (ii) provide a copy of the policy to the commission promptly upon adoption, and (iii) provide a copy of any revision to the policy promptly upon adoption;

anti-discrimination 19 (f) Implement an policy that prohibits 20 discrimination by any driver providing service for the company on the 21 basis of race, national origin, religion, gender, physical or mental 22 disability, medical condition, marital status, or age, or military or 23 veteran status and file the policy with the commission;

(g) Maintain a website that provides a customer service telephone
 number or email address of the transportation network company and that
 provides the telephone number and email address of the commission;

(h) Establish a driver training program designed to ensure that each
driver safely operates his or her personal vehicle prior to the driver
being able to offer services on the transportation network company's
online-enabled application or platform;

31 (i) Maintain records required under sections 75-301 to 75-343 to be

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collected by the transportation network company, including records
 regarding participating drivers; and

3 (j) Cooperate with the commission and any employees, investigators, or duly authorized agents of the commission in the investigation of 4 received 5 complaints by the commission from the public or in 6 investigations initiated by the commission.

7 (2) A transportation network company shall not allow a driver to 8 provide service if the company finds the driver to be in violation of its 9 zero-tolerance policy required pursuant to subdivision (1)(e) of this section or if the driver has not successfully completed driver training 10 11 pursuant to subdivision (1)(h) of this section. The transportation 12 network company shall provide on its website and its online-enabled application or platform notice of the zero-tolerance policy and the 13 14 procedures to report a complaint about a driver with whom the passenger 15 was matched when the passenger reasonably suspects the driver was under the influence of drugs or alcohol during the course of the prearranged 16 ride. Upon receiving a complaint, a transportation network company shall 17 immediately suspend the driver against whom the complaint was issued and 18 conduct an investigation of the alleged violation. The suspension shall 19 20 last for the duration of the investigation.

21 If the commission has reasonable cause to believe (3) а 22 transportation network company is not enforcing the zero-tolerance policy 23 filed with the commission, the commission shall investigate and, after 24 notice and hearing, may enter an order requiring the transportation network company to enforce such policy, which may include suspension of 25 26 the participating driver.

27 Sec. 129. Section 76-1495, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 76-1495 A landlord may not:

30 (1) Deny rental on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or
 31 national origin, or military or veteran status;

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(2) Require any person, as a precondition to renting, leasing, or 1 2 otherwise occupying or removing from a mobile home space in a mobile home 3 park, to pay an entrance or exit fee of any kind unless for services actually rendered or pursuant to a written agreement. A landlord may 4 5 restrict the movement of mobile homes to reasonable hours and may require 6 that all work in connection with the removal or installation of a mobile 7 home, including, but not limited to, the hookup or disconnection of utilities, be done in a good and workmanlike manner; 8

9 (3) Deny any resident of a mobile home park the right to sell that person's mobile home at a price of his or her own choosing. The tenant 10 11 shall, prior to selling the mobile home, give notice to the landlord, including, but not limited to, the name of the prospective purchaser. 12 Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the landlord may reserve the right to 13 14 approve or disapprove the prospective purchaser of the mobile home as a 15 tenant within ten days after receiving notice of the intended sale. Any disapproval shall be in writing and shall be delivered to such tenant 16 17 pursuant to section 76-1474. The landlord shall not unreasonably refuse or restrict the sale by a tenant of a mobile home located in his or her 18 mobile home park, but the landlord may consider the size, ages, and 19 composition of the prospective purchaser's family in determining if the 20 21 mobile home purchaser may leave the home in the park. The landlord may 22 also, in order to upgrade the quality of the mobile home park, prescribe 23 reasonable requirements governing the age, physical appearance, size, or 24 quality of the mobile home. In the event of a sale to a third party or mutual termination of the rental agreement, the landlord may within ten 25 26 days after receiving written notice of the pending sale or mutual 27 termination require that any mobile home that is no longer appropriate for the mobile home park or that is in disrepair be repaired to the 28 29 landlord's satisfaction or removed from the park within sixty days. The 30 landlord shall specify in writing the reasons for disapproval of the mobile home; 31

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1 (4) Exact a commission or fee with respect to the price realized by 2 the tenant selling the mobile home, unless the park owner or operator has 3 acted as agent for the mobile home owner pursuant to a written agreement; 4 or

5 (5) Require a tenant to furnish permanent improvements which cannot 6 be removed by the tenant without damage to the mobile home or mobile home 7 space at the expiration of the rental agreement.

8 Sec. 130. Section 81-885.24, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
9 is amended to read:

81-885.24 The commission may, upon its own motion, and shall, upon 10 the sworn complaint in writing of any person, investigate the actions of 11 12 any broker, associate broker, salesperson, or subdivider, may censure the licensee or certificate holder, revoke or suspend any license or 13 14 certificate issued under the Nebraska Real Estate License Act, or enter 15 into consent orders, and, alone or in combination with such disciplinary actions, may impose a civil fine on a licensee pursuant to section 16 17 81-885.10, whenever the license or certificate has been obtained by false or fraudulent representation or the licensee or certificate holder has 18 been found guilty of any of the following unfair trade practices: 19

(1) Refusing because of religion, race, color, national origin,
ethnic group, sex, familial status, or disability, or military or veteran
<u>status</u> to show, sell, or rent any real estate for sale or rent to
prospective purchasers or renters;

(2) Intentionally using advertising which is misleading or
 inaccurate in any material particular or in any way misrepresents any
 property, terms, values, policies, or services of the business conducted;

27 (3) Failing to account for and remit any money coming into his or
28 her possession belonging to others;

(4) Commingling the money or other property of his or her principalswith his or her own;

31 (5) Failing to maintain and deposit in a separate trust account all

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1 money received by a broker acting in such capacity, or as escrow agent or 2 the temporary custodian of the funds of others, in a real estate 3 transaction unless all parties having an interest in the funds have 4 agreed otherwise in writing;

5 (6) Accepting, giving, or charging any form of undisclosed 6 compensation, consideration, rebate, or direct profit on expenditures 7 made for a principal;

8 (7) Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker, 9 other than the employer, without the express knowledge and consent of the 10 employer;

(8) Accepting any form of compensation or consideration by an
 associate broker or salesperson from anyone other than his or her
 employing broker without the consent of his or her employing broker;

14 (9) Acting in the dual capacity of agent and undisclosed principal15 in any transaction;

(10) Guaranteeing or authorizing any person to guarantee future
 profits which may result from the resale of real property;

(11) Placing a sign on any property offering it for sale or rent
without the written consent of the owner or his or her authorized agent;

(12) Offering real estate for sale or lease without the knowledge
and consent of the owner or his or her authorized agent or on terms other
than those authorized by the owner or his or her authorized agent;

(13) Inducing any party to a contract of sale or lease to break such
contract for the purpose of substituting, in lieu thereof, a new contract
with another principal;

(14) Negotiating a sale, exchange, listing, or lease of real estate directly with an owner or lessor if he or she knows that such owner has a written outstanding listing contract in connection with such property granting an exclusive agency or an exclusive right to sell to another broker or negotiating directly with an owner to withdraw from or break such a listing contract for the purpose of substituting, in lieu thereof,

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1 a new listing contract;

2 (15) Discussing or soliciting a discussion of, with an owner of a 3 property which is exclusively listed with another broker, the terms upon 4 which the broker would accept a future listing upon the expiration of the 5 present listing unless the owner initiates the discussion;

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(16) Violating any provision of sections 76-2401 to 76-2430;

7 (17) Soliciting, selling, or offering for sale real estate by
8 offering free lots or conducting lotteries for the purpose of influencing
9 a purchaser or prospective purchaser of real estate;

(18) Providing any form of compensation or consideration to any 10 11 person for performing the services of a broker, associate broker, or 12 salesperson who has not first secured his or her license under the Nebraska Real Estate License Act unless such person is (a) a nonresident 13 14 who is licensed in his or her resident regulatory jurisdiction or (b) a 15 citizen and resident of a foreign country which does not license persons conducting the activities of a broker and such person provides reasonable 16 written evidence to the Nebraska broker that he or she is a resident 17 citizen of that foreign country, is not a resident of this country, and 18 conducts the activities of a broker in that foreign country; 19

20 (19) Failing to include a fixed date of expiration in any written 21 listing agreement and failing to leave a copy of the agreement with the 22 principal;

(20) Failing to deliver within a reasonable time a completed and
dated copy of any purchase agreement or offer to buy or sell real estate
to the purchaser and to the seller;

(21) Failing by a broker to deliver to the seller in every real estate transaction, at the time the transaction is consummated, a complete, detailed closing statement showing all of the receipts and disbursements handled by such broker for the seller, failing to deliver to the buyer a complete statement showing all money received in the transaction from such buyer and how and for what the same was disbursed,

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1 and failing to retain true copies of such statements in his or her files;

2 (22) Making any substantial misrepresentations;

3 (23) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the
4 knowledge of all parties for whom he or she acts;

5 (24) Failing by an associate broker or salesperson to place, as soon 6 after receipt as practicable, in the custody of his or her employing 7 broker any deposit money or other money or funds entrusted to him or her 8 by any person dealing with him or her as the representative of his or her 9 licensed broker;

10 (25) Filing a listing contract or any document or instrument 11 purporting to create a lien based on a listing contract for the purpose 12 of casting a cloud upon the title to real estate when no valid claim 13 under the listing contract exists;

(26) Violating any rule or regulation adopted and promulgated by the
commission in the interest of the public and consistent with the Nebraska
Real Estate License Act;

17 (27) Failing by a subdivider, after the original certificate has
18 been issued, to comply with all of the requirements of the Nebraska Real
19 Estate License Act;

20 (28) Conviction of a felony or entering a plea of guilty or nolo
21 contendere to a felony charge by a broker or salesperson;

(29) Demonstrating negligence, incompetency, or unworthiness to act
as a broker, associate broker, or salesperson, whether of the same or of
a different character as otherwise specified in this section;

(30) Inducing or attempting to induce a person to transfer 25 an 26 interest in real property, whether or not for monetary gain, or 27 discouraging another from purchasing person real property, by representing that (a) a change has occurred or will or may occur in the 28 29 composition with respect to religion, race, color, national origin, 30 ethnic group, sex, familial status, or disability of the owners or occupants in the block, neighborhood, or area or (b) such change will or 31

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1 may result in the lowering of property values, an increase in criminal or 2 antisocial behavior, or a decline in the quality of schools in the block, 3 neighborhood, or area;

4 (31) Failing by a team leader to provide a current list of all team5 members to his or her designated broker;

6 (32) Failing by a designated broker to maintain a record of all team
7 leaders and team members working under him or her;

8 (33) Utilizing advertising which does not prominently display the 9 name under which the designated broker does business as filed with the 10 commission;

(34) Utilizing team advertising or a team name suggesting the team
is an independent real estate brokerage;

(35) Charging or collecting, as part or all of his or her 13 14 compensation or consideration, any part of the earnest money or other 15 money paid to him or her or the entity under which he or she does business in connection with any real estate transaction until the 16 17 transaction has been consummated or terminated. However, a payment for goods or services rendered by a third party on behalf of the client shall 18 not be considered compensation or consideration if such payment does not 19 20 include any profit, compensation, or payment for services rendered by the 21 broker and the broker retains a record of the payment to the third party 22 for such goods or services;

(36) Failing to provide a copy of section 81-885.04 or written instructions explaining the provisions of the exemption from licensure as set forth in subdivision (9) of section 81-885.04 to any unlicensed person who assists in procuring a potential client or customer as defined in sections 76-2407 and 76-2409, respectively, for the purpose of the listing, sale, purchase, exchange, renting, leasing, or optioning of any real estate; or

30 (37) Offering or entering into a right-to-list home sale agreement.
 31 Sec. 131. Section 81-1401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read:

2 81-1401 For purposes of sections 81-1401 to 81-1414.19, unless the
3 context otherwise requires:

4 (1) Class I railroad means a rail carrier classified as Class I 5 pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 1201 1-1;

6 (2) Commission means the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and7 Criminal Justice;

8 (3) Council means the Nebraska Police Standards Advisory Council;

9 (4) Director means the director of the Nebraska Law Enforcement 10 Training Center;

(5) Felony means a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year or a crime committed outside of Nebraska which would be punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year if committed in Nebraska;

(6) Handgun means any firearm with a barrel less than sixteen inches
in length or any firearm designed to be held and fired by the use of a
single hand;

(7) Law enforcement agency means the police department or the town
 marshal in incorporated municipalities, the office of sheriff in
 unincorporated areas, the Nebraska State Patrol, and Class I railroad
 police departments;

(8)(a) Law enforcement officer means any person who has successfully completed an entry-level law enforcement certification from a training academy and who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crime or the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of the state or any political subdivision of the state for more than one hundred hours per year and is authorized by law to make arrests and includes, but is not limited to:

(i) A full-time or part-time member of the Nebraska State Patrol;
(ii) A county sheriff;

31 (iii) A full-time or part-time employee of a county sheriff's

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1 office;

2 (iv) A full-time or part-time employee of a municipal or village3 police agency;

4 (v) A full-time or part-time Game and Parks Commission conservation
5 officer;

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(vi) A full-time or part-time deputy state sheriff;

7 (vii) A full-time employee of an organized and paid fire department 8 of any city of the metropolitan class who is an authorized arson 9 investigator and whose duties consist of determining the cause, origin, 10 and circumstances of fires or explosions while on duty in the course of 11 an investigation;

(viii) A member of a law enforcement reserve force appointed in
 accordance with section 81-1438; or

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(ix) A full-time Class I railroad police officer;

(b) Law enforcement officer includes a noncertified conditionalofficer;

(c) Law enforcement officer does not include employees of the Department of Correctional Services, probation officers under the Nebraska Probation System, parole officers appointed by the Director of <u>Correctional Supervision and Services of the Division of Parole</u> Supervision, or employees of the Department of Revenue under section 277-366; and

(d) Except for a noncertified conditional officer, a law enforcement
officer shall possess a valid law enforcement officer certificate or
diploma, as established by the council, in order to be vested with the
authority of this section;

(9) Misdemeanor crime of domestic violence has the same meaning as
 in section 28-1206;

(10) Noncertified conditional officer means a person appointed
 pursuant to subsection (6) of section 81-1414;

31 (11) Serious misconduct means improper or illegal actions taken by a

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law enforcement officer that have a rational connection with the person's
 fitness or capacity to serve as a law enforcement officer and includes,
 but is not limited to:

4 (a) Conviction of a felony or misdemeanor crime of domestic
5 violence;

6 (b) Fabrication of evidence;

7 (c) Repeated substantiated allegations of the use of excessive8 force;

9 (d) Acceptance of a bribe;

10 (e) Commission of fraud or perjury; or

11 (f) Sexual assault;

12 (12) Training academy means:

13 (a) The training center; or

14 (b) Another council-approved law enforcement training facility15 which:

(i) Offers certification training that meets or exceeds the
 certification training curriculum of the training center; and

(ii) Is operated and maintained by a law enforcement agency or by
 multiple law enforcement agencies pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation
 Act;

21 (13) Training center means the Nebraska Law Enforcement Training 22 Center; and

(14) Training school means a public or private institution of higher
education, including the University of Nebraska, the Nebraska state
colleges, and the community colleges of this state, that offers training
in a council-approved pre-certification course.

27 Sec. 132. Section 83-170, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

83-170 As used in the Nebraska Treatment and Corrections Act, unless
the context otherwise requires:

31 (1) Board means the Board of Parole;

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1 (2) Committed offender means any person who, under any provision of 2 law, is sentenced or committed to a facility operated by the department 3 or is sentenced or committed to the department other than a person 4 adjudged to be as described in subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of 5 section 43-247 by a juvenile court;

(3) Department means the Department of Correctional Services;

7

6

(4) Director means the Director of Correctional Services;

8 (5) Director of Supervision and Services means the Director of
9 Supervision and Services appointed pursuant to section 83-1,101;

(5) (6) Facility means any prison, reformatory, training school,
 reception center, community guidance center, group home, or other
 institution operated by the department;

(6) (7) Good time means any reduction of sentence granted pursuant
 to sections 83-1,107 and 83-1,108;

(7) (8) Maximum term means the maximum sentence provided by law or
 the maximum sentence imposed by a court, whichever is shorter;

17 (8) (9) Minimum term means the minimum sentence provided by law or
 18 the minimum sentence imposed by a court, whichever is longer;

<u>(9)</u> (10) Pardon authority means the power to remit fines and
 forfeitures and to grant respites, reprieves, pardons, or commutations;

21 (10) (11) Parole term means the time from release on parole to the 22 completion of the maximum term, reduced by good time;

(11) (12) Person committed to the department means any person
 sentenced or committed to a facility within the department;

25 (12) (13) Restrictive housing means conditions of confinement that 26 provide limited contact with other offenders, strictly controlled 27 movement while out of cell, and out-of-cell time of less than twenty-four 28 hours per week; and

29 (13) (14) Solitary confinement means the status of confinement of an 30 inmate in an individual cell having solid, soundproof doors and which 31 deprives the inmate of all visual and auditory contact with other

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1 persons.

Sec. 133. Section 83-171, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

4 83-171 There is hereby created a Department of Correctional Services5 which shall:

6 (1) Maintain and administer facilities required for the custody, 7 control, correctional treatment, and rehabilitation of persons committed 8 to the department and for the safekeeping of such other persons as may be 9 remanded to the department in accordance with law;

10 (2) Develop policies and programs for the correctional treatment and
 11 rehabilitation of persons committed to the department;

12 (3) Supervise parolees who have been committed to the department;
 13 and

14 (4) Administer parole services in the facilities and in the 15 community<u>; and</u> -

16 <u>(5) Maintain all records and files associated with the Board of</u> 17 Parole, including relating to individuals subject to lifetime community 18 supervision under section 83-174.03. This section shall not be construed 19 to prohibit the department from maintaining daily records and files 20 associated with the Board of Pardons.

Sec. 134. Section 83-171.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

83-171.01 The department and the Division of Parole Supervision
shall establish performance metrics for corrections and parole staff.
Such metrics shall measure staff efficacy in providing rehabilitative and
reentry services to committed offenders and parolees. Such metrics shall:

(1) Reflect a balanced approach that considers both compliance and
enforcement measures as well as outcomes related to rehabilitation,
reintegration, and public safety;

30 (2) Include indicators of progress for committed offenders and
 31 parolees, such as successful completion of treatment programs,

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educational attainment, employment status, and compliance with conditions
 of supervision;

3 (3) Emphasize the importance of providing supportive services,
4 fostering positive relationships with committed offenders and parolees,
5 and promoting successful community reentry; and

6 (4) Be aligned with best practices, stakeholder input, and the 7 evolving goals and priorities of the criminal justice system.

8 Sec. 135. Section 83-173, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
9 amended to read:

10 83-173 The Director of Correctional Services shall:

(1) Supervise and be responsible for the administration of the
 Department of Correctional Services;

(2) Establish, consolidate, or abolish any administrative
subdivision within the department and appoint and remove for cause the
heads thereof and delegate appropriate powers and duties to them;

(3) Establish and administer policies and programs for the operation
of the facilities in the department and for the custody, control, safety,
correction, and rehabilitation of persons committed to the department;

(4) Appoint and remove the chief executive officer of each facilityand delegate appropriate powers and duties to him or her;

(5) Appoint and remove employees of the department and delegate
appropriate powers and duties to them;

(6) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the management,
correctional treatment, and rehabilitation of persons committed to the
department, the administration of facilities, and the conduct of officers
and employees under his or her jurisdiction;

(7) Designate the place of confinement of persons committed to thedepartment subject to section 83-176;

(8) Establish and administer policies that ensure that complete and
 up-to-date electronic records are maintained for each person committed to
 the department and which also ensure privacy protections. Electronic

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records shall include programming recommendations, program completions,
 time spent in housing other than general population, and medical records,
 including mental and behavioral health records;

4 (9) Collect, develop, and maintain statistical information 5 concerning persons committed to the department, sentencing practices, and 6 correctional treatment as may be useful in penological research or in the 7 development of treatment programs;

8 (10) Provide training programs designed to equip employees for duty 9 in the facilities and related services of the department and to raise and 10 maintain the educational standards, level of performance, and safety of 11 such employees;

12 (11) Notify law enforcement agencies of upcoming furloughs as
 13 required by section 83-173.01;

(12) Issue or authorize the issuance of a warrant for the arrest of
any person committed to the department who has escaped from the custody
of the department; and

17 (13) Supervise and be responsible for administration of parole
 18 services in the community, including administration of the Community Work
 19 Release and Reentry Centers Act;

(14) Establish and maintain policies, standards, and procedures for
 the field parole service and the community supervision of sex offenders
 pursuant to section 83-174.03;

23 (15) Divide the state into parole districts and appoint district 24 parole officers and such other employees as may be required to carry out 25 adequate parole supervision of all parolees, prescribe their powers and 26 duties, and obtain division offices for staff in each district as may be 27 necessary;

(16) Cooperate with the Board of Parole, the courts, the Community
 Corrections Division of the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and
 Criminal Justice, and all other agencies, public and private, which are
 concerned with the treatment or welfare of persons on parole;

2of a parolee that the board or such judges may require;3(18) Make recommendations to the Board of Parole or district judge4in cases of violation of the conditions of parole, issue warrants for the5arrest of parole violators when so instructed by the board or district6judge, and upon instruction of the board, issue certificates of parole7and of parole revocation to the facilities and certificates of discharge8from parole to parolees;9(19) Organize and conduct training programs for the district parole10officers and other employees;11(20) Use the funds provided under section 83-1,107.02 to augment12operational or personnel costs associated with the development,13implementation, and evaluation of enhanced parole-based programs and14purchase services to provide such programs include, but are not limited to,15specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases and16training, and programs that address a parole's vocational, educational,19mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including20the department be periodically validated;21(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to24the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the25its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding26(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out27its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding28<	1	(17) Provide the Board of Parole and district judges with any record
<ul> <li>in cases of violation of the conditions of parole, issue warrants for the</li> <li>arrest of parole violators when so instructed by the board or district</li> <li>judge, and upon instruction of the board, issue certificates of parole</li> <li>and of parole revocation to the facilities and certificates of discharge</li> <li>from parole to parolees;</li> <li>(19) Organize and conduct training programs for the district parole</li> <li>officers and other employees;</li> <li>(20) Use the funds provided under section 83-1,107.02 to augment</li> <li>operational or personnel costs associated with the development,</li> <li>implementation, and evaluation of enhanced parole-based programs and</li> <li>purchase services to provide such programs aimed at enhancing adult</li> <li>parolee supervision in the community and treatment needs of parolees.</li> <li>Such enhanced parole-based programs include, but are not limited to,</li> <li>specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases and</li> <li>training, and programs that address a parolee's vocational, educational,</li> <li>mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including</li> <li>evidence-based peer and family support programs;</li> <li>(21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by</li> <li>the department be periodically validated;</li> <li>(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to</li> <li>the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the</li> <li>number of technical violations of parole;</li> <li>(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out</li> <li>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</li> <li>emergency;</li> <li>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</li> <li>Supervision; and</li> </ul>	2	of a parolee that the board or such judges may require;
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operational or personnel costs associated with the development, implementation, and evaluation of enhanced parole-based programs and purchase services to provide such programs aimed at enhancing adult parolee supervision in the community and treatment needs of parolees. Such enhanced parole-based programs include, but are not limited to, specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases and training, and programs that address a parolee's vocational, educational, mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including evidence-based peer and family support programs; (21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by the department be periodically validated; (22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the number of technical violations of parole; (23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding emergency; (24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision; and	10	officers and other employees;
<ul> <li>implementation, and evaluation of enhanced parole-based programs and</li> <li>purchase services to provide such programs aimed at enhancing adult</li> <li>parolee supervision in the community and treatment needs of parolees.</li> <li>Such enhanced parole-based programs include, but are not limited to,</li> <li>specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases and</li> <li>training, and programs that address a parolee's vocational, educational,</li> <li>mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including</li> <li>evidence-based peer and family support programs;</li> <li>(21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by</li> <li>the department be periodically validated;</li> <li>(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to</li> <li>the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the</li> <li>number of technical violations of parole;</li> <li>(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out</li> <li>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</li> <li>emergency;</li> <li>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</li> <li>Supervision; and</li> </ul>	11	<u>(20) Use the funds provided under section 83-1,107.02 to augment</u>
14purchase services to provide such programs aimed at enhancing adult15parolee supervision in the community and treatment needs of parolees.16Such enhanced parole-based programs include, but are not limited to,17specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases and18training, and programs that address a parolee's vocational, educational,19mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including20evidence-based peer and family support programs;21(21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by22the department be periodically validated;23(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to24the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the25number of technical violations of parole;26(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out27its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding28emergency;29(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender30Supervision; and	12	operational or personnel costs associated with the development,
parolee supervision in the community and treatment needs of parolees. Such enhanced parole-based programs include, but are not limited to, specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases and training, and programs that address a parolee's vocational, educational, mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including evidence-based peer and family support programs; (21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by the department be periodically validated; (22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the number of technical violations of parole; (23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding emergency; (24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision; and	13	implementation, and evaluation of enhanced parole-based programs and
Such enhanced parole-based programs include, but are not limited to, specialized units of supervision, related equipment purchases and training, and programs that address a parolee's vocational, educational, mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including evidence-based peer and family support programs; (21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by the department be periodically validated; (22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the number of technical violations of parole; (23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding emergency; (24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision; and	14	purchase services to provide such programs aimed at enhancing adult
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<ul> <li>evidence-based peer and family support programs;</li> <li>(21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by</li> <li>the department be periodically validated;</li> <li>(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to</li> <li>the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the</li> <li>number of technical violations of parole;</li> <li>(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out</li> <li>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</li> <li>emergency;</li> <li>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</li> <li>Supervision; and</li> </ul>	18	training, and programs that address a parolee's vocational, educational,
<ul> <li>(21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by</li> <li>the department be periodically validated;</li> <li>(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to</li> <li>the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the</li> <li>number of technical violations of parole;</li> <li>(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out</li> <li>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</li> <li>emergency;</li> <li>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</li> <li>Supervision; and</li> </ul>	19	mental health, behavioral, or substance abuse treatment needs, including
the department be periodically validated; (22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the number of technical violations of parole; (23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding emergency; (24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision; and	20	evidence-based peer and family support programs;
<ul> <li>(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to</li> <li>the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the</li> <li>number of technical violations of parole;</li> <li>(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out</li> <li>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</li> <li>emergency;</li> <li>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</li> <li>Supervision; and</li> </ul>	21	(21) Ensure that any risk or needs assessment instrument utilized by
24 <u>the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the</u> 25 <u>number of technical violations of parole;</u> 26 <u>(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out</u> 27 <u>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</u> 28 <u>emergency;</u> 29 <u>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</u> 30 <u>Supervision; and</u>	22	the department be periodically validated;
25 <u>number of technical violations of parole;</u> 26 (23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out 27 its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding 28 <u>emergency;</u> 29 (24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender 30 Supervision; and	23	(22) Each January 1, report to the Governor and electronically to
<ul> <li>(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out</li> <li>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</li> <li>emergency;</li> <li>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</li> <li>Supervision; and</li> </ul>	24	the Clerk of the Legislature the number of parole revocations and the
27 <u>its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding</u> 28 <u>emergency;</u> 29 <u>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</u> 30 <u>Supervision; and</u>	25	number of technical violations of parole;
<pre>28 emergency; 29 (24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender 30 Supervision; and</pre>	26	(23) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out
29 <u>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</u> 30 <u>Supervision; and</u>	27	its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding
30 <u>Supervision; and</u>	28	emergency;
	29	<u>(24) Administer the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender</u>
31 (25) (13) Exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary and	30	Supervision; and
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1 proper in carrying out his or her responsibilities.

Sec. 136. Section 83-174.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

83-174.03 (1) Any individual who, on or after July 14, 2006, (a) is 4 5 convicted of or completes a term of incarceration for a registrable 6 offense under section 29-4003 and has a previous conviction for a 7 registrable offense under such section, (b) is convicted of sexual 8 assault of a child in the first degree pursuant to section 28-319.01, or 9 (c) is convicted of or completes a term of incarceration for an aggravated offense as defined in section 29-4001.01, shall, 10 upon 11 completion of his or her term of incarceration or release from civil 12 commitment, be supervised in the community by the department Division of Parole Supervision for the remainder of his or her life. 13

14 (2) Notice shall be provided to the <u>department</u> division by an agency
15 or political subdivision which has custody of an individual required to
16 be supervised in the community pursuant to subsection (1) of this section
17 at least sixty days prior to the release of such individual from custody.

(3) Individuals required to be supervised in the community pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall undergo a risk assessment and evaluation by the <u>department</u> <del>division</del> to determine the conditions of community supervision to be imposed to best protect the public from the risk that the individual will reoffend.

(4) Conditions of community supervision imposed on an individual by
 the <u>department</u> division may include the following:

(a) Drug and alcohol testing if the conviction resulting in the
 imposition of community supervision involved the use of drugs or alcohol;

(b) Restrictions on employment and leisure activities necessary to
 minimize interaction with potential victims;

(c) Requirements to report regularly to the individual's community
 supervision officer;

31 (d) Requirements to reside at a specified location and notify the

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individual's community supervision officer of any change in address or
 employment;

3 (e) A requirement to allow the <u>department</u> division access to medical
4 records from the individual's current and former providers of treatment;

5 (f) A requirement that the individual submit himself or herself to 6 available medical, psychological, psychiatric, or other treatment, 7 including, but not limited to, polygraph examinations; or

8 (g) Any other conditions designed to minimize the risk of 9 recidivism, including, but not limited to, the use of electronic 10 monitoring, which are not unduly restrictive.

Sec. 137. Section 83-174.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

13 83-174.04 An individual who violates one or more of the conditions 14 of community supervision established for him or her pursuant to section 15 83-174.03 shall undergo a review by the <u>department</u> <del>Division of Parole</del> 16 Supervision to evaluate the risk posed to the public by the violation in 17 question. The <u>department</u> <del>division</del> may take any of the following actions 18 in response to a violation of conditions of community supervision:

(1) Revise or impose additional conditions of community supervision
in order to minimize the risk to the public from the continued presence
of the individual in the community;

(2) Forward to the Attorney General or the county attorney in the county where the individual resides a request to initiate a criminal prosecution for failure to comply with the terms of community supervision; or

(3) Forward to the county attorney or Attorney General a
 recommendation that civil commitment proceedings be instituted with
 respect to the individual.

Sec. 138. Section 83-174.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
is amended to read:

31 83-174.05 Failure to comply with the conditions of community

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supervision imposed by the <u>department</u> <del>Division of Parole Supervision</del> is a
 Class IV felony for the first offense and a Class III felony for any
 subsequent offense.

Sec. 139. Section 83-192, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

6 83-192 (1) The Board of Parole shall:

7 (a) Determine the time of release on parole of committed offenders8 eligible for such release;

9 (b) Fix the conditions of parole, revoke parole, issue or authorize 10 the issuance of warrants for the arrest of parole violators, and impose 11 other sanctions short of revocation for violation of conditions of 12 parole;

(c) Determine the time of mandatory discharge from parole;

(d) Visit and inspect any facility, state or local, for the
detention of persons charged with or convicted of an offense and for the
safekeeping of such other persons as may be remanded to such facility in
accordance with law;

(e) <u>Implement</u> Within two years after July 1, 2006, implement the
 utilization of a validated risk and needs assessment in coordination with
 the Department of Correctional Services and the Division of Parole
 Supervision. The assessment shall be prepared and completed by the
 department or the division for use by the board in determining release on
 parole;

(f) Review the record of every parole-eligible committed offender
annually when he or she is within three years of his or her earliest
parole eligibility date.

The review schedule shall be based on court-imposed sentences or statutory minimum sentences, whichever are greater. The board is not required to review the record of a committed offender when the committed offender's parole eligibility date is within one month of his or her mandatory discharge date. Nothing in such schedule shall prohibit the

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1 board from reviewing a committed offender's case at any time;

2 (g) Appoint and remove all employees of the board as prescribed by
3 the State Personnel System and delegate appropriate powers and duties to
4 them;

5 (h) Carry out its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional
6 system overcrowding emergency;

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(i) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations; and

8 (j) Exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary and proper 9 in carrying out its responsibilities under the Nebraska Treatment and 10 Corrections Act.

11 (2) The chairperson of the board shall:

12 (a) Supervise the administration and operation of the board;

(b) Serve in an advisory capacity to the director in administering
parole services within any facility;

(c) Interpret the parole program to the public with a view towarddeveloping a broad base of public support;

17 (d) Conduct research for the purpose of evaluating and improving the18 effectiveness of the parole system;

19 (e) Recommend parole legislation to the Governor;

20 (f) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the 21 administration and operation of the board;

(g) Take all actions necessary to assist the board in carrying out its duties under section 83-962 during a correctional system overcrowding emergency; and

(h) Exercise all other powers and perform all other duties necessaryand proper in carrying out his or her responsibilities as chairperson.

(3) This section does not prohibit a committed offender from
requesting that the board review his or her record. The board is not
required to review a committed offender's record more than once a year,
except as otherwise required by statute, including section 83-962.

Sec. 140. Section 83-1,100, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read: 2 83-1,100 (1) There is hereby created the Division of Parole 3 Supervision within the department. The employees of the division shall consist of the Director of Supervision and Services, the field parole 4 5 service officers, and all other division staff. The division shall be 6 responsible for the following: 7 (a) The administration of parole services in the community, 8 including administration of the Community Work Release and Reentry 9 Centers Act; 10 (b) The maintenance of all records and files associated with the 11 Board of Parole; (c) The daily supervision and training of staff members of the 12 13 division, including training regarding evidence-based practices in 14 supervision pursuant to section 83-1,100.02; and 15 (d) The assessment, evaluation, and supervision of individuals who 16 are subject to parole supervision, including lifetime community 17 supervision pursuant to section 83-174.03. (2) Parole officers shall be compensated with salaries substantially 18 equal to other state employees who have similar responsibilities, 19 including employees of the Office of Probation Administration. This 20 21 section subsection shall apply only to field parole service officers and 22 support staff and shall not apply to the director Director of Supervision 23 and Services or any other management-level position. (3) This section does not prohibit the division from maintaining 24 25 daily records and files associated with the Board of Pardons. 26 Sec. 141. Section 83-1,100.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 27 is amended to read: 83-1,100.02 (1) For purposes of this section: 28 29 (a) Levels of supervision means the determination of the following

30 for each person on parole:

31 (i) Supervision contact requirements, including the frequency,

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1 location, methods, and nature of contact with the parole officer;

2 (ii) Substance abuse testing requirements and frequency;

3 (iii) Contact restrictions;

4 (iv) Curfew restrictions;

5 (v) Access to available programs and treatment, with priority given 6 to moderate-risk and high-risk parolees; and

7 (vi) Severity of graduated responses to violations of supervision8 conditions;

9 (b) Responsivity factors means characteristics of a parolee that 10 affect the parolee's ability to respond favorably or unfavorably to any 11 treatment goals; and

(c) Risk and needs assessment means an actuarial tool that has been
validated in Nebraska to determine the likelihood of the parolee engaging
in future criminal behavior.

15 (2) The <u>department</u> <del>Division of Parole Supervision</del> shall establish an 16 evidence-based process that utilizes a risk and needs assessment to 17 measure criminal risk factors, specific individual needs, and 18 responsivity factors.

19 (3) The risk and needs assessment shall be performed at the 20 commencement of the parole term and every six months thereafter by 21 <u>department</u> <del>division</del> staff trained and certified in the use of the risk 22 and needs assessment.

(4) The validity of the risk and needs assessment shall be tested at
least every five years.

(5) Based on the results of the risk and needs assessment, the
<u>department</u> division shall target parolee criminal risk and need factors
by focusing sanction, program, and treatment resources on moderate-risk
and high-risk parolees.

(6) The <u>department</u> division shall provide training to its parole
officers on (a) use of a risk and needs assessment, (b) risk-based
supervision strategies, (c) relationship skills, (d) cognitive behavioral

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interventions, (e) community-based resources, (f) criminal risk factors,
(g) targeting criminal risk factors to reduce recidivism, (h) proper use
of a matrix of administrative sanctions, custodial sanctions, and rewards
developed pursuant to section 83-1,119, and (i) addressing responsivity
factors. Each parole officer shall complete the training requirements set
forth in this subsection within one year after his or her hire date or
September 1, 2024, whichever is later.

8 (7) The <u>department</u> <del>division</del> shall provide training for chief parole 9 officers to become trainers so as to ensure long-term and self-sufficient 10 training capacity in the state.

Sec. 142. Section 83-1,103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

83-1,103 The field parole service, consisting of district parole 13 14 officers working under the direction of the <u>director</u> Director of 15 Supervision and Services or district judge, shall be responsible for the investigation, supervision, and assistance of parolees, probationers, or 16 17 individuals subject to community supervision under section 83-174.03. The field parole service shall be sufficient in size to assure that no 18 district parole officer carries a case load larger than is compatible 19 with adequate parole investigation or supervision. 20

Sec. 143. Section 83-1,103.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, amended to read:

83-1,103.01 A parole officer assigned by the <u>director</u> <del>Director of</del>
 Supervision and Services to supervise individuals subject to lifetime
 community supervision pursuant to section 83-174.03 shall:

(1) Make investigations, prior to an individual subject to community
supervision being released from incarceration, in cooperation with
institutional caseworkers at prisons, mental health facilities, and
county jails, to determine the community supervision conditions necessary
to protect the public and make reasonable advance preparation for release
into the community;

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(2) Assist individuals subject to community supervision to comply
 with the conditions of supervision and to make a successful adjustment in
 the community;

4 (3) Supervise individuals subject to community supervision by
5 keeping informed of their conduct and condition;

6 (4) Make reports as required by the <u>director</u> <del>Director of Supervision</del> 7 <del>and Services</del> to determine the effectiveness of community supervision in 8 protecting the public or the progress of an individual subject to 9 community supervision;

(5) Cooperate with social welfare agencies and treatment providers
 to ensure that individuals subject to community supervision receive any
 necessary services or treatment;

(6) Inform the <u>director</u> <del>Director of Supervision and Services</del> when,
in the opinion of the community supervision officer, an individual is in
violation of the conditions of his or her community supervision, and
whenever necessary exercise the power of arrest as provided in section
83-173 83-1,102;

18 (7) Conduct periodic reviews of the conditions of community
 19 supervision imposed on an individual as required by the <u>director</u> <del>Director</del>
 20 of Supervision and Services; and

(8) Exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary and proper
 in carrying out his or her responsibilities.

23 Sec. 144. Section 83-1,103.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 24 is amended to read:

83-1,103.02 (1) Prior to the release from incarceration of an
individual subject to lifetime community supervision pursuant to section
83-174.03, the <u>department</u> <del>Division of Parole Supervision</del> shall:

(a) Notify the individual in writing that he or she is subject to
community supervision upon completion of his or her criminal sentence;

30 (b) Inform the individual subject to community supervision of the31 process by which conditions of community supervision are determined and

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his or her right to submit relevant information to the <u>department</u>
 division for consideration when establishing the conditions of
 supervision;

4 (c) Determine the individual's risk of recidivism if released into
5 the community, utilizing a validated risk assessment tool;

6 (d) After considering the information required in subdivision (e) of 7 this subsection, determine the conditions of supervision which will most 8 effectively minimize the risk of the individual committing another sex 9 offense. The conditions shall be the least restrictive conditions 10 available, in terms of the effect on the individual's personal freedom, 11 which minimize the risk of recidivism and are compatible with public 12 safety; and

(e) In determining the conditions of supervision to be imposed, the
 <u>department</u> division shall consider the following:

(i) A report prepared by the institutional caseworkers relating to
the individual's personality, social history, and adjustment to authority
and including any recommendations which the staff of the facility may
make;

(ii) All official reports of the individual's prior criminal record,
including reports and records of earlier probation and parole
experiences;

22 (iii) The presentence investigation report;

(iv) The reports of any physical, mental, and psychiatric
examinations of the individual;

(v) Any relevant information which may be submitted by the individual, his or her attorney, the victim of the crime, or other persons; and

(vi) Such other relevant information concerning the individual asmay be reasonably available.

30 (2) Upon completion of the risk assessment and the determination of31 the conditions of community supervision and no later than thirty days

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prior to the completion of the individual's criminal sentence, the <u>department</u> division shall issue a certificate of community supervision to the individual containing the conditions of community supervision he or she will be required to comply with upon the completion of his or her criminal sentence. The <u>director</u> <u>Director</u> <u>of</u> <u>Supervision</u> <u>and</u> <u>Services</u> shall include with the certificate written information on how to appeal the determination of the conditions of community supervision.

Sec. 145. Section 83-1,103.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
is amended to read:

10 83-1,103.03 <u>(1)</u> The <u>department</u> <del>Division of Parole Supervision</del> shall 11 review the conditions of community supervision imposed on an individual 12 pursuant to section 83-174.03 on an annual basis and shall provide the 13 individual the opportunity to submit written materials to the <u>department</u> 14 <del>division</del> for consideration during such review.

15 (2) If the <u>department</u> division determines, after reviewing the individual's conduct while under supervision and any other relevant 16 17 facts, that one or more of the conditions of community supervision imposed upon the individual is no longer necessary to reduce the risk of 18 individual reoffending or is no longer the least restrictive 19 the 20 condition compatible with public safety, the <u>department</u> division shall 21 revise the conditions of community supervision so that the individual's 22 freedom is not unnecessarily restricted.

23 Sec. 146. Section 83-1,103.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 24 is amended to read:

25 83-1,103.04 (1) Whenever a determination or revision of the 26 conditions of community supervision is made by the <u>department</u> <del>Division of</del> 27 Parole Supervision, the individual subject to the conditions shall be 28 entitled to an appeal. The appeal shall be heard by the district court in 29 the county where the individual resides. The individual shall be informed 30 of his or her right to request counsel, and if counsel is requested the 31 court shall determine if the individual is indigent. If the court finds

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the individual to be indigent, it shall appoint counsel from the public
 defender's office to represent the individual during the appeal.

3 (2) In an appeal contesting the determination or revision of the conditions of community supervision, the burden of proof shall be on the 4 5 individual subject to community supervision to show by clear and 6 convincing evidence (a) that the conditions in question will not reduce 7 the risk of the individual reoffending or otherwise protect the public or 8 (b) that the condition is overly restrictive of the individual's freedom 9 and a less restrictive condition is available which is equally or more effective in reducing the risk of the individual reoffending. 10

Sec. 147. Section 83-1,104, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

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83-1,104 A district parole officer shall:

(1) Make investigations, prior to a committed offender's release on
parole, in cooperation with institutional caseworkers and the Board of
Parole to determine the adequacy of parole plans and make reasonable
advance preparation for release on parole;

(2) Assist a committed offender who requests assistance prior to 18 release or a parolee to comply with the conditions of parole and to make 19 20 a successful adjustment in the community, including facilitating the 21 transitional needs of housing and employment, access to and participation 22 in job training services in the community, access to mental health 23 services, assisting with applications for health care coverage or 24 ensuring that the committed offender or parolee knows how to apply for and obtain health care coverage, and assisting with enrollment in the 25 26 medical assistance program established pursuant to the Medical Assistance 27 Act, if eligible, to ensure that the committed offender or parolee has access to such program close to the time of release or soon thereafter; 28

(3) Supervise parolees by keeping informed of their conduct and
condition, utilizing global positioning systems and other monitoring
technology as needed during the period of supervision;

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(4) Make such reports as required by the <u>director</u> <del>Director of</del>
 Supervision and Services</del> or district judge to determine the effectiveness
 of the parole system or the progress of an individual parolee;

4 (5) Cooperate with social welfare agencies;

5 (6) Observe the work of any parole officer under his or her
6 supervision from time to time;

7 (7) Inform the <u>director</u> Director of Supervision and Services when, 8 in his or her opinion, any eligible parolee's conduct and attitude 9 warrant his or her discharge from active supervision, or when any 10 parolee's violation of the conditions of parole is of sufficient 11 seriousness to require action by the Board of Parole or district judge 12 and whenever necessary exercise the power of arrest as provided in 13 section 83-1,119;

14 (8) Delegate in his or her discretion any of the above 15 responsibilities to a parole officer under his or her supervision; and (9) Exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary and proper 16 17 in carrying out his or her responsibilities.

18 Sec. 148. Section 83-1,107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

83-1,107 (1)(a) Within sixty days after initial classification and 20 21 assignment of any offender committed to the department, all available 22 information regarding such committed offender shall be reviewed and a 23 committed offender department-approved personalized program plan document 24 shall be drawn up. The document shall specifically describe the department-approved personalized program plan and the specific goals the 25 26 department expects the committed offender to achieve. The document shall 27 also contain a realistic schedule for completion of the departmentapproved personalized program plan. The department-approved personalized 28 29 program plan shall be developed with the active participation of the 30 committed offender. The department shall provide programs to allow compliance by the committed offender with the department-approved 31

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1 personalized program plan.

2 Programming may include, but is not limited to:

3 (i) Academic and vocational education, including teaching such
4 classes by qualified offenders;

5 (ii) Substance abuse treatment;

6 (iii) Mental health and psychiatric treatment, including criminal7 personality programming;

(iv) Constructive, meaningful work programs; and

9 (v) Any other program deemed necessary and appropriate by the 10 department.

11 (b) A modification in the department-approved personalized program 12 plan may be made to account for the increased or decreased abilities of the committed offender or the availability of any program. 13 Any 14 modification shall be made only after notice is given to the committed 15 offender. The department may not impose disciplinary action upon any committed offender solely because of the committed offender's failure to 16 17 comply with the department-approved personalized program plan, but such failure may be considered by the board in its deliberations on whether or 18 not to grant parole to a committed offender. 19

(2)(a) The department shall reduce the term of a committed offender
by six months for each year of the offender's term and pro rata for any
part thereof which is less than a year.

23 (b) In addition to reductions granted in subdivision (2)(a) of this 24 section, the department shall reduce the term of a committed offender by three days on the first day of each month following a twelve-month period 25 26 of incarceration within the department during which the offender has not 27 been found guilty of (i) a Class I or Class II offense or (ii) more than three Class III offenses under the department's disciplinary code. 28 29 Reductions earned under this subdivision shall not be subject to forfeit 30 or withholding by the department.

31 (c) The total reductions under this subsection shall be credited

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1 from the date of sentence, which shall include any term of confinement 2 prior to sentence and commitment as provided pursuant to section 3 83-1,106, and shall be deducted from the maximum term, to determine the 4 date when discharge from the custody of the state becomes mandatory.

5 (3) While the offender is in the custody of the department, 6 reductions of terms granted pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this 7 section may be forfeited, withheld, and restored by the chief executive 8 officer of the facility with the approval of the director after the 9 offender has been notified regarding the charges of misconduct.

(4) The department, in consultation with the board, shall ensure 10 11 that a release or reentry plan is complete or near completion when the 12 offender has served at least eighty percent of his or her sentence. For subsection, release 13 purposes of this or reentry plan means a 14 comprehensive and individualized strategic plan to ensure an individual's 15 safe and effective transition or reentry into the community to which he or she resides with the primary goal of reducing recidivism. At a 16 minimum, the release or reentry plan shall include, but not be limited 17 to, consideration of the individual's housing needs, medical or mental 18 health care needs, and transportation and job needs and shall address an 19 individual's barriers to successful release or reentry in order to 20 21 prevent recidivism. The release or reentry plan does not include an 22 individual's programming needs included in the individual's personalized 23 program plan for use inside the prison. However, the department shall 24 include in the release or reentry plan information regarding the individual's progress on the individual's personalized program plan for 25 26 use inside the prison.

(5)(a) The department shall make treatment programming available to committed offenders as provided in section 83-1,110.01 and shall include continuing participation in such programming as part of each offender's department-approved personalized program plan developed under subsection (1) of this section.

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1 (b) Any committed offender with a mental illness shall be provided 2 with the community standard of mental health care. The mental health care 3 shall utilize evidence-based therapy models that include an evaluation 4 component to track the effectiveness of interventions.

5 (c) Any committed offender with a mental illness shall be evaluated 6 before release to ensure that adequate monitoring and treatment of the 7 committed offender will take place or, if appropriate, that a commitment 8 proceeding under the Nebraska Mental Health Commitment Act or the Sex 9 Offender Commitment Act will take place.

(6)(a) Within thirty days after any committed offender has been 10 11 paroled, all available information regarding such parolee shall be 12 reviewed and a case plan document shall be drawn up and approved by the Division of Parole Supervision. 13 department The document shall 14 specifically describe the approved case plan and the specific goals the 15 department division expects the parolee to achieve. The document shall also contain a realistic schedule for completion of the approved case 16 17 plan. The approved case plan shall be developed with the active participation of the parolee. During the term of parole, the parolee 18 shall comply with the approved case plan and the department division 19 20 shall provide programs to allow compliance by the parolee with the 21 approved case plan.

22 Programming may include, but is not limited to:

23 (i) Academic and vocational education;

24 (ii) Substance abuse treatment;

(iii) Mental health and psychiatric treatment, including criminal
 personality programming;

27 (iv) Constructive, meaningful work programs;

28 (v) Community service programs; and

(vi) Any other program deemed necessary and appropriate by the
 <u>department</u> division.

31 (b) A modification in the approved case plan may be made to account

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1 for the increased or decreased abilities of the parolee or the 2 availability of any program. Any modification shall be made only after 3 notice is given to the parolee. Intentional failure to comply with the 4 approved case plan by any parolee as scheduled for any year, or pro rata 5 part thereof, shall cause disciplinary action to be taken by the 6 <u>department division</u> resulting in the forfeiture of up to a maximum of 7 three months' good time for the scheduled year.

8 (7) While the offender is in the custody of the board, reductions of 9 terms granted pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of this section may be 10 forfeited, withheld, and restored by the director upon the recommendation 11 of the board after the offender has been notified regarding the charges 12 of misconduct or breach of the conditions of parole.

(8) Good time or other reductions of sentence granted under the
provisions of any law prior to July 1, 1996, may be forfeited, withheld,
or restored in accordance with the terms of the Nebraska Treatment and
Corrections Act.

17 (9) Pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the probation administrator and the director, an individualized post-release 18 supervision plan shall be collaboratively prepared by the Office of 19 20 Probation Administration and the department and provided to the court to 21 prepare individuals under custody of the department for post-release 22 supervision. All records created during the period of incarceration shall 23 be shared with the Office of Probation Administration and considered in 24 preparation of the post-release supervision plan.

25 Sec. 149. Section 83-1,107.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 26 is amended to read:

83-1,107.01 (1) Unless otherwise provided by this section, whenever
an adult offender is paroled, the board shall require a parolee to pay a
monthly parole programming fee.

30 (2) Parolees under the supervision of the <u>department</u> <del>Division of</del>
 31 Parole Supervision shall pay a monthly parole programming fee of twenty-

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1 five dollars, not later than the tenth day of each month, beginning the 2 second month of parole supervision and continuing for the duration of the 3 parole.

4 (3) The board shall waive payment of the monthly parole programming 5 fee in whole or in part if after a hearing a determination is made that 6 such payment would constitute an undue hardship on the parolee due to 7 limited income, employment or school status, or physical or mental 8 handicap. Such waiver shall be in effect only during the period of time 9 that the parolee is unable to pay his or her monthly parole programming 10 fee.

11 (4) When monthly parole programming fees are waived, in whole or in 12 part, the parole officer, pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the board, may contract with the parolee to perform approved community 13 14 service at the rate of five dollars per hour in lieu of payment of 15 monthly parole programming fees. A parolee may be required to pay a participation fee in order to take advantage of community service 16 17 programs. A parolee may not accumulate more than three months' advance 18 credit for community service. The use of community service alternatives does not preclude the imposition of other intermediate measures. 19

(5) The <u>department</u>, <u>division</u> with the approval of the Board of Parole, shall implement sanctions if a parolee defaults in the payment of monthly parole programming fees or any installment thereof as established by subsection (2) of this section, except that parole shall not be revoked nor shall the parolee be imprisoned for such nonpayment if the parolee is financially unable to make the payment.

(6) If the board determines that the default in payment described in subsection (5) of this section was not attributable to a deliberate refusal to obey the order of the board or to failure on the parolee's part to make a good faith effort to obtain the funds required for payment, the board may allow the parolee additional time for payment, reduce the amount of each installment, or revoke the fees or the unpaid

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1 portion in whole or in part.

2 (7) No parolee shall be required to pay more than one monthly parole3 programming fee per month.

4 (8) The imposition of monthly parole programming fees in this 5 section shall be considered separate and apart from specific service 6 delivery fees.

7 (9) Any adult offender received for supervision pursuant to section 8 29-2637 or the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision shall be 9 assessed a monthly parole programming fee during the period of time the 10 offender is actively supervised by Nebraska parole authorities.

(10) A parolee shall pay the fees described in this section to the
 <u>department</u> division. The <u>department</u> division shall remit all fees to the
 State Treasurer for credit to the Parole Program Cash Fund.

14 (11) The board and the <u>department</u> division shall adopt and
 15 promulgate rules and regulations to carry out this section.

Sec. 150. Section 83-1,107.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

83-1,107.02 The Parole Program Cash Fund is created. All funds 18 collected pursuant to section 83-1,107.01 shall be remitted to the State 19 20 Treasurer for credit to the fund. The fund shall be utilized by the 21 department Division of Parole Supervision for the purposes stated in 22 subdivision (20) (8) of section 83-173 83-1,102. Any money in the fund 23 available for investment shall be invested by the state investment 24 officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act. 25

Sec. 151. Section 83-1,109, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

83-1,109 The chief executive officer of a facility shall regularly report all good time and all forfeitures, withholdings, and restorations of good time to the director. On the basis of such report, the director shall inform the board and the Director of Supervision and Services of

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all committed offenders who are expected to become eligible for release
 on parole within the next three months.

3 Sec. 152. Section 83-1,118, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 83-1,118 (1) If, in the opinion of the board, upon receipt of 6 information from the <u>director</u> <del>Director of Supervision and Services</del>, a 7 parolee has shown suitable compliance with his or her parole programming 8 plan, the board may reduce the level of supervision for a parolee that is 9 commensurate with the best interests of the parolee and is compatible 10 with the protection of the public.

11 (2) The board shall discharge a parolee from parole when the time 12 served in the custody of the department and the time served on parole 13 equal the maximum term less good time.

(3) The department shall discharge a committed offender from the
custody of the department when the time served in the facility equals the
maximum term less good time.

(4) Upon completion of the lawful requirements of the sentence, the department shall provide the parolee or committed offender with a written notice regarding his or her civil rights. The notice shall inform the parolee or committed offender that voting rights are restored upon completion of the sentence. The notice shall also include information on restoring other civil rights through the pardon process, including application to and hearing by the Board of Pardons.

(5) The Board of Parole may discharge a parolee from parole when
such parolee is under the supervision of another state's correctional
institution and such offender has reached the expiration date of his or
her Nebraska parole term.

Sec. 153. Section 83-1,119, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

30 83-1,119 (1) For purposes of this section:

31 (a) Absconding parole supervision means a parolee has purposely

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avoided supervision for a period of at least two weeks and reasonable
 efforts by a parole officer and staff to locate the parolee in person
 have proven unsuccessful;

4 (b) Administrative sanction means additional parole requirements 5 imposed upon a parolee by his or her parole officer, with the full 6 knowledge and consent of the parolee, designed to hold the parolee 7 accountable for substance abuse or technical violations of conditions of 8 parole, including, but not limited to:

9 (i) Counseling or reprimand by the <u>department</u> <del>Division of Parole</del>
10 Supervision;

11 (ii) Increased supervision contact requirements;

12 (iii) Increased substance abuse testing;

(iv) Referral for substance abuse or mental health evaluation or
other specialized assessment, counseling, or treatment;

(v) Imposition of a designated curfew for a period to be determined
by the <u>department division</u>; and

17 (vi) Travel restrictions to stay within his or her county of 18 residence or employment unless otherwise permitted by the <u>department</u> 19 <u>division</u>;

20 (c) Contract facility means a county jail that contracts with the 21 department to house parolees or other offenders under the jurisdiction of 22 the department;

(d) Substance abuse violation means a parolee's activities or
behaviors associated with the use of chemical substances or related
treatment services resulting in a violation of an original condition of
parole, including:

(i) Positive breath test for the consumption of alcohol if theparolee is required to refrain from alcohol consumption;

29 (ii) Positive urinalysis for the illegal use of drugs;

30 (iii) Failure to report for alcohol testing or drug testing; and

31 (iv) Failure to appear for or complete substance abuse or mental

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1 health treatment evaluations or inpatient or outpatient treatment; and

2 (e) Technical violation means a parolee's activities or behaviors 3 which create the opportunity for re-offending or diminish the 4 effectiveness of parole supervision resulting in a violation of an 5 original condition of parole and includes:

6

(i) Moving traffic violations;

7 (ii) Failure to report to his or her parole officer;

8 (iii) Leaving the state without the permission of the Board of9 Parole;

10 (iv) Failure to work regularly or attend training or school;

(v) Failure to notify his or her parole officer of change of address
 or employment;

(vi) Frequenting places where controlled substances are illegallysold, used, distributed, or administered; and

(vii) Failure to pay fines, court costs, restitution, or any fees
imposed pursuant to section 83-1,107.01 as directed.

17 Technical violation does not include absconding parole supervision.

(2) The <u>department</u> <u>division</u> shall develop a matrix of rewards for compliance and positive behaviors and graduated administrative sanctions and custodial sanctions for use in responding to and deterring substance abuse violations and technical violations. A custodial sanction of thirty days in a correctional facility or a contract facility shall be designated as the most severe response to a violation in lieu of revocation.

(3) Whenever a parole officer has reasonable cause to believe that a parolee has committed or is about to commit a substance abuse violation or technical violation while on parole, but that the parolee will not attempt to leave the jurisdiction and will not place lives or property in danger, the parole officer shall either:

30 (a) Impose one or more administrative sanctions based upon the31 parolee's risk level, the severity of the violation, and the parolee's

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response to the violation. If administrative sanctions are to be imposed, the parolee shall acknowledge in writing the nature of the violation and agree upon the administrative sanction. The parolee has the right to decline to acknowledge the violation. If he or she declines to acknowledge the violation, the parole officer shall take action pursuant to subdivision (3)(b) of this section. A copy of the report shall be submitted to the Board of Parole; or

8 (b) Submit a written report to the Board of Parole, outlining the 9 nature of the parole violation, and request the imposition of a custodial 10 sanction of up to thirty days in a correctional facility or a contract 11 facility. On the basis of the report and such further investigation as 12 the board may deem appropriate, the board shall determine whether and how 13 the parolee violated the conditions of parole and may:

14

(i) Dismiss the charge of violation; or

(ii) If the board finds a violation justifying a custodial sanction,
issue a warrant if necessary and impose a custodial sanction of up to
thirty days in a correctional facility or a contract facility.

(4) Whenever a parole officer has reasonable cause to believe that a 18 parolee has violated or is about to violate a condition of parole by a 19 violation other than a substance abuse violation or a technical violation 20 21 and the parole officer has reasonable cause to believe that the parolee 22 will not attempt to leave the jurisdiction and will not place lives or 23 property in danger, the parole officer shall submit a written report to 24 the Board of Parole which may, on the basis of such report and such further investigation as it may deem appropriate: 25

26 (a) Dismiss the charge of violation;

(b) Determine whether the parolee violated the conditions of his orher parole;

(c) Impose a custodial sanction of up to thirty days in a
 correctional facility or a contract facility;

31 (d) Revoke his or her parole in accordance with the Nebraska

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1 Treatment and Corrections Act; or

(e) Issue a warrant for the arrest of the parolee.

3 (5) Whenever a parole officer has reasonable cause to believe that a 4 parolee has violated or is about to violate a condition of parole and 5 that the parolee will attempt to leave the jurisdiction or will place 6 lives or property in danger, the parole officer shall arrest the parolee 7 without a warrant and call on any peace officer to assist him or her in 8 doing so.

9 (6) Whenever a parolee is arrested with or without a warrant, he or she shall be detained in a local jail or other detention facility 10 11 operated by the <u>department</u> Department of Correctional Services pending 12 completion of review of parole proceedings by the Board of Parole. Immediately after such arrest and detention, the parole officer shall 13 14 notify the Board of Parole and submit a written report of the reason for 15 such arrest. A complete investigation shall be made by the <u>department</u> Division of Parole Supervision and submitted to the board. After prompt 16 17 consideration of such written report, the board shall order the parolee's release from detention or continued confinement to await a final decision 18 on imposition of a custodial sanction or the revocation of parole. 19

20 (7) The Board of Parole shall adopt and promulgate rules and21 regulations necessary to carry out this section.

Sec. 154. Section 83-1,122.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
 is amended to read:

24 83-1,122.02 (1) The <u>department</u> Division of Parole Supervision shall 25 create a pilot program to establish a technical parole violation 26 residential housing program. The purpose of the program is to provide 27 accountability and intensive support for individuals on parole who commit 28 technical violations, without revoking them fully back to prison.

(2) The program shall provide a structured environment for selected
individuals on parole who have committed technical violations. The
program shall be based upon a therapeutic community model. Participants

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in the program shall, at a minimum, be required to take part in
 counseling, educational, and other programs as the <u>department</u> <del>Division of</del>
 Parole Supervision deems appropriate, to provide community service, and
 to submit to drug and alcohol screening.

5 (3) An individual on parole shall not be placed in the pilot program 6 until the <u>department</u> <del>Division of Parole Supervision</del> has determined the 7 individual is a suitable candidate in accordance with policies and 8 guidelines developed by the division.

9 (4) On or before June 1, 2024, the Division of Parole Supervision 10 shall electronically submit a report to the Judiciary Committee of the 11 Legislature regarding the pilot program. The report shall evaluate 12 effects of the pilot program on recidivism and make recommendations 13 regarding expansion of or changes to the program.

14 (4) (5) For purposes of this section, technical violation has the
 15 same meaning as in section 83-1,119.

Sec. 155. Section 83-1,125, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

18 83-1,125 (1) If a warrant or detainer is placed against a committed 19 offender by a court, parole agency, or other authority of this or any 20 other jurisdiction, the <u>director</u> <del>Director of Supervision and Services</del> 21 shall inquire before such offender becomes eligible for parole whether 22 the authority concerned intends to execute or withdraw the warrant or 23 detainer when the offender is released.

24 (2) If the authority notifies the director Director of Supervision and Services that it intends to execute the warrant or detainer when the 25 26 offender is released, the director Director of Supervision and Services 27 shall advise the authority concerned of the sentence under which the offender is held, the time of parole eligibility, any decision of the 28 29 board relating to the offender, and the nature of the offender's 30 adjustment during imprisonment and shall give reasonable notice to such authority of the offender's release date. 31

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(3) The board may parole an offender who is eligible for release to 1 a warrant or detainer. If an offender is paroled to such a warrant or 2 3 detainer, the board may provide, as a condition of release, that if the charge or charges on which the warrant or detainer is based are 4 5 dismissed, or are satisfied after conviction and sentence, prior to the 6 expiration of the offender's parole term, the authority to whose warrant 7 or detainer the offender is released shall return the offender to serve 8 the remainder of the parole term or such part as the board may determine.

9 (4) If a person paroled to a warrant or detainer is thereafter sentenced and placed on probation, or released on parole in another 10 11 jurisdiction, prior to the expiration of the parole term less good time 12 in this state, the board may permit the person to serve the remainder of the parole term or such part as the board may determine concurrently with 13 14 the person's new probation or parole term. Such concurrent terms may be 15 served in either of the two jurisdictions, and supervision shall be administered in accordance with the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender 16 17 Supervision.

Sec. 156. Section 83-1,125.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 83-1,125.01 (1) The Board of Parole and the <u>department</u> <del>Division of</del> 21 Parole Supervision</del> may maintain an individual file for each person who is 22 under the jurisdiction of the Board of Parole. Such file may be 23 maintained electronically and shall include, when available and 24 appropriate, the following information on such person:

25 (a) Admission summary;

26 (b) Presentence investigation report;

27 (c) Classification reports and recommendations;

(d) Official records of conviction and commitment along with any
earlier criminal records;

30 (e) Progress reports and admission-orientation reports;

31 (f) Reports of any disciplinary infractions and their disposition;

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1	(g) Risk and needs assessments;
2	(h) Parole plan and parole placement and investigation worksheets;
3	(i) Decision guideline scores;
4	(j) Parole case plan;
5	(k) Parole progress reports and contact notes;
6	(1) Arrest and violation reports, including disposition;
7	(m) Parole proceedings orders and notices;
8	(n) Other documents related to parole supervision;

9 (o) Correspondence; and

(p) Other pertinent data concerning his or her background, conduct,
associations, and family relationships.

12 (2) Any decision concerning release on or revocation of parole or imposition of sanctions shall be made only after the individual file has 13 14 been reviewed. The contents of the individual file shall be confidential 15 unless disclosed in connection with a public hearing and shall not be subject to public inspection except by court order for good cause shown. 16 17 The contents of the file shall not be accessible to any person under the 18 jurisdiction of the Board of Parole. A person under the jurisdiction of the board may obtain access to his or her medical records by request to 19 the provider pursuant to sections 71-8401 to 71-8407 notwithstanding the 20 21 fact that such medical records may be a part of his or her parole file. 22 The board and the department Division of Parole Supervision have the 23 authority to withhold decision guideline scores, risk and needs 24 assessment scores, and mental health and psychological records of a person under the jurisdiction of the board when appropriate. 25

(3) Nothing in this section limits in any manner the authority of the Public Counsel to inspect and examine the records and documents of the board and the <u>department Division of Parole Supervision</u> pursuant to sections 81-8,240 to 81-8,254, except that the Public Counsel's access to the medical or mental health records of a person under the jurisdiction of the board shall be subject to his or her consent. The office of Public

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1 Counsel shall not disclose the medical or mental health records of a 2 person under the jurisdiction of the board to anyone else, including any 3 other person under the jurisdiction of the board, except as authorized by 4 law.

5 (4) For any person under the jurisdiction of the Board of Parole, 6 the board shall provide such person's (a) name, (b) parole officer, and 7 (c) conditions of parole to the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement 8 and Criminal Justice which shall provide access to such information to 9 law enforcement agencies through the state's criminal justice information 10 system.

Sec. 157. Section 83-962, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

13 83-962 (1) A correctional system overcrowding emergency shall exist 14 whenever the director certifies that the department's inmate population 15 is over one hundred forty percent of <u>operational</u> <del>design</del> capacity. The 16 director shall so certify within thirty days after the date on which the 17 population first exceeds one hundred forty percent of <u>operational</u> <del>design</del> 18 capacity.

(2) During a correctional system overcrowding emergency, the board
shall immediately consider or reconsider committed offenders eligible for
parole who have not been released on parole.

(3) Upon such consideration or reconsideration, and for all other consideration of committed offenders eligible for parole while the correctional system overcrowding emergency is in effect, the board shall order the release of each committed offender unless it is of the opinion that such release should be deferred because:

(a) The board has determined that it is more likely than not that
the committed offender will not conform to the conditions of parole; or

(b) The board has determined that <u>the committed offender's continued</u>
 <u>correctional treatment</u>, <u>medical care</u>, <u>or vocational or other training in</u>
 the facility will substantially enhance the offender's capacity to lead a

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1 <u>law-abiding life when released at a later date.</u> release of the committed 2 offender would have a very significant and quantifiable effect on 3 institutional discipline; or

4 (c) The board has determined that there is a very substantial risk
5 that the committed offender will commit a violent act against a person.

6 (4) In making the determination regarding the risk that a committed 7 offender will not conform to the conditions of parole, the board shall 8 take into account the factors set forth in subsection (2) of section 9 83-1,114 and shall comply with the requirements of subsection (3) of 10 section 83-1,114 and section 83-196.01.

11 (5) The board shall continue granting parole to offenders under this 12 section until the director certifies that the population is at 13 operational capacity. The director shall so certify within thirty days 14 after the date on which the population first reaches operational 15 capacity.

Sec. 158. Sections 50 and 161 of this act become operative October 16 17 1, 2025. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 18 19 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, 46, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 20 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 21 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 22 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 23 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 24 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 25 26 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 160, and 162 of this act become operative three 27 calendar months after the adjournment of this legislative session. The 28 other sections of this act become operative on their effective date with 29 the emergency clause.

30 Sec. 159. Original sections 43-1401 and 43-1414, Reissue Revised 31 Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 29-4803, 29-4807, and 43-1411, Revised 1 Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, are repealed.

2 Sec. 160. Original sections 18-1724, 20-113, 20-132, 20-134, 3 20-139, 20-317, 20-318, 20-320, 20-321, 20-322, 20-325, 23-2525, 23-2531, 23-2541, 25-1030.01, 25-1056, 28-519, 29-401, 47-624, 47-624.01, 47-627, 4 5 47-629, 47-903, 47-908, 47-919, 48-215, 48-628.13, 48-1101, 48-1104, 48-1105, 48-1106, 48-1107, 48-1108, 48-1111, 48-1113, 48-1115, 48-1117, 6 7 48-1119, 48-1122, 48-1124, 48-1125, 49-801, 51-211, 58-216, 58-808, 8 58-809, 58-810, 68-1605, 69-2403, 69-2409.01, 69-2410, 69-2420, 71-904, 9 71-915, 71-922, 71-924, 71-941, 71-951, 71-952, 71-954, 71-1208, 75-325, 10 76-1495, 81-885.24, 81-1401, 83-170, 83-171, 83-171.01, 83-173, 83-174.03, 83-174.04, 83-174.05, 83-192, 83-1,100, 83-1,100.02, 83-1,103, 11 83-1,103.01, 83-1,103.02, 83-1,103.03, 83-1,103.04, 83-1,104, 83-1,107, 12 13 83-1,107.01, 83-1,107.02, 83-1,109, 83-1,118, 83-1,119, 83-1,122.02, 14 83-1,125, 83-1,125.01, and 83-962, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 15 sections 25-1645, 27-413, 28-105, 28-316.01, 28-318, 28-322, 29-1912, 29-1918, 29-2221, 29-2246, 29-2252, 29-2261, 29-2935, 29-4003, 29-4019, 16 32-221, 32-230, 39-210, 45-1303, 47-1102, 47-1103, 47-1104, 47-1105, 17 47-1106, 47-1107, 47-1108, 47-1109, 47-1110, 47-1111, 47-1113, 47-1114, 18 19 47-1115, 47-1116, 47-1117, 47-1119, 71-901, 71-903, 71-919, 71-920, 20 71-926, 71-939, 71-958, 71-961, 71-1203, 71-1204, 71-1206, 71-1223, 71-3426, and 71-3430, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, and 21 22 section 2, Legislative Bill 80, One Hundred Ninth Legislature, First 23 Session, 2025, are repealed.

Sec. 161. Original section 93, Legislative Bill 474, One Hundred
 Ninth Legislature, First Session, 2025, is repealed.

Sec. 162. The following sections are outright repealed: Sections
69-2409, 69-2411, 69-2412, 69-2413, 69-2414, 69-2415, 69-2416, 69-2417,
69-2418, 69-2419, 69-2423, 83-1,101, and 83-1,102, Reissue Revised
Statutes of Nebraska.

30 **Sec. 163.** Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when 31 passed and approved according to law.