AM1154 LB332 MMM - 04/23/2025

AMENDMENTS TO LB332

(Amendments to E&R amendments, ER42)

Introduced by Hardin, 48.

- 1 1. Strike sections 1, 11 to 13, 15 to 17, 19 to 29, 32, 34, 40, and
- 2 41 and insert the following new sections:
- 3 Section 1. Section 38-511, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 4 amended to read:
- 5 38-511 Nothing in the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology
- 6 Practice Act shall be construed to prevent or restrict:
- 7 (1) The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology or the
- 8 use of the official title of such practice by a person employed as a
- 9 speech-language pathologist or audiologist by the federal government;
- 10 (2) A physician from engaging in the practice of medicine and
- 11 surgery or any individual from carrying out any properly delegated
- 12 responsibilities within the normal practice of medicine and surgery under
- 13 the supervision of a physician;
- 14 (3) A person licensed as a hearing instrument specialist in this
- 15 state from engaging in the fitting, selling, ordering, and servicing of
- 16 hearing instruments or performing such other duties as defined in the
- 17 Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act;
- 18 (4) The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology or the
- 19 use of the official title of such practice by a person who holds a valid
- 20 and current credential as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist
- 21 issued by the State Department of Education, if such person performs
- 22 speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of his
- 23 or her duties within an agency, institution, or organization for which no
- 24 fee is paid directly or indirectly by the recipient of such service and
- 25 under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Education, but such
- 26 person may elect to be within the jurisdiction of the Audiology and

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- 1 Speech-Language Pathology Practice Act;
- 2 (5) The clinical practice in audiology or speech-language pathology
- 3 required for students enrolled in an accredited college or university
- pursuing a major in audiology or speech-language pathology, if such 4
- 5 clinical practices are supervised by a person licensed to practice
- 6 audiology or speech-language pathology and if the student is designated
- 7 by a title such as student clinician or other title clearly indicating
- 8 the training status; or
- 9 (6) The utilization of a speech aide or other personnel employed by
- a public school, educational service unit, or other private or public 10
- 11 educational institution working under the direct supervision of a
- <u>licensed</u> credentialed speech-language pathologist. 12
- Sec. 11. Section 38-1501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13
- 14 amended to read:
- 15 38-1501 Sections 38-1501 to 38-1518 and sections 14 and 23 to 32 of
- this act shall be known and may be cited as the Hearing Instrument 16
- 17 Specialists Practice Act.
- Sec. 12. Section 38-1502, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18
- 19 amended to read:
- 38-1502 For purposes of the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice 20
- 21 Act and elsewhere in the Uniform Credentialing Act, unless the context
- 22 otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections 38-1503 to 38-1507
- 23 and section 14 of this act apply.
- 24 Sec. 13. Section 38-1504, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 25 amended to read:
- 26 38-1504 Hearing instrument means any wearable instrument or device
- 27 designed for, or offered for the purpose of, or represented as aiding
- 28 persons with or compensating for impaired human hearing and any parts,
- 29 attachments, or accessories, including earmold, but excluding batteries
- 30 and cords. Hearing instrument does not include a wearable instrument or
- device with an implantable component such as a wearable processor for a 31

- 1 <u>cochlear implant or bone-anchored implant.</u>
- 2 Sec. 15. Section 38-1505, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 3 amended to read:
- 4 38-1505 (1) Practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing
- 5 <u>instruments includes the following activities:</u>
- 6 (a) Eliciting patient case histories, including medical history,
- 7 otological history, pharmacological history, amplification history, and
- 8 patient attitudes and expectations;
- 9 (b) Administering otoscopy and, if required, cerumen removal for the
- 10 purpose of identifying possible otological conditions, including, but not
- 11 limited to, any of the conditions related to warnings found in the
- 12 <u>regulations of the federal Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R.</u>
- 13 <u>801.422</u>, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2025, which may
- 14 <u>indicate the need for a medical referral or which may have a bearing on</u>
- 15 <u>outcomes or recommendations;</u>
- 16 (c) Administering and interpreting tests of human hearing performed
- 17 with an audiometer, including other appropriate objective and subjective
- 18 methodology and measures, for purposes of ordering and fitting hearing
- 19 aids;
- 20 (d) Determining candidacy for hearing instruments, and discussing
- 21 the results of a human hearing test with the individual to inform the
- 22 individual about potential options for addressing the individual's
- 23 hearing loss, including hearing instruments, hearing-assistive devices,
- 24 or other medical interventions, and facilitating appropriate referrals,
- 25 <u>if needed;</u>
- 26 (e) Ordering, selecting, or fitting appropriate hearing instruments
- 27 and assistive devices, including appropriate technology, programming
- 28 parameters, and special custom earpiece applications, as indicated;
- 29 <u>(f) Assessing hearing instrument efficacy utilizing appropriate</u>
- 30 <u>fitting verification methodology and equipment, which may include real-</u>
- 31 <u>ear measures or speech mapping, and electroacoustic analysis equipment;</u>

- 1 (g) Assessing hearing instrument benefits through appropriate
- 2 <u>validation measures</u>, <u>which may include communication assessment</u>
- 3 <u>questionnaires or speech audiometry;</u>
- 4 (h)(i) Taking ear impressions or electronic scans by any method used
- 5 for the purpose of creating earmolds and (ii) preparing earmolds for
- 6 hearing instruments, assistive devices, telecommunications applications,
- 7 ear protection, and other related applications;
- 8 (i) Ordering and modifying earmolds and auditory equipment,
- 9 <u>excluding FM transmitters, to meet a patient's needs;</u>
- 10 (j) Providing services in the use and care of hearing instruments
- 11 and assistive devices, including listening strategies and other
- 12 <u>approaches to foster optimal patient results;</u>
- 13 <u>(k) Providing supervision and inservice training of those entering</u>
- 14 the dispensing profession;
- 15 (1) Providing post-fitting care and services and hearing instrument
- 16 care and repair services; or
- 17 <u>(m) Any other act of hearing assessment pertaining to hearing</u>
- 18 testing, ordering the use of hearing instruments, or the selling,
- 19 renting, leasing, and delivery of hearing instruments.
- 20 (2) Practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments
- 21 does not include:
- 22 (a) Evaluation, diagnosis, management, or treatment of auditory or
- 23 <u>vestibular conditions;</u>
- 24 (b) Provision of tinnitus evaluation, treatment, or management;
- (c) Interpretation of tests of human hearing for any purpose beyond
- 26 the selection and fitting of hearing aids;
- 27 (d) Removal of foreign bodies from the ear; and
- 28 (e) Testing and treatment of auditory processing disorders,
- 29 <u>including the provision of aural rehabilitation or auditory training.</u>
- 30 Practice of fitting hearing instruments means the measurement of
- 31 human hearing by means of an audiometer or by other means approved by the

- 1 board solely for the purpose of making selections, adaptations, or sale
- 2 of hearing instruments. The term also includes the making of impressions
- 3 for earmolds. A dispenser, at the request of a physician or a member of
- 4 related professions, may make audiograms for the professional's use in
- 5 consultation with the hard-of-hearing.
- 6 Sec. 17. Section 38-1509, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 7 2024, is amended to read:
- 8 38-1509 (1)(a) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it
- 9 shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the practice of ordering
- 10 the use and fitting of no person shall engage in the sale of or practice
- 11 of fitting hearing instruments or display a sign or in any other way
- 12 advertise or represent that the person is engaged in the practice of
- 13 ordering the use and fitting himself or herself as a person who practices
- 14 the fitting and sale or dispensing of hearing instruments unless such
- 15 <u>person</u> he or she holds <u>a current</u>, an unsuspended, <u>and</u> unrevoked hearing
- 16 instrument specialist license issued by the department as provided in the
- 17 Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act.
- 18 <u>(b) A hearing instrument specialist license shall confer upon the</u>
- 19 holder the right to select, fit, and sell hearing instruments. A person
- 20 holding a license issued under the act prior to August 30, 2009, may
- 21 continue to practice under such license until it expires under the terms
- 22 of the license.
- 23 (2) A licensed audiologist who maintains a practice pursuant to (a)
- 24 licensure as an audiologist, or (b) a privilege to practice audiology
- 25 under the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact, in
- 26 which hearing instruments are regularly dispensed, or who intends to
- 27 maintain such a practice, shall be exempt from the requirement to be
- 28 licensed as a hearing instrument specialist.
- 29 <u>(3) A hearing instrument specialist or audiologist may order the use</u>
- 30 of devices pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 801.109, as such regulation existed on
- 31 <u>January 1, 2025.</u>

- 1 (4)(a) (3) Nothing in the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice
- 2 Act act shall prohibit a corporation, partnership, limited liability
- 3 company, trust, association, or other like organization maintaining an
- 4 established business address from engaging in the business of selling or
- 5 offering for sale hearing instruments at retail without a license if it
- 6 employs only properly licensed natural persons in the direct sale and
- 7 fitting of such products.
- 8 (b) Each such organization shall file annually with the department,
- 9 on a form provided by the department, a list of the licensed hearing
- 10 <u>instrument specialists employed by the organization. The department may</u>
- 11 <u>adopt and promulgate rules and regulations as necessary to carry out this</u>
- 12 <u>section</u>.
- 13 (4) Nothing in the act shall prohibit the holder of a hearing
- 14 instrument specialist license from the fitting and sale of wearable
- 15 instruments or devices designed for or offered for the purpose of
- 16 conservation or protection of hearing.
- 17 Sec. 18. Section 38-1510, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 18 amended to read:
- 19 38-1510 (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall only
- 20 provide services to an individual who is eighteen years of age or older
- 21 <u>unless prohibited by federal law.</u>
- 22 (2) The Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act does not change
- 23 the scope of practice of a licensed audiologist.
- 24 (3) (1) The Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act is not
- 25 intended to prevent any person from engaging in the practice of measuring
- 26 human hearing for the purpose of selection of hearing instruments if such
- 27 person or organization employing such person does not sell hearing
- 28 instruments or the accessories thereto.
- 29 (4) (2) The <u>Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act does</u> act
- 30 shall not apply to a person who is a physician or audiologist licensed to
- 31 practice in this state, except that such physician or audiologist shall

- 1 not delegate the authority to fit and dispense hearing instruments unless
- 2 the person to whom the authority is delegated is licensed as a hearing
- 3 instrument specialist under the act.
- 4 Sec. 19. Section 38-1511, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 5 amended to read:
- 6 38-1511 (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall enter
- 7 into a written contract for each sale of a hearing instrument which
- 8 <u>states the terms of the sale.</u>
- 9 (2)(a) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall, at the time
- 10 of delivery of the hearing instrument, provide the patient with a receipt
- 11 <u>containing (i) the signature, regular business address, and license</u>
- 12 <u>number of the licensee, (ii) the brand, model, manufacturer or</u>
- 13 <u>manufacturer identification code</u>, and serial number of the hearing
- 14 <u>instrument</u>, and (iii) the amount charged for the hearing instrument.
- 15 (b) The receipt shall indicate that the hearing device is classified
- 16 as programmed with one of the following:
- 17 <u>(i) Locked software this device utilizes locked software that is</u>
- 18 available to limited providers. The purchase of this device will require
- 19 the user to have the device programmed by a provider or chain store that
- 20 <u>has been granted proprietary access to the software. In addition, the</u>
- 21 <u>availability of any part or service for this device is limited to the</u>
- 22 provider or chain store that has such proprietary access; or
- 23 <u>(ii) Unlocked software this device utilizes unlocked software that</u>
- 24 is readily available to any provider or location licensed to provide
- 25 hearing health care.
- 26 <u>(c) The receipt shall also specify (i) whether the hearing</u>
- 27 instrument is new, used, or rebuilt, as provided in 21 C.F.R. 801.422, as
- 28 such regulation existed on January 1, 2025, (ii) the length of time and
- 29 <u>other terms of the guarantee, and (iii) by whom the hearing instrument is</u>
- 30 <u>guaranteed</u>.
- 31 (3) No hearing instrument may be sold to any person unless both the

- 1 packaging containing the hearing instrument and the itemized receipt are
- 2 <u>in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.</u>
- 3 (4) Upon delivery of the hearing instrument to any person, the
- 4 licensed hearing instrument specialist shall confirm the physical and
- 5 operational performance of the hearing instrument. If a patient purchases
- 6 a hearing instrument from a licensed hearing instrument specialist
- 7 outside of the licensee's regular place of business and the regular place
- 8 of business is not within a reasonable distance, as determined by the
- 9 board, the licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide the
- 10 patient with the address of an affiliate location with which the licensee
- 11 <u>is associated that is within a reasonable distance, at which a licensed</u>
- 12 <u>hearing instrument specialist or audiologist is available for fitting</u>
- 13 <u>services.</u>
- 14 (5) Any seller offering for sale or selling a hearing instrument in
- 15 this state or to a resident of this state shall make available in this
- 16 state an in-person fitting of the hearing instrument by a licensed
- 17 <u>hearing instrument specialist in this state prior to the sale.</u>
- 18 (1) Any person who practices the fitting and sale of hearing
- 19 instruments shall deliver to each person supplied with a hearing
- 20 instrument a receipt which shall contain the licensee's signature and
- 21 show his or her business address and the number of his or her
- 22 certificate, together with specifications as to the make and model of the
- 23 hearing instrument furnished, and clearly stating the full terms of sale.
- 24 If a hearing instrument which is not new is sold, the receipt and the
- 25 container thereof shall be clearly marked as used or reconditioned,
- 26 whichever is applicable, with terms of guarantee, if any.
- 27 (6) A receipt provided pursuant to this section (2) Such receipt
- 28 shall bear in no smaller type than the largest used in the body copy
- 29 portion the following: The purchaser has been advised at the outset of
- 30 <u>the</u> his or her relationship with the hearing instrument specialist that
- 31 any examination or representation made by a licensed hearing instrument

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- specialist in connection with the fitting and selling of this hearing 1
- 2 instrument is not an examination, diagnosis, or prescription by a person
- 3 licensed to practice medicine in this state and therefor must not be
- 4 regarded as medical opinion or advice.
- Sec. 20. Section 38-1512, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 5
- 6 2024, is amended to read:
- 7 38-1512 (1) Any person may obtain a hearing instrument specialist
- 8 license under the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act by
- 9 successfully passing a qualifying examination pursuant to section 38-1514
- if the applicant provides verification to the department, on a form 10
- 11 provided by the department, that such person:
- 12 (a) Is at least twenty-one years of age; and
- 13 (b) Has an education equivalent to a four-year course in an
- 14 accredited high school; and -
- 15 (c)(i) Has completed the minimum number of practicum hours
- prescribed by the board; 16
- (ii) Has a two-year degree in hearing instrument sciences or an 17
- equivalent as determined by the board; 18
- (iii) Has held a current, unsuspended, and unrevoked license to 19
- 20 dispense hearing instruments from another jurisdiction for at least
- 21 twelve of the last eighteen months prior to taking the examination;
- 22 (iv) Is certified by the National Board for Certification in Hearing
- 23 Instrument Sciences at the time of taking the examination; or
- (v) Holds an advanced credential offered by the International 24
- 25 Hearing Society at the time of taking the examination.
- 26 (2) The department, with the recommendation of the board, may
- 27 determine whether a person who has completed a licensure program outside
- 28 of the United States may take the examination.
- 29 (3) The department, upon recommendation of the board, may waive
- 30 components of the examination pursuant to section 38-1514 for licensure
- 31 as a hearing instrument specialist if the person has passed the same

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- examination as provided in section 38-1514 or a substantially equivalent 1
- examination as determined by the board. 2
- 3 (4) The department, with the recommendation of the board, shall
- determine whether a person has met the requirements to be eligible to 4
- 5 take the examination pursuant to the Hearing Instrument Specialists
- 6 Practice Act.
- 7 (2) The qualifying examination shall consist of written and
- 8 practical tests. The examination shall not be conducted in such a manner
- 9 that college training is required in order to pass. Nothing in this
- 10 examination shall imply that the applicant is required to possess the
- 11 degree of medical competence normally expected of physicians.
- 12 (3) The department shall give examinations approved by the board. A
- 13 minimum of two examinations shall be offered each calendar year.
- 14 Sec. 21. Section 38-1513, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 15 2024, is amended to read:
- 38-1513 (1) The department, with the recommendation of the board, 16
- 17 shall issue a temporary training license to any person who has met the
- requirements for licensure as a hearing instrument specialist pursuant to 18
- subdivisions (1)(a) and (b) subsection (1) of section 38-1512. Previous 19
- 20 experience or a waiting period shall not be required to obtain a
- 21 temporary training license.
- 22 (2) Any person who desires a temporary training license shall make
- 23 application to the department. The temporary training license shall be
- 24 issued for a period of one year. A person holding a valid license as a
- hearing instrument specialist or an audiologist shall be responsible for 25
- 26 the supervision and training of such applicant and shall maintain
- 27 adequate personal contact with him or her.
- (3) If a person who holds a temporary training license under this 28
- 29 section has not successfully passed the licensing examination within
- 30 twelve months of the date of issuance of the temporary training license,
- the temporary training license may be renewed or reissued for a twelve-31

- 1 month period. In no case may a temporary training license be renewed or
- 2 reissued more than once. A renewal or reissuance may take place any time
- 3 after the expiration of the first twelve-month period.
- 4 Sec. 22. Section 38-1514, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 5 amended to read:
- 6 38-1514 (1) The examination required by section 38-1512 for
- 7 licensure as a hearing instrument specialist shall be comprised of:
- 8 (a) A written or computer-based, psychometrically valid, competency
- 9 <u>examination approved by the board that tests the examinee for knowledge</u>
- 10 <u>fundamental to the practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing</u>
- 11 <u>instruments;</u>
- 12 (b) A practical examination approved by the board that requires the
- 13 examinee to demonstrate competence in the practice of ordering the use
- 14 <u>and fitting of hearing instruments; and</u>
- 15 (c) A jurisprudence examination approved by the board.
- 16 (2)(a) If an examinee fails more than one portion of the practical
- 17 examination, the examinee shall retake the entire practical examination
- 18 upon payment of the examination fee.
- 19 (b) If an examinee fails only one portion of the practical
- 20 <u>examination</u>, the examinee may retake that portion of the examination
- 21 <u>without payment of a fee.</u>
- 22 <u>(c) If an examinee fails the jurisprudence examination or competency</u>
- 23 examination, the examinee shall retake the entire examination upon
- 24 payment of the examination fee.
- 25 (d) If an examinee fails either the practical or competency
- 26 component of the examination and fails two subsequent reexaminations, the
- 27 examinee shall be disqualified from retaking the examination a fourth
- 28 time until the examinee meets with the board, presents an acceptable
- 29 <u>written training plan to the board for passing the components of the</u>
- 30 <u>examination</u>, and successfully completes that plan.
- 31 (3) The qualifying examination provided in section 38-1512 shall be

- 1 designed to demonstrate the applicant's adequate technical qualifications
- 2 by:
- 3 (a) (1) Tests of knowledge in the following areas as they pertain to
- 4 the practice of ordering the use and fitting and sale of hearing
- 5 instruments:
- 6 (i) (a) Basic physics of sound;
- 7 (ii) (b) The anatomy and physiology of the ear; and
- 8 (iii) (c) The function of hearing instruments; and
- 9 <u>(b)</u> Practical tests of proficiency in the following techniques
- 10 as they pertain to the fitting of hearing instruments:
- 11 (i) (a) Pure tone audiometry, including air conduction testing and
- bone conduction testing;
- 13 (ii) (b) Live voice or recorded voice speech audiometry;
- 14 <u>(iii)</u> (c) Masking when indicated;
- 15 <u>(iv)</u> Recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech
- 16 audiometry to determine proper selection and adaptation of a hearing
- 17 instrument; and
- 18 $\underline{(v)}$ (e) Taking earmold impressions.
- 19 **Sec. 23.** (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall not
- 20 engage in the practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing
- 21 <u>instruments with respect to a patient without having conducted a face-to-</u>
- 22 <u>face hearing assessment for the patient or having conducted or reviewed a</u>
- 23 <u>valid and current hearing assessment for the patient that is dated within</u>
- 24 six months and signed by a licensed hearing instrument specialist or
- 25 audiologist. Such hearing assessment shall include the following
- 26 procedures, or modified procedures as required by the patient's cognitive
- 27 function or health and appropriate to technological developments as
- 28 determined by the board:
- 29 <u>(a) Completion of a patient history questionnaire;</u>
- 30 (b) Otoscopic examination;
- 31 (c) Testing to determine the type and degree of hearing loss that

- 1 <u>includes (i) pure-tone air conduction testing at two hundred fifty hertz,</u>
- 2 <u>five hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, two thousand hertz, four thousand</u>
- 3 hertz, and eight thousand hertz, (ii) bone conduction testing at five
- 4 <u>hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, two thousand hertz, and four thousand</u>
- 5 <u>hertz</u>, and (iii) appropriate inter-octave testing when needed if the
- 6 octave to adjacent octave threshold difference is greater than fifteen
- 7 <u>decibels;</u>
- 8 (d) Effective masking when indicated;
- 9 (e) Appropriate testing to determine speech reception thresholds,
- 10 word recognition scores, most comfortable listening levels, uncomfortable
- 11 <u>loudness levels, frequency-specific loudness discomfort levels, ability</u>
- 12 <u>to understand speech in noise, and the selection of the best fitting</u>
- 13 <u>arrangement for maximum hearing instrument benefit when indicated; and</u>
- 14 <u>(f) Other speech tests commonly used to assess human hearing acuity</u>
- 15 for ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments.
- 16 (2) Each component of a hearing instrument shall be adapted to the
- 17 <u>needs of the patient. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall</u>
- 18 conduct a final fitting to ensure physical fit and operational comfort of
- 19 the hearing instrument.
- 20 **Sec. 24.** A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall demonstrate
- 21 the benefit of a hearing instrument fitting by using objective measures.
- 22 **Sec. 25.** A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall determine a
- 23 patient's benefit with the hearing instrument fitting using validation
- 24 measures, such as speech audiometry and validated communication
- 25 assessment questionnaires, or any other method approved by the board for
- 26 <u>ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments.</u>
- 27 Sec. 26. (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall use the
- 28 following equipment as part of any hearing testing conducted for the
- 29 purpose of dispensing of hearing instruments:
- 30 <u>(a) An audiometer that has been calibrated within the twelve months</u>
- 31 preceding the test and that meets the specifications set forth under this

- 1 section; and
- 2 (b) A speech audiometer that has been calibrated within the twelve
- 3 months preceding the test and that meets the specifications set forth
- 4 under this section.
- 5 (2) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide for the
- 6 calibration of the equipment utilized for hearing assessments required
- 7 under section 23 of this act and in the dispensing of hearing instruments
- 8 at least annually in conformance with current standards of the American
- 9 National Standards Institute for ordering the use and fitting of hearing
- 10 instruments. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall annually
- 11 <u>ensure that audiometric equipment has been evaluated electrically and</u>
- 12 acoustically, that the equipment has been adjusted or repaired if
- 13 necessary, and that conformity with such standards was determined at that
- 14 <u>time</u>. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain calibration
- 15 records for ten years and shall make the records available for inspection
- 16 by the department at any time. A licensed hearing instrument specialist
- 17 <u>shall also use routine procedures for the daily inspection of audiometric</u>
- 18 equipment, or prior to use if used less often than daily, to generally
- 19 determine that the equipment is in normal working order.
- 20 (3) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide the
- 21 <u>following care of the equipment used in the licensee's practice of</u>
- 22 <u>ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments:</u>
- 23 (a) Hearing instruments, assistive-listening devices, and electronic
- 24 equipment shall be maintained according to the manufacturer's
- 25 specifications;
- 26 (b) Instrumental technology shall be maintained in proper working
- 27 order and be properly calibrated according to accepted standards; and
- 28 <u>(c) Proper infection control and sanitation procedures shall be</u>
- 29 <u>utilized.</u>
- 30 Sec. 27. (1) Prior to engaging in cerumen removal, a licensed
- 31 hearing instrument specialist shall have held a valid, undisciplined

- 1 <u>license as a licensed hearing instrument specialist for a minimum of two</u>
- 2 consecutive years and provide the board with evidence of (a) successful
- 3 <u>completion of a cerumen removal course pursuant to subsection (3) of this</u>
- 4 section and (b) professional liability insurance pursuant to subsection
- 5 (5) of this section. If the licensed hearing instrument specialist
- 6 <u>continues to engage in cerumen removal, the licensee shall annually</u>
- 7 provide evidence to the board of professional liability insurance.
- 8 (2) If the patient exhibits contraindications to cerumen removal
- 9 requiring medical consultation or medical intervention, a licensed
- 10 <u>hearing instrument specialist shall refer the patient to an</u>
- 11 <u>otolaryngologist or another physician licensed to practice medicine and</u>
- 12 <u>surgery under the Uniform Credentialing Act. If a licensed hearing</u>
- 13 <u>instrument specialist engaged in routine cerumen removal discovers any</u>
- 14 trauma, including, but not limited to, continuous uncontrolled bleeding,
- 15 <u>lacerations</u>, or other traumatic injuries, the licensee shall, as soon as
- 16 practicable, seek immediate medical attention for the patient.
- 17 (3)(a) Prior to engaging in cerumen removal, a licensed hearing
- 18 instrument specialist shall complete a cerumen removal course recommended
- 19 <u>by a national medical or audiology organization and approved by the board</u>
- 20 and provide the board with evidence of such successful completion and
- 21 <u>attestation of competence. In order to be approved by the board as a</u>
- 22 <u>cerumen removal course</u>, the course shall be approved by a national
- 23 <u>medical or audiology organization and shall:</u>
- 24 (i) Be overseen by a physician or an audiologist, preferably an
- 25 otolaryngologist;
- 26 (ii) Consist of at least six hours of practice of cerumen removal
- 27 from an ear canal model using a variety of safe techniques;
- (iii) Include in-person practice of cerumen removal techniques;
- 29 (iv) Include an infectious control component; and
- 30 <u>(v) Result in a certificate of successful completion and attestation</u>
- 31 <u>of competence signed by such physician or audiologist.</u>

- 1 (b) The board may, only after consultation with the Board of
- 2 Medicine and Surgery and the Board of Audiology and Speech-Language
- 3 Pathology, adopt rules and regulations as provided in section 38-126 to
- 4 provide requirements for the initial cerumen removal course.
- 5 (4) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain
- 6 documentation evidencing the satisfactory completion of the training.
- 7 (5) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall carry appropriate
- 8 professional liability insurance before engaging in cerumen removal.
- 9 (6) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall perform cerumen
- 10 removal using the customary removal techniques that are commensurate with
- 11 the licensee's training and experience. Performance of cerumen removal is
- 12 <u>limited to the patient's cartilaginous outer one-third portion of the</u>
- 13 external auditory canal.
- 14 <u>(7) A licensed hearing instrument specialist engaged in cerumen</u>
- removal shall comply with the following requirements:
- 16 (a) The indications for cerumen removal for a licensed hearing
- 17 <u>instrument specialist shall include:</u>
- 18 (i) Enabling audiometric testing;
- 19 (ii) Making ear impressions;
- 20 (iii) Fitting ear protection or prosthetic devices; and
- 21 (iv) Monitoring continuous use of hearing aids;
- 22 (b) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall refer a patient
- 23 to an otolaryngologist or another physician licensed under the Uniform
- 24 Credentialing Act for medical consultation or medical intervention if the
- 25 patient exhibits any of the following contraindications to cerumen
- 26 <u>removal:</u>
- 27 (i) The patient is younger than eighteen years of age;
- (ii) The patient has a perforated tympanic membrane;
- 29 <u>(iii) The patient has a history of pain or active drainage or</u>
- 30 <u>bleeding from the ear;</u>
- 31 (iv) There is evidence of congenital or traumatic deformity of the

- 1 <u>ear;</u>
- 2 (v) The patient has had previous ear surgery;
- 3 (vi) The patient has tympanostomy tubes, such that irrigation should
- 4 not be used;
- 5 <u>(vii) The patient has a bleeding disorder;</u>
- 6 (viii) The patient has an actual or suspected foreign body in the
- 7 ear;
- 8 (ix) The patient has a stenosis or bony exostosis of the ear canal;
- 9 <u>(x) The patient has a tympanic membrane that the licensed hearing</u>
- 10 <u>instrument specialist is unable to see; or</u>
- 11 <u>(xi) There is any other contraindication to cerumen removal that</u>
- 12 requires medical consultation or medical intervention; and
- 13 <u>(c) If the patient, while undergoing cerumen removal that did not</u>
- 14 present contraindications, complains of significant pain, exhibits
- 15 <u>uncontrolled bleeding or a laceration of the external auditory canal, or</u>
- 16 experiences the acute onset of dizziness or vertigo or sudden hearing
- 17 loss, the licensed hearing instrument specialist shall immediately stop
- 18 the procedure and refer the patient to an otolaryngologist or another
- 19 physician licensed under the Uniform Credentialing Act.
- 20 (8) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain the
- 21 <u>following proper infection control practices:</u>
- 22 <u>(a) Universal health precautions;</u>
- 23 (b) Decontamination;
- 24 (c) Cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization of multiple-use
- 25 equipment; and
- 26 (d) Universal precautions for prevention of the transmission of
- 27 human immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B virus, and other bloodborne
- 28 pathogens, as defined by occupational safety and health standards
- 29 promulgated pursuant to 29 C.F.R. 1910, as such regulations existed on
- 30 <u>January 1, 2025.</u>
- 31 (9) The licensed hearing instrument specialist who performs cerumen

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1 removal shall maintain a case history for every patient and informed

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- 2 consent signed by the patient as part of the patient's records. A
- 3 licensed hearing instrument specialist shall include in the patient's
- 4 record video-otoscopy pictures of the patient's ear canal showing cerumen
- 5 that must be removed and video-otoscopy pictures after the removal of the
- 6 cerumen.
- 7 (10) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall carry
- appropriate professional liability insurance before performing cerumen 8
- 9 removal.
- 10 (11) The licensed hearing instrument specialist is prohibited from
- requiring patients to sign any form that eliminates liability if the 11
- pa<u>tient is harmed.</u> 12
- 13 (12) A licensed hearing instrument specialist who passes the initial
- 14 training in cerumen removal shall take one additional hour of continuing
- 15 education specific to cerumen removal annually, by any approved means, in
- addition to the required continuing education requirements for the 16
- 17 <u>license</u> as a licensed hearing instrument specialist.
- Sec. 30. A purchaser of a hearing instrument shall not be required 18
- 19 to obtain a medical evaluation for the repurchase of a hearing instrument
- 20 after a medical evaluation has been obtained for certain otologic
- 21 conditions that are permanent and would be reidentified at each hearing
- 22 assessment. Such conditions shall include, but not be limited to:
- 23 (1) Visible congenital or traumatic deformity of the ear;
- (2) Unilateral or asymmetric hearing loss, assuming no change in 24
- 25 thresholds; and
- 26 (3) Audiometric air-bone gap equal to or greater than fifteen
- decibels at five hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, and two thousand 27
- 28 hertz.
- 29 Sec. 32. A licensed hearing instrument specialist who is certified
- 30 by the National Board for Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences or
- 31 has an advanced credential recognized by the board may work for a company

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- or organization as a trainer and provide specialized training in the 1
- 2 practical application of hearing instrument sciences.
- 3 Sec. 38. Sections 1, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
- 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, and 41 of 4
- 5 this act become operative three calendar months after the adjournment of
- this legislative session. The other sections of this act become operative 6
- 7 on their effective date.
- Original sections 38-511, 38-1501, 38-1502, 38-1504, 8 Sec. 39.
- 9 38-1505, 38-1508, 38-1510, 38-1511, 38-1514, 38-2849, and 38-2884,
- Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 38-1509, 38-1512, 10
- 11 38-1513, 38-28,104, and 68-911, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 12 2024, are repealed.
- The following sections are outright repealed: Sections 13
- 14 38-512 and 38-1506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.
- 15 2. Renumber the remaining sections accordingly.