

AMENDMENTS TO LB332

(Amendments to E&R amendments, ER42)

Introduced by Hardin, 48.

1        1. Strike sections 1, 11 to 13, 15 to 17, 19 to 29, 32, 34, 40, and  
2        41 and insert the following new sections:

3        **Section 1.** Section 38-511, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
4        amended to read:

5        38-511 Nothing in the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology  
6        Practice Act shall be construed to prevent or restrict:

7        (1) The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology or the  
8        use of the official title of such practice by a person employed as a  
9        speech-language pathologist or audiologist by the federal government;

10       (2) A physician from engaging in the practice of medicine and  
11       surgery or any individual from carrying out any properly delegated  
12       responsibilities within the normal practice of medicine and surgery under  
13       the supervision of a physician;

14       (3) A person licensed as a hearing instrument specialist in this  
15       state from engaging in the fitting, selling, ordering, and servicing of  
16       hearing instruments or performing such other duties as defined in the  
17       Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act;

18       (4) The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology or the  
19       use of the official title of such practice by a person who holds a valid  
20       and current credential as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist  
21       issued by the State Department of Education, if such person performs  
22       speech-language pathology or audiology services solely as a part of his  
23       or her duties within an agency, institution, or organization for which no  
24       fee is paid directly or indirectly by the recipient of such service and  
25       under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Education, but such  
26       person may elect to be within the jurisdiction of the Audiology and

1 Speech-Language Pathology Practice Act;

2 (5) The clinical practice in audiology or speech-language pathology  
3 required for students enrolled in an accredited college or university  
4 pursuing a major in audiology or speech-language pathology, if such  
5 clinical practices are supervised by a person licensed to practice  
6 audiology or speech-language pathology and if the student is designated  
7 by a title such as student clinician or other title clearly indicating  
8 the training status; or

9 (6) The utilization of a speech aide or other personnel employed by  
10 a public school, educational service unit, or other private or public  
11 educational institution working under the direct supervision of a  
12 licensed ~~credentialed~~ speech-language pathologist.

13 **Sec. 11.** Section 38-1501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
14 amended to read:

15 38-1501 Sections 38-1501 to 38-1518 and sections 14 and 23 to 32 of  
16 this act shall be known and may be cited as the Hearing Instrument  
17 Specialists Practice Act.

18 **Sec. 12.** Section 38-1502, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
19 amended to read:

20 38-1502 For purposes of the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice  
21 Act and elsewhere in the Uniform Credentialing Act, unless the context  
22 otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections 38-1503 to 38-1507  
23 and section 14 of this act apply.

24 **Sec. 13.** Section 38-1504, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
25 amended to read:

26 38-1504 Hearing instrument means any wearable instrument or device  
27 designed for, ~~or~~ offered for the purpose of, or represented as aiding  
28 persons with or compensating for impaired human hearing ~~and any parts,~~  
29 ~~attachments, or accessories, including earmold, but excluding batteries~~  
30 ~~and cords.~~ Hearing instrument does not include a wearable instrument or  
31 device with an implantable component such as a wearable processor for a

1 cochlear implant or bone-anchored implant.

2       **Sec. 15.** Section 38-1505, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
3 amended to read:

4       38-1505 (1) Practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing  
5 instruments includes the following activities:

6       (a) Eliciting patient case histories, including medical history,  
7 otological history, pharmacological history, amplification history, and  
8 patient attitudes and expectations;

9       (b) Administering otoscopy and, if required, cerumen removal for the  
10 purpose of identifying possible otological conditions, including, but not  
11 limited to, any of the conditions related to warnings found in the  
12 regulations of the federal Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R.  
13 801.422, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2025, which may  
14 indicate the need for a medical referral or which may have a bearing on  
15 outcomes or recommendations;

16       (c) Administering and interpreting tests of human hearing performed  
17 with an audiometer, including other appropriate objective and subjective  
18 methodology and measures, for purposes of ordering and fitting hearing  
19 aids;

20       (d) Determining candidacy for hearing instruments, and discussing  
21 the results of a human hearing test with the individual to inform the  
22 individual about potential options for addressing the individual's  
23 hearing loss, including hearing instruments, hearing-assistive devices,  
24 or other medical interventions, and facilitating appropriate referrals,  
25 if needed;

26       (e) Ordering, selecting, or fitting appropriate hearing instruments  
27 and assistive devices, including appropriate technology, programming  
28 parameters, and special custom earpiece applications, as indicated;

29       (f) Assessing hearing instrument efficacy utilizing appropriate  
30 fitting verification methodology and equipment, which may include real-  
31 ear measures or speech mapping, and electroacoustic analysis equipment;

1       (g) Assessing hearing instrument benefits through appropriate  
2 validation measures, which may include communication assessment  
3 questionnaires or speech audiometry;

4       (h)(i) Taking ear impressions or electronic scans by any method used  
5 for the purpose of creating earmolds and (ii) preparing earmolds for  
6 hearing instruments, assistive devices, telecommunications applications,  
7 ear protection, and other related applications;

8       (i) Ordering and modifying earmolds and auditory equipment,  
9 excluding FM transmitters, to meet a patient's needs;

10       (j) Providing services in the use and care of hearing instruments  
11 and assistive devices, including listening strategies and other  
12 approaches to foster optimal patient results;

13       (k) Providing supervision and inservice training of those entering  
14 the dispensing profession;

15       (l) Providing post-fitting care and services and hearing instrument  
16 care and repair services; or

17       (m) Any other act of hearing assessment pertaining to hearing  
18 testing, ordering the use of hearing instruments, or the selling,  
19 renting, leasing, and delivery of hearing instruments.

20       (2) Practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments  
21 does not include:

22       (a) Evaluation, diagnosis, management, or treatment of auditory or  
23 vestibular conditions;

24       (b) Provision of tinnitus evaluation, treatment, or management;

25       (c) Interpretation of tests of human hearing for any purpose beyond  
26 the selection and fitting of hearing aids;

27       (d) Removal of foreign bodies from the ear; and

28       (e) Testing and treatment of auditory processing disorders,  
29 including the provision of aural rehabilitation or auditory training.

30       ~~Practice of fitting hearing instruments means the measurement of~~  
31 ~~human hearing by means of an audiometer or by other means approved by the~~

1 ~~board solely for the purpose of making selections, adaptations, or sale~~  
2 ~~of hearing instruments. The term also includes the making of impressions~~  
3 ~~for earmolds. A dispenser, at the request of a physician or a member of~~  
4 ~~related professions, may make audiograms for the professional's use in~~  
5 ~~consultation with the hard-of-hearing.~~

6 **Sec. 17.** Section 38-1509, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
7 2024, is amended to read:

8 38-1509 (1)(a) ~~(1)~~ Except as otherwise provided in this section, it  
9 shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the practice of ordering  
10 the use and fitting of ~~no person shall engage in the sale of or practice~~  
11 ~~of fitting~~ hearing instruments or display a sign or in any other way  
12 advertise or represent that the person is engaged in the practice of  
13 ordering the use and fitting himself or herself as a person who practices  
14 the fitting and sale or dispensing of hearing instruments unless such  
15 person ~~he or she~~ holds a current, ~~an~~ unsuspended, and ~~unrevoked~~ hearing  
16 instrument specialist license issued by the department as provided in the  
17 Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act.

18 (b) A hearing instrument specialist license shall confer upon the  
19 holder the right to select, fit, and sell hearing instruments. ~~A person~~  
20 ~~holding a license issued under the act prior to August 30, 2009, may~~  
21 ~~continue to practice under such license until it expires under the terms~~  
22 ~~of the license.~~

23 (2) A licensed audiologist ~~who maintains a practice pursuant to (a)~~  
24 ~~licensure as an audiologist, or (b) a privilege to practice audiology~~  
25 ~~under the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact, in~~  
26 ~~which hearing instruments are regularly dispensed, or who intends to~~  
27 ~~maintain such a practice,~~ shall be exempt from the requirement to be  
28 licensed as a hearing instrument specialist.

29 (3) A hearing instrument specialist or audiologist may order the use  
30 of devices pursuant to 21 C.F.R. 801.109, as such regulation existed on  
31 January 1, 2025.

1        ~~(4)(a) (3)~~ Nothing in the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice  
2 Act ~~act~~ shall prohibit a corporation, partnership, limited liability  
3 company, trust, association, or other like organization maintaining an  
4 established business address from engaging in the business of selling or  
5 offering for sale hearing instruments at retail without a license if it  
6 employs only properly licensed natural persons in the direct sale and  
7 fitting of such products.

8        (b) Each such organization shall file annually with the department,  
9 on a form provided by the department, a list of the licensed hearing  
10 instrument specialists employed by the organization and a statement, on a  
11 form provided by the department, that the organization agrees to comply  
12 with the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to  
13 section 38-126.

14        ~~(4) Nothing in the act shall prohibit the holder of a hearing~~  
15 ~~instrument specialist license from the fitting and sale of wearable~~  
16 ~~instruments or devices designed for or offered for the purpose of~~  
17 ~~conservation or protection of hearing.~~

18        **Sec. 18.** Section 38-1510, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
19 amended to read:

20        38-1510 (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall only  
21 provide services to an individual who is eighteen years of age or older  
22 unless prohibited by federal law.

23        (2) The Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act does not change  
24 the scope of practice of a licensed audiologist.

25        (3) (1) The Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act is not  
26 intended to prevent any person from engaging in the practice of measuring  
27 human hearing for the purpose of selection of hearing instruments if such  
28 person or organization employing such person does not sell hearing  
29 instruments or the accessories thereto.

30        (4) (2) The Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act ~~does act~~  
31 ~~shall~~ not apply to a person who is a physician or audiologist licensed to

1 practice in this state, except that such physician or audiologist shall  
2 not delegate the authority to fit and dispense hearing instruments unless  
3 the person to whom the authority is delegated is licensed as a hearing  
4 instrument specialist under the act.

5 **Sec. 19.** Section 38-1511, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
6 amended to read:

7 38-1511 (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall enter  
8 into a written contract for each sale of a hearing instrument which  
9 states the terms of the sale.

10 (2)(a) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall, at the time  
11 of delivery of the hearing instrument, provide the patient with a receipt  
12 containing (i) the signature, regular business address, and license  
13 number of the licensee, (ii) the brand, model, manufacturer or  
14 manufacturer identification code, and serial number of the hearing  
15 instrument, and (iii) the amount charged for the hearing instrument.

16 (b) The receipt shall indicate that the hearing device is classified  
17 as programmed with one of the following:

18 (i) Locked software - this device utilizes locked software that is  
19 available to limited providers. The purchase of this device will require  
20 the user to have the device programmed by a provider or chain store that  
21 has been granted proprietary access to the software. In addition, the  
22 availability of any part or service for this device is limited to the  
23 provider or chain store that has such proprietary access; or

24 (ii) Unlocked software - this device utilizes unlocked software that  
25 is readily available to any provider or location licensed to provide  
26 hearing health care.

27 (c) The receipt shall also specify (i) whether the hearing  
28 instrument is new, used, or rebuilt, as provided in 21 C.F.R. 801.422, as  
29 such regulation existed on January 1, 2025, (ii) the length of time and  
30 other terms of the guarantee, and (iii) by whom the hearing instrument is  
31 guaranteed.

1       (3) No hearing instrument may be sold to any person unless both the  
2       packaging containing the hearing instrument and the itemized receipt are  
3       in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

4       (4) Upon delivery of the hearing instrument to any person, the  
5       licensed hearing instrument specialist shall confirm the physical and  
6       operational performance of the hearing instrument. If a patient purchases  
7       a hearing instrument from a licensed hearing instrument specialist  
8       outside of the licensee's regular place of business and the regular place  
9       of business is not within a reasonable distance, as determined by the  
10       board, the licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide the  
11       patient with the address of an affiliate location with which the licensee  
12       is associated that is within a reasonable distance, at which a licensed  
13       hearing instrument specialist or audiologist is available for fitting  
14       services.

15       (5) Any seller offering for sale or selling a hearing instrument in  
16       this state or to a resident of this state shall make available in this  
17       state an in-person fitting of the hearing instrument by a licensed  
18       hearing instrument specialist in this state prior to the sale.

19       ~~(1) Any person who practices the fitting and sale of hearing~~  
20       ~~instruments shall deliver to each person supplied with a hearing~~  
21       ~~instrument a receipt which shall contain the licensee's signature and~~  
22       ~~show his or her business address and the number of his or her~~  
23       ~~certificate, together with specifications as to the make and model of the~~  
24       ~~hearing instrument furnished, and clearly stating the full terms of sale.~~  
25       ~~If a hearing instrument which is not new is sold, the receipt and the~~  
26       ~~container thereof shall be clearly marked as used or reconditioned,~~  
27       ~~whichever is applicable, with terms of guarantee, if any.~~

28       (6) A receipt provided pursuant to this section ~~(2)~~ Such receipt  
29       shall bear in no smaller type than the largest used in the body copy  
30       portion the following: The purchaser has been advised at the outset of  
31       the ~~his or her~~ relationship with the hearing instrument specialist that



1 any examination or representation made by a licensed hearing instrument  
2 specialist in connection with the fitting and selling of this hearing  
3 instrument is not an examination, diagnosis, or prescription by a person  
4 licensed to practice medicine in this state and therefor must not be  
5 regarded as medical opinion or advice.

6 **Sec. 20.** Section 38-1512, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
7 2024, is amended to read:

8 38-1512 (1) Any person may obtain a hearing instrument specialist  
9 license under the Hearing Instrument Specialists Practice Act by  
10 successfully passing a qualifying examination pursuant to section 38-1514  
11 if the applicant provides verification to the department, on a form  
12 provided by the department, that such person:

13 (a) Is at least twenty-one years of age; and

14 (b) Has an education equivalent to a four-year course in an  
15 accredited high school; and -

16 (c)(i) Has completed the minimum number of practicum hours  
17 prescribed by the board;

18 (ii) Has a two-year degree in hearing instrument sciences or an  
19 equivalent as determined by the board;

20 (iii) Has held a current, unsuspended, and unrevoked license to  
21 dispense hearing instruments from another jurisdiction for at least  
22 twelve of the last eighteen months prior to taking the examination;

23 (iv) Is certified by the National Board for Certification in Hearing  
24 Instrument Sciences at the time of taking the examination; or

25 (v) Holds an advanced credential offered by the International  
26 Hearing Society at the time of taking the examination.

27 (2) The department, with the recommendation of the board, may  
28 determine whether a person who has completed a licensure program outside  
29 of the United States may take the examination.

30 (3) The department, upon recommendation of the board, may waive  
31 either or both components of the examination pursuant to section 38-1514

1 for licensure as a hearing instrument specialist if the person has passed  
2 the same examination as provided in section 38-1514 or a substantially  
3 equivalent examination as determined by the board.

4 (4) The department, with the recommendation of the board, shall  
5 determine whether a person has met the requirements to be eligible to  
6 take the examination pursuant to the Hearing Instrument Specialists  
7 Practice Act.

8 ~~(2) The qualifying examination shall consist of written and~~  
9 ~~practical tests. The examination shall not be conducted in such a manner~~  
10 ~~that college training is required in order to pass. Nothing in this~~  
11 ~~examination shall imply that the applicant is required to possess the~~  
12 ~~degree of medical competence normally expected of physicians.~~

13 ~~(3) The department shall give examinations approved by the board. A~~  
14 ~~minimum of two examinations shall be offered each calendar year.~~

15 **Sec. 21.** Section 38-1513, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
16 2024, is amended to read:

17 38-1513 (1) The department, with the recommendation of the board,  
18 shall issue a temporary training license to any person who has met the  
19 requirements for licensure as a hearing instrument specialist pursuant to  
20 subdivisions (1)(a) and (b) subsection (1) of section 38-1512. Previous  
21 experience or a waiting period shall not be required to obtain a  
22 temporary training license.

23 (2) Any person who desires a temporary training license shall make  
24 application to the department. The temporary training license shall be  
25 issued for a period of one year. A person holding a valid license as a  
26 hearing instrument specialist or an audiologist shall be responsible for  
27 the supervision and training of such applicant and shall maintain  
28 adequate personal contact with him or her.

29 (3) If a person who holds a temporary training license under this  
30 section has not successfully passed the licensing examination within  
31 twelve months of the date of issuance of the temporary training license,

1 the temporary training license may be renewed or reissued for a twelve-  
2 month period. In no case may a temporary training license be renewed or  
3 reissued more than once. A renewal or reissuance may take place any time  
4 after the expiration of the first twelve-month period.

5 **Sec. 22.** Section 38-1514, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
6 amended to read:

7 38-1514 (1) The examination required by section 38-1512 for  
8 licensure as a hearing instrument specialist shall be comprised of two  
9 separate components:

10 (a) A written or computer-based, psychometrically valid, competency  
11 examination approved by the board that tests the examinee for knowledge  
12 fundamental to the practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing  
13 instruments; and

14 (b) A practical examination approved by the board that requires the  
15 examinee to demonstrate competence in the practice of ordering the use  
16 and fitting of hearing instruments.

17 (2)(a) If an examinee fails more than one portion of the practical  
18 examination, the examinee shall retake the entire practical examination  
19 upon payment of the examination fee.

20 (b) If an examinee fails only one portion of the practical  
21 examination, the examinee may retake that portion of the examination  
22 without payment of a fee.

23 (c) If an examinee fails the jurisprudence examination or competency  
24 examination, the examinee shall retake the entire examination upon  
25 payment of the examination fee.

26 (d) If an examinee fails either the practical or competency  
27 component of the examination and fails two subsequent reexaminations, the  
28 examinee shall be disqualified from retaking the examination a fourth  
29 time until the examinee meets with the board, presents an acceptable  
30 written training plan to the board for passing the components of the  
31 examination, and successfully completes that plan.

1        (3) The qualifying examination provided in section 38-1512 shall be  
2 designed to demonstrate the applicant's adequate technical qualifications  
3 by:

4        (a) ~~(1)~~ Tests of knowledge in the following areas as they pertain to  
5 the practice of ordering the use and fitting and sale of hearing  
6 instruments:

7        (i) ~~(a)~~ Basic physics of sound;

8        (ii) ~~(b)~~ The anatomy and physiology of the ear; and

9        (iii) ~~(c)~~ The function of hearing instruments; and

10       (b) ~~(2)~~ Practical tests of proficiency in the following techniques  
11 as they pertain to the fitting of hearing instruments:

12       (i) ~~(a)~~ Pure tone audiometry, including air conduction testing and  
13 bone conduction testing;

14       (ii) ~~(b)~~ Live voice or recorded voice speech audiometry;

15       (iii) ~~(c)~~ Masking when indicated;

16       (iv) ~~(d)~~ Recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech  
17 audiometry to determine proper selection and adaptation of a hearing  
18 instrument; and

19       (v) ~~(e)~~ Taking earmold impressions.

20       **Sec. 23.** (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall not  
21 engage in the practice of ordering the use and fitting of hearing  
22 instruments with respect to a patient without having conducted a face-to-  
23 face hearing assessment for the patient or having conducted or reviewed a  
24 valid and current hearing assessment for the patient that is dated within  
25 six months and signed by a licensed hearing instrument specialist or  
26 audiologist. Such hearing assessment shall include the following  
27 procedures, or modified procedures as required by the patient's cognitive  
28 function or health and appropriate to technological developments as  
29 determined by the board:

30       (a) Completion of a patient history questionnaire;

31       (b) Otoscopic examination;

1       (c) Testing to determine the type and degree of hearing loss that  
2 includes (i) pure-tone air conduction testing at two hundred fifty hertz,  
3 five hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, two thousand hertz, four thousand  
4 hertz, and eight thousand hertz, (ii) bone conduction testing at five  
5 hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, two thousand hertz, and four thousand  
6 hertz, and (iii) appropriate inter-octave testing when needed if the  
7 octave to adjacent octave threshold difference is greater than fifteen  
8 decibels;

9       (d) Effective masking when indicated;

10       (e) Appropriate testing to determine speech reception thresholds,  
11 word recognition scores, most comfortable listening levels, uncomfortable  
12 loudness levels, frequency-specific loudness discomfort levels, ability  
13 to understand speech in noise, and the selection of the best fitting  
14 arrangement for maximum hearing instrument benefit when indicated; and

15       (f) Other speech tests commonly used to assess human hearing acuity  
16 for ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments.

17       (2) Each component of a hearing instrument shall be adapted to the  
18 needs of the patient. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall  
19 conduct a final fitting to ensure physical fit and operational comfort of  
20 the hearing instrument.

21       **Sec. 24.** A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall demonstrate  
22 the benefit of a hearing instrument fitting by using objective measures.

23       **Sec. 25.** A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall determine a  
24 patient's benefit with the hearing instrument fitting using validation  
25 measures, such as speech audiometry and validated communication  
26 assessment questionnaires, or any other method approved by the board for  
27 ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments.

28       **Sec. 26.** (1) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall use the  
29 following equipment as part of any hearing testing conducted for the  
30 purpose of dispensing of hearing instruments:

31       (a) An audiometer that has been calibrated within the twelve months

1 preceding the test and that meets the specifications set forth under this  
2 section; and

3 (b) A speech audiometer that has been calibrated within the twelve  
4 months preceding the test and that meets the specifications set forth  
5 under this section.

6 (2) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide for the  
7 calibration of the equipment utilized for hearing assessments required  
8 under section 23 of this act and in the dispensing of hearing instruments  
9 at least annually in conformance with current standards of the American  
10 National Standards Institute for ordering the use and fitting of hearing  
11 instruments. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall annually  
12 ensure that audiometric equipment has been evaluated electrically and  
13 acoustically, that the equipment has been adjusted or repaired if  
14 necessary, and that conformity with such standards was determined at that  
15 time. A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain calibration  
16 records for ten years and shall make the records available for inspection  
17 by the department at any time. A licensed hearing instrument specialist  
18 shall also use routine procedures for the daily inspection of audiometric  
19 equipment, or prior to use if used less often than daily, to generally  
20 determine that the equipment is in normal working order.

21 (3) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall provide the  
22 following care of the equipment used in the licensee's practice of  
23 ordering the use and fitting of hearing instruments:

24 (a) Hearing instruments, assistive-listening devices, and electronic  
25 equipment shall be maintained according to the manufacturer's  
26 specifications;

27 (b) Instrumental technology shall be maintained in proper working  
28 order and be properly calibrated according to accepted standards; and

29 (c) Proper infection control and sanitation procedures shall be  
30 utilized.

31 **Sec. 27.** (1) Prior to engaging in cerumen removal, a licensed

1 hearing instrument specialist shall have held a valid, undisciplined  
2 license as a licensed hearing instrument specialist for a minimum of two  
3 consecutive years and provide the board with evidence of (a) successful  
4 completion of a cerumen removal course pursuant to subsection (3) of this  
5 section and (b) professional liability insurance pursuant to subsection  
6 (5) of this section. If the licensed hearing instrument specialist  
7 continues to engage in cerumen removal, the licensee shall annually  
8 provide evidence to the board of professional liability insurance.

9 (2) If the patient exhibits contraindications to cerumen removal  
10 requiring medical consultation or medical intervention, a licensed  
11 hearing instrument specialist shall refer the patient to an  
12 otolaryngologist or another physician licensed to practice medicine and  
13 surgery under the Uniform Credentialing Act. If a licensed hearing  
14 instrument specialist engaged in routine cerumen removal discovers any  
15 trauma, including, but not limited to, continuous uncontrolled bleeding,  
16 lacerations, or other traumatic injuries, the licensee shall, as soon as  
17 practicable, seek immediate medical attention for the patient.

18 (3)(a) Prior to engaging in cerumen removal, a licensed hearing  
19 instrument specialist shall complete a cerumen removal course recommended  
20 by a national medical or audiology organization and approved by the board  
21 and provide the board with evidence of such successful completion and  
22 attestation of competence. In order to be approved by the board as a  
23 cerumen removal course, the course shall be approved by a national  
24 medical or audiology organization and shall:

25 (i) Be overseen by a physician or an audiologist, preferably an  
26 otolaryngologist;

27 (ii) Consist of at least six hours of practice of cerumen removal  
28 from an ear canal model using a variety of safe techniques;

29 (iii) Include in-person practice of cerumen removal techniques;

30 (iv) Include an infectious control component; and

31 (v) Result in a certificate of successful completion and attestation

1 of competence signed by such physician or audiologist.

2 (b) The board may, only after consultation with the Board of  
3 Medicine and Surgery and the Board of Audiology and Speech-Language  
4 Pathology, adopt rules and regulations as provided in section 38-126 to  
5 provide requirements for the initial cerumen removal course.

6 (4) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain  
7 documentation evidencing the satisfactory completion of the training.

8 (5) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall carry appropriate  
9 professional liability insurance before engaging in cerumen removal.

10 (6) A licensed hearing instrument specialist shall perform cerumen  
11 removal using the customary removal techniques that are commensurate with  
12 the licensee's training and experience. Performance of cerumen removal is  
13 limited to the patient's cartilaginous outer one-third portion of the  
14 external auditory canal.

15 (7) A licensed hearing instrument specialist engaged in cerumen  
16 removal shall comply with the following requirements:

17 (a) The indications for cerumen removal for a licensed hearing  
18 instrument specialist shall include:

19 (i) Enabling audiometric testing;

20 (ii) Making ear impressions;

21 (iii) Fitting ear protection or prosthetic devices; and

22 (iv) Monitoring continuous use of hearing aids;

23 (b) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall refer a patient  
24 to an otolaryngologist or another physician licensed under the Uniform  
25 Credentialing Act for medical consultation or medical intervention if the  
26 patient exhibits any of the following contraindications to cerumen  
27 removal:

28 (i) The patient is younger than eighteen years of age;

29 (ii) The patient has a perforated tympanic membrane;

30 (iii) The patient has a history of pain or active drainage or  
31 bleeding from the ear;



1        (iv) There is evidence of congenital or traumatic deformity of the  
2 ear;

3        (v) The patient has had previous ear surgery;

4        (vi) The patient has tympanostomy tubes, such that irrigation should  
5 not be used;

6        (vii) The patient has a bleeding disorder;

7        (viii) The patient has an actual or suspected foreign body in the  
8 ear;

9        (ix) The patient has a stenosis or bony exostosis of the ear canal;

10       (x) The patient has a tympanic membrane that the licensed hearing  
11 instrument specialist is unable to see; or

12       (xi) There is any other contraindication to cerumen removal that  
13 requires medical consultation or medical intervention; and

14       (c) If the patient, while undergoing cerumen removal that did not  
15 present contraindications, complains of significant pain, exhibits  
16 uncontrolled bleeding or a laceration of the external auditory canal, or  
17 experiences the acute onset of dizziness or vertigo or sudden hearing  
18 loss, the licensed hearing instrument specialist shall immediately stop  
19 the procedure and refer the patient to an otolaryngologist or another  
20 physician licensed under the Uniform Credentialing Act.

21       (8) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain the  
22 following proper infection control practices:

23       (a) Universal health precautions;

24       (b) Decontamination;

25       (c) Cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization of multiple-use  
26 equipment; and

27       (d) Universal precautions for prevention of the transmission of  
28 human immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B virus, and other bloodborne  
29 pathogens, as defined by occupational safety and health standards  
30 promulgated pursuant to 29 C.F.R. 1910, as such regulations existed on  
31 January 1, 2025.

1       (9) The licensed hearing instrument specialist who performs cerumen  
2 removal shall maintain a case history for every patient and informed  
3 consent signed by the patient as part of the patient's records. A  
4 licensed hearing instrument specialist shall include in the patient's  
5 record video-otoscopy pictures of the patient's ear canal showing cerumen  
6 that must be removed and video-otoscopy pictures after the removal of the  
7 cerumen.

8       (10) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall carry  
9 appropriate professional liability insurance before performing cerumen  
10 removal.

11       (11) The licensed hearing instrument specialist is prohibited from  
12 requiring patients to sign any form that eliminates liability if the  
13 patient is harmed.

14       (12) A licensed hearing instrument specialist who passes the initial  
15 training in cerumen removal shall take one additional hour of continuing  
16 education specific to cerumen removal annually, by any approved means, in  
17 addition to the required continuing education requirements for the  
18 license as a licensed hearing instrument specialist.

19       **Sec. 30.** A purchaser of a hearing instrument shall not be required  
20 to obtain a medical evaluation for the repurchase of a hearing instrument  
21 after a medical evaluation has been obtained for certain otologic  
22 conditions that are permanent and would be reidentified at each hearing  
23 assessment. Such conditions shall include, but not be limited to:

24       (1) Visible congenital or traumatic deformity of the ear;

25       (2) Unilateral or asymmetric hearing loss, assuming no change in  
26 thresholds; and

27       (3) Audiometric air-bone gap equal to or greater than fifteen  
28 decibels at five hundred hertz, one thousand hertz, and two thousand  
29 hertz.

30       **Sec. 32.** A licensed hearing instrument specialist who is certified  
31 by the National Board for Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences or

1 has an advanced credential recognized by the board may work for a company  
2 or organization as a trainer and provide specialized training in the  
3 practical application of hearing instrument sciences.

4       **Sec. 38.** Sections 1, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,  
5 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, and 41 of  
6 this act become operative three calendar months after the adjournment of  
7 this legislative session. The other sections of this act become operative  
8 on their effective date.

9       **Sec. 39.** Original sections 38-511, 38-1501, 38-1502, 38-1504,  
10 38-1505, 38-1508, 38-1510, 38-1511, 38-1514, 38-2849, and 38-2884,  
11 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 38-1509, 38-1512,  
12 38-1513, 38-28,104, and 68-911, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
13 2024, are repealed.

14       **Sec. 41.** The following sections are outright repealed: Sections  
15 38-512 and 38-1506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.

16       2. Renumber the remaining sections accordingly.