## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

## ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 505**

Introduced by Bostar, 29.

Read first time January 17, 2023

Committee: Revenue

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to motor fuels; to amend sections 60-301, 60-302, 60-3,191, 66-4,105, 70-1001.01, and 70-1002.02, Reissue 2 3 Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 66-482, 77-2701, and 4 77-2701.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022; to define and redefine terms; to change and provide alternative fuel fees; to 5 6 change and provide excise fees as prescribed; to eliminate obsolete 7 provisions; to provide rights and requirements relating 8 commercial electric vehicle charging stations; to provide powers for 9 electric suppliers; to provide a sales and use tax exemption; to harmonize provisions; to provide an operative date; and to repeal 10 the original sections. 11

12 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 60-301, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

- 2 amended to read:
- 3 60-301 Sections 60-301 to 60-3,258 <u>and section 3 of this act</u>shall
- 4 be known and may be cited as the Motor Vehicle Registration Act.
- 5 Sec. 2. Section 60-302, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 6 amended to read:
- 7 60-302 For purposes of the Motor Vehicle Registration Act, unless
- 8 the context otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections
- 9 60-302.01 to 60-360 <u>and section 3 of this act</u>shall be used.
- 10 Sec. 3. Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle means any motor vehicle
- 11 which:
- 12 <u>(1) Uses batteries to power an electric motor;</u>
- 13 (2) Uses motor vehicle fuel as defined in section 66-339, diesel
- 14 <u>fuel as defined in section 66-482, or compressed fuel as defined in</u>
- 15 section 66-6,100 to power an internal combustion engine; and
- 16 (3) Has batteries that can be charged using a wall outlet or
- 17 charging equipment.
- 18 Sec. 4. Section 60-3,191, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 19 amended to read:
- 20 60-3,191 In addition to any other fee required under the Motor
- 21 Vehicle Registration Act, a fee for registration of each motor vehicle
- 22 powered by an alternative fuel shall be charged. The fee shall be two
- 23 <u>hundred dollars, except that for a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle, the</u>
- 24 fee shall be one hundred twenty-five dollars seventy-five dollars. The
- 25 fee shall be collected by the county treasurer and remitted to the State
- 26 Treasurer for credit to the Highway Trust Fund.
- 27 Sec. 5. Section 66-482, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 28 2022, is amended to read:
- 29 66-482 For purposes of sections 66-482 to 66-4,149:
- 30 (1) Agricultural ethyl alcohol means ethyl alcohol produced from
- 31 cereal grains or agricultural commodities grown within the continental

- 1 United States and which is a finished product that is a nominally
- 2 anhydrous ethyl alcohol meeting American Society for Testing and
- 3 Materials D4806 standards. For the purpose of sections 66-482 to
- 4 66-4,149, the purity of the ethyl alcohol shall be determined excluding
- 5 denaturant and the volume of alcohol blended with gasoline for motor
- 6 <u>vehicle fuel shall include the volume of any denaturant required pursuant</u>
- 7 to law;
- 8 (2) Alcohol blend means a blend of agricultural ethyl alcohol in
- 9 gasoline or other motor vehicle fuel, such blend to contain not less than
- 10 five percent by volume of alcohol;
- 11 (3) Biodiesel means mono-alkyl esters of long chain fatty acids
- 12 derived from vegetable oils or animal fats which conform to American
- 13 Society for Testing and Materials D6751 specifications for use in diesel
- 14 <u>engines</u>. Biodiesel refers to the pure fuel before blending with diesel
- 15 fuel;
- 16 (4) Biodiesel facility means a plant which produces biodiesel;
- 17 <u>(5) Commercial electric vehicle charging station has the same</u>
- 18 meaning as in section 70-1001.01;
- 19 <u>(6) Commercial electric vehicle charging station operator has the</u>
- 20 <u>same meaning as in section 70-1001.01;</u>
- 21 (7) Compressed fuel means any fuel defined as compressed fuel in
- 22 section 66-6,100;
- 23 (8) Department means the Department of Revenue;
- 24 (9) Diesel fuel means all combustible liquids and biodiesel which
- 25 are suitable for the generation of power for diesel-powered vehicles,
- 26 except that diesel fuel does not include kerosene;
- 27 (10) Distributor means any person who acquires ownership of motor
- 28 fuels directly from a producer or supplier at or from a barge, barge
- 29 line, pipeline terminal, or ethanol or biodiesel facility in this state;
- 30 (11) Ethanol facility means a plant which produces agricultural
- 31 ethyl alcohol;

1 (12) Exporter means any person who acquires ownership of motor fuels

- 2 <u>from any licensed producer, supplier, distributor, wholesaler, or</u>
- 3 <u>importer exclusively for use or resale in another state;</u>
- 4 (13) Gross gallons means measured gallons without adjustment or
- 5 correction for temperature or barometric pressure;
- 6 (14) Highway means every way or place generally open to the use of
- 7 the public for the purpose of vehicular travel, even though such way or
- 8 place may be temporarily closed or travel thereon restricted for the
- 9 purpose of construction, maintenance, repair, or reconstruction;
- 10 (15) Importer means any person who owns motor fuels at the time such
- 11 <u>fuels enter the State of Nebraska by any means other than barge, barge</u>
- 12 <u>line, or pipeline. Importer does not include a person who imports motor</u>
- 13 <u>fuels in a tank directly connected to the engine of a motor vehicle,</u>
- 14 train, watercraft, or airplane for purposes of providing fuel to the
- 15 engine to which the tank is connected;
- 16 (16) Kerosene means kerosene meeting the specifications as found in
- 17 the American Society for Testing and Materials publication D3699 entitled
- 18 Standard Specifications for Kerosene;
- 19 <u>(17) Motor fuels means motor vehicle fuel, diesel fuel, aircraft</u>
- 20 fuel, or compressed fuel;
- 21 (18) (1) Motor vehicle has shall have the same meaning definition as
- 22 in section 60-339;
- 23 (19) (2) Motor vehicle fuel includes shall include all products and
- 24 fuel commonly or commercially known as gasoline, including casing head or
- 25 natural gasoline, and <u>includes</u> shall <u>include</u> any other liquid and such
- 26 other volatile and inflammable liquids as may be produced, compounded, or
- 27 used for the purpose of operating or propelling motor vehicles,
- 28 motorboats, or aircraft or as an ingredient in the manufacture of such
- 29 fuel. Motor vehicle fuel includes agricultural Agricultural ethyl alcohol
- 30 produced for use as a motor vehicle fuel—shall be considered a motor
- 31 vehicle fuel. Motor vehicle fuel does shall not include the products

- 1 commonly known as methanol, kerosene oil, kerosene distillate, crude
- 2 petroleum, naphtha, and benzine with a boiling point over two hundred
- 3 degrees Fahrenheit, residuum gas oil, smudge oil, leaded automotive
- 4 racing fuel with an American Society of Testing Materials research method
- 5 octane number in excess of one hundred five, and any petroleum product
- 6 with an initial boiling point under two hundred degrees Fahrenheit, a
- 7 ninety-five percent distillation (recovery) temperature in excess of four
- 8 hundred sixty-four degrees Fahrenheit, an American Society of Testing
- 9 Materials research method octane number less than seventy, and an end or
- 10 dry point of distillation of five hundred seventy degrees Fahrenheit
- 11 maximum;
- 12 (20) Person means any individual, firm, partnership, limited
- 13 <u>liability company, company, agency, association, corporation, state,</u>
- 14 county, municipality, or other political subdivision. Whenever a fine or
- 15 imprisonment is prescribed or imposed in sections 66-482 to 66-4,149, the
- 16 word person as applied to a partnership, a limited liability company, or
- 17 an association means the partners or members thereof;
- 18 (21) Producer means any person who manufactures agricultural ethyl
- 19 alcohol or biodiesel at an ethanol or biodiesel facility in this state;
- 20 (22) Retailer means any person who acquires motor fuels from a
- 21 producer, supplier, distributor, wholesaler, or importer for resale to
- 22 <u>consumers of such fuel;</u>
- 23 (23) Semiannual period means either the period which begins on
- 24 January 1 and ends on June 30 of each year or the period which begins on
- 25 July 1 and ends on December 31 of each year;
- 26 (3) Agricultural ethyl alcohol shall mean ethyl alcohol produced
- 27 from cereal grains or agricultural commodities grown within the
- 28 continental United States and which is a finished product that is a
- 29 nominally anhydrous ethyl alcohol meeting American Society for Testing
- 30 and Materials D4806 standards. For the purpose of sections 66-482 to
- 31 66-4,149, the purity of the ethyl alcohol shall be determined excluding

- 1 denaturant and the volume of alcohol blended with gasoline for motor
- 2 vehicle fuel shall include the volume of any denaturant required pursuant
- 3 to law;
- 4 (4) Alcohol blend shall mean a blend of agricultural ethyl alcohol
- 5 in gasoline or other motor vehicle fuel, such blend to contain not less
- 6 than five percent by volume of alcohol;
- 7 (24) (5) Supplier means shall mean any person who owns motor fuels
- 8 imported by barge, barge line, or pipeline and stored at a barge, barge
- 9 line, or pipeline terminal in this state; and
- 10 (6) Distributor shall mean any person who acquires ownership of
- 11 motor fuels directly from a producer or supplier at or from a barge,
- 12 barge line, pipeline terminal, or ethanol or biodiesel facility in this
- 13 state;
- 14 <u>(25) <del>(7)</del> Wholesaler means</u> shall mean any person, other than a
- 15 producer, supplier, distributor, or importer, who acquires motor fuels
- 16 for resale. ÷
- 17 (8) Retailer shall mean any person who acquires motor fuels from a
- 18 producer, supplier, distributor, wholesaler, or importer for resale to
- 19 consumers of such fuel;
- 20 (9) Importer shall mean any person who owns motor fuels at the time
- 21 such fuels enter the State of Nebraska by any means other than barge,
- 22 barge line, or pipeline. Importer shall not include a person who imports
- 23 motor fuels in a tank directly connected to the engine of a motor
- 24 vehicle, train, watercraft, or airplane for purposes of providing fuel to
- 25 the engine to which the tank is connected;
- 26 (10) Exporter shall mean any person who acquires ownership of motor
- 27 fuels from any licensed producer, supplier, distributor, wholesaler, or
- 28 importer exclusively for use or resale in another state;
- 29 (11) Gross gallons shall mean measured gallons without adjustment or
- 30 correction for temperature or barometric pressure;
- 31 (12) Diesel fuel shall mean all combustible liquids and biodiesel

- 1 which are suitable for the generation of power for diesel-powered
- 2 vehicles, except that diesel fuel shall not include kerosene;
- 3 (13) Compressed fuel shall mean any fuel defined as compressed fuel
- 4 in section 66-6,100;
- 5 (14) Person shall mean any individual, firm, partnership, limited
- 6 liability company, company, agency, association, corporation, state,
- 7 county, municipality, or other political subdivision. Whenever a fine or
- 8 imprisonment is prescribed or imposed in sections 66-482 to 66-4,149, the
- 9 word person as applied to a partnership, a limited liability company, or
- 10 an association shall mean the partners or members thereof;
- 11 (15) Department shall mean the Department of Revenue;
- 12 (16) Semiannual period shall mean either the period which begins on
- 13 January 1 and ends on June 30 of each year or the period which begins on
- 14 July 1 and ends on December 31 of each year;
- 15 (17) Producer shall mean any person who manufactures agricultural
- 16 ethyl alcohol or biodiesel at an ethanol or biodiesel facility in this
- 17 state;
- 18 (18) Highway shall mean every way or place generally open to the use
- 19 of the public for the purpose of vehicular travel, even though such way
- 20 or place may be temporarily closed or travel thereon restricted for the
- 21 purpose of construction, maintenance, repair, or reconstruction;
- 22 (19) Kerosene shall mean kerosene meeting the specifications as
- 23 found in the American Society for Testing and Materials publication D3699
- 24 entitled Standard Specifications for Kerosene;
- 25 (20) Biodiesel shall mean mono-alkyl esters of long chain fatty
- 26 acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats which conform to
- 27 American Society for Testing and Materials D6751 specifications for use
- 28 <u>in diesel engines</u>. Biodiesel refers to the pure fuel before blending with
- 29 diesel fuel;
- 30 (21) Motor fuels shall mean motor vehicle fuel, diesel fuel,
- 31 aircraft fuel, or compressed fuel;

- 1 (22) Ethanol facility shall mean a plant which produces agricultural
- 2 ethyl alcohol; and
- 3 (23) Biodiesel facility shall mean a plant which produces biodiesel.
- 4 Sec. 6. Section 66-4,105, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 5 amended to read:
- 6 66-4,105 (1)(a)  $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$  There is hereby levied and imposed an excise
- 7 tax in an amount set in subdivision (1)(b) subsection (2) of this
- 8 section, increased by the amounts imposed or determined under sections
- 9 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, and 66-4,146, upon the use of all motor
- 10 fuels used in this state and due the State of Nebraska under section
- 11 66-489. Users of motor fuels subject to taxation under this section shall
- 12 be allowed the same exemptions, deductions, and rights of reimbursement
- 13 as are authorized and permitted by Chapter 66, article 4, other than any
- 14 commissions provided under such article.
- 15 (b) (2) The excise tax shall be <u>nine and one-half cents per</u>
- 16 gallon. ÷
- 17 (a) Seven and one-half cents per gallon through December 31, 2015;
- 18 (b) Eight cents per gallon beginning on January 1, 2016, through
- 19 December 31, 2016;
- 20 (c) Eight and one-half cents per gallon beginning on January 1,
- 21 <del>2017, through December 31, 2017;</del>
- 22 (d) Nine cents per gallon beginning on January 1, 2018, through
- 23 December 31, 2018; and
- 24 (e) Nine and one-half cents per gallon beginning on January 1, 2019.
- 25 (c) (3) For purposes of this <u>subsection</u> section and section
- 26 66-4,106, use means the purchase or consumption of motor fuels in this
- 27 state.
- 28 (2) There is hereby levied and imposed an excise tax of three cents
- 29 per kilowatt hour on the electric energy used to charge the battery of a
- 30 motor vehicle at a commercial electric vehicle charging station at a
- 31 location other than a residence unless the commercial electric vehicle

- 1 charging station is operated by a political subdivision and the political
- 2 <u>subdivision does not charge for the electric energy. A commercial</u>
- 3 electric vehicle charging station operator that charges for electric
- 4 energy pursuant to this subsection shall keep a complete and accurate
- 5 record of the amount of electric energy used to charge the batteries of
- 6 <u>such motor vehicles and report such information and remit the excise tax</u>
- 7 collected to the department in a manner determined by the department.
- 8 Sec. 7. Section 70-1001.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 9 amended to read:
- 10 70-1001.01 For purposes of sections 70-1001 to 70-1028, unless the
- 11 context otherwise requires:
- 12 (1) Board means the Nebraska Power Review Board;
- 13 (2) Commercial electric vehicle charging station means equipment
- 14 <u>designed to provide electricity for the charging of an electric vehicle</u>
- 15 <u>or a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle, including an electric vehicle</u>
- 16 direct current charger or a super-fast charger, any successor technology,
- 17 and all components thereof;
- 18 (3) Commercial electric vehicle charging station operator means a
- 19 person, partnership, corporation, or other business entity or political
- 20 <u>subdivision that operates a commercial electric vehicle charging station;</u>
- 21 (4) (2) Electric <u>supplier</u> suppliers or <u>supplier</u> suppliers of
- 22 electricity means any legal entity supplying, producing, or distributing
- 23 electricity within the state for sale at wholesale or retail. Electric
- 24 <u>supplier does not include a commercial electric vehicle charging station</u>
- 25 <u>operator</u>;
- 26 (5) Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle has the same meaning as in
- 27 <u>section 3 of this act;</u>
- 28 (6) (3) Private electric supplier means an electric supplier
- 29 producing electricity from a privately developed renewable energy
- 30 generation facility that is not a public power district, a public power
- 31 and irrigation district, a municipality, a registered group of

- 1 municipalities, an electric cooperative, an electric membership
- 2 association, any other governmental entity, or any combination thereof;
- $\frac{(7)}{(4)}$  Privately developed renewable energy generation facility
- 4 means a facility that (a) generates electricity using solar, wind,
- 5 geothermal, biomass, landfill gas, or biogas, including all electrically
- 6 connected equipment used to produce, collect, and store the facility
- 7 output up to and including the transformer that steps up the voltage to
- 8 sixty thousand volts or greater, and including supporting structures,
- 9 buildings, and roads, unless otherwise agreed to in a joint transmission
- 10 development agreement, (b) is developed, constructed, and owned, in whole
- or in part, by one or more private electric suppliers, and (c) is not
- 12 wholly owned by a public power district, a public power and irrigation
- 13 district, a municipality, a registered group of municipalities, an
- 14 electric cooperative, an electric membership association, any other
- 15 governmental entity, or any combination thereof;
- 16 (8) (5) Regional transmission organization means an entity
- 17 independent from those entities generating or marketing electricity at
- 18 wholesale or retail, which has operational control over the electric
- 19 transmission lines in a designated geographic area in order to reduce
- 20 constraints in the flow of electricity and ensure that all power
- 21 suppliers have open access to transmission lines for the transmission of
- 22 electricity;
- 23 (9) (6) Representative organization means an organization designated
- 24 by the board and organized for the purpose of providing joint planning
- 25 and encouraging maximum cooperation and coordination among electric
- 26 suppliers. Such organization shall represent electric suppliers owning a
- 27 combined electric generation plant capacity of at least ninety percent of
- 28 the total electric generation plant capacity constructed and in operation
- 29 within the state;
- 30 (10) (7) State means the State of Nebraska; and
- 31 (11) (8) Unbundled retail rates means the separation of utility

- 1 bills into the individual price components for which an electric supplier
- 2 charges its retail customers, including, but not limited to, the separate
- 3 charges for the generation, transmission, and distribution of
- 4 electricity.
- 5 Sec. 8. Section 70-1002.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 6 amended to read:
- 7 70-1002.02 (1) No supplier shall offer, provide, or sell electric
- 8 energy at wholesale in areas, or to customers, in violation of any
- 9 agreement entered into and approved by the Nebraska Power Review Board
- 10 pursuant to section 70-1002.01.
- 11 (2) A commercial electric vehicle charging station operator may
- 12 receive electric energy solely from an electric supplier with the right
- 13 to serve the location of the commercial electric vehicle charging station
- 14 and shall not offer, provide, sell, or resell electric energy at
- 15 wholesale or retail for any purpose or use other than the charging of
- 16 electric vehicles at the location of the commercial electric vehicle
- 17 charging station. A commercial electric vehicle charging station operator
- 18 may charge electric vehicle charging customers on the basis of kilowatt-
- 19 hours consumed. A commercial electric vehicle charging station is subject
- 20 to the interconnection requirements, electric rates, and service
- 21 regulations of the electric supplier in whose certified service area the
- 22 commercial electric vehicle charging station is located. Nothing in
- 23 sections 70-1001 to 70-1028 shall prohibit an electric supplier from
- 24 owning and operating an electric vehicle charging station or recovering
- 25 its costs to provide electric service to a commercial electric vehicle
- 26 <u>charging station</u>.
- 27 Sec. 9. Section 77-2701, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 28 2022, is amended to read:
- 29 77-2701 Sections 77-2701 to 77-27,135.01, 77-27,222, 77-27,235,
- 30 77-27,236, and 77-27,238 to 77-27,240 <u>and section 11 of this act</u>shall be
- 31 known and may be cited as the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967.

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1 Sec. 10. Section 77-2701.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 2 2022, is amended to read:
- 3 77-2701.04 For purposes of sections 77-2701.04 to 77-2713 and
- 4 77-27,239 and section 11 of this act, unless the context otherwise
- 5 requires, the definitions found in sections 77-2701.05 to 77-2701.55
- 6 shall be used.
- 7 Sec. 11. Sales and use taxes shall not be imposed on the gross
- 8 receipts from the sale, use, or other consumption in this state of
- 9 electric energy when stored, used, or consumed by a motor vehicle and the
- 10 electricity was subject to the excise tax imposed in subsection (1) of
- 11 <u>section 66-4,105.</u>
- 12 Sec. 12. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2024.
- 13 Sec. 13. Original sections 60-301, 60-302, 60-3,191, 66-4,105,
- 14 70-1001.01, and 70-1002.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and
- 15 sections 66-482, 77-2701, and 77-2701.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 16 Supplement, 2022, are repealed.