

AMENDMENTS TO LB593

Introduced by Health and Human Services.

1 1. Strike original section 7 and insert the following new section:

2 Sec. 7. (1) Prior to engaging in cerumen management, a licensed
3 hearing instrument specialist shall provide the board with evidence of
4 (a) completion of an approved cerumen management course, (b) professional
5 liability insurance, and (c) an arrangement with a medical liaison. The
6 licensee shall annually thereafter provide evidence to the board of
7 professional liability insurance and an arrangement with a medical
8 liaison.

9 (2) Prior to engaging in cerumen management, a licensed hearing
10 instrument specialist shall have an arrangement with a medical liaison.
11 If a licensee engaged in routine cerumen management discovers any trauma,
12 including, but not limited to, continuous uncontrolled bleeding,
13 lacerations, or other traumatic injuries, the licensee shall, as soon as
14 practicable, refer the patient to the medical liaison.

15 (3)(a) Prior to entering into an arrangement with a medical liaison,
16 a licensed hearing instrument specialist shall complete a cerumen
17 management course approved by the board. In order to be approved by the
18 board, the course shall be approved by the International Hearing Society
19 or another organization approved by the board and shall:

20 (i) Consist of at least six hours of a participant practicing
21 removing cerumen from an ear canal model using a variety of safe
22 techniques with at least two hours of focus on infection control;

23 (ii) Result in a certificate of completion and attestation of
24 competence; and

25 (iii) Provide the board with evidence of such completion and
26 competence.

27 (b) The board may, only after consultation with the Board of

1 Medicine and Surgery, adopt rules and regulations as provided in section
2 38-126 to provide requirements for the initial cerumen management course.

3 (4) A licensed hearing instrument specialist engaged in cerumen
4 management shall comply with the following requirements:

5 (a) The indications for cerumen management for a licensed hearing
6 instrument specialist shall include:

7 (i) Enabling audiometric testing;

8 (ii) Making ear impressions;

9 (iii) Fitting ear protection or prosthetic devices; and

10 (iv) Monitoring continuous use of hearing aids;

11 (b) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall refer a patient
12 to the medical liaison, an otolaryngologist, or a licensed physician for
13 medical consultation or medical intervention if the patient exhibits any
14 of the following contraindications to cerumen removal:

15 (i) An age younger than eighteen years of age;

16 (ii) A perforated tympanic membrane;

17 (iii) A history of pain, active drainage, or bleeding from the ear;

18 (iv) Evidence of congenital or traumatic deformity of the ear;

19 (v) Ear surgery within the last six months;

20 (vi) Tympanostomy tubes, such that irrigation should not be used;

21 (vii) A bleeding disorder;

22 (viii) Actual or suspected foreign body in the ear;

23 (ix) Stenosis or bony exostosis of the ear canal;

24 (x) Cerumen located medial to the cartilaginous external auditory
25 canal;

26 (xi) A tympanic membrane that the licensed hearing instrument
27 specialist is unable to see; or

28 (xii) Any other contraindication to cerumen removal that requires
29 medical consultation or medical intervention;

30 (c) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall perform cerumen
31 management using the customary removal techniques that are commensurate

1 with the licensee's training and experience;

2 (d) If the patient, while undergoing cerumen management that did not
3 present contraindications, complains of significant pain, exhibits
4 uncontrolled bleeding or a laceration of the external auditory canal, or
5 notices the acute onset of dizziness or vertigo or sudden hearing loss,
6 the licensed hearing instrument specialist shall immediately stop the
7 procedure and refer the patient to the medical liaison, an
8 otolaryngologist, or a licensed physician;

9 (e) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall maintain the
10 following proper infection control practices:

11 (i) Universal health precautions;

12 (ii) Decontamination;

13 (iii) Cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization of multiple use
14 equipment; and

15 (iv) Universal precautions for prevention and the transmission of
16 human immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B virus, and other bloodborne
17 pathogens, as defined by occupational safety and health standards
18 promulgated pursuant to 29 C.F.R. 1910, as such regulations existed on
19 January 1, 2023;

20 (f) The licensed hearing instrument specialist who performs cerumen
21 management shall maintain a case history for every patient and informed
22 consent signed by the patient as part of the patient's records;

23 (g) The licensed hearing instrument specialist shall carry
24 appropriate professional liability insurance before engaging in cerumen
25 management; and

26 (h) The licensed hearing instrument specialist is prohibited from
27 requiring patients to sign any form that eliminates liability if the
28 patient is harmed.