LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 323

Introduced by Walz, 15. Read first time January 13, 2021 Committee: Education

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Tax Equity and Educational 2 Opportunities Support Act; to amend sections 79-1007.12 and 79-1103, 3 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 79-1003, 4 79-1003.01, 79-1022, 79-1022.02, 79-1023, 79-1027, and 79-1031.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2020; to define and redefine 5 6 terms; to define pandemic affected school fiscal years; to change 7 provisions related to qualified early childhood education membership; to change the calculation of the summer school and 8 9 transportation allowances as prescribed; to change the determination and certification dates relating to the distribution of aid, 10 certification of certain budget limitations as prescribed, 11 and 12 duties of the Appropriations Committee of the Legislature; to 13 harmonize provisions; to repeal the original sections; and to 14 declare an emergency.

15 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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Section 1. Section 79-1003, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2020, is amended to read:

3 79-1003 For purposes of the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities
4 Support Act:

(1) Adjusted general fund operating expenditures means (a) for 5 school fiscal years 2013-14 through 2015-16, the difference of the 6 7 general fund operating expenditures as calculated pursuant to subdivision (23) of this section increased by the cost growth factor calculated 8 9 pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the transportation allowance, 10 special receipts allowance, poverty allowance, limited English proficiency allowance, distance education and telecommunications 11 12 allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school allowance, 13 instructional time allowance, teacher education allowance, and focus 14 school and program allowance, (b) for school fiscal years 2016-17 through 2018-19, the difference of the general fund operating expenditures as 15 calculated pursuant to subdivision (23) of this section increased by the 16 17 cost growth factor calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, poverty allowance, 18 19 limited English proficiency allowance, distance education and telecommunications allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school 20 allowance, and focus school and program allowance, and (c) for school 21 22 fiscal year 2019-20 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the 23 difference of the general fund operating expenditures as calculated 24 pursuant to subdivision (23) of this section increased by the cost growth 25 factor calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, poverty allowance, 26 proficiency 27 limited English allowance, distance education and telecommunications allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school 28 29 allowance, community achievement plan allowance, and focus school and program allowance; 30

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(2) Adjusted valuation means the assessed valuation of taxable

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property of each local system in the state, adjusted pursuant to the 1 2 adjustment factors described in section 79-1016. Adjusted valuation means the adjusted valuation for the property tax year ending during the school 3 fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which the aid 4 based upon that value is to be paid. For purposes of determining the 5 local effort rate yield pursuant to section 79-1015.01, adjusted 6 7 valuation does not include the value of any property which a court, by a 8 final judgment from which no appeal is taken, has declared to be 9 nontaxable or exempt from taxation;

10 (3) Allocated income tax funds means the amount of assistance paid
11 to a local system pursuant to section 79-1005.01;

(4) Average daily membership means the average daily membership for grades kindergarten through twelve attributable to the local system, as provided in each district's annual statistical summary, and includes the proportionate share of students enrolled in a public school instructional program on less than a full-time basis;

17 (5) Base fiscal year means the first school fiscal year following
18 the school fiscal year in which the reorganization or unification
19 occurred;

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(6) Board means the school board of each school district;

(7) Categorical funds means funds limited to a specific purpose by
federal or state law, including, but not limited to, Title I funds, Title
VI funds, federal vocational education funds, federal school lunch funds,
Indian education funds, Head Start funds, and funds from the Education
Innovation Fund;

(8) Consolidate means to voluntarily reduce the number of school
districts providing education to a grade group and does not include
dissolution pursuant to section 79-498;

(9) Converted contract means an expired contract that was in effect
for at least fifteen school years beginning prior to school year 2012-13
for the education of students in a nonresident district in exchange for

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tuition from the resident district when the expiration of such contract results in the nonresident district educating students, who would have been covered by the contract if the contract were still in effect, as option students pursuant to the enrollment option program established in section 79-234;

6 (10) Converted contract option student means a student who will be 7 an option student pursuant to the enrollment option program established 8 in section 79-234 for the school fiscal year for which aid is being 9 calculated and who would have been covered by a converted contract if the 10 contract were still in effect and such school fiscal year is the first 11 school fiscal year for which such contract is not in effect;

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(11) Department means the State Department of Education;

13 (12) District means any school district or unified system as defined
14 in section 79-4,108;

15 (13) Ensuing school fiscal year means the school fiscal year16 following the current school fiscal year;

17 (14) Equalization aid means the amount of assistance calculated to
18 be paid to a local system pursuant to section 79-1008.01;

19 (15) Fall membership means the total membership in kindergarten 20 through grade twelve attributable to the local system as reported on the 21 fall school district membership reports for each district pursuant to 22 section 79-528;

(16) Fiscal year means the state fiscal year which is the period
from July 1 to the following June 30;

25 (17) Formula students means:

(a) For state aid certified pursuant to section 79-1022, the sum of the product of fall membership from the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which the aid is to be paid multiplied by the average ratio of average daily membership to fall membership for the second school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which the aid is to be paid and the prior two

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1 school fiscal years plus sixty percent of the qualified early childhood 2 education fall <u>aid membership</u> plus tuitioned students from the school 3 fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is 4 to be paid minus the product of the number of students enrolled in 5 kindergarten that is not full-day kindergarten from the fall membership 6 multiplied by 0.5; and

7 (b) For the final calculation of state aid pursuant to section 8 79-1065, the sum of average daily membership plus sixty percent of the 9 qualified early childhood education average daily <u>aid</u> membership plus 10 tuitioned students minus the product of the number of students enrolled 11 in kindergarten that is not full-day kindergarten from the average daily 12 membership multiplied by 0.5 from the school fiscal year immediately 13 preceding the school fiscal year in which aid was paid;

14 (18) Free lunch and free milk calculated students means, using the most recent data available on November 1 of the school fiscal year 15 16 immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid, (a) for schools that did not provide free meals to all students pursuant 17 to the community eligibility provision, students who individually 18 qualified for free lunches or free milk pursuant to the federal Richard 19 B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq., and the 20 federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq., as such acts 21 and sections existed on January 1, 2015, and rules and regulations 22 adopted thereunder, plus (b) for schools that provided free meals to all 23 24 students pursuant to the community eligibility provision, (i) for school fiscal year 2016-17, the product of the students who attended such school 25 multiplied by the identified student percentage calculated pursuant to 26 such federal provision or (ii) for school fiscal year 2017-18 and each 27 28 school fiscal year thereafter, the greater of the number of students in such school who individually qualified for free lunch or free milk using 29 the most recent school fiscal year for which the school did not provide 30 free meals to all students pursuant to the community eligibility 31

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1 provision or one hundred ten percent of the product of the students who qualified for free meals at such school pursuant to the community 2 3 eligibility provision multiplied by the identified student percentage calculated pursuant to such federal provision, except that the free lunch 4 and free milk students calculated for any school pursuant to subdivision 5 (18)(b)(ii) of this section shall not exceed one hundred percent of the 6 students qualified for free meals at such school pursuant to the 7 8 community eligibility provision;

9 (19) Free lunch and free milk student means, for school fiscal years 10 prior to school fiscal year 2016-17, a student who qualified for free 11 lunches or free milk from the most recent data available on November 1 of 12 the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in 13 which aid is to be paid;

14 (20) Full-day kindergarten means kindergarten offered by a district
15 for at least one thousand thirty-two instructional hours;

16 (21) General fund budget of expenditures means the total budget of 17 disbursements and transfers for general fund purposes as certified in the 18 budget statement adopted pursuant to the Nebraska Budget Act, except that 19 for purposes of the limitation imposed in section 79-1023, the general 20 fund budget of expenditures does not include any special grant funds, 21 exclusive of local matching funds, received by a district;

(22) General fund expenditures means all expenditures from thegeneral fund;

24 (23) General fund operating expenditures means for state aid calculated for school fiscal years 2012-13 and each school fiscal year 25 thereafter, as reported on the annual financial report for the second 26 school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which 27 aid is to be paid, the total general fund expenditures minus (a) the 28 amount of all receipts to the general fund, to the extent that such 29 receipts are not included in local system formula resources, from early 30 31 childhood education tuition, summer school tuition, educational entities

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as defined in section 79-1201.01 for providing distance education courses 1 2 through the Educational Service Unit Coordinating Council to such educational entities, private foundations, individuals, associations, 3 4 charitable organizations, the textbook loan program authorized by section 79-734, federal impact aid, and levy override elections pursuant to 5 section 77-3444, (b) the amount of expenditures for categorical funds, 6 7 tuition paid, transportation fees paid to other districts, adult education, community services, redemption of the principal portion of 8 9 general fund debt service, retirement incentive plans authorized by 10 section 79-855, and staff development assistance authorized by section 79-856, (c) the amount of any transfers from the general fund to any bond 11 fund and transfers from other funds into the general fund, (d) any legal 12 13 expenses in excess of fifteen-hundredths of one percent of the formula 14 need for the school fiscal year in which the expenses occurred, (e)(i) for state aid calculated for school fiscal years prior to school fiscal 15 year 2018-19, expenditures to pay for sums agreed to be paid by a school 16 17 district to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination occurring prior to July 1, 2009, occurring on or after the 18 19 last day of the 2010-11 school year and prior to the first day of the 2013-14 school year, or, to the extent that a district has demonstrated 20 to the State Board of Education pursuant to section 79-1028.01 that the 21 agreement will result in a net savings in salary and benefit costs to the 22 school district over a five-year period, occurring on or after the first 23 24 day of the 2013-14 school year or (ii) for state aid calculated for school fiscal year 2018-19 and each school fiscal year thereafter, 25 expenditures to pay for incentives agreed to be paid by a school district 26 to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of 27 28 employment for which the State Board of Education approved an exclusion pursuant to subdivision (1)(h), (i), (j), or (k) of section 79-1028.01, 29 (f)(i) expenditures to pay for employer contributions pursuant to 30 subsection (2) of section 79-958 to the School Employees Retirement 31

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1 System of the State of Nebraska to the extent that such expenditures exceed the employer contributions under such subsection that would have 2 been made at a contribution rate of seven and thirty-five hundredths 3 percent or (ii) expenditures to pay for school district contributions 4 5 pursuant to subdivision (1)(c)(i) or (1)(d)(i) of section 79-9,113 to the retirement system established pursuant to the Class V School Employees 6 Retirement Act to the extent that such expenditures exceed the school 7 district contributions under such subdivision that would have been made 8 9 at a contribution rate of seven and thirty-seven hundredths percent, and (g) any amounts paid by the district for lobbyist fees and expenses 10 reported to the Clerk of the Legislature pursuant to section 49-1483. 11

For purposes of this subdivision (23) of this section, receipts from levy override elections shall equal ninety-nine percent of the difference of the total general fund levy minus a levy of one dollar and five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation multiplied by the assessed valuation for school districts that have voted pursuant to section 77-3444 to override the maximum levy provided pursuant to section 877-3442;

(24) Income tax liability means the amount of the reported income
tax liability for resident individuals pursuant to the Nebraska Revenue
Act of 1967 less all nonrefundable credits earned and refunds made;

(25) Income tax receipts means the amount of income tax collected pursuant to the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 less all nonrefundable credits earned and refunds made;

25 (26) Limited English proficiency students means the number of 26 students with limited English proficiency in a district from the most 27 recent data available on November 1 of the school fiscal year preceding 28 the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid plus the difference of 29 such students with limited English proficiency minus the average number 30 of limited English proficiency students for such district, prior to such 31 addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if such

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1 difference is greater than zero;

(27) Local system means a unified system or a school district;

(28) Low-income child means (a) for school fiscal years prior to 3 4 2016-17, a child under nineteen years of age living in a household having an annual adjusted gross income for the second calendar year preceding 5 the beginning of the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated 6 7 equal to or less than the maximum household income that would allow a student from a family of four people to be a free lunch and free milk 8 9 student during the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated and (b) for school fiscal 10 year 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, a child under 11 nineteen years of age living in a household having an annual adjusted 12 gross income for the second calendar year preceding the beginning of the 13 school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated equal to or less 14 than the maximum household income pursuant to sections 9(b)(1) and 17(c)15 (4) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 16 1758(b)(1) and 42 U.S.C. 1766(c)(4), respectively, and sections 3(a)(6) 17 and 4(e)(1)(A) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1772(a)(6) 18 and 42 U.S.C. 1773(e)(1)(A), respectively, as such acts and sections 19 existed on January 1, 2015, for a household of that size that would have 20 allowed the child to meet the income qualifications for free meals during 21 the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for 22 which aid is being calculated; 23

(29) Low-income students means the number of low-income children within the district multiplied by the ratio of the formula students in the district divided by the total children under nineteen years of age residing in the district as derived from income tax information;

(30) Most recently available complete data year means the most
recent single school fiscal year for which the annual financial report,
fall school district membership report, annual statistical summary,
Nebraska income tax liability by school district for the calendar year in

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which the majority of the school fiscal year falls, and adjusted
 valuation data are available;

3 (31) Pandemic affected school fiscal year means a school fiscal year
4 for which a state of emergency related to a pandemic has been declared
5 for any portion of the school fiscal year by the Governor pursuant to the
6 Emergency Management Act;

7 (32) (31) Poverty students means (a) for school fiscal years prior to 2016-17, the number of low-income students or the number of students 8 9 who are free lunch and free milk students in a district plus the difference of the number of low-income students or the number of students 10 who are free lunch and free milk students in a district, whichever is 11 greater, minus the average number of poverty students for such district, 12 13 prior to such addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if such difference is greater than zero and (b) for school fiscal 14 year 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the unadjusted 15 poverty students plus the difference of such unadjusted poverty students 16 17 minus the average number of poverty students for such district, prior to such addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if 18 such difference is greater than zero; 19

(33) (32) Qualified early childhood education average daily aid 20 membership means the product of the average daily membership of qualified 21 22 early childhood education students (a) for school fiscal year 2006-07 and each school fiscal year, thereafter of students who will be eligible to 23 24 attend kindergarten the following school year and are enrolled in an 25 early childhood education program approved by the department pursuant to section 79-1103 for such school district for such school year multiplied 26 27 by the ratio of the actual instructional hours of the program divided by one thousand thirty-two and (b) for any pandemic affected school fiscal 28 year, also multiplied by the ratio of the statewide average instructional 29 hours for early childhood education programs with qualified early 30 childhood education students in the most recently available complete 31

1 school fiscal year that was not a pandemic affected school fiscal year 2 divided by the statewide average instructional hours for early childhood 3 education programs with qualified early childhood education students in 4 the pandemic affected school fiscal year if: (a) The program is receiving 5 a grant pursuant to such section for the third year; (b) the program has 6 already received grants pursuant to such section for three years; or (c) 7 the program has been approved pursuant to subsection (5) of section 8 79-1103 for such school year and the two preceding school years, 9 including any such students in portions of any of such programs receiving 10 an expansion grant;

(34) (33) Qualified early childhood education fall aid membership 11 means the product of membership on October 1 of each school year of 12 qualified early childhood education students who will be eligible to 13 attend kindergarten the following school year and are enrolled in an 14 early childhood education program approved by the department pursuant to 15 16 section 79-1103 for such school district for such school year multiplied 17 by the ratio of the planned instructional hours of the program divided by one thousand thirty-two; 18

(35) Qualified early childhood education student means a student who 19 will be eligible to attend kindergarten the following school year and is 20 enrolled in an early childhood education program approved by the 21 department pursuant to section 79-1103 for such school year if: (a) The 22 23 program is receiving a grant pursuant to such section for the third year; 24 (b) the program has already received grants pursuant to such section for three years; or (c) the program has been approved pursuant to subsection 25 (5) of section 79-1103 for such school year and the two preceding school 26 years, including any such students in portions of any of such programs 27 28 receiving an expansion grant;

29 (36) (34) Regular route transportation means the transportation of 30 students on regularly scheduled daily routes to and from the attendance 31 center;

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(37) (35) Reorganized district means any district involved in a
 consolidation and currently educating students following consolidation;

3 (38) (36) School year or school fiscal year means the fiscal year of
4 a school district as defined in section 79-1091;

5 (39) (37) Sparse local system means a local system that is not a
6 very sparse local system but which meets the following criteria:

7 (a)(i) Less than two students per square mile in the county in which 8 each high school is located, based on the school district census, (ii) 9 less than one formula student per square mile in the local system, and 10 (iii) more than ten miles between each high school attendance center and 11 the next closest high school attendance center on paved roads;

(b)(i) Less than one and one-half formula students per square mile in the local system and (ii) more than fifteen miles between each high school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance center on paved roads;

16 (c)(i) Less than one and one-half formula students per square mile 17 in the local system and (ii) more than two hundred seventy-five square 18 miles in the local system; or

(d)(i) Less than two formula students per square mile in the local system and (ii) the local system includes an area equal to ninety-five percent or more of the square miles in the largest county in which a high school attendance center is located in the local system;

(40) (38) Special education means specially designed kindergarten
 through grade twelve instruction pursuant to section 79-1125, and
 includes special education transportation;

26 (41) (39) Special grant funds means the budgeted receipts for 27 grants, including, but not limited to, categorical funds, reimbursements 28 for wards of the court, short-term borrowings including, but not limited 29 to, registered warrants and tax anticipation notes, interfund loans, 30 insurance settlements, and reimbursements to county government for 31 previous overpayment. The state board shall approve a listing of grants

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1 that qualify as special grant funds;

2 (42) (40) State aid means the amount of assistance paid to a
3 district pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support
4 Act;

5 (43) (41) State board means the State Board of Education;

6 (44) (42) State support means all funds provided to districts by the
7 State of Nebraska for the general fund support of elementary and
8 secondary education;

9 <u>(45)</u> (43) Statewide average basic funding per formula student means 10 the statewide total basic funding for all districts divided by the 11 statewide total formula students for all districts;

12 <u>(46)</u> (44) Statewide average general fund operating expenditures per 13 formula student means the statewide total general fund operating 14 expenditures for all districts divided by the statewide total formula 15 students for all districts;

16 (47) (45) Teacher has the definition found in section 79-101;

17 (48) (46) Temporary aid adjustment factor means (a) for school fiscal years before school fiscal year 2007-08, one and one-fourth 18 19 percent of the sum of the local system's transportation allowance, the local system's special receipts allowance, and the product of the local 20 system's adjusted formula students multiplied by the average formula cost 21 22 per student in the local system's cost grouping and (b) for school fiscal year 2007-08, one and one-fourth percent of the sum of the local system's 23 24 transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, and distance 25 education and telecommunications allowance and the product of the local system's adjusted formula students multiplied by the average formula cost 26 per student in the local system's cost grouping; 27

(49) (47) Tuition receipts from converted contracts means tuition
 receipts received by a district from another district in the most
 recently available complete data year pursuant to a converted contract
 prior to the expiration of the contract;

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(50) (48) Tuitioned students means students in kindergarten through
 grade twelve of the district whose tuition is paid by the district to
 some other district or education agency;

4 <u>(51)</u> (49) Unadjusted poverty students means, for school fiscal year 5 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the greater of the number 6 of low-income students or the free lunch and free milk calculated 7 students in a district; and

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(52) (50) Very sparse local system means a local system that has:

9 (a)(i) Less than one-half student per square mile in each county in 10 which each high school attendance center is located based on the school 11 district census, (ii) less than one formula student per square mile in 12 the local system, and (iii) more than fifteen miles between the high 13 school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance 14 center on paved roads; or

(b)(i) More than four hundred fifty square miles in the local system, (ii) less than one-half student per square mile in the local system, and (iii) more than fifteen miles between each high school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance center on paved roads.

Sec. 2. Section 79-1003.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2020, is amended to read:

22 79-1003.01 (1) The department shall calculate a summer school allowance for each district which submits the information required for 23 24 the calculation on a form prescribed by the department on or before 25 October 15 of the school fiscal year preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated. For aid calculated for school fiscal years 26 through school fiscal year 2013-14, the summer school allowance shall be 27 equal to two and one-half percent of the summer school student units for 28 such district multiplied by eighty-five percent of the statewide average 29 general fund operating expenditures per formula student. For aid 30 calculated for school fiscal year 2014-15 and each school fiscal year 31

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1 thereafter, the summer school allowance shall be equal to the lesser of two and one-half percent of the product of the summer school student 2 units for such district multiplied by eighty-five percent of the 3 4 statewide average general fund operating expenditures per formula student or the summer school and early childhood summer school expenditures that 5 are paid for with noncategorical funds generated by state or local taxes 6 as reported on the annual financial report for the most recently 7 available data year and that are not included in other allowances. 8

(2) Summer school student units shall be calculated for each student 9 enrolled in summer school as defined in section 79-536 in a school 10 district who attends such summer school for at least twelve days in the 11 most recently available complete data year, whether or not the student is 12 in the membership of the school district. The initial number of units for 13 each such student shall equal the sum of the ratios, each rounded down to 14 the nearest whole number, of the number of days for which the student 15 attended summer school classes in such district or participated in an 16 equivalent remote learning experience for at least three hours and less 17 than six hours per day divided by twelve days and of two times the number 18 of days for which the student attended summer school classes in such 19 district or participated in an equivalent remote learning experience for 20 six or more hours per day divided by twelve days. 21

(3) Each school district shall receive an additional summer school 22 student unit for each summer school student unit attributed to remedial 23 24 math or reading programs. Each school district shall also receive an additional summer school student unit for each summer school student unit 25 attributed to a student who in the school year immediately preceding 26 summer school either (a) qualified for free lunches or free milk and 27 attended a school that uses information collected from parents and 28 guardians to determine such qualifications or (b) attended a school that 29 provides free meals to all students pursuant to the community eligibility 30 31 provision.

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1 (4) Beginning with state aid calculated for school fiscal year 2012-13, summer school student units shall be calculated for each student 2 who was both enrolled in the most recently available complete data year 3 4 in a summer session of an early childhood education program for which a qualified early childhood education fall aid membership greater than zero 5 has been calculated for the school fiscal year for which aid is being 6 calculated and eligible to attend kindergarten in the fall immediately 7 8 following such summer session. The initial number of units for each such 9 qualified early childhood education student shall equal the sum of the ratios, each rounded down to the nearest whole number, of the number of 10 days for which the student attended the summer session in such district 11 for at least three hours and less than six hours per day divided by 12 twelve days and of two times the number of days for which the student 13 attended the summer session in such district for six or more hours per 14 day divided by twelve days. The initial summer school student units for 15 16 gualified early childhood education students shall be multiplied by sixtenths. Instructional hours included in the calculation of the qualified 17 early childhood education fall <u>aid membership</u> or the qualified early 18 19 childhood education average daily aid membership shall not be included in the calculation of the summer school allowance. 20

(5) Each school district shall receive an additional six-tenths of a 21 summer school student unit for each <u>qualified</u> early childhood education 22 23 student unit attributed to <u>a qualified</u> an early childhood education 24 student who is either qualified for free lunches or free milk based on information collected from parents and guardians to determine such 25 qualifications or is registered to attend a school in the school year 26 immediately following such summer that provides free meals to all 27 students pursuant to the community eligibility provision. 28

(6) This section does not prevent school districts from requiring
and collecting fees for summer school or summer sessions of early
childhood education programs, except that summer school student units

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1 shall not be calculated for school districts which collect fees for 2 summer school from students who qualify for free or reduced-price lunches 3 under United States Department of Agriculture child nutrition programs or 4 who attended, or are registered to attend, a school in the school year 5 immediately following such summer that provides free meals to all 6 students pursuant to the community eligibility provision.

Sec. 3. Section 79-1007.12, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 79-1007.12 The department shall calculate a transportation allowance
10 for each district equal to the lesser of:

(1) Each local system's general fund expenditures for regular route transportation and in lieu of transportation expenditures pursuant to section 79-611 in the second school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid, but not including special education transportation expenditures or other expenditures previously excluded from general fund operating expenditures; or

17 (2) The number of miles traveled in the second school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid 18 by vehicles owned, leased, or contracted by the district or the districts 19 in the local system for the purpose of regular route transportation (a) 20 multiplied by four hundred percent of the mileage rate established by the 21 Department of Administrative Services pursuant to section 81-1176 as of 22 January 1 of the most recently available complete data year added to in 23 24 lieu of transportation expenditures pursuant to section 79-611 from the 25 same data year and (b) for any miles traveled during a pandemic affected school fiscal year, also multiplied by the ratio of statewide miles 26 traveled in the most recently available complete school fiscal year that 27 was not a pandemic affected school fiscal year divided by the statewide 28 miles traveled in the pandemic affected school fiscal year. 29

30 Sec. 4. Section 79-1022, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
31 2020, is amended to read:

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1 79-1022 (1) On or before <u>June 10, 2021</u> May 1, 2020, and on or before March 1 of each year thereafter, the department shall determine the 2 amounts to be distributed to each local system for the ensuing school 3 4 fiscal year pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities 5 shall certify the amounts to the Director of Support Act and Administrative Services, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and each local 6 system. On or before June 10, 2021 May 1, 2020, and on or before March 1 7 8 of each year thereafter, the department shall report the necessary 9 funding level for the ensuing school fiscal year to the Governor, the Appropriations Committee of the Legislature, and the Education Committee 10 of the Legislature. The report submitted to the committees of the 11 Legislature shall be submitted electronically. Except as otherwise 12 provided in this subsection, certified state aid amounts, including 13 14 adjustments pursuant to section 79-1065.02, shall be shown as budgeted non-property-tax receipts and deducted prior to calculating the property 15 16 tax request in the local system's general fund budget statement as provided to the Auditor of Public Accounts pursuant to section 79-1024. 17

(2) Except as provided in this subsection, subsection (8) of section 18 79-1016, and sections 79-1005, 79-1033, and 79-1065.02, the amounts 19 certified pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall be distributed 20 in ten as nearly as possible equal payments on the last business day of 21 each month beginning in September of each ensuing school fiscal year and 22 23 ending in June of the following year, except that when a local system is 24 to receive a monthly payment of less than one thousand dollars, such payment shall be one lump-sum payment on the last business day of 25 December during the ensuing school fiscal year. 26

Sec. 5. Section 79-1022.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
28 2020, is amended to read:

79-1022.02 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
 certification of state aid pursuant to section 79-1022, certification of
 budget authority pursuant to section 79-1023, and certification of

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applicable allowable reserve percentages pursuant to section 79-1027
 completed prior to <u>the effective date of this act</u> February 13, 2020, for
 school fiscal year <u>2021-22</u> 2020-21 are null and void.

Sec. 6. Section 79-1023, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2020, is amended to read:

6 79-1023 (1) On or before <u>June 10, 2021</u> May 1, 2020, and on or before 7 March 1 of each year thereafter, the department shall determine and 8 certify to each school district budget authority for the general fund 9 budget of expenditures for the ensuing school fiscal year.

(2) Except as provided in sections 79-1028.01, 79-1029, 79-1030, and 10 81-829.51, each school district shall have budget authority for the 11 general fund budget of expenditures equal to the greater of (a) the 12 13 general fund budget of expenditures for the immediately preceding school fiscal year minus exclusions pursuant to subsection (1) of section 14 79-1028.01 for such school fiscal year with the difference increased by 15 the basic allowable growth rate for the school fiscal year for which 16 17 budget authority is being calculated, (b) the general fund budget of expenditures for the immediately preceding school fiscal year minus 18 19 exclusions pursuant to subsection (1) of section 79-1028.01 for such school fiscal year with the difference increased by an amount equal to 20 any student growth adjustment calculated for the school fiscal year for 21 which budget authority is being calculated, or (c) one hundred ten 22 23 percent of formula need for the school fiscal year for which budget 24 authority is being calculated minus the special education budget of expenditures as filed on the school district budget statement on or 25 before September 20 for the immediately preceding school fiscal year, 26 which special education budget of expenditures is increased by the basic 27 allowable growth rate for the school fiscal year for which budget 28 authority is being calculated. 29

30 (3) For any school fiscal year for which the budget authority for31 the general fund budget of expenditures for a school district is based on

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a student growth adjustment, the budget authority for the general fund
budget of expenditures for such school district shall be adjusted in
future years to reflect any student growth adjustment corrections related
to such student growth adjustment.

5 Sec. 7. Section 79-1027, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
6 2020, is amended to read:

7 79-1027 No district shall adopt a budget, which includes total 8 requirements of depreciation funds, necessary employee benefit fund cash 9 reserves, and necessary general fund cash reserves, exceeding the 10 applicable allowable reserve percentages of total general fund budget of 11 expenditures as specified in the schedule set forth in this section.

12	Average daily	Allowable
13	membership of	reserve
14	district	percentage
15	0 - 471	45
16	471.01 - 3,044	35
17	3,044.01 - 10,000	25
18	10,000.01 and over	20

19 On or before <u>June 10, 2021</u> May 1, 2020, and on or before March 1 20 each year thereafter, the department shall determine and certify each 21 district's applicable allowable reserve percentage for the ensuing school 22 fiscal year.

Each district with combined necessary general fund cash reserves, 23 total requirements of depreciation funds, and necessary employee benefit 24 fund cash reserves less than the applicable allowable reserve percentage 25 specified in this section may, notwithstanding the district's applicable 26 allowable growth rate, increase its necessary general fund cash reserves 27 that the total necessary general fund cash reserves, total 28 such 29 requirements of depreciation funds, and necessary employee benefit fund cash reserves do not exceed such applicable allowable reserve percentage. 30 Sec. 8. Section 79-1031.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 31

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79-1031.01 The Appropriations Committee of the Legislature shall annually include the amount necessary to fund the state aid that will be certified to school districts on or before <u>June 10, 2021 May 1, 2020</u>, and on or before March 1 of each year thereafter for each ensuing school fiscal year in its recommendations to the Legislature to carry out the requirements of the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act.

8 Sec. 9. Section 79-1103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

10 79-1103 (1)(a) The State Department of Education shall establish and administer the Early Childhood Education Grant Program. 11 Upon the effective date of an endowment agreement, administration of the Early 12 13 Childhood Education Grant Program with respect to programs for children from birth to age three shall transfer to the board of trustees. If there 14 is no endowment agreement in effect, the department shall request 15 proposals in accordance with this section for all early childhood 16 education programs from school districts, individually or in cooperation 17 with other school districts or educational service units, working in 18 19 cooperation with existing nonpublic programs which meet the requirements of subsection (2) of section 79-1104. If there is an endowment agreement 20 in effect, the board of trustees shall administer the Early Childhood 21 22 Education Grant Program with respect to programs for children from birth to age three pursuant to section 79-1104.02 and the department shall 23 24 continue to administer the Early Childhood Education Grant Program with 25 respect to other prekindergarten programs pursuant to sections 79-1101 to 79-1104.05. All administrative procedures of the board of trustees, 26 27 including, but not limited to, rules, grant applications, and funding 28 mechanisms, shall harmonize with those established by the department for other prekindergarten programs. 29

30 (b) The first priority shall be for (i) continuation grants for31 programs that received grants in the prior school fiscal year and for

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1 which the state aid calculation pursuant to the Tax Equity and 2 Educational Opportunities Support Act does not include qualified early childhood education students, in an amount equal to the amount of such 3 grant, except that if the grant was a first-year grant the amount shall 4 5 be reduced by thirty-three percent, (ii) continuation grants for programs for which the state aid calculation pursuant to the act includes 6 <u>qualified</u> early childhood education students, in an amount equal to the 7 8 amount of the grant for the school fiscal year prior to the first school 9 fiscal year for which qualified early childhood education students were included in the state aid calculation for the school district's local 10 system minus the calculated state aid amount, and (iii) for school fiscal 11 year 2007-08, continuation grants for programs for which the state aid 12 calculation pursuant to the act includes gualified early childhood 13 14 education students, but such state aid calculation does not result in the school district receiving any equalization aid, in an amount equal to the 15 16 amount of the grant received in school fiscal year 2006-07. The 17 calculated state aid amount shall be calculated by multiplying the basic funding per formula student for the school district by the formula 18 19 students attributed to the early childhood education programs pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act. 20

(c) The second priority shall be for new grants and expansion grants for programs that will serve at-risk children who will be eligible to attend kindergarten the following school year. New grants may be given for up to three years in an amount up to one-half of the total budget of the program per year. Expansion grants may be given for one year in an amount up to one-half of the budget for expanding the capacity of the program to serve additional children.

(d) The third priority shall be for new grants, expansion grants,
and continuation grants for programs serving children younger than those
who will be eligible to attend kindergarten the following school year.
New grants may be given for up to three years in an amount up to one-half

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the total budget of the program per year. Expansion grants may be given for one year in an amount up to one-half the budget for expanding the capacity of the program to serve additional children. Continuation grants under this priority may be given annually in an amount up to one-half the total budget of the program per year minus any continuation grants received under the first priority.

7 (e) Programs serving children who will be eligible to attend 8 kindergarten the following school year shall be accounted for separately 9 for grant purposes from programs serving younger children, but the two types of programs may be combined within the same classroom to serve 10 multi-age children. Programs that receive grants for school fiscal years 11 prior to school fiscal year 2005-06 to serve both children who will be 12 13 eligible to attend kindergarten the following school year and younger children shall account for the two types of programs separately for grant 14 purposes beginning with school year 2005-06 and shall be deemed to have 15 16 received grants prior to school fiscal year 2005-06 for each year that grants were received for the types of programs representing the age 17 groups of the children served. 18

(2) Each program proposal which is approved by the department shall 19 20 include (a) a planning period, (b) an agreement to participate in periodic evaluations of the program to be specified by the department, 21 (c) evidence that the program will be coordinated or contracted with 22 existing programs, including those listed in subdivision (d) of this 23 24 subsection and nonpublic programs which meet the requirements of subsection (2) of section 79-1104, (d) a plan to coordinate and use a 25 combination of local, state, and federal funding sources, including, but 26 not limited to, programs for children with disabilities below five years 27 of age funded through the Special Education Act, the Early Intervention 28 Act, funds available through the flexible funding provisions under the 29 Special Education Act, the federal Head Start program, 42 U.S.C. 9831 et 30 seq., the federal Even Start Family Literacy Program, 20 U.S.C. 6361 et 31

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seq., Title I of the federal Improving America's Schools Act of 1994, 20 1 U.S.C. 6301 et seq., and child care assistance through the Department of 2 Health and Human Services, (e) a plan to use sliding fee scales and the 3 4 funding sources included in subdivision (d) of this subsection to 5 maximize the participation of economically and categorically diverse groups and to ensure that participating children and families have access 6 7 to comprehensive services, (f) the establishment of an advisory body which includes families and community members, (g) the utilization of 8 appropriately qualified staff, (h) an appropriate child-to-staff ratio, 9 (i) appropriate group size, (j) compliance with minimum health and safety 10 standards, (k) appropriate facility size and equipment, (l) a strong 11 family development and support component recognizing the central role of 12 13 parents in their children's development, (m) developmentally and 14 culturally appropriate curriculum, practices, and assessment, (n) sensitivity to the economic and logistical needs and circumstances of 15 16 families in the provision of services, (o) integration of children of 17 diverse social and economic characteristics, (p) a sound evaluation component, including at least one objective measure of child performance 18 19 and progress, (q) continuity with programs in kindergarten and elementary grades, (r) instructional hours that are similar to or less than the 20 instructional hours for kindergarten except that a summer session may be 21 22 offered, (s) well-defined language development and early literacy 23 emphasis, including the involvement of parents in family literacy 24 activities, (t) a plan for ongoing professional development of staff, and (u) inclusion of children with disabilities as defined in the Special 25 Education Act, all as specified by rules and regulations of the 26 department in accordance with sound early childhood educational practice. 27 (3) The department shall make an effort to fund programs widely 28

29 distributed across the state in both rural and urban areas.

30 (4) The department, in collaboration with the board of trustees if31 an endowment agreement is in effect, shall provide a report evaluating

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1 the programs to the State Board of Education and the Legislature by 2 January 1 of each odd-numbered year. The report submitted to the Legislature shall be submitted electronically. The Education Committee of 3 the Legislature shall hold a public hearing regarding the report. Up to 4 5 five percent of the total appropriation for the Early Childhood Education Grant Program for grants administered by the department may be reserved 6 by the department for evaluation and technical assistance for the 7 programs. 8

9 (5) Early childhood education programs, whether established pursuant to this section or section 79-1104, may be approved for purposes of the 10 Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act, expansion grants, 11 and continuation grants on the submission of a continuation plan 12 demonstrating that the program will meet the requirements of subsection 13 (2) of this section and a proposed operating budget demonstrating that 14 the program will receive resources from other sources equal to or greater 15 16 than the sum of any grant received pursuant to this section for the prior 17 school year plus any calculated state aid as calculated pursuant to subsection (1) of this section for the prior school year. 18

19 (6) The State Board of Education may adopt and promulgate rules and 20 regulations to implement the Early Childhood Education Grant Program, except that if there is an endowment agreement in effect, the board of 21 trustees shall recommend any rules and regulations relating specifically 22 to the Early Childhood Education Grant Program with respect to programs 23 24 for children from birth to age three. It is the intent of the Legislature 25 that the rules and regulations for programs for children from birth to age three be consistent to the greatest extent possible with those 26 established for other prekindergarten programs. 27

Sec. 10. Original sections 79-1007.12 and 79-1103, Reissue Revised
Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 79-1003, 79-1003.01, 79-1022,
79-1022.02, 79-1023, 79-1027, and 79-1031.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2020, are repealed.

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Sec. 11. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when
 passed and approved according to law.