LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 881**

Introduced by Hansen, M., 26. Read first time January 09, 2020 Committee: Judiciary

- A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; to amend section
   29-2206, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018; to change
   provisions relating to collection of fines and costs; and to repeal
   the original section.
- 5 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 29-2206, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2018, is amended to read:

29-2206 (1)(a) In all cases in which courts or magistrates have now 3 4 or may hereafter have the power to punish offenses, either in whole or in part, by requiring the offender to pay fines or costs, or both, such 5 courts or magistrates may make it a part of the sentence that the party 6 7 stand committed and be imprisoned in the jail of the proper county until the fines or costs are paid or secured to be paid or the offender is 8 9 otherwise discharged according to law if the court or magistrate 10 determines that the offender has the financial ability to pay such fines or costs. The court or magistrate may make such determination at the 11 sentencing hearing or at a separate hearing prior to sentencing. A 12 13 separate hearing shall not be required. In making such determination, the court or magistrate may consider the information or evidence adduced in 14 an earlier proceeding pursuant to section 29-3902, 29-3903, 29-3906, or 15 29-3916. At any such hearing, the offender shall have the opportunity to 16 17 present information as to his or her income, assets, debts, or other matters affecting his or her financial ability to pay. Following such 18 hearing and prior to imposing sentence, the court or magistrate shall 19 determine the offender's financial ability to pay the fines or costs, 20 including his or her financial ability to pay in installments under 21 22 subsection (2) of this section.

(b) If the court or magistrate determines that the offender is
financially able to pay the fines or costs and the offender refuses to
pay, the court or magistrate may:

(i) Make it a part of the sentence that the offender stand committed
and be imprisoned in the jail of the proper county until the fines or
costs are paid or secured to be paid or the offender is otherwise
discharged according to law; or

30 (ii) Order the offender, in lieu of paying such fines or costs, to31 complete community service for a specified number of hours pursuant to

-2-

1 sections 29-2277 to 29-2279.

2 (c) If the court or magistrate determines that the offender is3 financially unable to pay the fines or costs, the court or magistrate:

4 (i) Shall either:

5 (A) Impose a sentence without such fines or costs; or

6 (B) Enter an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(d) of this section
7 discharging the offender of such fines or costs; and

8 (ii) May order, as a term of the offender's sentence or as a 9 condition of probation, that he or she complete community service for a 10 specified number of hours pursuant to sections 29-2277 to 29-2279.

(d) An order discharging the offender of any fines or costs shall be
set forth in or accompanied by a judgment entry. Such order shall operate
as a complete release of such fines or costs.

(2) If the court or magistrate determines, pursuant to subsection 14 (1) of this section, that an offender is financially unable to pay such 15 fines or costs in one lump sum but is financially capable of paying in 16 17 installments, the court or magistrate shall make arrangements suitable to the court or magistrate and to the offender by which the offender may pay 18 19 in installments. The court or magistrate shall enter an order specifying the terms of such arrangements and the dates on which payments are to be 20 made. When the judgment of conviction provides for the suspension or 21 22 revocation of a motor vehicle operator's license and the court authorizes 23 the payment of fines or costs by installments, the revocation or 24 suspension shall be effective as of the date of judgment.

(3) As an alternative to a lump-sum payment or as an alternative or in conjunction with installment payments, the court or magistrate may deduct fines or costs <u>only</u> from a bond posted by the offender to the extent that such bond is not otherwise encumbered by a valid lien, levy, execution, or assignment to counsel of record or the person who posted the bond.

31 Sec. 2. Original section 29-2206, Revised Statutes Cumulative

-3-

1 Supplement, 2018, is repealed.