## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

## ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 684**

Introduced by Lathrop, 12.

Read first time January 23, 2019

Committee: Judiciary

- A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to crimes and offenses; to amend section 2 29-2268, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 28-105, 3 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018; to change provisions
- Revised Statutes dumatative Supplement, 2010, to change provisions
- 4 relating to sentences of post-release supervision for Class IV
- felonies; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original
- 6 sections.
- 7 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 28-105, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 2 2018, is amended to read:
- 3 28-105 (1) For purposes of the Nebraska Criminal Code and any
- 4 statute passed by the Legislature after the date of passage of the code,
- 5 felonies are divided into ten classes which are distinguished from one
- 6 another by the following penalties which are authorized upon conviction:

_		3
7	Class I felony	Death
8	Class IA felony	Life imprisonment
9	Class IB felony	Maximum—life imprisonment
10		Minimum—twenty years imprisonment
11	Class IC felony	Maximum—fifty years imprisonment
12		Mandatory minimum—five years imprisonment
13	Class ID felony	Maximum—fifty years imprisonment
14		Mandatory minimum—three years imprisonment
15	Class II felony	Maximum—fifty years imprisonment
16		Minimum—one year imprisonment
17	Class IIA felony	Maximum—twenty years imprisonment
18		Minimum—none
19	Class III felony	Maximum—four years imprisonment and two years
20		post-release supervision or
21		twenty-five thousand dollars fine, or both
22		Minimum—none for imprisonment and nine months
23		post-release supervision if imprisonment is imposed
24	Class IIIA felony	Maximum—three years imprisonment
25		and eighteen months post-release supervision or
26		ten thousand dollars fine, or both
27		Minimum—none for imprisonment and nine months
28		post-release supervision if imprisonment is imposed
29	Class IV felony	Maximum—two years imprisonment and twelve
30		months post-release supervision or

- ten thousand dollars fine, or both

  Minimum—none for imprisonment and nine months

  post-release supervision if imprisonment is imposed

  in an institution under the jurisdiction
- 5 <u>of the Department of Correctional Services</u>
- 6 (2) All sentences for maximum terms of imprisonment for one year or
  7 more for felonies shall be served in institutions under the jurisdiction
  8 of the Department of Correctional Services. All sentences for maximum
  9 terms of imprisonment of less than one year shall be served in the county
  10 jail.
- 11 (3) Nothing in this section shall limit the authority granted in 12 sections 29-2221 and 29-2222 to increase sentences for habitual 13 criminals.
- 14 (4) A person convicted of a felony for which a mandatory minimum 15 sentence is prescribed shall not be eligible for probation.
- (5) All sentences of post-release supervision shall be served under the jurisdiction of the Office of Probation Administration and shall be subject to conditions imposed pursuant to section 29-2262 and subject to sanctions authorized pursuant to section 29-2266.02.
- 20 (6) Any person who is sentenced to imprisonment for a Class I, IA,
  21 IB, IC, ID, II, or IIA felony and sentenced concurrently or consecutively
  22 to imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony shall not be subject
  23 to post-release supervision pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.
- (7) Any person who is sentenced to imprisonment for a Class III,
  IIIA, or IV felony committed prior to August 30, 2015, and sentenced
  concurrently or consecutively to imprisonment for a Class III, IIIA, or
  IV felony committed on or after August 30, 2015, shall not be subject to
  post-release supervision pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.
- (8) The changes made to the penalties for Class III, IIIA, and IV felonies by Laws 2015, LB605, do not apply to any offense committed prior to August 30, 2015, as provided in section 28-116.

- 1 Sec. 2. Section 29-2268, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 2 amended to read:
- 3 29-2268 (1) If the court finds that the probationer, other than a
- 4 probationer serving a term of post-release supervision, did violate a
- 5 condition of his or her probation, it may revoke the probation and impose
- 6 on the offender such new sentence as might have been imposed originally
- 7 for the crime of which he or she was convicted.
- 8 (2) If the court finds that a probationer serving a term of post-
- 9 release supervision did violate a condition of his or her post-release
- 10 supervision, it may revoke the post-release supervision and impose on the
- 11 offender a term of imprisonment up to the <u>original</u> remaining period of
- 12 post-release supervision. The term shall be served in an institution
- 13 under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correctional Services or in
- 14 county jail subject to subsection (2) of section 28-105.
- 15 (3) If the court finds that the probationer did violate a condition
- 16 of his or her probation, but is of the opinion that revocation is not
- 17 appropriate, the court may order that:
- (a) The probationer receive a reprimand and warning;
- (b) Probation supervision and reporting be intensified;
- 20 (c) The probationer be required to conform to one or more additional
- 21 conditions of probation which may be imposed in accordance with the
- 22 Nebraska Probation Administration Act;
- 23 (d) A custodial sanction be imposed on a probationer convicted of a
- 24 felony, subject to the provisions of section 29-2266.03; and
- 25 (e) The probationer's term of probation be extended, subject to the
- 26 provisions of section 29-2263.
- 27 Sec. 3. Original section 29-2268, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 28 Nebraska, and section 28-105, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 29 2018, are repealed.