LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 136

Introduced by Wayne, 13. Read first time January 11, 2019 Committee: Urban Affairs

- A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to cities; to adopt the Density Bonus and
 Inclusionary Housing Act; and to provide a duty for the Revisor of
 Statutes.
- 4 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1	Section 1. <u>Sections 1 to 6 of this act shall be known and may be</u>
2	cited as the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act.
3	Sec. 2. (1) The Legislature finds and declares that:
4	(a) Residential density is beneficial in making better and more cost
5	effective use of municipal resources and services;
6	<u>(b) There is a need for affordable housing in the state. Affordable</u>
7	housing contributes to economic growth by providing housing options for
8	workers of all levels; and
9	(c) Combining residential density increases and concessions or
10	incentives with inclusionary housing encourages the efficient and
11	effective use of land resulting in the greatest contribution to economic
12	growth, property tax relief, and the provision of safe, decent, and
13	<u>affordable housing in this state.</u>
14	<u>(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the density bonus or</u>
15	other concessions or incentives offered by a city pursuant to the Density
16	Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act shall contribute significantly to the
17	economic feasibility of lower income housing in proposed housing
18	<u>developments.</u>
19	(3) The Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act shall be
20	interpreted liberally in favor of producing the maximum number of total
21	housing units in a city.
22	Sec. 3. For purposes of the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing
23	<u>Act:</u>
24	<u>(1) Child care facility means a child day care facility other than a</u>
25	family day care home, including, but not limited to, infant centers,
26	preschools, extended day care facilities, and school-age child care
27	<u>centers;</u>
28	(2) City means any city of the metropolitan class, city of the
29	primary class, or city of the first class;
30	(3) Concession or incentive means any of the following:
31	<u>(a) A reduction in site development standards, a modification of</u>

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1	zoning code requirements, or a modi	fication of architectural design
2	requirements that exceed the minimum H	building standards approved by the
3	<u>city, including, but not limited to,</u>	<u>a reduction in setback and square</u>
4	footage requirements and in the ratio	of vehicular parking spaces that
5	would otherwise be required which resul	<u>lts in identifiable and actual cost</u>
6	reductions to provide for affordable	housing costs or rents for the
7	<u>targeted units to be set as spect</u>	ified in the Density Bonus and
8	Inclusionary Housing Act;	
9	<u>(b) Approval of mixed-use zoning</u>	in conjunction with the housing
10	project if commercial, office, industri	ial, or other land uses will reduce
11	the cost of the housing development	and if the commercial, office,
12	<u>industrial, or other land uses are gen</u>	erally compatible with the housing
13	project and the existing or planned	<u>development in the area where the</u>
14	proposed housing project will be locate	ed; and
15	<u>(c) Other regulatory incentives</u>	or concessions proposed by the
16	developer or the city that result	<u>in identifiable and actual cost</u>
17	reductions to provide affordable hous	ing costs or rents for the income
18	levels targeted in the Density Bonus ar	nd Inclusionary Housing Act;
19	<u>(4) Density bonus means a dens</u>	sity increase over the otherwise
20	<u>maximum allowable gross residential der</u>	nsity as of the date of application
21	by the applicant to the city or, if e	elected by the applicant, a lesser
22	percentage of density increase, inc	luding, but not limited to, no
23	increase in density. The amount of	density increase to which the
24	applicant is entitled shall be as follo	DWS:
25	<u>(a) For housing developments incl</u>	Luding the following percentage of
26	low-income units for the appropriate ho	ousehold size:
27	Percentage of Low-Income Units Pe	rcentage Density Bonus
28	<u>10 percent</u> <u>20</u>	percent

27.5 percent <u>15 percent</u>

- 30 <u>35 percent</u> 20 percent
- (b) For housing developments including the following percentage of 31

1	very low-income units for the appro	priate household size:
2	Percentage of Very Low-Income Units	Percentage Density Bonus
3	<u>5 percent</u>	<u>20 percent</u>
4	<u>10 percent</u>	<u>27.5 percent</u>
5	<u>15 percent</u>	<u>35 percent</u>
6	(c) All density calculations r	esulting in fractional units shall be
7	rounded up to the next whole numb	per. The granting of a density bonus
8	<u>shall not require, or be interpre</u>	eted in and of itself, to require a
9	<u>comprehensive plan amendment, zoni</u>	ng change, variance waiver, or other
10	<u>discretionary approval;</u>	
11	<u>(5) Development standard inclu</u>	des a site or construction condition,
12	<u>including, but not limited to,</u>	<u>a height limitation, a setback</u>
13	<u>requirement, a floor area ratio, a</u>	<u>n onsite open-space requirement, or a</u>
14	parking ratio that applies to a re	<u>sidential development pursuant to any</u>
15	ordinance, comprehensive plan eleme	ent, specific plan, charter, or other
16	local condition, law, policy, resol	<u>ution, or regulation;</u>
17	(6) Housing development means	a development project for four or more
18	residential units, including mix	ed-use developments. The term also
19	<u>includes either a project to subs</u> t	tantially rehabilitate and convert an
20	existing commercial building to	residential use or the substantial
21	rehabilitation of an existing mult	ifamily dwelling where the result of
22	<u>the rehabilitation would be a ne</u>	et increase in available residential
23	<u>units. For the purpose of calculat</u>	ing a density bonus, the residential
24	<u>units in the housing development s</u>	hall be on contiguous sites that are
25	the subject of one development app	lication but do not have to be based
26	upon individual subdivision plats of	or parcels. Division only by a public
27	street or right-of-way shall not cr	eate a noncontiguous site. The density
28	bonus shall be permitted in geogra	phic areas of the housing development
29	other than the areas where the unit	s for the lower income households are
30	<u>located;</u>	
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31 (7) Low-income unit means a residential rental dwelling unit

affordable to a household earning not more than eighty percent of the income limit as set forth by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under its Income Limits Documentation System as such limits existed on the effective date of this act for the county in which the unit is located and for a household size; (8) Maximum allowable residential density means the density allowed under the zoning ordinance or, if a range of density is permitted, means

8 the maximum allowable density for the specific zoning range and land use
9 element of the general plan applicable to the project; and

10 (9) Very low-income unit means a residential rental dwelling unit 11 affordable to a household earning not more than sixty percent of the 12 income limit as set forth by the United States Department of Housing and 13 Urban Development under its Income Limits Documentation System as such 14 limits existed on the effective date of this act for the county in which 15 the unit is located and for a household size.

16 Sec. 4. (1) When an applicant seeks a density bonus for a housing 17 development within the jurisdiction of a city, the city council of such 18 city shall comply with the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act. A 19 city may adopt an ordinance that specifies how compliance with the act 20 will be implemented. Failure to adopt such an ordinance shall not relieve 21 a city from complying with the act.

22 (2) A city shall not condition the submission, review, or approval of an application pursuant to the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing 23 24 Act on the preparation of any additional report or study that is not 25 otherwise required by state law. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a local government from requiring an applicant to provide reasonable 26 27 documentation to establish eligibility for a requested density bonus, concession or incentive, waiver or reduction of development standards, or 28 waiver or reduction of parking ratios, as described in section 5 of this 29 30 act.

31 (3) A city that has received an application for a density bonus

<u>shall expeditiously process such application, and shall issue notice and</u>
 <u>hold a public hearing on such application. The public hearing required</u>
 under this subsection may be combined with any other public hearing.

4 (4)(a) After receiving an application, issuing notice and holding a public hearing on such application, and finding that such application 5 meets the requirements of the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act, 6 7 a city shall grant one density bonus, the amount of which shall be as specified in section 3 of this act, and, if requested by the applicant 8 and consistent with the act, such city shall grant concessions or 9 10 incentives, waivers or reductions of development standards, and parking ratios, as described in section 5 of this act, when an applicant for a 11 housing development seeks and agrees to construct, rehabilitate, or 12 convert such housing development, excluding any units permitted by the 13 14 density bonus awarded pursuant to the act, that will contain at least any 15 one of the following: 16 (i) Ten percent of the total units in a housing development 17 comprising low-income units; or (ii) Five percent of the total units in a housing development 18 19 comprising very low-income units.

(b) For purposes of subdivision (4)(a) of this section, total units
 or total dwelling units do not include units added by a density bonus
 awarded pursuant to this section or any local law granting a greater
 density bonus.

24 (c) Except as provided in section 6 of this act, an applicant shall
 25 not receive more than one density bonus.

26 (5) An applicant shall agree to provide and the city shall ensure to 27 protect the continued affordability of all income-restricted rental units 28 that qualified the applicant for the density bonus for a term of at least 29 thirty years, or for a longer period of time if required by a 30 construction or mortgage financing assistance program, mortgage insurance 31 program, or rental subsidy program. Rents for the lower income density

bonus units shall be set at an affordable rent as defined in the 1 2 regulations of the United States Department of Housing and Urban 3 Development as such regulations existed on January 1, 2019. The developer 4 of a housing development under the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act shall record a deed restriction against the lower income units with 5 the county register of deeds stating that such units shall remain 6 7 affordable to households earning not more than the qualifying income level defined under section 3 of this act for at least thirty years from 8 9 the date of approval of the density bonus. 10 (6) The low-income units and very low-income units shall be

11 <u>substantially similar in quality, number of bedrooms, and location within</u> 12 <u>the housing development as all other units in the housing development.</u>

13 (7) Except for concessions, incentives, and waivers or reduced 14 parking ratios as set forth in section 5 of this act, the granting of a 15 density bonus shall not require or be interpreted to require any waiver 16 of or approval of similar relief from a local ordinance or provisions of 17 a local ordinance.

18 (8) If a local ordinance permits, nothing in this section shall be 19 construed to prohibit a city from granting a density bonus greater than 20 what is described in this section for a development that meets the 21 requirements of this section or from granting a proportionately lower 22 density bonus than what is required by this section for developments that 23 do not meet the requirements of this section.

(9) Compliance with the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act
 shall not limit or require the provision of direct financial incentives
 for the housing development.

27 (10) The hearing prior to granting a density bonus required by
 28 section 4 of this act may be combined with other public hearings required
 29 for the housing development.

30 Sec. 5. <u>(1) An applicant for a density bonus pursuant to the</u> 31 <u>Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act may submit to the city a</u>

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1	proposal for the specific concessions or incentives that the applicant
2	requests pursuant to the act. The city shall grant the concessions or
3	incentives requested by the applicant unless the city makes a written
4	finding, based upon clear and convincing evidence, of any of the
5	<u>following:</u>
6	<u>(a) The concession or incentive would have a specific, significant,</u>
7	adverse impact upon public health and safety; or
8	<u>(b) The concession or incentive would be contrary to state or</u>
9	<u>federal law.</u>
10	(2) The applicant shall receive the following number of concessions
11	<u>or incentives:</u>
12	<u>(a) One concession or incentive for projects that include at least</u>
13	ten percent of the total units for lower income households, or at least
14	five percent for very low-income households;
15	<u>(b) Two concessions or incentives for projects that include at least</u>
16	twenty percent of the total units for low-income households or at least
17	ten percent for very low-income households; and
18	<u>(c) Three concessions or incentives for projects that include at</u>
19	least thirty percent of the total units for low-income households or at
20	least fifteen percent for very low-income households.
21	<u>(3) The city shall bear the burden of proof for the denial of a</u>
22	requested concession or incentive.
23	<u>(4)(a) In no case shall a city apply any development standard that</u>
24	will have the effect of physically precluding the construction of a
25	development meeting the densities or with the concessions or incentives
26	permitted by the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act. An applicant
27	may submit to a city a proposal for a waiver or reduction of development
28	standards that would otherwise have the effect of physically precluding
29	the construction of a development meeting the criteria of the act at the
30	densities or with the concessions or incentives permitted under the act.
31	(b) An applicant shall have a cause of action against the city for

refusing to grant a waiver or reduction of development standards in 1 violation of this section. In any case in which the applicant as 2 3 complainant prevails, the court may assess against the city reasonable 4 attorney's fees and costs of suit reasonably incurred by the complainant. 5 (5) A proposal for the waiver or reduction of development standards pursuant to this section shall neither reduce nor increase the number of 6 7 concessions or incentives to which the applicant is entitled pursuant to the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act. 8 9 (6)(a) Notwithstanding any concession or incentive granted under the 10 Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act, upon the request of an applicant receiving a density bonus under the act, a city shall not 11 require a vehicular parking ratio, inclusive of handicapped and visitor 12 13 parking, that exceeds the following ratios: (i) One onsite parking space for zero to one bedroom; 14 15 (ii) Two onsite parking spaces for two to three bedrooms; (iii) Two and one-half parking spaces for four or more bedrooms. 16 17 (b) If the total number of parking spaces required for a development is other than a whole number, the number shall be rounded up to the next 18 19 whole number. For purposes of the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act, a development may provide onsite parking through tandem parking or 20 21 uncovered parking. 22 (7) This section does not preclude a city from reducing or eliminating a parking requirement for development projects of any type in 23 24 any location. 25 (8) A request for a parking ratio waiver or reduction shall neither reduce nor increase the number of concessions or incentives to which the 26 27 applicant is entitled pursuant to section 5 of the act. 28 Sec. 6. (1) When an applicant proposes to construct, rehabilitate, or convert a housing development that conforms to the requirements of the 29 Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act which includes a new child 30

31 care facility or commercial development that will be located on the

project premises, as part of the project, or adjacent to the project, the 1 2 city shall grant either of the following: (a) An additional density bonus that is an amount of square feet of 3 4 residential space equal to or greater than the amount of square feet in 5 the child care facility or commercial development; or (b) An additional concession or incentive that contributes 6 7 significantly to the economic feasibility of the construction, rehabilitation, or conversion of the child care facility or commercial 8 9 development. 10 (2) If the development is to include a child care facility, the city shall require, as a condition of approving the housing development, that 11 12 the following occur: 13 (a) The child care facility shall remain in operation for a period of time that is as long as or longer than the period of time during which 14 the density bonus units are required to remain affordable pursuant to the 15 16 Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act; and 17 (b) Of the children who attend the child care facility, the children of very low-income households or low-income households shall equal a 18 19 percentage that is equal to or greater than the percentage of dwelling units that are required for very low-income households or low-income 20 21 households pursuant to the Density Bonus and Inclusionary Housing Act. 22 (3) Notwithstanding any requirement of this subsection, a city shall not be required to provide a density bonus or concession for a child care 23 24 facility or commercial development if it finds, based upon substantial evidence, that the community has adequate child care facilities or 25 commercial development facilities. 26 27 The Revisor of Statutes shall assign sections 1 to 6 of Sec. 7.

28 this act to a new article in Chapter 19.

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