## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

## ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 131**

Introduced by Pansing Brooks, 28; DeBoer, 10; Lathrop, 12; Wayne, 13.

Read first time January 10, 2019

Committee: Judiciary

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to crimes and punishment; to amend section
- 2 29-2204, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018; to change
- 3 provisions relating to minimum sentences; and to repeal the original
- 4 section.
- 5 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

LB131 2019

- 1 Section 1. Section 29-2204, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 2 2018, is amended to read:
- 3 29-2204 (1) Except when a term of life imprisonment is required by
- 4 law, in imposing a sentence upon an offender for any class of felony
- 5 other than a Class III, IIIA, or IV felony, the court shall fix the
- 6 minimum and the maximum terms of the sentence to be served within the
- 7 limits provided by law. The maximum term shall not be greater than the
- 8 maximum limit provided by law, and:
- 9 (a) The minimum term fixed by the court shall not be less than the
- 10 <u>minimum or mandatory minimum provided in section 28-105 and shall not be</u>
- 11 greater than one-third of the maximum limit provided by law be any term
- 12 of years less than the maximum term imposed by the court; or
- 13 (b) The minimum term shall be the minimum limit provided by law.
- 14 (2) When a maximum term of life is imposed by the court for a Class
- 15 IB felony, the minimum term fixed by the court shall be any  $\div$  (a) Any
- 16 term of years not less than the minimum limit provided by law. ; or
- 17 (b) A term of life imprisonment.
- 18 (3) When a maximum term of life is imposed by the court for a Class
- 19 IA felony, the minimum term fixed by the court shall be:
- 20 (a) A term of life imprisonment; or
- 21 (b) Any term of years not less than the minimum limit provided by
- 22 law after consideration of the mitigating factors in section 28-105.02,
- 23 if the defendant was under eighteen years of age at the time he or she
- 24 committed the crime for which he or she was convicted.
- 25 (4) When the court is of the opinion that imprisonment may be
- 26 appropriate but desires more detailed information as a basis for
- 27 determining the sentence to be imposed than has been provided by the
- 28 presentence report required by section 29-2261, the court may commit an
- 29 offender to the Department of Correctional Services. During that time,
- 30 the department shall conduct a complete study of the offender as provided
- 31 in section 29-2204.03.

- 1 (5) Except when a term of life is required by law, whenever the
- 2 defendant was under eighteen years of age at the time he or she committed
- 3 the crime for which he or she was convicted, the court may, in its
- 4 discretion, instead of imposing the penalty provided for the crime, make
- 5 such disposition of the defendant as the court deems proper under the
- 6 Nebraska Juvenile Code.
- 7 (6)(a) When imposing an indeterminate sentence upon an offender
- 8 under this section, the court shall:
- 9 (i) Advise the offender on the record the time the offender will
- 10 serve on his or her minimum term before attaining parole eligibility
- 11 assuming that no good time for which the offender will be eligible is
- 12 lost; and
- 13 (ii) Advise the offender on the record the time the offender will
- 14 serve on his or her maximum term before attaining mandatory release
- 15 assuming that no good time for which the offender will be eligible is
- 16 lost.
- 17 (b) If any discrepancy exists between the statement of the minimum
- 18 limit of the sentence and the statement of parole eligibility or between
- 19 the statement of the maximum limit of the sentence and the statement of
- 20 mandatory release, the statements of the minimum limit and the maximum
- 21 limit shall control the calculation of the offender's term.
- 22 (c) If the court imposes more than one sentence upon an offender or
- 23 imposes a sentence upon an offender who is at that time serving another
- 24 sentence, the court shall state whether the sentences are to be
- 25 concurrent or consecutive.
- 26 Sec. 2. Original section 29-2204, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 27 Supplement, 2018, is repealed.