LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 1039

Introduced by Cavanaugh, 6; Hunt, 8; Vargas, 7.

Read first time January 16, 2020

Committee: Education

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to schools; to amend section 79-10,137,
- 2 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to adopt the Hunger-Free
- 3 Schools Act; to restate legislative findings; to eliminate
- 4 provisions relating to reimbursement for school breakfast programs;
- 5 to repeal the original section; and to outright repeal sections
- 6 79-10,138 and 79-10,139, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.
- 7 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

- 1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 6 of this act shall be known and may be
- 2 <u>cited as the Hunger-Free Schools Act.</u>
- 3 Sec. 2. Section 79-10,137, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 4 amended to read:
- 5 79-10,137 The Legislature finds that, for Nebraska to compete
- 6 effectively in the world, it must have an educated and productive work
- 7 force. In order to have an educated and productive work force, it must
- 8 prepare its children to learn, and in order to do so the children must be
- 9 well-nourished. The Legislature <u>further</u> finds that school breakfast and
- 10 lunch programs are integral parts of Nebraska's educational system, and
- 11 that every student deserves access to healthy food during the school day.
- 12 It is the intent of the Legislature to provide each student with the best
- 13 opportunity for educational success by ensuring that public schools serve
- 14 meals during the school day at no cost to every student.
- 15 Sec. 3. For the purposes of the Hunger-Free Schools Act:
- 16 (1) Community eligibility provision has the same meaning as in
- 17 section 79-101;
- 18 (2) Department means the State Department of Education;
- 19 (3) Eligible breakfast means a school breakfast served to a student
- 20 which is reimbursable, in total or in part, with federal funds, as
- 21 specified under regulations promulgated by the United States Department
- 22 of Agriculture pursuant to the federal Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of
- 23 2010, 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq., as such act and regulations existed on
- 24 <u>January 1, 2020;</u>
- 25 (4) Eligible lunch means a school lunch served to a student which is
- 26 <u>reimbursable</u>, in total or in part, with federal funds, as specified under
- 27 <u>regulations promulgated by the United States Department of Agriculture</u>
- 28 pursuant to the federal Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010, 42 U.S.C.
- 29 1751 et seq., as such act and regulations existed on January 1, 2020;
- 30 (5) Federal reimbursement rate means the payment levels received by
- 31 the qualified public school for an eligible breakfast or an eligible

- 1 lunch for the school year in which the eligible breakfast or the eligible
- 2 <u>lunch was served, as published by the United States Department of</u>
- 3 Agriculture pursuant to the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42
- 4 U.S.C. 1771 et seq., as such act existed on January 1, 2020;
- 5 (6) Fully paid breakfast means an eligible breakfast served to a
- 6 student who is not eligible for free or reduced-price school meals;
- 7 (7) Fully paid lunch means an eligible lunch served to a student who
- 8 <u>is not eligible for free or reduced-price school meals;</u>
- 9 (8) Identified student percentage means the identified student
- 10 percentage calculated for high-poverty schools as specified under
- 11 <u>regulations promulgated by the United States Department of Agriculture</u>
- 12 <u>pursuant to the federal Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010, 42 U.S.C.</u>
- 13 1751 et seq., as such act and regulations existed on January 1, 2020;
- 14 (9) Qualified public school means a public school which is
- 15 participating in the school breakfast program or the national school
- 16 lunch program under the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C.
- 17 1771 et seg., as such act existed on January 1, 2020;
- 18 (10) Reduced-price breakfast means a breakfast served to an eligible
- 19 student by a school district participating in the school breakfast
- 20 program under the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1771 et
- 21 seq., as such act existed on January 1, 2020; and
- 22 (11) Reduced-price lunch means a lunch served to an eligible student
- 23 by a school district participating in the school lunch program under the
- 24 Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1771 et seg., as such act existed
- 25 on January 1, 2020.
- Sec. 4. <u>The Hunger-Free Schools Program is created. To comply with</u>
- 27 <u>the Hunger-Free Schools Program, a qualified school shall:</u>
- 28 (1) Offer eligible breakfasts and eligible lunches at no cost to all
- 29 students for any school breakfast program or school lunch program
- 30 operated by such school during the school day;
- 31 (2) Submit information regarding the number of eligible breakfasts

- 1 and eligible lunches served in a manner prescribed by the department; and
- 2 (3) Maximize federal reimbursement for eligible breakfasts and
- 3 eligible lunches by operating under the community eligibility provision
- 4 if such school has an identified student percentage greater than or equal
- 5 <u>to sixty-two and one-half percent.</u>
- 6 Sec. 5. (1) The department shall reimburse each qualified public
- 7 school a portion of the cost of each eligible breakfast and each eligible
- 8 lunch served by such school during the second preceding school fiscal
- 9 year in an amount intended to offset the cost of the provision of such
- 10 eligible breakfasts and eligible lunches at no cost to all students. The
- 11 <u>department shall make disbursements annually to each qualified school</u>
- 12 <u>district that complies with the requirements of the Hunger-Free Schools</u>
- 13 Program in the amount of:
- 14 (a) For each qualified public school that has adopted the community
- 15 <u>eligibility provision for the school fiscal year that such eligible</u>
- 16 breakfasts and eligible lunches were served:
- 17 (i) The difference between the federal reimbursement for a free
- 18 breakfast and the federal reimbursement rate for a fully paid breakfast
- 19 for each fully paid breakfast served; and
- 20 <u>(ii) The difference between the federal reimbursement rate for a</u>
- 21 free lunch and the federal reimbursement rate for a fully paid lunch for
- 22 each fully paid lunch served; and
- 23 <u>(b) For each qualified public school that has not adopted the</u>
- 24 community eligibility provision in the year that the eligible breakfasts
- 25 and eligible lunches were served:
- 26 (i) Thirty cents for each eligible breakfast served to a student
- 27 <u>eligible for a reduced-price breakfast;</u>
- 28 (ii) Forty cents for each eligible lunch served to a student
- 29 <u>eligible for a reduced-price lunch;</u>
- 30 (iii) The difference between the federal reimbursement rate for a
- 31 free breakfast and the federal reimbursement for a fully paid breakfast

- 1 for each fully paid breakfast served; and
- 2 (iv) The difference between the federal reimbursement rate for a
- 3 free lunch and the federal reimbursement for a fully paid lunch for each
- 4 fully paid lunch served.
- 5 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature to appropriate money from
- 6 <u>the General Fund to carry out the Hunger-Free Schools Act.</u>
- 7 Sec. 6. (1) Nothing in the Hunger-Free Schools Act shall prevent a
- 8 <u>school district from collecting and qualifying income applications for</u>
- 9 <u>students eligible for free or reduced-price meals.</u>
- 10 (2) The department may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to
- 11 <u>carry out the Hunger-Free Schools Act, including, but not limited to</u>
- 12 <u>rules and regulations for the disbursement of payments to school</u>
- 13 districts pursuant to the act.
- 14 Sec. 7. Original section 79-10,137, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 15 Nebraska, is repealed.
- 16 Sec. 8. The following sections are outright repealed: Sections
- 17 79-10,138 and 79-10,139, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.