LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 334**

FINAL READING

Introduced by Stinner, 48. Read first time January 16, 2019

Committee: Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to economic development; to amend sections 1 13-1901 and 77-6306, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and 2 sections 13-1907, 13-2103, 13-2112, 50-1209, 81-829.42, 81-12,152, 3 81-12,163, and 81-12,166, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 4 5 2018; to change provisions relating to Nebraska planning and development regions; to change and eliminate provisions relating to 6 7 rules and regulations of the Department of Economic Development; to 8 reduce and eliminate the granting of tax credits under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act as prescribed; to eliminate a termination 9 10 date, state appropriation intent language, require evaluations of programs, provide intent for an appropriation to the Governor's 11 Emergency Program, and provide a duty for the Appropriations 12 Committee of the Legislature under the Business Innovation Act; to 13 14 harmonize provisions; to repeal the original sections; and to outright repeal section 81-12,167, Reissue Revised Statutes of 15 Nebraska. 16

17 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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Section 1. Section 13-1901, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 13-1901 (1) There are hereby created nine Nebraska planning and
4 development regions as follows:

5 (a) (1) Region 1 includes the counties of Sioux, Dawes, Sheridan,
6 Box Butte, Scotts Bluff, Morrill, Garden, Banner, Kimball, Cheyenne, and
7 Deuel;

8 <u>(b)</u> <del>(2)</del> Region 2 includes the counties of Cherry, Keya Paha, Boyd, 9 Brown, Rock, Holt, Blaine, Loup, Garfield, Wheeler, Custer, Valley, 10 Greeley, and Sherman;

(c) (3) Region 3 includes the counties of Grant, Hooker, Thomas,
 Arthur, McPherson, Logan, Keith, Lincoln, Perkins, Dawson, Chase, Hayes,
 Frontier, Gosper, Dundy, Hitchcock, Red Willow, and Furnas;

(d) (4) Region 4 includes the counties of Howard, Merrick, Buffalo,
 Hall, Hamilton, Phelps, Kearney, Adams, Clay, Harlan, Franklin, Webster,
 and Nuckolls;

<u>(e)</u> (5) Region 5 includes the counties of Knox, Cedar, Dixon,
 Antelope, Pierce, Wayne, Thurston, Boone, Madison, Stanton, Cuming, Burt,
 Platte, Colfax, Dodge, and Nance;

(f) (6) Region 6 includes the counties of Polk, Butler, Saunders,
 York, Seward, Cass, Fillmore, Saline, Otoe, Thayer, Jefferson, Gage,
 Johnson, Nemaha, Pawnee, and Richardson;

23 (g) (7) Region 7 includes the county of Lancaster;

24 (h) (8) Region 8 includes the counties of Washington, Douglas, and
 25 Sarpy, and Cass; and

26 (i) (9) Region 9 includes the county of Dakota.

27 (2) In order to facilitate development of a process which will allow
 28 for future changes to the boundaries of the Nebraska planning and
 29 development regions, until July 1, 2020, a county, city, village, or
 30 development district shall not engage in negotiations to change the
 31 boundaries of the planning and development regions. This subsection does

not prohibit negotiations relating to implementation of the changes to
 the boundaries made by this legislative bill.

3 Sec. 2. Section 13-1907, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4 2018, is amended to read:

5 13-1907 (1) The Department of Economic Development <u>may shall</u> adopt 6 and promulgate rules and regulations to carry out sections 13-1901 to 7 13-1907<u>, including which shall include</u> standardized reporting and 8 application procedures. Each development district shall submit annual 9 performance and financial reports to the department which shall address 10 the activities performed and services delivered.

11 (2) The Governor shall, from time to time, evaluate the 12 effectiveness and activities of the development districts receiving 13 assistance. If the Governor finds a development district to be 14 ineffective, he or she may take action, including the withholding of 15 assistance authorized under section 13-1906.

Sec. 3. Section 13-2103, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

18 13-2103 (1)(a) Beginning on <u>December 1, 2014</u> the date the rules and 19 regulations updated in accordance with section 13-2112 become effective 20 as provided in section 84-908, the department shall, for a period of one 21 hundred eighty days, accept formal applications for the designation of 22 enterprise zones. Within sixty days after the end of such application 23 period, the department may designate not more than five areas as 24 enterprise zones based on eligible applications it has received.

(b) If the department has received fewer than five applications for the designation of enterprise zones after the end of the application period described in subdivision (1)(a) of this section, the department may establish a period of time within which to accept additional applications. Within sixty days after the end of such extended application period, the department may designate additional areas as enterprise zones based on additional eligible applications received, but

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not more than a total of five areas may be designated as enterprise zones
 pursuant to this section.

3 (c) In the application period, the department may reject from consideration any application which does not fully and completely comport 4 with the provisions of section 13-2104 at the end of the designated 5 In choosing eligible applications for 6 application period. among 7 enterprise zone designation, the department shall consider the levels of distress existing within the applicant areas and the contents of the 8 9 applicant's formal enterprise zone application.

(d) Each area designated as an enterprise zone shall meet all
eligibility criteria. Of the enterprise zones authorized, no more than
one shall be located inside the boundaries of a city of the metropolitan
class and no more than one inside a city of the primary class.

(2) Any city, village, tribal government area, or county may apply for designation of an area within such city, village, tribal government area, or county as an enterprise zone, except that if a county seeks to have an area within an incorporated city or village or a tribal government area designated as an enterprise zone, the consent of the governing body of such city, village, or tribal government area shall first be required.

(3) If an incorporated city or village or a tribal government area consents, a county may apply on behalf of the city, village, or tribal government area for certification of an area within such city, village, or tribal government area as an enterprise zone. Both a county and a city, village, or tribal government area shall not apply for certification of the same area.

(4) Two or more counties or tribal government areas may jointly
apply for designation of an area as an enterprise zone which is located
on both sides of their common boundaries.

30 (5) Political subdivisions wishing to file an application for31 designation of an enterprise zone shall first follow the procedures set

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out in sections 13-2106 to 13-2108. An application for designation as an
 enterprise zone shall be in a form and contain information prescribed by
 the department pursuant to section 13-2104.

4 (6) An area designated as an enterprise zone shall retain such5 designation for a period of ten years from the date of such designation.

6 (7) All enterprise zones designated as such within a single county7 shall not exceed a total of sixteen square miles in area.

8 Sec. 4. Section 13-2112, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,9 2018, is amended to read:

10 13-2112 The department <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> adopt and promulgate rules and 11 regulations to carry out the Enterprise Zone Act. <del>The department shall</del> 12 <del>update such rules and regulations within six months after July 18, 2014.</del>

Sec. 5. Section 50-1209, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

15 50-1209 (1) Tax incentive performance audits shall be conducted by 16 the office pursuant to this section on the following tax incentive 17 programs:

18 (a) The Angel Investment Tax Credit Act;

19 (a) (b) The Beginning Farmer Tax Credit Act;

20 (b) (c) The Nebraska Advantage Act;

21 (c) (d) The Nebraska Advantage Microenterprise Tax Credit Act;

22 (d) (e) The Nebraska Advantage Research and Development Act;

23 (e) (f) The Nebraska Advantage Rural Development Act;

24 (f) (g) The Nebraska Job Creation and Mainstreet Revitalization Act;

25 (g) (h) The New Markets Job Growth Investment Act; and

26 (h) (i) Any other tax incentive program created by the Legislature 27 for the purpose of recruitment or retention of businesses in Nebraska. In 28 determining whether a future tax incentive program is enacted for the 29 purpose of recruitment or retention of businesses, the office shall 30 consider legislative intent, including legislative statements of purpose 31 and goals, and may also consider whether the tax incentive program is

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promoted as a business incentive by the Department of Economic
 Development or other relevant state agency.

3 (2) The office shall develop a schedule for conducting tax incentive 4 performance audits and shall update the schedule annually. The schedule 5 shall ensure that each tax incentive program is reviewed at least once 6 every five years.

7 (3) Each tax incentive performance audit conducted by the office8 pursuant to this section shall include the following:

9 (a) An analysis of whether the tax incentive program is meeting the 10 following goals:

11 (i) Strengthening the state's economy overall by:

12 (A) Attracting new business to the state;

13 (B) Expanding existing businesses;

(C) Increasing employment, particularly employment of full-time
 workers. The analysis shall consider whether the job growth in those
 businesses receiving tax incentives is at least ten percent above
 industry averages;

18 (D) Creating high-quality jobs; and

19 (E) Increasing business investment;

(ii) Revitalizing rural areas and other distressed areas of thestate;

(iii) Diversifying the state's economy and positioning Nebraska for
 the future by stimulating entrepreneurial firms, high-tech firms, and
 renewable energy firms; and

(iv) Any other program-specific goals found in the statutes for the
tax incentive program being evaluated;

(b) An analysis of the economic and fiscal impacts of the tax
incentive program. The analysis may take into account the following
considerations in addition to other relevant factors:

30 (i) The costs per full-time worker. When practical and applicable,31 such costs shall be considered in at least the following two ways:

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(A) By an estimation including the minimum investment required to
 qualify for benefits; and

3 (B) By an estimation including all investment;

4 (ii) The extent to which the tax incentive changes business5 behavior;

6 (iii) The results of the tax incentive for the economy of Nebraska 7 as a whole. This consideration includes both direct and indirect impacts 8 generally and any effects on other Nebraska businesses; and

9 (iv) A comparison to the results of other economic development 10 strategies with similar goals, other policies, or other incentives;

(c) An assessment of whether adequate protections are in place to
ensure the fiscal impact of the tax incentive does not increase
substantially beyond the state's expectations in future years;

(d) An assessment of the fiscal impact of the tax incentive on thebudgets of local governments, if applicable; and

(e) Recommendations for any changes to statutes or rules and
regulations that would allow the tax incentive program to be more easily
evaluated in the future, including changes to data collection, reporting,
sharing of information, and clarification of goals.

20 (4) For purposes of this section:

(a) Distressed area means an area of substantial unemployment as
determined by the Department of Labor pursuant to the Nebraska Workforce
Innovation and Opportunity Act;

(b) Full-time worker means an individual (i) who usually works thirty-five hours per week or more, (ii) whose employment is reported to the Department of Labor on two consecutive quarterly wage reports, and (iii) who earns wages equal to or exceeding the state minimum wage;

28 (c) High-quality job means a job that:

29 (i) Averages at least thirty-five hours of employment per week;

30 (ii) Is reported to the Department of Labor on two consecutive31 quarterly wage reports; and

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(iii) Earns wages that are at least ten percent higher than the
 statewide industry sector average and that equal or exceed:

3 (A) One hundred ten percent of the Nebraska average weekly wage if 4 the job is in a county with a population of less than one hundred 5 thousand inhabitants; or

6 (B) One hundred twenty percent of the Nebraska average weekly wage 7 if the job is in a county with a population of one hundred thousand 8 inhabitants or more;

9 (d) High-tech firm means a person or unitary group that has a 10 location with any of the following four-digit code designations under the 11 North American Industry Classification System as assigned by the 12 Department of Labor: 2111, 3254, 3341, 3342, 3344, 3345, 3364, 5112, 13 5173, 5179, 5182, 5191, 5413, 5415, or 5417;

(e) Nebraska average weekly wage means the most recent average
weekly wage paid by all employers in all counties in Nebraska as reported
by the Department of Labor by October 1 of each year;

17 (f) New business means a person or unitary group participating in a tax incentive program that did not pay income taxes or wages in the state 18 19 more than two years prior to submitting an application under the tax incentive program. For any tax incentive program without an application 20 process, new business means a person or unitary group participating in 21 22 the program that did not pay income taxes or wages in the state more than 23 two years prior to the first day of the first tax year for which a tax 24 benefit was earned;

(g) Renewable energy firm means a person or unitary group that has a
location with any of the following six-digit code designations under the
North American Industry Classification System as assigned by the
Department of Labor: 111110, 111120, 111130, 111140, 111150, 111160,
111191, 111199, 111211, 111219, 111310, 111320, 111331, 111332, 111333,
111334, 111335, 111336, 111339, 111411, 111419, 111930, 111991, 113310,
221111, 221114, 221115, 221116, 221117, 221118, 221330, 237130, 237210,

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237990, 325193, 325199, 331512, 331513, 331523, 331524, 331529, 332111,
 332112, 333414, 333415, 333511, 333611, 333612, 333613, 334519, 485510,
 541330, 541360, 541370, 541620, 541690, 541713, 541714, 541715, 561730,
 or 562213;

5 (h) Rural area means any village or city of the second class in this 6 state or any county in this state with fewer than twenty-five thousand 7 residents; and

8 (i) Unitary group has the same meaning as in section 77-2734.04.
9 Sec. 6. Section 77-6306, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

77-6306 (1) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible for a 11 refundable tax credit equal to forty percent of its qualified investment 12 in a qualified small business. The director shall not allocate more than 13 four million dollars in tax credits to all qualified investors or 14 qualified funds in a calendar year, except that for calendar year 2019, 15 the director shall not allocate more than three million nine hundred 16 thousand dollars in tax credits in such calendar year. If the director 17 does not allocate the entire <u>amount of tax credits authorized for</u> four 18 19 million dollars of tax credits in a calendar year, the tax credits that are not allocated shall not carry forward to subsequent years. The 20 director shall not allocate any amount for tax credits for calendar years 21 22 after <u>2019</u> <del>2022</del>.

(2) The director shall not allocate more than a total maximum amount 23 24 in tax credits for a calendar year to a qualified investor for the 25 investor's cumulative qualified investments as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund as provided in this 26 subsection. For married couples filing joint returns the maximum is three 27 hundred fifty thousand dollars, and for all other filers the maximum is 28 three hundred thousand dollars. The director shall not allocate more than 29 a total of one million dollars in tax credits for qualified investments 30 in any one qualified small business. 31

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1 (3) The director shall not allocate a tax credit to a qualified 2 investor either as an individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if the investor receives more than forty-nine percent of 3 the investor's gross annual income from the qualified small business in 4 which the qualified investment is proposed. A family member of an 5 individual disqualified by this subsection is not eligible for a tax 6 credit under this section. For a married couple filing a joint return, 7 the limitations in this subsection apply collectively to the investor and 8 9 spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of an investor under this subsection, the rules under section 267(c) and (e) of the 10 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, apply. 11

12 (4) Tax credits shall be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order that the tax credit applications are filed 13 with the director. Once tax credits have been approved and allocated by 14 the director, the qualified investors and qualified funds shall implement 15 16 the qualified investment specified within ninety days after allocation of the tax credits. Qualified investors and qualified funds shall notify the 17 director no later than thirty days after the expiration of the ninety-day 18 period that the qualified investment has been made. If the qualified 19 investment is not made within ninety days after allocation of the tax 20 credits, or the director has not, within thirty days following expiration 21 of the ninety-day period, received notification that the qualified 22 investment was made, the tax credit allocation is canceled and available 23 for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund that fails to 24 25 invest as specified in the application within ninety days after allocation of the tax credits shall notify the director of the failure to 26 invest within five business days after the expiration of the ninety-day 27 investment period. 28

(5) All tax credit applications filed with the director on the same
day shall be treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or
more qualified investors or qualified funds file tax credit applications

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on the same day and the aggregate amount of tax credit allocation 1 2 requests exceeds the aggregate limit of tax credits under this section or the lesser amount of tax credits that remain unallocated on that day, 3 then the tax credits shall be allocated among the qualified investors or 4 5 qualified funds who filed on that day on a pro rata basis with respect to the amounts requested. The pro rata allocation for any one qualified 6 investor or qualified fund shall be the product obtained by multiplying a 7 fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of the tax credit 8 9 allocation request filed on behalf of a qualified investor or qualified fund and the denominator of which is the total of all tax credit 10 allocation requests filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the 11 amount of tax credits that remain unallocated on that day for the taxable 12 13 year.

(6) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small 14 business acting on behalf of the investor or fund, shall notify the 15 16 director when an investment for which tax credits were allocated has been made and shall furnish the director with documentation of the investment 17 date. A gualified fund shall also provide the director with a statement 18 19 indicating the amount invested by each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the qualified fund at the 20 time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the 21 qualified investment was made, the director shall issue tax credit 22 certificates for the taxable year in which the qualified investment was 23 made to the qualified investor or, for a qualified investment made by a 24 qualified fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the 25 fund. The certificate shall state that the tax credit is subject to 26 revocation if the qualified investor or qualified fund does not hold the 27 investment in the qualified small business for at least three years, 28 consisting of the calendar year in which the investment was made and the 29 two following calendar years. The three-year holding period does not 30 31 apply if:

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(a) The qualified investment by the qualified investor or qualified
 fund becomes worthless before the end of the three-year period;

3 (b) Eighty percent or more of the assets of the qualified small
4 business are sold before the end of the three-year period;

5 (c) The qualified small business is sold or merges with another6 business before the end of the three-year period;

7 (d) The qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a
8 public exchange before the end of the three-year period; or

9 (e) In the case of an individual qualified investor, such investor
10 becomes deceased before the end of the three-year period.

11 (7) The director shall notify the Tax Commissioner that tax credit 12 certificates have been issued, including the amount of tax credits and 13 all other pertinent tax information.

Sec. 7. Section 81-829.42, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

16 81-829.42 (1) The Legislature recognizes that, while appropriations 17 are adequate to meet the normal needs, the necessity exists for anticipating and making advance provision to care for the unusual and 18 19 extraordinary burdens imposed on the state and its political subdivisions by disasters, emergencies, or civil defense emergencies. To meet such 20 situations, it is the intention of the Legislature to confer emergency 21 powers on the Governor, acting through the Adjutant General and the 22 Nebraska Emergency Management Agency, and to vest him or her with 23 24 adequate power and authority within the limitation of available funds appropriated to the Governor's Emergency Program to meet any disaster, 25 emergency, or civil defense emergency. 26

(2) There is hereby established the Governor's Emergency Program.
Funds appropriated to the program shall be expended, upon direction of
the Governor, for any state of emergency. The state of emergency
proclamation shall set forth the emergency and shall state that it
requires the expenditure of public funds to furnish immediate aid and

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relief. The Adjutant General shall administer the funds appropriated to
 the program.

3 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that the first recourse shall be to funds regularly appropriated to state and local agencies. If 4 5 the Governor finds that the demands placed upon these funds are 6 unreasonably great, he or she may make funds available from the Governor's Emergency Program. Expenditures may be made upon the direction 7 8 of the Governor for any or all emergency management functions or to meet 9 the intent of the state emergency operations plans as outlined in section 81-829.41. Expenditures may also be made to state and federal agencies to 10 meet the matching requirement of any applicable assistance programs. 11

(4) Assistance shall be provided from the funds appropriated to the 12 13 Governor's Emergency Program to political subdivisions of this state which have suffered from a disaster, emergency, or civil defense 14 emergency to such an extent as to impose a severe financial burden 15 exceeding the ordinary capacity of the subdivision affected. Applications 16 for aid under this section shall be made to the Nebraska Emergency 17 Management Agency on such forms as shall be prescribed and furnished by 18 the agency. The forms shall require the furnishing of sufficient 19 information to determine eligibility for aid and the extent of the 20 financial burden incurred. The agency may call upon other agencies of the 21 state in evaluating such applications. The Adjutant General shall review 22 each application for aid under this section and recommend its approval or 23 24 disapproval, in whole or in part, to the Governor. If the Governor 25 approves, he or she shall determine and certify to the Adjutant General the amount of aid to be furnished. The Adjutant General shall thereupon 26 issue his or her voucher to the Director of Administrative Services who 27 shall issue his or her warrants therefor to the applicant. 28

(5) When a state of emergency has been proclaimed by the Governor,
the Adjutant General, upon order of the Governor, shall have authority to
expend funds for purposes including, but not limited to:

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(a) The purposes of the Emergency Management Act, including
 emergency management functions and the responsibilities of the Governor
 as outlined in the act;

4 (b) Employing for the duration of the state of emergency additional
5 personnel and contracting or otherwise procuring all necessary
6 appliances, supplies, and equipment;

(c) Performing services for and furnishing materials and supplies to 7 state government agencies and local governments with respect to 8 9 performance of any duties enjoined by law upon such agencies and local governments which they are unable to perform because of extreme climatic 10 phenomena and receiving reimbursement in whole or in part from such 11 agencies and local governments able to pay therefor under such terms and 12 conditions as may be agreed upon by the Adjutant General and any such 13 agency or local government; 14

(d) Performing services for and furnishing materials to any
individual in connection with alleviating hardship and distress growing
out of extreme climatic phenomena and receiving reimbursement in whole or
in part from such individual under such terms as may be agreed upon by
the Adjutant General and such individual;

20 (e) Opening up, repairing, and restoring roads and highways;

21 (f) Repairing and restoring bridges;

(g) Furnishing transportation for supplies to alleviate sufferingand distress;

24 (h) Restoring means of communication;

(i) Furnishing medical services and supplies to prevent the spread
of disease and epidemics;

27 (j) Quelling riots and civil disturbances;

(k) Training individuals or governmental agencies for the purpose of
 perfecting the performance of emergency management duties as provided in
 the Nebraska emergency operations plans;

31 (1) Procurement and storage of special emergency supplies or

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equipment, determined by the Adjutant General to be required to provide rapid response by state government to assist local governments in impending or actual disasters, emergencies, or civil defense emergencies; (m) Clearing or removing debris and wreckage which may threaten public health or safety from publicly owned or privately owned land or water; and

7 (n) Such other measures as are customarily necessary to furnish
8 adequate relief in cases of disaster, emergency, or civil defense
9 emergency.

10 (6) If response to a disaster or emergency is immediately required, 11 the Adjutant General may make expenditures of up to twenty-five thousand 12 dollars per event without a state of emergency proclamation issued by the 13 Governor. Such expenditures shall be used for the purposes as provided in 14 subsection (5) of this section.

15 (7) The Governor may receive such voluntary contributions as may be 16 made from any nonfederal source to aid in carrying out the purposes of 17 this section and shall credit the same to the Governor's Emergency Cash 18 Fund.

(8) All obligations and expenses incurred by the Governor in the exercise of the powers and duties vested in the Governor by this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of available funds appropriated to the Governor's Emergency Program, and the Director of Administrative Services shall draw his or her warrants upon the State Treasurer for the payment of such sum, or so much thereof as may be required, upon receipt by him or her of proper vouchers duly approved by the Adjutant General.

(9) This section shall be liberally construed in order to accomplish the purposes of the Emergency Management Act and to permit the Governor adequately cope with any disaster, emergency, or civil defense emergency which may arise, and the powers vested in the Governor by this section shall be construed as being in addition to all other powers presently vested in him or her and not in derogation of any existing

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1 powers.

(10) Such funds as may be made available by the government of the
United States for the purpose of alleviating distress from disasters,
emergencies, and civil defense emergencies may be accepted by the State
Treasurer and shall be credited to a separate and distinct fund unless
otherwise specifically provided in the act of Congress making such funds
available or as otherwise allowed and provided by state law.

8 (11) It is the intent of the Legislature that the four million 9 dollars saved due to the elimination of funding for the Angel Investment 10 Tax Credit Act be used to increase the appropriation to the Military 11 Department for the Governor's Emergency Program by four million dollars 12 for fiscal year 2020-21.

Sec. 8. Section 81-12,152, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

15 81-12,152 Sections 81-12,152 to <u>81-12,166</u> <del>81-12,167</del> shall be known
16 and may be cited as the Business Innovation Act.

Sec. 9. Section 81-12,163, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,2018, is amended to read:

81-12,163 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that (a) the four 19 million dollars saved due to the elimination of funding for the Angel 20 Investment Tax Credit Act be used to increase the appropriation to 21 22 appropriate seven million dollars from the General Fund to the department 23 for the Business Innovation Act by four million dollars for fiscal year 24 2021-22 and each fiscal year thereafter and (b) the one hundred thousand 25 dollars saved due to the reduction in tax credits authorized under the Angel Investment Tax Credit Act for calendar year 2019 be used to 26 27 increase the appropriation to the Department of Revenue by one hundred 28 thousand dollars for fiscal year 2019-20 to offset the costs incurred by 29 the Department of Revenue to implement this legislative bill for each of fiscal years 2015-16 and 2016-17. 30

31 (2) Up to five percent of the funds appropriated <u>for the Business</u>

<u>Innovation Act</u> may be used by the department, or by a nonprofit entity
 with which the department contracts, for administrative expenses.

Sec. 10. Section 81-12,166, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

5 81-12,166 (1) The department shall submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature on or before July 1 of each year which 6 includes, but is not limited to, a description of the demand for 7 financial assistance and programs under the Business Innovation Act from 8 9 all geographic regions in Nebraska, a listing of the recipients and amounts of financial assistance awarded pursuant to the act in the 10 previous fiscal year, the impact of the financial assistance, and an 11 evaluation of the act's performance based on the documented goals of the 12 13 recipients. The report submitted to the Legislature shall be submitted electronically. The department may require recipients to provide periodic 14 performance reports to enable the department to fulfill the requirements 15 of this subsection section. The report shall contain no information that 16 17 is protected by state or federal confidentiality laws.

18 (2) Beginning in 2020 and in every even-numbered year thereafter, 19 the department shall assess and evaluate the economic impact of the 20 programs funded under the Business Innovation Act and shall include the 21 findings from such assessment and evaluation in the next annual report it 22 submits under subsection (1) of this section. To carry out this 23 subsection, the department shall contract with an organization or entity 24 pursuant to state agency procurement requirements.

(3) Beginning with the FY2021-23 biennial budget review process, the
 Appropriations Committee of the Legislature shall conduct a biennial
 analysis of the financial status and impact of the programs funded under
 the Business Innovation Act.

(4) (2) Applications for funding and related documentation which may
 be received, developed, created, or otherwise maintained by the
 Department of Economic Development in administering the Business

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Innovation Act may be deemed confidential by the department and not
 subject to public disclosure.

Sec. 11. Original sections 13-1901 and 77-6306, Reissue Revised
Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 13-1907, 13-2103, 13-2112, 50-1209,
81-829.42, 81-12,152, 81-12,163, and 81-12,166, Revised Statutes
Cumulative Supplement, 2018, are repealed.

7 Sec. 12. The following section is outright repealed: Section
8 81-12,167, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.