LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 1052

FINAL READING

Introduced by Wishart, 27; Bolz, 29.

Read first time January 16, 2020

Committee: Health and Human Services

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to public health and welfare; to amend 1 2 sections 38-2826, 38-28,107, 68-955, 71-401, 71-403, 71-2411, 71-2412, 71-2413, 71-2457, 71-2458, 71-2468, 71-2478, and 71-2479, 3 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 28-414.01, Revised 4 5 Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018; to authorize pharmacists to adapt prescriptions as prescribed; to define and redefine terms; to 6 7 change provisions relating to dispensed drugs or devices, certain 8 prescription drugs, and emergency box drugs; to provide requirements 9 for assisted-living facilities, nursing facilities, and skilled 10 nursing facilities; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original sections. 11

12 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

-1-

Section 1. Section 28-414.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative
 Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

3 28-414.01 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section or when administered directly by a practitioner to an ultimate user, a controlled 4 substance listed in Schedule III, IV, or V of section 28-405 shall not be 5 dispensed without a written, oral, or electronic medical order. Such 6 medical order is valid for six months after the date of issuance. 7 Original prescription information for any controlled substance listed in 8 9 Schedule III, IV, or V of section 28-405 may be transferred between pharmacies for purposes of refill dispensing pursuant to section 38-2871. 10

(2) A prescription for controlled substances listed in Schedule III, 11 IV, or V of section 28-405 must contain the following information prior 12 to being filled by a pharmacist or dispensing practitioner: (a) Patient's 13 name and address, (b) name of the drug, device, or biological, (c) 14 strength of the drug or biological, if applicable, (d) dosage form of the 15 16 drug or biological, (e) quantity of the drug, device, or biological prescribed, (f) directions for use, (g) date of issuance, (h) number of 17 refills, including pro re nata or PRN refills, not to exceed five refills 18 19 within six months after the date of issuance, (i) prescribing practitioner's name and address, and (j) Drug Enforcement Administration 20 number of the prescribing practitioner. If the prescription is a written 21 paper prescription, the paper prescription must contain the prescribing 22 23 practitioner's manual signature. If the prescription is an electronic 24 prescription, the electronic prescription must contain all of the 25 elements in subdivisions (a) through (j) of this subsection, must be digitally signed, and must be transmitted to and received by the pharmacy 26 electronically to meet all of the requirements of 21 C.F.R. 1311, as the 27 28 regulation existed on January 1, 2014, pertaining to electronic prescribing of controlled substances. 29

30 (3)(a) A pharmacist who is exercising reasonable care and who has
 31 obtained patient consent may do the following:

-2-

1	(i) Change the quantity of a drug prescribed if:
2	<u>(A) The prescribed quantity or package size is not commercially</u>
3	<u>available; or</u>
4	<u>(B) The change in quantity is related to a change in dosage form;</u>
5	<u>(ii) Change the dosage form of the prescription if it is in the best</u>
6	interest of the patient and if the directions for use are also modified
7	to equate to an equivalent amount of drug dispensed as prescribed;
8	<u>(iii) Dispense multiple months' supply of a drug if a prescription</u>
9	is written with sufficient refills; and
10	<u>(iv) Substitute any chemically equivalent drug product for a</u>
11	prescribed drug to comply with a drug formulary which is covered by the
12	patient's health insurance plan unless the prescribing practitioner
13	specifies "no substitution", "dispense as written", or "D.A.W." to
14	indicate that substitution is not permitted. If a pharmacist substitutes
15	any chemically equivalent drug product as permitted under this
16	subdivision, the pharmacist shall provide notice to the prescribing
17	practitioner or the prescribing practitioner's designee. If drug product
18	selection occurs involving a generic substitution, the drug product
19	selection shall comply with section 38-28,111.

(b) A pharmacist who adapts a prescription in accordance with this
 subsection shall document the adaptation in the patient's pharmacy
 record.

(4) (3) A controlled substance listed in Schedule III, IV, or V of
 section 28-405 may be dispensed pursuant to a facsimile of a written,
 signed paper prescription. The facsimile of a written, signed paper
 prescription shall serve as the original written prescription for
 purposes of this subsection and shall be maintained in accordance with
 subsection (2) of section 28-414.03.

(5) (4) A prescription for a controlled substance listed in Schedule
 III, IV, or V of section 28-405 may be partially filled if (a) each
 partial filling is recorded in the same manner as a refilling, (b) the

-3-

1 total quantity dispensed in all partial fillings does not exceed the 2 total quantity prescribed, and (c) each partial filling is dispensed 3 within six months after the prescription was issued.

Sec. 2. Section 38-2826, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

38-2826 Labeling means the process of preparing and affixing a label 6 7 to any drug container or device container, exclusive of the labeling by a manufacturer, packager, or distributor of a nonprescription drug or 8 9 commercially packaged legend drug or device. Any such label shall include all information required by federal and state law or regulation. 10 Compliance with labeling requirements under federal law for devices 11 described in subsection (2) of section 38-2841, medical gases, and 12 medical gas devices constitutes compliance with state law and regulations 13 for purposes of this section. Labeling does not include affixing an 14 auxiliary sticker or other such notation to a container after a drug has 15 been dispensed when the sticker or notation is affixed by a person 16 17 credentialed under the Uniform Credentialing Act in a facility licensed under the Health Care Facility Licensure Act. 18

Sec. 3. Section 38-28,107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

21 38-28,107 (1) To protect the public safety, dispensed drugs or 22 devices:

23 (a) May be collected in a pharmacy for disposal;

(b) May be returned to a pharmacy in response to a recall by the
manufacturer, packager, or distributor or if a device is defective or
malfunctioning;

(c) Shall not be returned to saleable inventory nor made available
for subsequent relabeling and redispensing, except as provided in
subdivision (1)(d) of this section; or

30 (d) May be <u>accepted</u> returned from a long-term care facility by to
 31 the pharmacy from which they were dispensed for credit or for relabeling

-4-

2

1 and redispensing, except that:

(i) No controlled substance may be returned;

3 (ii) No prescription drug or medical device that has restricted
4 distribution by the federal Food and Drug Administration may be returned;

5 (iii) The decision to accept the return of the dispensed drug or6 device shall rest solely with the pharmacist;

7 (iv) The dispensed drug or device shall have been in the control of8 the long-term care facility at all times;

9 (v) The dispensed drug or device shall be in the original and 10 unopened labeled container with a tamper-evident seal intact, as 11 dispensed by the pharmacist. Such container shall bear the expiration 12 date or calculated expiration date and lot number; and

(vi) Tablets or capsules shall have been dispensed in a unit dosecontainer which is impermeable to moisture and approved by the board.

(2) Pharmacies may charge a fee for collecting dispensed drugs or
devices for disposal or from a long-term care facility for credit or for
relabeling and redispensing.

18 (3) Any person or entity which exercises reasonable care in 19 collecting dispensed drugs or devices for disposal or from a long-term 20 care facility for credit or for relabeling and redispensing pursuant to 21 this section shall be immune from civil or criminal liability or 22 professional disciplinary action of any kind for any injury, death, or 23 loss to person or property relating to such activities.

(4) A drug manufacturer which exercises reasonable care shall be
immune from civil or criminal liability for any injury, death, or loss to
persons or property relating to the relabeling and redispensing of drugs
returned from a long-term care facility.

(5) Notwithstanding subsection (4) of this section, the relabeling
and redispensing of drugs returned from a long-term care facility does
not absolve a drug manufacturer of any criminal or civil liability that
would have existed but for the relabeling and redispensing and such

-5-

relabeling and redispensing does not increase the liability of such drug
 manufacturer that would have existed but for the relabeling and
 redispensing.

4 (6) The pharmacist may package drugs and devices at the request of a
5 patient or patient's caregiver if the drugs and devices were originally
6 dispensed from a different pharmacy.

Sec. 4. Section 68-955, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 68-955 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this 10 section, a A health care provider may prescribe a prescription drug not on the preferred drug list to a medicaid recipient if (a) 11 the prescription drug is medically necessary, (b)(i) the provider certifies 12 that the preferred drug has not been therapeutically effective, or with 13 reasonable certainty is not expected to be therapeutically effective, in 14 treating the recipient's condition or (ii) the preferred drug causes or 15 16 is reasonably expected to cause adverse or harmful reactions in the 17 recipient, and (c) the department authorizes coverage for the prescription drug prior to the dispensing of the drug. The department 18 19 shall respond to a prior authorization request no later than twenty-four hours after receiving such request. 20

(2) A health care provider may prescribe a prescription drug not on 21 22 the preferred drug list to a medicaid recipient without prior authorization by the department or a managed care organization if the 23 24 provider certifies that (a) the recipient is achieving therapeutic success with a course of antidepressant, antipsychotic, or anticonvulsant 25 medication or medication for human immunodeficiency virus, multiple 26 27 sclerosis, epilepsy, cancer, or immunosuppressant therapy or (b) the recipient has experienced a prior therapeutic failure with a medication. 28

29 (3) Neither the department nor a managed care organization shall
 30 require prior authorization for coverage for an antidepressant,
 31 antipsychotic, or anticonvulsant prescription drug that is deemed

-6-

1	medically necessary by a patient's health care provider for a new or
2	existing medicaid recipient if the medicaid recipient has prior
3	prescription history for the antidepressant, antipsychotic, or
4	anticonvulsant prescription drug within the immediately preceding ninety-
5	day period. A prospective drug utilization review as described in section
6	<u>38-2869 and applicable federal law for a prescription for an</u>
7	antidepressant, antipsychotic, or anticonvulsant prescription drug for a
8	medicaid recipient with prior prescription history within the immediately
9	preceding ninety-day period shall occur in order to ensure that the
10	prescription for a medicaid recipient is appropriate and is not likely to
11	result in adverse medical results. Use of a pharmaceutical sample is not
12	considered prior prescription history.
13	Sec. 5. Section 71-401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
14	amended to read:
15	71-401 Sections 71-401 to 71-475 <u>and sections 7 and 8 of this act</u>
16	shall be known and may be cited as the Health Care Facility Licensure
17	Act.
18	Sec. 6. Section 71-403, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
19	amended to read:
20	71-403 For purposes of the Health Care Facility Licensure Act,
21	unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections
22	71-404 to 71-431 and section 7 of this act shall apply.
23	Sec. 7. MAR means a medication administration record kept by an
24	assisted-living facility, a nursing facility, or a skilled nursing
25	<u>facility.</u>
26	Sec. 8. <u>(1) In an assisted-living facility, a nursing facility, or</u>
27	a skilled nursing facility, all drugs and devices shall be labeled in
28	accordance with currently accepted professional standards of care,
29	including the appropriate accessory and cautionary instructions and the
30	expiration date when applicable.
31	(2) If the dosage or directions for a specific drug or device to be

1 used in an assisted-living facility, a nursing facility, or a skilled 2 nursing facility are changed by a health care practitioner authorized to prescribe controlled substances and credentialed under the Uniform 3 4 Credentialing Act, a pharmacist shall apply a new label as soon as 5 practicable with the correct dosage or directions to the drug or device package or reissue the drug or device with the correct label. To protect 6 7 the safety of the resident of such a facility receiving the drug or device until the drug or device can be correctly labeled, the drug or 8 9 device package shall be temporarily flagged with a sticker indicating dose change, drug change, or MAR, to alert nursing staff or an unlicensed 10 person responsible for providing the drug or device to a resident that 11 the dosage or directions have changed and the drug or device is to be 12 provided according to the corrected information contained in the 13 resident's MAR, if one exists. 14

15 Sec. 9. Section 71-2411, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 16 amended to read:

17 71-2411 For purposes of the Emergency Box Drug Act:

(1) Authorized personnel means any medical doctor, doctor of
 osteopathy, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, nurse
 practitioner, pharmacist, or physician assistant;

21 (2) Calculated expiration date has the same meaning as in section
22 <u>38-2808.01;</u>

<u>(3)</u> (2) Department means the Department of Health and Human
 Services;

(4) (3) Drug means any prescription drug or device or legend drug or
 device defined under section 38-2841, any nonprescription drug as defined
 under section 38-2829, any controlled substance as defined under section
 28-405, or any device as defined under section 38-2814;

(5) (4) Emergency box drugs means drugs required to meet the
 immediate therapeutic needs of patients when the drugs are not available
 from any other authorized source in time to sufficiently prevent risk of

-8-

harm to such patients by the delay resulting from obtaining such drugs
 from such other authorized source;

(6) (5) Long-term care facility means an intermediate care facility, 3 intermediate care facility for persons with developmental 4 an disabilities, a long-term care hospital, a mental health substance use 5 treatment center, a nursing facility, or a skilled nursing facility, as 6 7 such terms are defined in the Health Care Facility Licensure Act;

8 <u>(7)</u> (6) Multiple dose vial means any bottle in which more than one 9 dose of a liquid drug is stored or contained;

10 (8) NDC means the National Drug Code published by the United States
 11 Food and Drug Administration;

(9) (7) Pharmacist means a pharmacist as defined in section 38-2832
 who is employed by a supplying pharmacy or who has contracted with a
 long-term care facility to provide consulting services; and

(10) (8) Supplying pharmacy means a pharmacy that supplies drugs for
 an emergency box located in a long-term care facility. Drugs in the
 emergency box are owned by the supplying pharmacy.

Sec. 10. Section 71-2412, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 71-2412 (1) Drugs may be administered to residents of a long-term 21 care facility by authorized personnel of the long-term care facility from 22 the contents of emergency boxes located within such long-term care 23 facility if such drugs and boxes meet all of the following requirements 24 of this section. ÷

25 (2) When electronic or automated emergency boxes are in use in a
26 long-term care facility, the supplying pharmacy shall have policies and
27 procedures to ensure proper utilization of the drugs in the emergency
28 boxes. Policies and procedures shall include who is allowed to retrieve
29 drugs from the emergency boxes, security for the location of the
30 emergency boxes within the long-term care facility, and other necessary
31 provisions as determined by the pharmacist-in-charge of the supplying

-9-

2

1 pharmacy.

<u>(3) For emergency boxes that are not electronic or automated:</u>

3 <u>(a)</u> (1) All emergency box drugs shall be provided by and all 4 emergency boxes containing such drugs shall be sealed by a supplying 5 pharmacy with the seal on such emergency box to be of such a nature that 6 it can be easily identified if it has been broken;

7 <u>(b) (2)</u> Emergency boxes shall be stored in a medication room or 8 other secured area within the long-term care facility. Only authorized 9 personnel of the long-term care facility or the supplying pharmacy shall 10 obtain access to such room or secured area, by key or combination, in 11 order to prevent unauthorized access and to ensure a proper environment 12 for preservation of the emergency box drugs;

13 (c) (3) The exterior of each emergency box shall be labeled so as to 14 clearly indicate that it is an emergency box for use in emergencies only. 15 The label shall contain a listing of the drugs contained in the box, 16 including the name, strength, route of administration, quantity, and 17 expiration date of each drug, and the name, address, and telephone number 18 of the supplying pharmacy; and

19 (d) Emergency (4) All emergency boxes shall be inspected by a 20 pharmacist designated by the supplying pharmacy at least once <u>a month</u> 21 every thirty days or after a reported usage of any drug to determine the 22 expiration date and quantity of the drugs in the box. Every inspection 23 shall be documented and the record retained by the long-term care 24 facility for a period of five years<u>.</u>; and

25 (4) (5) All drugs in emergency boxes shall be in the original manufacturer's or distributor's containers or shall be repackaged by the 26 supplying pharmacy <u>in a tight, light-resistant container</u> and shall 27 28 include the manufacturer's or distributor's name, lot number, drug name, dosage form, NDC number, route of administration, 29 strength, and expiration date on a typewritten label. Any drug which is repackaged 30 shall contain on the label the calculated expiration date. 31

-10-

For purposes of the Emergency Box Drug Act, calculated expiration
 date has the same meaning as in section 38-2808.01.

3 Sec. 11. Section 71-2413, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

71-2413 (1) The supplying pharmacy and the medical director and 5 quality assurance committee of the long-term care facility shall jointly 6 determine the drugs, by identity and quantity, to be included in the 7 emergency boxes. The supplying pharmacy shall maintain a list of 8 emergency box drugs which is identical to the list on the exterior of the 9 emergency box or the electronic inventory record of the emergency box and 10 shall make such list available to the department upon request. The 11 supplying pharmacy shall obtain a receipt upon delivery of the emergency 12 box to the long-term care facility signed by the director of nursing of 13 14 the long-term care facility or his or her designee which acknowledges that the drugs initially placed in the emergency box are identical to the 15 16 initial list on the exterior of the emergency box or the electronic 17 inventory record of the emergency box. The receipt shall be retained by the supplying pharmacy for a period of five years. 18

19 (2) Except for the removal of expired drugs as provided in subsection (4) of this section, drugs shall be removed from emergency 20 boxes only pursuant to a prescription. Whenever access to the emergency 21 box occurs, the prescription and proof of use shall be provided to the 22 23 supplying pharmacy and shall be recorded on the resident's medical record 24 by authorized personnel of the long-term care facility. Removal of any 25 drug from an emergency box by authorized personnel of the long-term care facility shall be recorded on a form showing the name of the resident who 26 received the drug, his or her room number, the name of the drug, the 27 28 strength of the drug, the quantity used, the dose administered, the route of administration, the date the drug was used, the time of usage, the 29 disposal of waste, if any, and the signature or signatures of authorized 30 31 personnel. The form shall be maintained at the long-term care facility

-11-

for a period of five years from the date of removal with a copy of the
 form to be provided to the supplying pharmacy.

3 (3) Whenever an emergency box is opened or otherwise accessed, the 4 supplying pharmacy shall be notified by the charge nurse or the director 5 of nursing of the long-term care facility within twenty-four hours and a pharmacist designated by the supplying pharmacy shall restock and refill 6 the box, reseal the box if it is not an electronic or automated emergency 7 box, and update the drug listing on the exterior of the emergency box or 8 update the electronic inventory record of the emergency box as outlined 9 in the policies and procedures of the supplying pharmacy required by 10 section 71-2412 for an electronic or automated emergency box. 11

(4) Upon the expiration of any drug in the emergency box, the 12 supplying pharmacy shall replace the expired drug, reseal the box if it 13 is not an electronic or automated emergency box, and update the drug 14 listing on the exterior of the emergency box or update the electronic 15 16 inventory record of the emergency box as outlined in the policies and procedures of the supplying pharmacy required by section 71-2412 for an 17 <u>electronic or automated emergency</u> box. Emergency box drugs shall be 18 considered inventory of the supplying pharmacy until such time as they 19 are removed for administration. 20

(5) Authorized personnel of the long-term care facility shall examine the emergency boxes once every twenty-four hours and shall immediately notify the supplying pharmacy upon discovering evidence of tampering with any emergency box. Proof of examination by authorized personnel of the long-term care facility shall be recorded and maintained at the long-term care facility for a period of five years from the date of examination.

(6) The supplying pharmacy and the medical director and quality
assurance committee of the long-term care facility shall jointly
establish written procedures for the safe and efficient distribution of
emergency box drugs.

-12-

Sec. 12. Section 71-2457, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 71-2457 Sections 71-2457 to 71-2483 and section 14 of this act shall
4 be known and may be cited as the Prescription Drug Safety Act.

5 Sec. 13. Section 71-2458, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is6 amended to read:

7 71-2458 For purposes of the Prescription Drug Safety Act, the
8 definitions found in sections 71-2459 to 71-2476 and section 14 of this
9 act apply.

10 Sec. 14. <u>Central fill means the preparation, other than by</u> 11 <u>compounding, of a drug, device, or biological pursuant to a medical order</u> 12 <u>where the preparation occurs in a pharmacy other than the pharmacy</u> 13 <u>dispensing to the patient or caregiver.</u>

14 Sec. 15. Section 71-2468, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

71-2468 Labeling means the process of preparing and affixing a label 16 17 to any drug container or device container, exclusive of the labeling by a manufacturer, packager, or distributor of a nonprescription drug or 18 commercially packaged legend drug or device. Any such label shall include 19 information required by section 71-2479 and federal law 20 all or regulation. Compliance with labeling requirements under federal law for 21 22 devices described in subsection (2) of section 38-2841, medical gases, and medical gas devices constitutes compliance with state law and 23 24 regulations for purposes of this section. Labeling does not include 25 affixing an auxiliary sticker or other such notation to a container after a drug has been dispensed when the sticker or notation is affixed by a 26 person credentialed under the Uniform Credentialing Act in a facility 27 licensed under the Health Care Facility Licensure Act. 28

Sec. 16. Section 71-2478, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

31 71-2478 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section or the

-13-

1 Uniform Controlled Substances Act or except when administered directly by 2 a practitioner to an ultimate user, a legend drug which is not a 3 controlled substance shall not be dispensed without a written, oral, or 4 electronic prescription. Such prescription shall be valid for twelve 5 months after the date of issuance.

(2) A prescription for a legend drug which is not a controlled 6 substance shall contain the following information prior to being filled 7 by a pharmacist or practitioner who holds a pharmacy license under 8 9 subdivision (1) of section 38-2850: (a) Patient's name, (b) name of the drug, device, or biological, (c) strength of the drug or biological, if 10 applicable, (d) dosage form of the drug or biological, (e) quantity of 11 the drug, device, or biological prescribed, (f) directions for use, (g) 12 13 date of issuance, (h) number of authorized refills, including pro re nata or PRN refills, (i) prescribing practitioner's name, and (j) if the 14 15 prescription is written, prescribing practitioner's signature. Prescriptions for controlled substances must meet the requirements of 16 17 sections 28-414 and 28-414.01.

18 (3)(a) A pharmacist who is exercising reasonable care and who has
 19 obtained patient consent may do the following:

20 <u>(i) Change the quantity of a drug prescribed if:</u>

21 (A) The prescribed quantity or package size is not commercially
 22 available; or

23 (B) The change in quantity is related to a change in dosage form;

(ii) Change the dosage form of the prescription if it is in the best
 interest of the patient and if the directions for use are also modified
 to equate to an equivalent amount of drug dispensed as prescribed;

27 (iii) Dispense multiple months' supply of a drug if a prescription
 28 is written with sufficient refills; and

(iv) Substitute any chemically equivalent drug product for a
 prescribed drug to comply with a drug formulary which is covered by the
 patient's health insurance plan unless the prescribing practitioner

specifies "no substitution", "dispense as written", or "D.A.W." to indicate that substitution is not permitted. If a pharmacist substitutes any chemically equivalent drug product as permitted under this subdivision, the pharmacist shall provide notice to the prescribing practitioner or the prescribing practitioner's designee. If drug product selection occurs involving a generic substitution, the drug product selection shall comply with section 38-28,111.

8 <u>(b) A pharmacist who adapts a prescription in accordance with this</u> 9 <u>subsection shall document the adaptation in the patient's pharmacy</u> 10 <u>record.</u>

11 <u>(4)</u> (3) A written, signed paper prescription may be transmitted to 12 the pharmacy via facsimile which shall serve as the original written 13 prescription. An electronic prescription may be electronically or 14 digitally signed and transmitted to the pharmacy and may serve as the 15 original prescription.

16 (5) (4) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess or to acquire or obtain or to attempt to acquire 17 or obtain, by means of misrepresentation, fraud, forgery, deception, or 18 subterfuge, possession of any drug substance not classified as a 19 controlled substance under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act which 20 can only be lawfully dispensed, under federal statutes in effect on 21 22 January 1, 2015, upon the written or oral prescription of a practitioner 23 authorized to prescribe such substances.

24 Sec. 17. Section 71-2479, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

26 71-2479 (1) Any prescription for a legend drug which is not a 27 controlled substance shall be kept by the pharmacy or the practitioner 28 who holds a pharmacy license in a readily retrievable format and shall be 29 maintained for a minimum of five years. The pharmacy or practitioner 30 shall make all such files readily available to the department and law 31 enforcement for inspection without a search warrant.

-15-

1 (2) Before dispensing a legend drug which is not a controlled 2 substance pursuant to a written, oral, or electronic prescription, a 3 label shall be affixed to the container in which the drug is dispensed. Such label shall bear (a) the name, address, and telephone number of the 4 pharmacy or practitioner and the central fill pharmacy if central fill is 5 used, (b) the name of the patient, (c) the date of filling, (d) the 6 serial number of the prescription under which it is recorded in the 7 practitioner's prescription records, (e) the name of the prescribing 8 9 practitioner, (f) the directions for use, (g) the name of the drug, device, or biological unless instructed to omit by the prescribing 10 practitioner, (h) the strength of the drug or biological, if applicable, 11 (i) the quantity of the drug, device, or biological in the container, 12 except unit-dose containers, (j) the dosage form of the drug or 13 14 biological, and (k) any cautionary statements contained in the 15 prescription.

16 (3) For multidrug containers, more than one drug, device, or 17 biological may be dispensed in the same container when (a) such container is prepackaged by the manufacturer, packager, or distributor and shipped 18 directly to the pharmacy in this manner or (b) the container does not 19 accommodate greater than a thirty-one-day supply of compatible dosage 20 units and is labeled to identify each drug or biological in the container 21 in addition to all other information required by law. 22

Sec. 18. Original sections 38-2826, 38-28,107, 68-955, 71-401,
71-403, 71-2411, 71-2412, 71-2413, 71-2457, 71-2458, 71-2468, 71-2478,
and 71-2479, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 28-414.01,
Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, are repealed.

-16-