AMENDMENTS TO LB579

Introduced by Judiciary.

Strike the original sections and insert the following new
 sections:

3 Section 1. Section 43-287, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 43-287 (1) When a juvenile is adjudged to be a juvenile described in 6 subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247, the juvenile 7 court may:

8 (a) If such juvenile holds any license or permit issued under the 9 Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act, impound any such license or permit 10 for thirty days; or

(b) If such juvenile does not have a permit or license issued under the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act, prohibit such juvenile from obtaining any permit or any license pursuant to the act for which such juvenile would otherwise be eligible until thirty days after the date of such order.

(2) A copy of an abstract of the juvenile court's adjudication shall 16 be transmitted to the Director of Motor Vehicles pursuant to sections 17 60-497.01 to 60-497.04 if a license or permit is impounded or a juvenile 18 is prohibited from obtaining a license or permit under subsection (1) of 19 20 this section. If a juvenile whose operator's license or permit has been impounded by a juvenile court operates a motor vehicle during any period 21 that he or she is subject to the court order not to operate any motor 22 vehicle or after a period of impoundment but before return of the license 23 or permit, such violation shall be handled in the juvenile court and not 24 as a violation of section 60-4,108. 25

26 (3) When a juvenile is adjudged to be a juvenile described in 27 subdivision (3)(a) of section 43-247 for excessive absenteeism from

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1 school, the juvenile court may issue the parents or guardians of such 2 juvenile a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars for each offense or 3 order such parents or guardians to complete specified hours of community 4 service. For community service ordered under this subsection, the 5 juvenile court may require that all or part of the service be performed 6 for a public school district or nonpublic school if the court finds that 7 service in the school is appropriate under the circumstances.

8 (4) A juvenile who holds any license or permit issued under the 9 Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act and has violated subdivision (3)(b) 10 or (c) of section 28-306, subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-394, or 11 section 28-1254, 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06<u>, or 60-6,198</u> shall 12 not be eligible for an ignition interlock permit.

Sec. 2. Section 60-498.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

15 60-498.01 (1) Because persons who drive while under the influence of 16 alcohol present a hazard to the health and safety of all persons using 17 the highways, a procedure is needed for the swift and certain revocation 18 of the operator's license of any person who has shown himself or herself 19 to be a health and safety hazard (a) by driving with an excessive 20 concentration of alcohol in his or her body or (b) by driving while under 21 the influence of alcohol.

22 (2) If a person arrested as described in subsection (2) of section 60-6,197 refuses to submit to the chemical test of blood, breath, or 23 24 urine required by section 60-6,197, the test shall not be given except as provided in section 60-6,210 for the purpose of medical treatment and the 25 26 arresting peace officer, as agent for the director, shall verbally serve 27 notice to the arrested person of the intention to immediately confiscate and revoke the operator's license of such person and that the revocation 28 29 will be automatic fifteen days after the date of arrest. The arresting 30 peace officer shall within ten days forward to the director a sworn report stating (a) that the person was arrested as described in 31

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1 subsection (2) of section 60-6,197 and the reasons for such arrest, (b)
2 that the person was requested to submit to the required test, and (c)
3 that the person refused to submit to the required test. The director may
4 accept a sworn report submitted electronically.

5 (3) If a person arrested as described in subsection (2) of section 6 60-6,197 submits to the chemical test of blood or breath required by 7 section 60-6,197, the test discloses the presence of alcohol in any of 8 the concentrations specified in section 60-6,196, and the test results 9 are available to the arresting peace officer while the arrested person is still in custody, the arresting peace officer, as agent for the director, 10 11 shall verbally serve notice to the arrested person of the intention to 12 immediately confiscate and revoke the operator's license of such person and that the revocation will be automatic fifteen days after the date of 13 14 arrest. The arresting peace officer shall within ten days forward to the 15 director a sworn report stating (a) that the person was arrested as described in subsection (2) of section 60-6,197 and the reasons for such 16 arrest, (b) that the person was requested to submit to the required test, 17 and (c) that the person submitted to a test, the type of test to which he 18 or she submitted, and that such test revealed the presence of alcohol in 19 20 a concentration specified in section 60-6,196. The director may accept a 21 sworn report submitted electronically.

22 (4) On behalf of the director, the arresting peace officer 23 submitting a sworn report under subsection (2) or (3) of this section 24 shall serve notice of the revocation on the arrested person, and the revocation shall be effective fifteen days after the date of arrest. The 25 26 notice of revocation shall contain a statement explaining the operation 27 of the administrative license revocation procedure. The peace officer shall also provide to the arrested person information prepared and 28 29 approved by the director describing how to request an administrative 30 license revocation hearing or apply for an ignition interlock permit from the department. A petition for an administrative license revocation 31

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hearing must be completed and delivered to the department or postmarked within ten days after the person's arrest or the person's right to an administrative license revocation hearing to contest the revocation will be foreclosed. The director shall prepare and approve the information form, the application for an ignition interlock permit, and the notice of revocation and shall provide them to law enforcement agencies.

7 If the person has an operator's license, the arresting peace officer 8 shall take possession of the license and issue a temporary operator's 9 license valid for fifteen days. The arresting peace officer shall forward 10 the operator's license to the department along with the sworn report made 11 under subsection (2) or (3) of this section.

12 (5)(a) If the results of a chemical test indicate the presence of alcohol in a concentration specified in section 60-6,196, the results are 13 14 not available to the arresting peace officer while the arrested person is 15 in custody, and the notice of revocation has not been served as required by subsection (4) of this section, the peace officer shall forward to the 16 17 director a sworn report containing the information prescribed bv subsection (3) of this section within ten days after receipt of the 18 results of the chemical test. If the sworn report is not received within 19 ten days, the revocation shall not take effect. The director may accept a 20 21 sworn report submitted electronically.

22 (b) Upon receipt of the report, the director shall serve the notice 23 of revocation on the arrested person by mail to the address appearing on 24 the records of the director. If the address on the director's records differs from the address on the arresting peace officer's report, the 25 26 notice shall be sent to both addresses. The notice of revocation shall 27 contain a statement explaining the operation of the administrative license revocation procedure. The director shall also provide to the 28 29 arrested person information prepared and approved by the director 30 describing how to request an administrative license revocation hearing and an application for an ignition interlock permit. A petition for an 31

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administrative license revocation hearing must be completed and delivered to the department or postmarked within ten days after the mailing of the notice of revocation or the person's right to an administrative license revocation hearing to contest the revocation will be foreclosed. The director shall prepare and approve the ignition interlock permit application and the notice of revocation. The revocation shall be effective fifteen days after the date of mailing.

8 (c) If the records of the director indicate that the arrested person 9 possesses an operator's license, the director shall include with the notice of revocation a temporary operator's license which expires fifteen 10 11 days after the date of mailing. Any arrested person who desires an 12 administrative license revocation hearing and has been served a notice of revocation pursuant to this subsection shall return his or her operator's 13 14 license with the petition requesting the hearing. If the operator's 15 license is not included with the petition requesting the hearing, the director shall deny the petition. 16

(6)(a) An arrested person's operator's license confiscated pursuant 17 to subsection (4) of this section shall be automatically revoked upon the 18 expiration of fifteen days after the date of arrest, and the petition 19 20 requesting the hearing shall be completed and delivered to the department 21 or postmarked within ten days after the person's arrest. An arrested 22 person's operator's license confiscated pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall be automatically revoked upon the expiration of 23 24 fifteen days after the date of mailing of the notice of revocation by the director, and the arrested person shall postmark or return to the 25 26 director a petition within ten days after the mailing of the notice of 27 revocation if the arrested person desires an administrative license revocation hearing. The petition shall be in writing and shall state the 28 29 grounds on which the person is relying to prevent the revocation from 30 becoming effective. The hearing and any prehearing conference may be conducted in person or by telephone, television, or other electronic 31

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means at the discretion of the director, and all parties may participate
 by such means at the discretion of the director.

3 (b) The director shall conduct the hearing within twenty days after a petition is received by the director. Upon receipt of a petition, the 4 5 director shall notify the petitioner of the date and location for the 6 hearing by mail postmarked at least seven days prior to the hearing date. 7 The filing of the petition shall not prevent the automatic revocation of 8 the petitioner's operator's license at the expiration of the fifteen-day 9 period. A continuance of the hearing to a date beyond the expiration of the temporary operator's license shall stay the expiration of the 10 11 temporary license when the request for continuance is made by the 12 director.

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(c) At hearing the issues under dispute shall be limited to:

14 (i) In the case of a refusal to submit to a chemical test of blood,15 breath, or urine:

(A) Did the peace officer have probable cause to believe the person
was operating or in the actual physical control of a motor vehicle in
violation of section 60-6,196 or a city or village ordinance enacted in
conformance with such section; and

(B) Did the person refuse to submit to or fail to complete a
chemical test after being requested to do so by the peace officer; or

(ii) If the chemical test discloses the presence of alcohol in aconcentration specified in section 60-6,196:

(A) Did the peace officer have probable cause to believe the person
was operating or in the actual physical control of a motor vehicle in
violation of section 60-6,196 or a city or village ordinance enacted in
conformance with such section; and

(B) Was the person operating or in the actual physical control of a
motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in violation of
subsection (1) of section 60-6,196.

31 (7)(a) Any arrested person who submits an application for an

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ignition interlock permit in lieu of a petition for an administrative 1 2 license revocation hearing regarding the revocation of his or her 3 operator's license pursuant to this section shall complete the application for an ignition interlock permit in which such person 4 5 acknowledges that he or she understands that he or she will have his or 6 her license administratively revoked pursuant to this section, that he or 7 she waives his or her right to a hearing to contest the revocation, and that he or she understands that he or she is required to have an ignition 8 9 interlock permit in order to operate a motor vehicle for the period of the revocation and shall include sufficient evidence that an ignition 10 11 interlock device is installed on one or more vehicles that will be 12 operated by the arrested person. Upon the arrested person's completion of the ignition interlock permit application process, the department shall 13 14 issue the person an ignition interlock permit, subject to any applicable 15 requirements and any applicable no-drive period if the person is otherwise eligible. 16

(b) An arrested person who is issued an ignition interlock permit pursuant to this section shall receive day-for-day credit for the period he or she has a valid ignition interlock permit against the license revocation period imposed by the court arising from the same incident.

(c) If a person files a completed application for an ignition
interlock permit, the person waives his or her right to contest the
revocation of his or her operator's license.

(8) Any person who has not petitioned for an administrative license
revocation hearing and is subject to an administrative license revocation
may immediately apply for an ignition interlock permit to use during the
applicable period of revocation set forth in section 60-498.02, subject
to the following additional restrictions:

(a) If such person submitted to a chemical test which disclosed the
presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation of section 60-6,196
and has no prior administrative license revocations on which final orders

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have been issued during the immediately preceding fifteen-year period at the time the order of revocation is issued, the ignition interlock permit will be immediately available fifteen days after the date of arrest or the date notice of revocation was provided to the arrested person, as long as he or she is otherwise eligible for an ignition interlock permit, upon completion of an application process for an ignition interlock permit;

8 (b) If such person submitted to a chemical test which disclosed the 9 presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation of section 60-6,196 and has one or more prior administrative license revocations on which 10 11 final orders have been issued during the immediately preceding fifteen-12 year period at the time the order of revocation is issued, the ignition interlock permit will be available beginning fifteen days after the date 13 14 of arrest or the date notice of revocation was provided to the arrested 15 person plus forty-five additional days of no driving, as long as he or she is otherwise eligible for an ignition interlock permit, upon 16 completion of an application process for an ignition interlock permit; 17

(c) If such person refused to submit to a chemical test of blood, breath, or urine as required by section 60-6,197, the ignition interlock permit will be available beginning fifteen days after the date of arrest plus ninety additional days of no driving, as long as he or she is otherwise eligible for an ignition interlock permit, upon completion of an application process for an ignition interlock permit; and

(d) Any person who petitions for an administrative license
revocation hearing shall not be eligible for an ignition interlock permit
unless ordered by the court at the time of sentencing for the related
criminal proceeding.

(9) The director shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to
govern the conduct of the administrative license revocation hearing and
insure that the hearing will proceed in an orderly manner. The director
may appoint a hearing officer to preside at the hearing, administer

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oaths, examine witnesses, take testimony, and report to the director. Any 1 2 motion for discovery filed by the petitioner shall entitle the prosecutor 3 receive full statutory discovery from the petitioner upon a to prosecutor's request to the relevant court pursuant to section 29-1912 in 4 5 any criminal proceeding arising from the same arrest. A copy of the 6 motion for discovery shall be filed with the department and a copy 7 provided to the prosecutor in the jurisdiction in which the petitioner was arrested. Incomplete discovery shall not stay the hearing unless the 8 9 petitioner requests a continuance. All proceedings before the hearing officer shall be recorded. Upon receipt of the arresting peace officer's 10 11 sworn report, the director's order of revocation has prima facie validity 12 and it becomes the petitioner's burden to establish by a preponderance of the evidence grounds upon which the operator's license revocation should 13 14 not take effect. The director shall make a determination of the issue 15 within seven days after the conclusion of the hearing. A person whose operator's license is revoked following a hearing requested pursuant to 16 17 this section may appeal the order of revocation as provided in section 60-498.04. 18

19 (10) Any person who tampers with or circumvents an ignition interlock device installed pursuant to sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 or 20 21 who operates a motor vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition 22 interlock device required pursuant to such sections or otherwise is in 23 violation of the purposes for operation indicated on the ignition 24 interlock permit under such sections shall, in addition to any possible criminal charges, have his or her revocation period and 25 ignition 26 interlock permit extended for six months beyond the end of the original 27 revocation period.

(11) A person under the age of eighteen years who holds any license
or permit issued under the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act and has
violated subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-306, subdivision (3)(b)
or (c) of section 28-394, or section 28-1254, 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or

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60-6,197.06, or 60-6,198 shall not be eligible for an ignition interlock
 permit.

Sec. 3. Section 60-4,118.06, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

5 60-4,118.06 (1) Upon receipt by the director of (a) a certified copy 6 of a court order issued pursuant to section 60-6,211.05, a certified copy 7 of an order for installation of an ignition interlock device and issuance 8 of an ignition interlock permit pursuant to section 60-6,197.03, or a 9 copy of an order from the Board of Pardons pursuant to section 83-1,127.02, (b) sufficient evidence that the person has surrendered his 10 11 or her operator's license to the department and installed an approved ignition interlock device in accordance with such order, and (c) payment 12 of the fee provided in section 60-4,115, such person may apply for an 13 14 ignition interlock permit. A person subject to administrative license 15 revocation under sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 shall be eligible for an ignition interlock permit as provided in such sections. The director 16 17 shall issue an ignition interlock permit only for the operation of a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device. All permits 18 issued pursuant to this subsection shall indicate that the permit is not 19 20 valid for the operation of any commercial motor vehicle.

(2) Upon expiration of the revocation period or upon expiration of an order issued by the Board of Pardons pursuant to section 83-1,127.02, a person may apply to the department in writing for issuance of an operator's license. Regardless of whether the license surrendered by such person under subsection (1) of this section has expired, the person shall apply for a new operator's license pursuant to the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act.

(3)(a) An ignition interlock permit shall not be issued under this
section or sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 to any person except in cases
of a violation of subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-306,
subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-394, or section 28-1254,

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1 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06, or 60-6,198.

2 (b) An ignition interlock permit shall only be available to a holder
3 of a Class M or O operator's license.

4 (4) The director shall revoke a person's ignition interlock permit 5 issued under this section or sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 upon receipt 6 of an (a) abstract of conviction indicating that the person had his or 7 her operating privileges revoked or canceled or (b) administrative order 8 revoking or canceling the person's operating privileges, if such 9 conviction or order resulted from an incident other than the incident 10 which resulted in the application for the ignition interlock permit.

Sec. 4. Section 60-4,120.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, is amended to read:

60-4,120.02 (1) Any person convicted of violating a provisional 13 14 operator's permit issued pursuant to section 60-4,120.01 by operating a 15 motor vehicle in violation of subsection (3) of such section shall be guilty of an infraction and may have his or her provisional operator's 16 permit revoked by the court pursuant to section 60-496 for a time period 17 specified by the court. Before such person applies for another 18 provisional operator's permit, he or she shall pay a reinstatement fee as 19 provided in section 60-499.01 after the period of revocation has expired. 20

(2) A copy of an abstract of the court's conviction, including an
adjudication, shall be transmitted to the director pursuant to sections
60-497.01 to 60-497.04.

(3) Any person who holds a provisional operator's permit and has
violated subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-306, subdivision (3)(b)
or (c) of section 28-394, or section 28-1254, 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or
60-6,197.06, or 60-6,198 shall not be eligible for an ignition interlock
permit.

29 (4) For purposes of this section, conviction includes any30 adjudication of a juvenile.

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Sec. 5. Section 60-4,124, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

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1 2018, is amended to read:

2 60-4,124 (1) A person who is younger than sixteen years and three 3 months of age but is older than fourteen years and two months of age may be issued a school permit if such person either resides outside a city of 4 5 the metropolitan, primary, or first class or attends a school which is 6 outside a city of the metropolitan, primary, or first class and if such 7 person has held an LPE-learner's permit for two months. A school permit shall not be issued until such person has demonstrated that he or she is 8 9 capable of successfully operating a motor vehicle, moped, or motorcycle and has in his or her possession an issuance certificate authorizing the 10 11 county treasurer to issue a school permit. In order to obtain an issuance 12 certificate, the applicant shall present (a) proof of successful completion of a department-approved driver safety course which includes 13 14 behind-the-wheel driving specifically emphasizing (i) the effects of the 15 consumption of alcohol on a person operating a motor vehicle, (ii) occupant protection systems, (iii) risk assessment, and (iv) railroad 16 17 crossing safety and (b)(i) proof of successful completion of a written examination and driving test administered by a driver safety course 18 instructor or (ii) a certificate in a form prescribed by the department, 19 20 signed by a parent, guardian, or licensed driver at least twenty-one 21 years of age, verifying that the applicant has completed fifty hours of 22 lawful motor vehicle operation, under conditions that reflect department-23 approved driver safety course curriculum, with a parent, guardian, or 24 adult at least twenty-one years of age, who has a current Nebraska operator's license or who is licensed in another state. The department 25 26 may waive the written examination if the applicant has been issued an 27 LPE-learner's permit or LPD-learner's permit and if such permit is valid or has expired no more than one year prior to application. The written 28 29 examination shall not be waived if the permit being applied for contains 30 a class or endorsement which is different from the class or endorsement of the LPE-learner's permit. 31

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(2) A person holding a school permit may operate a motor vehicle, 2 moped, or motorcycle or an autocycle:

3 (a) To and from where he or she attends school and between schools of enrollment over the most direct and accessible route by the nearest 4 5 highway from his or her place of residence to transport such person or 6 any family member who resides with such person to attend duly scheduled 7 courses of instruction and extracurricular or school-related activities 8 at the school he or she attends; or

9 (b) Under the personal supervision of a licensed operator. Such licensed operator shall be at least twenty-one years of age and licensed 10 11 by this state or another state and shall (i) for all motor vehicles other 12 than autocycles, motorcycles, or mopeds, actually occupy the seat beside the permitholder, (ii) in the case of an autocycle, actually occupy the 13 14 seat beside or behind the permitholder, or (iii) in the case of a 15 motorcycle, other than an autocycle, or a moped, if the permitholder is within visual contact of and under the supervision of, in the case of a 16 17 motorcycle, a licensed motorcycle operator or, in the case of a moped, a licensed motor vehicle operator. 18

(3) The holder of a school permit shall not use any type of 19 20 interactive wireless communication device while operating a motor vehicle 21 on the highways of this state. Enforcement of this subsection shall be 22 accomplished only as a secondary action when the holder of the school 23 permit has been cited or charged with a violation of some other law.

24 (4) A person who is younger than sixteen years of age but is over fourteen years of age may be issued an LPE-learner's permit, which permit 25 26 shall be valid for a period of three months. An LPE-learner's permit 27 shall not be issued until such person successfully completes a written examination prescribed by the department and demonstrates that he or she 28 29 has sufficient powers of eyesight to safely operate a motor vehicle, 30 moped, or motorcycle or an autocycle.

(5)(a) While holding the LPE-learner's permit, the person may 31

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operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state if (i) for all 1 2 motor vehicles other than autocycles, motorcycles, or mopeds, he or she 3 has seated next to him or her a person who is a licensed operator, (ii) in the case of an autocycle, he or she has seated next to or behind him 4 5 or her a person who is a licensed operator, or (iii) in the case of a 6 motorcycle, other than an autocycle, or a moped, he or she is within 7 visual contact of and is under the supervision of a person who, in the 8 case of a motorcycle, is a licensed motorcycle operator or, in the case 9 of a moped, is a licensed motor vehicle operator. Such licensed motor vehicle or motorcycle operator shall be at least twenty-one years of age 10 11 and licensed by this state or another state.

(b) The holder of an LPE-learner's permit shall not use any type of interactive wireless communication device while operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. Enforcement of this subdivision shall be accomplished only as a secondary action when the holder of the LPElearner's permit has been cited or charged with a violation of some other law.

(6) Department personnel or the county treasurer shall collect the 18 fee and surcharge prescribed in section 60-4,115 from each successful 19 applicant for a school or LPE-learner's permit. All school permits shall 20 21 be subject to impoundment or revocation under the terms of section 22 60-496. Any person who violates the terms of a school permit shall be 23 guilty of an infraction and shall not be eligible for another school, 24 farm, LPD-learner's, or LPE-learner's permit until he or she has attained 25 the age of sixteen years.

(7) Any person who holds a permit issued under this section and has
violated subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-306, subdivision (3)(b)
or (c) of section 28-394, or section 28-1254, 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or
60-6,197.06, or 60-6,198 shall not be eligible for an ignition interlock
permit.

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Sec. 6. Section 60-4,125, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

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1 2018, is amended to read:

2 60-4,125 (1) For any minor convicted or adjudicated of violating the 3 terms of an LPD-learner's permit issued pursuant to section 60-4,123 or an LPE-learner's permit issued pursuant to section 60-4,124, the court 4 5 shall, in addition to any other penalty or disposition, order the 6 impoundment or revocation of such learner's permit and order that such 7 minor shall not be eligible for another operator's license or school, 8 farm, LPD-learner's, or LPE-learner's permit until he or she has attained 9 the age of sixteen years.

(2) Any person who holds an LPD-learner's permit issued pursuant to
section 60-4,123 and has violated subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section
28-306, subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-394, or section 28-1254,
60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06, or 60-6,198 shall not be eligible for
an ignition interlock permit.

(3) A copy of the court's abstract or adjudication shall be transmitted to the director who shall place in an impound status or revoke the LPD-learner's or LPE-learner's permit of such minor in accordance with the order of the court and not again issue another operator's license or school, farm, LPD-learner's, or LPE-learner's permit to such minor until such minor has attained the age of sixteen years.

Sec. 7. Section 60-4,126, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
23 2018, is amended to read:

24 60-4,126 (1) Any person who is younger than sixteen years of age but is over thirteen years of age and resides upon a farm in this state or is 25 26 fourteen years of age or older and is employed for compensation upon a 27 farm in this state may obtain a farm permit authorizing the operation of farm tractors, minitrucks, and other motorized implements of farm 28 29 husbandry upon the highways of this state if the applicant for such farm 30 permit furnishes satisfactory proof of age and satisfactorily demonstrates that he or she has knowledge of the operation of such 31

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equipment and of the rules of the road and laws respecting the operation 1 2 of motor vehicles upon the highways of this state. Any person under 3 sixteen years of age but not less than thirteen years of age may obtain a temporary permit to operate such equipment for a six-month period after 4 5 presentation to the department of a request for the temporary permit 6 signed by the person's parent or guardian and payment of the fee and 7 surcharge prescribed in section 60-4,115. After the expiration of the 8 six-month period, it shall be unlawful for such person to operate such 9 equipment upon the highways of this state unless he or she has been issued a farm permit under this section. The fee for an original, 10 11 renewal, or replacement farm permit shall be the fee and surcharge 12 prescribed in section 60-4,115. All farm permits shall be subject to revocation under the terms of section 60-496. Any person who violates the 13 14 terms of a farm permit shall be guilty of an infraction and shall not be 15 eligible for another school, farm, LPD-learner's, or LPE-learner's permit until he or she has attained the age of sixteen years. 16

(2) Any person who holds a permit issued under this section and has
violated subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-306, subdivision (3)(b)
or (c) of section 28-394, or section 28-1254, 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or
60-6,197.06, or 60-6,198 shall not be eligible for an ignition interlock
permit.

Sec. 8. Original section 43-287, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, and sections 60-498.01, 60-4,118.06, 60-4,120.02, 60-4,124,
60-4,125, and 60-4,126, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, are
repealed.

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