

AMENDMENTS TO LB1074

Introduced by Linehan, 39.

1 1. Insert the following new section:

2 Sec. 2. Section 77-2716.01, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is
3 amended to read:

4 77-2716.01 (1)(a) Through tax year 2017, every individual shall be
5 allowed to subtract from his or her income tax liability an amount for
6 personal exemptions. The amount allowed to be subtracted shall be the
7 credit amount for the year as provided in this subdivision multiplied by
8 the number of exemptions allowed on the federal return. For tax year
9 1993, the credit amount shall be sixty-five dollars; for tax year 1994,
10 the credit amount shall be sixty-nine dollars; for tax year 1995, the
11 credit amount shall be sixty-nine dollars; for tax year 1996, the credit
12 amount shall be seventy-two dollars; for tax year 1997, the credit amount
13 shall be eighty-six dollars; for tax year 1998, the credit amount shall
14 be eighty-eight dollars; for tax year 1999, and each year thereafter
15 through tax year 2017, the credit amount shall be adjusted for inflation
16 by the method provided in section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code of
17 1986, as it existed prior to December 22, 2017. The eighty-eight-dollar
18 credit amount shall be adjusted for cumulative inflation since 1998. If
19 any credit amount is not an even dollar amount, the amount shall be
20 rounded to the nearest dollar. For nonresident individuals and partial-
21 year resident individuals, the personal exemption credit shall be
22 subtracted as specified in subsection (3) of section 77-2715.

23 (b) Beginning with tax year 2018, every individual, except an
24 individual that can be claimed for a child credit or dependent credit on
25 the federal return of another taxpayer, shall be allowed to subtract from
26 his or her income tax liability an amount for personal exemptions. The
27 amount allowed to be subtracted shall be the credit amount for the year

1 as provided in this subdivision multiplied by the sum of the number of
2 child credits and dependent credits taken on the federal return, plus two
3 for a married filing jointly return or plus one for any other return. For
4 tax year 2018, the credit amount shall be one hundred thirty-four
5 dollars. For tax year 2019 and each tax year thereafter, the credit
6 amount shall be adjusted for inflation based on the percentage change in
7 the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the federal
8 Bureau of Labor Statistics from the twelve months ending on August 31,
9 2017, to the twelve months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the
10 taxable year. If any credit amount is not an even dollar amount, the
11 amount shall be rounded to the nearest dollar. For nonresident
12 individuals and partial-year resident individuals, the personal exemption
13 credit shall be subtracted as specified in subsection (3) of section
14 77-2715.

15 (2)(a) For tax years beginning or deemed to begin on or after
16 January 1, 2003, and before January 1, 2004, under the Internal Revenue
17 Code of 1986, as amended, every individual who did not itemize deductions
18 on his or her federal return shall be allowed to subtract from federal
19 adjusted gross income a standard deduction based on the filing status
20 used on the federal return except as the amount is adjusted under section
21 77-2716.03. The standard deduction shall be the smaller of the federal
22 standard deduction actually allowed or (i) for single taxpayers four
23 thousand seven hundred fifty dollars, (ii) for head of household
24 taxpayers seven thousand dollars, (iii) for married filing jointly
25 taxpayers seven thousand nine hundred fifty dollars, and (iv) for married
26 filing separately taxpayers three thousand nine hundred seventy-five
27 dollars. Taxpayers who are allowed additional federal standard deduction
28 amounts because of age or blindness shall be allowed an increase in the
29 Nebraska standard deduction for each additional amount allowed on the
30 federal return. The additional amounts shall be for married taxpayers,
31 nine hundred fifty dollars, and for single or head of household

1 taxpayers, one thousand one hundred fifty dollars.

2 (b) For tax years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January
3 1, 2007, and before January 1, 2018, under the Internal Revenue Code of
4 1986, as amended, every individual who did not itemize deductions on his
5 or her federal return shall be allowed to subtract from federal adjusted
6 gross income a standard deduction based on the filing status used on the
7 federal return. The standard deduction shall be the smaller of the
8 federal standard deduction actually allowed or (i) for single taxpayers
9 three thousand dollars and (ii) for head of household taxpayers four
10 thousand four hundred dollars. The standard deduction for married filing
11 jointly taxpayers shall be double the standard deduction for single
12 taxpayers, and for married filing separately taxpayers, the standard
13 deduction shall be the same as single taxpayers. Taxpayers who are
14 allowed additional federal standard deduction amounts because of age or
15 blindness shall be allowed an increase in the Nebraska standard deduction
16 for each additional amount allowed on the federal return. The additional
17 amounts shall be for married taxpayers six hundred dollars and for single
18 or head of household taxpayers seven hundred fifty dollars. The amounts
19 in this subdivision will be indexed using 1987 as the base year.

20 (c) For tax years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January
21 1, 2007, and before January 1, 2018, the standard deduction amounts,
22 including the additional standard deduction amounts, in this subsection
23 shall be adjusted for inflation by the method provided in section 151 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as it existed prior to December 22,
25 2017. If any amount is not a multiple of fifty dollars, the amount shall
26 be rounded to the next lowest multiple of fifty dollars.

27 (3)(a) For tax years beginning or deemed to begin on or after
28 January 1, 2018, every individual who did not itemize deductions on his
29 or her federal return shall be allowed to subtract from federal adjusted
30 gross income a standard deduction based on the filing status used on the
31 federal return. The standard deduction shall be the smaller of the

1 federal standard deduction actually allowed or (i) six thousand seven
2 hundred fifty dollars for single taxpayers and (ii) nine thousand nine
3 hundred dollars for head of household taxpayers. The standard deduction
4 for married filing jointly taxpayers or qualifying widows or widowers
5 shall be double the standard deduction for single taxpayers, and the
6 standard deduction for married filing separately taxpayers shall be the
7 same as the standard deduction for single taxpayers. Taxpayers who are
8 allowed additional federal standard deduction amounts because of age or
9 blindness shall be allowed an increase in the Nebraska standard deduction
10 for each additional amount allowed on the federal return. The additional
11 amounts shall be one thousand three hundred dollars for married taxpayers
12 and one thousand six hundred dollars for single or head of household
13 taxpayers.

14 (b) For tax years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January
15 1, 2019, the standard deduction amounts, including the additional
16 standard deduction amounts, in this subsection shall be adjusted for
17 inflation based on the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for
18 All Urban Consumers published by the federal Bureau of Labor Statistics
19 from the twelve months ending on August 31, 2017, to the twelve months
20 ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. If any amount
21 is not a multiple of fifty dollars, the amount shall be rounded to the
22 next lowest multiple of fifty dollars.

23 (4)(a) For tax years beginning or deemed to begin before January 1,
24 2020, every (4) Every individual who itemized deductions on his or her
25 federal return shall be allowed to subtract from federal adjusted gross
26 income the greater of either:

27 (i) The the standard deduction allowed in this section; or
28 (ii) His his or her federal itemized deductions as defined in
29 section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except
30 for the amount for state or local income taxes included in federal
31 itemized deductions before any federal disallowance.

1 (b) For tax years beginning or deemed to begin on or after January
2 1, 2020, every individual who itemized deductions on his or her federal
3 return shall be allowed to subtract from federal adjusted gross income
4 the greater of either:

5 (i) The standard deduction allowed in this section; or

6 (ii) The sum of:

7 (A) His or her federal itemized deductions as defined in section
8 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except for the
9 amount for state or local income taxes included in federal itemized
10 deductions before any federal disallowance; and

11 (B) The total amount of state and local property taxes reported on
12 his or her federal return before any federal disallowance or cap, less
13 the amount of state and local property taxes actually included in federal
14 itemized deductions.

15 2. Renumber the remaining sections and correct the repealer
16 accordingly.