AMENDMENTS TO LB1002

Introduced by Health and Human Services.

Strike the original sections and insert the following new
 sections:

3 Section 1. Section 13-303, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4 2018, is amended to read:

5 13-303 The county boards of counties and the governing bodies of cities and villages may establish an emergency medical service, including 6 7 the provision of scheduled and unscheduled ambulance service, as a governmental service either within or without the county or municipality, 8 as the case may be. The county board or governing body may contract with 9 any city, person, firm, or corporation licensed as an emergency medical 10 service for emergency medical care by out-of-hospital emergency care 11 providers. Each may enter into an agreement with the other under the 12 13 Interlocal Cooperation Act or Joint Public Agency Act for the purpose of establishing an emergency medical service or may provide a separate 14 service for itself. Public funds may be expended therefor, and a 15 reasonable service fee may be charged to the user. Before any such 16 service is established under the authority of this section, the county 17 board or the governing bodies of cities and villages shall hold a public 18 hearing after giving at least ten days' notice thereof, which notice 19 20 shall include a brief summary of the general plan for establishing such service, including an estimate of the initial cost and the possible 21 continuing cost of operating such service. If the board or governing body 22 after such hearing determines that an emergency medical service for 23 emergency medical care by out-of-hospital emergency care providers is 24 needed, it may proceed as authorized in this section. The authority 25 granted in this section shall be cumulative and supplementary to any 26 27 existing powers heretofore granted. Any county board of counties and the

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governing bodies of cities and villages may pay their cost for such 1 2 service out of available general funds or may levy a tax for the purpose 3 of providing the service, which levy shall be in addition to all other taxes and shall be in addition to restrictions on the levy of taxes 4 5 provided by statute, except that when a rural or suburban fire protection 6 district provides the service, the county shall pay the cost for the 7 county service by levying a tax on that property not in the rural or suburban fire protection district providing the service. The levy shall 8 9 be subject to subsection (10) of section 77-3442 or section 77-3443, as 10 applicable.

11 Sec. 2. Section 13-1801, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13-1801 If any legal action shall be brought against any municipal 13 14 police officer, constable, county sheriff, deputy sheriff, firefighter, 15 out-of-hospital emergency care provider, or other elected or appointed official of any political subdivision, who is an employee as defined in 16 17 section 48-115, whether such person is a volunteer or partly paid or fully paid, based upon the negligent error or omission of such person 18 while in the performance of his or her lawful duties, the political 19 20 subdivision which employs, appoints, or otherwise designates such person 21 an employee as defined in section 48-115 shall defend him or her against 22 such action, and if final judgment is rendered against such person, such 23 political subdivision shall pay such judgment in his or her behalf and 24 shall have no right to restitution from such person.

A political subdivision shall have the right to purchase insurance to indemnify itself in advance against the possibility of such loss under this section, and the insurance company shall have no right of subrogation against the person. This section shall not be construed to permit a political subdivision to pay for a judgment obtained against a person as a result of illegal acts committed by such person.

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Sec. 3. Section 23-1821, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read:

2 23-1821 (1) Every hospital, emergency care facility, physician, 3 nurse, out-of-hospital emergency care provider, or law enforcement 4 officer shall immediately notify the county coroner in all cases when it 5 appears that an individual has died while being apprehended by or while 6 in the custody of a law enforcement officer or detention personnel.

7 (2) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class8 IV misdemeanor.

9 Sec. 4. Section 28-907, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

11 28-907 (1) A person commits the offense of false reporting if he or 12 she:

(a) Furnishes material information he or she knows to be false to
any peace officer or other official with the intent to instigate an
investigation of an alleged criminal matter or to impede the
investigation of an actual criminal matter;

(b) Furnishes information he or she knows to be false alleging the existence of the need for the assistance of an emergency medical service or out-of-hospital emergency care provider or an emergency in which human life or property are in jeopardy to any hospital, emergency medical service, or other person or governmental agency;

(c) Furnishes any information, or causes such information to be
furnished or conveyed by electric, electronic, telephonic, or mechanical
means, knowing the same to be false concerning the need for assistance of
a fire department or any personnel or equipment of such department;

(d) Furnishes any information he or she knows to be false concerning
the location of any explosive in any building or other property to any
person; or

(e) Furnishes material information he or she knows to be false to
any governmental department or agency with the intent to instigate an
investigation or to impede an ongoing investigation and which actually

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1 results in causing or impeding such investigation.

2 (2)(a) False reporting pursuant to subdivisions (1)(a) through (d)
3 of this section is a Class I misdemeanor. ; and

4 (b) False reporting pursuant to subdivision (1)(e) of this section5 is an infraction.

6 Sec. 5. Section 28-929, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
7 amended to read:

8 28-929 (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an officer, an 9 emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a Department of 10 Health and Human Services employee, or a health care professional in the 11 first degree if:

12 (a) He or she intentionally or knowingly causes serious bodily13 injury:

14 (i) To a peace officer, a probation officer, a firefighter, an out-
 15 of-hospital emergency care provider, or an employee of the Department of
 16 Correctional Services;

17 (ii) To an employee of the Department of Health and Human Services
18 if the person committing the offense is committed as a dangerous sex
19 offender under the Sex Offender Commitment Act; or

20 (iii) To a health care professional; and

(b) The offense is committed while such officer, firefighter, outof-hospital emergency care provider, or employee is engaged in the performance of his or her official duties or while the health care professional is on duty at a hospital or a health clinic.

(2) Assault on an officer, an emergency responder, a state
correctional employee, a Department of Health and Human Services
employee, or a health care professional in the first degree shall be a
Class ID felony.

Sec. 6. Section 28-929.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

31 28-929.01 For purposes of sections 28-929, 28-929.02, 28-930,

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1 28-931, and 28-931.01:

(1) Emergency care provider means (a) an emergency medical
responder; (b) an emergency medical technician; (c) an advanced emergency
medical technician; (d) a community paramedic; (e) a critical care
paramedic; or (f) a paramedic, as those persons are licensed and
classified under the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act;

7 (2) (1) Health care professional means a physician or other health
 8 care practitioner who is licensed, certified, or registered to perform
 9 specified health services consistent with state law who practices at a
 10 hospital or a health clinic;

11 (3) (2) Health clinic has the definition found in section 71-416; 12 and

(4) (3) Hospital has the definition found in section 71-419.; and
 (4) Out-of-hospital emergency care provider means (a) an emergency
 medical responder; (b) an emergency medical technician; (c) an advanced
 emergency medical technician; or (d) a paramedic, as those persons are
 licensed and classified under the Emergency Medical Services Practice
 Act.

Sec. 7. Section 28-930, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

21 28-930 (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an officer, an 22 emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a Department of 23 Health and Human Services employee, or a health care professional in the 24 second degree if:

25 (a) He or she:

(i) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury with a dangerousinstrument:

(A) To a peace officer, a probation officer, a firefighter, an out-
 of-hospital emergency care provider, or an employee of the Department of
 Correctional Services;

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(B) To an employee of the Department of Health and Human Services if

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the person committing the offense is committed as a dangerous sex
 offender under the Sex Offender Commitment Act; or

3 (C) To a health care professional; or

4 (ii) Recklessly causes bodily injury with a dangerous instrument:

5 (A) To a peace officer, a probation officer, a firefighter, an out- 6 of-hospital emergency care provider, or an employee of the Department of 7 Correctional Services;

8 (B) To an employee of the Department of Health and Human Services if 9 the person committing the offense is committed as a dangerous sex 10 offender under the Sex Offender Commitment Act; or

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(C) To a health care professional; and

(b) The offense is committed while such officer, firefighter, outof-hospital emergency care provider, or employee is engaged in the performance of his or her official duties or while the health care professional is on duty at a hospital or a health clinic.

16 (2) Assault on an officer, an emergency responder, a state 17 correctional employee, a Department of Health and Human Services 18 employee, or a health care professional in the second degree shall be a 19 Class II felony.

20 Sec. 8. Section 28-931, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 28-931 (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an officer, an 23 emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a Department of 24 Health and Human Services employee, or a health care professional in the 25 third degree if:

26 (a) He or she intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes bodily27 injury:

(i) To a peace officer, a probation officer, a firefighter, an out-
 of-hospital emergency care provider, or an employee of the Department of
 Correctional Services;

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(ii) To an employee of the Department of Health and Human Services

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if the person committing the offense is committed as a dangerous sex
 offender under the Sex Offender Commitment Act; or

3 (iii) To a health care professional; and

4 (b) The offense is committed while such officer, firefighter, out- 5 of-hospital emergency care provider, or employee is engaged in the 6 performance of his or her official duties or while the health care 7 professional is on duty at a hospital or a health clinic.

8 (2) Assault on an officer, an emergency responder, a state 9 correctional employee, a Department of Health and Human Services 10 employee, or a health care professional in the third degree shall be a 11 Class IIIA felony.

Sec. 9. Section 28-931.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

14 28-931.01 (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an officer, 15 an emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a Department of 16 Health and Human Services employee, or a health care professional using a 17 motor vehicle if:

(a) By using a motor vehicle to run over or to strike an officer, an
emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a Department of
Health and Human Services employee, or a health care professional or by
using a motor vehicle to collide with an officer's, an emergency
responder's, a state correctional employee's, a Department of Health and
Human Services employee's, or a health care professional's motor vehicle,
he or she intentionally and knowingly causes bodily injury:

(i) To a peace officer, a probation officer, a firefighter, an out-
 of-hospital emergency care provider, or an employee of the Department of
 Correctional Services;

(ii) To an employee of the Department of Health and Human Services
if the person committing the offense is committed as a dangerous sex
offender under the Sex Offender Commitment Act; or

31 (iii) To a health care professional; and

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1 (b) The offense is committed while such officer, firefighter, out- 2 of-hospital emergency care provider, or employee is engaged in the 3 performance of his or her official duties or while the health care 4 professional is on duty at a hospital or a health clinic.

5 (2) Assault on an officer, an emergency responder, a state 6 correctional employee, a Department of Health and Human Services 7 employee, or a health care professional using a motor vehicle shall be a 8 Class IIIA felony.

9 Sec. 10. Section 28-934, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
10 2018, is amended to read:

28-934 (1) Any person who knowingly and intentionally strikes any
public safety officer with any bodily fluid is guilty of assault with a
bodily fluid against a public safety officer.

14 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, assault
15 with a bodily fluid against a public safety officer is a Class I
16 misdemeanor.

17 (3) Assault with a bodily fluid against a public safety officer is a Class IIIA felony if the person committing the offense strikes with a 18 bodily fluid the eyes, mouth, or skin of a public safety officer and knew 19 bodily fluid was 20 the source of the infected with the human 21 immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B, or hepatitis C at the time the 22 offense was committed.

23 (4) Upon a showing of probable cause by affidavit to a judge of this 24 state that an offense as defined in subsection (1) of this section has been committed and that identifies the probable source of the bodily 25 26 fluid or bodily fluids used to commit the offense, the judge shall grant 27 an order or issue a search warrant authorizing the collection of any including any bodily fluid or medical records or 28 evidence, the 29 performance of any medical or scientific testing or analysis, that may 30 assist with the determination of whether or not the person committing the offense or the person from whom the person committing the offense 31

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obtained the bodily fluid or bodily fluids is infected with the human
 immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B, or hepatitis C.

3 (5) As used in this section:

4 (a) Bodily fluid means any naturally produced secretion or waste 5 product generated by the human body and shall include, but not be limited 6 to, any quantity of human blood, urine, saliva, mucus, vomitus, seminal 7 fluid, or feces; and

8 (b) Public safety officer includes any of the following persons who 9 are engaged in the performance of their official duties at the time of the offense: A peace officer; a probation officer; a firefighter; an out-10 11 of-hospital emergency care provider as defined in section 28-929.01; a 12 health care professional as defined in section 28-929.01; an employee of a county, city, or village jail; an employee of the Department of 13 14 Correctional Services; an employee of the secure youth confinement 15 facility operated by the Department of Correctional Services, if the person committing the offense is committed to such facility; an employee 16 of the Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Geneva or the Youth 17 Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Kearney; or an employee of the 18 Department of Health and Human Services if the person committing the 19 20 offense is committed as a dangerous sex offender under the Sex Offender 21 Commitment Act.

22 Sec. 11. Section 38-1201, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 23 2018, is amended to read:

38-1201 Sections 38-1201 to 38-1237 <u>and sections 16 to 18 of this</u>
<u>act</u>shall be known and may be cited as the Emergency Medical Services
Practice Act.

27 Sec. 12. Section 38-1202, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 38-1202 It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the 30 Emergency Medical Services Practice Act to (1) effectuate the delivery of 31 quality out-of-hospital emergency medical care in the state, (2)

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1 eliminate duplication of statutory requirements, (3) merge the former 2 boards responsible for regulating ambulance services and emergency 3 medical care, (4) replace the former law regulating providers of and services delivering emergency medical care, (5) provide 4 for the 5 appropriate licensure of persons providing <u>emergency</u> out-of-hospital 6 medical care and licensure of organizations providing emergency medical 7 services, (3) (6) provide for the establishment of educational 8 requirements and permitted practices for persons providing out-of-9 hospital emergency medical care, (4) (7) provide a system for regulation of out-of-hospital emergency medical care which encourages out-of-10 11 hospital emergency care providers and emergency medical services to 12 provide the highest degree of care which they are capable of providing, and (5) (8) provide a flexible system for the regulation of out-of-13 14 hospital emergency care providers and emergency medical services that 15 protects public health and safety.

The act shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes of, carry out the intent of, and discharge the responsibilities prescribed in the act.

Sec. 13. Section 38-1203, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

21 38-1203 The Legislature finds:

(1) That out-of-hospital emergency medical care is a primary and essential health care service and that the presence of an adequately equipped ambulance and trained out-of-hospital emergency care providers may be the difference between life and death or permanent disability to those persons in Nebraska making use of such services in an emergency;

(2) That effective delivery of out-of-hospital emergency medical
 care may be assisted by a program of training and licensure of out-of hospital emergency care providers and licensure of emergency medical
 services in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the board;

31 (3) That the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act is essential to

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aid in advancing the quality of care being provided by out-of-hospital
emergency care providers and by emergency medical services and the
provision of effective, practical, and economical delivery of out-ofhospital emergency medical care in the State of Nebraska;

5 (4) That the services to be delivered by out-of-hospital emergency 6 care providers are complex and demanding and that training and other 7 requirements appropriate for delivery of the services must be constantly 8 reviewed and updated; and

9 (5) That the enactment of a regulatory system that can respond to 10 changing needs of patients and out-of-hospital emergency care providers 11 and emergency medical services is in the best interests of the <u>residents</u> 12 citizens of Nebraska.

Sec. 14. Section 38-1204, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

15 38-1204 For purposes of the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act 16 and elsewhere in the Uniform Credentialing Act, unless the context 17 otherwise requires, the definitions found in sections 38-1205 to 38-1214 18 and sections 16 to 18 of this act apply.

Sec. 15. Section 38-1204.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,20 2018, is amended to read:

21 38-1204.01 Advanced emergency medical technician practice of out-of-22 hospital emergency medical care means care provided in accordance with 23 the knowledge and skill acquired through successful completion of an 24 approved program for an advanced emergency medical technician. Such care includes, but is not limited to, (1) all of the acts that an emergency 25 26 medical technician is authorized to perform and (2) complex 27 interventions, treatments, and pharmacological interventions.

28 Sec. 16. <u>Community paramedic practice of emergency medical care</u> 29 <u>means care provided by an advanced emergency medical technician,</u> 30 <u>emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician-intermediate,</u> 31 or paramedic in accordance with the knowledge and skill acquired through

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successful completion of an approved program for a community paramedic at 1 the respective licensure classification of the emergency care provider 2 3 except for an emergency medical responder. Such care includes, but is not limited to, (1) the provision of telephone triage, advice, or other 4 5 assistance to nonurgent 911 calls, (2) the provision of assistance or 6 education to patients with chronic disease management, including 7 posthospital discharge followup to prevent hospital admission or 8 readmission, and (3) all of the acts that the respective licensure 9 classification of an emergency care provider is authorized to perform.

Sec. 17. Critical care paramedic practice of emergency medical care 10 11 means care provided by a paramedic in accordance with the knowledge and 12 skill acquired through successful completion of an approved program for a critical care paramedic. Such care includes, but is not limited to, (1) 13 14 all of the acts that a paramedic is licensed to perform, (2) advanced 15 clinical patient assessment, (3) intravenous infusions, and (4) complex interventions, treatments, and pharmacological interventions used to 16 treat critically ill or injured patients within the critical care 17 environment, including transport. 18

Sec. 18. Section 38-1208, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,20 2018, is amended to read:

21 38-1208 Emergency Out-of-hospital emergency care provider includes 22 all licensure classifications of emergency care providers established 23 pursuant to the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act. Prior to 24 December 31, 2025, out-of-hospital emergency care provider includes outof-hospital advanced emergency medical technician, community paramedic, 25 26 critical care paramedic, emergency medical responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician-intermediate, and paramedic. On 27 and after December 31, 2025, out-of-hospital emergency care provider 28 29 includes advanced emergency medical technician, community paramedic, 30 critical care paramedic, emergency medical responder, emergency medical 31 technician, and paramedic.

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Sec. 19. Section 38-1206.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2018, is amended to read:

3 38-1206.01 Emergency medical responder practice of out-of-hospital emergency medical care means care provided in accordance with the 4 5 knowledge and skill acquired through successful completion of an approved 6 program for an emergency medical responder. Such care includes, but is 7 not limited to, (1) contributing to the assessment of the health status 8 of an individual, (2) simple, noninvasive interventions, and (3) 9 minimizing secondary injury to an individual.

Sec. 20. Section 38-1207.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

12 38-1207.01 Emergency medical technician practice of out-of-hospital 13 emergency medical care means care provided in accordance with the 14 knowledge and skill acquired through successful completion of an approved 15 program for an emergency medical technician. Such care includes, but is 16 not limited to, (1) all of the acts that an emergency medical responder 17 can perform, and (2) simple invasive interventions, management and 18 transportation of individuals, and nonvisualized intubation.

Sec. 21. Section 38-1207.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,20 2018, is amended to read:

21 38-1207.02 Emergency medical technician-intermediate practice of 22 out-of-hospital emergency medical care means care provided in accordance 23 with the knowledge and skill acquired through successful completion of an 24 approved program for an emergency medical technician-intermediate. Such 25 care includes, but is not limited to, (1) all of the acts that an 26 advanced emergency medical technician can perform, and (2) visualized 27 intubation. This section terminates on December 31, 2025.

Sec. 22. Section 38-1208.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

30 38-1208.01 Paramedic practice of out-of-hospital emergency medical
 31 care means care provided in accordance with the knowledge and skill

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acquired through successful completion of an approved program for a
 paramedic. Such care includes, but is not limited to, (1) all of the acts
 that an emergency medical technician-intermediate can perform, and (2)
 surgical cricothyrotomy.

5 Sec. 23. Section 38-1208.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
6 2018, is amended to read:

7 38-1208.02 Practice of out-of-hospital emergency medical care means 8 the performance of any act using judgment or skill based upon the United 9 States Department of Transportation education standards and guideline 10 training requirements, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's National Emergency Medical Service Scope of Practice 11 12 Model and National Emergency Medical Services Education Standards, an education program for a community paramedic or a critical care paramedic 13 14 that is approved by the board and the Department of Health and Human 15 Services, and permitted practices and procedures for the level of licensure listed in section 38-1217. Such acts include the identification 16 17 of and intervention in actual or potential health problems of individuals and are directed toward addressing such problems based on actual or 18 medical circumstances prior to or during 19 perceived traumatic or 20 transportation to a hospital or for routine transportation between health 21 care facilities or services. Such acts are provided under therapeutic 22 regimens ordered by a physician medical director or through protocols as 23 provided by the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act.

24 Sec. 24. Section 38-1209, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

26 38-1209 Patient means an individual who either identifies himself or 27 herself as being in need of medical attention or upon assessment by an 28 out-of-hospital emergency care provider has an injury or illness 29 requiring treatment.

30 Sec. 25. Section 38-1210, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

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38-1210 Physician medical director means a qualified physician who
 is responsible for the medical supervision of out-of-hospital emergency
 care providers and verification of skill proficiency of out-of-hospital
 emergency care providers pursuant to section 38-1217.

5 Sec. 26. Section 38-1211, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 6 amended to read:

38-1211 Protocol means a set of written policies, procedures, and
directions from a physician medical director to an out-of-hospital
emergency care provider concerning the medical procedures to be performed
in specific situations.

11 Sec. 27. Section 38-1213, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13 38-1213 Qualified physician surrogate means a qualified, trained 14 medical person designated by a qualified physician in writing to act as 15 an agent for the physician in directing the actions or renewal of 16 licensure of out-of-hospital emergency care providers.

Sec. 28. Section 38-1215, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

19 38-1215 (1) The board shall have seventeen members appointed by the 20 Governor with the approval of a majority of the Legislature. The 21 appointees may begin to serve immediately following appointment and prior 22 to approval by the Legislature.

23 (2)(a) Seven members of the board shall be active out-of-hospital 24 emergency care providers at the time of and for the duration of their appointment, and each shall have at least five years of experience in his 25 26 or her level of licensure at the time of his or her appointment or 27 reappointment. Of the seven members who are out-of-hospital emergency care providers, two shall be emergency medical responders, two shall be 28 29 emergency medical technicians, one shall be an advanced emergency medical 30 technician, and two shall be paramedics.

31 (b) Three of the members shall be qualified physicians actively

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involved in emergency medical care. At least one of the physician members
 shall be a board-certified emergency physician, and at least one of the
 physician members shall specialize in pediatrics.

(c) Five members shall be appointed to include one member who is a 4 5 representative of an approved training agency, one member who is a 6 physician assistant with at least five years of experience and active in 7 out-of-hospital emergency medical care education, one member who is a 8 registered nurse with at least five years of experience and active in 9 out-of-hospital emergency medical care education, and two public members who meet the requirements of section 38-165 and who have an expressed 10 11 interest in the provision of out-of-hospital emergency medical care.

(d) The remaining two members shall have any of the qualifications
listed in subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection.

14 (e) In addition to any other criteria for appointment, among the 15 members of the board appointed after January 1, 2017, there shall be at least three members who are volunteer emergency medical care providers, 16 17 at least one member who is a paid emergency medical care provider, at 18 least one member who is a firefighter, at least one member who is a law enforcement officer, and at least one member who is active in the 19 20 Critical Incident Stress Management Program. If a person appointed to the 21 board is qualified to serve as a member in more than one capacity, all qualifications of such person shall be taken into consideration to 22 23 determine whether or not the diversity in qualifications required in this 24 subsection has been met.

(f) At least five members of the board shall be appointed from each
congressional district, and at least one of such members shall be a
physician member described in subdivision (b) of this subsection.

(3) Members shall serve five-year terms beginning on December 1 and
may serve for any number of such terms. The terms of the members of the
board appointed prior to December 1, 2008, shall be extended by two years
and until December 1 of such year. Each member shall hold office until

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1 the expiration of his or her term. Any vacancy in membership, other than 2 by expiration of a term, shall be filled within ninety days by the 3 Governor by appointment as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

4 (4) Special meetings of the board may be called by the department or 5 upon the written request of any six members of the board explaining the 6 reason for such meeting. The place of the meetings shall be set by the 7 department.

8 (5) The Governor upon recommendation of the department shall have 9 power to remove from office at any time any member of the board for physical or mental incapacity to carry out the duties of a board member, 10 11 for continued neglect of duty, for incompetency, for acting beyond the 12 individual member's scope of authority, for malfeasance in office, for any cause for which a professional credential may be suspended or revoked 13 14 pursuant to the Uniform Credentialing Act, or for a lack of license 15 required by the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act.

16 (6) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section and 17 notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, a member of the board who 18 changes his or her licensure classification after appointment or has a 19 licensure classification which is terminated under section 38-1207.02 or 20 38-1217 when such licensure classification was a qualification for 21 appointment shall be permitted to continue to serve as a member of the 22 board until the expiration of his or her term.

Sec. 29. Section 38-1216, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
24 2018, is amended to read:

38-1216 In addition to any other responsibilities prescribed by the
 Emergency Medical Services Practice Act, the board shall:

(1) Promote the dissemination of public information and education
 programs to inform the public about out-of-hospital emergency medical
 service care and other out-of-hospital medical information, including
 appropriate methods of medical self-help, first aid, and the availability
 of out-of-hospital emergency medical services training programs in the

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1 state;

2 (2) Provide for the collection of information for evaluation of the 3 availability and quality of out-of-hospital emergency medical care, 4 evaluate the availability and quality of out-of-hospital emergency 5 medical care, and serve as a focal point for discussion of the provision 6 of out-of-hospital emergency medical care;

7 (3) Establish model procedures for patient management in out-of 8 hospital medical emergencies that do not limit the authority of law
 9 enforcement and fire protection personnel to manage the scene during an
 10 out-of-hospital medical emergency;

11 (4) Not less than once each five years, undertake a review and 12 evaluation of the act and its implementation together with a review of 13 the out-of-hospital emergency medical care needs of the <u>residents</u> 14 citizens of the State of Nebraska and submit electronically a report to 15 the Legislature with any recommendations which it may have; and

16 (5) Identify communication needs of emergency medical services and 17 make recommendations for development of a communications plan for a 18 communications network for out-of-hospital emergency care providers and 19 emergency medical services.

Sec. 30. Section 38-1217, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

22 38-1217 The board shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to:

(1) Create licensure requirements for advanced emergency medical
technicians, <u>community paramedics</u>, <u>critical care paramedics</u>, <u>emergency</u>
medical responders, emergency medical technicians, and paramedics and,
until December 31, 2025, create renewal requirements for emergency
medical technicians-intermediate. The rules and regulations shall include
all criteria and qualifications for each classification determined to be
necessary for protection of public health and safety;

30 (2) Provide for temporary licensure of an out-of-hospital emergency
 31 care provider who has completed the educational requirements for a

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licensure classification enumerated in subdivision (1) of this section 1 2 but has not completed the testing requirements for licensure under such 3 subdivision. A temporary license shall allow the person to practice only in association with a licensed out-of-hospital emergency care provider 4 5 under physician medical direction and shall be valid until the date on 6 which the results of the next licensure examination are available to the 7 department. The temporary license shall expire immediately if the 8 applicant has failed the examination. In no case may a temporary license 9 be issued for a period extending beyond one year. The rules and regulations shall include qualifications and training necessary for 10 11 issuance of such temporary license, the practices and procedures 12 authorized for a temporary licensee under this subdivision, and supervision required for a temporary licensee under this subdivision. The 13 14 requirements of this subdivision and the rules and regulations adopted 15 and promulgated pursuant to this subdivision do not apply to a temporary license issued as provided in section 38-129.01; 16

17 (3) Provide for temporary licensure of an out-of-hospital emergency care provider relocating to Nebraska, if such out-of-hospital emergency 18 care provider is lawfully authorized to practice in another state that 19 20 has adopted the licensing standards of the EMS Personnel Licensure 21 Interstate Compact. Such temporary licensure shall be valid for one year 22 or until a license is issued and shall not be subject to renewal. The 23 requirements of this subdivision do not apply to a temporary license 24 issued as provided in section 38-129.01;

(4) Set standards for the licensure of basic life support services
and advanced life support services. The rules and regulations providing
for licensure shall include standards and requirements for: Vehicles,
equipment, maintenance, sanitation, inspections, personnel, training,
medical direction, records maintenance, practices and procedures to be
provided by employees or members of each classification of service, and
other criteria for licensure established by the board;

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1 (5) Authorize emergency medical services to provide differing 2 practices and procedures depending upon the qualifications of out-of- 3 hospital emergency care providers available at the time of service 4 delivery. No emergency medical service shall be licensed to provide 5 practices or procedures without the use of personnel licensed to provide 6 the practices or procedures;

7 (6) Authorize out-of-hospital emergency care providers to perform 8 any practice or procedure which they are authorized to perform with an 9 emergency medical service other than the service with which they are 10 affiliated when requested by the other service and when the patient for 11 whom they are to render services is in danger of loss of life;

(7) Provide for the approval of training agencies, provide for
 disciplinary or corrective action against training agencies, and
 establish minimum standards for services provided by training agencies;

(8) Provide for the minimum qualifications of a physician medical
director in addition to the licensure required by section 38-1212;

17 (9) Provide for the use of physician medical directors, qualified physician surrogates, model protocols, standing orders, operating 18 procedures, and guidelines which may be necessary or appropriate to carry 19 20 out the purposes of the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act. The 21 model protocols, standing orders, operating procedures, and guidelines 22 may be modified by the physician medical director for use by any out-of-23 hospital emergency care provider or emergency medical service before or 24 after adoption;

25 (10) Establish criteria for approval of organizations issuing 26 cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification which shall include criteria 27 for instructors, establishment of certification periods and minimum 28 curricula, and other aspects of training and certification;

(10) (11) Establish renewal and reinstatement requirements for out of-hospital emergency care providers and establish continuing competency
 requirements. Continuing education is sufficient to meet continuing

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1 competency requirements. The requirements may also include, but not be 2 limited to, one or more of the continuing competency activities listed in 3 section 38-145 which a licensed person may select as an alternative to 4 continuing education. The reinstatement requirements for out-of-hospital 5 emergency care providers shall allow reinstatement at the same or any 6 lower level of licensure for which the out-of-hospital emergency care 7 provider is determined to be qualified;

8 <u>(11)</u> (12) Create licensure, renewal, and reinstatement requirements 9 for emergency medical service instructors. The rules and regulations 10 shall include the practices and procedures for licensure, renewal, and 11 reinstatement;

12 (12) (13) Establish criteria for emergency medical techniciansintermediate, advanced emergency medical technicians, emergency medical 13 14 technicians, community paramedics, critical care paramedics, or 15 paramedics performing activities within their scope of practice and as 16 determined by a licensed health care practitioner as defined in section 17 38-1224 at a hospital or health clinic under section 38-1224. Such criteria shall include, but not be limited to, a requirement that such 18 activities shall only be performed at the discretion of, and with the 19 approval of, the governing authority of such hospital or health clinic. 20 21 For purposes of this subdivision, health clinic has the definition found 22 in section 71-416 and hospital has the definition found in section 23 71-419; and

(13) (14) Establish model protocols for compliance with the Stroke
 System of Care Act by an emergency medical service and an emergency care
 provider.

27 Sec. 31. Section 38-1218, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 28 2018, is amended to read:

38-1218 (1) The board may approve curricula for the licensure
 classifications listed in the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act.

31 (2) The department and the board shall consider the following

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factors, in addition to other factors required or permitted by the
 Emergency Medical Services Practice Act, when adopting rules and
 regulations for a licensure classification:

4 (a) Whether the initial training required for licensure in the 5 classification is sufficient to enable the out-of-hospital emergency care 6 provider to perform the practices and procedures authorized for the 7 classification in a manner which is beneficial to the patient and 8 protects public health and safety;

9 (b) Whether the practices and procedures to be authorized are 10 necessary to the efficient and effective delivery of out-of-hospital 11 emergency medical care;

(c) Whether morbidity can be reduced or recovery enhanced by the use
of the practices and procedures to be authorized for the classification;
and

(d) Whether continuing competency requirements are sufficient to
maintain the skills authorized for the classification.

(3) An applicant for licensure for a licensure classification listed
in subdivision (1) of section 38-1217 who is a military spouse may apply
for a temporary license as provided in section 38-129.01.

20 Sec. 32. Section 38-1220, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is 21 amended to read:

38-1220 The following are exempt from the licensing requirements ofthe Emergency Medical Services Practice Act:

(1) The occasional use of a vehicle or aircraft not designated as an
 ambulance and not ordinarily used in transporting patients or operating
 emergency care, rescue, or resuscitation services;

(2) Vehicles or aircraft rendering services as an ambulance in case
of a major catastrophe or emergency when licensed ambulances based in the
localities of the catastrophe or emergency are incapable of rendering the
services required;

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(3) Ambulances from another state which are operated from a location

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1 or headquarters outside of this state in order to transport patients 2 across state lines, but no such ambulance shall be used to pick up 3 patients within this state for transportation to locations within this 4 state except in case of an emergency;

5 (4) Ambulances or emergency vehicles owned and operated by an agency
6 of the United States Government and the personnel of such agency;

7 (5) Except for the provisions of section 38-1232, physicians, 8 physician assistants, registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, or 9 advanced practice registered nurses, who hold current Nebraska licenses 10 and are exclusively engaged in the practice of their respective 11 professions;

(6) Persons authorized to perform out-of-hospital emergency care in
 other states when incidentally working in Nebraska in response to an
 emergency situation; and

(7) Students under the supervision of (a) a licensed out-of-hospital emergency care provider performing emergency medical services that are an integral part of the training provided by an approved training agency or (b) an organization accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs for the level of training the student is completing.

21 Sec. 33. Section 38-1224, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 22 2018, is amended to read:

23 38-1224 (1) An out-of-hospital emergency care provider other than an 24 emergency medical responder may not assume the duties incident to the title or practice the skills of an out-of-hospital emergency care 25 26 provider unless he or she (a) is acting under the supervision of a 27 licensed health care practitioner or under the direction of a registered nurse and (b) is employed by or serving as a member of an emergency 28 29 medical service, a hospital, or a health clinic licensed by the 30 department.

31

(2) An out-of-hospital emergency care provider may only practice the

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skills he or she is authorized to employ and which are covered by the
 license issued to such provider pursuant to the Emergency Medical
 Services Practice Act or as authorized pursuant to the EMS Personnel
 Licensure Interstate Compact.

5 (3) A registered nurse may provide for the direction of an emergency
6 care provider in any setting other than an emergency medical service.

7 (4) (3) For purposes of this section, licensed health care 8 practitioner means (a) a physician medical director or physician 9 surrogate for purposes of supervision of an out-of-hospital emergency care provider for an emergency medical service or (b) a physician, a 10 11 physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse for 12 purposes of supervision of an out-of-hospital emergency care provider in a setting other than an emergency medical service for a hospital or 13 14 health clinic. A registered nurse may direct an out-of-hospital emergency 15 care provider in a hospital or health clinic.

Sec. 34. Section 38-1225, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

18 38-1225 (1) No patient data received or recorded by an emergency medical service or an out-of-hospital emergency care provider shall be 19 20 divulged, made public, or released by an emergency medical service or an 21 out-of-hospital emergency care provider, except that patient data may be 22 released for purposes of treatment, payment, and other health care 23 operations as defined and permitted under the federal Health Insurance 24 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as such act existed on January 1, 2018, or as otherwise permitted by law. Such data shall be 25 26 provided to the department for public health purposes pursuant to rules 27 and regulations of the department. For purposes of this section, patient data means any data received or recorded as part of the records 28 29 maintenance requirements of the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act.

30 (2) Patient data received by the department shall be confidential
31 with release only (a) in aggregate data reports created by the department

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on a periodic basis or at the request of an individual, (b) as case-1 2 specific data to approved researchers for specific research projects, (c) 3 as protected health information to a public health authority, as such terms are defined under the federal Health Insurance Portability and 4 5 Accountability Act of 1996, as such act existed on January 1, 2018, and 6 (d) as protected health information, as defined under the federal Health 7 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as such act existed 8 on January 1, 2018, to an emergency medical service, to an out-of-9 hospital emergency care provider, or to a licensed health care facility for purposes of treatment. A record may be shared with the emergency 10 medical service or out-of-hospital emergency care provider that reported 11 12 specific Approved researchers shall maintain that record. the confidentiality of the data, and researchers shall be approved in the 13 14 same manner as described in section 81-666. Aggregate reports shall be 15 public documents.

(3) No civil or criminal liability of any kind or character for
damages or other relief or penalty shall arise or be enforced against any
person or organization by reason of having provided patient data pursuant
to this section.

20 Sec. 35. Section 38-1226, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 38-1226 No ambulance shall transport any patient upon any street, 23 road, highway, airspace, or public way in the State of Nebraska unless 24 such ambulance, when so transporting patients, is occupied by at least one licensed out-of-hospital emergency care provider. Such requirement 25 26 shall be met if any of the individuals providing the service is a 27 licensed physician, registered nurse, or licensed physician assistant, or 28 licensed practical nurse functioning within the scope of practice of his 29 or her license.

30 Sec. 36. Section 38-1228, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

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1 38-1228 The department, with the approval of the board, may, 2 whenever it deems appropriate, waive any rule, regulation, or standard 3 relating to the licensure of emergency medical services or out-of- 4 hospital emergency care providers when the lack of a licensed emergency 5 medical service in a municipality or other area will create an undue 6 hardship in the municipality or other area in meeting the emergency 7 medical service needs of the <u>residents people</u> thereof.

8 Sec. 37. Section 38-1232, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
9 2018, is amended to read:

38-1232 (1) No out-of-hospital emergency care provider, physician 10 11 assistant, registered nurse, or licensed practical nurse who provides 12 public emergency care shall be liable in any civil action to respond in damages as a result of his or her acts of commission or omission arising 13 14 out of and in the course of his or her rendering in good faith any such 15 care. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to grant any such immunity for liability arising out of the operation of any motor vehicle, 16 aircraft, or boat or while such person was impaired by alcoholic liquor 17 or any controlled substance enumerated in section 28-405 in connection 18 with such care, nor shall immunity apply to any person causing damage or 19 injury by his or her willful, wanton, or grossly negligent act of 20 21 commission or omission.

22 (2) No qualified physician or qualified physician surrogate who 23 gives orders, either orally or by communication equipment, to any out-of-24 hospital emergency care provider at the scene of an emergency, no out-ofhospital emergency care provider following such orders within the limits 25 26 of his or her licensure, and no out-of-hospital emergency care provider 27 trainee in an approved training program following such orders, shall be liable civilly or criminally by reason of having issued or followed such 28 29 orders but shall be subject to the rules of law applicable to negligence.

30 (3) No physician medical director shall incur any liability by 31 reason of his or her use of any unmodified protocol, standing order,

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operating procedure, or guideline provided by the board pursuant to
 subdivision (9) of section 38-1217.

Sec. 38. Section 38-1233, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

5 38-1233 No out-of-hospital emergency care provider shall be subject 6 to civil liability based solely upon failure to obtain consent in 7 rendering emergency medical, surgical, hospital, or health services to 8 any individual regardless of age when the patient is unable to give his 9 or her consent for any reason and there is no other person reasonably 10 available who is legally authorized to consent to the providing of such 11 care.

Sec. 39. Section 38-1234, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

14 38-1234 No act of commission or omission of any out-of-hospital 15 emergency care provider while rendering emergency medical care within the 16 limits of his or her licensure or status as a trainee to a person who is 17 deemed by the provider to be in immediate danger of injury or loss of 18 life shall impose any liability on any other person, and this section 19 shall not relieve the out-of-hospital emergency care provider from 20 personal liability, if any.

Sec. 40. Section 38-1237, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2018, is amended to read:

23 38-1237 It shall be unlawful for any person who has not been 24 licensed pursuant to the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act or authorized pursuant to the EMS Personnel Licensure Interstate Compact to 25 26 hold himself or herself out as an out-of-hospital emergency care 27 provider, to use any other term to indicate or imply that he or she is an out-of-hospital emergency care provider, or to act as such a provider 28 29 without a license therefor. It shall be unlawful for any person to 30 operate a training agency for the initial training or renewal or reinstatement of licensure of out-of-hospital emergency care providers 31

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unless the training agency is approved pursuant to rules and regulations
 of the department. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate an
 emergency medical service unless such service is licensed.

Sec. 41. Section 38-1813, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

6 38-1813 (1) A person shall be qualified to be a licensed medical 7 nutrition therapist if such person furnishes evidence that he or she:

8 <u>(a)</u> (1) Has met the requirements for and is a registered dietitian 9 by the American Dietetic Association or an equivalent entity recognized 10 by the board;

11 (b)(i) (2)(a) Has satisfactorily passed an examination approved by 12 the board;

(ii) (b) Has received a baccalaureate degree from an accredited
 college or university with a major course of study in human nutrition,
 food and nutrition, dietetics, or an equivalent major course of study
 approved by the board; and

17 (iii) (c) Has satisfactorily completed a program of supervised 18 clinical experience approved by the department. Such clinical experience 19 shall consist of not less than nine hundred hours of a planned continuous 20 experience in human nutrition, food and nutrition, or dietetics under the 21 supervision of an individual meeting the qualifications of this section; 22 or

23 (c)(i) (3)(a) Has satisfactorily passed an examination approved by
 24 the board; and

(ii)(A) (b)(i) Has received a master's or doctorate degree from an
 accredited college or university in human nutrition, nutrition education,
 food and nutrition, or public health nutrition or in an equivalent major
 course of study approved by the board; or

(B) (ii) Has received a master's or doctorate degree from an
 accredited college or university which includes a major course of study
 in clinical nutrition. Such course of study shall consist of not less

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than a combined two hundred hours of biochemistry and physiology and not
 less than seventy-five hours in human nutrition.

3 (2) For purposes of this section, accredited college or university 4 means an institution currently listed with the United States Secretary of 5 Education as accredited. Applicants who have obtained their education 6 outside of the United States and its territories shall have their 7 academic degrees validated as equivalent to a baccalaureate or master's 8 degree conferred by a United States regionally accredited college or 9 university.

<u>(3)(a)</u> The practice of medical nutrition therapy shall be performed
 under the consultation of a physician licensed pursuant to section
 38-2026 or sections 38-2029 to 38-2033.

(b) A licensed medical nutrition therapist may order patient diets,
 including therapeutic diets, in accordance with this subsection.

Sec. 42. Section 48-115, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-115 The terms employee and worker are used interchangeably and
have the same meaning throughout the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act.
Such terms include the plural and all ages and both sexes. For purposes
of the act, employee or worker shall be construed to mean:

(1) Every person in the service of the state or of any governmental
agency created by it, including the Nebraska National Guard and members
of the military forces of the State of Nebraska, under any appointment or
contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written;

(2) Every person in the service of an employer who is engaged in any
trade, occupation, business, or profession as described in section 48-106
under any contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written,
including aliens and also including minors. Minors for the purpose of
making election of remedies under the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act
shall have the same power of contracting and electing as adult employees.
As used in subdivisions (1) through (11) of this section, the terms

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employee and worker shall not be construed to include any person whose
 employment is not in the usual course of the trade, business, profession,
 or occupation of his or her employer.

If an employee subject to the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act 4 5 suffers an injury on account of which he or she or, in the event of his 6 or her death, his or her dependents would otherwise have been entitled to 7 the benefits provided by such act, the employee or, in the event of his 8 or her death, his or her dependents shall be entitled to the benefits 9 provided under such act, if the injury or injury resulting in death occurred within this state, or if at the time of such injury (a) the 10 11 employment was principally localized within this state, (b) the employer 12 was performing work within this state, or (c) the contract of hire was made within this state; 13

14 (3) Volunteer firefighters of any fire department of any rural or 15 suburban fire protection district, city, village, or nonprofit corporation, which fire department is organized under the laws of the 16 17 State of Nebraska. Such volunteers shall be deemed employees of such rural or suburban fire protection district, city, village, or nonprofit 18 corporation while in the performance of their duties as members of such 19 20 department and shall be considered as having entered and as acting in the 21 regular course and scope of their employment from the instant such 22 persons commence responding to a call to active duty, whether to a fire 23 station or other place where firefighting equipment that their company or 24 unit is to use is located or to any activities that the volunteer firefighters may be directed to do by the chief of the fire department or 25 26 some person authorized to act for such chief. Such volunteers shall be 27 deemed employees of such rural or suburban fire protection district, city, village, or nonprofit corporation until their return to the 28 29 location from which they were initially called to active duty or until 30 they engage in any activity beyond the scope of the performance of their duties, whichever occurs first. 31

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Members of such volunteer fire department, before they are entitled 1 2 to benefits under the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act, shall be 3 recommended by the chief of the fire department or some person authorized to act for such chief for membership therein to the board of directors of 4 5 the rural or suburban fire protection district or nonprofit corporation, 6 the mayor and city commission, the mayor and council, or the chairperson 7 and board of trustees, as the case may be, and upon confirmation shall be deemed employees of such entity. Members of such fire department after 8 9 confirmation to membership may be removed by a majority vote of the entity's board of directors or governing body and thereafter shall not be 10 11 considered employees of such entity. Firefighters of any fire department of any rural or suburban fire protection district, nonprofit corporation, 12 city, or village shall be considered as acting in the performance and 13 14 within the course and scope of their employment when performing 15 activities outside of the corporate limits of their respective districts, cities, or villages, but only if directed to do so by the chief of the 16 17 fire department or some person authorized to act for such chief;

(4) Members of the Nebraska Emergency Management Agency, any city, 18 interjurisdictional 19 village, county, or emergency management 20 organization, or any state emergency response team, which agency, 21 organization, or team is regularly organized under the laws of the State 22 of Nebraska. Such members shall be deemed employees of such agency, 23 organization, or team while in the performance of their duties as members 24 of such agency, organization, or team;

(5) Any person fulfilling conditions of probation, or community service as defined in section 29-2277, pursuant to any order of any court of this state who shall be working for a governmental body, or agency as defined in section 29-2277, pursuant to any condition of probation, or community service as defined in section 29-2277. Such person shall be deemed an employee of the governmental body or agency for the purposes of the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act;

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(6) Volunteer ambulance drivers and attendants and out-of-hospital 1 2 emergency care providers who are members of an emergency medical service 3 for any county, city, village, rural or suburban fire protection district, nonprofit corporation, or any combination of such entities 4 5 under the authority of section 13-303. Such volunteers shall be deemed 6 employees of such entity or combination thereof while in the performance 7 of their duties as ambulance drivers or attendants or out-of-hospital 8 emergency care providers and shall be considered as having entered into 9 and as acting in the regular course and scope of their employment from the instant such persons commence responding to a call to active duty, 10 11 whether to a hospital or other place where the ambulance they are to use 12 is located or to any activities that the volunteer ambulance drivers or attendants or out-of-hospital emergency care providers may be directed to 13 14 do by the chief or some person authorized to act for such chief of the 15 volunteer ambulance service or out-of-hospital emergency care service. Such volunteers shall be deemed employees of such county, city, village, 16 17 rural or suburban fire protection district, nonprofit corporation, or combination of such entities until their return to the location from 18 which they were initially called to active duty or until they engage in 19 20 any activity beyond the scope of the performance of their duties, 21 whichever occurs first. Before such volunteer ambulance drivers or 22 attendants or out-of-hospital emergency care providers are entitled to 23 benefits under the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act, they shall be 24 recommended by the chief or some person authorized to act for such chief of the volunteer ambulance service or out-of-hospital emergency care 25 26 service for membership therein to the board of directors of the rural or 27 suburban fire protection district or nonprofit corporation, the governing body of the county, city, or village, or combination thereof, as the case 28 29 may be, and upon such confirmation shall be deemed employees of such 30 entity or combination thereof. Members of such volunteer ambulance or out-of-hospital emergency care service after confirmation to membership 31

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may be removed by majority vote of the entity's board of directors or 1 2 governing body and thereafter shall not be considered employees of such 3 entity. Volunteer ambulance drivers and attendants and out-of-hospital emergency care providers for any county, city, village, rural or suburban 4 5 fire protection district, nonprofit corporation, or any combination 6 thereof shall be considered as acting in the performance and within the 7 course and scope of their employment when performing activities outside 8 of the corporate limits of their respective county, city, village, or 9 district, but only if directed to do so by the chief or some person authorized to act for such chief; 10

(7) Members of a law enforcement reserve force appointed in
 accordance with section 81-1438. Such members shall be deemed employees
 of the county or city for which they were appointed;

(8) Any offender committed to the Department of Correctional
Services who is employed pursuant to section 81-1827. Such offender shall
be deemed an employee of the Department of Correctional Services solely
for purposes of the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act;

(9) An executive officer of a corporation elected or appointed under 18 the provisions or authority of the charter, articles of incorporation, or 19 20 bylaws of such corporation who owns less than twenty-five percent of the 21 common stock of such corporation or an executive officer of a nonprofit 22 corporation elected or appointed under the provisions or authority of the 23 charter, articles of incorporation, or bylaws of such corporation who 24 receives annual compensation of more than one thousand dollars from such corporation. Such executive officer shall be an employee of such 25 26 corporation under the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act.

An executive officer of a corporation who owns twenty-five percent or more of the common stock of such corporation or an executive officer of a nonprofit corporation who receives annual compensation of one thousand dollars or less from such corporation shall not be construed to be an employee of the corporation under the Nebraska Workers'

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Compensation Act unless such executive officer elects to bring himself or 1 2 herself within the provisions of the act. Such election shall be in 3 writing and filed with the secretary of the corporation and with the workers' compensation insurer. Such election shall be effective upon 4 5 receipt by the insurer for the current policy and subsequent policies 6 issued by such insurer and shall remain in effect until the election is 7 terminated, in writing, by the officer and the termination is filed with 8 the insurer or until the insurer ceases to provide coverage for the 9 corporation, whichever occurs first. Any such termination of election shall also be filed with the secretary of the corporation. If insurance 10 11 is provided through a master policy or a multiple coordinated policy 12 pursuant to the Professional Employer Organization Registration Act on or after January 1, 2012, then such election or termination of election 13 14 shall also be filed with the professional employer organization. If 15 coverage under the master policy or multiple coordinated policy ceases, then such election shall also be effective for a replacement master 16 17 policy or multiple coordinated policy obtained by the professional 18 employer organization and shall remain in effect for the new policy as provided in this subdivision. If such an executive officer has not 19 20 elected to bring himself or herself within the provisions of the Nebraska 21 Workers' Compensation Act pursuant to this subdivision and a health, 22 accident, or other insurance policy covering such executive officer 23 contains an exclusion of coverage if the executive officer is otherwise 24 entitled to workers' compensation coverage, such exclusion is null and void as to such executive officer. 25

It is the intent of the Legislature that the changes made to this subdivision by Laws 2002, LB 417, shall apply to policies of insurance against liability arising under the act with an effective date on or after January 1, 2003, but shall not apply to any such policy with an effective date prior to January 1, 2003;

31 (10) Each individual employer, partner, limited liability company

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member, or self-employed person who is actually engaged in the individual 1 2 employer's, partnership's, limited liability company's, or self-employed 3 person's business on a substantially full-time basis who elects to bring himself or herself within the provisions of the Nebraska Workers' 4 5 Compensation Act. Such election shall be in writing and filed with the 6 workers' compensation insurer. Such election shall be effective upon 7 receipt by the insurer for the current policy and subsequent policies 8 issued by such insurer and shall remain in effect until the election is 9 terminated, in writing, by such person and the termination is filed with the insurer or until the insurer ceases to provide coverage for the 10 11 business, whichever occurs first. If insurance is provided through a 12 master policy or a multiple coordinated policy pursuant to the Professional Employer Organization Registration Act on or after January 13 14 1, 2012, then such election or termination of election shall also be 15 filed with the professional employer organization. If coverage under the master policy or multiple coordinated policy ceases, then such election 16 17 shall also be effective for a replacement master policy or multiple coordinated policy obtained by the professional employer organization and 18 shall remain in effect for the new policy as provided in this 19 20 subdivision. If any such person who is actually engaged in the business 21 on a substantially full-time basis has not elected to bring himself or 22 herself within the provisions of the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act 23 pursuant to this subdivision and a health, accident, or other insurance 24 policy covering such person contains an exclusion of coverage if such person is otherwise entitled to workers' compensation coverage, such 25 26 exclusion shall be null and void as to such person; and

(11) An individual lessor of a commercial motor vehicle leased to a
motor carrier and driven by such individual lessor who elects to bring
himself or herself within the provisions of the Nebraska Workers'
Compensation Act. Such election is made if he or she agrees in writing
with the motor carrier to have the same rights as an employee only for

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purposes of workers' compensation coverage maintained by the motor 1 2 carrier. For an election under this subdivision, the motor carrier's 3 principal place of business must be in this state and the motor carrier must be authorized to self-insure liability under the Nebraska Workers' 4 5 Compensation Act. Such an election shall (a) be effective from the date 6 of such written agreement until such agreement is terminated, (b) be 7 enforceable against such self-insured motor carrier in the same manner and to the same extent as claims arising under the Nebraska Workers' 8 9 Compensation Act by employees of such self-insured motor carrier, and (c) not be deemed to be a contract of insurance for purposes of Chapter 44. 10 11 Section 48-111 shall apply to the individual lessor and the self-insured 12 motor carrier with respect to personal injury or death caused to such individual lessor by accident or occupational disease arising out of and 13 14 in the course of performing services for such self-insured motor carrier 15 in connection with such lease while such election is effective.

16 Sec. 43. Section 68-901, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, is 17 amended to read:

68-901 Sections 68-901 to 68-994 <u>and section 44 of this act</u>shall be
known and may be cited as the Medical Assistance Act.

20 Sec. 44. <u>The Division of Medicaid and Long-Term Care of the</u> 21 <u>Department of Health and Human Services shall set standards required for</u> 22 <u>direct care staff of inpatient psychiatric units for juveniles and</u> 23 <u>psychiatric residential treatment facilities for juveniles. The standards</u> 24 <u>shall require that each such staff member:</u>

25 <u>(1) Be twenty years of age or older;</u>

26 (2) Be at least two years older than the oldest resident in the unit
 27 or facility;

28 (3) Have a high school diploma or its equivalent; and

(4) Have appropriate training for basic interaction care such as
 supervision, daily living care, and mentoring of residents in the unit or
 facility.

Sec. 45. Section 71-507, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 71-507 For purposes of sections 71-507 to 71-513:

4 (1) Alternate facility means a facility other than a health care 5 facility that receives a patient transported to the facility by an 6 emergency services provider;

7

(2) Department means the Department of Health and Human Services;

8 (3) Designated physician means the physician representing the 9 emergency services provider as identified by name, address, and telephone 10 number on the significant exposure report form. The designated physician 11 shall serve as the contact for notification in the event an emergency 12 services provider believes he or she has had significant exposure to an 13 infectious disease or condition. Each emergency services provider shall 14 designate a physician as provided in subsection (2) of section 71-509;

(4) Emergency services provider means an out-of-hospital emergency care provider licensed pursuant to the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act or authorized pursuant to the EMS Personnel Licensure Interstate Compact, a sheriff, a deputy sheriff, a police officer, a state highway patrol officer, a funeral director, a paid or volunteer firefighter, a school district employee, and a person rendering emergency care gratuitously as described in section 25-21,186;

(5) Funeral director means a person licensed under section 38-1414
or an employee of such a person with responsibility for transport or
handling of a deceased human;

(6) Funeral establishment means a business licensed under section
38-1419;

(7) Health care facility has the meaning found in sections 71-419,
71-420, 71-424, and 71-429 or any facility that receives patients of
emergencies who are transported to the facility by emergency services
providers;

31 (8) Infectious disease or condition means hepatitis B, hepatitis C,

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1 meningococcal meningitis, active pulmonary tuberculosis, human 2 immunodeficiency virus, diphtheria, plague, hemorrhagic fevers, rabies, 3 and such other diseases as the department may by rule and regulation 4 specify;

5 (9) Patient means an individual who is sick, injured, wounded,
6 deceased, or otherwise helpless or incapacitated;

7 (10) Patient's attending physician means the physician having the
8 primary responsibility for the patient as indicated on the records of a
9 health care facility;

10 (11) Provider agency means any law enforcement agency, fire 11 department, emergency medical service, funeral establishment, or other 12 entity which employs or directs emergency services providers or public 13 safety officials;

(12) Public safety official means a sheriff, a deputy sheriff, a
police officer, a state highway patrol officer, a paid or volunteer
firefighter, a school district employee, and any civilian law enforcement
employee or volunteer performing his or her duties, other than those as
an emergency services provider;

(13) Responsible person means an individual who has been designated by an alternate facility to carry out the facility's responsibilities under sections 71-507 to 71-513. A responsible person may be designated on a case-by-case basis;

23 (14) Significant exposure means a situation in which the body 24 fluids, including blood, saliva, urine, respiratory secretions, or feces, of a patient or individual have entered the body of an emergency services 25 26 provider or public safety official through a body opening including the 27 mouth or nose, a mucous membrane, or a break in skin from cuts or abrasions, from a contaminated needlestick or scalpel, from intimate 28 29 respiratory contact, or through any other situation when the patient's or 30 individual's body fluids may have entered the emergency services provider's or public safety official's body or when an airborne pathogen 31

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may have been transmitted from the patient or individual to the emergency
 services provider or public safety official; and

3 (15) Significant exposure report form means the form used by the 4 emergency services provider to document information necessary for 5 notification of significant exposure to an infectious disease or 6 condition.

Sec. 46. Section 71-509, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 71-509 (1) If a health care facility or alternate facility determines that a patient treated or transported by an emergency services 10 11 provider has been diagnosed or detected with an infectious airborne 12 disease, the health care facility or alternate facility shall notify the department as soon as practical but not later than forty-eight hours 13 14 after the determination has been made. The department shall investigate 15 all notifications from health care facilities and alternate facilities and notify as soon as practical the physician medical director of each 16 17 emergency medical service with an affected out-of-hospital emergency medical <u>care</u> services provider employed by or associated with the 18 service, the fire chief of each fire department with an affected 19 20 firefighter employed by or associated with the department, the head of 21 each law enforcement agency with an affected peace officer employed by or 22 associated with the agency, the funeral director of each funeral 23 establishment with an affected individual employed by or associated with 24 the funeral establishment, and any emergency services provider known to the department with a significant exposure who is not employed by or 25 26 associated with an emergency medical service, a fire department, a law 27 enforcement agency, or a funeral establishment. Notification of affected individuals shall be made as soon as practical. 28

(2) Whenever an emergency services provider believes he or she has
had a significant exposure while acting as an emergency services
provider, he or she may complete a significant exposure report form. A

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1 copy of the completed form shall be given by the emergency services 2 provider to the health care facility or alternate facility, to the 3 emergency services provider's supervisor, and to the designated 4 physician.

5 (3) Upon receipt of the significant exposure form, if a patient has 6 been diagnosed during the normal course of treatment as having an 7 infectious disease or condition or information is received from which it 8 may be concluded that a patient has an infectious disease or condition, 9 the health care facility or alternate facility receiving the form shall notify the designated physician pursuant to subsection (5) of this 10 11 section. If the patient has not been diagnosed as having an infectious 12 disease or condition and upon the request of the designated physician, the health care facility or alternate facility shall request the 13 14 patient's attending physician or other responsible person to order the 15 necessary diagnostic testing of the patient to determine the presence of an infectious disease or condition. Upon such request, the patient's 16 attending physician or other responsible person shall order the necessary 17 18 diagnostic testing subject to section 71-510. Each health care facility shall develop a policy or protocol to administer such testing and assure 19 20 confidentiality of such testing.

(4) Results of tests conducted under this section and section 71-510
shall be reported by the health care facility or alternate facility that
conducted the test to the designated physician and to the patient's
attending physician, if any.

(5) Notification of the patient's diagnosis of infectious disease or
condition, including the results of any tests, shall be made orally to
the designated physician within forty-eight hours of confirmed diagnosis.
A written report shall be forwarded to the designated physician within
seventy-two hours of confirmed diagnosis.

30 (6) Upon receipt of notification under subsection (5) of this
 31 section, the designated physician shall notify the emergency services

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provider of the exposure to infectious disease or condition and the
 results of any tests conducted under this section and section 71-510.

3 (7) The notification to the emergency services provider shall include the name of the infectious disease or condition diagnosed but 4 5 shall not contain the patient's name or any other identifvina 6 information. Any person receiving such notification shall treat the 7 information received as confidential and shall not disclose the 8 information except as provided in sections 71-507 to 71-513.

9 (8) The provider agency shall be responsible for the costs of 10 diagnostic testing required under this section and section 71-510, except 11 that if a person renders emergency care gratuitously as described in 12 section 25-21,186, such person shall be responsible for the costs.

(9) The patient's attending physician shall inform the patient oftest results for all tests conducted under such sections.

15 Sec. 47. Section 71-7436, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 16 amended to read:

17 71-7436 (1) Emergency medical reasons means the alleviation of a 18 temporary shortage by transfers of prescription drugs between any of the 19 following: (a) Holders of pharmacy licenses, (b) health care practitioner 20 facilities as defined in section 71-414, and (c) hospitals as defined in 21 section 71-419, and (d) emergency medical services as defined in section 22 38-1207.

(2) Emergency medical reasons does not include regular and
systematic sales (a) of prescription drugs to emergency medical services
<u>as defined in section 38-1207 or (b)</u> to practitioners as defined in
section 38-2838 of prescription drugs that will be used for routine
office procedures.

28 Sec. 48. Section 71-7444, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

71-7444 (1) Wholesale drug distribution means the distribution of
 prescription drugs to a person other than a consumer or patient.

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(2) Wholesale drug distribution does not include:

2 (a) Intracompany sales of prescription drugs, including any 3 transaction or transfer between any division, subsidiary, or parent 4 company and an affiliated or related company under common ownership or 5 common control;

6 (b) The sale, purchase, or trade of or an offer to sell, purchase, 7 or trade a prescription drug by a charitable organization described in 8 section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, a state, a political 9 subdivision, or any other governmental agency to a nonprofit affiliate of 10 the organization, to the extent otherwise permitted by law;

(c) The sale, purchase, or trade of or an offer to sell, purchase,
 or trade a prescription drug among hospitals or other health care
 entities operating under common ownership or common control;

(d) The sale, purchase, or trade of or an offer to sell, purchase,
or trade a prescription drug for emergency medical reasons or for a
practitioner to use for routine office procedures, not to exceed five
percent of sales as provided in section 71-7454;

(e) The sale, purchase, or trade of, an offer to sell, purchase, or
 trade, or the dispensing of a prescription drug pursuant to a
 prescription;

(f) The distribution of drug samples by representatives of a
 manufacturer or of a wholesale drug distributor;

(g) The sale, purchase, or trade of blood and blood components
 intended for transfusion;—or

(h) The delivery of or the offer to deliver a prescription drug by a
common carrier solely in the usual course of business of transporting
such drugs as a common carrier if the common carrier does not store,
warehouse, or take legal ownership of such drugs; or -

(i) The restocking of prescription drugs by a hospital for an
 emergency medical service as defined in section 38-1207 if the emergency
 medical service transports a patient to the hospital and such drugs were

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<u>used for the patient prior to or during transportation of such patient to</u>
 <u>such hospital.</u>

3 (3) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(c) of this section, 4 wholesale drug distribution includes (a) the restocking of prescription 5 drugs by a hospital for an emergency medical service as defined in 6 section 38-1207 if such prescription drugs were not used for a patient 7 prior to or during transportation to such hospital or (b) the general 8 stocking of prescription drugs for an emergency medical service as 9 defined in section 38-1207.

Sec. 49. Section 71-8226, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 71-8226 Physician medical director means a qualified physician who 13 is responsible for the medical supervision of out-of-hospital emergency 14 care providers and verification of skill proficiency of out-of-hospital 15 emergency care providers.

16 Sec. 50. Section 71-8227, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

18 71-8227 Qualified physician surrogate means a qualified, trained 19 medical person, designated by a qualified physician in writing to act as 20 an agent for the physician in directing the actions of out-of-hospital 21 emergency care providers.

22 Sec. 51. Section 71-8236, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 23 amended to read:

24 71-8236 The State Trauma Advisory Board is created. The board shall of representatives knowledgeable in emergency medical 25 composed be 26 services and trauma care, including emergency medical providers such as 27 physicians, nurses, hospital personnel, prehospital or emergency care out-of-hospital providers, local government officials, state officials, 28 consumers, and persons affiliated professionally with health science 29 schools. The Director of Public Health or his or her designee shall 30 appoint the members of the board for staggered terms of three years each. 31

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1 The department shall provide administrative support to the board. All 2 members of the board may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary 3 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as such members as 4 provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177. The terms of members 5 representing the same field shall not expire at the same time.

6 The board shall elect a chairperson and a vice-chairperson whose 7 terms of office shall be for two years. The board shall meet at least 8 twice per year by written request of the director or the chairperson.

9 Sec. 52. Section 71-8237, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

11 71-8237 The State Trauma Advisory Board shall:

12 (1) Advise the department regarding trauma care needs throughout the13 state;

(2) Advise the Board of Emergency Medical Services regarding trauma
 care to be provided throughout the state by out-of-hospital and emergency
 medical services;

17 (3) Review the regional trauma plans and recommend changes to the
18 department before the department adopts the plans;

19 (4) Review proposed departmental rules and regulations for trauma20 care;

21 (5) Recommend modifications in rules regarding trauma care; and

(6) Draft a five-year statewide prevention plan that each traumacare region shall implement.

24 Sec. 53. Section 71-8240, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

71-8240 The department shall establish and maintain the following ona statewide basis:

28 (1) Trauma system objectives and priorities;

(2) Minimum trauma standards for facilities, equipment, and
 personnel for advanced, basic, comprehensive, and general level trauma
 centers and specialty level burn or pediatric trauma centers;

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(3) Minimum standards for facilities, equipment, and personnel for
 advanced, intermediate, and general level rehabilitation centers;

3 (4) Minimum trauma standards for the development of facility patient
4 care protocols;

5 (5) Trauma care regions as provided for in section 71-8250;

6

(6) Recommendations for an effective trauma transportation system;

7 (7) The minimum number of hospitals and health care facilities in
8 the state and within each trauma care region that may provide designated
9 trauma care services based upon approved regional trauma plans;

10 (8) The minimum number of prehospital or <u>emergency</u> out-of-hospital
 11 care providers in the state and within each trauma care region that may
 12 provide trauma care services based upon approved regional trauma plans;

(9) A format for submission of the regional trauma plans to thedepartment;

(10) A program for emergency medical services and trauma care
 research and development;

17 (11) Review and approve regional trauma plans;

(12) The initial designation of hospitals and health care facilities
to provide designated trauma care services in accordance with needs
identified in the approved regional trauma plan; and

(13) The trauma implementation plan incorporating the regionaltrauma plans.

Sec. 54. Section 71-8248, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

25 71-8248 The department shall establish and maintain a statewide 26 trauma registry to collect and analyze data on the incidence, severity, 27 and causes of trauma, including traumatic brain injury. The registry 28 shall be used to improve the availability and delivery of prehospital or 29 <u>emergency</u> out-of-hospital care and hospital trauma care services. 30 Specific data elements of the registry shall be defined by rule and 31 regulation of the department. Every health care facility designated as an

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advanced, a basic, a comprehensive, or a general level trauma center, a 1 2 specialty level burn or pediatric trauma center, an advanced, an 3 intermediate, or a general level rehabilitation center, or a prehospital or emergency care out-of-hospital provider shall furnish data to the 4 5 registry. All other hospitals may furnish trauma data as required by the 6 department by rule and regulation. All hospitals involved in the care of 7 a trauma patient shall have unrestricted access to all prehospital 8 reports for the trauma registry for that specific trauma occurrence.

9 Sec. 55. Section 71-8249, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

11 71-8249 (1) All data collected under section 71-8248 shall be held 12 confidential pursuant to sections 81-663 to 81-675. Confidential patient medical record data shall only be released as (a) Class I, II, or IV 13 14 medical records under sections 81-663 to 81-675, (b) aggregate or case-15 specific data to the regional trauma system quality assurance program and the regional trauma advisory boards, (c) protected health information to 16 17 a public health authority, as such terms are defined under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as such act 18 existed on January 1, 2008, and (d) protected health information, as 19 defined under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability 20 21 Act of 1996, as such act existed on January 1, 2008, to an emergency 22 medical service, to an out-of-hospital emergency care provider, to a 23 licensed health care facility, or to a center that will treat or has 24 treated a specific patient.

A record may be shared with the emergency medical service, the out- of-hospital emergency <u>care</u> provider, the licensed health care facility, or center that reported that specific record.

(2) Patient care quality assurance proceedings, records, and reports
developed pursuant to this section and section 71-8248 are confidential
and are not subject to discovery by subpoena or admissible as evidence in
any civil action, except pursuant to a court order which provides for the

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protection of sensitive information of interested parties, including the
 department, pursuant to section 25-12,123.

Sec. 56. Section 71-8251, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

5 71-8251 The department shall establish a regional trauma advisory 6 board within each trauma care region. The department shall appoint 7 members, to be comprised of a balance of hospital representatives and 8 out-of-hospital emergency <u>care</u> services providers, local elected 9 officials, consumers, local law enforcement representatives, and local government agencies involved in the delivery of emergency medical 10 11 services and trauma care recommended by the local emergency medical services providers and medical facilities located within the region. All 12 members of the board may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary 13 14 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as such members 15 pursuant to sections 81-1174 to 81-1177.

16 Sec. 57. Section 71-8253, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

18 71-8253 (1) If there are conflicts between the Statewide Trauma 19 System Act and the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act pertaining to 20 <u>out-of-hospital</u> emergency medical services, the Emergency Medical 21 Services Practice Act shall control.

(2) Nothing in the Statewide Trauma System Act shall limit a
patient's right to choose the physician, hospital, facility,
rehabilitation center, specialty level burn or pediatric trauma center,
or other provider of health care services.

Sec. 58. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15,
16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33,
34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53,
54, 55, 56, 57, and 59 of this act become operative three calendar months
after the adjournment of this legislative session. The other sections of
this act become operative on their effective date.

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1 Sec. 59. Original sections 13-1801, 23-1821, 28-907, 28-929, 28-929.01, 28-930, 28-931, 28-931.01, 38-1202, 38-1203, 38-1209, 38-1210, 2 3 38-1211, 38-1213, 38-1226, 38-1228, 38-1233, 38-1234, 38-1813, 48-115, 71-507, 71-509, 71-8226, 71-8227, 71-8236, 71-8237, 71-8240, 71-8248, 4 5 71-8249, 71-8251, and 71-8253, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 6 sections 13-303, 28-934, 38-1201, 38-1204, 38-1204.01, 38-1206.01, 7 38-1207.01, 38-1207.02, 38-1208, 38-1208.01, 38-1208.02, 38-1215, 8 38-1216, 38-1217, 38-1218, 38-1224, 38-1225, 38-1232, and 38-1237, 9 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, and sections 38-1220 and 68-901, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2019, are repealed. 10

Sec. 60. Original sections 71-7436 and 71-7444, Reissue Revised
 Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.

Sec. 61. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect whenpassed and approved according to law.