LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 708

Introduced by Bolz, 29.

Read first time January 03, 2018

Committee: Judiciary

- A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Nebraska Juvenile Code; to amend section 43-246.02, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017; to change provisions relating to bridge orders, including obtaining child custody determinations from foreign jurisdictions, payment of filing fees and court costs, and jurisdiction of certain courts; and to repeal the original section.
- 7 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

- Section 1. Section 43-246.02, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
- 2 amended to read:
- 3 43-246.02 (1) A juvenile court may terminate its jurisdiction under
- 4 subdivision (3)(a) of section 43-247 by transferring jurisdiction over
- 5 the juvenile's custody, physical care, and visitation to the district
- 6 court through a bridge order, if all of the following criteria are met:
- 7 (a) The juvenile has been adjudicated under subdivision (3)(a) of
- 8 section 43-247 in an active juvenile court case and a dispositional order
- 9 in that case is in place;
- 10 (b) Paternity of the juvenile has been legally established,
- 11 including by operation of law due to an individual's marriage to the
- 12 mother at the time of conception, birth, or at any time during the period
- 13 between conception and birth of the child; by order of a court of
- 14 competent jurisdiction; or by administrative order when authorized by
- 15 law;
- 16 (c) The juvenile has been safely placed by the juvenile court with a
- 17 legal parent; and
- 18 (d) The juvenile court has determined that its jurisdiction under
- 19 subdivision (3)(a) of section 43-247 should properly end once orders for
- 20 custody, physical care, and visitation are entered by the district court.
- 21 (2) When the criteria in subsection (1) of this section are met, a
- 22 legal parent or guardian ad litem to a juvenile adjudicated under
- 23 subdivision (3)(a) of section 43-247 in juvenile court may file a motion
- 24 with the juvenile court for a bridge order under subsection (3) of this
- 25 section. The parent is not required to intervene in the action. The
- 26 motion shall be set for evidentiary hearing by the juvenile court no less
- 27 than thirty days or more than ninety days from the date of the filing of
- 28 the motion. The juvenile court, on its own motion, may also set an
- 29 evidentiary hearing on the issue of a bridge order if such hearing is set
- 30 no less than thirty days from the date of notice to the parties. The
- 31 court may waive the evidentiary hearing if all issues raised in the

1 motion for a bridge order are resolved by agreement of all parties and

- 2 entry of a stipulated order.
- 3 (3) A motion for a bridge order shall:
- 4 (a) Allege that the juvenile court action filed under subdivision
- 5 (3)(a) of section 43-247 may safely be closed once orders for custody,
- 6 physical care, and visitation have been entered by the district court;
- 7 (b) State the relief sought by the petitioning legal parent or
- 8 guardian ad litem;
- 9 (c) Disclose any other action or proceedings affecting custody of
- 10 the juvenile, including proceedings related to domestic violence,
- 11 protection orders, terminations of parental rights, and adoptions,
- 12 including the docket number, court, county, and state of any such
- 13 proceeding;
- 14 (d) State the names and addresses of any persons other than the
- 15 legal parents who have a court order for physical custody or claim to
- 16 have custody or visitation rights with the juvenile; and
- 17 (e) Name as a respondent any other person who has any relation to
- 18 the controversy.
- 19 (4) A juvenile court shall designate the petitioner and respondent
- 20 for purposes of a bridge order. A bridge order shall only address matters
- 21 of legal and physical custody and parenting time. All other matters,
- 22 including child support, shall be resolved by filing a separate petition
- 23 or motion or by action of the child support enforcement office and shall
- 24 be subject to existing applicable statutory provisions. No mediation or
- 25 specialized alternative dispute resolution under section 42-364 shall be
- 26 required in either district court or juvenile court where the juvenile
- 27 has entered a bridge order. The Parenting Act shall not apply to the
- 28 entry of the bridge order in juvenile or district court.
- 29 <u>(5) When necessary and feasible, the juvenile court shall obtain</u>
- 30 child custody determinations from foreign jurisdictions pursuant to the
- 31 Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.

- 1 (6) (5) Upon transferring jurisdiction from a juvenile court to a 2 district court, the clerk of the district court shall docket the case
- 3 under either a new docket or any previous docket establishing custody or
- 4 paternity of a child. The transfer of jurisdiction shall not result in
- 5 <u>new filing fees and other court costs being assessed against the parties.</u>
- 6 (7) (6) The district court shall give full force and effect to the
- 7 juvenile court bridge order as to custody and parenting time and shall
- 8 not modify the juvenile court bridge order without modification
- 9 proceedings as provided in subsection (9) (8) of this section.
- 10 (8) (7) A district court shall take judicial notice of the juvenile
- 11 court pleadings and orders in any hearing held subsequent to transfer.
- 12 Records contained in the district court case file that were copied or
- 13 transferred from the juvenile court file concerning the case shall be
- 14 subject to section 43-2,108 and other confidentiality provisions of the
- 15 Nebraska Juvenile Code, and such records shall only be disclosed, upon
- 16 request, to the child support enforcement office without a court order.
- 17 (9) (8) Following the issuance of a bridge order, a party may file a
- 18 petition in district court for modification of the bridge order as to
- 19 legal and physical custody or parenting time. If the petition for
- 20 modification is filed within one year after the filing date of the bridge
- 21 order, the party requesting modification shall not be required to
- 22 demonstrate a substantial change of circumstance but instead shall
- 23 demonstrate that such modification is in the best interests of the child.
- 24 If a petition for modification is filed within one year after the filing
- 25 date of the bridge order, filing fees and other court costs shall not be
- 26 assessed against the parties.
- 27 (10) (9) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require
- 28 appointment of counsel for the parties in the district court action.
- 29 <u>(11) Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with</u>
- 30 the jurisdictional provisions of section 25-2740.
- 31 Sec. 2. Original section 43-246.02, Revised Statutes Supplement,

1 2017, is repealed.