LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 702**

Introduced by Kolterman, 24. Read first time January 03, 2018 Committee: Health and Human Services

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to children; to amend sections 42-369,
2	43-512.15, and 44-3,144, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to
3	change provisions relating to children's health care coverage; to
4	change provisions relating to Nebraska IV-D child support program
5	modification procedures; to redefine a term; to harmonize
6	provisions; and to repeal the original sections.
7	Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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Section 1. Section 42-369, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 42-369 (1) All orders, decrees, or judgments for temporary or 4 permanent support payments, including child, spousal, or medical support, 5 and all orders, decrees, or judgments for alimony or modification of support payments or alimony shall direct the payment of such sums to be 6 7 made commencing on the first day of each month for the use of the persons for whom the support payments or alimony have been awarded. Such payments 8 9 shall be made to the clerk of the district court (a) when the order, 10 decree, or judgment is for spousal support, alimony, or maintenance support and the order, decree, or judgment does not also provide for 11 child support, and (b) when the payment constitutes child care or day 12 13 care expenses, unless payments under subdivision (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this 14 section are ordered to be made directly to the obligee. All other support order payments shall be made to the State Disbursement Unit. In all cases 15 in which income withholding has been implemented pursuant to the Income 16 Withholding for Child Support Act or sections 42-364.01 to 42-364.14, 17 support order payments shall be made to the State Disbursement Unit. The 18 19 court may order such payment to be in cash or guaranteed funds.

(2)(a) If the party against whom an order, decree, or judgment for 20 child support is entered or the custodial party has health care coverage 21 22 insurance available to him or her through an employer, organization, or other health care coverage insurance entity which may extend to cover any 23 children affected by the order, decree, or judgment and the health care 24 25 coverage is accessible to the children and is available to the responsible party at reasonable cost, the court shall require health care 26 coverage to be provided. Health care coverage is accessible if the 27 28 covered children can obtain services from a plan provider with reasonable effort by the custodial party. When the administrative agency, court, or 29 other tribunal determines that the only health care coverage option 30 available through the noncustodial party is a plan that limits service 31

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1 to providers within а defined geographic coverage area, the 2 administrative agency, court, or other tribunal shall determine whether the child lives within the plan's service area. If the child does not 3 4 live within the plan's service area, the administrative agency, court, or 5 other tribunal shall determine whether the plan has a reciprocal agreement that permits the child to receive coverage at no greater cost 6 7 than if the child resided in the plan's service area. The administrative agency, court, or other tribunal shall also determine if primary care is 8 9 available within thirty minutes or thirty miles of the child's residence. 10 For the purpose of determining the accessibility of health care coverage, the administrative agency, court, or other tribunal may determine and 11 include in an order that longer travel times are permissible if 12 13 residents, in part or all of the service area, customarily travel distances farther than thirty minutes or thirty miles. If primary care 14 services are not available within these constraints, the health care 15 16 coverage is presumed inaccessible. If health care coverage is not 17 available or is inaccessible and one or more of the parties are receiving Title IV-D services, then cash medical support shall be ordered. Cash 18 19 medical support or the cost of <u>health care coverage</u> private health insurance is considered reasonable in cost if the cost to the party 20 responsible for providing medical support does not exceed three percent 21 of his or her gross income. In applying the three-percent standard, the 22 cost is the cost of adding the children to existing health care coverage 23 24 or the difference between self-only and family health care coverage. Cash 25 medical support payments shall not be ordered if, at the time that the order is issued or modified, the responsible party's income is or such 26 expense would reduce the responsible party's net income below the basic 27 28 subsistence limitation provided in Nebraska Court Rule section 4-218. If such rule does not describe a basic subsistence limitation, the 29 responsible party's net income shall not be reduced below nine hundred 30 three dollars net monthly income for one person or below the poverty 31

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guidelines updated annually in the Federal Register by the United States
 Department of Health and Human Services under the authority of 42 U.S.C.
 9902(2).

4 (b) For purposes of this section:

5 (i) Health care coverage has the same meaning as in section 6 44-3,144; and

7 (ii) Cash medical support means an amount ordered to be paid toward 8 the cost of health <u>care coverage</u> insurance provided by a public entity or 9 by another parent through employment or otherwise or for other medical 10 costs not covered by insurance <u>or other health care coverage</u>.

(3) A support order, decree, or judgment may include the providing of necessary shelter, food, clothing, care, medical support as defined in section 43-512, medical attention, expenses of confinement, education expenses, funeral expenses, and any other expense the court may deem reasonable and necessary.

(4) Orders, decrees, and judgments for temporary or permanent 16 17 support or alimony shall be filed with the clerk of the district court and have the force and effect of judgments when entered. The clerk and 18 19 the State Disbursement Unit shall disburse all payments received as directed by the court and as provided in sections 42-358.02 and 20 43-512.07. Records shall be kept of all funds received and disbursed by 21 22 the clerk and the unit and shall be open to inspection by the parties and their attorneys. 23

(5) Unless otherwise specified by the court, an equal and
proportionate share of any child support awarded shall be presumed to be
payable on behalf of each child subject to the order, decree, or judgment
for purposes of an assignment under section 43-512.07.

28 Sec. 2. Section 43-512.15, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

43-512.15 (1) The county attorney or authorized attorney, upon
 referral from the Department of Health and Human Services, shall file a

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complaint to modify a child support order unless the attorney determines
 in the exercise of independent professional judgment that:

3 (a) The variation from the Supreme Court child support guidelines 4 pursuant to section 42-364.16 is based on material misrepresentation of 5 fact concerning any financial information submitted to the attorney;

(b) The variation from the guidelines is due to a voluntary 6 7 reduction in net monthly income. For purposes of this section, a person who has been incarcerated for a period of one hundred eighty days year or 8 9 more in a county or city jail or a federal or state correctional facility 10 shall be considered to have an involuntary reduction of income unless (i) the incarceration is a result of a conviction for criminal nonsupport 11 12 pursuant to section 28-706 or a conviction for a violation of any federal 13 law or law of another state substantially similar to section 28-706, (ii) the incarcerated individual has a documented record of willfully failing 14 15 or neglecting to provide proper support which he or she knew or reasonably should have known he or she was legally obligated to provide 16 17 when he or she had sufficient resources to provide such support, or (iii) the incarceration is a result of a conviction for a crime in which the 18 child who is the subject of the child support order was victimized; or 19

(c) When the amount of the order is considered with all the other
undisputed facts in the case, no variation from the criteria set forth in
subdivisions (1)(a) and (b) of section 43-512.12 exists.

(2) The department, a county attorney, or an authorized attorney
 shall not in any case be responsible for reviewing or filing an
 application to modify child support for individuals incarcerated as
 described in subdivision (1)(b) of this section.

(2) (3) The proceedings to modify a child support order shall comply
 with section 42-364, and the county attorney or authorized attorney shall
 represent the state in the proceedings.

30 (3) (4) After a complaint to modify a child support order is filed,
 31 any party may choose to be represented personally by private counsel. Any

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party who retains private counsel shall so notify the county attorney or
 authorized attorney in writing.

3 Sec. 3. Section 44-3,144, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 44-3,144 For purposes of sections 44-3,144 to 44-3,150:

6 (1) Authorized attorney has the same meaning as in section 43-512;

7 (2) Child means an individual to whom or on whose behalf a legal8 duty of support is owed by an obligor;

9 (3) Department means the Department of Health and Human Services;

10 (4) Employer means an individual, a firm, a partnership, a
11 corporation, an association, a union, a political subdivision, a state
12 agency, or any agent thereof who pays income to an obligor on a periodic
13 basis and has or provides health care coverage to the obligor-employee;

(5) Health care coverage means a health benefit plan or combination
of plans, including fee for service, health maintenance organization,
preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to
either party, under which medical services could be provided to dependent
children, other than public medical assistance programs, that provide
medical care or benefits;

(6) Insurer means an insurer as defined in section 44-103 offering a
group health plan as defined in 29 U.S.C. 1167, as such section existed
on January 1, 2002;

(7) Medical support means the provision of health care coverage,
contribution to the cost of health care coverage, contribution to
expenses associated with the birth of a child, other uninsured medical
expenses of a child, or any combination thereof;

(8) Medical assistance program means the program established
pursuant to the Medical Assistance Act;

(9) National medical support notice means a uniform administrative
notice issued by the county attorney, authorized attorney, or department
to enforce the medical support provisions of a support order;

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1	(10) Obligee has the same meaning as in section 43-3341;
2	(11) Obligor has the same meaning as in section 43-3341;
3	(12) Plan administrator means the person or entity that administers
4	health care coverage for an employer;
5	(13) Qualified medical child support order means an order that meets
6	the requirements of 29 U.S.C. 1169, as such section existed on January 1,
7	2002; and
8	(14) Uninsured medical expenses means the reasonable and necessary
9	health-related expenses that are not paid by health care coverage.

Sec. 4. Original sections 42-369, 43-512.15, and 44-3,144, Reissue
Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.