## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 389**

Introduced by Friesen, 34.

Read first time January 13, 2017

Committee: Transportation and Telecommunications

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to telecommunications and technology; to adopt
- the Small Wireless Facilities Act; to provide a duty for the Revisor
- of Statutes; and to provide an operative date.
- 4 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 22 of this act shall be known and may be

- 2 <u>cited as the Small Wireless Facilities Act.</u>
- 3 Sec. 2. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- 4 (1) There is a need for statewide uniformity in the regulation of
- 5 the deployment of facilities for providing communications service;
- 6 (2) Communications facilities are critical to public safety and to
- 7 increase access to advanced technology and information;
- 8 (3) Communications facilities are essential to help businesses and
- 9 schools throughout the state remain competitive in the global economy;
- 10 and
- 11 (4) The permitting, construction, modification, maintenance, and
- 12 <u>operation of communications facilities are matters of statewide concern</u>
- 13 <u>and interest.</u>
- 14 Sec. 3. The purposes of the Small Wireless Facilities Act are to:
- 15 (1) Secure public access to advanced wireless technology and
- 16 information in an efficient manner;
- 17 (2) Promote the public benefits from such wireless technology and a
- 18 reliable process for deployment of small wireless facilities; and
- 19 (3) Confirm that communications service providers and communications
- 20 <u>facilities providers have a right to occupy and utilize public rights-of-</u>
- 21 way on a competitively neutral basis for the efficient conduct of their
- 22 business.
- 23 Sec. 4. For purposes of the Small Wireless Facilities Act, the
- 24 <u>definitions in sections 5 to 19 apply.</u>
- 25 Sec. 5. Applicant means a communications service provider or
- 26 <u>communications facilities provider that submits an application to an</u>
- 27 <u>authority.</u>
- 28 Sec. 6. Authority means a state agency or a county, city, village,
- 29 <u>public power district, or other political subdivision within the State of</u>
- 30 <u>Nebraska.</u>
- 31 Sec. 7. Authority lands means lands owned by an authority.

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- Sec. 8. <u>Authority right-of-way means a public highway, street, or</u>
- 2 <u>alley under the jurisdiction of the authority.</u>
- 3 Sec. 9. <u>Collocate or collocation means mounting, installation</u>,
- 4 <u>maintenance</u>, <u>modification</u>, <u>replacement</u>, <u>or operation of wireless</u>
- 5 <u>facilities on or adjacent to a tower, building, pole, or structure for</u>
- 6 the purpose of transmitting or receiving radio frequency signals for
- 7 <u>communications purposes, but does not include routine maintenance or</u>
- 8 <u>replacement of facilities that are substantially similar or smaller in</u>
- 9 <u>size</u>, <u>weight</u>, <u>height</u>, <u>and structural loading</u>.
- 10 Sec. 10. <u>Communications facilities provider means a person or</u>
- 11 <u>entity that installs or constructs facilities or structures used to</u>
- 12 provide communications service.
- 13 Sec. 11. <u>Communications facility means any freestanding tower</u>,
- 14 monopole, pole, small wireless facility, or similar structure used to
- 15 provide wireless service, unlicensed wireless service, or fixed wireless
- 16 service, including microwave backhaul, and includes a base station, an
- 17 antenna, coaxial cables, fiber optic cables, wires, conduit, pipes, radio
- 18 transceivers, microwave devices, power supplies, and all other equipment
- 19 used to provide communications service. The term also includes a personal
- 20 wireless services facility as defined in 47 U.S.C. 332, as such section
- 21 <u>existed on January 1, 2017, and wireless facilities.</u>
- 22 Sec. 12. Communications service means cable service as defined in
- 23 47 U.S.C. 522(6), information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(24),
- 24 telecommunications service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(53), mobile
- 25 service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(33), or personal wireless service as
- 26 <u>defined in 47 U.S.C. 332, as such sections existed on January 1, 2017.</u>
- 27 The term also means wireless service other than mobile service.
- Sec. 13. Communications service provider means a cable operator as
- 29 defined in 47 U.S.C. 522(5), a provider of information service as defined
- 30 in 47 U.S.C. 153(24), or a telecommunications carrier as defined in 47
- 31 U.S.C. 153(51), as such sections existed on January 1, 2017. The term

- 1 also means a wireless service provider.
- 2 Sec. 14. <u>Pole means a utility pole, pole, light pole, light</u>
- 3 standard, or structure that is used in whole or in part for
- 4 communications service, electric service, lighting, traffic control,
- 5 <u>signage</u>, or a similar function.
- 6 Sec. 15. Small wireless facility means a wireless facility that
- 7 meets the following qualifications:
- 8 <u>(1) Each antenna is located inside an enclosure of no more than six</u>
- 9 cubic feet in volume or, in the case of an antenna that has exposed
- 10 elements, the antenna and all its exposed elements could fit within an
- 11 <u>enclosure of no more than six cubic feet; and</u>
- 12 (2) All other wireless equipment associated with the structure is
- 13 <u>cumulatively no more than twenty-eight cubic feet in volume. The</u>
- 14 <u>following types of associated ancillary equipment are not included in the</u>
- 15 <u>calculation of equipment volume: Electric meters, concealment material,</u>
- 16 telecommunications demarcation boxes, ground-based enclosures, backup
- 17 power systems, grounding equipment, power transfer switches, cutoff
- 18 <u>switches</u>, and <u>vertical cable runs for connection of power and other</u>
- 19 <u>services.</u>
- 20 Sec. 16. <u>Wireless facility means equipment at a fixed location that</u>
- 21 enables wireless communications between user equipment and a
- 22 communications network, including, but not limited to: (a) Equipment
- 23 associated with wireless service such as private, broadcast, and public
- 24 safety services, as well as unlicensed wireless service and fixed
- 25 wireless service such as microwave backhaul; and (b) radio transceivers,
- 26 antennas, coaxial or fiber optic cables, regular and backup power
- 27 supplies, and comparable equipment regardless of technological
- 28 configuration. The term includes communications facilities and small
- 29 wireless facilities.
- 30 Sec. 17. Wireless service means a fixed or mobile wireless service
- 31 provided using wireless facilities and includes personal wireless service

- 1 and communications service.
- 2 Sec. 18. <u>Wireless service provider means a provider of wireless</u>
- 3 service including personal wireless service under 47 U.S.C. 332, as such
- 4 section existed on January 1, 2017.
- 5 Sec. 19. <u>Wireless support structure means a structure capable of</u>
- 6 supporting the attachment or installation of communications facilities in
- 7 compliance with applicable codes, including, but not limited to, water
- 8 towers, buildings, and other structures whether within or outside the
- 9 <u>authority right-of-way.</u>
- 10 Sec. 20. (1) Communications service providers and communications
- 11 <u>facilities providers may place poles and wireless facilities in an</u>
- 12 <u>authority right-of-way.</u>
- 13 (2)(a) An authority may require an application for a permit to
- 14 <u>collocate small wireless facilities on wireless support structures and</u>
- 15 poles, including authority poles.
- 16 (b) An application for the collocation of small wireless facilities
- 17 shall be processed on a nondiscriminatory basis and deemed approved if
- 18 the authority fails to approve or deny the application within sixty days
- 19 after submission of a complete application.
- 20 (c) Batched applications may be made for projects involving multiple
- 21 <u>individual small wireless facilities within the jurisdiction of a single</u>
- 22 authority. The authority shall allow the applicant, at the applicant's
- 23 discretion, to file a consolidated application and receive a single
- 24 permit for multiple individual small wireless facilities instead of
- 25 filing separate applications for each individual small wireless facility.
- 26 <u>If an applicant applies to construct or collocate several small wireless</u>
- 27 <u>facilities within the jurisdiction of a single authority, the authority</u>
- 28 shall:
- 29 (i) Allow the applicant, at the applicant's discretion, to file a
- 30 <u>single set of documents that apply to all the applicant's small wireless</u>
- 31 facilities; and

- 1 (ii) Render a decision regarding all the applicant's small wireless
- 2 <u>facilities</u> in a <u>single</u> administrative proceeding unless local
- 3 requirements call for an elected or appointed body to render such
- 4 decision.
- 5 (d) An authority shall approve an application unless it does not
- 6 meet the authority's applicable industry construction standards in the
- 7 authority right-of-way or its building, electrical, or pole attachment
- 8 <u>codes</u>, standards, or regulations if such codes, standards, or regulations
- 9 are of general applicability and do not apply exclusively to wireless
- 10 <u>facilities</u>.
- 11 (e) The authority shall document the basis for a denial, including
- 12 the specific code provisions, standards, or regulations on which the
- 13 <u>denial was based, and send the documentation to the applicant on or</u>
- 14 <u>before the day the authority denies an application. The applicant may</u>
- 15 cure the deficiencies identified by the authority and resubmit the
- 16 application within thirty days after the denial without paying an
- 17 <u>additional application fee. The authority shall approve or deny the</u>
- 18 revised application within thirty days.
- 19 (f) Once an application is approved, a permit authorizing the
- 20 collocation or collocations shall remain valid for at least ten years and
- 21 shall be approved automatically for at least three five-year periods
- 22 unless the applicant requests that the permit be terminated.
- 23 (g) An authority shall only charge an application fee reasonably
- 24 related to the costs directly incurred by the authority in the granting
- 25 or administration of permits. Such fee shall be reasonably related in
- 26 time to the occurrence of such costs and shall not exceed two hundred
- 27 fifty dollars inclusive of any third-party fees, charges, or expenses.
- 28 All costs of construction shall be borne by the applicant with no
- 29 <u>additional fees, taxes, lease payments, or in-kind consideration paid or</u>
- 30 provided to the authority for use of the authority's right-of-way or
- 31 land, except that the applicant shall be responsible for any costs to

- 1 improve or maintain its own small wireless facility. An applicant shall
- 2 <u>not be required to pay the occupation tax authorized under section 86-704</u>
- 3 for projects undertaken pursuant to the Small Wireless Facilities Act.
- 4 (h) An applicant may collocate small wireless facilities on
- 5 authority poles located within the authority right-of-way without being
- 6 required to apply for or enter into any individual license, franchise, or
- 7 other agreement with the authority or any other entity subject to such
- 8 nondiscriminatory, competitively neutral, and commercially reasonable
- 9 terms and conditions as may be set forth in the building permit. Such
- 10 terms and conditions shall comply with this section and federal pole
- 11 attachment requirements under 47 U.S.C. 224 and implementing regulations,
- 12 <u>as such section and regulations existed on January 1, 2017. The annual</u>
- 13 recurring rate to collocate a small wireless facility on an authority
- 14 pole shall not exceed the rate produced by applying the formula adopted
- 15 by the Federal Communications Commission for telecommunications pole
- 16 attachments under 47 C.F.R. 1.1409(e)(2), as such regulation existed on
- 17 January 1, 2017.
- 18 (i) For authority poles that support aerial cables used for video
- 19 communications or electric service, the applicant shall comply with the
- 20 process for make-ready work under 47 U.S.C. 224 and implementing
- 21 regulations, as such section and regulations existed on January 1, 2017.
- 22 The good faith estimate of the entity owning or controlling the pole for
- 23 any make-ready work necessary to enable the pole to support the requested
- 24 <u>collocation shall include pole replacement, if necessary.</u>
- 25 (j) For authority poles that do not support aerial cables used for
- 26 <u>video communications or electric service, the authority shall provide a</u>
- 27 good faith estimate for any make-ready work necessary to enable the pole
- 28 to support the requested collocation, including pole replacement, if
- 29 necessary, within sixty days after receipt of a complete application.
- 30 Make-ready work, including any pole replacement, shall be completed
- 31 within sixty days after written acceptance of the good faith estimate by

- 1 the applicant.
- 2 <u>(k) Make-ready work shall not require more work than required to</u>
- 3 <u>meet applicable codes or industry standards. Charges for make-ready work,</u>
- 4 including any pole replacement, shall not exceed actual costs for the
- 5 <u>amount charged to other communications service providers for similar work</u>
- 6 and shall not include third-party fees, charges, or expenses.
- 7 (1) For purposes of this subsection, make-ready work generally
- 8 <u>refers to the modification of poles or lines or the installation of guys</u>
- 9 and anchors to accommodate additional facilities.
- 10 (3) For a pole placed or a small wireless facility collocated in
- 11 whole or in part under either subsection (1) or (2) of this section, an
- 12 <u>authority shall only impose nondiscriminatory, competitively neutral, and</u>
- 13 <u>commercially reasonable application requirements and shall not:</u>
- 14 (a) Require any additional information from applicants that is not
- required from other users of authority rights-of-way;
- 16 (b) Institute a moratorium on the collocation of small wireless
- 17 facilities, either directly through a written policy, resolution,
- 18 ordinance, rule, or regulation or indirectly through action or inaction
- 19 on filing, receiving, or processing applications for small wireless
- 20 facilities;
- 21 (c) Impose discriminatory licensing standards for persons
- 22 collocating small wireless facilities but shall receive and process
- 23 applications and issue licenses for persons constructing or collocating
- 24 small wireless facility applications in a manner substantially comparable
- 25 to the licensing of other contractors within the jurisdiction of the
- 26 <u>authority; and</u>
- 27 (d) Require a communications service provider to provide (i) space
- 28 on or near the wireless facility for authority services at less than the
- 29 <u>market rate for space, (ii) services by use of the structure or</u>
- 30 <u>facilities at less than the market rate for such services, or (iii) any</u>
- 31 services unrelated to the wireless facility.

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- 1 Sec. 21. For purposes of zoning regulation, small wireless
- 2 <u>facilities shall be a permitted use in all zoning districts other than</u>
- 3 areas outside the authority right-of-way that are zoned and used for
- 4 single family residential use. An authority shall not impose a specific
- 5 or conditional use permit requirement or any similar requirement or
- 6 prohibition on small wireless facilities, and the authority shall not
- 7 impose more restrictive requirements on placement, height, setbacks, or
- 8 spacing than what are of general applicability in the zoning district.
- 9 Sec. 22. An authority shall not require a communications service
- 10 provider or communications facilities provider to indemnify and hold
- 11 harmless the authority from such authority's own negligence, or require a
- 12 <u>communications service provider or communications facilities provider to</u>
- 13 <u>obtain insurance naming the authority and its officers and employees as</u>
- 14 <u>an additional insured party. No communications service provider or</u>
- 15 communications facilities provider may avoid responsibility for its own
- 16 negligence in installing, repairing, or maintaining poles and wireless
- 17 facilities in an authority right-of-way.
- 18 Sec. 23. The Revisor of Statutes shall assign sections 1 to 22 of
- 19 this act to Chapter 86.
- 20 Sec. 24. This act becomes operative on XXX XX, XXXX.