LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 113

Introduced by Hansen, 26.

Read first time January 06, 2017

Committee: Urban Affairs

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to municipalities; to amend sections 10-119, 2 12-401, 14-101, 14-117, 15-101, 15-102, 16-101, 17-301, 17-310, 3 17-311, 18-1753, 19-401, 19-414, 19-415, 19-418, 19-501, 19-602, 4 19-1102, 19-1827, 19-5101, 23-204, 31-501, 31-508, 32-538, 32-539, 39-207, 39-1328.01, 39-1804, 39-2103, 39-2106, 48-307, 48-1209.01, 5 6 53-124.14, 60-680, 60-6,120, 60-6,190, 70-408, 70-604.01, 79-407, 7 81-1417, 81-1430, 81-2102, 81-2107, 81-2109, and 81-2110, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 13-2705, 16-222.02, 8 17-201, 17-306.01, 17-312, 17-313, 18-2709, 9 17-101, 19-1101, 19-3501, 44-5502, 71-3305, 77-3,119, 81-8,122.01, and 81-15,153, 10 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016; to change population 11 12 thresholds of municipalities; to provide for a process by which a 13 city of the primary class becomes a city of the metropolitan class; 14 to change provisions regarding publication requirements; to 15 eliminate obsolete provisions; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original sections. 16

17 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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Section 1. Section 10-119, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

10-119 The county board shall, at the usual time of levying taxes in 3 each year, levy a tax upon all the property of the proper precinct, 4 sufficient to pay the annual interest on the bonds and the principal 5 thereof, in accordance with the terms of the proposition under which the 6 bonds were issued. Taxes so levied shall be collected by the county 7 treasurer as other taxes are collected, and the proceeds of the levy 8 9 shall be retained by the county treasurer and used for the payment of interest on the bonds and the principal thereof as the same become due to 10 the holder thereof, except that in cities having a population of more 11 than fifty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal 12 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 13 States Bureau of the Census, the money so collected shall be forwarded to 14 or retained in the treasury of the city for the payment of bonds and 15 interest for which the money was collected. 16

Sec. 2. Section 12-401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 12-401 The mayor of any city having fewer than twenty-five thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or 20 the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of 21 the Census, by and with the consent of the council or a majority thereof, 22 23 and the chairperson of the board of trustees of any village, by and with 24 the consent of the village board or a majority thereof, may appoint a 25 board of not fewer than three nor more than six members, to be known as the cemetery board, from among the citizens at large of such city or 26 village, who shall serve without pay and shall have entire control and 27 28 management of any cemetery belonging to such city or village. Neither the mayor nor any member of the council nor the chairperson nor any member of 29 the village board of trustees may be a member of the cemetery board. At 30 the time of establishing such cemetery board, approximately one-third of 31

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the members shall be appointed for a term of one year, one-third for a term of two years, and one-third for a term of three years, and thereafter members shall be appointed for terms of three years. Vacancies in the membership of the board other than through the expiration of a term shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term.

6 Sec. 3. Section 13-2705, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
7 2016, is amended to read:

8 13-2705 The department may conditionally approve grants of 9 assistance from the fund to eligible and competitive applicants within 10 the following limits:

(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this section, a grant
 request shall be in an amount meeting the following requirements:

(a) For a grant of assistance under section 13-2704.01, at least tenthousand dollars but no more than:

(i) For a city of the primary class, one million five hundredthousand dollars;

17 (ii) For a <u>city municipality</u> with a population of <u>more than</u> forty 18 thousand but less than one hundred thousand <u>inhabitants as determined by</u> 19 <u>the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised</u> 20 <u>certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census</u>, seven hundred 21 fifty thousand dollars;

(iii) For a <u>city municipality</u> with a population of <u>more than</u> twenty thousand but less than forty thousand <u>inhabitants as determined by the</u> <u>most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified</u> <u>count by the United States Bureau of the Census</u>, five hundred thousand dollars;

(iv) For a <u>city municipality</u> with a population of <u>more than</u> ten thousand but less than twenty thousand <u>inhabitants as determined by the</u> <u>most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified</u> <u>count by the United States Bureau of the Census</u>, four hundred thousand dollars; and

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1 (v) For a municipality with a population of less than ten thousand 2 <u>inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or</u> 3 <u>the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of</u>

4 <u>the Census</u>, two hundred fifty thousand dollars; and

5 (b) For a grant of assistance under section 13-2704.02, at least two
6 thousand dollars but no more than ten thousand dollars;

7 (2) Upon the balance of the fund reaching two million five hundred 8 thousand dollars, and until the balance of the fund falls below one 9 million dollars, a grant request shall be in an amount meeting the 10 following requirements:

(a) For a grant of assistance under section 13-2704.01, at least ten
 thousand dollars but no more than:

(i) For a city of the primary class, two million two hundred fiftythousand dollars;

(ii) For a <u>city municipality</u> with a population of <u>more than</u> forty thousand but less than one hundred thousand <u>inhabitants as determined by</u> <u>the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised</u> <u>certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census</u>, one million one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars;

(iii) For a <u>city municipality</u> with a population of <u>more than</u> twenty thousand but less than forty thousand <u>inhabitants as determined by the</u> <u>most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified</u> <u>count by the United States Bureau of the Census</u>, seven hundred fifty thousand dollars;

(iv) For a <u>city municipality</u> with a population of <u>more than</u> ten thousand but less than twenty thousand <u>inhabitants as determined by the</u> <u>most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified</u> <u>count by the United States Bureau of the Census</u>, six hundred thousand dollars; and

30 (v) For a municipality with a population of less than ten thousand
 31 <u>inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or</u>

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2 the Census, three hundred seventy-five thousand dollars; and

3 (b) For a grant of assistance under section 13-2704.02, at least two 4 thousand dollars but no more than ten thousand dollars;

5 (3) Assistance from the fund shall not amount to more than fifty percent of the cost of the project for which a grant is requested; and 6

7 (4) A municipality shall not be awarded more than one grant of assistance under section 13-2704.01 and one grant of assistance under 8 9 section 13-2704.02 in any five-year period.

10 Sec. 4. Section 14-101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 11

14-101 All cities in this state which have attained a population of 12 13 three hundred thousand inhabitants or more as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 14 count by the United States Bureau of the Census shall be cities of the 15 metropolitan class and governed by this act. Whenever the words this act 16 17 occur in sections 14-101 to 14-138, 14-201 to 14-229, 14-360 to 14-376, 14-501 to 14-556, 14-601 to 14-609, 14-702 to 14-704, and 14-804 to 18 14-816, they shall be construed as referring exclusively to those 19 sections. The population of a city of the metropolitan class shall 20 consist of the people residing within the territorial boundaries of such 21 22 city and the residents of any territory duly and properly annexed to such city. Each city of the metropolitan class shall be a body corporate and 23 24 politic and shall have power (1) to sue and be sued, (2) to purchase, lease, lease with option to buy, acquire by gift or devise, and hold real 25 and personal property within or without the limits of the city for the 26 use of the city, and real estate sold for taxes, (3) to sell, exchange, 27 lease, and convey any real or personal estate owned by the city, in such 28 manner and upon such terms as may be to the best interests of the city, 29 except that real estate acquired for state armory sites shall be conveyed 30 strictly in the manner provided in sections 18-1001 to 18-1006, (4) to 31

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1 make all contracts and do all other acts in relation to the property and 2 concerns of the city necessary to the exercise of its corporate or 3 administrative powers, and (5) to exercise such other and further powers 4 as may be conferred by law. The powers hereby granted shall be exercised 5 by the mayor and <u>city</u> council of such city, as hereinafter set forth, 6 except when otherwise specially provided.

7 Sec. 5. Whenever any city of the primary class shall attain a 8 population of more than three hundred thousand inhabitants as determined 9 by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 10 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, the mayor of 11 such city shall certify such fact to the Secretary of State, who upon the 12 filing of such certificate shall by proclamation declare such city to be 13 of the metropolitan class.

14 Sec. 6. Section 14-117, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

14-117 The corporate limits of any city of the metropolitan class 16 17 shall be fixed and determined by ordinance by the city council of such city. The city council of any city of the metropolitan class may at any 18 time extend the corporate limits of such city over any contiguous or 19 adjacent lands, lots, tracts, streets, or highways, such distance as may 20 be deemed proper in any direction, and may include, annex, merge, or 21 consolidate with such city of the metropolitan class, by such extension 22 of its limits, any adjoining city of the first class having a population 23 24 of less than ten thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent 25 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census less than ten thousand population 26 or any adjoining city of the second class or village. Any other laws and 27 limitations defining the boundaries of cities or villages or the increase 28 of area or extension of limits thereof shall not apply to lots, lands, 29 cities, or villages annexed, consolidated, or merged under this section. 30 31 Sec. 7. Section 15-101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read:

15-101 All cities having more than one hundred thousand and less 2 than three hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent 3 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 4 the United States Bureau of the Census shall be known as cities of the 5 primary class. The population of a city of the primary class shall 6 7 consist of the people residing within the territorial boundaries of such city and the residents of any territory duly and properly annexed to such 8 9 city.

10 Sec. 8. Section 15-102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 11 amended to read:

15-102 Whenever any city of the first not of the metropolitan class 12 shall attain a population of more than over one hundred thousand 13 inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or 14 the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of 15 the Census, the mayor of such city shall certify such fact to the 16 17 Secretary of State, who upon the filing of such certificate , and such fact shall be duly certified by the mayor thereof to the Governor under 18 19 seal, he shall by proclamation declare such city to be of the primary class. 20

21 Sec. 9. Section 16-101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

23 16-101 All cities having more than five thousand and not more than 24 one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 25 States Bureau of the Census , as may be ascertained and officially 26 promulgated by the United States or under the authority of the State of 27 28 Nebraska or by the authority of the mayor and city council of any such city, shall be known as cities of the first class. The population of a 29 city of the first class shall consist of the people residing within the 30 territorial boundaries of such city and the residents of any territory 31

LB113 2017 1 duly and properly annexed to such city.

Sec. 10. Section 16-222.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

4 16-222.02 Each city of the first class with a population in excess of forty-one thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent 5 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 6 the United States Bureau of the Census shall employ a full-time fire 7 chief with appropriate training, credentials, and experience and for whom 8 9 firefighting or emergency medical first response is a full-time career. The fire chief shall be appointed under the Civil Service Act by the 10 mayor with the approval of the city council or by the city manager in 11 cities that have adopted the city manager plan of government. The fire 12 13 chief shall have the immediate superintendence of the fire prevention, fire suppression, and emergency medical first response services and the 14 facilities and equipment related to such services of the city. The fire 15 chief shall promulgate, implement, and enforce rules governing the 16 17 actions and conduct of volunteer members of the department so as to be in conformity with the personnel policies of the city. 18

Sec. 11. Section 17-101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,20 2016, is amended to read:

17-101 All municipalities cities, towns, and villages containing 21 22 more than eight hundred and not more than five thousand inhabitants as 23 determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census shall 24 25 be cities of the second class and be governed by sections 17-101 to 17-153 unless they adopt or retain a village government as provided in 26 sections 17-306 to 17-312. The population of a city of the second class 27 28 shall consist of the people residing within the territorial boundaries of such city and the residents of any territory duly and properly annexed to 29 such city. 30

31 Sec. 12. Section 17-201, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

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1 2016, is amended to read:

2 17-201 (1) Any municipality town or village containing not less than one hundred nor more than eight hundred inhabitants as determined by the 3 most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 4 count by the United States Bureau of the Census incorporated as a city, 5 town, or village under the laws of this state, any village that votes to 6 retain village government as provided in section 17-312, and any city of 7 the second class that has adopted village government as provided by 8 9 sections 17-306 to 17-309 shall be a village and shall have the rights, powers, and immunities granted in sections 17-201 to 17-231, and none 10 other, except that all county seat towns shall have the powers and 11 immunities granted in sections 17-201 to 17-231. The population of a 12 13 village shall consist of the people residing within the territorial boundaries of such village and the residents of any territory duly and 14 properly annexed to such village. 15

16 (2) Whenever a majority of the taxable inhabitants of any town or 17 village, not incorporated under any laws of this state, shall present a petition to the county board of the county in which the petitioners 18 19 reside, praying that they may be incorporated as a village and designating the name they wish to assume and the metes and bounds of the 20 proposed village, and such county board or majority of the members 21 thereof shall be satisfied that a majority of the taxable inhabitants of 22 23 the proposed village have signed such petition and that inhabitants to 24 the number of one hundred or more are actual residents of the territory described in the petition, the board shall declare the proposed village 25 incorporated, enter the order of incorporation upon its records, and 26 designate the metes and bounds thereof. Thereafter the village shall be 27 28 governed by the provisions of law applicable to the government of villages. The county board shall, at the time of the incorporation of the 29 village, appoint five persons, having the qualifications provided in 30 section 17-203, as trustees, who shall hold their offices and perform all 31

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the duties required of them by law until the election and qualification of their successors at the time and in the manner provided in section 17-202, except that the county board shall not declare a proposed village incorporated or enter an order of incorporation if any portion of the territory of such proposed village is within five miles of <u>another</u> a Nebraska incorporated <u>municipality</u> village or city of any class.

Sec. 13. Section 17-301, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 17-301 (1) This section applies to cities of the first class whose 10 population is less than five thousand inhabitants but more than eight 11 hundred inhabitants <u>as determined by according to</u> the federal decennial 12 census conducted in the year 2010 or any subsequent federal decennial 13 census <u>or the most recent revised certified count by the United States</u> 14 <u>Bureau of the Census</u>.

(2)(a) If a city of the first class has a population of less than 15 16 five thousand inhabitants but not less than four thousand inhabitants, as determined ascertained and officially promulgated by the most recent 17 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 18 the United States Bureau of the Census, the mayor of the city shall 19 certify such fact to the Secretary of State. If the mayor and city 20 council of the city determine that it is in the best interests of such 21 city to become a city of the second class, the mayor and city council 22 shall adopt an ordinance to that effect and shall notify the Secretary of 23 24 State and notice and a copy of such ordinance shall accompany the 25 certification. If the Secretary of State receives such notification, he or she shall declare such city to be a city of the second class. If the 26 mayor and city council determine that it is in the best interests of such 27 28 city to remain a city of the first class, they shall submit to the Secretary of State, within nine years after the certification is required 29 to be submitted pursuant to this subdivision, an explanation of the 30 city's plan to increase the city's population. 31

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1 (b) If a city of the first class has a population of less than five 2 thousand inhabitants but not less than four thousand inhabitants, as determined ascertained and officially promulgated by the most recent 3 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 4 the United States Bureau of the Census immediately following the census 5 or revised certified count referred to in subdivision (a) of this 6 subsection, the mayor of the city shall certify such fact to the 7 Secretary of State. If the mayor and city council of the city determine 8 9 that it is in the best interests of such city to become a city of the second class, the mayor and city council shall adopt an ordinance to that 10 effect and shall notify the Secretary of State and notice and a copy of 11 such ordinance shall accompany the certification. If the Secretary of 12 State receives such notification, he or she shall declare such city to be 13 a city of the second class. 14

(c) If a city of the first class has a population of less than five 15 thousand inhabitants but not less than four thousand inhabitants, as 16 determined ascertained and officially promulgated by the most recent 17 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 18 the United States Bureau of the Census immediately following the census 19 or revised certified count referred to in subdivision (b) of this 20 subsection, the mayor of the city shall certify such fact to the 21 Secretary of State. After receipt of such certification, the Secretary of 22 State shall declare such city to be a city of the second class. 23

(3) If a city of the first class has a population of less than four 24 25 thousand inhabitants but more than eight hundred inhabitants, as determined ascertained and officially promulgated by the most recent 26 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 27 the United States Bureau of the Census, the mayor of the city shall 28 certify such fact to the Secretary of State. After receipt of such 29 certification, the Secretary of State shall declare such city to be a 30 city of the second class. 31

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1 (4) Beginning on the date upon which a city becomes a city of the 2 second class pursuant to section 17-305, such city shall be governed by 3 the laws of this state applicable to cities of the second class.

Sec. 14. Section 17-306.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

17-306.01 (1) The registered voters of a village which was 6 reorganized under section 17-306 from a city of the second class to a 7 village may vote to discontinue organization as a village and reorganize 8 9 as a city of the second class under this section if the population exceeds eight hundred inhabitants as determined by the most recent 10 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 11 the United States Bureau of the Census. The issue may be placed before 12 13 the voters by a resolution adopted by the board of trustees of the village or by petition signed by one-fourth of the registered voters of 14 the village. 15

16 (2) The petitions shall conform to section 32-628. The Secretary of 17 State shall design the form to be used for the petitions. Petition signers and petition circulators shall conform to the requirements of 18 sections 32-629 and 32-630. The board of trustees shall submit the 19 petitions to the election commissioner or county clerk for signature 20 verification pursuant to section 32-631. The 21 required number of signatures shall be one-fourth of the number of voters registered in the 22 23 village at the last statewide general election. The election commissioner 24 or county clerk shall notify the board of trustees within thirty days after receiving the petitions from the board of trustees whether the 25 required number of signatures has been gathered. The village shall 26 reimburse the county for any costs incurred by the election commissioner 27 28 or county clerk.

(3) If the board of trustees determines that the petitions are in
proper form and signed by the necessary number of registered voters or
after adoption of the resolution by the board of trustees, the board of

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trustees shall submit the question to the voters of whether to organize as a city of the second class at a special election pursuant to section 32-559 or at the same time as a local or statewide primary or general election held in the village. The form of the ballot at such election shall be For reorganization of the Village of as a city of the second class and Against reorganization of the Village of as a city of the second class.

(4) If the majority of the votes cast are for reorganization as a 8 city of the second class, the board of trustees shall certify such fact 9 to the Secretary of State who, upon the filing of such a certificate, 10 shall by proclamation so declare and shall declare such village to have 11 become a city of the second class. Thereafter such village shall become a 12 city of the second class and such city shall be governed under the laws 13 14 of this state applicable to cities of the second class. The government of such city shall continue as organized at the date of such proclamation 15 until the reorganization as a city of the second class. 16

(5) Upon such proclamation, the governing body of the city shall 17 call a special election for the purpose of electing new members of the 18 city's governing body to be held not more than eight months after the 19 proclamation is issued. At the initial election of officers, the names of 20 the candidates receiving the greatest number of votes at the primary 21 election if one is held shall be placed on the general election ballot. 22 One-half or the bare majority of the candidates in each precinct or ward 23 24 or at-large candidates, as the case may be, receiving the greatest number of votes at the general election, shall be elected to terms of the 25 longest duration, and those receiving the next greatest number of votes 26 shall be elected to the remaining term or terms. Thereafter all members 27 28 shall be nominated at the statewide primary election and elected at the statewide general election for four-year terms as provided in section 29 32-533. The members of the board of trustees shall hold office only until 30 the newly elected city officials assume office. 31

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1 (6) All ordinances, bylaws, acts, rules, regulations, obligations, 2 and proclamations existing and in force in or with respect to any village 3 at the time of its incorporation as a city of the second class shall 4 remain in full force and effect after such incorporation as a city of the 5 second class until repealed or modified by such city within one year 6 after the date of the filing of the certificate pursuant to subsection 7 (4) of this section.

8 Sec. 15. Section 17-310, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 9 amended to read:

10 17-310 Whenever any city of the second class decreases in population until it has a population of less than eight hundred inhabitants and more 11 than one hundred inhabitants, as determined ascertained and officially 12 13 promulgated by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, 14 15 enumeration, and return taken by the United States, by the State of Nebraska, or by the authority of the mayor and council of such city, and 16 17 the mayor and city council may decide by ordinance to remain a city of the second class, the mayor shall certify such fact to the Secretary of 18 19 State who, upon the filing of such a certificate, shall by proclamation so declare and shall declare such city to remain a city of the second 20 class. Such city shall continue to be governed by laws of this state 21 22 applicable to cities of the second class.

Sec. 16. Section 17-311, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

25 17-311 (1) Except as provided in section 17-312, whenever any 26 village increases in population until it has a population of more than 27 eight hundred inhabitants but less than five thousand inhabitants, as 28 determined ascertained and officially promulgated by the most recent 29 federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by 30 the United States Bureau of the Census, enumeration, and return taken by 31 the United States, by the State of Nebraska, or by the authority of the

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village board of such village, the village board shall certify such fact to the Secretary of State who, upon the filing of such a certificate, shall by proclamation so declare and shall declare such village to have become a city of the second class. Thereafter such city shall be governed by the laws of this state applicable to cities of the second class. The government of such city shall continue as organized at the date of such proclamation until the reorganization as a city of the second class.

8 (2) If any village becomes a city of the second class, the governing 9 body shall call a special election for the purpose of electing new members of the city's governing body to be held not more than eight 10 months after the proclamation is issued. At the initial election of 11 officers, the names of the candidates receiving the greatest number of 12 13 votes at the primary election if one is held shall be placed on the general election ballot. One-half or the bare majority of the candidates 14 in each precinct or ward or at-large candidates, as the case may be, 15 16 receiving the greatest number of votes at the general election, shall be elected to terms of the longest duration, and those receiving the next 17 greatest number of votes shall be elected to the remaining term or terms. 18 The members of the village board of trustees shall hold office only until 19 the newly elected city officials assume office. All ordinances, bylaws, 20 acts, rules, regulations, obligations, and proclamations existing and in 21 force in or with respect to any village at the time of its incorporation 22 as a city of the second class shall remain in full force and effect after 23 24 such incorporation as a city of the second class until repealed or 25 modified by such city within one year after the date of the filing of the certificate pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. 26

27 Sec. 17. Section 17-312, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 28 2016, is amended to read:

17-312 (1) Whenever any village attains a population exceeding eight
 hundred inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial
 <u>census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States</u>

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Bureau of the Census, the registered voters of the village may vote to retain a village form of government. The issue may be placed before the voters by a resolution adopted by the board of trustees of the village or by petition signed by one-fourth of the registered voters of the village.

(2) The petitions shall conform to section 32-628. The Secretary of 5 State shall design the form to be used for the petitions. Petition 6 signers and petition circulators shall conform to the requirements of 7 sections 32-629 and 32-630. The board of trustees shall submit the 8 9 petitions to the election commissioner or county clerk for signature 10 verification pursuant to section 32-631. The required number of signatures shall be one-fourth of the number of voters registered in the 11 village at the last statewide general election. The election commissioner 12 or county clerk shall notify the board of trustees within thirty days 13 after receiving the petitions from the board of trustees whether the 14 required number of signatures has been gathered. The village shall 15 16 reimburse the county for any costs incurred by the election commissioner 17 or county clerk.

(3) If the board of trustees determines that the petitions are in 18 19 proper form and signed by the necessary number of registered voters or after adoption of the resolution by the board of trustees, the board of 20 trustees shall submit the question to the voters of whether to retain the 21 village form of government at a special election pursuant to section 22 23 32-559 or at the same time as a local or statewide primary or general 24 election held in the village. The form of the ballot at such election 25 shall be For retention of village government and Against retention of village government. If the majority of the votes cast are for retention 26 of village government, then such village shall remain a village and be 27 28 governed under the laws of this state applicable to villages unless at some future election such village votes to reorganize as a city of the 29 second class in the manner provided in section 17-313. 30

31 (4) If the question is submitted at a special election, such

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election shall be held not later than October 15 of an odd-numbered year.
 If the question is rejected, city of the second class officials shall be
 elected at the next regularly scheduled election.

4 (5) If the question is submitted at a regularly scheduled election, 5 no village trustees shall be elected at such election, but trustees whose 6 terms are to expire following such election shall hold office until 7 either their successors or city officials take office as follows:

(a) If the question is rejected, the village board shall call a 8 9 special election, to be held not more than eight months after the election at which the question was rejected, for the purpose of electing 10 city officials under the provisions of law relating to cities of the 11 second class. The terms of office for such officials shall be established 12 pursuant to section 17-311. The members of the board of trustees shall 13 14 hold office only until the newly elected city officials assume office; and 15

16 (b) If the question is approved, the village board shall call a 17 special election, to be held not more than eight months after the election at which the question was approved, for the purpose of electing 18 successors to those members of the village board who held office beyond 19 the normal expiration of their terms. Such special election shall be 20 conducted under the provisions of law relating to villages. Persons so 21 elected shall take office as soon after the completion of the canvass of 22 the votes as is practicable, and their terms of office shall be as if the 23 24 holdovers had not occurred.

Sec. 18. Section 17-313, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
26 2016, is amended to read:

27 17-313 (1) The registered voters of a village may vote to 28 discontinue organization as a village and organize as a city of the 29 second class under this section if the population of the village exceeds 30 eight hundred inhabitants <u>as determined by the most recent federal</u> 31 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United

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States Bureau of the Census and the prior vote pursuant to section 17-312 was in favor of retaining the village form of government. The issue may be placed before the voters by a resolution adopted by the board of trustees of the village or by petition signed by one-fourth of the registered voters of the village.

(2) The petitions shall conform to section 32-628. The Secretary of 6 State shall design the form to be used for the petitions. Petition 7 signers and petition circulators shall conform to the requirements of 8 sections 32-629 and 32-630. The board of trustees shall submit the 9 petitions to the election commissioner or county clerk for signature 10 verification pursuant to section 32-631. The required number 11 of signatures shall be one-fourth of the number of voters registered in the 12 village at the last statewide general election. The election commissioner 13 or county clerk shall notify the board of trustees within thirty days 14 after receiving the petitions from the board of trustees whether the 15 16 required number of signatures has been gathered. The village shall reimburse the county for any costs incurred by the election commissioner 17 or county clerk. 18

19 (3) If the board of trustees determines that the petitions are in proper form and signed by the necessary number of registered voters or 20 after adoption of the resolution by the board of trustees, the board of 21 trustees shall submit the question to the voters of whether to organize 22 as a city of the second class at a special election pursuant to section 23 24 32-559 or at the same time as a local or statewide primary or general 25 election held in the village. The form of the ballot at such election shall be For reorganization of the Village of as a city of the 26 second class and Against reorganization of the Village of as a 27 city of the second class. 28

(4) If the majority of the votes cast are for reorganization as a
city of the second class, the board of trustees shall certify such fact
to the Secretary of State who, upon the filing of such a certificate,

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1 shall by proclamation declare such village to have become a city of the 2 second class. Thereafter such village is a city of the second class, and 3 such city shall be governed under the laws of this state applicable to 4 cities of the second class. The government of such city shall continue as 5 organized at the date of such proclamation until the reorganization as a 6 city of the second class.

(5) Upon such proclamation, the governing body of the city shall 7 call a special election for the purpose of electing new members of the 8 9 city's governing body to be held not more than eight months after the proclamation is issued. At the initial election of officers, the names of 10 the candidates receiving the greatest number of votes at the primary 11 election if one is held shall be placed on the general election ballot. 12 13 One-half or the bare majority of the candidates in each precinct or ward or at-large candidates, as the case may be, receiving the greatest number 14 of votes at the general election, shall be elected to terms of the 15 longest duration, and those receiving the next greatest number of votes 16 shall be elected to the remaining term or terms. Thereafter all members 17 shall be nominated at the statewide primary election and elected at the 18 19 statewide general election for four-year terms as provided in section 32-533. The members of the board of trustees shall hold office only until 20 the newly elected city officials assume office. 21

(6) All ordinances, bylaws, acts, rules, regulations, obligations, and proclamations existing and in force in or with respect to any village at the time of its incorporation as a city of the second class shall remain in full force and effect after such incorporation as a city of the second class until repealed or modified by such city within one year after the date of the filing of the certificate pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.

29 Sec. 19. Section 18-1753, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

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18-1753 (1) Any city or village annexing territory which thereby

adds additional population to the city or village shall report such 1 2 annexation to the Tax Commissioner. The annexing city or village shall provide the Tax Commissioner with a copy of the ordinance annexing the 3 4 territory and specify the effective date of the annexation. The annexing city or village shall provide its calculation of the number of additional 5 residents added to the population of the city or village by reason of the 6 7 annexation and the new combined total population of the city or village and shall inform the Tax Commissioner of the source and date of the 8 9 federal census relied upon in the calculations.

(2)(a) All calculations of additional population shall be based upon
 federal census figures from the most recent federal decennial census or
 the most recent <u>revised</u> federal census update or recount certified <u>count</u>
 by the United States Bureau of the Census.

(b) If the boundaries of the territory annexed and those of federal census enumeration districts are the same, or if federal census enumeration districts are wholly contained within the boundaries of the area annexed, the most recent federal census figures for such enumeration districts shall be added directly to the population of the city or village.

(c) If the federal census enumeration districts are partly within 20 and partly without the boundaries of the territory annexed, the federal 21 census figures for such enumeration districts shall be adjusted by 22 reasonable interpretation and supplemented by other evidence to arrive at 23 24 a figure for the number of people residing in the area annexed as such 25 population existed in that area at the time of the most recent federal <u>decennial</u> census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 26 States Bureau of the Census. Reasonable interpretation shall include, but 27 not be limited to, the following methods: An actual house count of the 28 annexed territory multiplied by the average number of persons per 29 household as this information existed at the time of the most recent 30 federal census; or multiplying the population that existed at the time of 31

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1 the most recent federal census in the enumeration district by a ratio of 2 the actual current population of the enumeration district divided in the 3 same manner as the annexation.

4 (d) The population of the city or village following annexation shall be (i) the population of the city or village as reported by the most 5 recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 6 7 count by the United States Bureau of the Census or (ii) the population of the city or village as reported by the most recent federal decennial 8 9 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census plus the population of the territory annexed as 10 calculated in subdivisions (b) and (c) of this subsection. 11

Sec. 20. Section 18-2709, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

18-2709 (1) Qualifying business means any corporation, partnership, 14 limited liability company, or sole proprietorship which derives its 15 principal source of income from any of the following: The manufacture of 16 17 articles of commerce; the conduct of research and development; the processing, storage, transport, or sale of goods or commodities which are 18 sold or traded in interstate commerce; the sale of services in interstate 19 commerce; headquarters facilities relating to eligible activities as 20 listed in this section; telecommunications activities, including services 21 22 providing advanced telecommunications capability; tourism-related activities; or the production of films, including feature, independent, 23 24 and documentary films, commercials, and television programs.

25

(2) Qualifying business also means:

(a) In cities of the first and second class and villages, a business
that derives its principal source of income from the construction or
rehabilitation of housing;

(b) A business that derives its principal source of income from
retail trade, except that no more than forty percent of the total revenue
generated pursuant to the Local Option Municipal Economic Development Act

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for an economic development program in any twelve-month period and no 1 2 more than twenty percent of the total revenue generated pursuant to the act for an economic development program in any five-year period, 3 4 commencing from the date of municipal approval of an economic development program, shall be used by the city for or devoted to the use of retail 5 trade businesses. For purposes of this subdivision, retail trade means a 6 7 business which is principally engaged in the sale of goods or commodities to ultimate consumers for their own use or consumption and not for 8 9 resale; and

(c) In cities with a population of two thousand five hundred
inhabitants or less as determined by the most recent federal decennial
census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States
<u>Bureau of the Census</u>, a business shall be a qualifying business even
though it derives its principal source of income from activities other
than those set out in this section.

16 (3) If a business which would otherwise be a qualifying business employs people and carries on activities in more than one city in 17 Nebraska or will do so at any time during the first year following its 18 application for participation in an economic development program, it 19 shall be a qualifying business only if, in each such city, it maintains 20 employment for the first two years following the date on which such 21 business begins operations in the city as a participant in its economic 22 23 development program at a level not less than its average employment in 24 such city over the twelve-month period preceding participation.

(4) A qualifying business need not be located within the territorial
boundaries of the city from which it is or will be receiving financial
assistance.

(5) Qualifying business does not include a political subdivision, a
state agency, or any other governmental entity, except as allowed for
cities of the first and second class and villages for rural
infrastructure development as provided for in subsection (4) of section

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1 18-2705.

Sec. 21. Section 19-401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

19-401 Any city in this state having not less than two thousand 4 5 inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of 6 7 the Census according to the last official state or national census, or according to the last census taken and promulgated in such city by the 8 9 authority of the mayor and city council of any such city, may adopt the 10 commission form of government provisions of sections 19-401 to 19-433 and 11 be governed thereunder by proceeding as hereinafter provided in sections 19-401 to 19-433. 12

Sec. 22. Section 19-414, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 19-414 The executive and administrative powers, authorities, and 16 duties in <u>cities adopting the commission plan of government</u> such cities 17 shall be distributed into and among departments as follows:

In metropolitan cities of the metropolitan class, (1) department of public affairs, (2) department of accounts and finances, (3) department of police, sanitation, and public safety, (4) department of fire protection and water supply, (5) department of street cleaning and maintenance, (6) department of public improvements, and (7) department of parks and public property;

In <u>primary</u> cities <u>of the primary class</u>, (1) department of public affairs, (2) department of accounts and finances, (3) department of public safety, (4) department of streets and public improvements, and (5) department of parks and public property; and

In cities containing two thousand or more and not more than forty thousand <u>inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial</u> <u>census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States</u> <u>Bureau of the Census population</u>, (1) department of public affairs and

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public safety, (2) department of accounts and finances, (3) department of streets, public improvements, and public property, (4) department of public works, and (5) department of parks and recreation.

4 The <u>city</u> council shall provide, as nearly as possible, the powers and duties to be exercised and performed by, and assign them to, the 5 appropriate departments. The city council It may prescribe the powers and 6 7 duties of all officers and employees of the city and may assign particular officers, or employees, to more than one of the departments, 8 9 may require any officer or employee to perform duties in two or more of 10 the departments, and may make such other rules and regulations as may be necessary or proper for the efficient and economical management of the 11 business affairs of the city. 12

Sec. 23. Section 19-415, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19-415 In cities of the metropolitan class, the <u>city</u> council shall 15 16 consist of the mayor who shall be superintendent of the department of 17 public affairs, one council member to be superintendent of the department of accounts and finances, one council member to be superintendent of the 18 department of police, sanitation, and public safety, one council member 19 to be superintendent of the department of fire protection and water 20 supply, one council member to be superintendent of the department of 21 street cleaning and maintenance, one council member to be superintendent 22 23 of the department of public improvements, and one council member to be 24 superintendent of parks and public property.

In cities containing at least forty thousand and less than three hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, the city council shall consist of the mayor who shall be superintendent of the department of public affairs, one council member to be superintendent of the department of accounts and finances, one council member to be superintendent of the department of the department of

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public safety, one council member to be superintendent of the department of streets and public improvements, and one council member to be superintendent of the department of parks and public property.

4 In cities containing at least two thousand and less than forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 5 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 6 Bureau of the Census, the city council shall consist of the mayor who 7 shall be commissioner of the department of public affairs and public 8 9 safety, one council member to be commissioner of the department of streets, public improvements and public property, one council member to 10 be commissioner of the department of public accounts and finances, one 11 council member to be commissioner of the department of public works, and 12 one council member to be commissioner of the department of parks and 13 recreation. 14

In all of such cities the commissioner of the department of accounts and finances shall be vice president of the city council and shall, in the absence or inability of the mayor to serve, perform the duties of the mayor<u>of the city</u>. In case of vacancy in the office of mayor by death or otherwise, the vacancy shall be filled as provided in section 32-568.

20 Sec. 24. Section 19-418, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 19-418 The regular meetings of the city council in metropolitan cities of the metropolitan class shall be held at least once in each week 23 24 and upon such day and hour as the <u>city</u> council may designate. In all 25 other cities having a population of two thousand or more as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 26 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, the regular 27 28 meetings of the <u>city</u> council shall be held at such intervals and upon such day and hour as the <u>city</u> council may by ordinance or resolution 29 designate; and special meetings of the city council in any of such cities 30 may be called, from time to time, by the mayor or two council members, 31

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1 giving notice in such manner as may be fixed or defined by law or 2 ordinance in any of such cities or as shall be fixed by ordinance or 3 resolution by such <u>city</u> council. A majority of such <u>city</u> council shall 4 constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, but it shall 5 require a majority vote of the <u>city</u> whole council in any such city to 6 pass any measure or transact any business.

Sec. 25. Section 19-501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 19-501 Whenever, in any city having a population of more than five thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 10 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 11 Bureau of the Census, a charter convention shall have prepared and 12 proposed any charter for the government of such said city or any 13 14 amendments to the charter previously in force, it shall be the duty of the city clerk to also publish and submit, at the same time and in the 15 16 same manner as in the case of the submission of such said proposed charter, any additional or alternative articles or sections, to the 17 qualified voters of such said city for their approval, which shall be 18 19 proposed by the petition of at least ten percent of the qualified electors of such said city voting for the gubernatorial candidates at the 20 next preceding general election. The ; Provided, said petition must be 21 22 filed within thirty days after the work of such said charter convention shall have been completed. 23

24 Sec. 26. Section 19-602, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

19-602 For the purposes of sections 19-601 to 19-648, the population of a city shall be the number of inhabitants as <u>determined by the most</u> <u>recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified</u> <u>count by the United States Bureau of the Census</u> ascertained by the last state census or United States census, whichever shall be later.

31 Sec. 27. Section 19-1101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

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1 2016, is amended to read:

19-1101 The treasurer of each city or village that has a population 2 of not more than one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the 3 most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 4 count by the United States Bureau of the Census shall prepare and publish 5 annually within sixty days after the close of its municipal fiscal year a 6 7 statement of the receipts and expenditures of funds of the city or village for the preceding fiscal year. The statement shall also include 8 9 the information required by subsection (3) of section 16-318 or subsection (2) of section 17-606. Not more than the legal rate provided 10 for in section 33-141 shall be charged and paid for such publication. 11

12 Sec. 28. Section 19-1102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

19-1102 It shall be the duty of each village or city clerk in every 14 village or city having a population of not more than one hundred thousand 15 inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or 16 the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of 17 the <u>census</u> to prepare and publish the official proceedings of the village 18 or city board, council, or commission within thirty days after any 19 meeting of the board, council, or commission. The publication shall be in 20 a newspaper in or of general circulation in the village or city, shall 21 set forth a statement of the proceedings of the meeting, and shall also 22 include the amount of each claim allowed, the purpose of the claim, and 23 24 the name of the claimant, except that the aggregate amount of all payroll claims may be included as one item. Between July 15 and August 15 of each 25 year, the employee job titles and the current annual, monthly, or hourly 26 salaries corresponding to such job titles shall be published. Each job 27 title published shall be descriptive and indicative of the duties and 28 functions of the position. The charge for the publication shall not 29 exceed the rates provided for in section 23-122. 30

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Sec. 29. Section 19-1827, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read:

19-1827 (1) There is hereby created, in cities in the State of 2 Nebraska having a population of more than five thousand inhabitants as 3 4 determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent 5 revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census and having full-time police officers or full-time firefighters, a civil 6 7 service commission, except in cities with a population in excess of forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 8 9 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 10 Bureau of the Census which have or may adopt a home rule charter pursuant to sections 2 to 5 of Article XI of the Constitution of this state. Any 11 12 city or village having a population of five thousand <u>inhabitants</u> or less 13 as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census 14 may adopt the Civil Service Act and create a civil service commission by 15 a vote of the electors of such city or village. If any city of the first 16 17 class which established a civil service commission decreases in population to less than five thousand, as determined by the most recent 18 latest federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 19 count by the United States Bureau of the Census, and continues to have 20 full-time police officers or full-time firefighters, the civil service 21 commission shall be continued for at least four years, and thereafter 22 23 continued at the option of the local governing body of such city or village. The members of such commission shall be appointed by the 24 25 appointing authority.

(2) The governing body shall by ordinance determine if the commission shall be comprised of three or five members. The members of the civil service commission shall serve without compensation. No person shall be appointed a member of such commission who is not a citizen of the United States, a resident of such municipality for at least three years immediately preceding such appointment, and an elector of the

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county wherein such person resides. If the commission is comprised of 1 2 three members, the term of office of such commissioners shall be six years, except that the first three members of such commission shall be 3 4 appointed for different terms, as follows: One to serve for a period of 5 two years, one to serve for a period of four years, and one to serve for a period of six years. If the commission is comprised of five members, 6 7 the term of office of such members shall be for five years, except that the first members of such commission shall be appointed for different 8 9 terms, as follows: One to serve for a period of one year, one to serve 10 for a period of two years, one to serve for a period of three years, one to serve for a period of four years, and one to serve for a period of 11 12 five years. If the municipality determines by ordinance to change from a 13 three-member commission to a five-member commission, or from a five-14 member commission to a three-member commission, the members of the commission serving before the effective date of such ordinance shall hold 15 office until reappointed or their successors are appointed. 16

17 (3) Any member of the civil service commission may be removed from office for incompetency, dereliction of duty, malfeasance in office, or 18 other good cause by the appointing authority, except that no member of 19 the commission shall be removed until written charges have been 20 preferred, due notice given such member, and a full hearing had before 21 22 the appointing authority. Any member so removed shall have the right to 23 appeal to the district court of the county in which such commission is 24 located, which court shall hear and determine such appeal in a summary 25 manner. Such an appeal shall be only upon the ground that such judgment or order of removal was not made in good faith for cause, and the hearing 26 on such appeal shall be confined to the determination of whether or not 27 28 it was so made.

(4) The members of the civil service commission shall devote due
time and attention to the performance of the duties specified and imposed
upon them by the Civil Service Act. Two commissioners in a three-member

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1 commission and three commissioners in a five-member commission shall 2 constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Confirmation of the appointment or appointments of commissioners, made under subsection (1) 3 4 of this section, by any other legislative body shall not be required. At the time of any appointment, not more than two commissioners of a three-5 member commission, or three commissioners of a five-member commission, 6 including the one or ones to be appointed, shall be registered electors 7 of the same political party. 8

9 Sec. 30. Section 19-3501, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
10 2016, is amended to read:

19-3501 (1) The governing body of cities of the first and second 11 classes and villages may, by appropriate ordinance or proper resolution, 12 13 establish a pension plan designed and intended for the benefit of the regularly employed or appointed full-time employees of the city or 14 village. Any recognized method of funding a pension plan may be employed. 15 16 The plan shall be established by appropriate ordinance or proper 17 resolution, which may provide for mandatory contribution by the employee. The city or village may also contribute, in addition to any amounts 18 contributed by the employee, amounts to be used for the purpose of 19 funding employee past service benefits. Any two or more cities of the 20 first and second classes and villages may jointly establish such a 21 22 pension plan by adoption of appropriate ordinances or resolutions. Such a 23 pension plan may be integrated with old age and survivors insurance, 24 otherwise generally known as social security.

(2)(a) Beginning December 31, 1998, and each December 31 thereafter, the clerk of a city or village with a retirement plan established pursuant to this section and section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code shall file with the Public Employees Retirement Board an annual report on such plan and shall submit copies of such report to the Auditor of Public Accounts. The Auditor of Public Accounts may prepare a review of such report pursuant to section 84-304.02 but is not required to do so. The

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annual report shall be in a form prescribed by the Public Employees
 Retirement Board and shall contain the following information for each
 such retirement plan:

4 (i) The number of persons participating in the retirement plan;
5 (ii) The contribution rates of participants in the plan;
6 (iii) Plan assets and liabilities;

7 (iv) The names and positions of persons administering the plan;

8 (v) The names and positions of persons investing plan assets;

9 (vi) The form and nature of investments;

(vii) For each defined contribution plan, a full description of
 investment policies and options available to plan participants; and

(viii) For each defined benefit plan, the levels of benefits of participants in the plan, the number of members who are eligible for a benefit, and the total present value of such members' benefits, as well as the funding sources which will pay for such benefits.

16 If a plan contains no current active participants, the city or 17 village clerk may file in place of such report a statement with the 18 Public Employees Retirement Board indicating the number of retirees still 19 drawing benefits, and the sources and amount of funding for such 20 benefits.

(b) If such retirement plan is a defined benefit plan which was open 21 to new members on January 1, 2004, in addition to the reports required by 22 section 13-2402, the city council or village board shall cause to be 23 24 prepared an annual report and shall file the same with the Public 25 Employees Retirement Board and the Nebraska Retirement Systems Committee of the Legislature and submit to the Auditor of Public Accounts a copy of 26 each report. The Auditor of Public Accounts may prepare a review of such 27 28 report pursuant to section 84-304.02 but is not required to do so. If the city council or village board does not submit a copy of the report to the 29 Auditor of Public Accounts within six months after the end of the plan 30 year, the Auditor of Public Accounts may audit, or cause to be audited, 31

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1 the city or village. All costs of the audit shall be paid by the city or 2 village. The report shall consist of a full actuarial analysis of each such retirement plan established pursuant to this section. The analysis 3 4 shall be prepared by an independent private organization or public entity 5 employing actuaries who are members in good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries, and which organization or entity has demonstrated 6 expertise to perform this type of analysis and is unrelated to any 7 organization offering investment advice or which provides investment 8 9 management services to the retirement plan. The report to the Nebraska Retirement Systems Committee shall be submitted electronically. 10

(3) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to firefighters 11 or police officers who are included under an existing pension or 12 13 retirement system established by the municipality employing such firefighters or police officers or the Legislature. If a city of the 14 first class decreases in population to less than five thousand, as 15 16 determined by the most recent latest federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, 17 any police officer or firefighter employed by such city on or prior to 18 19 the date such city becomes a city of the second class shall retain the level of benefits established by the Legislature for police officers or 20 firefighters employed by a city of the first class on the date such city 21 becomes a city of the second class. 22

Sec. 31. Section 19-5101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

19-5101 Pursuant to Article XI, section 1, of the Constitution of Nebraska, the Legislature authorizes the investment of public endowment funds by any city having a population of more than five thousand inhabitants <u>as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or</u> <u>the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of</u> <u>the Census in the manner required of a prudent investor who shall act</u> with care, skill, and diligence under the prevailing circumstance and in

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such investments as the governing body of such city, acting in a
 fiduciary capacity for the exclusive purpose of protecting and benefiting
 such investment, may determine.

Sec. 32. Section 23-204, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

23-204 On the second Tuesday after the election under section 23-201 6 7 adopting township organization in any county, the county attorney, county clerk, and county treasurer of the county shall meet at the county seat 8 9 of such county and shall, within three days from and after the first day of meeting, divide such county into seven districts to be known as 10 supervisor districts. Such districts shall be divided as nearly as 11 possible with regular boundary lines and in regular and compact form and 12 shapes, and each of such districts shall as nearly as possible have the 13 same number of inhabitants as any other district. No voting precinct 14 shall be divided by any such district, except that in counties having 15 cities of more than over one thousand inhabitants as determined by the 16 17 most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census and when such cities have 18 more inhabitants than the average outlying district, the county board 19 shall add enough contiguous territory to such city so that the 20 inhabitants in such city and contiguous territory equal the inhabitants 21 of two of the other districts. The county attorney, county clerk, and 22 county treasurer shall then divide the tract thus segregated into two 23 24 supervisor districts with population as nearly equal as possible, and 25 when so divided, each of the districts shall elect one supervisor who shall reside in such supervisor district and be nominated and elected by 26 the registered voters residing in that district. If any such city has 27 28 more than the requisite inhabitants for two supervisor districts, then sufficient outlying territory may be added to such city to make three 29 supervisor districts. The supervisor in each supervisor district in such 30 city shall reside in such supervisor district and be nominated and 31

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1 elected by the registered voters residing in that supervisor district.
2 The remainder of the county outside of such city districts shall be
3 divided so as to create a total of seven supervisor districts, except
4 that if any county under township organization has gone to an at-large
5 basis for election of supervisors under section 32-554, the board of
6 supervisors of such county may stay on the at-large voting basis.

Sec. 33. Section 31-501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 31-501 Whenever one or more municipalities municipal corporation or corporations may be situated upon or near a stream which is bordered by 10 lands subject to overflow from natural causes, or which is obstructed by 11 dams or artificial obstructions so that the natural flow of waters is 12 impeded so that drainage or the improvement of the channel of the stream 13 will conduce to the preservation of public health, such municipalities 14 15 municipal corporation or corporations and the surrounding lands 16 deleteriously affected by the conditions of the stream, may be incorporated as a sanitary drainage district under sections 31-501 to 17 31-523 in the manner following: Any one hundred legal voters, residents 18 19 freeholders resident within the limits of such proposed sanitary drainage district, may petition the county board of the county wherein they reside 20 to cause the question to be submitted to the legal voters within the 21 22 limits of such proposed sanitary drainage district whether they will organize as a sanitary drainage district under such said sections. In \div 23 24 Provided, that in the case of <u>municipalities</u> municipal corporations of 25 less than one thousand inhabitants population, as determined by the most recent federal decennial last preceding census or the most recent revised 26 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, two-thirds of 27 the legal voters, residents freeholders resident within the limits of 28 such proposed sanitary drainage district, may petition the county board 29 of the county wherein they reside to cause the question to be submitted 30 to the legal voters within the limits of such proposed sanitary drainage 31

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district whether they will organize as a sanitary drainage district under
 <u>such said</u> sections, and if a majority of those voting on the question are
 in favor of the proposition the district shall be organized.

Sec. 34. Section 31-508, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

31-508 If a sanitary drainage district has constructed one or more 6 7 channels, drains, or ditches from a city having a population of more than one hundred thousand and less than three hundred thousand inhabitants as 8 9 determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent 10 revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census to or beyond the boundaries of the district downstream and there remains from 11 the lower terminus of such improvement a portion or continuation of the 12 13 watercourse unimproved, the Department of Natural Resources shall investigate the conditions of such watercourse, and if the department 14 determines that further improvement in such watercourse downstream is for 15 the interest of lands adjacent to such watercourse below the point of the 16 17 improvement, the department shall file a plan of such improvement in the office of the county clerk of each of the counties in which any of the 18 19 lands to be benefited are situated and in which any portion of the watercourse to be improved is located. Such plan shall describe the 20 boundaries of the district to be benefited and shall contain an estimate 21 22 of the benefits that would accrue to the sanitary district by reason of such improvement as well as the cost thereof and an estimate of the 23 24 special benefits that would accrue to lands adjacent to the watercourse 25 by reason of improved drainage, such estimate being detailed as to the various tracts of land under separate ownership as shown by the records 26 of the county in which such lands are situated. 27

28 Sec. 35. Section 32-538, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

30 32-538 (1) In a city which adopts the city manager plan of 31 government pursuant to sections 19-601 to 19-610, the number of city

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1 council members shall be determined by the class and population of the 2 city. In cities having one thousand or more but not more than forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 3 4 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 5 Bureau of the Census, there shall be five members, and in cities having more than forty thousand but less than two hundred thousand inhabitants 6 as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most 7 recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, 8 9 there shall be seven members, except that in cities having between 10 twenty-five thousand and forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 11 count by the United States Bureau of the Census, the city council may by 12 ordinance provide for seven members. Council members shall be elected 13 from the city at large unless the city council by ordinance provides for 14 the election of all or some of its council members by wards, the number 15 16 and boundaries of which are provided for in section 16-104. Council members shall serve for terms of four years or until their successors are 17 elected and qualified. The council members shall meet the qualifications 18 found in sections 19-613 and 19-613.01. 19

The first election under an ordinance changing the number of council 20 members or their manner of election shall take place at the next regular 21 city election. Council members whose terms of office expire after the 22 election shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for 23 24 which they were elected and until their successors are elected and qualified. At the first election under an ordinance changing the number 25 of council members or their manner of election, one-half or the bare 26 majority of council members elected at large, as the case may be, who 27 receive the highest number of votes shall serve for four years and the 28 other or others, if needed, for two years. At such first election, one-29 half or the bare majority of council members, as the case may be, who are 30 elected by wards shall serve for four years and the other or others, if 31

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needed, for two years, as provided in the ordinance. If only one council
 member is to be elected at large at such first election, such member
 shall serve for four years.

4 (2) Commencing with the statewide primary election in 1976, and 5 every two years thereafter, those candidates whose terms will be expiring 6 shall be nominated at the statewide primary election and elected at the 7 statewide general election.

8 Sec. 36. Section 32-539, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

10 32-539 (1) In a city which adopts the commission plan of government pursuant to sections 19-401 to 19-433, the number of city council members 11 shall be determined by the class and population of the city. In cities 12 13 having two thousand or more but not more than forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most 14 recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, 15 there shall be five members, in cities of the primary class, there shall 16 17 be five members, and in cities of the metropolitan class, there shall be seven members. Council members shall be elected from the city at large. 18 In cities of the primary class, three excise members shall be elected in 19 addition to the five council members. Nomination and election of all 20 council members shall be by nonpartisan ballot. The mayor shall be 21 22 elected for a four-year term.

(2) In cities containing two thousand or more but not more than 23 24 forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 25 States Bureau of the Census, at the city council election in 1980, the 26 council member elected as the commissioner of the department of public 27 28 works and the council member elected as the commissioner of the department of parks and recreation shall each serve a term of four years. 29 If a city elects to adopt the commission plan of government after 1980, 30 the council member elected as the commissioner of the department of 31

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public works and the council member elected as the commissioner of the 1 2 department of public accounts and finances shall each serve a term of four years and the council member elected as the commissioner of the 3 4 department of streets, public improvements, and public property and the 5 council member elected as the commissioner of the department of parks and recreation shall each serve a term of two years. Upon the expiration of 6 7 such terms, all council members shall serve terms of four years and until their successors are elected and gualified. 8

9 (3) Commencing with the statewide primary election in 2000, and 10 every two years thereafter, candidates shall be nominated at the 11 statewide primary election and elected at the statewide general election 12 except as otherwise provided in section 19-405.

Sec. 37. Section 39-207, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 39-207 Tourist-oriented directional sign panels shall be erected and 16 maintained by or at the direction of the Department of Roads within the 17 right-of-way of rural highways which are part of the state highway system 18 to provide tourist-oriented information to the traveling public in 19 accordance with sections 39-207 to 39-211.

20

For purposes of such sections:

(1) Rural highways means (a) all public highways and roads outside 21 the limits of an incorporated municipality exclusive of freeways and 22 interchanges on expressways and (b) all public highways and roads within 23 24 incorporated municipalities having a population of forty thousand 25 inhabitants people or less as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 26 States Bureau of the Census exclusive of freeways and interchanges on 27 28 expressways. Expressway, freeway, and interchange are used in this subdivision as they are defined in section 39-1302; and 29

30 (2) Sign panel means one or more individual signs mounted as an31 assembly on the same supports.

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Sec. 38. Section 39-1328.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
 is amended to read:

39-1328.01 Whenever a highway not a freeway, which formerly 3 traversed the corporate limits of a municipality of not more than five 4 5 thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 6 7 Bureau of the Census, is relocated and is made a controlled-access facility, and the Department of Roads is or is not providing any frontage 8 9 road as authorized by section 39-1328, near an intersection with a 10 roadway connecting with such municipality, the department shall, when consistent with requirements of traffic safety, and when the cost of 11 drainage structures does not exceed five thousand dollars, and upon the 12 conditions hereinafter set out construct such frontage roads if requested 13 to do so by such municipality, the county, or by the owners of sixty 14 percent of the property abutting on such relocated highway if such 15 16 request is made prior to the purchase, lease, or lease with option to 17 purchase of right-of-way by the department. The quadrant of such intersection in which the frontage road or roads shall be located shall 18 19 be designated by the governing board of such municipality. The department shall at the request of the county or municipality procure the right-of-20 way for such frontage road by lease or lease-option to buy or in the same 21 22 manner as though it were for state highway purposes after receiving from 23 the county or municipality reasonable assurance of reimbursement for such 24 right-of-way costs. The responsibility for the maintenance of such 25 frontage road shall be as provided in section 39-1372.

26 Sec. 39. Section 39-1804, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

39-1804 The county board may, with the approval of the mayor and council or the chairperson and board of trustees, as the case may be, whenever conditions warrant, furnish, deliver, and spread gravel of a depth not exceeding three inches on certain streets in cities of the

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second class and villages having a population of not more than fifteen 1 2 hundred inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 3 4 Bureau of the Census and shall charge the cost of such improvement to 5 that portion of the Highway Allocation Fund allocated to such counties from the Highway Trust Fund under section 39-2215. No improvement of any 6 street or streets in cities of the second class or villages having a 7 population of not more than fifteen hundred inhabitants as determined by 8 9 the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census shall be made 10 under the provisions of this section unless the street or streets, when 11 graveled, will constitute one main thoroughfare through such city or 12 village that connects with or forms a part of the county highway system 13 of such county which has been or which shall be graveled up to the 14 corporate limits of such city or village. Before being entitled to such 15 16 county aid in graveling such thoroughfare, the same must have been 17 properly graded by such city or village in accordance with the grade established in the construction of the county road system. 18

Sec. 40. Section 39-2103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

39-2103 Rural highways are hereby divided into nine functional
 classifications as follows:

(1) Interstate, which shall consist of the federally designated
National System of Interstate and Defense Highways;

(2) Expressway, which shall consist of a group of highways following
major traffic desires in Nebraska which rank next in importance to the
National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. The expressway system
is one which ultimately should be developed to multilane divided highway
standards;

30 (3) Major arterial, which shall consist of the balance of routes31 which serve major statewide interests for highway transportation. This

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system is characterized by high-speed, relatively long-distance travel
patterns;

3 (4) Scenic-recreation, which shall consist of highways or roads
4 located within or which provide access to or through state parks,
5 recreation or wilderness areas, other areas of geographical, historical,
6 geological, recreational, biological, or archaeological significance, or
7 areas of scenic beauty;

8 (5) Other arterial, which shall consist of a group of highways of 9 less importance as through-travel routes which would serve places of 10 smaller population and smaller recreation areas not served by the higher 11 systems;

(6) Collector, which shall consist of a group of highways which pick
up traffic from many local or land-service roads and carry it to
community centers or to the arterial systems. They are the main school
bus routes, mail routes, and farm-to-market routes;

16 (7) Local, which shall consist of all remaining rural roads, except
 17 minimum maintenance roads and remote residential roads;

18 (8) Minimum maintenance, which shall consist of (a) roads used 19 occasionally by a limited number of people as alternative access roads 20 for areas served primarily by local, collector, or arterial roads or (b) 21 roads which are the principal access roads to agricultural lands for farm 22 machinery and which are not primarily used by passenger or commercial 23 vehicles; and

24 (9) Remote residential, which shall consist of roads or segments of 25 roads in remote areas of counties with (a) a population density of no more than five people per square mile or (b) an area of at least one 26 thousand square miles, and which roads or segments of roads serve as 27 28 primary access to no more than seven residences. For purposes of this subdivision, residence means a structure which serves as a primary 29 residence for more than six months of a calendar year. Population shall 30 be determined using data from the most recent federal decennial census. 31

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1 The rural highways classified under subdivisions (1) through (3) of 2 this section should, combined, serve every incorporated municipality having a minimum population of one hundred inhabitants as determined by 3 4 the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 5 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census or sufficient commerce, a part of which will be served by stubs or spurs, and along 6 7 with rural highways classified under subdivision (4) of this section, should serve the major recreational areas of the state. 8

9 For purposes of this section, sufficient commerce means a minimum of
10 two hundred thousand dollars of gross receipts under the Nebraska Revenue
11 Act of 1967.

12 Sec. 41. Section 39-2106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

39-2106 To assist in developing the functional classification 14 there is hereby established the Board of 15 Public Roads system, Classifications and Standards which shall consist of eleven members to be 16 17 appointed by the Governor with the approval of the Legislature. Of the members of such board, two shall be representatives of the Department of 18 19 Roads, three shall be representatives of the counties, one of whom shall be a licensed county highway superintendent in good standing and two of 20 whom shall be county board members, three shall be representatives of the 21 municipalities who shall be either public works directors or licensed 22 city street superintendents in good standing, and three shall be lay 23 24 citizens who shall represent the three congressional districts of the state. The county members on the board shall represent the various 25 classes of counties, as defined in section 23-1114.01, in the following 26 manner: One shall be a representative from either a Class 1 or Class 2 27 28 county; one shall be a representative from either a Class 3 or Class 4 county; and one shall be a representative from either a Class 5, Class 6, 29 or Class 7 county. The municipal members of the board shall represent 30 municipalities of the following sizes by population: One shall be a 31

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representative from a municipality of less than two thousand five hundred 1 2 inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of 3 4 the Census population; one shall be a representative from a municipality 5 of two thousand five hundred to fifty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 6 7 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census population; and one shall be a representative from a municipality of over fifty thousand 8 9 inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or 10 the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census population. In making such appointments, the Governor shall 11 12 consult with the Director-State Engineer and with the appropriate county 13 and municipal officials and may consult with organizations representing such officials or representing counties or municipalities as may be 14 appropriate. At the expiration of the existing term, one member from the 15 county representatives, the municipal representatives and the 16 lav 17 citizens shall be appointed for a term of two years; two members from the county representatives, the municipal representatives, and the lay 18 19 citizens shall be appointed for terms of four years. One representative from the Department of Roads shall be appointed for a two-year term and 20 the other representative shall be appointed for a four-year term. 21 22 Thereafter, all such appointments shall be for terms of four years each. Members of such board shall receive no compensation for their services as 23 24 such, except that the lay members shall receive the same compensation as members of the State Highway Commission, and all members shall be 25 reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the 26 performance of their official duties as provided in sections 81-1174 to 27 81-1177 for state employees. All expenses of such board shall be paid by 28 the Department of Roads. 29

30 Sec. 42. Section 44-5502, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
31 2016, is amended to read:

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1 44-5502 For purposes of the Surplus Lines Insurance Act:

2 (1) Affiliated group means a group of entities in which each entity,
3 with respect to an insured, controls, is controlled by, or is under
4 common control with the insured;

5 (2) Control means:

6 (a) To own, control, or have the power of an entity directly, 7 indirectly, or acting through one or more other persons to vote twenty-8 five percent or more of any class of voting securities of another entity; 9 or

10 (b) To direct, by an entity, in any manner, the election of a
11 majority of the directors or trustees of another entity;

12 (3) Department means the Department of Insurance;

13 (4) Director means the Director of Insurance;

14 (5)(a) Exempt commercial purchaser means any person purchasing 15 commercial insurance that, at the time of placement, meets the following 16 requirements:

17 (i) The person employs or retains a qualified risk manager to18 negotiate insurance coverage;

(ii) The person has paid aggregate nationwide commercial property
and casualty insurance premiums in excess of one hundred thousand dollars
in the immediately preceding twelve months; and

22 (iii) The person meets at least one of the following criteria:

(A) The person possesses a net worth in excess of twenty million
dollars, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to subdivision (5)(b) of
this section;

(B) The person generates annual revenue in excess of fifty million
dollars, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to subdivision (5)(b) of
this section;

(C) The person employs more than five hundred full-time or full-time equivalent employees per individual insured or is a member of an affiliated group employing more than one thousand employees in the

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1 aggregate;

2 (D) The person is a not-for-profit organization or public entity 3 generating annual budgeted expenditures of at least thirty million 4 dollars, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to subdivision (5)(b) of 5 this section; or

6 (E) The person is a municipality with a population in excess of 7 fifty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal 8 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 9 States Bureau of the Census.

(b) Beginning on the fifth occurrence of January 1 after July 21,
2011, and each fifth occurrence of January 1 thereafter, the amounts in
subdivisions (5)(a)(iii)(A), (B), and (D) of this section shall be
adjusted to reflect the percentage change for such five-year period in
the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Federal
Bureau of Labor Statistics;

16 (6) Foreign, alien, admitted, and nonadmitted, when referring to
17 insurers, has the same meanings as in section 44-103 but does not include
18 a risk retention group as defined in 15 U.S.C. 3901(a)(4);

(7)(a) Except as provided in subdivision (7)(b) of this section, 19 home state means, with respect to an insured, (i) the state in which an 20 insured maintains its principal place of business or, in the case of an 21 individual, the individual's principal residence or (ii) if one hundred 22 23 percent of the insured risk is located out of the state referred to in 24 subdivision (7)(a)(i) of this section, the state to which the greatest 25 percentage of the insured's taxable premium for that insurance contract is allocated. 26

(b) If more than one insured from an affiliated group are named insureds on a single nonadmitted insurance contract, home state means the home state, as determined pursuant to subdivision (7)(a) of this section, of the member of the affiliated group that has the largest percentage of premium attributed to it under such insurance contract.

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(c) When determining the home state of the insured, the principal
 place of business is the state in which the insured maintains its
 headquarters and where the insured's high-level officers direct, control,
 and coordinate the business activities of the insured;

5

(8) Insurer has the same meaning as in section 44-103;

6 (9) Nonadmitted insurance means any property and casualty insurance 7 permitted to be placed directly or through surplus lines licensees with a 8 nonadmitted insurer eligible to accept such insurance; and

9 (10) Qualified risk manager means, with respect to a policyholder of 10 commercial insurance, a person who meets the definition in section 527 of 11 the Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010, which is Subtitle B 12 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Public 13 Law 111-203, as such section existed on January 1, 2011.

14 Sec. 43. Section 48-307, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

16 48-307 The superintendent of public schools in all cities and towns 17 having a population of more than one thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 18 19 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census according to the last official census and the presiding officer of all other school 20 boards shall furnish a duplicate copy of all certificates issued under 21 22 sections 48-302 to 48-313 to the Department of Labor. The duplicate certificates in the form set forth in section 48-309 shall be filed with 23 24 the Department of Labor at the time of the issuance of the original 25 certificate.

26 Sec. 44. Section 48-1209.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, 27 is amended to read:

48-1209.01 The officers and members of the police and paid fire departments of cities of the metropolitan and primary classes and of cities of the first class having a population of more than ten thousand inhabitants <u>as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or</u>

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the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census shall each receive a salary of not less than three hundred fifty dollars per month. The city council may, by ordinance, at any time, change, fix or revise the salaries of the officers or members of the police and fire departments of such cities, but in no instance shall the minimum salary of any officer or member be less than three hundred fifty dollars per month.

8 Sec. 45. Section 53-124.14, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

53-124.14 (1) The commission may license the sale of alcoholic 10 liquor at retail in the original package to applicants who reside in any 11 county in which there is no incorporated city or village or in which the 12 13 county seat is not located in an incorporated city or village if the licensed premises are situated in an unincorporated village having a 14 population of twenty-five inhabitants or more as determined by the most 15 recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 16 17 count by the United States Bureau of the Census.

(2) The commission may license the sale of beer at retail in any county outside the corporate limits of any city or village therein and license the sale of alcoholic liquor at retail for consumption on the premises and off the premises, sales in the original package only.

(3) The commission may license the sale of alcoholic liquor for consumption on the premises as provided in subdivision (6)(a)(iii) of section 53-124 on lands controlled by airport authorities when such land is located on and under county jurisdiction or by the Nebraska State Fair Board.

27 Sec. 46. Section 60-680, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

60-680 (1) Any local authority with respect to highways under its
 jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of the police power may:

31 (a) Regulate or prohibit stopping, standing, or parking;

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(b) Regulate traffic by means of peace officers or traffic control
 devices;

3 (c) Regulate or prohibit processions or assemblages on the highways;
4 (d) Designate highways or roadways for use by traffic moving in one
5 direction;

6 (e) Establish speed limits for vehicles in public parks;

7 (f) Designate any highway as a through highway or designate any
8 intersection as a stop or yield intersection;

9 (g) Restrict the use of highways as authorized in section 60-681;

(h) Regulate operation of bicycles and require registration and
 inspection of such, including requirement of a registration fee;

12 (i) Regulate operation of electric personal assistive mobility13 devices;

14 (j) Regulate or prohibit the turning of vehicles or specified types 15 of vehicles;

16 (k) Alter or establish speed limits authorized in the Nebraska Rules17 of the Road;

18 (1) Designate no-passing zones;

(m) Prohibit or regulate use of controlled-access highways by any
class or kind of traffic except those highways which are a part of the
state highway system;

(n) Prohibit or regulate use of heavily traveled highways by any
class or kind of traffic it finds to be incompatible with the normal and
safe movement of traffic, except that such regulations shall not be
effective on any highway which is part of the state highway system unless
authorized by the Department of Roads;

27 (o) Establish minimum speed limits as authorized in the rules;

(p) Designate hazardous railroad grade crossings as authorized inthe rules;

30 (q) Designate and regulate traffic on play streets;

31 (r) Prohibit pedestrians from crossing a roadway in a business

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district or any designated highway except in a crosswalk as authorized in
 the rules;

3 (s) Restrict pedestrian crossings at unmarked crosswalks as
4 authorized in the rules;

(t) Regulate persons propelling push carts;

6 (u) Regulate persons upon skates, coasters, sleds, and other toy7 vehicles;

8 (v) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, adopt and enforce an 9 ordinance or resolution prohibiting the use of engine brakes on the 10 National System of Interstate and Defense Highways that has a grade of 11 less than five degrees within its jurisdiction. For purposes of this 12 subdivision, engine brake means a device that converts a power producing 13 engine into a power-absorbing air compressor, resulting in a net energy 14 loss;

(w) Adopt and enforce such temporary or experimental regulations as
may be necessary to cover emergencies or special conditions; and

17 (x) Adopt other traffic regulations except as prohibited by state18 law or contrary to state law.

(2) No local authority, except an incorporated city with more than 19 forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal 20 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 21 States Bureau of the Census, shall erect or maintain any traffic control 22 device at any location so as to require the traffic on any state highway 23 24 or state-maintained freeway to stop before entering or crossing any 25 intersecting highway unless approval in writing has first been obtained from the Department of Roads. 26

(3) No ordinance or regulation enacted under subdivision (1)(d),
(e), (f), (g), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n), (p), (q), or (s) of this section
shall be effective until traffic control devices giving notice of such
local traffic regulations are erected upon or at the entrances to such
affected highway or part thereof affected as may be most appropriate.

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Sec. 47. Section 60-6,120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

3 60-6,120 (1) The Department of Roads shall place and maintain, or 4 provide for such placing and maintaining, such traffic control devices, 5 conforming to the manual, upon all state highways as it deems necessary 6 to indicate and to carry out the Nebraska Rules of the Road or to 7 regulate, warn, or guide traffic.

8 (2)(a) In incorporated cities and villages with less than forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 9 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 10 Bureau of the Census, the department shall have exclusive jurisdiction 11 regarding the erection and maintenance of traffic control devices on the 12 13 state highway system but shall not place traffic control devices on the state highway system within incorporated cities and villages of more than 14 twenty-five hundred inhabitants <u>as determined</u> by the most recent federal 15 16 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 17 States Bureau of the Census without consultation with the proper city officials. 18

19 (b) In incorporated cities of forty thousand or more inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent 20 revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, except 21 on state-maintained freeways of the state highway system where the 22 23 retains exclusive jurisdiction, the city department shall have 24 jurisdiction regarding erection and maintenance of traffic control devices on the state highway system after consultation with the 25 department, except that there shall be joint jurisdiction with the 26 department for such traffic control devices for which the department 27 accepts responsibility for the erection and maintenance. 28

(3) No local authority shall place or maintain any traffic control
device upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the department, except
by permission of the department, or on any state-maintained freeway of

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1 the state highway system.

2 (4) The placing of traffic control devices by the department shall 3 not be a departmental rule, regulation, or order subject to the statutory 4 procedures for such rules, regulations, or orders but shall be considered 5 as establishing precepts extending the provisions of the Nebraska Rules 6 of the Road as necessary to regulate, warn, or guide traffic. Violation 7 of such traffic control devices shall be punishable as provided in the 8 rules.

9 Sec. 48. Section 60-6,190, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

60-6,190 (1) Whenever the Department of Roads determines, upon the 11 basis of an engineering and traffic investigation, that any maximum speed 12 13 limit is greater or less than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at any intersection, place, or part of the state highway 14 system outside of the corporate limits of cities and villages as well as 15 16 inside the corporate limits of cities and villages on freeways which are 17 part of the state highway system, it may determine and set a reasonable and safe maximum speed limit for such intersection, place, or part of 18 19 such highway which shall be the lawful speed limit when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected at such intersection, place, or part of 20 the highway, except that the maximum rural and freeway limits shall not 21 be exceeded. Such a maximum speed limit may be set to be effective at all 22 times or at such times as are indicated upon such signs. 23

24 (2) The speed limits set by the department shall not be a 25 departmental rule, regulation, or order subject to the statutory procedures for such rules, regulations, or orders but shall be an 26 authorization over the signature of the Director-State Engineer and shall 27 be maintained on permanent file at the headquarters of the department. 28 Certified copies of such authorizations shall be available from the 29 department at a reasonable cost for duplication. Any change to such an 30 authorization shall be made by a new authorization which cancels the 31

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previous authorization and establishes the new limit, but the new limit shall not become effective until signs showing the new limit are erected as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

4 (3) On county highways which are not part of the state highway 5 system or within the limits of any state institution or any area under control of the Game and Parks Commission or a natural resources district 6 and which are outside of the corporate limits of cities and villages, 7 county boards shall have the same power and duty to alter the maximum 8 9 speed limits as the department if the change is based on an engineering and traffic investigation comparable to that made by the department. The 10 limit outside of a business or residential district shall not be 11 decreased to less than thirty-five miles per hour. 12

(4) On all highways within their corporate limits, except on state-13 14 maintained freeways which are part of the state highway system, incorporated cities and villages shall have the same power and duty to 15 alter the maximum speed limits as the department if the change is based 16 on engineering and traffic investigation, except that no imposition of 17 speed limits on highways which are part of the state highway system in 18 19 cities and villages under forty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified 20 count by the United States Bureau of the Census shall be effective 21 22 without the approval of the department.

23 (5) The director of any state institution, the Game and Parks 24 Commission, or a natural resources district, with regard to highways 25 which are not a part of the state highway system, which are within the limits of such institution or area under Game and Parks Commission or 26 natural resources district control, and which are outside the limits of 27 28 any incorporated city or village, shall have the same power and duty to alter the maximum speed limits as the department if the change is based 29 on an engineering and traffic investigation comparable to that made by 30 the department. 31

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1 (6) Not more than six such speed limits shall be set per mile along 2 a highway, except in the case of reduced limits at intersections. The 3 difference between adjacent speed limits along a highway shall not be 4 reduced by more than twenty miles per hour, and there shall be no limit 5 on the difference between adjacent speed limits for increasing speed 6 limits along a highway.

(7) When the department or a local authority determines by an 7 investigation that certain vehicles in addition to those specified in 8 9 sections 60-6,187, 60-6,305, and 60-6,313 cannot with safety travel at 10 the speeds provided in sections 60-6,186, 60-6,187, 60-6,189, 60-6,305, 11 and 60-6,313 or set pursuant to this section or section 60-6,188 or 60-6,189, the department or local authority may restrict the speed limit 12 13 for such vehicles on highways under its respective jurisdiction and post proper and adequate signs. 14

Sec. 49. Section 70-408, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 70-408 All charges, made for electrical energy for residential, commercial, and farm purposes by any person, firm, corporation, or 18 19 municipality municipal corporation engaged in the sale of electrical energy in cities of the first class having a population of more than five 20 thousand and less than twenty-five thousand inhabitants as determined by 21 the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 22 23 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census, cities of the 24 second class, villages, and unincorporated areas in Nebraska, shall be 25 based on the amount of such energy actually furnished by the kilowatthour meter, together with such demand as may be registered or indicated 26 by a demand meter, or as may be contracted for, to such purchaser. Such 27 28 person, firm, corporation, or <u>municipality</u> <u>municipal</u> corporation may provide for either a penalty on or a discount from the amount of any bill 29 to promote prompt payment thereof under uniform rules and regulations 30 governing such penalty or discount. A reasonable minimum charge may be 31

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collected from purchasers of electrical energy by any such person, firm, 1 2 corporation, or municipality municipal corporation, even though the charge for the amount of electrical energy actually furnished by the 3 4 kilowatt-hour to such purchaser or user does not equal such minimum 5 charge for the designated period of service. The ; Provided, the provisions of sections 70-407 to 70-409 shall not be construed to affect 6 any contract or franchise in existence at the time of the passage and 7 approval of this section. 8

9 Sec. 50. Section 70-604.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
10 amended to read:

70-604.01 (1) Except as the same may be further limited or expanded 11 by requirements in Chapter 70, article 6, the chartered territory of any 12 13 district organized pursuant to and existing by virtue of or subject to the provisions of Chapter 70, article 6, shall include the area in this 14 state within which such district renders electric service of the nature 15 16 defined in section 70-604.02 and termed its operating area. There may be included, within the chartered area of such district, areas which are 17 outside the operating area as defined in section 70-604.02, but as to 18 19 which inclusion is nevertheless authorized by other sections of Chapter 70, article 6. 20

(2) Subject to the requirements of section 70-662 and the approval 21 of the Nebraska Power Review Board in accordance with sections 70-663 and 22 70-664, any district organized pursuant to Chapter 70, article 6, and 23 24 engaged in the operation of electric generation, transmission, or 25 distribution facilities or any combination thereof may, in the discretion of the board of directors of such district and upon a finding by the 26 board of directors of such district that the inclusion or exclusion 27 thereof would be consistent with the best interests of the district and 28 its customers, either include within or exclude from the chartered area 29 all municipalities which have a population of fewer than one thousand 30 five hundred inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal 31

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<u>decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United</u>
 <u>States Bureau of the Census</u> and which are within a county where such
 district provides electric service but are not otherwise in such
 district's operating area.

5 Sec. 51. Section 71-3305, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
6 2016, is amended to read:

7 71-3305 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, any city or village having a population of one thousand or 8 9 more inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 10 Bureau of the Census shall add fluoride to the water supply for human 11 consumption for such city or village as provided in the rules and 12 13 regulations of the Department of Health and Human Services unless such 14 water supply has sufficient amounts of naturally occurring fluoride as provided in such rules and regulations. 15

16 (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply if the voters of 17 the city or village adopted an ordinance, after April 18, 2008, but 18 before June 1, 2010, to prohibit the addition of fluoride to such water 19 supply.

(3) If any city or village reaches a population of one thousand or 20 more inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 21 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 22 Bureau of the Census after June 1, 2010, and is required to add fluoride 23 24 to its water supply under subsection (1) of this section, the city or village may adopt an ordinance to prohibit the addition of fluoride to 25 such water supply. The ordinance may be placed on the ballot by a 26 majority vote of the governing body of the city or village or by 27 28 initiative pursuant to sections 18-2501 to 18-2538. Such proposed ordinance shall be voted upon at the next statewide general election 29 after the population of the city or village reaches one thousand or more 30 inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or 31

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1 <u>the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of</u>
2 the Census.

(4) Any rural water district organized under sections 46-1001 to 3 46-1020 that supplies water for human consumption to any city or village 4 which is required to add fluoride to such water supply under this section 5 6 shall not be responsible for any costs, equipment, testing, or 7 maintenance related to such fluoridation unless such district has agreed with the city or village to assume such responsibilities. 8

9 Sec. 52. Section 77-3,119, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
10 2016, is amended to read:

11 77-3,119 (1) The Tax Commissioner shall certify the population of 12 cities and villages to be used for purposes of calculations made pursuant 13 to subdivision (4) of section 18-2603, subdivisions (3)(a) and (b) of 14 section 35-1205, subdivision (1) of section 39-2517, and sections 39-2513 15 and 77-27,139.02. The Tax Commissioner shall transmit copies of such 16 certification to all interested parties upon request.

(2) The Tax Commissioner shall certify the population of each city 17 and village based upon the most recent federal census <u>figures</u>. The Tax 18 Commissioner shall determine the most recent federal census figures for 19 each city and village by using the most recent federal census figures 20 available from (a) the most recent federal decennial census, (b) the most 21 22 recent revised certified count federal census update or recount certified by the United States Bureau of the Census, or (c) the most recent federal 23 24 census figure of the city or village plus the population of territory 25 annexed as calculated in sections 18-1753 and 18-1754.

26 (3) The Tax Commissioner may adopt and promulgate rules and27 regulations to carry out this section.

28 Sec. 53. Section 79-407, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

30 79-407 The territory within the corporate limits of each
 31 incorporated <u>municipality</u> city or village in the State of Nebraska that

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is not in part within the boundaries of a learning community, together 1 2 with such additional territory and additions to such municipality city or village as may be added thereto, as declared by ordinances to be 3 4 boundaries of such <u>municipality</u> city or village, having a population of 5 more than one thousand and less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or 6 the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of 7 the Census, including such adjacent territory as now is or hereafter may 8 9 be attached for school purposes, shall constitute a Class III school district, except that nothing in this section shall be construed to 10 change the boundaries of any school district that is a member of a 11 learning community. The school district shall be a body corporate and 12 possess all the usual powers of a corporation for public purposes and may 13 sue and be sued, purchase, hold, and sell such personal and real 14 property, and control such obligations as are authorized by law. 15

16 Sec. 54. Section 81-8,122.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative17 Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

81-8,122.01 Whenever a survey has been executed by a land surveyor 18 who is registered under the Land Surveyors Regulation Act, a record of 19 such survey bearing the signature and seal of the land surveyor shall be 20 filed in the survey record repository established pursuant to section 21 84-412 if such survey meets applicable regulations. Surveys which are 22 within the corporate limits of a city with a population in excess of 23 24 fifteen thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 25 States Bureau of the Census and do not reference, recover, retrace, or 26 reestablish the original government corners or lines or do not create a 27 28 new subdivision are not required to be filed in the survey record repository but shall be filed in the county surveyor's office in the 29 county where the land is located if they meet applicable regulations. If 30 no regular office is maintained in the county courthouse for the county 31

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surveyor, it shall be filed in the survey record repository. The record 1 2 of survey shall be filed within ninety days after the completion of the survey, or within any extension of time granted by the office in which it 3 is required to be filed for reasonable cause, and shall consist of the 4 5 following minimum data: (1) Plat of the tract surveyed; (2) legal description of the tract surveyed; (3) description of all corners found; 6 7 (4) description of all corners set; (5) ties to any section corners, quarter corners, or quarter-quarter corners found or set; (6) plat or 8 9 record distances as well as field measurements; and (7) date of 10 completion of survey. The record of survey so filed shall become an official record of survey, and shall be presumptive evidence of the facts 11 stated therein, unless the land surveyor filing the survey shall be 12 13 interested in the same. Plats or maps which are prepared only for the purpose of showing the location of improvements on existing lots, which 14 are not represented as surveys or land surveys and no corners are 15 established or reestablished, shall be specifically exempt from all 16 17 requirements of this section.

18 Sec. 55. Section 81-1417, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

81-1417 (1) The Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal 20 Justice shall consist of nineteen members. The membership shall include 21 the Governor, the Attorney General, the Superintendent of Law Enforcement 22 and Public Safety, the Director of Correctional Services, the chief of 23 24 police or director of public safety of a city of more than two hundred 25 thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 26 Bureau of the Census population, the chief of police or director of 27 public safety of a city of two hundred thousand inhabitants population or 28 less as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the 29 most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the 30 <u>Census</u>, a county sheriff, a county attorney, a county commissioner, a 31

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mayor or city manager, a person involved with the control or prevention 1 2 of juvenile delinguency, the chairperson of the Nebraska Police Standards Advisory Council, the chairperson of the Nebraska Coalition for Juvenile 3 4 Justice, and six members, at least one of whom shall be a woman, from the 5 public at large. The seven members of the council shall also be considered members of the commission acting as a special committee of the 6 7 commission with limited powers and duties. A member of the commission may serve concurrently as a member of the council. 8

9 (2) The Governor may increase the membership of the commission at 10 any time if such increase is necessary to comply with the provisions of 11 any federal act providing funds for law enforcement or delinquency 12 prevention purposes. Such members of the commission appointed by the 13 Governor shall serve for terms of six years from January 1 next 14 succeeding their appointments.

15 Except for the Governor, the Attorney General, the (3) 16 Superintendent of Law Enforcement and Public Safety, the Director of Correctional Services, the chairperson of the Nebraska Police Standards 17 Advisory Council, and the chairperson of the Nebraska Coalition for 18 19 Juvenile Justice, the members of the commission shall be appointed by the Governor. The membership of the commission shall represent varying 20 geographic areas and large and small governmental subdivisions. 21

22 Sec. 56. Section 81-1430, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 23 amended to read:

24 81-1430 (1) A task force is hereby established within the Nebraska
25 Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice for the purposes of
26 investigating and studying human trafficking, the methods for advertising
27 human trafficking services, and the victimization of individuals coerced
28 to participate in human trafficking.

(2) The task force shall examine the extent to which human
trafficking is prevalent in this state, the scope of efforts being taken
to prevent human trafficking from occurring, and the services available

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to victims of human trafficking in this state. The task force shall 1 2 utilize information and research available from the Innocence Lost National Initiative. The task force shall research and recommend a model 3 4 of rehabilitative services for victims of human trafficking that includes 5 input from the areas of law enforcement, social services, the legal profession, the judiciary, mental health, and immigration. The task force 6 7 shall also investigate the limitations upon victims who wish to come forward and seek medical attention; investigate the potential to stop 8 9 human trafficking; and investigate the potential to promote recovery, to protect families and children who may be profoundly impacted by such 10 abuse, and to save lives. 11

(3)(a) The Department of Labor shall work with the task force to develop or select informational posters for placement around the state. The posters shall be in English, Spanish, and any other language deemed appropriate by the task force. The posters shall include a toll-free telephone number a person may call for assistance, preferably the National Human Trafficking Resource Center Hotline (888)373-7888.

(b) Posters shall be placed in rest stops and strip clubs. The task force shall work with local businesses and nonprofit entities associated with the prevention of human trafficking to voluntarily place additional signs in high schools, postsecondary educational institutions, gas stations, hotels, hospitals, health care clinics, urgent care centers, airports, train stations, bus stations, and other locations around the state deemed appropriate by the task force.

25

(4) The task force shall consist of the following members:

26

(a) The Attorney General or his or her designee;

(b) The executive director of the Nebraska Commission on LawEnforcement and Criminal Justice;

(c) The Superintendent of Law Enforcement and Public Safety or hisor her designee;

31 (d) The Director of Correctional Services or his or her designee;

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(e) The chief of police or director of public safety of a city of
 two hundred thousand inhabitants or more <u>as determined by the most recent</u>
 <u>federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by</u>
 the United States Bureau of the Census;

5 (f) The chief of police or director of public safety of a city of 6 less than two hundred thousand inhabitants <u>as determined by the most</u> 7 <u>recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified</u> 8 <u>count by the United States Bureau of the Census;</u>

9 (g) A county sheriff;

10 (h) A county attorney;

11 (i) A county commissioner;

12 (j) A mayor or city manager;

13 (k) A person involved with the control or prevention of juvenile14 delinquency;

15

A person involved with the control or prevention of child abuse;

16 (m) The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee;

17 (n) The director of the Commission on Latino-Americans or his or her18 designee; and

(o) Six members, at least three of whom shall be women, from thepublic at large.

(5) The Governor shall appoint the members of the task force listed in subdivisions (4)(e) through (1) and (o) of this section for terms as provided in subsection (6) of this section. The membership of the task force shall represent varying geographic areas and large and small political subdivisions. One member from the public at large shall be a professional representing child welfare, and one member of the public at large shall represent juvenile pretrial diversion programs.

(6) The members of the task force appointed by the Governor shall
serve six-year terms, except that of the members first appointed, four
shall serve initial two-year terms, four shall serve initial four-year
terms, and six shall serve initial six-year terms from January 1 next

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succeeding their appointments. Thereafter, all members shall serve sixyear terms. A member may be reappointed at the expiration of his or her term. Any vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of a term shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.

(7) No member shall serve beyond the time when he or she holds the 6 7 office, employment, or status by reason of which he or she was initially eligible for appointment. Any member of the task force appointed by the 8 9 Governor may be removed from the task force for cause upon notice and an opportunity to be heard at a public hearing. One of the causes for 10 removal shall be absence from three regularly scheduled meetings of the 11 task force during any six-month period when the member has failed to 12 advise the task force in advance of such meeting that he or she will be 13 absent and stating a reason therefor. 14

(8) The chairperson of the task force shall be designated by the Governor to serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The chairperson shall be the chief executive officer of the task force but may delegate such of his or her duties to other members of the task force as may be authorized by the task force.

(9) Notwithstanding any provision of law, ordinance, or charter
provision to the contrary, membership on the task force shall not
disqualify any member from holding any other public office or employment
or cause the forfeiture thereof.

(10) The members of the task force shall serve on the task force without compensation, but they shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for any actual expenses incurred as necessary incident to such service as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177.

(11) Eleven members of the task force shall constitute a quorum for
the transaction of any business or the exercise of any power of the task
force. The task force shall have the power to act by a majority of the
members present at any meeting at which a quorum is in attendance.

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(12) All appointments shall be made not later than thirty days after
 July 19, 2012. The chairperson shall meet with the task force not later
 than sixty days after July 19, 2012.

4 <u>(12) Every (13) Not later than one year after July 19, 2012, and</u> 5 every July 1 and December 1—thereafter, the task force shall report 6 electronically to the Clerk of the Legislature the results of its 7 investigation and study and its recommendations, if any, together with 8 drafts of legislation necessary to carry its recommendations into effect 9 by filing the report with the clerk.

Sec. 57. Section 81-15,153, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

12 81-15,153 The department shall have the following powers and duties: 13 (1) The power to establish a program to make loans to municipalities 14 or to counties, individually or jointly, for construction or modification 15 of publicly owned wastewater treatment works in accordance with the 16 Wastewater Treatment Facilities Construction Assistance Act and the rules 17 and regulations of the council adopted and promulgated pursuant to such 18 act;

(2) The power to establish a program to make loans to municipalities 19 construction, rehabilitation, 20 to counties for operation, or or maintenance of nonpoint source control systems in accordance with the 21 22 Wastewater Treatment Facilities Construction Assistance Act and the rules and regulations of the council adopted and promulgated pursuant to such 23 24 act;

(3) The power, if so authorized by the council pursuant to section 81-15,152, to execute and deliver documents obligating the Wastewater Treatment Facilities Construction Loan Fund and the assets thereof to the extent permitted by section 81-15,151 to repay, with interest, loans to or deposits into the fund and to execute and deliver documents pledging to the extent permitted by section 81-15,151 all or part of the fund and its assets to secure, directly or indirectly, the loans or deposits;

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1 (4) The power to establish the linked deposit program to promote 2 loans for construction, rehabilitation, operation, or maintenance of 3 nonpoint source control systems in accordance with the Wastewater 4 Treatment Facilities Construction Assistance Act and the rules and 5 regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to such act;

6 (5) The duty to prepare an annual report for the Governor and the 7 Legislature containing information which shows the financial status of 8 the program. The report submitted to the Legislature shall be submitted 9 electronically;

(6) The duty to establish fiscal controls and accounting procedures
 sufficient to assure proper accounting during appropriate accounting
 periods, including the following:

(a) Accounting from the Nebraska Investment Finance Authority for
the costs associated with the issuance of bonds pursuant to the act;

15 (b) Accounting for payments or deposits received by the fund;

16 (c) Accounting for disbursements made by the fund; and

17 (d) Balancing the fund at the beginning and end of the accounting18 period;

(7) The duty to establish financial capability requirements that
assure sufficient revenue to operate and maintain a facility for its
useful life and to repay the loan for such facility;

(8) The power to determine the rate of interest to be charged on a
loan in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated
by the council;

(9) The power to refinance debt obligations of municipalities in
accordance with the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the
council;

(10) The power to enter into required agreements with the United
States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the Clean Water Act;

30 (11) The power to enter into agreements to provide grants concurrent31 with loans to municipalities with populations of ten thousand inhabitants

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or less <u>as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the</u> <u>most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the</u> <u>Census which demonstrate serious financial hardships. The department may</u> authorize grants for up to one-half of the eligible project cost. Such grants shall contain a provision that payment of the amount allocated is conditional upon the availability of appropriated funds;

7 (12) The power to authorize emergency grants to municipalities with wastewater treatment facilities which have been damaged or destroyed by 8 9 natural disaster or other unanticipated actions or circumstances. Such 10 grants shall not be used for routine repair or maintenance of facilities; (13) The power to provide financial assistance to municipalities 11 12 with populations of ten thousand inhabitants or less as determined by the 13 most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census for completion of 14 engineering studies, research projects, investigating low-cost options 15 for achieving compliance with the Clean Water Act, encouraging wastewater 16 17 reuse, and conducting other studies for the purpose of enhancing the ability of communities to meet the requirements of the Clean Water Act. 18 19 The department may authorize financial assistance for up to ninety percent of the eligible project cost. Such state allocation shall contain 20 a provision that payment of the amount obligated is conditional upon the 21 22 availability of appropriated funds;

(14) The power to provide grants or an additional interest subsidy on loans for municipalities if the project contains a sustainable community feature, measurable energy-use reductions, or low-impact development or if there are any special assistance needs as determined under section 81-1517; and

(15) Such other powers as may be necessary and appropriate for the
exercise of the duties created under the Wastewater Treatment Facilities
Construction Assistance Act.

31 Sec. 58. Section 81-2102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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81-2102 For purposes of the State Electrical Act, unless the context
otherwise requires:

4 (1) Apprentice electrician means any person, other than a licensee, who, as such person's principal occupation, is engaged in learning and 5 assisting in the installation, alteration, and repair of electrical 6 7 equipment as an employee of a licensee and who is registered with the board. For purposes of this subdivision, persons who are not engaged in 8 9 the installation, alteration, or repair of electrical wiring and 10 apparatus, either inside or outside buildings, shall not be considered apprentice electricians; 11

12 (2) Board means the State Electrical Board;

(3) Class A master electrician means a person having the necessary qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to properly plan, lay out, and supervise the installation of wiring, apparatus, and equipment for electric light, heat, power, and other purposes and who is licensed by the board;

(4) Class B electrical contractor means a person having the 18 necessary qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge 19 to properly plan, lay out, install, and supervise the installation of 20 wiring, apparatus, and equipment for systems of not over four hundred 21 ampere capacity for light, heat, power, and other purposes in any 22 structure used and maintained as a residential dwelling but not larger 23 24 than a four-family dwelling located in any municipality which has a 25 population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised 26 certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census and who is 27 licensed by the board; 28

(5) Class B journeyman electrician means a person having the
 necessary qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge
 to wire for or install electrical wiring, apparatus, and equipment for

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systems of not over four hundred ampere capacity for light, heat, power, and other purposes in any structure used and maintained as a residential dwelling but not larger than a four-family dwelling located in any municipality which has a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census and who is licensed by the board;

8 (6) Class B master electrician means a person having the necessary 9 qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to properly 10 plan, lay out, and supervise the installation of wiring, apparatus, and equipment for systems of not over four hundred ampere capacity for light, 11 heat, power, and other purposes in any structure used and maintained as a 12 13 residential dwelling but not larger than a four-family dwelling located in any municipality which has a population of less than one hundred 14 thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial 15 16 census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 17 Bureau of the Census and who is licensed by the board;

(7) Commercial installation means an installation intended for
 commerce, but does not include a residential installation;

(8) Electrical contractor means a person having the necessary
qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to properly
plan, lay out, install, and supervise the installation of wiring,
apparatus, and equipment for electric light, heat, power, and other
purposes and who is licensed by the board;

(9) Fire alarm installer means any person having the necessary qualifications, training, and experience to plan, lay out, and install electrical wiring, apparatus, and equipment for only those components of fire alarm systems that operate at fifty volts or less and who is licensed by the board;

30 (10) Industrial installation means an installation intended for use31 in the manufacture or processing of products involving systematic labor

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or habitual employment and includes installations in which agricultural
 or other products are habitually or customarily processed or stored for
 others, either by buying or reselling on a fee basis;

4 (11) Installer means a person who has the necessary qualifications, 5 training, experience, and technical knowledge to properly lay out and install electrical wiring, apparatus, and equipment for major electrical 6 home appliances on the load side of the main service in any municipality 7 which has a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants as 8 9 determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census and who 10 is licensed by the board; 11

(12) Inspector means a person certified as an electrical inspector
upon such reasonable conditions as may be adopted by the board. The board
may permit more than one class of electrical inspector;

(13) Journeyman electrician means a person having the necessary qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to wire for or install electrical wiring, apparatus, and equipment and to supervise apprentice electricians and who is licensed by the board;

19 (14) New electrical installation means the installation of wiring,
20 apparatus, and equipment for electric light, heat, power, and other
21 purposes;

(15) Public-use building or facility means any building or facility
 designated for public use;

(16) Residential installation means an installation intended for a
single-family or two-family residential dwelling or a multi-family
residential dwelling not larger than three stories in height;

(17) Residential journeyman electrician means a person having the necessary qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to wire for or install <u>electrical electric</u> wiring, apparatus, and equipment for residential installations and to supervise apprentice electricians and who is licensed by the board;

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(18) Routine maintenance means the repair or replacement of existing
 electrical apparatus and equipment of the same size and type for which no
 changes in wiring are made; and

4 (19) Special electrician means a person having the necessary 5 qualifications, training, and experience in wiring or installing special 6 classes of electrical wiring, apparatus, equipment, or installations 7 which shall include irrigation system wiring, well pump wiring, air 8 conditioning and refrigeration installation, and sign installation and 9 who is licensed by the board.

10 Sec. 59. Section 81-2107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 11 amended to read:

12 81-2107 (1) An applicant for an electrical contractor license shall 13 (a) be a graduate of a four-year electrical course in an accredited 14 college or university, (b) have at least one year's experience, 15 acceptable to the board, as a journeyman electrician, or (c) have at 16 least five years' experience, acceptable to the board, in planning for, 17 laying out, supervising, and installing wiring, apparatus, or equipment 18 for electrical light, heat, and power.

(2) A Class B electrical contractor license and a Class B master 19 electrician license shall be valid only in regard to systems of not over 20 four hundred amperes in capacity in structures used and maintained as 21 residential dwellings but not larger than four-family dwellings located 22 in any municipality which has a population of less than one hundred 23 24 thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States 25 Bureau of the Census. 26

27 Sec. 60. Section 81-2109, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

81-2109 (1) An applicant for a journeyman electrician license shall
have at least four years' experience, acceptable to the board, in the
electrical trade. Registration as an apprentice electrician for those

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years shall, on the approval of the board, constitute evidence of such
 experience. The board may by rule or regulation provide for the allowance
 of one year of experience credit for successful completion of a two-year
 post-high school electrical course approved by the board.

(2) On and after July 16, 2004, an applicant for a residential 5 electrician license shall have at least three 6 journeyman years' 7 experience, acceptable to the board, in the electrical trade. Registration as an apprentice electrician for those years shall, on the 8 9 approval of the board, constitute evidence of such experience. The board may by rule or regulation provide for the allowance of one year of 10 experience credit for successful completion of a two-year post-high 11 school electrical course approved by the board. A residential journeyman 12 13 electrician license shall be valid only for residential installations.

(3) A Class B journeyman electrician license shall be valid only for electrical systems of not over four hundred amperes in capacity in structures used and maintained as residential dwellings but not larger than four-family dwellings located in any municipality which has a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census.

21 Sec. 61. Section 81-2110, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

81-2110 Any person holding an installer license may lay out and install electrical wiring, apparatus, and equipment for major electrical home appliances on the load side of the main service in any municipality having a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United States Bureau of the Census.

Sec. 62. Original sections 10-119, 12-401, 14-101, 14-117, 15-101,
15-102, 16-101, 17-301, 17-310, 17-311, 18-1753, 19-401, 19-414, 19-415,
19-418, 19-501, 19-602, 19-1102, 19-1827, 19-5101, 23-204, 31-501,

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31-508, 32-538, 32-539, 39-207, 39-1328.01, 39-1804, 39-2103, 39-2106,
 48-307, 48-1209.01, 53-124.14, 60-680, 60-6,120, 60-6,190, 70-408,
 70-604.01, 79-407, 81-1417, 81-1430, 81-2102, 81-2107, 81-2109, and
 81-2110, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 13-2705,
 16-222.02, 17-101, 17-201, 17-306.01, 17-312, 17-313, 18-2709, 19-1101,
 19-3501, 44-5502, 71-3305, 77-3,119, 81-8,122.01, and 81-15,153, Revised
 Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, are repealed.