LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 566

FINAL READING

Introduced by Natural Resources Committee: Hughes, 44, Chairperson; Albrecht, 17; Bostelman, 23; Geist, 25; Kolowski, 31; McCollister, 20; Quick, 35; Walz, 15.

Read first time January 18, 2017

Committee: Natural Resources

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to wildlife; to amend sections 37-504, 37-513, 1 2 37-614, 37-615, and 37-617, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to 3 adopt the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact; to change penalties 4 and fines for hunting elk and mountain sheep out of season; to increase fines for unlawfully hunting, 5 trapping, or possessing certain game and nongame birds and for shooting wildlife from a 6 7 highway or roadway; to increase revocation and suspension periods for hunting, fishing, and fur harvesting permits; to increase the 8 penalty for hunting, fishing, or fur harvesting on a revoked or 9 suspended permit; to change certain duties of the Game and Parks 10 Commission; and to repeal the original sections. 11

12 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1	Section 1. <u>The Legislature hereby adopts the Interstate Wildlife</u>
2	Violator Compact and enters into such compact with all states legally
3	joining the compact in the form substantially as contained in this
4	section.
5	<u>Article I</u>
6	<u>Definitions</u>
7	For purposes of the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact:
8	(1) Citation means any summons, complaint, summons and complaint,
9	ticket, penalty assessment, or other official document that is issued to
10	a person by a wildlife officer or other peace officer for a wildlife
11	violation and that contains an order requiring the person to respond;
12	(2) Collateral means any cash or other security deposited to secure
13	an appearance for trial in connection with the issuance by a wildlife
14	officer or other peace officer of a citation for a wildlife violation;
15	(3) Compliance means, with respect to a citation, the act of
16	answering a citation through an appearance in a court or tribunal, or
17	through the payment of fines, costs, and surcharges, if any;
18	(4) Conviction means a conviction, including any court conviction,
19	for any offense that is related to the preservation, protection,
20	management, or restoration of wildlife and that is prohibited by state
21	statute, law, regulation, commission order, ordinance, or administrative
22	rule. The term also includes the forfeiture of any bail, bond, or other
23	security deposited to secure appearance by a person charged with having
24	committed any such offense, the payment of a penalty assessment, a plea
25	of nolo contendere, and the imposition of a deferred or suspended
26	sentence by the court;
27	(5) Court means a court of law, including magistrate's court and the
28	justice of the peace court, if any;
29	(6) Home state means the state of primary residence of a person;
30	(7) Issuing state means the participating state which issues a
31	wildlife citation to the violator;

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1	(8) License means any license, permit, or other public document that
2	conveys to the person to whom it was issued the privilege of pursuing,
3	possessing, or taking any wildlife regulated by statute, law, regulation,
4	commission order, ordinance, or administrative rule of a participating
5	<u>state;</u>
6	(9) Licensing authority means the Game and Parks Commission or the
7	department or division within each participating state that is authorized
8	by law to issue or approve licenses or permits to hunt, fish, trap, or
9	<u>possess wildlife;</u>
10	(10) Participating state means any state that enacts legislation to
11	become a member of the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact;
12	<u>(11) Personal recognizance means an agreement by a person made at</u>
13	the time of issuance of the wildlife citation that such person will
14	comply with the terms of the citation;
15	(12) State means any state, territory, or possession of the United
16	States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the
17	provinces of Canada, and other countries;
18	(13) Suspension means any revocation, denial, or withdrawal of any
19	or all license privileges, including the privilege to apply for,
20	purchase, or exercise the benefits conferred by any license;
21	(14) Terms of the citation means those conditions and options
22	expressly stated in the citation;
23	(15) Wildlife means all species of animals including mammals, birds,
24	fish, reptiles, amphibians, mollusks, and crustaceans, which are defined
25	as wildlife and are protected or otherwise regulated by statute, law,
26	regulation, commission order, ordinance, or administrative rule in a
27	participating state. Species included in the definition of wildlife for
28	purposes of the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact are based on state
29	<u>or local law;</u>
30	(16) Wildlife law means the Game Law or any statute, law,
31	regulation, commission order, ordinance, or administrative rule developed

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1	and enacted for the management of wildlife resources and the uses
2	<u>thereof;</u>
3	(17) Wildlife officer means any conservation officer and any
4	individual authorized by a participating state to issue a citation for a
5	wildlife violation; and
6	(18) Wildlife violation means any cited violation of a statute, law,
7	regulation, commission order, ordinance, or administrative rule developed
8	and enacted for the management of wildlife resources and the uses
9	<u>thereof.</u>
10	Article II
11	<u>Procedures for Issuing State</u>
12	When issuing a citation for a wildlife violation, a wildlife officer
13	<u>shall issue a citation to any person whose primary residence is in a</u>
14	<u>participating state in the same manner as though the person were a</u>
15	resident of the issuing state and may not require such person to post
16	collateral to secure appearance if the officer receives the personal
17	recognizance of such person that the person will comply with the terms of
18	the citation.
19	Personal recognizance is acceptable:
20	<u>(1) If not prohibited by state or local law or the compact manual;</u>
21	and
22	(2) If the violator provides adequate proof of identification to the
23	wildlife officer.
24	<u>Upon conviction or failure of a person to comply with the terms of a</u>
25	wildlife citation, the appropriate official shall report the conviction
26	or failure to comply to the licensing authority of the issuing state.
27	<u>Upon receipt of the report of conviction or noncompliance, the</u>
28	licensing authority of the issuing state shall transmit such information
29	to the licensing authority of the home state of the violator.
30	Article III
31	Procedures for Home State

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1	<u>Upon receipt of a report from the licensing authority of the issuing</u>
2	state reporting the failure of a violator to comply with the terms of a
3	citation, the licensing authority of the home state shall notify the
4	violator and may initiate a suspension action in accordance with the home
5	state's suspension procedures and may suspend the violator's license
6	privileges until satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of
7	the wildlife citation has been furnished by the issuing state to the home
8	state licensing authority. Due process safeguards shall be accorded.
9	Upon receipt of a report of conviction from the licensing authority
10	of the issuing state, the licensing authority of the home state may enter
11	such conviction in its records and may treat such conviction as though it
12	had occurred in the home state for the purposes of the suspension of
13	license privileges if the violation resulting in such conviction could
14	have been the basis for suspension of license privileges in the home
15	<u>state.</u>
16	The licensing authority of the home state shall maintain a record of
17	actions taken and shall make reports to issuing states.
18	<u>Article IV</u>
19	Reciprocal Recognition of Suspension
20	<u>All participating states may recognize the suspension of license</u>
21	privileges of any person by any participating state as though the
22	violation resulting in the suspension had occurred in their state and
23	could have been the basis for suspension of license privileges in their
24	<u>state.</u>
25	Each participating state shall communicate suspension information to

26 <u>other participating states.</u>

27 <u>Article V</u>

28 <u>Applicability of Other Laws</u>

Except as expressly required by the Interstate Wildlife Violator
 Compact, nothing in the compact may be construed to affect the right of
 any participating state to apply any of its laws relating to license

privileges to any person or circumstance or to invalidate or prevent any 1 2 agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a participating state 3 and a nonparticipating state concerning wildlife law enforcement. 4 Article VI 5 Withdrawal from Compact A participating state may withdraw from participation in the 6 7 Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact and by official written notice to each participating state. 8 9 Withdrawal shall not become effective until ninety days after the notice 10 of withdrawal is given. The notice shall be directed to the compact administrator of each participating state. Withdrawal of any state does 11 12 not affect the validity of the compact as to the remaining participating 13 states. 14 Article VII 15 Construction and Severability The Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact shall be liberally 16 17 construed so as to effectuate its purposes. The provisions of the compact are severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of the 18 19 compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any participating state or the United States, or the applicability thereof to 20 any government, agency, individual, or circumstance is held invalid, the 21 22 validity of the remainder of the compact is not affected thereby. If the compact is held contrary to the constitution of any participating state, 23 24 the compact remains in full force and effect as to the remaining states 25 and in full force and effect as to the participating state affected as to 26 all severable matters. 27 Article VIII Responsible State Entity 28 The Game and Parks Commission is authorized on behalf of the state 29

30 <u>to enter into the Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact. The commission</u>

31 <u>shall enforce the compact and shall do all things within the jurisdiction</u>

of the commission that are appropriate in order to effectuate the purposes and the intent of the compact. The commission may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out and consistent with the compact.

The commission may suspend the hunting, trapping, or fishing 5 privileges of any resident of this state who has failed to comply with 6 7 the terms of a citation issued for a wildlife violation in any participating state. The suspension shall remain in effect until the 8 9 commission receives satisfactory evidence of compliance from the 10 participating state. The commission shall send notice of the suspension to the resident, who shall surrender all current Nebraska hunting, 11 12 trapping, or fishing licenses to the commission within ten days.

13 The resident may, within twenty days of the notice, request a review 14 or hearing in accordance with section 37-618. Following the review or 15 hearing, the commission, through its authorized agent, may, based on the 16 evidence, affirm, modify, or rescind the suspension of privileges.

17 Sec. 2. Section 37-504, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 amended to read:

37-504 (1) Any person who at any time, except during an open season
ordered by the commission as authorized in the Game Law, unlawfully
hunts, traps, or has in his or her possession:

(a) Any any elk, deer, antelope, swan, or wild turkey shall be
 guilty of a Class III misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined at
 least five hundred dollars for each a violation; or involving elk and at
 least two hundred dollars for a violation involving deer, antelope, swan,
 or wild turkey.

(b) Any elk shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor and, upon
 conviction, shall be fined at least one thousand dollars for each
 violation.

30 (2) Any person who at any time, except during an open season ordered
31 by the commission as authorized in the Game Law, unlawfully hunts, traps,

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or has in his or her possession any mountain sheep shall be guilty of a
 Class <u>I</u> II misdemeanor and shall be fined at least one thousand dollars
 upon conviction.

4 (3) Any person who at any time, except during an open season ordered
5 by the commission as authorized in the Game Law, unlawfully hunts, traps,
6 or has in his or her possession any quail, pheasant, partridge, Hungarian
7 partridge, curlew, grouse, mourning dove, sandhill crane, or waterfowl
8 shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor and shall be fined at least
9 <u>five one</u> hundred dollars upon conviction.

(4) Any person who unlawfully takes any game or unlawfully has in
his or her possession any such game shall be guilty of a Class III
misdemeanor and, except as otherwise provided in this section and section
37-501, shall be fined at least fifty dollars <u>for each animal unlawfully</u>
<u>taken or unlawfully possessed up to the maximum fine authorized by law</u>
upon conviction.

16 (5) Any person who, in violation of the Game Law, takes any mourning
17 dove that is not flying shall be guilty of a Class V misdemeanor.

(6) Any person who, in violation of the Game Law, has in his or her
possession any protected bird, or destroys or takes the eggs or nest of
any such bird, shall be guilty of a Class V misdemeanor.

(7) The provisions of this section shall not render it unlawful for
anyone operating a captive wildlife facility or an aquaculture facility,
pursuant to the laws of this state, to at any time kill game or fish
actually raised thereon or lawfully placed thereon by such person.

(8) A person holding a special permit pursuant to the Game Law for the taking of any game or any birds not included in the definition of game shall not be liable under this section while acting under the authority of such permit.

29 Sec. 3. Section 37-513, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 37-513 (1) It shall be unlawful to shoot at any wildlife from any

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1 highway or roadway, which includes that area of land from the center of 2 the traveled surface to the right-of-way on either side. Any person 3 violating this subsection shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor and 4 shall be fined at least <u>five</u> one hundred dollars.

5 (2)(a) Any county may adopt a resolution having the force and effect 6 of law to prohibit the trapping of wildlife in the county road right-of-7 way or in a certain area of the right-of-way as designated by the county.

8 (b) A person trapping wildlife in a county road right-of-way is not 9 allowed to use traps in the county road right-of-way that are larger than 10 those allowed by the commission as of February 1, 2009, on any land owned 11 or controlled by the commission.

(c) For purposes of this subsection, county road right-of-way means
the area which has been designated a part of the county road system and
which has not been vacated pursuant to law.

Sec. 4. Section 37-614, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

37-614 (1) When a person pleads guilty to or is convicted of any 17 violation listed in this subsection, the court shall, in addition to any 18 other penalty, revoke and require the immediate surrender of all permits 19 to hunt, fish, and harvest fur held by such person and suspend the 20 privilege of such person to hunt, fish, and harvest fur and to purchase 21 such permits for a period of not less than one nor more than three years. 22 The court shall consider the number and severity of the violations of the 23 24 Game Law in determining the length of the revocation and suspension. The 25 violations shall be:

26 (a) Carelessly or purposely killing or causing injury to livestock
27 with a firearm or bow and arrow;

(b) Purposely taking or having in his or her possession a number of
game animals, game fish, game birds, or fur-bearing animals exceeding
twice the limit established pursuant to section 37-314;

31 (c) Taking any species of wildlife protected by the Game Law during

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1 a closed season in violation of section 37-502;

2 (d) Resisting or obstructing any officer or any employee of the 3 commission in the discharge of his or her lawful duties in violation of 4 section 37-609; and

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(e) Being a habitual offender of the Game Law.

(2) When a person pleads quilty to or is convicted of any violation 6 7 listed in this subsection, the court may, in addition to any other penalty, revoke and require the immediate surrender of all permits to 8 9 hunt, fish, and harvest fur held by such person and suspend the privilege of such person to hunt, fish, and harvest fur and to purchase such 10 permits for a period of not less than one year nor more than three years. 11 The court shall consider the number and severity of the violations of the 12 13 Game Law in determining the length of the revocation and suspension. The violations shall be: 14

(a) Hunting, fishing, or fur harvesting without a permit in
violation of section 37-411;

17 (b) Hunting from a vehicle, aircraft, or boat in violation of 18 section 37-513, 37-514, 37-515, 37-535, or 37-538; and

(c) Knowingly taking any wildlife on private land without permissionin violation of section 37-722.

(3) When a person pleads guilty to or is convicted of any violation 21 of the Game Law, the rules and regulations of the commission, or 22 commission orders not listed in subsection (1) or (2) of this section, 23 24 the court may, in addition to any other penalty, revoke and require the immediate surrender of all permits to hunt, fish, and harvest fur held by 25 such person and suspend the privilege of such person to hunt, fish, and 26 harvest fur and to purchase such permits for a period of not less than 27 one year. 28

29 Sec. 5. Section 37-615, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

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37-615 It shall be unlawful for any person to take any species of

1 wildlife protected by the Game Law while his or her permits are revoked 2 or suspended. It shall be unlawful for any person to apply for or 3 purchase a permit to hunt, fish, or harvest fur in Nebraska while his or 4 her permits are revoked and while the privilege to purchase such permits 5 is suspended. Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class <u>I</u> III misdemeanor and in addition shall be suspended from hunting, 6 fishing, and fur harvesting or purchasing permits to hunt, fish, and 7 harvest fur for a period of not less than two nor more than five years as 8 9 the court directs. The court shall consider the number and severity of the violations of the Game Law in determining the length of the 10 suspension. 11

12 Sec. 6. Section 37-617, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

37-617 The court shall notify the commission of any suspension,
 revocation, or conviction under sections 37-614 to 37-616. The commission
 shall notify permit agents of any suspension or revocation under sections
 37-614 to 37-616 and the date such suspension or revocation expires.

Sec. 7. Original sections 37-504, 37-513, 37-614, 37-615, and
37-617, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.