

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA  
ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE  
FIRST SESSION

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 487**

FINAL READING

Introduced by Morfeld, 46.

Read first time January 17, 2017

Committee: Judiciary

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to drugs; to amend sections 25-21,280, 28-101,  
2 28-401, 28-401.01, 28-405, 28-416, 28-441, and 28-470, Reissue  
3 Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to provide and change immunity  
4 provisions with respect to asthma and allergic reactions; to  
5 redefine marijuana; to include U-47700 as a Schedule I controlled  
6 substance and cannabidiol as a Schedule V controlled substance as  
7 prescribed under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act; to provide  
8 an exception from criminal liability for certain violations relating  
9 to or committed by persons experiencing or witnessing a controlled  
10 substance overdose; to provide protection from civil liability for  
11 emergency responders and peace officers administering naloxone as  
12 prescribed; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original  
13 sections.

14 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 25-21,280, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,  
2 is amended to read:

3 25-21,280 (1) Any person employed by a school approved or accredited  
4 by the State Department of Education, employed by an educational service  
5 unit and working in a school approved or accredited by the department, or  
6 employed by an early childhood education program approved by the  
7 department who serves as a school nurse or medication aide or who has  
8 been designated and trained by the school, educational service unit, or  
9 program as a nonmedical staff person to implement the emergency response  
10 to life-threatening asthma or systemic allergic reactions protocols  
11 adopted by the school, educational service unit, or program shall be  
12 immune from civil liability for any act or omission in rendering  
13 emergency care for a person experiencing a potentially life-threatening  
14 asthma or allergic reaction event on school grounds, in a vehicle being  
15 used for school purposes, in a vehicle being used for educational service  
16 unit purposes, at a school-sponsored activity or athletic event, at a  
17 facility used by the early childhood education program, in a vehicle  
18 being used for early childhood education program purposes, or at an  
19 activity sponsored by the early childhood education program which results  
20 in damage or injury unless such damage or injury was caused by the  
21 willful or wanton act or omission of such employee.

22 (2) The individual immunity granted by subsection (1) of this  
23 section shall not extend to the school district, educational service  
24 unit, or early childhood education program and shall not extend to any  
25 act or omission of such employee which results in damage or injury if the  
26 damage or injury is caused by such employee while impaired by alcohol or  
27 any controlled substance enumerated in section 28-405.

28 (3) Any school nurse, such nurse's designee, or other designated  
29 adult described in section 79-224 shall be immune from civil liability  
30 for any act or omission described in such section which results in damage  
31 or injury unless such damage or injury was caused by the willful or

1 wanton act or omission of such school nurse, nurse's designee, or  
2 designated adult.

3 (4) A physician or other health care professional may issue a non-  
4 patient-specific prescription for medication for response to life-  
5 threatening asthma or anaphylaxis to a school, an educational service  
6 unit, or an early childhood education program as described in subsection  
7 (1) of this section. The physician or other health care professional  
8 shall be immune from liability for issuing such prescription unless he or  
9 she does not exercise reasonable care under the circumstances in signing  
10 the prescription. In no circumstance shall a physician or other health  
11 care professional be liable for the act or omission of another who  
12 provides or in any way administers the medication prescribed by the  
13 physician or other health care professional.

14 (5) A pharmacist may dispense medication pursuant to a non-patient-  
15 specific prescription for response to life-threatening asthma or  
16 anaphylaxis to a school, an educational service unit, or an early  
17 childhood education program as described in subsection (1) of this  
18 section. The pharmacist shall be immune from liability for dispensing  
19 medication pursuant to a non-patient-specific prescription unless the  
20 pharmacist does not exercise reasonable care under the circumstances in  
21 dispensing the medication. In no circumstance shall a pharmacist be  
22 liable for the act or omission of another who provides or in any way  
23 administers the medication dispensed by the pharmacist.

24 (6) For purposes of this section, the name of the school,  
25 educational service unit, or early childhood education program shall  
26 serve as the patient name on the non-patient-specific prescription.

27 Sec. 2. Section 28-101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
28 amended to read:

29 28-101 Sections 28-101 to 28-1357, ~~28-1418.01,~~ ~~28-1429.03,~~ and  
30 28-1601 to 28-1603 and section 8 of this act shall be known and may be  
31 cited as the Nebraska Criminal Code.

1           Sec. 3. Section 28-401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
2 amended to read:

3           28-401 As used in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, unless the  
4 context otherwise requires:

5           (1) Administer means to directly apply a controlled substance by  
6 injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means to the body of a  
7 patient or research subject;

8           (2) Agent means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the  
9 direction of another person but does not include a common or contract  
10 carrier, public warehouse keeper, or employee of a carrier or warehouse  
11 keeper;

12           (3) Administration means the Drug Enforcement Administration of the  
13 United States Department of Justice;

14           (4) Controlled substance means a drug, biological, substance, or  
15 immediate precursor in Schedules I to V of section 28-405. Controlled  
16 substance does not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages,  
17 tobacco, or any nonnarcotic substance if such substance may, under the  
18 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301 et seq., as such act  
19 existed on January 1, 2014, and the law of this state, be lawfully sold  
20 over the counter without a prescription;

21           (5) Counterfeit substance means a controlled substance which, or the  
22 container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the  
23 trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number, or  
24 device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or  
25 dispenser other than the person or persons who in fact manufactured,  
26 distributed, or dispensed such substance and which thereby falsely  
27 purports or is represented to be the product of, or to have been  
28 distributed by, such other manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser;

29           (6) Department means the Department of Health and Human Services;

30           (7) Division of Drug Control means the personnel of the Nebraska  
31 State Patrol who are assigned to enforce the Uniform Controlled

1 Substances Act;

2 (8) Dispense means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate  
3 user or a research subject pursuant to a medical order issued by a  
4 practitioner authorized to prescribe, including the packaging, labeling,  
5 or compounding necessary to prepare the controlled substance for such  
6 delivery;

7 (9) Distribute means to deliver other than by administering or  
8 dispensing a controlled substance;

9 (10) Prescribe means to issue a medical order;

10 (11) Drug means (a) articles recognized in the official United  
11 States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United  
12 States, official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them,  
13 (b) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,  
14 treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or animals, and (c)  
15 substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in  
16 subdivision (a) or (b) of this subdivision, but does not include devices  
17 or their components, parts, or accessories;

18 (12) Deliver or delivery means the actual, constructive, or  
19 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance,  
20 whether or not there is an agency relationship;

21 (13) Marijuana means all parts of the plant of the genus cannabis,  
22 whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, and every compound,  
23 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or  
24 its seeds, but does not include the mature stalks of such plant, hashish,  
25 tetrahydrocannabinols extracted or isolated from the plant, fiber  
26 produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,  
27 any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or  
28 preparation of such mature stalks, the sterilized seed of such plant  
29 which is incapable of germination, or cannabidiol contained in a drug  
30 product approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration or obtained  
31 pursuant to sections 28-463 to 28-468. When the weight of marijuana is

1 referred to in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, it means its weight  
2 at or about the time it is seized or otherwise comes into the possession  
3 of law enforcement authorities, whether cured or uncured at that time.  
4 When industrial hemp as defined in section 2-5701 is in the possession of  
5 a person as authorized under section 2-5701, it is not considered  
6 marijuana for purposes of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;

7 (14) Manufacture means the production, preparation, propagation,  
8 conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or  
9 indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin,  
10 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of  
11 extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or  
12 repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container.  
13 Manufacture does not include the preparation or compounding of a  
14 controlled substance by an individual for his or her own use, except for  
15 the preparation or compounding of components or ingredients used for or  
16 intended to be used for the manufacture of methamphetamine, or the  
17 preparation, compounding, conversion, packaging, or labeling of a  
18 controlled substance: (a) By a practitioner as an incident to his or her  
19 prescribing, administering, or dispensing of a controlled substance in  
20 the course of his or her professional practice; or (b) by a practitioner,  
21 or by his or her authorized agent under his or her supervision, for the  
22 purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical  
23 analysis and not for sale;

24 (15) Narcotic drug means any of the following, whether produced  
25 directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin,  
26 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of  
27 extraction and chemical synthesis: (a) Opium, opium poppy and poppy  
28 straw, coca leaves, and opiates; (b) a compound, manufacture, salt,  
29 derivative, or preparation of opium, coca leaves, or opiates; or (c) a  
30 substance and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation  
31 thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the

1 substances referred to in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this subdivision,  
2 except that the words narcotic drug as used in the Uniform Controlled  
3 Substances Act does not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of  
4 coca leaves, which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine, or  
5 isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

6 (16) Opiate means any substance having an addiction-forming or  
7 addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of  
8 conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-  
9 sustaining liability. Opiate does not include the dextrorotatory isomer  
10 of 3-methoxy-n methylmorphinan and its salts. Opiate includes its racemic  
11 and levorotatory forms;

12 (17) Opium poppy means the plant of the species *Papaver somniferum*  
13 L., except the seeds thereof;

14 (18) Poppy straw means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium  
15 poppy after mowing;

16 (19) Person means any corporation, association, partnership, limited  
17 liability company, or one or more persons;

18 (20) Practitioner means a physician, a physician assistant, a  
19 dentist, a veterinarian, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, an optometrist, a  
20 certified nurse midwife, a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a  
21 nurse practitioner, a scientific investigator, a pharmacy, a hospital, or  
22 any other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to  
23 distribute, dispense, prescribe, conduct research with respect to, or  
24 administer a controlled substance in the course of practice or research  
25 in this state, including an emergency medical service as defined in  
26 section 38-1207;

27 (21) Production includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, or  
28 harvesting of a controlled substance;

29 (22) Immediate precursor means a substance which is the principal  
30 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which is an  
31 immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the

1 manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary  
2 to prevent, curtail, or limit such manufacture;

3 (23) State means the State of Nebraska;

4 (24) Ultimate user means a person who lawfully possesses a  
5 controlled substance for his or her own use, for the use of a member of  
6 his or her household, or for administration to an animal owned by him or  
7 her or by a member of his or her household;

8 (25) Hospital has the same meaning as in section 71-419;

9 (26) Cooperating individual means any person, other than a  
10 commissioned law enforcement officer, who acts on behalf of, at the  
11 request of, or as agent for a law enforcement agency for the purpose of  
12 gathering or obtaining evidence of offenses punishable under the Uniform  
13 Controlled Substances Act;

14 (27) Hashish or concentrated cannabis means (a) the separated resin,  
15 whether crude or purified, obtained from a plant of the genus cannabis or  
16 (b) any material, preparation, mixture, compound, or other substance  
17 which contains ten percent or more by weight of tetrahydrocannabinols.  
18 When resins extracted from industrial hemp as defined in section 2-5701  
19 are in the possession of a person as authorized under section 2-5701,  
20 they are not considered hashish or concentrated cannabis for purposes of  
21 the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;

22 (28) Exceptionally hazardous drug means (a) a narcotic drug, (b)  
23 thiophene analog of phencyclidine, (c) phencyclidine, (d) amobarbital,  
24 (e) secobarbital, (f) pentobarbital, (g) amphetamine, or (h)  
25 methamphetamine;

26 (29) Imitation controlled substance means a substance which is not a  
27 controlled substance or controlled substance analogue but which, by way  
28 of express or implied representations and consideration of other relevant  
29 factors including those specified in section 28-445, would lead a  
30 reasonable person to believe the substance is a controlled substance or  
31 controlled substance analogue. A placebo or registered investigational

1 drug manufactured, distributed, possessed, or delivered in the ordinary  
2 course of practice or research by a health care professional shall not be  
3 deemed to be an imitation controlled substance;

4 (30)(a) Controlled substance analogue means a substance (i) the  
5 chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical  
6 structure of a Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance as provided  
7 in section 28-405 or (ii) which has a stimulant, depressant, analgesic,  
8 or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is  
9 substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant,  
10 analgesic, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a  
11 Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance as provided in section  
12 28-405. A controlled substance analogue shall, to the extent intended for  
13 human consumption, be treated as a controlled substance under Schedule I  
14 of section 28-405 for purposes of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;  
15 and

16 (b) Controlled substance analogue does not include (i) a controlled  
17 substance, (ii) any substance generally recognized as safe and effective  
18 within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C.  
19 301 et seq., as such act existed on January 1, 2014, (iii) any substance  
20 for which there is an approved new drug application, or (iv) with respect  
21 to a particular person, any substance if an exemption is in effect for  
22 investigational use for that person, under section 505 of the Federal  
23 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on  
24 January 1, 2014, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is  
25 pursuant to such exemption;

26 (31) Anabolic steroid means any drug or hormonal substance,  
27 chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone (other than  
28 estrogens, progestins, and corticosteroids), that promotes muscle growth  
29 and includes any controlled substance in Schedule III(d) of section  
30 28-405. Anabolic steroid does not include any anabolic steroid which is  
31 expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or other

1 nonhuman species and has been approved by the Secretary of Health and  
2 Human Services for such administration, but if any person prescribes,  
3 dispenses, or distributes such a steroid for human use, such person shall  
4 be considered to have prescribed, dispensed, or distributed an anabolic  
5 steroid within the meaning of this subdivision;

6 (32) Chart order means an order for a controlled substance issued by  
7 a practitioner for a patient who is in the hospital where the chart is  
8 stored or for a patient receiving detoxification treatment or maintenance  
9 treatment pursuant to section 28-412. Chart order does not include a  
10 prescription;

11 (33) Medical order means a prescription, a chart order, or an order  
12 for pharmaceutical care issued by a practitioner;

13 (34) Prescription means an order for a controlled substance issued  
14 by a practitioner. Prescription does not include a chart order;

15 (35) Registrant means any person who has a controlled substances  
16 registration issued by the state or the Drug Enforcement Administration  
17 of the United States Department of Justice ~~administration~~;

18 (36) Reverse distributor means a person whose primary function is to  
19 act as an agent for a pharmacy, wholesaler, manufacturer, or other entity  
20 by receiving, inventorying, and managing the disposition of outdated,  
21 expired, or otherwise nonsaleable controlled substances;

22 (37) Signature means the name, word, or mark of a person written in  
23 his or her own hand with the intent to authenticate a writing or other  
24 form of communication or a digital signature which complies with section  
25 86-611 or an electronic signature;

26 (38) Facsimile means a copy generated by a system that encodes a  
27 document or photograph into electrical signals, transmits those signals  
28 over telecommunications lines, and reconstructs the signals to create an  
29 exact duplicate of the original document at the receiving end;

30 (39) Electronic signature has the definition found in section  
31 86-621;

1 (40) Electronic transmission means transmission of information in  
2 electronic form. Electronic transmission includes computer-to-computer  
3 transmission or computer-to-facsimile transmission;

4 (41) Long-term care facility means an intermediate care facility, an  
5 intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities, a  
6 long-term care hospital, a mental health center, a nursing facility, or a  
7 skilled nursing facility, as such terms are defined in the Health Care  
8 Facility Licensure Act;

9 (42) Compounding has the same meaning as in section 38-2811;

10 (43) Cannabinoid receptor agonist shall mean any chemical compound  
11 or substance that, according to scientific or medical research, study,  
12 testing, or analysis, demonstrates the presence of binding activity at  
13 one or more of the CB1 or CB2 cell membrane receptors located within the  
14 human body; and

15 (44) Lookalike substance means a product or substance, not  
16 specifically designated as a controlled substance in section 28-405, that  
17 is either portrayed in such a manner by a person to lead another person  
18 to reasonably believe that it produces effects on the human body that  
19 replicate, mimic, or are intended to simulate the effects produced by a  
20 controlled substance or that possesses one or more of the following  
21 indicia or characteristics:

22 (a) The packaging or labeling of the product or substance suggests  
23 that the user will achieve euphoria, hallucination, mood enhancement,  
24 stimulation, or another effect on the human body that replicates or  
25 mimics those produced by a controlled substance;

26 (b) The name or packaging of the product or substance uses images or  
27 labels suggesting that it is a controlled substance or produces effects  
28 on the human body that replicate or mimic those produced by a controlled  
29 substance;

30 (c) The product or substance is marketed or advertised for a  
31 particular use or purpose and the cost of the product or substance is

1 disproportionately higher than other products or substances marketed or  
2 advertised for the same or similar use or purpose;

3 (d) The packaging or label on the product or substance contains  
4 words or markings that state or suggest that the product or substance is  
5 in compliance with state and federal laws regulating controlled  
6 substances;

7 (e) The owner or person in control of the product or substance uses  
8 evasive tactics or actions to avoid detection or inspection of the  
9 product or substance by law enforcement authorities;

10 (f) The owner or person in control of the product or substance makes  
11 a verbal or written statement suggesting or implying that the product or  
12 substance is a synthetic drug or that consumption of the product or  
13 substance will replicate or mimic effects on the human body to those  
14 effects commonly produced through use or consumption of a controlled  
15 substance;

16 (g) The owner or person in control of the product or substance makes  
17 a verbal or written statement to a prospective customer, buyer, or  
18 recipient of the product or substance implying that the product or  
19 substance may be resold for profit; or

20 (h) The product or substance contains a chemical or chemical  
21 compound that does not have a legitimate relationship to the use or  
22 purpose claimed by the seller, distributor, packer, or manufacturer of  
23 the product or substance or indicated by the product name, appearing on  
24 the product's packaging or label or depicted in advertisement of the  
25 product or substance.

26 Sec. 4. Section 28-401.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
27 amended to read:

28 28-401.01 Sections 28-401 to 28-456.01 and 28-458 to 28-471 and  
29 section 8 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Uniform  
30 Controlled Substances Act.

31 Sec. 5. Section 28-405, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

1 amended to read:

2 28-405 The following are the schedules of controlled substances  
3 referred to in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act:

4 Schedule I

5 (a) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters,  
6 ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless  
7 specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters,  
8 ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 9 (1) Acetylmethadol;  
10 (2) Allylprodine;  
11 (3) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol which is also  
12 known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;  
13 (4) Alphameprodine;  
14 (5) Alphamethadol;  
15 (6) Benzethidine;  
16 (7) Betacetylmethadol;  
17 (8) Betameprodine;  
18 (9) Betamethadol;  
19 (10) Betaprodine;  
20 (11) Clonitazene;  
21 (12) Dextromoramide;  
22 (13) Difenoxyin;  
23 (14) Diampromide;  
24 (15) Diethylthiambutene;  
25 (16) Dimenoxadol;  
26 (17) Dimepheptanol;  
27 (18) Dimethylthiambutene;  
28 (19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;  
29 (20) Dipipanone;  
30 (21) Ethylmethylthiambutene;  
31 (22) Etonitazene;

- 1 (23) Etoxeridine;
- 2 (24) Furethidine;
- 3 (25) Hydroxypethidine;
- 4 (26) Ketobemidone;
- 5 (27) Levomoramide;
- 6 (28) Levophenacymorphan;
- 7 (29) Morpheridine;
- 8 (30) Noracymethadol;
- 9 (31) Norlevorphanol;
- 10 (32) Normethadone;
- 11 (33) Norpipanone;
- 12 (34) Phenadoxone;
- 13 (35) Phenampromide;
- 14 (36) Phenomorphan;
- 15 (37) Phenoperidine;
- 16 (38) Piritramide;
- 17 (39) Proheptazine;
- 18 (40) Properidine;
- 19 (41) Propiram;
- 20 (42) Racemoramide;
- 21 (43) Trimeperidine;
- 22 (44) Alpha-methylfentanyl, N-(1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-
- 23 piperidyl) propionanilide, 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido)
- 24 piperidine;
- 25 (45) Tilidine;
- 26 (46) 3-Methylfentanyl, N-(3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl)-N-
- 27 phenylpropanamide, its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of
- 28 isomers;
- 29 (47) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP), its optical
- 30 isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
- 31 (48) PEPAP, 1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine, its

1 optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

2 (49) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl, N-(1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-  
3 piperidinyl)-N-phenylacetamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of  
4 isomers;

5 (50) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl, N-(1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-  
6 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts  
7 of isomers;

8 (51) Benzylfentanyl, N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide,  
9 its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

10 (52) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl, N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-  
11 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts  
12 of isomers;

13 (53) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, (other name: N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-  
14 phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical and  
15 geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

16 (54) 3-methylthiofentanyl, N-(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-  
17 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical and geometric isomers,  
18 salts, and salts of isomers;

19 (55) N-(1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide  
20 (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

21 (56) Thiofentanyl, N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-  
22 propanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; ~~and~~

23 (57) Para-fluorofentanyl, N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-  
24 piperidinyl)propanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of  
25 isomers; and -

26 (58) U-47700, 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-  
27 methylbenzamide.

28 (b) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers,  
29 and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the  
30 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within  
31 the specific chemical designation:

- 1 (1) Acetorphine;
  - 2 (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
  - 3 (3) Benzylmorphine;
  - 4 (4) Codeine methylbromide;
  - 5 (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
  - 6 (6) Cyrenorphine;
  - 7 (7) Desomorphine;
  - 8 (8) Dihydromorphine;
  - 9 (9) Drotebanol;
  - 10 (10) Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;
  - 11 (11) Heroin;
  - 12 (12) Hydromorphenol;
  - 13 (13) Methyldesorphine;
  - 14 (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
  - 15 (15) Morphine methylbromide;
  - 16 (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
  - 17 (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
  - 18 (18) Myrophine;
  - 19 (19) Nicocodeine;
  - 20 (20) Nicomorphine;
  - 21 (21) Normorphine;
  - 22 (22) Pholcodine; and
  - 23 (23) Thebacon.
- 24 (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
25 any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts,  
26 isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the  
27 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within  
28 the specific chemical designation, and, for purposes of this subdivision  
29 only, isomer shall include the optical, position, and geometric isomers:
- 30 (1) Bufotenine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not  
31 limited to: 3-(beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-

1 dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N,N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-  
2 dimethyltryptamine; and mappine;

3 (2) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall  
4 include, but are not limited to: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-  
5 methylphenethylamine; and 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;

6 (3) 4-methoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but  
7 are not limited to: 4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; and  
8 paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;

9 (4) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall  
10 include, but are not limited to: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-  
11 methylphenethylamine; DOM; and STP;

12 (5) Ibogaine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not  
13 limited to: 7-Ethyl-6,6beta,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-  
14 methano-5H-pyrido (1',2':1,2) azepino (5,4-b) indole; and Tabernanthe  
15 iboga;

16 (6) Lysergic acid diethylamide;

17 (7) Marijuana;

18 (8) Mescaline;

19 (9) Peyote. Peyote shall mean all parts of the plant presently  
20 classified botanically as *Lophophora williamsii* Lemaire, whether growing  
21 or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and  
22 every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation  
23 of such plant or its seeds or extracts;

24 (10) Psilocybin;

25 (11) Psilocyn;

26 (12) Tetrahydrocannabinols, including, but not limited to, synthetic  
27 equivalents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous  
28 extractives of cannabis, sp. or synthetic substances, derivatives, and  
29 their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological  
30 activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol  
31 and their optical isomers, excluding dronabinol in sesame oil and

1 encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the  
2 federal Food and Drug Administration; Delta 6 cis or trans  
3 tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers; and Delta 3,4 cis or  
4 trans tetrahydrocannabinol and its optical isomers. Since nomenclature of  
5 these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these  
6 structures shall be included regardless of the numerical designation of  
7 atomic positions covered;

8 (13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

9 (14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

10 (15) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall  
11 include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl)-piperidine;  
12 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; and TCP;

13 (16) Hashish or concentrated cannabis;

14 (17) Parahexyl. Trade and other names shall include, but are not  
15 limited to: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-  
16 dibenzo(b,d)pyran; and Synhexyl;

17 (18) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall  
18 include, but are not limited to: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine; (1-  
19 phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine;  
20 cyclohexamine; and PCE;

21 (19) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names  
22 shall include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-  
23 pyrrolidine; PCPy; and PHP;

24 (20) Alpha-ethyltryptamine. Some trade or other names: etryptamine;  
25 Monase; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole;  
26 alpha-ET; and AET;

27 (21) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine; and DOET;

28 (22) 1-(1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl)pyrrolidine; and TCPy;

29 (23) Alpha-methyltryptamine, which is also known as AMT;

30 (24) Salvia divinorum or Salvinorin A. Salvia divinorum or  
31 Salvinorin A includes all parts of the plant presently classified

1 botanically as *Salvia divinorum*, whether growing or not, the seeds  
2 thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound,  
3 manufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its  
4 seeds, or its extracts, including salts, isomers, and salts of isomers  
5 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is  
6 possible within the specific chemical designation;

7 (25) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
8 quantity of synthetically produced cannabinoids as listed in subdivisions  
9 (A) through (L) of this subdivision, including their salts, isomers,  
10 salts of isomers, and nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur-heterocyclic analogs,  
11 unless specifically excepted elsewhere in this section. Since  
12 nomenclature of these synthetically produced cannabinoids is not  
13 internationally standardized and may continually evolve, these structures  
14 or compounds of these structures shall be included under this  
15 subdivision, regardless of their specific numerical designation of atomic  
16 positions covered, so long as it can be determined through a recognized  
17 method of scientific testing or analysis that the substance contains  
18 properties that fit within one or more of the following categories:

19 (A) Tetrahydrocannabinols: Meaning tetrahydrocannabinols naturally  
20 contained in a plant of the genus *cannabis* (*cannabis* plant), as well as  
21 synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the  
22 resinous extractives of *cannabis*, sp. and/or synthetic substances,  
23 derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and  
24 pharmacological activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans  
25 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; Delta 6 cis or trans  
26 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; Delta 3,4 cis or trans  
27 tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;

28 (B) Naphthoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-  
29 naphthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
30 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
31 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,

1 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
2 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
3 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
4 on any of the listed ring systems to any extent;

5 (C) Naphthylmethyloindoles: Any compound containing a 1 H-indol-3-yl-  
6 (1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of  
7 the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
8 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
9 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
10 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
11 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
12 on any of the listed ring systems to any extent;

13 (D) Naphthoylpyrroles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-  
14 naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
15 pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
16 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
17 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
18 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
19 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
20 on any of the listed ring systems to any extent;

21 (E) Naphthylideneindenes: Any compound containing a  
22 naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the  
23 indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
24 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
25 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
26 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
27 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
28 on any of the listed ring systems to any extent;

29 (F) Phenylacetyloindoles: Any compound containing a 3-  
30 phenylacetyloindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of  
31 the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,

1 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
2 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
3 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
4 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
5 on any of the listed ring systems to any extent;

6 (G) Cyclohexylphenols: Any compound containing a 2-(3-  
7 hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of  
8 the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
9 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
10 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
11 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
12 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not substituted in or on any of  
13 the listed ring systems to any extent;

14 (H) Benzoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole  
15 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an  
16 alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl,  
17 cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
18 piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-  
19 morpholinyl)methyl, or tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not  
20 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any  
21 extent;

22 (I) Adamantoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-adamantoylindole  
23 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an  
24 alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
25 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-  
26 (4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-  
27 morpholinyl)methyl, or tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not  
28 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any  
29 extent;

30 (J) Tetramethylcyclopropanoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-  
31 tetramethylcyclopropanoylindole structure with substitution at the

1 nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,  
2 alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-  
3 methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
4 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
5 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
6 on any of the listed ring systems to any extent;

7 (K) Indole carboxamides: Any compound containing a 1-indole-3-  
8 carboxamide structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
9 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl,  
10 benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
11 piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
12 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
13 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, substitution at the carboxamide group by  
14 an alkyl, methoxy, benzyl, propionaldehyde, adamantyl, 1-naphthyl,  
15 phenyl, aminoalkyl group, or quinolinyl group, whether or not further  
16 substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any extent or to  
17 the adamantyl, 1-naphthyl, phenyl, aminoalkyl, benzyl, or  
18 propionaldehyde groups to any extent;

19 (L) Indole carboxylates: Any compound containing a 1-indole-3-  
20 carboxylate structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
21 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl,  
22 benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
23 piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
24 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
25 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, substitution at the carboxylate group by  
26 an alkyl, methoxy, benzyl, propionaldehyde, adamantyl, 1-naphthyl,  
27 phenyl, aminoalkyl group, or quinolinyl group, whether or not further  
28 substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any extent or to  
29 the adamantyl, 1-naphthyl, phenyl, aminoalkyl, benzyl, or  
30 propionaldehyde groups to any extent; and

31 (M) Any nonnaturally occurring substance, chemical compound,

1 mixture, or preparation, not specifically listed elsewhere in these  
2 schedules and which is not approved for human consumption by the federal  
3 Food and Drug Administration, containing or constituting a cannabinoid  
4 receptor agonist as defined in section 28-401;

5 (26) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
6 quantity of a substituted phenethylamine as listed in subdivisions (A)  
7 through (C) of this subdivision, unless specifically excepted, listed in  
8 another schedule, or specifically named in this schedule, that is  
9 structurally derived from phenylethan-2-amine by substitution on the  
10 phenyl ring with a fused methylenedioxy ring, fused furan ring, or a  
11 fused tetrahydrofuran ring; by substitution with two alkoxy groups; by  
12 substitution with one alkoxy and either one fused furan, tetrahydrofuran,  
13 or tetrahydropyran ring system; or by substitution with two fused ring  
14 systems from any combination of the furan, tetrahydrofuran, or  
15 tetrahydropyran ring systems, whether or not the compound is further  
16 modified in any of the following ways:

17 (A) Substitution of the phenyl ring by any halo, hydroxyl, alkyl,  
18 trifluoromethyl, alkoxy, or alkylthio groups; (B) substitution at the 2-  
19 position by any alkyl groups; or (C) substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen  
20 atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, hydroxybenzyl or methoxybenzyl groups,  
21 and including, but not limited to:

22 (i) 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
23 as 2C-C or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chlorophenethylamine;

24 (ii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
25 as 2C-D or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine;

26 (iii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
27 as 2C-E or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenethylamine;

28 (iv) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-H  
29 or 2,5-Dimethoxyphenethylamine;

30 (v) 2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known as  
31 2C-I or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodophenethylamine;

- 1 (vi) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
2 as 2C-N or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine;
- 3 (vii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also  
4 known as 2C-P or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-propylphenethylamine;
- 5 (viii) 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine, which is  
6 also known as 2C-T-2 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylthiophenethylamine;
- 7 (ix) 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine, which is  
8 also known as 2C-T-4 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-isopropylthiophenethylamine;
- 9 (x) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
10 as 2C-B or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromophenethylamine;
- 11 (xi) 2-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-(methylthio)phenyl)ethanamine, which is also  
12 known as 2C-T or 4-methylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine;
- 13 (xii) 1-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodophenyl)-propan-2-amine, which is also  
14 known as DOI or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodoamphetamine;
- 15 (xiii) 1-(4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane, which is also  
16 known as DOB or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromoamphetamine;
- 17 (xiv) 1-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)propan-2-amine, which is also  
18 known as DOC or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine;
- 19 (xv) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-  
20 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-NBOMe; 25B-  
21 NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 22 (xvi) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-  
23 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-I-NBOMe; 25I-  
24 NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 25 (xvii) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine,  
26 which is also known as Mescaline-NBOMe or 3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-(2-  
27 methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 28 (xviii) 2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-  
29 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-C-NBOMe; or  
30 25C-NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloro-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 31 (xix) 2-(7-Bromo-5-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine,

1 which is also known as 2CB-5-hemiFLY;

2 (xx) 2-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrofuro [2,3-f][1]benzofuran-4-  
3 yl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-FLY;

4 (xxi) 2-(10-Bromo-2,3,4,7,8,9-hexahydropyrano[2,3-g]chromen-5-  
5 yl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-butterFLY;

6 (xxii) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-1-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7- tetrahydrobenzo[1,2-  
7 b:4,5-b']difuran-4-yl)-2-aminoethane, which is also known as 2C-B-FLY-  
8 NBOMe;

9 (xxiii) 1-(4-Bromofuro[2,3-f][1]benzofuran-8-yl)propan-2-amine,  
10 which is also known as bromo-benzodifuranylisopropylamine or bromo-  
11 dragonFLY;

12 (xxiv) N-(2-Hydroxybenzyl)-4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine, which  
13 is also known as 2C-INBOH or 25I-NBOH;

14 (xxv) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)benzofuran, which is also known as 5-APB;

15 (xxvi) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)benzofuran, which is also known as 6-APB;

16 (xxvii) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, which is also known  
17 as 5-APDB;

18 (xxviii) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, which is also  
19 known as 6-APDB;

20 (xxix) 2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, which is also known as 2, 5-  
21 dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2, 5-DMA;

22 (xxx) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine, which is also known as DOET;

23 (xxxi) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine, which is also  
24 known as 2C-T-7;

25 (xxxii) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;

26 (xxxiii) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, which is also known as  
27 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amethylphenethylamine; DOM and STP;

28 (xxxiv) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, which is also known as MDA;

29 (xxxv) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine, which is also known as  
30 MDMA;

31 (xxxvi) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, which is also known

1 as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, MDE, MDEA; and  
2 (xxxvii) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;

3 (27) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
4 quantity of a substituted tryptamine unless specifically excepted, listed  
5 in another schedule, or specifically named in this schedule, that is  
6 structurally derived from 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethanamine, which is also  
7 known as tryptamine, by mono- or di-substitution of the amine nitrogen  
8 with alkyl or alkenyl groups or by inclusion of the amino nitrogen atom  
9 in a cyclic structure whether or not the compound is further substituted  
10 at the alpha position with an alkyl group or whether or not further  
11 substituted on the indole ring to any extent with any alkyl, alkoxy,  
12 halo, hydroxyl, or acetoxy groups, and including, but not limited to:

13 (A) 5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-MeO-  
14 DALT;

15 (B) 4-acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-AcO-  
16 DMT or OAcetylpsilocin;

17 (C) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-ethyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-  
18 HO-MET;

19 (D) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-  
20 HO-DIPT;

21 (E) 5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine, which is also known as  
22 5-MeOMiPT;

23 (F) 5-Methoxy-N,N-Dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-MeO-  
24 DMT;

25 (G) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-  
26 MeO-DiPT;

27 (H) Diethyltryptamine, which is also known as N,N-Diethyltryptamine,  
28 DET; and

29 (I) Dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as DMT; and

30 (28)(A) Any substance containing any quantity of the following  
31 materials, compounds, mixtures, or structures:

- 1 (i) 3,4-methylenedioxy methcathinone, or bk-MDMA, or methydone;
- 2 (ii) 3,4-methylenedioxy pyrovalerone, or MDPV;
- 3 (iii) 4-methylmethcathinone, or 4-MMC, or mephedrone;
- 4 (iv) 4-methoxymethcathinone, or bk-PMMA, or PMMC, or methedrone;
- 5 (v) Fluoromethcathinone, or FMC;
- 6 (vi) Naphthylpyrovalerone, or naphyrone; or
- 7 (vii) Beta-keto-N-methylbenzodioxolylpropylamine or bk-MBDB or
- 8 butylone; or

9 (B) Unless listed in another schedule, any substance which contains  
10 any quantity of any material, compound, mixture, or structure, other than  
11 bupropion, that is structurally derived by any means from 2-  
12 aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl,  
13 naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is  
14 further modified in any of the following ways:

15 (i) Substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl,  
16 alkoxy, alkylendioxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents,  
17 whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more  
18 other univalent substituents;

19 (ii) Substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl  
20 substituent; or

21 (iii) Substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl or  
22 dialkyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic  
23 structure.

24 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
25 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
26 any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on  
27 the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of  
28 isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of  
29 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 30 (1) Mecloqualone;
- 31 (2) Methaqualone; and

1 (3) Gamma-Hydroxybutyric Acid. Some other names include: GHB; Gamma-  
2 hydroxybutyrate; 4-Hydroxybutyrate; 4-Hydroxybutanoic Acid; Sodium  
3 Oxybate; and Sodium Oxybutyrate.

4 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
5 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
6 any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the  
7 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of  
8 isomers:

9 (1) Fenethylline;

10 (2) N-ethylamphetamine;

11 (3) Aminorex; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; or 4,5-  
12 dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

13 (4) Cathinone; 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone; alpha-  
14 aminopropiophenone; 2-aminopropiophenone; and norephedrone;

15 (5) Methcathinone, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical  
16 isomers. Some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone; alpha-  
17 (methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; alpha-  
18 N-methylaminopropiophenone; methylcathinone; monomethylpropion;  
19 ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463; and UR1432;

20 (6) (+/-)cis-4-methylaminorex; and (+/-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-  
21 phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

22 (7) N,N-dimethylamphetamine; N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine;  
23 and N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine; and

24 (8) Benzylpiperazine, 1-benzylpiperazine.

25 (f) Any controlled substance analogue to the extent intended for  
26 human consumption.

27 Schedule II

28 (a) Any of the following substances except those narcotic drugs  
29 listed in other schedules whether produced directly or indirectly by  
30 extraction from substances of vegetable origin, independently by means of  
31 chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical

1 synthesis:

2 (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or  
3 preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, buprenorphine,  
4 thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmeferne,  
5 naloxone, and naltrexone and their salts, but including the following:

6 (A) Raw opium;

7 (B) Opium extracts;

8 (C) Opium fluid;

9 (D) Powdered opium;

10 (E) Granulated opium;

11 (F) Tincture of opium;

12 (G) Codeine;

13 (H) Ethylmorphine;

14 (I) Etorphine hydrochloride;

15 (J) Hydrocodone;

16 (K) Hydromorphone;

17 (L) Metopon;

18 (M) Morphine;

19 (N) Oxycodone;

20 (O) Oxymorphone;

21 (P) Oripavine;

22 (Q) Thebaine; and

23 (R) Dihydroetorphine;

24 (2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is  
25 chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the substances referred  
26 to in subdivision (1) of this subdivision, except that these substances  
27 shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

28 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;

29 (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation  
30 of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation  
31 thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of these

1 substances, including cocaine and its salts, optical isomers, and salts  
2 of optical isomers, except that the substances shall not include  
3 decocainized coca leaves or extractions which do not contain cocaine or  
4 ecgonine; and

5 (5) Concentrate of poppy straw, the crude extract of poppy straw in  
6 either liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene  
7 alkaloids of the opium poppy.

8 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another schedule any  
9 of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts,  
10 and salts of their isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of  
11 such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific  
12 chemical designation, dextrorphan excepted:

13 (1) Alphaprodine;

14 (2) Anileridine;

15 (3) Bezitramide;

16 (4) Diphenoxylate;

17 (5) Fentanyl;

18 (6) Isomethadone;

19 (7) Levomethorphan;

20 (8) Levorphanol;

21 (9) Metazocine;

22 (10) Methadone;

23 (11) Methadone-intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl  
24 butane;

25 (12) Moramide-intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,1-  
26 diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid;

27 (13) Pethidine or meperidine;

28 (14) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;

29 (15) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-  
30 carboxylate;

31 (16) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-

1 carboxylic acid;

2 (17) Phenazocine;

3 (18) Piminodine;

4 (19) Racemethorphan;

5 (20) Racemorphan;

6 (21) Dihydrocodeine;

7 (22) Bulk Propoxyphene in nondosage forms;

8 (23) Sufentanil;

9 (24) Alfentanil;

10 (25) Levo-alphaacetylmethadol which is also known as levo-alpha-  
11 acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;

12 (26) Carfentanil;

13 (27) Remifentanil; and

14 (28) Tapentadol.

15 (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
16 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
17 associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:

18 (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its  
19 optical isomers;

20 (2) Phenmetrazine and its salts;

21 (3) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;

22 (4) Methylphenidate; and

23 (5) Lisdexamfetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers.

24 (d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
25 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
26 associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system,  
27 including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the  
28 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within  
29 the specific chemical designations:

30 (1) Amobarbital;

31 (2) Secobarbital;

1 (3) Pentobarbital;

2 (4) Phencyclidine; and

3 (5) Glutethimide.

4 (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:

5 (1) Nabilone. Another name for nabilone: (+/-)-trans-3-(1,1-  
6 dimethylheptyl)- 6,6a,7,8,10,10a-Hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-  
7 dibenzo(b,d)pyran-9-one.

8 (f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
9 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
10 any quantity of the following substances:

11 (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine:  
12 Phenylacetone. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited  
13 to: Phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl  
14 ketone;

15 (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine, PCP:

16 (A) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine; or

17 (B) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile, PCC; or

18 (3) Immediate precursor to fentanyl; 4-anilino-N-phenethyl-4-  
19 piperidine (ANNPP).

20 Schedule III

21 (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
22 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
23 associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system,  
24 including their salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric,  
25 and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers,  
26 and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical  
27 designation:

28 (1) Benzphetamine;

29 (2) Chlorphentermine;

30 (3) Clortermine; and

31 (4) Phendimetrazine.

1 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
2 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
3 associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system:

4 (1) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of  
5 barbituric acid or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid, except  
6 those substances which are specifically listed in other schedules of this  
7 section;

8 (2) Chlorhexadol;

9 (3) Embutramide;

10 (4) Lysergic acid;

11 (5) Lysergic acid amide;

12 (6) Methyprylon;

13 (7) Perampanel;

14 (8) Sulfondiethylmethane;

15 (9) Sulfonethylmethane;

16 (10) Sulfonmethane;

17 (11) Nalorphine;

18 (12) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital,  
19 secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt thereof and one or more other  
20 active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule;

21 (13) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital,  
22 secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs and  
23 approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for marketing only  
24 as a suppository;

25 (14) Any drug product containing gamma-hydroxybutyric acid,  
26 including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an  
27 application is approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and  
28 Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on January 1, 2014;

29 (15) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. Some other  
30 names for ketamine: (+/-)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-  
31 cyclohexanone; and

1 (16) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof. Trade or other  
2 names for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product shall include, but  
3 are not limited to: telazol. Trade or other names for tiletamine shall  
4 include, but are not limited to: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-  
5 cyclohexanone. Trade or other names for zolazepam shall include, but are  
6 not limited to: 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-  
7 (3,4-e) (1,4)-diazepin-7(1H)-one, and flupyrazapon.

8 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
9 schedule:

10 (1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing  
11 limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts  
12 calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities  
13 as set forth below:

14 (A) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one  
15 hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit,  
16 with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

17 (B) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one  
18 hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit,  
19 with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized  
20 therapeutic amounts;

21 (C) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of dihydrocodeine per  
22 one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage  
23 unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized  
24 therapeutic amounts;

25 (D) Not more than three hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per one  
26 hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage unit,  
27 with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized  
28 therapeutic amounts;

29 (E) Not more than five hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred  
30 milliliters or per one hundred grams, or not more than twenty-five  
31 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic

1 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

2 (F) Not more than fifty milligrams of morphine per one hundred  
3 milliliters or per one hundred grams with one or more active, nonnarcotic  
4 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

5 (2) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
6 of the following narcotic drug or its salts, as set forth below:

7 (A) Buprenorphine.

8 (d) Unless contained on the ~~administration's~~ list of exempt anabolic  
9 steroids of the Drug Enforcement Administration of the United States  
10 Department of Justice as the list existed on January 1, 2014, any  
11 anabolic steroid, which shall include any material, compound, mixture, or  
12 preparation containing any quantity of the following substances,  
13 including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence  
14 of such salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical  
15 designation:

16 (1) 3-beta,17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;

17 (2) 3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;

18 (3) 5-alpha-androstan-3,17-dione;

19 (4) 1-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-  
20 ene);

21 (5) 1-androstenediol (3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-  
22 ene);

23 (6) 4-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene);

24 (7) 5-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene);

25 (8) 1-androstenedione ([5-alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione);

26 (9) 4-androstenedione (androst-4-en-3,17-dione);

27 (10) 5-androstenedione (androst-5-en-3,17-dione);

28 (11) Bolasterone (7-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-  
29 hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

30 (12) Boldenone (17-beta-hydroxyandrost-1,4-diene-3-one);

31 (13) Boldione (androsta-1,4-diene-3,17-3-one);

- 1 (14) Calusterone (7-beta,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-  
2 en-3-one);
- 3 (15) Clostebol (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
- 4 (16) Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxy-17-  
5 alpha-methyl-androst-1,4-dien-3-one);
- 6 (17) Desoxymethyltestosterone (17-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-androst-2-  
7 en-17-beta-ol) (a.k.a. 'madol');
- 8 (18) Delta-1-Dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a. '1-testosterone')(17-beta-  
9 hydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-one);
- 10 (19) 4-Dihydrotestosterone (17-beta-hydroxy-androstan-3-one);
- 11 (20) Drostanolone (17-beta-hydroxy-2-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-  
12 androstan-3-one);
- 13 (21) Ethylestrenol (17-alpha-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-ene);
- 14 (22) Fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17-alpha-methyl-11-beta,17-beta-  
15 dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
- 16 (23) Formebolone (formebolone); (2-formyl-17-alpha-methyl-11-alpha,  
17 17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one);
- 18 (24) Furazabol (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrostando[2,3-c]-  
19 furazan);
- 20 (25) 13-beta-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one;
- 21 (26) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-4-en-3-one);
- 22 (27) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17-beta-dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-  
23 one);
- 24 (28) Mestanolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-  
25 one);
- 26 (29) Mesterolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-  
27 one);
- 28 (30) Methandienone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-1,4-  
29 dien-3-one);
- 30 (31) Methandriol (17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-5-  
31 ene);

- 1 (32) Methasterone (2-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-5-alpha-androstan-17-  
2 beta-ol-3-one);
- 3 (33) Methenolone (1-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-  
4 one);
- 5 (34) 17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
- 6 (35) 17-alpha-methyl-3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
- 7 (36) 17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-ene;
- 8 (37) 17-alpha-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-4-  
9 hydroxy-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
- 10 (38) Methyldienolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-  
11 dien-3-one);
- 12 (39) Methyltrienolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-  
13 trien-3-one);
- 14 (40) Methyltestosterone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-  
15 en-3-one);
- 16 (41) Mibolerone (7-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-  
17 en-3-one);
- 18 (42) 17-alpha-methyl-delta-1-dihydrotestosterone (17-beta-  
19 hydroxy-17-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-alpha-  
20 methyl-1-testosterone');
- 21 (43) Nandrolone (17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
- 22 (44) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3-beta, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);
- 23 (45) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3-alpha, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);
- 24 (46) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3-beta, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);
- 25 (47) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3-alpha, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);
- 26 (48) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione (estra-4,9(10)-diene-3,17-  
27 dione);
- 28 (49) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-en-3,17-dione);
- 29 (50) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-en-3,17-dione);
- 30 (51) Norbolethone (13-beta, 17-alpha-diethyl-17-beta-hydroxygon-4-  
31 en-3-one);

- 1 (52) Norclostebol (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
- 2 (53) Norethandrolone (17-alpha-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-
- 3 one);
- 4 (54) Normethandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-
- 5 one);
- 6 (55) Oxandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-2-oxa-[5-alpha]-
- 7 androstan-3-one);
- 8 (56) Oxymesterone (17-alpha-methyl-4,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-
- 9 en-3-one);
- 10 (57) Oxymetholone (17-alpha-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-17-beta-
- 11 hydroxy-[5-alpha]-androstan-3-one);
- 12 (58) Prostanazol (17-beta-hydroxy-5-alpha-androstano[3,2-
- 13 c]pyrazole);
- 14 (59) Stanozolol (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-[5-alpha]-
- 15 androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole);
- 16 (60) Stenbolone (17-beta-hydroxy-2-methyl-[5-alpha]-androst-1-en-3-
- 17 one);
- 18 (61) Testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-
- 19 oic acid lactone);
- 20 (62) Testosterone (17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);
- 21 (63) Tetrahydrogestrinone (13-beta, 17-alpha-diethyl-17-beta-
- 22 hydroxygon-4,9,11-trien-3-one);
- 23 (64) Trenbolone (17-beta-hydroxyestr-4,9,11-trien-3-one); and
- 24 (65) Any salt, ester, or ether of a drug or substance described or
- 25 listed in this subdivision if the salt, ester, or ether promotes muscle
- 26 growth.
- 27 (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:
- 28 (1) Dronabinol, synthetic, in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft
- 29 gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the federal Food and Drug
- 30 Administration. Some other names for dronabinol are (6aR-trans)-6a,
- 31 7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo (b,d)pyran-1-ol or

1 (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.

2 Schedule IV

3 (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
4 any quantity of the following substances, including their salts, isomers,  
5 and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and  
6 salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

7 (1) Barbital;

8 (2) Chloral betaine;

9 (3) Chloral hydrate;

10 (4) Chlordiazepoxide, but not including librax (chlordiazepoxide  
11 hydrochloride and clindinium bromide) or menrium (chlordiazepoxide and  
12 water soluble esterified estrogens);

13 (5) Clonazepam;

14 (6) Clorazepate;

15 (7) Diazepam;

16 (8) Ethchlorvynol;

17 (9) Ethinamate;

18 (10) Flurazepam;

19 (11) Mebutamate;

20 (12) Meprobamate;

21 (13) Methohexital;

22 (14) Methylphenobarbital;

23 (15) Oxazepam;

24 (16) Paraldehyde;

25 (17) Petrichloral;

26 (18) Phenobarbital;

27 (19) Prazepam;

28 (20) Alprazolam;

29 (21) Bromazepam;

30 (22) Camazepam;

31 (23) Clobazam;

- 1 (24) Clotiazepam;
- 2 (25) Cloxazolam;
- 3 (26) Delorazepam;
- 4 (27) Estazolam;
- 5 (28) Ethyl loflazepate;
- 6 (29) Fludiazepam;
- 7 (30) Flunitrazepam;
- 8 (31) Halazepam;
- 9 (32) Haloxazolam;
- 10 (33) Ketazolam;
- 11 (34) Loprazolam;
- 12 (35) Lorazepam;
- 13 (36) Lormetazepam;
- 14 (37) Medazepam;
- 15 (38) Nimetazepam;
- 16 (39) Nitrazepam;
- 17 (40) Nordiazepam;
- 18 (41) Oxazolam;
- 19 (42) Pinazepam;
- 20 (43) Temazepam;
- 21 (44) Tetrazepam;
- 22 (45) Triazolam;
- 23 (46) Midazolam;
- 24 (47) Quazepam;
- 25 (48) Zolpidem;
- 26 (49) Dichloralphenazone;
- 27 (50) Zaleplon;
- 28 (51) Zopiclone;
- 29 (52) Fospropofol;
- 30 (53) Alfaxalone;
- 31 (54) Suvorexant; and

1 (55) Carisoprodol.

2 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
3 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers,  
4 whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers,  
5 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is  
6 possible: Fenfluramine.

7 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
8 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
9 any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the  
10 central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, whether optical,  
11 position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers whenever the existence  
12 of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the  
13 specific chemical designation:

14 (1) Diethylpropion;

15 (2) Phentermine;

16 (3) Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates  
17 thereof;

18 (4) Mazindol;

19 (5) Pipradrol;

20 (6) SPA, ((-)-1-dimethylamino- 1,2-diphenylethane);

21 (7) Cathine. Another name for cathine is ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);

22 (8) Fencamfamin;

23 (9) Fenproporex;

24 (10) Mefenorex;

25 (11) Modafinil; and

26 (12) Sibutramine.

27 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
28 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
29 any quantity of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts or isomers  
30 calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities  
31 as set forth below:

1 (1) Propoxyphene in manufactured dosage forms;

2 (2) Not more than one milligram of difenoxin and not less than  
3 twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit; and

4 (3) 2-[[dimethylamino)methyl]-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanol, its  
5 salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of these isomers to  
6 include: Tramadol.

7 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
8 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
9 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts:

10 (1) Pentazocine; and

11 (2) Butorphanol (including its optical isomers).

12 (f) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
13 any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers,  
14 and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers,  
15 and salts of isomers is possible: Lorcaserin.

16 (g)(1) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
17 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
18 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, optical  
19 isomers, and salts of such optical isomers: Ephedrine.

20 (2) The following drug products containing ephedrine, its salts,  
21 optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers, are excepted from  
22 subdivision (g)(1) of Schedule IV if they (A) are stored behind a  
23 counter, in an area not accessible to customers, or in a locked case so  
24 that a customer needs assistance from an employee to access the drug  
25 product; (B) are sold by a person, eighteen years of age or older, in the  
26 course of his or her employment to a customer eighteen years of age or  
27 older with the following restrictions: No customer shall be allowed to  
28 purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire more than three and six-tenths  
29 grams of ephedrine base during a twenty-four-hour period; no customer  
30 shall purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire more than nine grams of  
31 ephedrine base during a thirty-day period; and the customer shall display

1 a valid driver's or operator's license, a Nebraska state identification  
2 card, a military identification card, an alien registration card, or a  
3 passport as proof of identification; (C) are labeled and marketed in a  
4 manner consistent with the pertinent OTC Tentative Final or Final  
5 Monograph; (D) are manufactured and distributed for legitimate medicinal  
6 use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse; and  
7 (E) are not marketed, advertised, or represented in any manner for the  
8 indication of stimulation, mental alertness, euphoria, ecstasy, a buzz or  
9 high, heightened sexual performance, or increased muscle mass:

10 (i) Primatene Tablets; and

11 (ii) Bronkaid Dual Action Caplets.

12 Schedule V

13 (a) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the  
14 following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts calculated as the  
15 free anhydrous base or alkaloid, which shall include one or more  
16 nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to  
17 confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal  
18 qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

19 (1) Not more than two hundred milligrams of codeine per one hundred  
20 milliliters or per one hundred grams;

21 (2) Not more than one hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeine per one  
22 hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

23 (3) Not more than one hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per one  
24 hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

25 (4) Not more than two and five-tenths milligrams of diphenoxylate  
26 and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage  
27 unit;

28 (5) Not more than one hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred  
29 milliliters or per one hundred grams; and

30 (6) Not more than five-tenths milligram of difenoxin and not less  
31 than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

1 (b) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in  
2 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which  
3 contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant  
4 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and  
5 salts of isomers: Pyrovalerone.

6 (c) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in  
7 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which  
8 contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant  
9 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and  
10 salts of isomers:

11 (1) Ezogabine (N-(2-amino-4-(4-fluorobenzylamino)-phenyl)-carbamic  
12 acid ethyl ester);

13 (2) Lacosamide ((R)-2-acetoamido-N-benzyl-3-methoxy-propionamide);  
14 and

15 (3) Pregabalin ((S)-3-(aminomethyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid).

16 (d) Cannabidiol in a drug product approved by the federal Food and  
17 Drug Administration.

18 Sec. 6. Section 28-416, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
19 amended to read:

20 28-416 (1) Except as authorized by the Uniform Controlled Substances  
21 Act, it shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally: (a)  
22 To manufacture, distribute, deliver, dispense, or possess with intent to  
23 manufacture, distribute, deliver, or dispense a controlled substance; or  
24 (b) to create, distribute, or possess with intent to distribute a  
25 counterfeit controlled substance.

26 (2) Except as provided in subsections (4), (5), (7), (8), (9), and  
27 (10) of this section, any person who violates subsection (1) of this  
28 section with respect to: (a) A controlled substance classified in  
29 Schedule I, II, or III of section 28-405 which is an exceptionally  
30 hazardous drug shall be guilty of a Class II felony; (b) any other  
31 controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, or III of section

1 28-405 shall be guilty of a Class IIA felony; or (c) a controlled  
2 substance classified in Schedule IV or V of section 28-405 shall be  
3 guilty of a Class IIIA felony.

4 (3) A person knowingly or intentionally possessing a controlled  
5 substance, except marijuana or any substance containing a quantifiable  
6 amount of the substances, chemicals, or compounds described, defined, or  
7 delineated in subdivision (c)(25) of Schedule I of section 28-405, unless  
8 such substance was obtained directly or pursuant to a medical order  
9 issued by a practitioner authorized to prescribe while acting in the  
10 course of his or her professional practice, or except as otherwise  
11 authorized by the act, shall be guilty of a Class IV felony. A person  
12 shall not be in violation of this subsection if section 8 of this act  
13 applies.

14 (4)(a) Except as authorized by the Uniform Controlled Substances  
15 Act, any person eighteen years of age or older who knowingly or  
16 intentionally manufactures, distributes, delivers, dispenses, or  
17 possesses with intent to manufacture, distribute, deliver, or dispense a  
18 controlled substance or a counterfeit controlled substance (i) to a  
19 person under the age of eighteen years, (ii) in, on, or within one  
20 thousand feet of the real property comprising a public or private  
21 elementary, vocational, or secondary school, a community college, a  
22 public or private college, junior college, or university, or a  
23 playground, or (iii) within one hundred feet of a public or private youth  
24 center, public swimming pool, or video arcade facility shall be punished  
25 by the next higher penalty classification than the penalty prescribed in  
26 subsection (2), (7), (8), (9), or (10) of this section, depending upon  
27 the controlled substance involved, for the first violation and for a  
28 second or subsequent violation shall be punished by the next higher  
29 penalty classification than that prescribed for a first violation of this  
30 subsection, but in no event shall such person be punished by a penalty  
31 greater than a Class IB felony.

1 (b) For purposes of this subsection:

2 (i) Playground means ~~shall mean~~ any outdoor facility, including any  
3 parking lot appurtenant to the facility, intended for recreation, open to  
4 the public, and with any portion containing three or more apparatus  
5 intended for the recreation of children, including sliding boards,  
6 swingsets, and teeterboards;

7 (ii) Video arcade facility means ~~shall mean~~ any facility legally  
8 accessible to persons under eighteen years of age, intended primarily for  
9 the use of pinball and video machines for amusement, and containing a  
10 minimum of ten pinball or video machines; and

11 (iii) Youth center means ~~shall mean~~ any recreational facility or  
12 gymnasium, including any parking lot appurtenant to the facility or  
13 gymnasium, intended primarily for use by persons under eighteen years of  
14 age which regularly provides athletic, civic, or cultural activities.

15 (5)(a) Except as authorized by the Uniform Controlled Substances  
16 Act, it shall be unlawful for any person eighteen years of age or older  
17 to knowingly and intentionally employ, hire, use, cause, persuade, coax,  
18 induce, entice, seduce, or coerce any person under the age of eighteen  
19 years to manufacture, transport, distribute, carry, deliver, dispense,  
20 prepare for delivery, offer for delivery, or possess with intent to do  
21 the same a controlled substance or a counterfeit controlled substance.

22 (b) Except as authorized by the Uniform Controlled Substances Act,  
23 it shall be unlawful for any person eighteen years of age or older to  
24 knowingly and intentionally employ, hire, use, cause, persuade, coax,  
25 induce, entice, seduce, or coerce any person under the age of eighteen  
26 years to aid and abet any person in the manufacture, transportation,  
27 distribution, carrying, delivery, dispensing, preparation for delivery,  
28 offering for delivery, or possession with intent to do the same of a  
29 controlled substance or a counterfeit controlled substance.

30 (c) Any person who violates subdivision (a) or (b) of this  
31 subsection shall be punished by the next higher penalty classification

1 than the penalty prescribed in subsection (2), (7), (8), (9), or (10) of  
2 this section, depending upon the controlled substance involved, for the  
3 first violation and for a second or subsequent violation shall be  
4 punished by the next higher penalty classification than that prescribed  
5 for a first violation of this subsection, but in no event shall such  
6 person be punished by a penalty greater than a Class IB felony.

7 (6) It shall not be a defense to prosecution for violation of  
8 subsection (4) or (5) of this section that the defendant did not know the  
9 age of the person through whom the defendant violated such subsection.

10 (7) Any person who violates subsection (1) of this section with  
11 respect to cocaine or any mixture or substance containing a detectable  
12 amount of cocaine in a quantity of:

13 (a) One hundred forty grams or more shall be guilty of a Class IB  
14 felony;

15 (b) At least twenty-eight grams but less than one hundred forty  
16 grams shall be guilty of a Class IC felony; or

17 (c) At least ten grams but less than twenty-eight grams shall be  
18 guilty of a Class ID felony.

19 (8) Any person who violates subsection (1) of this section with  
20 respect to base cocaine (crack) or any mixture or substance containing a  
21 detectable amount of base cocaine in a quantity of:

22 (a) One hundred forty grams or more shall be guilty of a Class IB  
23 felony;

24 (b) At least twenty-eight grams but less than one hundred forty  
25 grams shall be guilty of a Class IC felony; or

26 (c) At least ten grams but less than twenty-eight grams shall be  
27 guilty of a Class ID felony.

28 (9) Any person who violates subsection (1) of this section with  
29 respect to heroin or any mixture or substance containing a detectable  
30 amount of heroin in a quantity of:

31 (a) One hundred forty grams or more shall be guilty of a Class IB

1 felony;

2 (b) At least twenty-eight grams but less than one hundred forty  
3 grams shall be guilty of a Class IC felony; or

4 (c) At least ten grams but less than twenty-eight grams shall be  
5 guilty of a Class ID felony.

6 (10) Any person who violates subsection (1) of this section with  
7 respect to amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its  
8 isomers, or with respect to methamphetamine, its salts, optical isomers,  
9 and salts of its isomers, in a quantity of:

10 (a) One hundred forty grams or more shall be guilty of a Class IB  
11 felony;

12 (b) At least twenty-eight grams but less than one hundred forty  
13 grams shall be guilty of a Class IC felony; or

14 (c) At least ten grams but less than twenty-eight grams shall be  
15 guilty of a Class ID felony.

16 (11) Any person knowingly or intentionally possessing marijuana  
17 weighing more than one ounce but not more than one pound shall be guilty  
18 of a Class III misdemeanor.

19 (12) Any person knowingly or intentionally possessing marijuana  
20 weighing more than one pound shall be guilty of a Class IV felony.

21 (13) Any person knowingly or intentionally possessing marijuana  
22 weighing one ounce or less or any substance containing a quantifiable  
23 amount of the substances, chemicals, or compounds described, defined, or  
24 delineated in subdivision (c)(25) of Schedule I of section 28-405 shall:

25 (a) For the first offense, be guilty of an infraction, receive a  
26 citation, be fined three hundred dollars, and be assigned to attend a  
27 course as prescribed in section 29-433 if the judge determines that  
28 attending such course is in the best interest of the individual  
29 defendant;

30 (b) For the second offense, be guilty of a Class IV misdemeanor,  
31 receive a citation, and be fined four hundred dollars and may be

1 imprisoned not to exceed five days; and

2 (c) For the third and all subsequent offenses, be guilty of a Class  
3 IIIA misdemeanor, receive a citation, be fined five hundred dollars, and  
4 be imprisoned not to exceed seven days.

5 (14) Any person convicted of violating this section, if placed on  
6 probation, shall, as a condition of probation, satisfactorily attend and  
7 complete appropriate treatment and counseling on drug abuse provided by a  
8 program authorized under the Nebraska Behavioral Health Services Act or  
9 other licensed drug treatment facility.

10 (15) Any person convicted of violating this section, if sentenced to  
11 the Department of Correctional Services, shall attend appropriate  
12 treatment and counseling on drug abuse.

13 (16) Any person knowingly or intentionally possessing a firearm  
14 while in violation of subsection (1) of this section shall be punished by  
15 the next higher penalty classification than the penalty prescribed in  
16 subsection (2), (7), (8), (9), or (10) of this section, but in no event  
17 shall such person be punished by a penalty greater than a Class IB  
18 felony.

19 (17) A person knowingly or intentionally in possession of money used  
20 or intended to be used to facilitate a violation of subsection (1) of  
21 this section shall be guilty of a Class IV felony.

22 (18) In addition to the existing penalties available for a violation  
23 of subsection (1) of this section, including any criminal attempt or  
24 conspiracy to violate subsection (1) of this section, a sentencing court  
25 may order that any money, securities, negotiable instruments, firearms,  
26 conveyances, or electronic communication devices as defined in section  
27 28-833 or any equipment, components, peripherals, software, hardware, or  
28 accessories related to electronic communication devices be forfeited as a  
29 part of the sentence imposed if it finds by clear and convincing evidence  
30 adduced at a separate hearing in the same prosecution, following  
31 conviction for a violation of subsection (1) of this section, and

1 conducted pursuant to section 28-1601, that any or all such property was  
2 derived from, used, or intended to be used to facilitate a violation of  
3 subsection (1) of this section.

4 (19) In addition to the penalties provided in this section:

5 (a) If the person convicted or adjudicated of violating this section  
6 is eighteen years of age or younger and has one or more licenses or  
7 permits issued under the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act:

8 (i) For the first offense, the court may, as a part of the judgment  
9 of conviction or adjudication, (A) impound any such licenses or permits  
10 for thirty days and (B) require such person to attend a drug education  
11 class;

12 (ii) For a second offense, the court may, as a part of the judgment  
13 of conviction or adjudication, (A) impound any such licenses or permits  
14 for ninety days and (B) require such person to complete no fewer than  
15 twenty and no more than forty hours of community service and to attend a  
16 drug education class; and

17 (iii) For a third or subsequent offense, the court may, as a part of  
18 the judgment of conviction or adjudication, (A) impound any such licenses  
19 or permits for twelve months and (B) require such person to complete no  
20 fewer than sixty hours of community service, to attend a drug education  
21 class, and to submit to a drug assessment by a licensed alcohol and drug  
22 counselor; and

23 (b) If the person convicted or adjudicated of violating this section  
24 is eighteen years of age or younger and does not have a permit or license  
25 issued under the Motor Vehicle Operator's License Act:

26 (i) For the first offense, the court may, as part of the judgment of  
27 conviction or adjudication, (A) prohibit such person from obtaining any  
28 permit or any license pursuant to the act for which such person would  
29 otherwise be eligible until thirty days after the date of such order and  
30 (B) require such person to attend a drug education class;

31 (ii) For a second offense, the court may, as part of the judgment of

1 conviction or adjudication, (A) prohibit such person from obtaining any  
2 permit or any license pursuant to the act for which such person would  
3 otherwise be eligible until ninety days after the date of such order and  
4 (B) require such person to complete no fewer than twenty hours and no  
5 more than forty hours of community service and to attend a drug education  
6 class; and

7 (iii) For a third or subsequent offense, the court may, as part of  
8 the judgment of conviction or adjudication, (A) prohibit such person from  
9 obtaining any permit or any license pursuant to the act for which such  
10 person would otherwise be eligible until twelve months after the date of  
11 such order and (B) require such person to complete no fewer than sixty  
12 hours of community service, to attend a drug education class, and to  
13 submit to a drug assessment by a licensed alcohol and drug counselor.

14 A copy of an abstract of the court's conviction or adjudication  
15 shall be transmitted to the Director of Motor Vehicles pursuant to  
16 sections 60-497.01 to 60-497.04 if a license or permit is impounded or a  
17 juvenile is prohibited from obtaining a license or permit under this  
18 subsection.

19 Sec. 7. Section 28-441, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
20 amended to read:

21 28-441 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to use, or to possess  
22 with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to manufacture, inject, ingest,  
23 inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance  
24 in violation of sections 28-101, 28-431, and 28-439 to 28-444.

25 (2) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of an  
26 infraction.

27 (3) A person shall not be in violation of this section if section 8  
28 of this act applies.

29 Sec. 8. (1) A person shall not be in violation of section 28-441 or  
30 subsection (3) of section 28-416 if:

31 (a) Such person made a good faith request for emergency medical

1 assistance in response to a drug overdose of himself, herself, or  
2 another;

3 (b) Such person made a request for medical assistance as soon as the  
4 drug overdose was apparent;

5 (c) The evidence for the violation of section 28-441 or subsection  
6 (3) of section 28-416 was obtained as a result of the drug overdose and  
7 the request for medical assistance; and

8 (d) When emergency medical assistance was requested for the drug  
9 overdose of another person:

10 (i) Such requesting person remained on the scene until medical  
11 assistance or law enforcement personnel arrived; and

12 (ii) Such requesting person cooperated with medical assistance and  
13 law enforcement personnel.

14 (2) The exception from criminal liability provided in subsection (1)  
15 of this section applies to any person who makes a request for emergency  
16 medical assistance and complies with the requirements of subsection (1)  
17 of this section.

18 (3) A person shall not be in violation of section 28-441 or  
19 subsection (3) of section 28-416 if such person was experiencing a drug  
20 overdose and the evidence for such violation was obtained as a result of  
21 the drug overdose and a request for medical assistance by another person  
22 made in compliance with subsection (1) of this section.

23 (4) A person shall not initiate or maintain an action against a  
24 peace officer or the state agency or political subdivision employing such  
25 officer based on the officer's compliance with subsections (1) through  
26 (3) of this section.

27 (5) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to interfere with  
28 or prohibit the investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for,  
29 or affect the admissibility or use of evidence in, cases involving:

30 (a) Drug-induced homicide;

31 (b) Except as provided in subsections (1) through (3) of this

1 section, violations of section 28-441 or subsection (3) of section  
2 28-416; or

3 (c) Any other criminal offense.

4 (6) As used in this section, drug overdose means an acute condition  
5 including, but not limited to, physical illness, coma, mania, hysteria,  
6 or death resulting from the consumption or use of a controlled substance  
7 or the consumption or use of another substance with which a controlled  
8 substance was combined and which condition a layperson would reasonably  
9 believe requires emergency medical assistance.

10 Sec. 9. Section 28-470, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is  
11 amended to read:

12 28-470 (1) A health professional who is authorized to prescribe or  
13 dispense naloxone, if acting with reasonable care, may prescribe,  
14 administer, or dispense naloxone to any of the following persons without  
15 being subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution:

16 (a) A person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to  
17 experience an opioid-related overdose; or

18 (b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist  
19 a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to experience an  
20 opioid-related overdose.

21 (2) A family member, friend, or other person who is in a position to  
22 assist a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to  
23 experience an opioid-related overdose, other than an emergency responder  
24 or peace officer, is not subject to actions under the Uniform  
25 Credentialing Act, administrative action, or criminal prosecution if the  
26 person, acting in good faith, obtains naloxone from a health professional  
27 or a prescription for naloxone from a health professional and administers  
28 the naloxone obtained from the health professional or acquired pursuant  
29 to the prescription to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-  
30 related overdose.

31 (3) An emergency responder ~~who is not subject to administrative~~

1 ~~action or criminal prosecution if the emergency responder, acting in good~~  
2 ~~faith, obtains naloxone from the emergency responder's emergency medical~~  
3 ~~service organization and administers the naloxone to a person who is~~  
4 ~~apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose shall not be: -~~

5 (a) Subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution; or

6 (b) Personally liable in any civil action to respond in damages as a  
7 result of his or her acts of commission or omission arising out of and in  
8 the course of his or her rendering such care or services or arising out  
9 of his or her failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical  
10 treatment or care for the person who is apparently experiencing an  
11 opioid-related overdose, unless the emergency responder caused damage or  
12 injury by his or her willful, wanton, or grossly negligent act of  
13 commission or omission. This subdivision shall not affect the liability  
14 of such emergency medical service organization for the emergency  
15 responder's acts of commission or omission.

16 (4) A peace officer ~~who is not subject to administrative action or~~  
17 ~~criminal prosecution if the peace officer, acting in good faith, obtains~~  
18 ~~naloxone from the peace officer's law enforcement agency and administers~~  
19 ~~the naloxone to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related~~  
20 ~~overdose shall not be: -~~

21 (a) Subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution; or

22 (b) Personally liable in any civil action to respond in damages as a  
23 result of his or her acts of commission or omission arising out of and in  
24 the course of his or her rendering such care or services or arising out  
25 of his or her failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical  
26 treatment or care for the person who is apparently experiencing an  
27 opioid-related overdose, unless the peace officer caused damage or injury  
28 by his or her willful, wanton, or grossly negligent act of commission or  
29 omission. This subdivision shall not affect the liability of such law  
30 enforcement agency for the peace officer's acts of commission or  
31 omission.

1 (5) For purposes of this section:

2 (a) Administer has the same meaning as in section 38-2806;

3 (b) Dispense has the same meaning as in section 38-2817;

4 (c) Emergency responder means an emergency medical first responder,  
5 an emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician  
6 technician-intermediate, or a paramedic emergency medical technician-  
7 paramedic licensed under the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act;

8 (d) Health professional means a physician, physician assistant,  
9 nurse practitioner, or pharmacist licensed under the Uniform  
10 Credentialing Act;

11 (e) Law enforcement agency means a police department, a town  
12 marshal, the office of sheriff, or the Nebraska State Patrol;

13 (f) Naloxone means naloxone hydrochloride; and

14 (g) Peace officer has the same meaning as in section 49-801.

15 Sec. 10. Original sections 25-21,280, 28-101, 28-401, 28-401.01,  
16 28-405, 28-416, 28-441, and 28-470, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,  
17 are repealed.