LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 377

FINAL READING

Introduced by Education Committee: Groene, 42, Chairperson; Ebke, 32; Erdman, 47; Kolowski, 31; Linehan, 39; Morfeld, 46; Pansing Brooks, 28; Walz, 15.

Read first time January 13, 2017

Committee: Education

A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to schools; to amend sections 32-570, 32-606, 1 2 32-1007, 32-1303, 48-303, 72-2304, 77-3444, 79-102, 79-104, 79-203, 79-413, 79-415, 79-418, 79-419, 79-434, 79-443, 79-447, 79-451, 3 4 79-458, 79-470, 79-473, 79-479, 79-4,108, 79-4,129, 79-501, 79-506, 79-524, 79-525, 79-526, 79-547, 79-550, 79-554, 79-559, 79-564, 5 79-570, 79-572, 79-577, 79-578, 79-579, 79-580, 6 79-569, 79-581, 7 79-586, 79-587, 79-588, 79-594, 79-598, 79-5,104, 79-605, 79-728, 79-828, 79-850, 79-1029, 79-1030, 79-1045, 79-1065.02, 79-1072, 8 79-1090, 79-1098, 79-10,100, 79-10,101, 79-10,103, 9 79-1089, 79-10,114, 79-10,117, 79-10,118, 79-1217, and 79-1504, Reissue 10 Revised Statutes of Nebraska, sections 79-101, 79-234, 79-499, 11 79-4,123, 79-528, 79-576, 79-611, 79-1036, 79-1075, 79-10,110, 12 79-10,110.02, and 79-10,120, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 13 2016, and sections 13-508, 79-407, 79-1003, and 79-1108.02, Revised 14 2017; to change 15 Statutes Supplement, provisions relating to classification of school districts; to harmonize provisions; to 16 provide an operative date; to repeal the original sections; and to 17 outright repeal sections 10-704, 10-716.01, 23-3302, 32-541, 32-542, 18 19 32-546, 79-401, 79-402, 79-403, 79-404, 79-406, 79-410, 79-411, 20 79-416, 79-417, 79-423, 79-424, 79-425, 79-426, 79-427, 79-431, 79-452, 79-453, 79-454, 79-455, 79-472, 79-477, 79-478, 79-492, 21

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1 79-493, 79-494, 79-495, 79-4,100, 79-4,101, 79-4,102, 79-4,103, 79-4,104, 79-4,109, 79-4,110, 79-4,111, 79-519, 79-523, 79-540, 2 79-541, 79-542, 79-548, 79-553, 79-556, 79-557, 79-558, 79-563, 3 79-565, 79-568, 79-585, 79-5,107, 79-5,108, 79-716, 4 79-717, 79-1027.01, 79-1077, 79-1078, 79-1083.02, 5 79-8,110, 79-1099, 79-10,111, 79-10,113, 79-10,121, 79-10,122, 79-10,123, 79-10,124, 6 7 and 79-10,125, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska. 8 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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Section 1. Section 13-508, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is
 amended to read:

3 13-508 (1) After publication and hearing thereon and within the time 4 prescribed by law, each governing body, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, shall file with and certify to the levying board or 5 boards on or before September 20 of each year or September 20 of the 6 7 final year of a biennial period and file with the auditor a copy of the adopted budget statement which complies with sections 13-518 to 13-522 or 8 9 79-1023 to 79-1030, together with the amount of the tax required to fund the adopted budget, setting out separately (a) the amount to be levied 10 for the payment of principal or interest on bonds issued by the governing 11 body and (b) the amount to be levied for all other purposes. Proof of 12 publication shall be attached to the statements. For fiscal years prior 13 to fiscal year 2017-18, learning communities shall also file a copy of 14 such adopted budget statement with member school districts on or before 15 16 September 1 of each year. If the prime rate published by the Federal 17 Reserve Board is ten percent or more at the time of the filing and certification required under this subsection, the governing body, in 18 certifying the amount required, may make allowance for delinquent taxes 19 not exceeding five percent of the amount required plus the actual 20 percentage of delinquent taxes for the preceding tax year or biennial 21 period and for the amount of estimated tax loss from any pending or 22 23 anticipated litigation which involves taxation and in which tax 24 collections have been or can be withheld or escrowed by court order. For purposes of this section, anticipated litigation shall be limited to the 25 anticipation of an action being filed by a taxpayer who or which filed a 26 similar action for the preceding year or biennial period which is still 27 28 pending. Except for such allowances, a governing body shall not certify an amount of tax more than one percent greater or lesser than the amount 29 determined under section 13-505. 30

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(2) Each governing body shall use the certified taxable values as

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provided by the county assessor pursuant to section 13-509 for the current year in setting or certifying the levy. Each governing body may designate one of its members to perform any duty or responsibility required of such body by this section.

5 (3)(a) A Class I school district shall do the filing and 6 certification required by subsection (1) of this section on or before 7 August 1 of each year.

8 (b) For fiscal years prior to fiscal year 2017-18, learning
 9 communities shall do such filing and certification on or before September
 10 f each year.

11 Sec. 2. Section 32-570, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

32-570 (1) A vacancy in the membership of a school board shall occur 13 as set forth in section 32-560 or in the case of absences, unless excused 14 by a majority of the remaining members of the board, when a member is 15 absent from the district for a continuous period of sixty days at one 16 17 time or from more than two consecutive regular meetings of the board. The resignation of a member or any other reason for a vacancy shall be made a 18 part of the minutes of the school board. The school board shall give 19 notice of the date the vacancy occurred, the office vacated, and the 20 length of the unexpired term (a) in writing to the election commissioner 21 22 or county clerk and (b) by a notice published in a newspaper of general circulation in the school district. 23

(2) A person appointed to fill a vacancy on the school board of a Class I school district by the remaining members of the board shall hold office until the beginning of the next school year. A board member of a Class I school district elected to fill a vacancy at a regular or special school district meeting shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term or until a successor is elected and qualified.

30 (2) (3) Except as provided in subsection (3) (4) of this section, a
 31 vacancy in the membership of a school board of a Class II, III, IV, V, or

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1 VI school district resulting from any cause other than the expiration of 2 a term shall be filled by appointment of a qualified registered voter by 3 the remaining members of the board for the remainder of the unexpired 4 term. A registered voter appointed pursuant to this subsection shall meet 5 the same requirements as the member whose office is vacant.

6 (3) (4) Any vacancy in the membership of a school board of a school 7 district described in section 79-549 which does not nominate candidates 8 at a primary election and elect members at the following general election 9 shall be filled by appointment of a qualified registered voter by the 10 remaining members of the board for the remainder of the unexpired term.

11 (4) (5) If any school board fails to fill a vacancy on the board, 12 the vacancy may be filled by election at a special election or school 13 district meeting called for that purpose. Such election or meeting shall 14 be called in the same manner and subject to the same procedures as other 15 special elections or school district meetings.

(5) (6) If there are vacancies in the offices of one-half or more of
 the members of a school board, the Secretary of State shall conduct a
 special school district election to fill such vacancies.

Sec. 3. Section 32-606, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

32-606 (1) Any candidate may place his or her name on the primary 21 election ballot by filing a candidate filing form prescribed by the 22 Secretary of State as provided in section 32-607. If a candidate for an 23 24 elective office is an incumbent of any elective office, the filing period for filing the candidate filing form shall be between December 1 and 25 February 15 prior to the date of the primary election, except for 26 candidates for election in 2013 to the board of education of a Class V 27 school district. No incumbent who resigns from elective office prior to 28 the expiration of his or her term shall file for any office after 29 February 15 of that election year. Incumbent and nonincumbent candidates 30 for election in 2013 to the board of education of a Class V school 31

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1 district and all other candidates shall file for office between December 1 and March 1 prior to the date of the primary election. A candidate 2 filing form may be transmitted by facsimile for the offices listed in 3 subdivision (1) of section 32-607 if (a) the transmission is received in 4 the office of the filing officer by the filing deadline and (b) the 5 original filing form is mailed to the filing officer with a legible 6 postmark bearing a date on or prior to the filing deadline and is in the 7 8 office of the filing officer no later than seven days after the filing 9 deadline.

(2) Any candidate for a township office in a county under township 10 organization, the board of trustees of a village, the board of directors 11 of a reclamation district, the county weed district board, the board of 12 directors of a public power district receiving annual gross revenue of 13 less than forty million dollars, the school board of a Class II school 14 $\frac{district_{r}}{dist}$ or the board of an educational service unit may place his or 15 16 her name on the general election ballot by filing a candidate filing form prescribed by the Secretary of State as provided in section 32-607. If a 17 candidate for an elective office is an incumbent of any elective office, 18 the filing period for filing the candidate filing form shall be between 19 December 1 and July 15 prior to the date of the general election. No 20 incumbent who resigns from elective office prior to the expiration of his 21 or her term shall file for any office after July 15 of that election 22 year. All other candidates shall file for office between December 1 and 23 24 August 1 prior to the date of the general election. A candidate filing form may be transmitted by facsimile for the offices listed in 25 subdivision (1) of section 32-607 if (a) the transmission is received in 26 the office of the filing officer by the filing deadline and (b) the 27 original filing form is mailed to the filing officer with a legible 28 postmark bearing a date on or prior to the filing deadline and is in the 29 office of the filing officer no later than seven days after the filing 30 31 deadline.

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1 (3) Any city having a home rule charter may provide for filing 2 deadlines for any person desiring to be a candidate for the office of 3 council member or mayor.

Sec. 4. Section 32-1007, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

32-1007 For members of a village board of trustees or τ township 6 7 officers, or members of the school board of Class I or II school $\frac{districts_r}{dist}$ if a first or generally recognized name and last name of a 8 9 person is filled in on a line provided for that purpose and the square or oval opposite such line has been marked with a cross or other clear, 10 intelligible mark, the vote shall be valid and the ballot shall be 11 counted. If only the last name of a person is in the write-in space on 12 the ballot and there is more than one person in the county having the 13 same last name, the counting board shall reject the ballot for that 14 office unless the last name is reasonably close to the proper spelling of 15 the last name of a candidate engaged in or pursuing a write-in campaign 16 17 pursuant to section 32-615. The counting board shall make the following notation on the rejected ballot: Rejected for the office of, 18 no first or generally recognized name. 19

20 Sec. 5. Section 32-1303, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 32-1303 (1) A petition demanding that the question of removing an elected official or member of a governing body listed in section 32-1302 23 24 be submitted to the registered voters shall be signed by registered 25 voters equal in number to at least thirty-five percent of the total vote cast for that office in the last general election, except that (a) for an 26 office for which more than one candidate is chosen, the petition shall be 27 28 signed by registered voters equal in number to at least thirty-five percent of the number of votes cast for the person receiving the most 29 votes for such office in the last general election, (b) for a member of a 30 board of a Class I school district, the petition shall be signed by 31

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1 registered voters of the school district equal in number to at least 2 twenty-five percent of the total number of registered voters residing in the district on the date that the recall petitions are first checked out 3 4 from the filing clerk by the principal circulator, and (b) (c) for a 5 member of a governing body of a village, the petition shall be signed by registered voters equal in number to at least forty-five percent of the 6 total vote cast for the person receiving the most votes for that office 7 8 in the last general election. The signatures shall be affixed to petition 9 papers and shall be considered part of the petition.

10 (2) Petition circulators shall conform to the requirements of11 sections 32-629 and 32-630.

(3) The petition papers shall be procured from the filing clerk. 12 Prior to the issuance of such petition papers, an affidavit shall be 13 signed and filed with the filing clerk by at least one registered voter. 14 Such voter or voters shall be deemed to be the principal circulator or 15 16 circulators of the recall petition. The affidavit shall state the name and office of the official sought to be removed, shall include in 17 typewritten form in concise language of sixty words or less the reason or 18 reasons for which recall is sought, and shall request that the filing 19 clerk issue initial petition papers to the principal circulator for 20 circulation. The filing clerk shall notify the official sought to be 21 removed by any method specified in section 25-505.01 or, if notification 22 cannot be made with reasonable diligence by any of the methods specified 23 24 in section 25-505.01, by leaving a copy of the affidavit at the official's usual place of residence and mailing a copy by first-class 25 mail to the official's last-known address. If the official chooses, he or 26 she may submit a defense statement in typewritten form in concise 27 language of sixty words or less for inclusion on the petition. Any such 28 defense statement shall be submitted to the filing clerk within twenty 29 days after the official receives the copy of the affidavit. The principal 30 circulator or circulators shall gather the petition papers within twenty 31

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1 days after the receipt of the official's defense statement. The filing 2 clerk shall notify the principal circulator or circulators that the 3 necessary signatures must be gathered within thirty days from the date of 4 issuing the petitions.

5 (4) The filing clerk, upon issuing the initial petition papers or any subsequent petition papers, shall enter in a record, to be kept in 6 his or her office, the name of the principal circulator or circulators to 7 whom the papers were issued, the date of issuance, and the number of 8 9 papers issued. The filing clerk shall certify on the papers the name of the principal circulator or circulators to whom the papers were issued 10 and the date they were issued. No petition paper shall be accepted as 11 part of the petition unless it bears such certificate. The principal 12 13 circulator or circulators who check out petitions from the filing clerk may distribute such petitions to persons who may act as circulators of 14 such petitions. 15

(5) Petition signers shall conform to the requirements of sections
32-629 and 32-630. Each signer of a recall petition shall be a registered
voter and qualified by his or her place of residence to vote for the
office in question.

20 Sec. 6. Section 48-303, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

22 48-303 Except as otherwise provided in this section, an employment certificate shall be approved only by the superintendent of the primary 23 24 high school district in which the child resides or by a person authorized by him or her in writing or, when there is no superintendent, by a person 25 authorized by the school district officers, except that no school 26 district officer or other person authorized by this section may approve 27 such certificate for any child then in or about to enter his or her own 28 employment or the employment of a firm or corporation of which he or she 29 is a member, officer, or employee or in whose business he or she is 30 interested. If a child who resides in an adjoining state seeks to work in 31

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Nebraska, the Department of Labor may approve the employment certificate. 1 2 The officer or person approving such certificate may administer the oath provided for therein or in any investigation or examination necessary for 3 4 the approval thereof. No fee shall be charged for approving any such 5 certificate or for administering any oath or rendering any services related thereto. The school board or board of education of each school 6 district approving the employment certificate, or the department if the 7 department has approved the employment certificate, shall establish and 8 9 maintain proper records where copies of all such certificates and all 10 documents connected therewith shall be filed and preserved and shall provide the necessary clerical services for carrying out sections 48-302 11 to 48-313. The person who issued the employment certificate shall report 12 13 to the department any complaint concerning the conditions of employment of a child for whom a certificate is in force. Upon receipt of the 14 report, the department shall make such investigation as it deems 15 advisable to protect an individual child or to promote the youth-work 16 17 program.

Sec. 7. Section 72-2304, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

72-2304 (1) In addition to any other borrowing powers provided for 20 by law, a qualified public agency shall have the power to issue its 21 negotiable bonds to any joint entity as defined in section 13-803 or to 22 any joint public agency as defined in section 13-2503 in connection with 23 any joint project which is to be owned, operated, or financed by the 24 25 joint entity or joint public agency for the benefit of the qualified public agency. The bonds may be issued only if the second largest 26 participant in the joint project has a financial contribution in the 27 28 joint project of at least twenty-five percent of the debt service. Such bonds may be issued after the qualified public agency has conducted a 29 public hearing on the issuance of bonds. Notice of such public hearing 30 shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation 31

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1 within the territory of the qualified public agency by at least one 2 publication occurring not less than ten days prior to the time of 3 hearing. After the public hearing, the governing body of the qualified 4 public agency may proceed to adopt a bond measure authorizing bonds.

5 (2) Notice of any such bond measure shall be given by publication of 6 notice of intention to issue bonds in a newspaper of general circulation 7 within the territory of the qualified public agency at least twice after 8 the adoption of the bond measure. Such publications shall be at least 9 three weeks apart. The notice shall state:

10 (a) The name of the qualified public agency;

11 (b) The purpose of the issue;

12

(c) The principal amount of the issue;

(d) The amount of annual debt service payment anticipated for the
bonds, which may be stated as an approximation or estimate, and the
anticipated duration for such debt service payments; and

(e) The time and place where a copy of the form of the bond measuremay be examined for a period of at least thirty days.

(3) No election shall be required prior to the issuance of bonds 18 under the Public Facilities Construction and Finance Act unless, within 19 sixty days after the first publication of the notice of intention to 20 issue bonds, a remonstrance petition against the issuance of bonds is 21 filed with the clerk or secretary of the qualified public agency. Such 22 23 remonstrance petition shall be signed by registered voters of the 24 qualified public agency equal in number to at least five percent of the number of registered voters of the qualified public agency at the time 25 the remonstrance petition is filed or at least the number of signatures 26 listed in subsection (5) of this section for the applicable qualified 27 public agency, whichever is less. If a remonstrance petition with the 28 necessary number of qualified signatures is timely filed, the question 29 shall be submitted to the voters of the qualified public agency at a 30 general election or a special election called for the purpose of 31

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approving the bonds proposed to be issued. Any joint project for which bonds are issued in accordance with the procedures of the act shall not require any other approval or proceeding by the governing body or the voters of the qualified public agency.

(4) No election shall be required for any qualified public agency 5 not issuing bonds to participate in such joint project unless, within 6 7 sixty days after the governing body of the qualified public agency adopts the measure approving the interlocal or cooperative agreement related to 8 9 the joint project, a remonstrance petition is filed with the clerk or 10 secretary of the qualified public agency. Such remonstrance petition shall be signed by registered voters of the qualified public agency equal 11 in number to at least five percent of the number of registered voters of 12 13 the qualified public agency at the time the remonstrance petition is filed or at least the number of signatures listed in subsection (5) of 14 this section for the applicable qualified public agency, whichever is 15 16 less. If a remonstrance petition with the necessary number of qualified signatures is timely filed, the question shall be submitted to the voters 17 of the qualified public agency at a general election or a special 18 19 election called for the purpose of approving the interlocal or cooperative agreement related to the joint project. 20

(5) The chart in this subsection provides the alternative number of signatures of registered voters of a qualified public agency which may be used to submit a remonstrance petition under subsection (3) or (4) of this section. The classification of counties in section 23-1114.01 applies for purposes of this section.

Qualified Public Agency 26 Number of Signatures 27 of Registered Voters City of the Metropolitan Class 28 1500 29 City of the Primary Class 1000 City of the First Class 30 750 31 City of the Second Class 250

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1	Villages	50	
2	Municipal County	1500	
3	Class 7 County	1500	
4	Class 6 County	1000	
5	Class 5 County	750	
6	Class 4 County	500	
7	Class 3 County	250	
8	Class 2 County	100	
9	Class 1 County	50	
10	Class VI School District	250	
11	Class V School District	1500	
12	Class IV School District	1000	
13	Class III School District	500	
14	Class II School District	250	
15	Class I School District	250	
16	Educational Service Unit	250	
17	Community College Area	1500	
18	Fire Protection District	500	
19	Hospital District	500	
20	Sanitary and Improvement District	500	

21 Sec. 8. Section 77-3444, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

77-3444 (1) A political subdivision, other than a Class I school 23 24 district, may exceed the limits provided in section 77-3442 or a final levy allocation determination as provided in section 77-3443 by an amount 25 not to exceed a maximum levy approved by a majority of registered voters 26 voting on the issue in a primary, general, or special election at which 27 the issue is placed before the registered voters. A vote to exceed the 28 limits provided in section 77-3442 or a final levy allocation as provided 29 in section 77-3443 must be approved prior to October 10 of the fiscal 30

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year which is to be the first to exceed the limits or final levy 1 2 allocation. The governing body of the political subdivision may call for the submission of the issue to the voters (a) by passing a resolution 3 4 calling for exceeding the limits or final levy allocation by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the governing body and delivering a 5 copy of the resolution to the county clerk or election commissioner of 6 every county which contains all or part of the political subdivision or 7 (b) upon receipt of a petition by the county clerk or election 8 9 commissioner of every county containing all or part of the political subdivision requesting an election signed by at least five percent of the 10 registered voters residing in the political subdivision. The resolution 11 or petition shall include the amount of levy which would be imposed in 12 excess of the limits provided in section 77-3442 or the final levy 13 allocation as provided in section 77-3443 and the duration of the excess 14 levy authority. The excess levy authority shall not have a duration 15 16 greater than five years. Any resolution or petition calling for a special election shall be filed with the county clerk or election commissioner no 17 later than thirty days prior to the date of the election, and the time of 18 publication and providing a copy of the notice of election required in 19 section 32-802 shall be no later than twenty days prior to the election. 20 The county clerk or election commissioner shall place the issue on the 21 ballot at an election as called for in the resolution or petition which 22 23 is at least thirty days after receipt of the resolution or petition. The 24 election shall be held pursuant to the Election Act. For petitions filed with the county clerk or election commissioner on or after May 1, 1998, 25 the petition shall be in the form as provided in sections 32-628 to 26 32-631. Any excess levy authority approved under this section shall 27 terminate pursuant to its terms, on a vote of the governing body of the 28 political subdivision to terminate the authority to levy more than the 29 limits, at the end of the fourth fiscal year following the first year in 30 which the levy exceeded the limit or the final levy allocation, or as 31

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1 provided in subsection (4) of this section, whichever is earliest. A 2 governing body may pass no more than one resolution calling for an 3 election pursuant to this section during any one calendar year. Only one 4 election may be held in any one calendar year pursuant to a petition 5 initiated under this section.

(2) The ballot question may include any terms and conditions set 6 forth in the resolution or petition and shall include the following: 7 8 "Shall (name of political subdivision) be allowed to levy a property tax 9 not to exceed cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation in excess of the limits prescribed by law until fiscal 10 year for the purposes of (general operations; building 11 construction, remodeling, or site acquisition; or both general operations 12 and building construction, remodeling, or site acquisition)?". If a 13 majority of the votes cast upon the ballot question are in favor of such 14 tax, the county board shall authorize a tax in excess of the limits in 15 16 section 77-3442 or the final levy allocation in section 77-3443 but such 17 tax shall not exceed the amount stated in the ballot question. If a majority of those voting on the ballot question are opposed to such tax, 18 the governing body of the political subdivision shall not impose such 19 20 tax.

(3) In lieu of the election procedures in subsection (1) of this 21 section, any political subdivision subject to section 77-3443, other than 22 23 a Class I school district, and villages may approve a levy in excess of 24 the limits in section 77-3442 or the final levy allocation provided in section 77-3443 for a period of one year at a meeting of the residents of 25 the political subdivision or village, called after notice is published in 26 a newspaper of general circulation in the political subdivision or 27 28 village at least twenty days prior to the meeting. At least ten percent of the registered voters residing in the political subdivision or village 29 shall constitute a quorum for purposes of taking action to exceed the 30 limits or final levy allocation. A record shall be made of the registered 31

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1 voters residing in the political subdivision or village who are present at the meeting. The method of voting at the meeting shall protect the 2 secrecy of the ballot. If a majority of the registered voters present at 3 4 the meeting vote in favor of exceeding the limits or final levy allocation, a copy of the record of that action shall be forwarded to the 5 county board prior to October 10 and the county board shall authorize a 6 levy as approved by the residents for the year. If a majority of the 7 registered voters present at the meeting vote against exceeding the 8 limits or final allocation, the limit or allocation shall not be exceeded 9 and the political subdivision shall have no power to call for an election 10 under subsection (1) of this section. 11

(4) A political subdivision, other than a Class I school district, 12 may rescind or modify a previously approved excess levy authority prior 13 to its expiration by a majority of registered voters voting on the issue 14 in a primary, general, or special election at which the issue is placed 15 16 before the registered voters. A vote to rescind or modify must be approved prior to October 10 of the fiscal year for which it is to be 17 effective. The governing body of the political subdivision may call for 18 the submission of the issue to the voters (a) by passing a resolution 19 calling for the rescission or modification by a vote of at least two-20 thirds of the members of the governing body and delivering a copy of the 21 resolution to the county clerk or election commissioner of every county 22 which contains all or part of the political subdivision or (b) upon 23 24 receipt of a petition by the county clerk or election commissioner of every county containing all or part of the political subdivision 25 requesting an election signed by at least five percent of the registered 26 voters residing in the political subdivision. The resolution or petition 27 28 shall include the amount and the duration of the previously approved excess levy authority and a statement that either such excess levy 29 authority will be rescinded or such excess levy authority will be 30 modified. If the excess levy authority will be modified, the amount and 31

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duration of such modification shall be stated. The modification shall not 1 2 have a duration greater than five years. The county clerk or election commissioner shall place the issue on the ballot at an election as called 3 for in the resolution or petition which is at least thirty days after 4 receipt of the resolution or petition, and the time of publication and 5 providing a copy of the notice of election required in section 32-802 6 7 shall be no later than twenty days prior to the election. The election shall be held pursuant to the Election Act. 8

9 (5) For purposes of this section, when the political subdivision is 10 a sanitary and improvement district, registered voter means a person 11 qualified to vote as provided in section 31-735. Any election conducted 12 under this section for a sanitary and improvement district shall be 13 conducted and counted as provided in sections 31-735 to 31-735.06.

(6) For purposes of this section, when the political subdivision is 14 a school district or a multiple-district school system, registered voter 15 includes both (a) persons qualified to vote for the members of the school 16 17 board of the school district which is voting to exceed the maximum levy 18 limits pursuant to this section and (b) persons in those portions of any Class I district which are affiliated with or a part of the school 19 district which is voting pursuant to this section, if such voter is also 20 qualified to vote for the school board of the affected Class I school 21 22 district.

Sec. 9. Section 79-101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
24 2016, is amended to read:

25

79-101 For purposes of Chapter 79:

(1) School district means the territory under the jurisdiction of a
 single school board authorized by Chapter 79;

(2) School means a school under the jurisdiction of a school board
authorized by Chapter 79;

30 (3) Legal voter means a registered voter as defined in section
31 32-115 who is domiciled in a precinct or ward in which he or she is

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registered to vote and which precinct or ward lies in whole or in part within the boundaries of a school district for which the registered voter chooses to exercise his or her right to vote at a school district election or at an annual or special meeting of a Class I school district; (4) Prekindergarten programs means all early childhood programs

6 provided for children who have not reached the age of five by the date 7 provided in section 79-214 for kindergarten entrance;

8 (5) Elementary grades means grades kindergarten through eight,9 inclusive;

10 (6) High school grades means all grades above the eighth grade;

(7) School year means (a) for elementary grades other than kindergarten, the time equivalent to at least one thousand thirty-two instructional hours and (b) for high school grades, the time equivalent to at least one thousand eighty instructional hours;

(8) Instructional hour means a period of time, at least sixty
minutes, which is actually used for the instruction of students;

17 (9) Teacher means any certified employee who is regularly employed18 for the instruction of pupils in the public schools;

(10) Administrator means any certified employee such as
superintendent, assistant superintendent, principal, assistant principal,
school nurse, or other supervisory or administrative personnel who do not
have as a primary duty the instruction of pupils in the public schools;

(11) School board means the governing body of any school district.
Board of education has the same meaning as school board;

(12) Teach means and includes, but is not limited to, the following responsibilities: (a) The organization and management of the classroom or the physical area in which the learning experiences of pupils take place; (b) the assessment and diagnosis of the individual educational needs of the pupils; (c) the planning, selecting, organizing, prescribing, and directing of the learning experiences of pupils; (d) the planning of teaching strategies and the selection of available materials and

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1 equipment to be used; and (e) the evaluation and reporting of student 2 progress;

3 (13) Permanent school fund means the fund described in section
4 79-1035.01;

5 (14) Temporary school fund means the fund described in section
6 79-1035.02;

7 (15) School lands means the lands described in section 79-1035.03.
8 Educational lands has the same meaning as school lands;

9 (16) Community eligibility provision means the alternative to 10 household applications for free and reduced-price meals in high-poverty 11 schools enacted in section 104(a) of the federal Healthy, Hunger-Free 12 Kids Act of 2010, section 11(a)(1) of the Richard B. Russell National 13 School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1759a(a)(1), as such act and section existed 14 on January 1, 2015, and administered by the United States Department of 15 Agriculture; and

(17) Certificate, certificated, or certified, when referring to an
individual holding a certificate to teach, administer, or provide special
services, also includes an individual who holds a permit issued by the
Commissioner of Education pursuant to sections 79-806 to 79-815.

The State Board of Education may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to define school day and other appropriate units of the school calendar.

23 Sec. 10. Section 79-102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

25 79-102 School districts in this state are classified as follows:

26 (1) Class I includes any school district that maintains only
 27 elementary grades under the direction of a single school board;

(2) Class II includes any school district embracing territory having a population of one thousand inhabitants or less that maintains both elementary and high school grades under the direction of a single school board;

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(1) (3) Class III includes any school district embracing territory
 having a population of more than one thousand and less than one hundred
 fifty thousand inhabitants that maintains both elementary and high school
 grades under the direction of a single school board;

5 (2) (4) Class IV includes any school district embracing territory 6 having a population of one hundred thousand or more inhabitants with a 7 city of the primary class within the territory of the district that 8 maintains both elementary and high school grades under the direction of a 9 single school board; and

(3) (5) Class V includes any school district whose employees 10 participate in a retirement system established pursuant to the Class V 11 School Employees Retirement Act and which embraces territory having a 12 city of the metropolitan class within the territory of the district that 13 maintains both elementary grades and high school grades under the 14 direction of a single school board and any school district with territory 15 16 in a city of the metropolitan class created pursuant to the Learning 17 Community Reorganization Act and designated as a Class V school district in the reorganization plan.; and 18

19 (6) Class VI includes any school district in this state that 20 maintains only a high school, or a high school and grades seven and eight 21 or six through eight as provided in section 79-411, under the direction 22 of a single school board.

23 Sec. 11. Section 79-104, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

25 79-104 (1)(a) Whenever any Class <u>III</u> II, III, or IV school district 26 attains the number of inhabitants which requires its reclassification as 27 a Class <u>IV</u> III, IV, or V school district, respectively, the Commissioner 28 of Education shall reclassify such district as a district of the next 29 higher class. <u>A Class III school district may be reclassified as a Class</u> 30 <u>II school district upon application of the board of education of such</u> 31 <u>district if the commissioner finds that the number of inhabitants of such</u> 1 district has decreased to the level established for Class II school
2 districts.

3 <u>(b)</u> Any reclassification pursuant to <u>subdivision (1)(a) of</u> this 4 section shall become effective at the beginning of the next fiscal year 5 after the order of the commissioner.

6 (2) On the operative date of this act, the commissioner shall 7 reclassify any school district to the classification required by the 8 changes made to section 79-102 by this legislative bill, which 9 reclassification shall be effective immediately.

10 (3) Within fifteen days after the reclassification of any school 11 district <u>pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section</u>, the 12 commissioner shall notify the county clerk or election commissioner, of 13 the county in which the greatest number of legal voters in the school 14 district reside, of such change in classification and the effective date 15 of such change.

16 Sec. 12. Section 79-203, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

79-203 In case the services or earnings of a child are necessary for 18 his or her own support or the support of those actually dependent upon 19 him or her and the child is fourteen years of age or more and not more 20 than sixteen years of age and has completed the work of the eighth grade, 21 the person having legal or actual charge of such child may apply to the 22 superintendent of the primary high school district in which the child 23 24 resides or a person designated in writing by the superintendent. The 25 superintendent or designee may, in his or her discretion, issue a permit allowing such child to be employed. 26

27 Sec. 13. Section 79-234, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 28 2016, is amended to read:

79-234 (1) An enrollment option program is hereby established to
enable any kindergarten through twelfth grade Nebraska student to attend
a school in a Nebraska public school district in which the student does

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not reside subject to the limitations prescribed in section 79-238. The 1 2 option shall be available only once to each student prior to graduation, except that the option does not count toward such limitation if such 3 4 option meets, or met at the time of the option, one of the following criteria: (a) The student relocates to a different resident school 5 district, (b) the option school district merges with another district, 6 7 (c) the option school district is a Class I district, (d) the student will have completed either the grades offered in the school building 8 9 originally attended in the option school district or the grades immediately preceding the lowest grade offered in the school building for 10 which a new option is sought, (d) (e) the option would allow the student 11 to continue current enrollment in a school district, (e) (f) the option 12 13 would allow the student to enroll in a school district in which the student was previously enrolled as a student, or (f) (g) the student is 14 an open enrollment option student. Sections 79-232 to 79-246 do not 15 16 relieve a parent or guardian from the compulsory attendance requirements 17 in section 79-201.

(2) The program shall not apply to any student who resides in a
district which has entered into an annexation agreement pursuant to
section 79-473, except that such student may transfer to another district
which accepts option students.

22 Sec. 14. Section 79-407, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 23 amended to read:

24 79-407 The territory within the corporate limits of each 25 incorporated municipality in the State of Nebraska that is not in part within the boundaries of a learning community, together with such 26 additional territory and additions to such municipality as may be added 27 thereto, as declared by ordinances to be boundaries of such municipality, 28 having a population of more than one thousand and less than one hundred 29 fifty thousand inhabitants as determined by the most recent federal 30 decennial census or the most recent revised certified count by the United 31

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States Bureau of the Census, including such adjacent territory as now is 1 2 or hereafter may be attached for school purposes, shall constitute a Class III school district, except that nothing in this section shall be 3 4 construed to change the boundaries of any school district that is a member of a learning community. The school district shall be a body 5 corporate and possess all the usual powers of a corporation for public 6 purposes and may sue and be sued, purchase, hold, and sell such personal 7 and real property, and control such obligations as are authorized by law. 8 9 Sec. 15. Section 79-413, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

10 amended to read:

79-413 (1) The State Committee for the Reorganization of School 11 Districts created under section 79-435 may create a new school district 12 from other districts or τ change the boundaries of any district that is 13 not a member of a learning community, or affiliate a Class I district or 14 portion thereof with one or more existing Class II, III, IV, or V 15 districts upon receipt of petitions signed by sixty percent of the legal 16 17 voters of each district affected. If the petitions contain signatures of at least sixty-five percent of the legal voters of each district 18 affected, the state committee shall approve the petitions. When area is 19 added to a Class VI district or when a Class I district which is entirely 20 or partially within a Class VI district is taken from the Class VI 21 22 district, the Class VI district shall be deemed to be an affected 23 district.

24 Any petition of the legal voters of a Class I district in which no 25 city or village is situated which is commenced after January 1, 1996, and proposes the dissolution of the Class I district and the attachment of a 26 27 portion of it to two or more districts shall require signatures of more than fifty percent of the legal voters of such Class I district. If the 28 state committee determines that such petition contains valid signatures 29 of more than fifty percent of the legal voters of such Class I district, 30 the state committee shall grant the petition. 31

1 (2) (2)(a) Petitions proposing to change the boundaries of existing 2 school districts that are not members of a learning community through the transfer of a parcel of land, not to exceed six hundred forty acres, 3 4 shall be approved by the state committee when the petitions involve the transfer of land between Class <u>III</u> I, II, III, or IV school districts or 5 when there would be an exchange of parcels of land between Class III I_{τ} 6 7 II, III, or IV school districts and the petitions have the approval of at least sixty-five percent of the school board of each affected district. 8 9 If the transfer of the parcel of land is from a Class I school district 10 to one or more Class II, III, IV, V, or VI school districts of which the parcel is not a part or with which the parcel is not affiliated, any 11 12 Class II, III, IV, V, or VI school district of which the parcel is not a part or with which the parcel is affiliated shall be deemed an affected 13 14 district.

15 (b) The state committee shall not approve a change of boundaries 16 pursuant to this section relating to affiliation of school districts if 17 twenty percent or more of any tract of land under common ownership which 18 is proposing to affiliate is not contiguous to the high school district 19 with which affiliation is proposed unless (i) one or more resident students of the tract of land under common ownership has attended the 20 21 high school program of the high school district within the immediately 22 preceding ten-year period or (ii) approval of the petition or plan would 23 allow siblings of such resident students to attend the same school as the 24 resident students attended.

25 (3)(a) Petitions proposing to create a new school district<u>or</u> to 26 change the boundary lines of existing school districts that are not 27 members of a learning community, to create an affiliated school system, 28 or to affiliate a Class I district in part and to join such district in 29 part with a Class VI district, any of which involves the transfer of more 30 than six hundred forty acres, shall, when signed by at least sixty 31 percent of the legal voters in each district affected, be submitted to

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the state committee. In the case of a petition for affiliation or a petition to affiliate in part and in part to join a Class VI district, the state committee shall review the proposed affiliation subject to sections 79-425 and 79-426. The state committee shall, within forty days after receipt of the petition, hold one or more public hearings and review and approve or disapprove such proposal.

7 (b) If there is a bond election to be held in conjunction with the 8 petition, the state committee shall hold the petition until the bond 9 election has been held, during which time names may be added to or 10 withdrawn from the petitions. The results of the bond election shall be 11 certified to the state committee.

(c) If the bond election held in conjunction with the petition is unsuccessful, no further action on the petition is required. If the bond election is successful, within fifteen days after receipt of the certification of the bond election results, the state committee shall approve the petition and notify the county clerk to effect the changes in district boundary lines as set forth in the petitions.

(4) Any person adversely affected by the changes made by the state committee may appeal to the district court of any county in which the real estate or any part thereof involved in the dispute is located. If the real estate is located in more than one county, the court in which an appeal is first perfected shall obtain jurisdiction to the exclusion of any subsequent appeal.

(5) A signing petitioner may withdraw his or her name from a petition and a legal voter may add his or her name to a petition at any time prior to the end of the period when the petition is held by the state committee. Additions and withdrawals of signatures shall be by notarized affidavit filed with the state committee.

29 Sec. 16. Section 79-415, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 79-415 (1) In addition to the petitions of legal voters pursuant to

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section 79-413, changes in boundaries and the creation of a new school
 district from other districts may be initiated and accepted by the school
 board or board of education of any district that is not a member of a
 learning community.

5 (2) In addition to the petitions of legal voters pursuant to section 6 79-413, the affiliation of a Class I district or portion thereof with one 7 or more Class II, III, IV, or V districts may be initiated and accepted 8 by:

9 (a) The board of education of any Class II, III, IV, or V district; 10 and

11 (b) The school board of any Class I district in which is located a
12 city or incorporated village.

Sec. 17. Section 79-418, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

79-418 Petitions presented pursuant to section 79-415 sections 15 79-415 to 79-417 shall be subject to the same requirements for content, 16 17 hearings, notice, review, and appeal as petitions submitted pursuant to section 79-413, except that a petition presented pursuant to section 18 79-415 shall not become effective unless it is approved by a vote of a 19 majority of the members of the State Committee for the Reorganization of 20 School Districts. Any person adversely affected by the disapproval shall 21 22 have the right of appeal under section 79-413.

Sec. 18. Section 79-419, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

79-419 (1) When a new district is to be created from other districts
as provided in section 79-413, the petition shall contain:

27 (a) A description of the proposed boundaries of the reorganized28 districts;

(b) A summary of the terms on which reorganization is to be made
between the reorganized districts, which terms may include a provision
for initial school board districts or wards within the proposed district

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1 for the appointment of the first school board and also for the first 2 election as provided in section 79-451, which proposed initial school 3 board districts or wards shall be determined by the State Committee for 4 the Reorganization of School Districts taking into consideration 5 population and valuation, and a determination of the terms of the board 6 members first appointed to membership of the board of the newly 7 reorganized district;

8 (c) A map showing the boundaries of established school districts and
9 the boundaries proposed under any plan or plans of reorganization;

(d) A separate statement as to whether the reorganization is
contingent upon the success of a bond election held in conjunction with
the reorganization;

(e) An affidavit from the county clerk or election commissioner
regarding the validity of the signatures on the petition; and

(f) Such other matters as the petitioners determine proper to be included. Any petition for the creation of a new Class VI district shall designate whether such district shall include high school grades only, grades seven through twelve, or grades six through twelve.

19 (2) A petition under subsection (1) of this section may contain 20 provisions for the holding of school within existing buildings in the 21 newly reorganized district and that a school constituted under this 22 section shall be maintained from the date of reorganization unless the 23 legal voters served by the school vote by a majority vote for 24 discontinuance of the school.

25 Sec. 19. Section 79-434, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 79-434 Reorganization of school districts may be accomplished 28 through or by means of any one or more of the following methods: (1) The 29 creation of new districts; (2) the uniting of one or more established 30 districts; (3) the subdivision of one or more established districts; (4) 31 the transfer and attachment to an established district of a part of the

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1 territory of one or more districts; (5) the affiliation of a Class I district or portion thereof with one or more Class II, III, IV, or V districts; (6) the changing of boundaries of a Class VI district; and (5) (7) the dissolution or disorganization of an established district for any of the reasons specified by law.

Sec. 20. Section 79-443, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

8 79-443 After one or more public hearings have been held, the state 9 committee may approve a plan or plans of reorganization. Such plan shall 10 contain:

(1) A description of the proposed boundaries of the reorganizeddistricts;

(2) A summary of the reasons for each proposed change, realignment,
or adjustment of the boundaries. If such plan provides for the creation
of a new Class VI district, it shall designate whether such district
shall include high school grades only or be known as a Class VI juniorsenior high school district as described in section 79-411;

(3) A summary of the terms on which reorganization is to be made 18 between the reorganized districts. Such terms shall include a provision 19 for initial school board districts or wards within the proposed district, 20 which proposed initial school board districts or wards shall be 21 22 determined by the state committee taking into consideration population and valuation, a determination of the number of members to be appointed 23 24 to the initial school board for Class II and III school districts, and a 25 determination of the terms of the board members first appointed to membership on the board of the newly reorganized district; 26

(4) A separate statement as to whether the reorganization is
contingent upon the success of a bond election held in conjunction with
the reorganization;

30 (5) A statement of the findings with respect to the location of31 schools, the utilization of existing buildings, the construction of new

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buildings, and the transportation requirements under the proposed plan of reorganization. The plan may contain provisions for the holding of school within existing buildings in the newly reorganized district and that a school constituted under this section shall be maintained from the date of reorganization unless the legal voters served by the school vote by a majority vote for discontinuance of the school;

7 (6) A map showing the boundaries of established school districts and8 the boundaries proposed under any plan or plans of reorganization; and

9 (7) Such other matters as the state committee determines proper to 10 be included.

11 Sec. 21. Section 79-447, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

13 79-447 (1) Not less than thirty nor more than sixty days after the a final approved plan under section 79-446, 14 designation of the proposition of the adoption or rejection of the proposed plan of 15 16 reorganization shall be submitted at a special election to all the legal 17 voters of districts within the county whose boundaries are in any manner changed by the plan of reorganization, including the boundaries of Class 18 19 VI school districts if such plan includes a Class I school district which is entirely within a Class VI school district. 20

(2) Notice of the special election shall be given by the county 21 clerk or election commissioner and shall be published in a legal 22 newspaper of general circulation in the county at least ten days prior to 23 24 the election. The election notice shall (a) state that the election has 25 been called for the purpose of affording the legal voters an opportunity approve or reject the plan of reorganization, (b) contain a 26 to description of the boundaries of the proposed district, and (c) contain a 27 28 statement of the terms of the adjustment of property, debts, and liabilities applicable thereto. 29

30 (3) All ballots shall be prepared and the special election shall be31 held and conducted by the county clerk or election commissioner, and the

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1 expense of such election shall be paid by the county board or boards if more than one county is involved as provided in subsection (4) of this 2 section. The county clerk or election commissioner shall use the duly 3 4 appointed election board or appoint two judges and two clerks who shall be legal voters of the territory of the proposed school district. The 5 election shall be held at a place or places within the proposed district 6 7 determined by the county clerk or election commissioner to be convenient for the voters. 8

9 (4) If the proposed plan of reorganization involves a district under the jurisdiction of another county, the county clerk or election 10 commissioner of the county which has the largest number of pupils 11 residing in the proposed joint district shall give the notice required by 12 subsection (2) of this section in a newspaper of general circulation in 13 the territory of the proposed district and prepare the ballots and such 14 election shall be held and conducted by the county clerk or election 15 commissioner of each county involved in the proposed reorganization in 16 accordance with the Election Act. Each county board shall bear a share of 17 the total election expense in the same proportion that the number of 18 19 legal voters residing in the proposed district in one county stands to the whole number of legal voters in the proposed district. 20

(5) In any election held as provided in this section, all districts of like class shall vote as a unit, except that Class I school districts within the boundaries of which are located an incorporated village or city shall constitute a separate voting unit and Class I school districts which do not have within their boundaries an incorporated village or city shall constitute a separate voting unit.

(6) Approval of the plan at the special election shall require a
majority of all legal voters voting within each voting unit included in
the proposed plan.

30 Sec. 22. Section 79-451, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

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1 79-451 Within thirty days after the classification of the 2 reorganized school districts by the county clerk under section 79-450, the state committee shall appoint from among the legal voters of each new 3 school district created the number of school board members specified in 4 5 the plan of reorganization. A reorganized school district shall be formed and organized and shall have a school board not later than April 1 6 following the last legal action, as prescribed in section 79-450, 7 necessary to effect the changes in boundaries as set forth in the plan of 8 9 reorganization, although the physical reorganization of such reorganized school district may not take effect until June 1. The first board shall 10 be appointed on an at-large basis, and all boards shall be elected at 11 large until such time as school districts are established as provided in 12 13 section 32-554.

14 In appointing the first school board of a Class II school district, 15 the members shall be appointed so that the terms of approximately one-16 half of the members expire on the date of the first regular meeting of 17 the board in January after the first even-numbered year following their 18 appointment and the terms of the remaining members expire on the date of 19 the first regular meeting of the board in January after the second evennumbered year following their appointment. At the statewide general 20 21 election in the first even-numbered year after the reorganization, 22 approximately one-half of the board members in each Class II school 23 district shall be elected to terms of four years, and thereafter all 24 candidates shall be elected to terms of four years. Each member's term 25 shall begin on the date of the first regular meeting of the board in January following his or her election. 26

In appointing the first school board of a Class III school district, the terms of approximately one-half of the members shall expire on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January after the first evennumbered year following their appointment and the terms of the remaining members shall expire on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in

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1 January after the second even-numbered year following their appointment.

2 The school board so appointed shall proceed at once to organize in3 the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 23. Section 79-458, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

79-458 (1) Any freeholder or freeholders, person in possession or 6 constructive possession as vendee pursuant to a contract of sale of the 7 fee, holder of a school land lease under section 72-232, or entrant upon 8 9 government land who has not yet received a patent therefor may file a petition on or before June 1 for all other years with a board consisting 10 of the county assessor, county clerk, and county treasurer, asking to 11 have any tract or tracts of land described in the petition set off from 12 13 an existing school district in which the land is situated and attached to a different school district which is contiguous to such tract or tracts 14 of land if: 15

(a)(i) The school district in which the land is situated is a Class
 II or III school district which has had an average daily membership in
 grades nine through twelve of less than sixty for the two consecutive
 school fiscal years immediately preceding the filing of the petition;

(ii) Such Class II or III school district has voted pursuant to section 77-3444 to exceed the maximum levy established pursuant to subdivision (2)(a) of section 77-3442, which vote is effective for the school fiscal year in which the petition is filed or for the following school fiscal year;

(iii) The high school in such Class II or III school district is
within fifteen miles on a maintained public highway or maintained public
road of another public high school; and

(iv) Neither school district is a member of a learning community; or
(b) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, the school
district in which the land is situated, regardless of the class of school
district, has approved a budget for the school fiscal year in which the

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petition is filed that will cause the combined levies for such school fiscal year, except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of such school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, to exceed the greater of (i) one dollar and twenty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy or (ii) the maximum levy authorized by a vote pursuant to section 7 77-3444.

8 For purposes of determining whether a tract of land is contiguous, 9 all petitions currently being considered by the board shall be considered 10 together as a whole.

(2) The petition shall state the reasons for the proposed change and 11 shall show with reference to the land of each petitioner: (a) That (i) 12 the land described in the petition is either owned by the petitioner or 13 petitioners or that he, she, or they hold a school land lease under 14 section 72-232, are in possession or constructive possession as vendee 15 16 under a contract of sale of the fee simple interest, or have made an entry on government land but have not yet received a patent therefor and 17 (ii) such tract of land includes all such contiguous land owned or 18 controlled by each petitioner; (b) that the conditions of subdivision (1) 19 (a) or (1)(b) of this section have been met; and (c) that such petition 20 is approved by a majority of the members of the school board of the 21 district to which such land is sought to be attached. 22

23 (3) The petition shall be verified by the oath of each petitioner. 24 Notice of the filing of the petition and of the hearing on such petition before the board constituted as prescribed in subsection (1) or (4) of 25 this section shall be given at least ten days prior to the date of such 26 hearing by one publication in a legal newspaper of general circulation in 27 28 each district and by posting a notice on the outer door of the schoolhouse in each district affected thereby, and such notice shall 29 designate the territory to be transferred. Following the filing of a 30 31 petition pursuant to this section, such board shall hold a public hearing

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1 on the petition and shall approve or disapprove the petition on or before 2 July 15 following the filing of the petition based on a determination of whether the petitioner has complied with all requirements of this 3 4 section. If such board approves the petition, such board shall change the boundaries of the school districts so as to set off the land described in 5 the petition and attach it to such district pursuant to the petition with 6 an effective date of August 15 following the filing of the petition, 7 which actions shall cause such transfer to be in effect for levies set 8 9 for the year in which such transfer takes effect.

(4) Petitions requesting transfers of property across county lines
shall be addressed jointly to the county clerks of the counties
concerned, and the petitions shall be acted upon by the county assessors,
county clerks, and county treasurers of the counties involved as one
board, with the county clerk of the county from which the land is sought
to be transferred acting as chairperson of the board.

16 (5) Appeals may be taken from the action of such board or, when such board fails to act on the petition, on or before August 1 following the 17 filing of the petition, to the district court of the county in which the 18 land is located on or before August 10 following the filing of the 19 petition, in the same manner as appeals are now taken from the action of 20 the county board in the allowance or disallowance of claims against the 21 county. If an appeal is taken from the action of the board approving the 22 23 petition or failing to act on the petition, the transfer shall occur 24 effective August 15 following the filing of the petition, which actions shall cause such transfer to be in effect for levies set for the year in 25 which such transfer takes effect, unless action by the district court 26 prevents such transfer. 27

(6) This section does not apply to any school district located on an
Indian reservation and substantially or totally financed by the federal
government.

31 (7) For school districts that have approved a budget for school

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fiscal year 2007-08 that will cause the combined levies, except levies 1 2 for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded indebtedness, to exceed the 3 4 greater of (a) one dollar and twenty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy or (b) the maximum levy 5 authorized by a vote pursuant to section 77-3444, the school boards of 6 such school districts may adopt a binding resolution stating that the 7 combined levies, except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the 8 voters of the school district and levies for the refinancing of such 9 bonded indebtedness, for school fiscal year 2008-09 shall not exceed the 10 greater of (i) one dollar and twenty cents per one hundred dollars of 11 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy or (ii) the maximum 12 levy authorized by a vote pursuant to section 77-3444. On or before May 13 9, 2008, such binding resolutions shall be filed with the Auditor of 14 Public Accounts and the county assessors, county clerks, and county 15 treasurers for all counties in which the school district has territory. 16 If such binding resolution is filed on or before May 9, 2008, land shall 17 not be set off and attached to another district pursuant to subdivision 18 (2)(b) of this section in 2008. 19

20 (8) Nothing in this section shall be construed to detach obligations21 for voter-approved bonds from any tract of land.

22 Sec. 24. Section 79-470, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 23 amended to read:

24 79-470 (1) No Class I school district which contracts for the 25 instruction of all of its pupils with a Class I, II, III, IV, or V school 26 district shall merge with another Class I school district unless such 27 other Class I school district with which it is merging is included in the 28 area which makes up a Class VI school district.

29 (1) (2) No district shall contract for the instruction of all of its 30 pupils with a Class H_7 III, IV, or V school district for more than two 31 consecutive years.

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1 (2) (3) The State Committee for the Reorganization of School 2 Districts shall dissolve and attach to a neighboring school district or 3 districts any school district which, for two consecutive years, contracts 4 for the instruction of all of its pupils with a Class H_7 III, IV, or V 5 school district.

6 <u>(3)</u> (4) The dissolution of any school district pursuant to this 7 section shall be effected in the manner prescribed in section 79-498. 8 When such dissolution would create extreme hardships on the pupils or the 9 school district affected, the State Board of Education may, on 10 application by the school board of the school district, waive the 11 dissolution of the school district on an annual basis.

(4) (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed as an extension
 of the limitations on contracting for the instruction of the pupils of a
 school district contained in section 79-598.

15 Sec. 25. Section 79-473, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 16 amended to read:

79-473 (1) If the territory annexed by a change of boundaries of a 17 city or village which lies within a Class III school district as provided 18 in section 79-407 has been part of a Class IV or Class V school district 19 prior to such annexation, a merger of the annexed territory with the 20 Class III school district shall become effective only if the merger is 21 approved by a majority of the members of the school board of the Class IV 22 or V school district and a majority of the members of the school board of 23 24 the Class III school district within ninety days after the effective date of the annexation ordinance, except that a merger shall not become 25 effective pursuant to this section if such merger involves a school 26 district that is a member of a learning community. 27

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, when territory
which lies within a Class III school district, Class VI school district,
or Class I school district which is attached to a Class VI school
district or which does not lie within a Class IV or V school district is

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1 annexed by a city or village pursuant to section 79-407, the affected 2 school board of the city or village school district and the affected school board or boards serving the territory subject to the annexation 3 4 ordinance shall meet within thirty days after the effective date of the annexation ordinance if neither school district is a member of a learning 5 community and negotiate in good faith as to which school district shall 6 7 serve the annexed territory and the effective date of any transfer. During the process of negotiation, the affected boards shall consider the 8 9 following criteria:

10 (a) The educational needs of the students in the affected school11 districts;

(b) The economic impact upon the affected school districts;

13 (c) Any common interests between the annexed or platted area and the 14 affected school districts and the community which has zoning jurisdiction 15 over the area; and

16 (d) Community educational planning.

If no agreement has been reached within ninety days after the 17 effective date of the annexation ordinance, the territory shall transfer 18 to the school district of the annexing city or village ten days after the 19 expiration of such ninety-day period unless an affected school district 20 petitions the district court within the ten-day period and obtains an 21 order enjoining the transfer and requiring the boards of the affected 22 23 school districts to continue negotiation. The court shall issue the order 24 upon a finding that the affected board or boards have not negotiated in good faith based on one or more of the criteria listed in this 25 subsection. The district court shall require no bond or other surety as a 26 condition for any preliminary injunctive relief. If no agreement is 27 28 reached after such order by the district court and additional negotiations, the annexed territory shall become a part of the school 29 district of the annexing city or village. 30

31

(3) If, within the boundaries of the annexed territory, there exists

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a Class VI school, the school building, facilities, and land owned by the 1 2 school district shall remain a part of the Class VI school district. If 3 the Class VI school district from which territory is being annexed wishes 4 to dispose of such school building, facilities, or land to any individual 5 or political subdivision, including a Class I school district, the 6 question of such disposition shall be placed on the ballot for the next 7 primary or general election. All legal voters of such Class VI school district shall then vote on the question at such election. A simple 8 9 majority of the votes cast shall resolve the issue.

10 (3) (4) Whenever an application for approval of a final plat or replat is filed for territory which lies within the zoning jurisdiction 11 of a city of the first or second class and does not lie within the 12 boundaries of a Class IV or V school district, the boundaries of a school 13 district that is a member of a learning community, the boundaries of any 14 county in which a city of the metropolitan class is located, or the 15 16 boundaries of any county that has a contiguous border with a city of the 17 metropolitan class, the affected school board of the school district within the city of the first or second class or its representative and 18 19 the affected board or boards serving the territory subject to the final plat or replat or their representative shall meet within thirty days 20 after such application and negotiate in good faith as to which school 21 22 district shall serve the platted or replatted territory and the effective date of any transfer based upon the criteria prescribed in subsection (2) 23 24 of this section.

If no agreement has been reached prior to the approval of the final plat or replat, the territory shall transfer to the school district of the city of the first or second class upon the filing of the final plat unless an affected school district petitions the district court within ten days after approval of the final plat or replat and obtains an order enjoining the transfer and requiring the affected boards to continue negotiation. The court shall issue the order upon a finding that the

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1 affected board or boards have not negotiated in good faith based on one 2 or more of the criteria listed in subsection (2) of this section. The 3 district court shall require no bond or other surety as a condition for 4 any preliminary injunctive relief. If no agreement is reached after such 5 order by the district court and additional negotiations, the platted or 6 replatted territory shall become a part of the school district of the 7 city of the first or second class.

8 For purposes of this subsection, plat and replat apply only to (a) 9 vacant land, (b) land under cultivation, or (c) any plat or replat of 10 land involving a substantive change in the size or configuration of any 11 lot or lots.

12 <u>(4)</u> (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all 13 negotiated agreements relative to boundaries or to real or personal 14 property of school districts reached by the affected school boards shall 15 be valid and binding, except that such agreements shall not be binding on 16 reorganization plans pursuant to the Learning Community Reorganization 17 Act.

18 Sec. 26. Section 79-479, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

79-479 (1)(a) Beginning January 1, 1992, any school district 20 boundaries changed by the means provided by Nebraska law, but excluding 21 the method provided by sections 79-407 and 79-473 to 79-475, shall be 22 made only upon an order issued by the State Committee for the 23 24 Reorganization of School Districts or county clerk. The state committee 25 shall not issue an order changing boundaries relating to affiliation of school districts if twenty percent or more of any tract of land under 26 27 common ownership which is proposing to affiliate is not contiguous to the 28 high school district with which affiliation is proposed unless (i) one or more resident students of the tract of land under common ownership has 29 30 attended the high school program of the high school district within the 31 immediately preceding ten-year period or (ii) approval of the petition or

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1 plan would allow siblings of such resident students to attend the same 2 school as the resident students attended.

(b) The order issued by the state committee shall be certified to 3 4 the county clerk of each county in which boundaries are changed and shall also be certified to the State Department of Education. Whenever the 5 order changes the boundaries of a school district due to the transfer of 6 7 land, the county assessor, the Property Tax Administrator, and the State Department of Education shall be provided with the legal description and 8 9 a map of the parcel of land which is transferred. Such order shall be issued no later than June 1 and shall have an effective date no later 10 than August 1 of the same year. For purposes of determining school 11 district counts pursuant to sections 79-524 and 79-578 and calculating 12 13 state aid allocations pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act, any change in school district boundaries with 14 an effective date between June 1 and August 1 of any year shall be 15 considered effective July 1 of such year. 16

17 (2) Unless otherwise provided by state law or by the terms of \underline{a} and affiliation or reorganization plan or petition which is consistent with 18 state law, all assets, including budget authority as provided in sections 19 79-1023 to 79-1030, and liabilities, except bonded obligations, of school 20 districts merged, dissolved, or annexed shall be transferred to the 21 22 receiving district or districts on the basis of the proportionate share of assessed valuation received at the time of reorganization. When a 23 24 Class II, III, IV, or V school district becomes a Class I school 25 district:

26 (a) Which becomes part of a Class VI district which offers 27 instruction in grades six through twelve, 37.9310 percent of the Class 28 II, III, IV, or V district's assets and liabilities shall be transferred 29 to the new Class I district and the remainder shall be transferred to the 30 Class VI district or districts of which the Class I district becomes a 31 part on the basis of the proportionate share of assessed valuation each 1 high school district received at the time of such change in class of 2 district;

(b) Which becomes part of a Class VI district which offers 3 4 instruction in grades seven through twelve, 44.8276 percent of the Class 5 II, III, IV, or V district's assets and liabilities shall be transferred to the new Class I district and the remainder shall be transferred to the 6 7 Class VI district or districts of which the Class I district becomes a part on the basis of the proportionate share of assessed valuation each 8 9 high school district received at the time of such change in class of 10 district; or

(c) Which is affiliated or becomes part of a Class VI district which 11 12 offers instruction in grades nine through twelve, 61.3793 percent of the 13 Class II, III, IV, or V school district's assets and liabilities shall be transferred to the new Class I district and the remainder shall be 14 15 transferred to the Class VI district or districts of which the Class I district becomes a part and to the high school district or districts with 16 17 which the Class I district is affiliated on the basis of the proportionate share of assessed valuation each high school district 18 received at the time of such change in class of district. 19

20 Sec. 27. Section 79-499, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 21 2016, is amended to read:

22 79-499 (1) If Commencing with the 1992-93 school year, if the fall school district membership or the average daily membership of an existing 23 24 Class II or III school district shows less than thirty-five students in 25 grades nine through twelve, the district shall submit a plan for developing cooperative programs with other high schools, including the 26 sharing of curriculum and certificated and noncertificated staff, to the 27 28 State Committee for the Reorganization of School Districts. The cooperative program plan shall be submitted by the school district by 29 September 1 of the year following such fall school district membership or 30 average daily membership report. A cooperative program plan shall not be 31

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required if there is no high school within fifteen miles from such
 district on a reasonably improved highway. The state committee shall
 review the plan and provide advice and communication to such school
 district and other high schools.

5 If for two consecutive years the fall school district (2) membership, or for two consecutive years the average daily membership, of 6 an existing Class II or III school district is less than twenty-five 7 8 pupils in grades nine through twelve as determined by the Commissioner of 9 Education or if for one year an existing Class II or III school district contracts with a neighboring school district or districts to provide 10 educational services for all of its pupils in grades nine through twelve, 11 such school district shall, except as provided in subsection (3) or (4) 12 13 of this section, be dissolved pursuant to the procedures described in subdivision (4)(b) of this section become a Class I school district 14 through the order of the state committee if the high school is within 15 fifteen miles on a reasonably improved highway of another high school. 16

17 This subsection does not apply to any school district located on an 18 Indian reservation and substantially or totally financed by the federal 19 government.

(3) Any Class II or III school district maintaining a four-year high 20 school which has a fall school district membership or an average daily 21 membership of less than twenty-five students in grades nine through 22 23 twelve may contract with another school district to provide educational 24 services for its pupils in grades nine through twelve. Such contract may 25 continue for a period not to exceed one year. At the end of such one-year period, the school district may resume educational services for grades 26 nine through twelve if the average daily membership in grades nine 27 through twelve for such school district has reached at least fifty 28 students. If the school district has not achieved such fall school 29 district membership or average daily membership, it shall be dissolved 30 31 pursuant to the procedures described in subdivision (4)(b) of this

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1 <u>section</u> become a Class I school district by order of the state committee 2 entered after thirty days' notice to the district but without a hearing, 3 notwithstanding the distance on a reasonably improved highway to the 4 nearest school district conducting a high school.

5 (4)(a) Any Class II or III school district maintaining the only 6 public high school in the county may continue to operate the high school 7 with a fall school district membership or an average daily membership of 8 less than twenty-five students in grades nine through twelve if:

9 (i) The plan submitted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section 10 provides a broad-based curriculum as determined by the state committee; 11 and

(ii) At a districtwide election held the second Tuesday of November 12 13 whatever means the county conducts balloting, in the second by consecutive school year that the fall school district membership for 14 grades nine through twelve is less than twenty-five students and for each 15 16 succeeding school year unless such membership is at least thirty-five 17 students for such school year, a majority of voters approve a ballot issue to continue to operate the high school for the immediately 18 following school year. 19

(b) If such ballot issue as provided in subdivision (4)(a)(ii) of 20 this section fails, or if a school district falls within the provisions 21 of subsection (2) or (3) of this section fails, the state committee shall 22 dissolve the school district and attach the territory to other school 23 24 districts based on the preferences of each landowner if such preference is provided in the time and manner required by the state committee and 25 would transfer such parcels to a school district with a boundary 26 contiguous to the school district being dissolved. Landowners submitting 27 28 such preferences shall sign a statement that the district of preference is the district which children who might reside on the property, at the 29 time of the dissolution or in the future, would be expected to attend. 30 For property for which a preference is not provided in the time and 31

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1 manner required by the state committee, the state committee shall 2 transfer such property to one or more of the school districts with 3 boundaries contiguous to the district being dissolved in a manner that 4 will best serve children who might reside on such property, at the time 5 of the dissolution or in the future, and that will, to the extent 6 possible, create compact and contiguous districts.

7 (c) This subsection shall not apply to any school district if the
8 fall school district membership or an average daily membership falls to
9 less than fifteen students in grades nine through twelve.

10 (5) For purposes of this section, when calculating fall school 11 district membership or average daily membership, a resident school 12 district as defined in section 79-233 shall not count students attending 13 an option district as defined in such section and a Class II or III 14 school district shall not count foreign exchange students and nonresident 15 students who are wards of the court or state.

Sec. 28. Section 79-4,108, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

18 79-4,108 (1) Unified system means two or more Class II or III school 19 districts participating in an interlocal agreement under the Interlocal 20 Cooperation Act with approval from the State Committee for the 21 Reorganization of School Districts. The interlocal agreement may include 22 Class I districts if the entire valuation is included in the unified 23 system. The interlocal agreement shall provide:

24

(a) For a minimum term of three school years;

(b) That all property tax and state aid resources shall be shared bythe unified system;

(c) That a board composed of school board members, with at least one school board member from each district, shall determine the general fund levy, within the limitations placed on school districts and multipledistrict school systems pursuant to section 77-3442, to be applied in all participating districts and shall determine the distribution of property

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1 tax and state aid resources within the unified system. For purposes of 2 section 77-3442, the multiple-district school system shall include all of 3 the Class I, II, and III districts participating in the unified system 4 and the Class I districts or portions thereof affiliated with any of the 5 participating Class II and III districts;

(d) That certificated staff will be employees of the unified system. 6 7 For any certificated staff employed by the unified system, tenure and seniority as of the effective date of the interlocal agreement shall be 8 9 transferred to the unified system and tenure and seniority provisions shall continue in the unified system except as provided in sections 10 79-850 to 79-858. If a district withdraws from the unified system or if 11 the interlocal agreement expires and is not renewed, certificated staff 12 13 employed by a participating district immediately prior to the unification shall be reemployed by the original district and tenure and seniority as 14 of the effective date of the withdrawal or expiration shall be 15 transferred to the original district. The certificated staff hired by the 16 unified system but not employed by a participating district immediately 17 prior to the unification shall be subject to the reduction-in-force 18 policy of the unified system; 19

(e) That the participating districts shall pay obligations of the
unified system pursuant to sections 79-850 to 79-858 on a pro rata basis
based on the adjusted valuations if a district withdraws from the unified
system or if the interlocal agreement expires and is not renewed; and

(f) The permissible method or methods for accomplishing the partial
or complete termination of the interlocal agreement and for disposing of
assets and liabilities upon such partial or complete termination.

Additional provisions in the interlocal agreement shall be determined by the participating districts and shall encourage cooperation within the unified system.

30 (2) Application for unification shall be made to the state31 committee. The application shall contain a copy of the interlocal

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agreement signed by the president of each participating school board. The 1 2 state committee shall approve or disapprove applications for unification within forty days after receipt of the application. If the interlocal 3 4 agreement complies with subsection (1) of this section and all school 5 boards of the participating districts have approved the interlocal agreement, the state committee shall approve the application. Unification 6 agreements shall be effective on June 1 following approval from the state 7 committee for status as a unified system or on the date specified in the 8 9 interlocal agreement, except that the date shall be on or after June 1 and on or before September 1 for a specified year. The board established 10 in the interlocal agreement may begin meeting any time after the 11 application has been approved by the state committee. 12

13 (3) Upon granting the application for unification, the State Department of Education shall recognize the unified system as a single 14 Class II or III district for state aid, budgeting, 15 accreditation, enrollment of students, state programs, and reporting. Except as 16 otherwise required by the department, the unified system shall submit a 17 single report document for each of the reports required of school 18 19 districts pursuant to Chapter 79 and shall submit a single budget document pursuant to the Nebraska Budget Act and sections 13-518 to 20 13-522. The class of district shall be the same as the majority of 21 22 participating districts, excluding Class I districts. If there are an 23 equal number of Class II and Class III districts in the unified system, 24 the unified system shall be recognized by the department as a Class III 25 district.

(4) The school districts participating in a unified system shall
retain their separate identities for all purposes except those specified
in this section, and participation in a unified system shall not be
considered a reorganization.

30 Sec. 29. Section 79-4,123, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
31 2016, is amended to read:

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79-4,123 After one or more public hearings have been held, the state
 committee may approve a plan or plans of reorganization pursuant to the
 Learning Community Reorganization Act. Such plan shall contain:

4 (1) A description of the proposed boundaries of the reorganized
5 districts and a designation of the class for each district;

6 (2) A summary of the reasons for each proposed change, realignment, 7 or adjustment of the boundaries which shall include, but not be limited 8 to, an explanation of how the plan complies with any statutory 9 requirements for learning community organization and an assurance that 10 the plan does not increase the geographic size of any school district 11 that has more than twenty-five thousand formula students for the most 12 recent certification of state aid pursuant to section 79-1022;

13 (3) A summary of the terms on which reorganization is to be made between the reorganized districts. Such terms shall include a provision 14 for initial school board districts or wards within the proposed district, 15 which proposed initial school board districts or wards shall be 16 determined by the state committee taking into consideration population 17 and valuation, a determination of the number of members to be appointed 18 19 to the initial school board for Class II and III school districts, and a determination of the terms of the board members first appointed to 20 membership on the board of the newly reorganized district; 21

(4) A statement of the findings with respect to the location of
schools, the utilization of existing buildings, the construction of new
buildings, and the transportation requirements under the proposed plan of
reorganization;

(5) A map showing the boundaries of established school districts and
 the boundaries proposed under any plan or plans of reorganization; and

(6) Such other matters as the state committee determines proper tobe included.

30 Sec. 30. Section 79-4,129, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

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1 79-4,129 (1) Within thirty days after the classification of the reorganized school districts by the county clerk under section 79-4,128, 2 the state committee shall appoint from among the legal voters of each new 3 school district created the number of school board members specified in 4 5 the plan of reorganization. A reorganized school district shall be formed and organized and shall have a school board not later than April 1 6 following the last legal action, as prescribed in section 79-4,128, 7 necessary to effect the changes in boundaries as set forth in the plan of 8 9 reorganization, although the physical reorganization of such reorganized school district shall take effect July 1 following the classification of 10 the reorganized school districts under section 79-4,128. The first board 11 shall be appointed on an at-large basis, and all boards shall be elected 12 13 at large until such time as election districts are established as provided in section 32-554. 14

(2) In appointing the first school board of a Class II school 15 16 district, the members shall be appointed so that the terms of 17 approximately one-half of the members expire on the date of the first regular meeting of the board in January after the first even-numbered 18 19 year following their appointment and the terms of the remaining members expire on the date of the first regular meeting of the board in January 20 after the second even-numbered year following their appointment. At the 21 22 statewide general election in the first even-numbered year after the 23 reorganization, approximately one-half of the board members in each Class 24 II school district shall be elected to terms of four years. Thereafter 25 all candidates shall be elected to terms of four years. Each member's term shall begin on the date of the first regular meeting of the board in 26 27 January following his or her election.

(2) (3) In appointing the first school board of a Class III school
 district, the terms of approximately one-half of the members shall expire
 on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January after the first
 even-numbered year following their appointment and the terms of the

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remaining members shall expire on the first Thursday after the first
 Tuesday in January after the second even-numbered year following their
 appointment. Thereafter all Class III district school boards shall be
 elected to terms of four years.

5 (3) (4) In appointing the first school board of a Class IV school 6 district, the members shall be appointed so that the terms of three 7 members shall expire on the third Monday in May of the first odd-numbered 8 year following their appointment and the terms of four members shall 9 expire on the third Monday in May of the second odd-numbered year 10 following their appointment. Thereafter all Class IV district school 11 boards shall be elected to terms of four years.

12 (4) (5) In appointing the first school board of a Class V school 13 district after a reorganization under this section with a nine-member 14 board serving terms of four years, the terms of the members shall expire 15 as provided in section 32-545. All Class V district school boards shall 16 be elected to terms of four years.

17 (5) (6) The school boards appointed under this section shall proceed
 18 at once to organize in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 31. Section 79-501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

79-501 The school board or board of education of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI school district shall have the care and custody of the schoolhouse and other property of the district and shall have authority to hire a superintendent and the required number of teachers and other necessary personnel.

26 Sec. 32. Section 79-506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

79-506 The school board or board of education of any Class I, II, III, IV, V, or VI school district may permit its members to participate in the school district's hospitalization, medical, surgical, accident, sickness, or term life insurance coverage or any one or more of such

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coverages. A board member electing to participate in the insurance
 program of the school district shall pay both the employee and the
 employer portions of the premium for such coverage.

A school board or board of education which opts to permit its members to participate in insurance coverage under this section shall report quarterly at a board meeting the board members who have elected such coverage. Such a report shall be made available in the school district office for review by the public upon request.

9 Sec. 33. Section 79-524, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

79-524 The school board of any Class III or IV I, II, III, IV, or VI 11 school district shall establish a permanent and continuing census or 12 13 enumeration of school children in the school district. The list in writing of the names of the children and taxpayers shall not be required 14 to be reported, but the names of all of the children belonging to such 15 school district, from birth through twenty years of age, shall instead be 16 kept in a depository maintained by such school district and subject to 17 inspection at all times. Such record shall not or need not include the 18 names of all the taxpayers in the district. 19

20 Sec. 34. Section 79-525, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 21 amended to read:

79-525 The school board or board of education of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI school district shall (1) provide the necessary appendages for the schoolhouse, (2) keep the same in good condition and repair during the time school is taught in the schoolhouse, and (3) keep an accurate account of all expenses incurred. Such account shall be prepared by the secretary, audited by the president and treasurer, and, on their written order, paid out of the general school fund.

29 Sec. 35. Section 79-526, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 30 amended to read:

31 79-526 (1) The school board or board of education of a Class <u>III or</u>

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IV I, II, III, IV, or VI school district has responsibility for the 1 2 general care and upkeep of the schools, shall provide the necessary supplies and equipment, and, except as otherwise provided, has the power 3 to cause pupils to be taught in such branches and classified in such 4 grades or departments as may seem best adapted to a course of study which 5 the board shall establish with the consent and advice of the State 6 Department of Education. The board shall make provision for pupils that 7 may enter at any time during the school year. The board shall have a 8 9 record kept of the advancement of all pupils in each branch of study. The board shall make rules and regulations as it deems necessary for the 10 government and health of the pupils and devise any means as may seem best 11 to secure the regular attendance and progress of children at school. 12

(2) The school board may make expenditures for supplies, equipment,
travel, meals, and lodging for school programs and activities, including
extracurricular and interscholastic activities, appropriate for the
benefit, government, and health of pupils enrolled in the school
district.

Sec. 36. Section 79-528, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

79-528 (1)(a) On or before July 20 in all school districts, the 20 superintendent shall file with the State Department of Education a report 21 showing the number of children from five through eighteen years of age 22 belonging to the school district according to the census taken as 23 provided in sections 79-524 and 79-578. On or before August 31, the 24 department shall issue to each learning community coordinating council a 25 report showing the number of children from five through eighteen years of 26 age belonging to the learning community based on the member school 27 28 districts according to the school district reports filed with the 29 department.

30 (b) Each Class I school district which is part of a Class VI school
 31 district offering instruction (i) in grades kindergarten through five

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1 shall report children from five through ten years of age, (ii) in grades
2 kindergarten through six shall report children from five through eleven
3 years of age, and (iii) in grades kindergarten through eight shall report
4 children from five through thirteen years of age.

5 (c) Each Class VI school district offering instruction (i) in grades 6 six through twelve shall report children who are eleven through eighteen 7 years of age, (ii) in grades seven through twelve shall report children 8 who are twelve through eighteen years of age, and (iii) in grades nine 9 through twelve children who are fourteen through eighteen years of age.

10 (d) Each Class I district which has affiliated in whole or in part
 11 shall report children from five through thirteen years of age.

(e) Each Class II, III, IV, or V district shall report children who
 are fourteen through eighteen years of age residing in Class I districts
 or portions thereof which have affiliated with such district.

(b) (f) The board of any district neglecting to take and report the
 enumeration shall be liable to the school district for all school money
 which such district may lose by such neglect.

(2) On or before June 30 the superintendent of each school district 18 shall file with the Commissioner of Education a report described as an 19 end-of-the-school-year annual statistical summary showing (a) the number 20 of children attending school during the year under five years of age, (b) 21 22 the length of time the school has been taught during the year by a 23 qualified teacher, (c) the length of time taught by each substitute 24 teacher, and (d) such other information as the Commissioner of Education 25 directs. On or before July 31, the commissioner shall issue to each learning community coordinating council an end-of-the-school-year annual 26 statistical summary for the learning community based on the member school 27 28 districts according to the school district reports filed with the 29 commissioner.

30 (3)(a) On or before November 1 the superintendent of each school
 31 district shall submit to the Commissioner of Education a report described

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1 as the annual financial report showing (i) the amount of money received 2 from all sources during the year and the amount of money expended by the 3 school district during the year, (ii) the amount of bonded indebtedness, 4 (iii) such other information as shall be necessary to fulfill the 5 requirements of the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act 6 and section 79-1114, and (iv) such other information as the Commissioner 7 of Education directs.

(b) On or before December 15, the commissioner shall issue to each 8 9 learning community coordinating council an annual financial report for the learning community based on the member school districts according to 10 the annual financial reports filed with the commissioner, showing (i) the 11 aggregate amount of money received from all sources during the year for 12 all member school districts and the aggregate amount of money expended by 13 member school districts during the year, (ii) the aggregate amount of 14 bonded indebtedness for all member school districts, (iii) such other 15 16 aggregate information as shall be necessary to fulfill the requirements of the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act and section 17 79-1114 for all member school districts, and (iv) such other aggregate 18 19 information as the Commissioner of Education directs for all member school districts. 20

(4)(a) On or before October 15 of each year, the superintendent of 21 each school district shall file with the commissioner the fall school 22 district membership report, which report shall include the number of 23 24 children from birth through twenty years of age enrolled in the district on the last Friday in September of a given school year. The report shall 25 enumerate (i) students by grade level, (ii) school district levies and 26 total assessed valuation for the current fiscal year, (iii) students 27 28 enrolled in the district as option students, resident students enrolled in another district as option students, students enrolled in the district 29 as open enrollment students, and resident students enrolled in another 30 district as open enrollment students, and (iv) such other information as 31

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2 (b) On or before October 15 of each year prior to 2017, each 3 learning community coordinating council shall issue to the department a 4 report which enumerates the learning community levies pursuant to 5 subdivision (2)(b) of section 77-3442 and total assessed valuation for 6 the current fiscal year.

(c) On or before November 15 of each year, the department shall 7 issue to each learning community coordinating council the fall learning 8 9 community membership report, which report shall include the aggregate 10 number of children from birth through twenty years of age enrolled in the member school districts on the last Friday in September of a given school 11 year for all member school districts. The report shall enumerate (i) the 12 aggregate students by grade level for all member school districts, (ii) 13 school district levies and total assessed valuation for the current 14 fiscal year, (iii) students enrolled in the district as option students, 15 16 resident students enrolled in another district as option students, students enrolled in the district as open enrollment students, and 17 resident students enrolled in another district as open enrollment 18 students, and (iv) such other information as the Commissioner of 19 Education directs for all member school districts. 20

(d) When any school district fails to submit its fall membership 21 report by November 1, the commissioner shall, after notice to the 22 23 district and an opportunity to be heard, direct that any state aid 24 granted pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act be withheld until such time as the report is received by the 25 department. In addition, the commissioner shall direct the county 26 treasurer to withhold all school money belonging to the school district 27 until such time as the commissioner notifies the county treasurer of 28 receipt of such report. The county treasurer shall withhold such money. 29

30 Sec. 37. Section 79-547, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

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1 79-547 (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 79-550, the 2 school board or board of education <u>of a Class III school district</u> shall 3 consist of <u>six members.</u> the following members:

4

5

(a) In a Class II district, six members; and

(b) In a Class III district, six members.

6 (2) In addition to the members specified in subsection (1) of this 7 section, such school boards or boards of education may include one or 8 more student members selected pursuant to section 79-559.

9 Sec. 38. Section 79-550, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

11 79-550 (1) The school board of a Class II or III school district 12 may, by resolution adopted in an odd-numbered year, provide for a change 13 in the number of members on the school board to a minimum of five members 14 and a maximum of nine members to be effective at the beginning of the 15 term of office for school board members elected at the next statewide 16 general election. The school board shall include in the resolution:

17 (a) A statement of the change in number of members to be added to or18 eliminated from the school board;

(b) A statement that the change does not take effect until the
beginning of the term of office for school board members elected at the
next statewide general election;

(c) If the members are not nominated or elected by district or wardin the school district:

24 (i) If the change in number adds members to the school board, a 25 statement of the number of members to be elected at the next statewide general election, including the members whose terms are expiring and the 26 additional members, and the number of such members to be elected to four-27 year terms and the number of such members to be elected to two-year terms 28 so that approximately one-half of the total number of members are elected 29 at each statewide general election. The members receiving the highest 30 number of votes shall be elected to four-year terms, and the members 31

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1 receiving the next highest number of votes shall be elected to two-year
2 terms; and

3 (ii) If the change in number decreases the number of members on the school board, a statement of the number of members to be elected at the 4 next statewide general election, if any, and at the subsequent statewide 5 general election, if necessary, and the number of such members to be 6 7 elected at such elections to four-year terms and the number of such members to be elected at such elections to two-year terms so that 8 9 approximately one-half of the total number of members are elected at each statewide general election. The members receiving the highest number of 10 votes shall be elected to four-year terms, and the members receiving the 11 next highest number of votes shall be elected to two-year terms; and 12

13 (d) If the members are nominated or elected by district or ward in 14 the school district:

15

(i) The changes to the boundaries of districts or wards;

(ii) A statement that the changes to the boundaries are effective for purposes of nominating or electing, as applicable, members to the school board beginning with the next statewide primary and general elections but that the changes in boundaries are not effective for purposes of representation until the beginning of the term of office for school board members elected at the next statewide general election;

(iii) A statement of which districts or wards, as changed, are on
the ballot at the next statewide primary or general election, as
applicable, and whether the members elected from such districts or wards
are being elected for four-year terms or two-year terms;

(iv) A statement specifying the newly established districts which
each member will represent for the remainder of his or her term, if
necessary;

(v) If the change in number adds members to the school board, a
statement of the number of members to be elected at the next statewide
general election, including the members whose terms are expiring and the

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additional members, and the districts or wards of such members to be
 elected to four-year terms and the districts or wards of such members to
 be elected to two-year terms so that approximately one-half of the total
 number of members are elected at each statewide general election; and

5 (vi) If the change in number decreases the number of members on the school board, a statement of the number of members to be elected at the 6 next statewide general election, if any, and at the subsequent statewide 7 general election, if necessary, and the districts or wards of such 8 9 members to be elected at such elections to four-year terms and the districts or wards of such members to be elected at such elections to 10 two-year terms so that approximately one-half of the total number of 11 members are elected at each statewide general election. 12

(2) If the members of the school board of a Class III school district are nominated and elected by district or ward, the board may by resolution provide for the nomination of the members by district or ward and the election of the members at large. If the members are nominated by district or ward and elected at large, the board may by resolution provide for the nomination and election of the members by district or ward.

(3) Any Class III school district which has a nine-member school
board on January 1, 2015, may continue to have a nine-member school board
without complying with the requirements of this section.

23 Sec. 39. Section 79-554, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

79-554 In all meetings of a school board of a Class <u>III</u> I, II, III, or VI school district, a majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Regular meetings shall be held on or before the third Monday of every month. All meetings of the board shall be subject to the Open Meetings Act. Special meetings may be called by the president or any two members, but all members shall have notice of the time and place of meeting. If a school district is participating in

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an approved unified system as provided in section 79-4,108, regular
 meetings of such district's school board shall be held at least twice
 during the school year.

Sec. 40. Section 79-559, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

79-559 (1) The school board or board of education of any Class III 6 or IV II, III, IV, or VI school district may include at least one 7 nonvoting member who is a public high school student from the district. 8 9 If the board elects to include such a nonvoting student member, the student member shall serve for a term of one year, beginning on September 10 1, and shall be the student body or student council president, the senior 11 class representative, or a representative elected from and by the entire 12 student body, as designated by the voting members of the board. 13

(2) Any nonvoting student member of the board has the privilege of
 attending all open meetings of the board but shall be excluded from
 executive sessions.

Sec. 41. Section 79-564, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 79-564 At the first meeting of each school board or board of 20 education elected in a Class II or III school district, and annually 21 thereafter, the board shall elect from among its members a president and 22 vice president. The board shall also elect a secretary who need not be a 23 member of the board. If the secretary is a member of the board, an 24 assistant secretary may be named and his or her duties and compensation 25 set by the board.

26 Sec. 42. Section 79-569, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

79-569 The president of the school board of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI school district shall: (1) Preside at all meetings of the district; (2) countersign all orders upon the treasury for money to be disbursed by the district and all warrants of the secretary on the county

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treasurer for money raised for district purposes or apportioned to the 1 2 district by the county treasurer; (3) administer the oath to the secretary and treasurer of the district when such an oath is required by 3 law in the transaction of the business of the district; and (4) perform 4 such other duties as may be required by law of the president of the 5 board. He or she is entitled to vote on any issue that may come before 6 7 any meeting. If the president of the school board of a Class I school district is absent from any district meeting, the legal voters present 8 9 may elect a suitable person to preside at the meeting.

Sec. 43. Section 79-570, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 79-570 If at any district meeting of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, 13 IV, or VI school district any person conducts himself or herself in a 14 disorderly manner and persists in such conduct after notice by the 15 president or person presiding, the president or person presiding may 16 order such person to withdraw from the meeting and, if the person 17 refuses, may order any person or persons to take such person into custody 18 until the meeting is adjourned.

Sec. 44. Section 79-572, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

79-572 The president of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI
school district shall appear for and on behalf of the district in all
suits brought by or against the district.

24 Sec. 45. Section 79-576, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 25 2016, is amended to read:

79-576 The secretary of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI school district shall be clerk of the school board and of all meetings when present, but if he or she is not present, the school board may appoint a clerk for the time being, who shall certify the proceedings to the secretary to be recorded by him or her.

31 Sec. 46. Section 79-577, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

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1 amended to read:

2 79-577 The secretary of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI 3 school district shall (1) record all proceedings of the district in a 4 book furnished by the district to be kept for that purpose, (2) preserve 5 copies of all reports, and (3) safely preserve and keep all books and 6 papers belonging to the office.

Sec. 47. Section 79-578, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 79-578 The secretary of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI 10 school district shall take, or cause to be taken by some person appointed for the purpose by a majority vote of the school board, the census of the 11 school district and then make or cause to be made a list in writing of 12 13 the names of all the children belonging to such district, from birth through twenty years of age, together with the names of all the taxpayers 14 in the district. A copy of the list, verified by oath of the person 15 16 taking such census or by affidavit appended to or endorsed on the list, setting forth that it is a correct list of the names of all children 17 belonging in the district from birth through twenty years of age and that 18 it reflects such information as of June 30, shall be maintained as 19 provided in section 79-524. 20

21 Sec. 48. Section 79-579, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

79-579 Whenever a secretary or president of the school board of a 23 24 Class III or IV I, II, III, IV, or VI school district refuses to sign 25 orders on the treasurer or the treasurer thinks best to refuse the payment of orders drawn upon him or her, the difficulty shall be referred 26 for adjudication to the county attorney, who shall proceed at once to 27 investigate the matter. If the county attorney finds that the officer 28 complained of refuses through contumacy or for insufficient reasons, the 29 county attorney, on behalf of the district, shall apply to the proper 30 court for a writ of mandamus to compel the officer to perform his or her 31

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1 duty.

Sec. 49. Section 79-580, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

79-580 The secretary of the school board or board of education of 4 5 each Class III I, II, III, and VI school district having an annual budget of one hundred thousand dollars or more shall, within ten days after any 6 regular or special meeting of the board, publish one time in a legal 7 newspaper published in or of general circulation in such district a list 8 9 of the claims, arising on contract or tort, allowed at the meeting. The 10 list shall set forth the name of the claimant and the amount and nature of the claim allowed, to consist of not more than ten words in stating 11 the nature of each such claim. The secretary shall likewise cause to be 12 13 published a concise summary of all other proceedings of such meetings. Publication of such claims or proceedings in a legal newspaper shall not 14 be required unless the publication can be done at an expense not 15 exceeding the rates provided by law for the publication of proceedings of 16 17 county boards.

18 Sec. 50. Section 79-581, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

20 79-581 The secretary of any school board or board of education of a 21 Class <u>III</u> I, II, III, or VI school district failing or neglecting to 22 comply with the provisions of section 79-580 shall be guilty of a Class V 23 misdemeanor. In the discretion of the court, the judgment of conviction 24 may provide for the removal from office of such secretary for such 25 failure or neglect.

26 Sec. 51. Section 79-586, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

79-586 The treasurer of each Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI school district shall, within ten days after his or her election, execute to the county and file with the secretary a bond or evidence of equivalent insurance coverage of not less than five hundred dollars in

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any instance and not more than double the amount of money, as nearly as 1 2 can be ascertained, to come into his or her hands as treasurer at any one time, which bond shall be signed by either a personal surety or a surety 3 4 company or companies of recognized responsibility as surety or sureties, to be approved by the president and secretary, conditioned for the 5 faithful discharge of the duties of the office. The bond when approved or 6 7 evidence of equivalent insurance coverage shall be filed by the secretary in the office of the county treasurer of the county in which the school 8 9 district is situated. If the treasurer fails to execute such bond or provide evidence of such insurance coverage, the office shall be declared 10 vacant by the school board or board of education and the board shall 11 immediately appoint a treasurer who shall be subject to the same 12 conditions and possess the same powers as if elected to that office. The 13 treasurer shall have no power or authority to withdraw or disburse the 14 money of the district prior to filing the bond or evidence of equivalent 15 insurance coverage provided for in this section. 16

17 Sec. 52. Section 79-587, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 amended to read:

19 79-587 The treasurer of each Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI 20 school district shall apply for and receive from the county treasurer all 21 school money apportioned to or collected for the district by the county 22 treasurer, upon order of the secretary countersigned by the president. 23 The treasurer shall pay out all money received by him or her, on the 24 order of the secretary countersigned by the president of such district.

25 Sec. 53. Section 79-588, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 79-588 The treasurer of a Class <u>III or IV</u> I, II, III, IV, or VI 28 school district shall keep a record in which the treasurer shall enter 29 all the money received and disbursed by him or her, specifying 30 particularly (1) the source from which money has been received, (2) to 31 what fund it belongs, and (3) the person or persons to whom and the

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object for which the same has been paid out. The treasurer shall present 1 2 to the district, at each annual meeting, a report in writing containing a statement of all money received during the preceding year and of the 3 4 disbursement made with the items of such disbursements and exhibit the vouchers therefor. At the close of the treasurer's term of office, he or 5 she shall settle with the school board and shall hand over to his or her 6 successor the records and all receipts, vouchers, orders, and papers 7 coming into his or her hands as treasurer of the district, together with 8 9 all money remaining in his or her hands as such treasurer.

10 Sec. 54. Section 79-594, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 11 amended to read:

12 79-594 The school board in a Class <u>III or IV</u> II, III, IV, or VI 13 school district may also elect at any regular meeting one superintendent 14 of public instruction with such salary as the board deems best and may 15 enter into contract with him or her at its discretion, for a term not to 16 exceed three years.

17 Sec. 55. Section 79-598, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 amended to read:

79-598 (1) The school board of any public school district in this 19 state, when authorized by a majority of the votes cast at any annual or 20 special meeting, shall (a) contract with the board of any neighboring 21 public school district or districts for the instruction of all or any 22 part of the pupils residing in the first named district in the school or 23 24 schools maintained by the neighboring public school district or districts 25 for a period of time not to exceed two years and (b) make provision for the transportation of such pupils to the school or schools of the 26 neighboring public school district or districts. 27

(2) The school board of any public school district may also, when
petitioned to do so by at least two-thirds of the parents residing in the
district having children of school age who will attend school under the
contract plan, (a) contract with the board of any neighboring public

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1 school district or districts for the instruction of all or any part of 2 the pupils residing in the first named district in the school or schools 3 maintained by the neighboring public school district or districts for a 4 period of time not to exceed two years and (b) make provision for the 5 transportation of such pupils to the school or schools of the neighboring 6 public school district or districts.

(3) The contract price for instruction referred to in subsections 7 (1) and (2) of this section shall be the cost per pupil for the 8 immediately preceding school year or the current year, whichever appears 9 more practical as determined by the board of the district which accepts 10 the pupils for instruction. The cost per pupil shall be determined by 11 dividing the sum of the operational cost and debt service expense of the 12 13 accepting district, except retirement of debt principal, plus three 14 percent of the insurable or present value of the school plant and equipment of the accepting district, by the average daily membership of 15 pupils in the accepting district. Payment of the contract price shall be 16 17 made in equal installments at the beginning of the first and second 18 semesters.

19 (4) All the contracts referred to in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be in writing, and copies of all such contracts shall be 20 filed in the office of the superintendent of the primary high school 21 district on or before August 15 of each year. School districts thus 22 providing instruction for their children in neighboring districts shall 23 24 be considered as maintaining a school as required by law. The teacher of 25 the school providing the instruction shall keep a separate record of the attendance of all pupils from the first named district and make a 26 separate report to the secretary of that district. The board of every 27 28 sending district contracting under this section shall enter into contracts with school districts of the choice of the parents of the 29 children to be educated under the contract plan. Any school district 30 failing to comply with this section shall not be paid any funds from the 31

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1 state apportionment of school funds while such violation continues.

2 (5) The State Committee for the Reorganization of School Districts may dissolve any district (a) failing to comply with this section, (b) in 3 4 which the votes cast at an annual or special election on the question of contracting with a neighboring district are evenly divided, or (c) in 5 which the governing body of the district is evenly divided in its vote on 6 the question of contracting pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. 7 The state committee shall dissolve and attach to a neighboring district 8 9 or districts any school district which, for two consecutive years, contracts for the instruction of its pupils, except that when such 10 dissolution will create extreme hardships on the pupils or the district 11 affected, the State Board of Education may, on application by the school 12 13 board of the district, waive the requirements of this subsection. The 14 dissolution of any school district pursuant to this section shall be effected in the manner prescribed in section 79-498. 15

16 Sec. 56. Section 79-5,104, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 17 amended to read:

18 79-5,104 The school board or board of education of any Class II or 19 III school district may, in its discretion, pay the regular school 20 tuition for any pupil residing in such school district and attending a 21 school outside such school district when, in the opinion of the board, 22 the best interests of the pupil or the school district may so require.

23 Sec. 57. Section 79-605, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 24 amended to read:

79-605 Except as otherwise provided in this section, any school board may authorize the use of buses belonging to the school district for the transportation of school children residing outside such district. A fee sufficient to pay the additional costs of such transportation shall be charged each person so transported. The board shall prepare a schedule of all such fees charged, and a copy of such schedule shall be filed in the office of the superintendent of the primary high school district.

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This section shall not apply to an agreement for transportation entered
 into pursuant to section 79-241.

3 Sec. 58. Section 79-611, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4 2016, is amended to read:

5 79-611 (1) The school board of any school district shall provide 6 free transportation, partially provide free transportation, or pay an 7 allowance for transportation in lieu of free transportation as follows:

8 (a) When a student attends an elementary school in his or her own 9 district and lives more than four miles from the public schoolhouse in 10 such district as measured by the shortest route that must actually and 11 necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle to reach the student's 12 residence;

(b) When a student is required to attend an elementary school outside of his or her own district and lives more than four miles from such elementary school as measured by the shortest route that must actually and necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle to reach the student's residence;

(c) When a student attends a secondary school in his or her own 18 19 Class II or Class III school district and lives more than four miles from the public schoolhouse as measured by the shortest route that must 20 actually and necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle to reach the 21 22 student's residence. This subdivision does not apply to any elementary-23 only school district that merged with a high-school-only school district 24 to form a new Class when one or more Class I school districts merge with 25 a Class VI school district to form a new Class II or III school district on or after January 1, 1997, and before June 16, 2006; and 26

(d) When a student, other than a student in grades ten through twelve in a Class V district, attends an elementary or junior high school in his or her own Class V district and lives more than four miles from the public schoolhouse in such district as measured by the shortest route that must actually and necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle to reach

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1 the student's residence.

(2)(a) For school years prior to school year 2017-18 and as required 2 pursuant to subsection (3) of section 79-241, the school board of any 3 school district that is a member of a learning community shall provide 4 free transportation for a student who resides in such learning community 5 and attends school in such school district if (i) the student is 6 transferring pursuant to the open enrollment provisions of section 7 79-2110, qualifies for free or reduced-price lunches, lives more than one 8 9 mile from the school to which he or she transfers, and is not otherwise disqualified under subdivision (2)(c) of this section, (ii) the student 10 is transferring pursuant to the open enrollment provisions of section 11 79-2110, is a student who contributes to the socioeconomic diversity of 12 enrollment at the school building he or she attends, lives more than one 13 14 mile from the school to which he or she transfers, and is not otherwise disqualified under subdivision (2)(c) of this section, (iii) the student 15 16 is attending a focus school or program and lives more than one mile from the school building housing the focus school or program, or (iv) the 17 student is attending a magnet school or program and lives more than one 18 mile from the magnet school or the school housing the magnet program. 19

(b) For purposes of this subsection, student who contributes to the socioeconomic diversity of enrollment at the school building he or she attends has the definition found in section 79-2110. This subsection does not prohibit a school district that is a member of a learning community from providing transportation to any intradistrict student.

(c) For any student who resides within a learning community and transfers to another school building pursuant to the open enrollment provisions of section 79-2110 and who had not been accepted for open enrollment into any school building within such district prior to September 6, 2013, the school board is exempt from the requirement of subdivision (2)(a) of this section if (i) the student is transferring to another school building within his or her home school district or (ii)

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the student is transferring to a school building in a school district
 that does not share a common border with his or her home school district.

3 (3) The transportation allowance which may be paid to the parent, 4 custodial parent, or quardian of students qualifying for free transportation pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall 5 equal two hundred eighty-five percent of the mileage rate provided in 6 7 section 81-1176, multiplied by each mile actually and necessarily traveled, on each day of attendance, beyond which the one-way distance 8 9 from the residence of the student to the schoolhouse exceeds three miles. Such transportation allowance does not apply to students residing in a 10 learning community who qualify for free or reduced-price lunches. 11

(4) Whenever students from more than one family travel to school in
the same vehicle, the transportation allowance prescribed in subsection
(3) of this section shall be payable as follows:

(a) To the parent, custodial parent, or guardian providing transportation for students from other families, one hundred percent of the amount prescribed in subsection (3) of this section for the transportation of students of such parent's, custodial parent's, or guardian's own family and an additional five percent for students of each other family not to exceed a maximum of one hundred twenty-five percent of the amount determined pursuant to subsection (3) of this section; and

(b) To the parent, custodial parent, or guardian not providing transportation for students of other families, two hundred eighty-five percent of the mileage rate provided in section 81-1176 multiplied by each mile actually and necessarily traveled, on each day of attendance, from the residence of the student to the pick-up point at which students transfer to the vehicle of a parent, custodial parent, or guardian described in subdivision (a) of this subsection.

(5) When a student who qualifies under the mileage requirements of
subsection (1) of this section lives more than three miles from the
location where the student must be picked up and dropped off in order to

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access school-provided free transportation, as measured by the shortest 1 route that must actually and necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle 2 between his or her residence and such location, such school-provided 3 transportation shall be deemed partially provided free transportation. 4 School districts partially providing free transportation shall pay an 5 allowance to the student's parent or guardian equal to two hundred 6 eighty-five percent of the mileage rate provided in section 81-1176 7 multiplied by each mile actually and necessarily traveled, on each day of 8 9 attendance, beyond which the one-way distance from the residence of the student to the location where the student must be picked up and dropped 10 off exceeds three miles. 11

(6) The board may authorize school-provided transportation to any 12 13 student who does not qualify under the mileage requirements of subsection (1) of this section and may charge a fee to the parent or guardian of the 14 student for such service. An affiliated high school district may provide 15 16 free transportation or pay the allowance described in this section for 17 high school students residing in an affiliated Class I district. No transportation payments shall be made to a family for mileage not 18 actually traveled by such family. The number of days the student has 19 attended school shall be reported monthly by the teacher to the board of 20 such public school district. 21

22 more than one allowance shall be made to a family (7) No irrespective of the number of students in a family being transported to 23 24 school. If a family resides in a Class I district which is part of a 25 Class VI district and has students enrolled in any of the grades offered by the Class I district and in any of the non-high-school grades offered 26 27 by the Class VI district, such family shall receive not more than one 28 allowance for the distance actually traveled when both districts are on 29 the same direct travel route with one district being located a greater 30 distance from the residence than the other. In such cases, the travel 31 allowance shall be prorated among the school districts involved.

(8) No student shall be exempt from school attendance on account of
 distance from the public schoolhouse.

Sec. 59. Section 79-728, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

5 79-728 All Class I, II, III, IV, and V school districts shall offer
6 a kindergarten program.

Sec. 60. Section 79-828, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

9 79-828 (1) The contract of a probationary certificated employee 10 shall be deemed renewed and remain in full force and effect unless 11 amended or not renewed in accordance with sections 79-824 to 79-842.

12 (2) The purpose of the probationary period is to allow the employer 13 an opportunity to evaluate, assess, and assist the employee's 14 professional skills and work performance prior to the employee obtaining 15 permanent status.

All probationary certificated employees employed by any class of school district shall, during each year of probationary employment, be evaluated at least once each semester, unless the probationary certificated employee is a superintendent, in accordance with the procedures outlined below:

The probationary certificated employee shall be observed 21 and evaluation shall be based upon actual classroom observations for an 22 entire instructional period. If deficiencies are noted in the work 23 24 performance of any probationary certificated employee, the evaluator 25 shall provide the probationary certificated employee at the time of the observation with a list of deficiencies and a list of suggestions for 26 improvement and assistance in overcoming the deficiencies. The evaluator 27 shall also provide the probationary certificated employee with followup 28 evaluations and assistance when deficiencies remain. 29

30 If the probationary certificated employee is a superintendent, he or 31 she shall be evaluated twice during the first year of employment and at

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1 least once annually thereafter.

2 Any certificated employee employed prior to September 1, 1982, by 3 the school board of any Class I, II, III, or VI school district shall 4 serve the probationary period required by law prior to such date and 5 shall not be subject to any extension of probation.

(3) If the school board or the superintendent or superintendent's 6 7 designee determines that it is appropriate to consider whether the contract of a probationary certificated employee or the superintendent 8 9 should be amended or not renewed for the next school year, such 10 certificated employee shall be given written notice that the school board will consider the amendment or nonrenewal of such certificated employee's 11 contract for the ensuing school year. Upon request of the certificated 12 employee, notice shall be provided which shall contain the written 13 such proposed amendment or nonrenewal and shall 14 reasons for be sufficiently specific so as to provide such employee the opportunity to 15 16 prepare a response and the reasons set forth in the notice shall be 17 employment related.

(4) The school board may elect to amend or not renew the contract of
a probationary certificated employee for any reason it deems sufficient
if such nonrenewal is not for constitutionally impermissible reasons, and
such nonrenewal shall be in accordance with sections 79-824 to 79-842.
Amendment or nonrenewal for reason of reduction in force shall be subject
to sections 79-824 to 79-842 and 79-846 to 79-849.

24 (5) Within seven calendar days after receipt of the notice, the 25 probationary certificated employee may make a written request to the the school board superintendent 26 secretary of or to the or superintendent's designee for a hearing before the school board. 27

(6) Prior to scheduling of action or a hearing on the matter, if
requested, the notice of possible amendment or nonrenewal and the reasons
supporting possible amendment or nonrenewal shall be considered a
confidential employment matter as provided in sections 79-539, 79-8,109,

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1 and 84-1410 and shall not be released to the public or any news media.

2 (7) At any time prior to the holding of a hearing or prior to final determination by the school board to amend or not renew the contract 3 4 involved, the probationary certificated employee may submit a letter of 5 resignation for the ensuing year, which resignation shall be accepted by the school board. 6

(8) The probationary certificated employee shall be afforded a 7 hearing which shall not be required to meet the requirements of a formal 8 9 due process hearing as set forth in section 79-832 but shall be subject to section 79-834. 10

Sec. 61. Section 79-850, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 11 amended to read: 12

13

79-850 For purposes of sections 79-850 to 79-858:

(1) Reorganized school district means: (a) Any expanded or altered 14 school district, organized or altered by any of the means provided by 15 16 Nebraska law including, but not limited to, the methods provided by the 17 Reorganization of School Districts Act, the Learning Community Reorganization Act, or section 79-407, 79-413, 79-415, or 79-473, or 18 sections 79-415 to 79-417 or 79-452 to 79-455; or (b) any school district 19 to be formed in the future if the petition or plan for such reorganized 20 school district has been approved pursuant to any of the methods set 21 forth in subdivision (1)(a) of this section when the effective date of 22 such reorganization is prospective. For purposes of this subdivision, a 23 24 petition or plan shall be deemed approved when the last legal action has 25 been taken, as prescribed in section 79-413 or 79-450 , 79-450, or 79-455, necessary to effect the changes in boundaries as set forth in the 26 petition or plan; and 27

(2) Unified system means a unified system as defined in section 28 79-4,108 recognized by the State Department of Education pursuant to 29 subsection (3) of such section, which employs certificated staff. 30

31 Sec. 62. Section 79-1003, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is

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1 amended to read:

2 79-1003 For purposes of the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities3 Support Act:

(1) Adjusted general fund operating expenditures means (a) for 4 school fiscal years 2013-14 through 2015-16, the difference of the 5 general fund operating expenditures as calculated pursuant to subdivision 6 7 (23) of this section increased by the cost growth factor calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the transportation allowance, 8 9 special receipts allowance, poverty allowance, limited English 10 proficiency allowance, distance education and telecommunications allowance, elementary site allowance, school allowance, 11 summer instructional time allowance, teacher education allowance, and focus 12 school and program allowance, (b) for school fiscal years 2016-17 through 13 2018-19, the difference of the general fund operating expenditures as 14 calculated pursuant to subdivision (23) of this section increased by the 15 cost growth factor calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the 16 17 transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, poverty allowance, proficiency allowance, distance 18 limited English education and 19 telecommunications allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school allowance, and focus school and program allowance, and (c) for school 20 fiscal year 2019-20 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the 21 22 difference of the general fund operating expenditures as calculated 23 pursuant to subdivision (23) of this section increased by the cost growth 24 factor calculated pursuant to section 79-1007.10, minus the 25 transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, poverty allowance, limited proficiency allowance, distance education 26 English and telecommunications allowance, elementary site allowance, summer school 27 28 allowance, community achievement plan allowance, and focus school and program allowance; 29

30 (2) Adjusted valuation means the assessed valuation of taxable31 property of each local system in the state, adjusted pursuant to the

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adjustment factors described in section 79-1016. Adjusted valuation means 1 2 the adjusted valuation for the property tax year ending during the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which the aid 3 based upon that value is to be paid. For purposes of determining the 4 5 local effort rate yield pursuant to section 79-1015.01, adjusted valuation does not include the value of any property which a court, by a 6 final judgment from which no appeal is taken, has declared to be 7 nontaxable or exempt from taxation; 8

9 (3) Allocated income tax funds means the amount of assistance paid 10 to a local system pursuant to section 79-1005.01 as adjusted, for school 11 fiscal years prior to school fiscal year 2017-18, by the minimum levy 12 adjustment pursuant to section 79-1008.02;

(4) Average daily membership means the average daily membership for
grades kindergarten through twelve attributable to the local system, as
provided in each district's annual statistical summary, and includes the
proportionate share of students enrolled in a public school instructional
program on less than a full-time basis;

(5) Base fiscal year means the first school fiscal year following
the school fiscal year in which the reorganization or unification
occurred;

21 (6) Board means the school board of each school district;

(7) Categorical funds means funds limited to a specific purpose by
federal or state law, including, but not limited to, Title I funds, Title
VI funds, federal vocational education funds, federal school lunch funds,
Indian education funds, Head Start funds, and funds from the Education
Innovation Fund;

(8) Consolidate means to voluntarily reduce the number of school
districts providing education to a grade group and does not include
dissolution pursuant to section 79-498;

30 (9) Converted contract means an expired contract that was in effect31 for at least fifteen school years beginning prior to school year 2012-13

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1 for the education of students in a nonresident district in exchange for 2 tuition from the resident district when the expiration of such contract 3 results in the nonresident district educating students, who would have 4 been covered by the contract if the contract were still in effect, as 5 option students pursuant to the enrollment option program established in 6 section 79-234;

7 (10) Converted contract option student means a student who will be 8 an option student pursuant to the enrollment option program established 9 in section 79-234 for the school fiscal year for which aid is being 10 calculated and who would have been covered by a converted contract if the 11 contract were still in effect and such school fiscal year is the first 12 school fiscal year for which such contract is not in effect;

13

(11) Department means the State Department of Education;

14 (12) District means any Class I, II, III, IV, V, or VI school
15 district or unified system as defined in section 79-4,108;

16 (13) Ensuing school fiscal year means the school fiscal year17 following the current school fiscal year;

(14) Equalization aid means the amount of assistance calculated to
be paid to a local system pursuant to sections 79-1007.11 to 79-1007.23,
79-1007.25, 79-1008.01 to 79-1022, and 79-1022.02;

(15) Fall membership means the total membership in kindergarten through grade twelve attributable to the local system as reported on the fall school district membership reports for each district pursuant to section 79-528;

(16) Fiscal year means the state fiscal year which is the period
from July 1 to the following June 30;

27 (17) Formula students means:

(a) For state aid certified pursuant to section 79-1022, the sum of
the product of fall membership from the school fiscal year immediately
preceding the school fiscal year in which the aid is to be paid
multiplied by the average ratio of average daily membership to fall

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membership for the second school fiscal year immediately preceding the 1 2 school fiscal year in which the aid is to be paid and the prior two school fiscal years plus sixty percent of the qualified early childhood 3 4 education fall membership plus tuitioned students from the school fiscal 5 year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid minus the product of the number of students enrolled in kindergarten 6 7 that is not full-day kindergarten from the fall membership multiplied by 0.5; and 8

9 (b) For the final calculation of state aid pursuant to section 10 79-1065, the sum of average daily membership plus sixty percent of the 11 qualified early childhood education average daily membership plus 12 tuitioned students minus the product of the number of students enrolled 13 in kindergarten that is not full-day kindergarten from the average daily 14 membership multiplied by 0.5 from the school fiscal year immediately 15 preceding the school fiscal year in which aid was paid;

16 (18) Free lunch and free milk calculated students means, using the 17 most recent data available on November 1 of the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid, 18 (a) for schools that did not provide free meals to all students pursuant 19 to the community eligibility provision, students who individually 20 qualified for free lunches or free milk pursuant to the federal Richard 21 B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq., and the 22 federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq., as such acts 23 24 and sections existed on January 1, 2015, and rules and regulations 25 adopted thereunder, plus (b) for schools that provided free meals to all students pursuant to the community eligibility provision, (i) for school 26 fiscal year 2016-17, the product of the students who attended such school 27 28 multiplied by the identified student percentage calculated pursuant to such federal provision or (ii) for school fiscal year 2017-18 and each 29 school fiscal year thereafter, the greater of the number of students in 30 such school who individually qualified for free lunch or free milk using 31

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1 the most recent school fiscal year for which the school did not provide 2 free meals to all students pursuant to the community eligibility provision or one hundred ten percent of the product of the students who 3 qualified for free meals at such school pursuant to the community 4 eligibility provision multiplied by the identified student percentage 5 calculated pursuant to such federal provision, except that the free lunch 6 and free milk students calculated for any school pursuant to subdivision 7 8 (18)(b)(ii) of this section shall not exceed one hundred percent of the students qualified for free meals at such school pursuant to the 9 10 community eligibility provision;

(19) Free lunch and free milk student means, for school fiscal years prior to school fiscal year 2016-17, a student who qualified for free lunches or free milk from the most recent data available on November 1 of the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid;

16 (20) Full-day kindergarten means kindergarten offered by a district
 17 for at least one thousand thirty-two instructional hours;

(21) General fund budget of expenditures means the total budget of disbursements and transfers for general fund purposes as certified in the budget statement adopted pursuant to the Nebraska Budget Act, except that for purposes of the limitation imposed in section 79-1023 and the calculation pursuant to subdivision (2) of section 79-1027.01, the general fund budget of expenditures does not include any special grant funds, exclusive of local matching funds, received by a district;

25 (22) General fund expenditures means all expenditures from the 26 general fund;

(23) General fund operating expenditures means for state aid calculated for school fiscal years 2012-13 and each school fiscal year thereafter, as reported on the annual financial report for the second school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid, the total general fund expenditures minus (a) the

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amount of all receipts to the general fund, to the extent that such 1 2 receipts are not included in local system formula resources, from early childhood education tuition, summer school tuition, educational entities 3 4 as defined in section 79-1201.01 for providing distance education courses 5 through the Educational Service Unit Coordinating Council to such educational entities, private foundations, individuals, associations, 6 7 charitable organizations, the textbook loan program authorized by section 79-734, federal impact aid, and levy override elections pursuant to 8 9 section 77-3444, (b) the amount of expenditures for categorical funds, tuition paid, transportation fees paid to other districts, adult 10 education, community services, redemption of the principal portion of 11 general fund debt service, retirement incentive plans authorized by 12 13 section 79-855, and staff development assistance authorized by section 79-856, (c) the amount of any transfers from the general fund to any bond 14 fund and transfers from other funds into the general fund, (d) any legal 15 expenses in excess of fifteen-hundredths of one percent of the formula 16 17 need for the school fiscal year in which the expenses occurred, (e)(i) for state aid calculated for school fiscal years prior to school fiscal 18 19 year 2018-19, expenditures to pay for sums agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary 20 termination occurring prior to July 1, 2009, occurring on or after the 21 22 last day of the 2010-11 school year and prior to the first day of the 2013-14 school year, or, to the extent that a district has demonstrated 23 24 to the State Board of Education pursuant to section 79-1028.01 that the 25 agreement will result in a net savings in salary and benefit costs to the school district over a five-year period, occurring on or after the first 26 day of the 2013-14 school year or (ii) for state aid calculated for 27 28 school fiscal year 2018-19 and each school fiscal year thereafter, expenditures to pay for incentives agreed to be paid by a school district 29 to certificated employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of 30 employment for which the State Board of Education approved an exclusion 31

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1 pursuant to subdivisions (1)(h), (i), (j), or (k) of section 79-1028.01, 2 (f)(i) expenditures to pay for employer contributions pursuant to subsection (2) of section 79-958 to the School Employees Retirement 3 System of the State of Nebraska to the extent that such expenditures 4 exceed the employer contributions under such subsection that would have 5 been made at a contribution rate of seven and thirty-five hundredths 6 percent or (ii) expenditures to pay for school district contributions 7 pursuant to subdivision (1)(c)(i) of section 79-9,113 to the retirement 8 9 system established pursuant to the Class V School Employees Retirement Act to the extent that such expenditures exceed the school district 10 contributions under such subdivision that would have been made at a 11 contribution rate of seven and thirty-seven hundredths percent, and (q) 12 13 any amounts paid by the district for lobbyist fees and expenses reported to the Clerk of the Legislature pursuant to section 49-1483. 14

For purposes of this subdivision (23) of this section, receipts from levy override elections shall equal ninety-nine percent of the difference of the total general fund levy minus a levy of one dollar and five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation multiplied by the assessed valuation for school districts that have voted pursuant to section 77-3444 to override the maximum levy provided pursuant to section 277-3442;

22 (24) High school district means a school district providing
 23 instruction in at least grades nine through twelve;

24 (24) (25) Income tax liability means the amount of the reported 25 income tax liability for resident individuals pursuant to the Nebraska 26 Revenue Act of 1967 less all nonrefundable credits earned and refunds 27 made;

(25) (26) Income tax receipts means the amount of income tax
 collected pursuant to the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 less all
 nonrefundable credits earned and refunds made;

31 (26) (27) Limited English proficiency students means the number of

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students with limited English proficiency in a district from the most recent data available on November 1 of the school fiscal year preceding the school fiscal year in which aid is to be paid plus the difference of such students with limited English proficiency minus the average number of limited English proficiency students for such district, prior to such addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if such difference is greater than zero;

(27) (28) Local system means a <u>unified system or a</u> learning 8 9 community for purposes of calculation of state aid for each school fiscal 10 year prior to school fiscal year 2017-18, a unified system, a Class VI district and the associated Class I districts, or a Class II, III, IV, or 11 12 V district and any affiliated Class I districts or portions of Class I 13 districts. The membership, expenditures, and resources of Class I districts that are affiliated with multiple high school districts will be 14 attributed to local systems based on the percent of the Class I valuation 15 that is affiliated with each high school district; 16

(28) (29) Low-income child means (a) for school fiscal years prior 17 to 2016-17, a child under nineteen years of age living in a household 18 having an annual adjusted gross income for the second calendar year 19 preceding the beginning of the school fiscal year for which aid is being 20 calculated equal to or less than the maximum household income that would 21 allow a student from a family of four people to be a free lunch and free 22 milk student during the school fiscal year immediately preceding the 23 24 school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated and (b) for school 25 fiscal year 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, a child under nineteen years of age living in a household having an annual adjusted 26 gross income for the second calendar year preceding the beginning of the 27 school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated equal to or less 28 than the maximum household income pursuant to sections 9(b)(1) and 17(c)29 (4) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 30 1758(b)(1) and 42 U.S.C. 1766(c)(4), respectively, and sections 3(a)(6) 31

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and 4(e)(1)(A) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1772(a)(6) and 42 U.S.C. 1773(e)(1)(A), respectively, as such acts and sections existed on January 1, 2015, for a household of that size that would have allowed the child to meet the income qualifications for free meals during the school fiscal year immediately preceding the school fiscal year for which aid is being calculated;

7 <u>(29)</u> (30) Low-income students means the number of low-income 8 children within the district multiplied by the ratio of the formula 9 students in the district divided by the total children under nineteen 10 years of age residing in the district as derived from income tax 11 information;

12 (30) (31) Most recently available complete data year means the most 13 recent single school fiscal year for which the annual financial report, 14 fall school district membership report, annual statistical summary, 15 Nebraska income tax liability by school district for the calendar year in 16 which the majority of the school fiscal year falls, and adjusted 17 valuation data are available;

(31) (32) Poverty students means (a) for school fiscal years prior 18 to 2016-17, the number of low-income students or the number of students 19 who are free lunch and free milk students in a district plus the 20 difference of the number of low-income students or the number of students 21 who are free lunch and free milk students in a district, whichever is 22 greater, minus the average number of poverty students for such district, 23 24 prior to such addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if such difference is greater than zero and (b) for school fiscal 25 year 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the unadjusted 26 poverty students plus the difference of such unadjusted poverty students 27 minus the average number of poverty students for such district, prior to 28 such addition, for the three immediately preceding school fiscal years if 29 such difference is greater than zero; 30

31 (32) (33) Qualified early childhood education average daily

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1 membership means the product of the average daily membership for school 2 fiscal year 2006-07 and each school fiscal year thereafter of students 3 who will be eligible to attend kindergarten the following school year and 4 are enrolled in an early childhood education program approved by the department pursuant to section 79-1103 for such school district for such 5 school year multiplied by the ratio of the actual instructional hours of 6 7 the program divided by one thousand thirty-two if: (a) The program is 8 receiving a grant pursuant to such section for the third year; (b) the 9 program has already received grants pursuant to such section for three years; or (c) the program has been approved pursuant to subsection (5) of 10 section 79-1103 for such school year and the two preceding school years, 11 including any such students in portions of any of such programs receiving 12 13 an expansion grant;

(33) (34) Qualified early childhood education fall membership means 14 the product of membership on the last Friday in September 2006 and each 15 16 year thereafter of students who will be eligible to attend kindergarten 17 the following school year and are enrolled in an early childhood education program approved by the department pursuant to section 79-1103 18 for such school district for such school year multiplied by the ratio of 19 the planned instructional hours of the program divided by one thousand 20 thirty-two if: (a) The program is receiving a grant pursuant to such 21 section for the third year; (b) the program has already received grants 22 23 pursuant to such section for three years; or (c) the program has been 24 approved pursuant to subsection (5) of section 79-1103 for such school year and the two preceding school years, including any such students in 25 portions of any of such programs receiving an expansion grant; 26

(34) (35) Regular route transportation means the transportation of
 students on regularly scheduled daily routes to and from the attendance
 center;

30 (35) (36) Reorganized district means any district involved in a
 31 consolidation and currently educating students following consolidation;

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(36) (37) School year or school fiscal year means the fiscal year of
 a school district as defined in section 79-1091;

3 (37) (38) Sparse local system means a local system that is not a
4 very sparse local system but which meets the following criteria:

5 (a)(i) Less than two students per square mile in the county in which 6 each high school is located, based on the school district census, (ii) 7 less than one formula student per square mile in the local system, and 8 (iii) more than ten miles between each high school attendance center and 9 the next closest high school attendance center on paved roads;

10 (b)(i) Less than one and one-half formula students per square mile 11 in the local system and (ii) more than fifteen miles between each high 12 school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance 13 center on paved roads;

(c)(i) Less than one and one-half formula students per square mile
in the local system and (ii) more than two hundred seventy-five square
miles in the local system; or

(d)(i) Less than two formula students per square mile in the local system and (ii) the local system includes an area equal to ninety-five percent or more of the square miles in the largest county in which a high school attendance center is located in the local system;

(38) (39) Special education means specially designed kindergarten
 through grade twelve instruction pursuant to section 79-1125, and
 includes special education transportation;

24 (39) (40) Special grant funds means the budgeted receipts for 25 grants, including, but not limited to, categorical funds, reimbursements 26 for wards of the court, short-term borrowings including, but not limited 27 to, registered warrants and tax anticipation notes, interfund loans, 28 insurance settlements, and reimbursements to county government for 29 previous overpayment. The state board shall approve a listing of grants 30 that qualify as special grant funds;

31 (40) (41) State aid means the amount of assistance paid to a

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district pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support
 Act;

3 (41) (42) State board means the State Board of Education;

4 <u>(42)</u> (43) State support means all funds provided to districts by the 5 State of Nebraska for the general fund support of elementary and 6 secondary education;

7 (43) (44) Statewide average basic funding per formula student means
8 the statewide total basic funding for all districts divided by the
9 statewide total formula students for all districts;

10 <u>(44)</u> (45) Statewide average general fund operating expenditures per 11 formula student means the statewide total general fund operating 12 expenditures for all districts divided by the statewide total formula 13 students for all districts;

14

(45) (46) Teacher has the definition found in section 79-101;

(46) (47) Temporary aid adjustment factor means (a) for school 15 fiscal years before school fiscal year 2007-08, one and one-fourth 16 17 percent of the sum of the local system's transportation allowance, the local system's special receipts allowance, and the product of the local 18 19 system's adjusted formula students multiplied by the average formula cost per student in the local system's cost grouping and (b) for school fiscal 20 year 2007-08, one and one-fourth percent of the sum of the local system's 21 22 transportation allowance, special receipts allowance, and distance 23 education and telecommunications allowance and the product of the local 24 system's adjusted formula students multiplied by the average formula cost 25 per student in the local system's cost grouping;

(47) (48) Tuition receipts from converted contracts means tuition
 receipts received by a district from another district in the most
 recently available complete data year pursuant to a converted contract
 prior to the expiration of the contract;

30 <u>(48)</u> (49) Tuitioned students means students in kindergarten through 31 grade twelve of the district whose tuition is paid by the district to

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1 some other district or education agency;

2 (49) (50) Unadjusted poverty students means, for school fiscal year
3 2016-17 and each school fiscal year thereafter, the greater of the number
4 of low-income students or the free lunch and free milk calculated
5 students in a district; and

6

(50) (51) Very sparse local system means a local system that has:

7 (a)(i) Less than one-half student per square mile in each county in 8 which each high school attendance center is located based on the school 9 district census, (ii) less than one formula student per square mile in 10 the local system, and (iii) more than fifteen miles between the high 11 school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance 12 center on paved roads; or

(b)(i) More than four hundred fifty square miles in the local system, (ii) less than one-half student per square mile in the local system, and (iii) more than fifteen miles between each high school attendance center and the next closest high school attendance center on paved roads.

18 Sec. 63. Section 79-1029, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 19 amended to read:

79-1029 A school Class II, III, IV, V, or VI district may exceed the 20 21 budget authority for the general fund budget of expenditures prescribed 22 in section 79-1023 by an amount approved by a majority of legal voters voting on the issue at a primary, general, or special election called for 23 24 such purpose upon the recommendation of the board or upon the receipt by 25 the county clerk or election commissioner of a petition requesting an election, signed by at least five percent of the legal voters of the 26 district. The recommendation of the board or the petition of the legal 27 voters shall include the amount by which the board would increase its 28 general fund budget of expenditures for the ensuing school year over and 29 above the budget authority for the general fund budget of expenditures 30 prescribed in section 79-1023. The county clerk or election commissioner 31

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shall place the question on the primary or general election ballot or 1 2 call for a special election on the issue after the receipt of such board recommendation or legal voter petition. The election shall be held 3 4 pursuant to the Election Act or section 77-3444, and all costs for a 5 special election shall be paid by the district. A vote to exceed the budget authority for the general fund budget of expenditures prescribed 6 7 in section 79-1023 may be approved on the same question as a vote to exceed the levy limits provided in section 77-3444. 8

9 Sec. 64. Section 79-1030, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

79-1030 A school Class II, III, IV, V, or VI district may choose not 11 to increase its general fund budget of expenditures by the full amount of 12 13 budget authority for the general fund budget of expenditures as calculated pursuant to section 79-1023. In such cases, the department 14 shall calculate the amount of unused budget authority which shall be 15 16 carried forward to future budget years. The amount of unused budget 17 authority that may be used by a district in a single school fiscal year to increase its general fund budget of expenditures above the budget 18 19 authority for the general fund budget of expenditures as calculated pursuant to section 79-1023 shall be limited to two percent of the 20 difference of the general fund budget of expenditures minus the sum of 21 special grant funds, the special education budget of expenditures, and 22 exceptions pursuant to subsection (1) of section 79-1028.01 for the 23 immediately preceding school fiscal year. 24

Sec. 65. Section 79-1036, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
26 2016, is amended to read:

27 79-1036 (1) In making the apportionment under section 79-1035, the 28 Commissioner of Education shall distribute from the school fund for 29 school purposes to (a) for school fiscal years prior to school fiscal 30 year 2017-18, any and all learning communities and school districts which 31 are not members of a learning community, and (b) for school fiscal year

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1 2017-18 and each school fiscal year thereafter, all school districts in 2 which there are situated school lands which have not been sold and 3 transferred by deed or saline lands owned by the state, which lands are 4 being used for a public purpose, an amount in lieu of tax money that 5 would be raised by school district levies if such lands were taxable, to 6 be ascertained in accordance with subsection (2) of this section. τ 7 except that:

8 (i) For Class I districts or portions thereof which are affiliated 9 and in which there are situated school or saline lands, 38.6207 percent 10 of the in lieu of land tax money calculated pursuant to subsection (2) of 11 this section, based on the affiliated school system tax levy computed 12 pursuant to section 79-1077, shall be distributed to the affiliated high 13 school district and the remainder shall be distributed to the Class I 14 district;

15 (ii) For Class I districts or portions thereof which are part of a 16 Class VI district which offers instruction in grades nine through twelve 17 and in which there are situated school or saline lands, 38.6207 percent 18 of the in lieu of land tax money calculated pursuant to subsection (2) of 19 this section, based on the Class VI school system levy computed pursuant 20 to section 79-1078, shall be distributed to the Class VI district and the 21 remainder shall be distributed to the Class I district;

(iii) For Class I districts or portions thereof which are part of a Class VI district which offers instruction in grades seven through twelve and in which there are situated school or saline lands, 55.1724 percent of the in lieu of land tax money calculated pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, based on the Class VI school system levy computed pursuant to section 79-1078, shall be distributed to the Class VI district and the remainder shall be distributed to the Class I district; and

(iv) For Class I districts or portions thereof which are part of a
 Class VI district which offers instruction in grades six through twelve
 and in which there are situated school or saline lands, 62.0690 percent

of the in lieu of land tax money calculated pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, based on the Class VI school system levy computed pursuant section 79-1078, shall be distributed to the Class VI district and the remainder shall be distributed to the Class I district.

5 (2) The county assessor shall certify to the Commissioner of Education the tax levies of each school district and, for levies 6 certified prior to January 1, 2017, learning community in which school 7 land or saline land is located and the last appraised value of such 8 9 school land, which value shall be the same percentage of the appraised value as the percentage of the assessed value is of market value in 10 subsection (2) of section 77-201 for the purpose of applying the 11 applicable tax levies for each district and, for levies certified prior 12 13 to January 1, 2017, learning community in determining the distribution to the districts of such amounts. The school board of any school district 14 and, for levies certified prior to January 1, 2017, the learning 15 16 community coordinating council of any learning community in which there 17 is located any leased or undeeded school land or saline land subject to this section may appeal to the Board of Educational Lands and Funds for a 18 19 reappraisement of such school land if such school board or learning community coordinating council deems the land not appraised in proportion 20 to the value of adjoining land of the same or similar value. The Board of 21 Educational Lands and Funds shall proceed to investigate the facts 22 involved in such appeal and, if the contention of the school board or 23 24 learning community coordinating council is correct, make the proper 25 reappraisement. The value calculation in this subsection shall be used by the Commissioner of Education for making distributions in each school 26 fiscal year. 27

28 Sec. 66. Section 79-1045, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

30 79-1045 The county treasurer shall, within twenty days after
 31 receiving the apportionment under section 79-1044, apportion the amount

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as follows: (1) To each school district lying wholly or partly within any 1 2 such forest reserve, an amount equal to the actual per pupil cost for each pupil actually residing in that part of the district which is within 3 4 such forest reserve, but this apportionment per pupil shall not exceed the average annual cost per pupil, based on average daily attendance 5 within that county; and (2) of the remaining amount, one-fifth to the 6 public road fund of the county, one-fifth equally to the several school 7 districts in the county, and the remaining three-fifths to the several 8 9 school districts in the county pro rata according to the enumeration of 10 scholars last returned by the districts. The county treasurer shall, with the approval of the county board, have authority to retain the money to 11 12 be allocated under this subdivision to Class I, II, and III school 13 districts of the county to be used for the establishment and support of a county circulating library for Class I, II, and III school districts. A 14 school district which has failed to sustain a school taught by a legally 15 qualified teacher for the length of time required by law shall not be 16 17 entitled to receive any portion of the Forest Reserve Fund.

Sec. 67. Section 79-1065.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 79-1065.02 (1) State aid payments shall be adjusted <u>when property</u> 21 <u>within the boundaries of a school district is transferred to another</u> 22 <u>school district due to a change in school district boundaries in response</u> 23 <u>to annexation of the transferred property by a city or village to reflect</u> 24 <u>transfers of property due to annexation, to any dissolution of a Class I</u> 25 <u>school district, and to any reorganization involving one or more Class I</u> 26 <u>school districts</u>.

27

(2) This section applies whenever:

(a) A Class I school district dissolves or reorganizes in such a
 manner that the parcels of property making up the Class I district prior
 to the dissolution or reorganization which were affiliated with a Class
 II, III, IV, or V school district do not become part of the Class II,

1 III, IV, or V school district with which such parcels of property were 2 affiliated; or

3 (b) Property within the boundaries of a Class II, III, IV, V, or VI 4 school district is transferred to another school district due to a change 5 in the school district boundaries in response to annexation of the 6 transferred property by a city or village.

7 (2) (3) To qualify for additional state aid pursuant to this section, the school district from which property is being transferred 8 9 shall apply on a form prescribed by the State Department of Education on or before August 20 preceding the first school fiscal year for which the 10 property will not be available for taxation for the school district's 11 general fund levy. On or before such deadline, the applicant school 12 13 district shall send copies of the application to the high school 14 districts of the local systems receiving valuation in the transfer. For purposes of this section, property is deemed transferred from the school 15 16 district whether the property was within the boundaries of the school 17 district or the property was affiliated with the school district.

(3) (4) Upon receipt of the application, the department, with the 18 assistance of the Property Tax Administrator, shall calculate the amount 19 of additional state aid, if any, that the local system, as defined in 20 section 79-1003, for the applicant school district would have received 21 for such school fiscal year if the adjusted valuation for the transferred 22 23 property had not been included in the adjusted valuation of such local 24 system for the calculation of state aid for such school fiscal year. On 25 or before September 20 of such school fiscal year, the department shall certify to the applicant school district the amount of additional state 26 aid, if any, the district will receive. Except as otherwise provided in 27 this subsection, if such applicant school district receives a lump-sum 28 payment pursuant to subsection (2) of section 79-1022, such lump-sum 29 payment shall be increased by the amount of additional state aid. Except 30 as otherwise provided in this subsection, if such applicant school 31

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1 district does not receive a lump-sum payment pursuant to such subsection, state aid payments shall be increased by one-tenth of the amount of 2 additional state aid for each of the ten state aid payments for such 3 school fiscal year. If a portion of the total reduction calculated 4 pursuant to subsection (4) (5) of this section for local systems 5 receiving valuation in the transfer of property that is the subject of 6 the application is delayed until future years, the additional state aid 7 to be paid in the school fiscal year described in subsection (2) (3)8 9 this section shall be reduced by the amount of the total reduction that is delayed until future years. The amount of the reduction shall be paid 10 as additional aid in the next school fiscal year. 11

(4) (5) The state aid payments shall be reduced for the high school 12 district of each receiving local system. An amount equal to the 13 additional state aid calculated pursuant to subsection (3) (4) of this 14 section for the local system of an applicant school district shall be 15 attributed to the local systems receiving valuation in such transfer 16 based upon the ratio of the adjusted valuation received by each local 17 system divided by the total adjusted valuation transferred from the 18 applicant school district. If such high school district receives a lump-19 sum payment pursuant to subsection (2) of section 79-1022, such lump-sum 20 payment shall be reduced by the amount attributed to the receiving local 21 system. If the high school district of a receiving local system does not 22 23 receive a lump-sum payment pursuant to such subsection, state aid 24 payments shall be reduced by one-tenth of the amount attributed to such 25 receiving local system for each of the ten state aid payments for such school fiscal year. If the total reduction is greater than the total 26 state aid payments for such school fiscal year, the remainder shall be 27 subtracted from state aid payments in future school fiscal years until 28 the total reduction has been subtracted from state aid payments. On or 29 before September 20 of such school fiscal year, the department shall 30 certify to the high school district of the receiving local system the 31

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1 amount of the reduction in state aid.

2 (5) (6) For purposes of the final calculation of state aid pursuant to section 79-1065, the adjusted valuation of the property that was 3 transferred shall also be transferred for purposes of adjusted valuation 4 for the final calculation of state aid. For determining adjustments in 5 state aid pursuant to section 79-1065, the final calculation of state aid 6 7 shall be compared to the state aid certified for such school fiscal year combined with any adjustments in state aid payments and transfers from 8 9 other districts pursuant to this section.

10 Sec. 68. Section 79-1072, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 11 amended to read:

79-1072 The school board or board of education of any Class II, III, 12 IV, V, or VI school district may establish a contingency fund for losses. 13 Such contingency fund shall be established and maintained by transfers 14 from the general fund of such school district as authorized by the school 15 16 board or board of education of such school district. Disbursements from such contingency fund shall not exceed five percent of the total budgeted 17 general fund expenditures of the school district and shall be used only 18 for defense against losses, payment of losses, and transfer of funds to 19 the general fund of such school district as authorized by the board. 20

Sec. 69. Section 79-1075, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2016, is amended to read:

79-1075 (1) The county board of the county in which is located the 23 24 schoolhouse or the administrative office of any joint school district or, for years prior to 2017, learning community shall make a levy for the 25 school district or, for years prior to 2017, learning community, as may 26 be necessary, and the county clerk of that headquarters county shall 27 certify the levy, on or before the date prescribed in section 77-1601, to 28 the county clerk of each county in which is situated any portion of the 29 joint school district or learning community. This section shall apply to 30 all taxes levied on behalf of school districts, including, but not 31

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limited to, taxes authorized by sections 10-304, 10-711, 10-716.01,
 77-1601, 79-747, 79-1077, 79-1084, 79-1085, 79-1086, 79-10,100,
 79-10,110, 79-10,110.02, 79-10,118, 79-10,120, 79-10,122, and 79-10,126.

4 (2) The county board of the county in which is located the schoolhouse or the administrative office of the high school district of a 5 joint affiliated school system shall make a levy for the joint affiliated 6 school system, as may be necessary, and the county clerk of that 7 headquarters county shall certify the levy, on or before the date 8 prescribed in section 77-1601, to the county clerk of each county in 9 which is situated any portion of the joint affiliated school system. This 10 section shall apply to all taxes levied on behalf of affiliated school 11 systems, including, but not limited to, taxes authorized by sections 12 13 10-716.01, 79-1077, 79-10,110, and 79-10,110.02.

14 Sec. 70. Section 79-1089, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

16 79-1089 In each school district the school board shall cause to be 17 examined annually by a public accountant or by a certified public accountant all financial records which are maintained directly or 18 indirectly in the administration and management of public school funds. 19 Rules and regulations governing the scope, extent, pattern, and report of 20 the examination shall be adopted and promulgated by the State Board of 21 Education with the advice and counsel of the Auditor of Public Accounts. 22 A copy of the report shall be filed with the Commissioner of Education 23 24 and the Auditor of Public Accounts on or before November 5. A copy of the 25 report regarding the examination of a Class I school district shall be filed with the Commissioner of Education on or before November 5. When 26 any school district fails to comply with this section, the commissioner 27 28 shall, after notice to the district and an opportunity to be heard, 29 direct that any state aid granted pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act be withheld until such time as the 30 district has complied with this section. In addition, the commissioner 31

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shall direct the county treasurer to withhold all school money belonging 1 to the school district until such time as the commissioner notifies the 2 county treasurer of compliance by the district with this section. The 3 4 county treasurer shall withhold such money. If the school district does not comply with this section prior to the end of the state's biennium 5 following the biennium which included the fiscal year for which state aid 6 7 was calculated, the state aid funds shall revert to the General Fund. The amount of any reverted funds shall be included in data provided to the 8 9 Governor in accordance with section 79-1031.

10 Sec. 71. Section 79-1090, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 11 amended to read:

79-1090 When a school board of any class of school district fails to 12 13 approve a school district budget on or before the date required by subsection (1) of section 13-508, the superintendent of the primary high 14 school district shall prepare and file a budget document in accordance 15 with the Nebraska Budget Act for the school district's general fund and 16 for each other fund for which the district budgeted in the immediately 17 preceding fiscal year. The document shall use the total budget of 18 expenditures and cash reserves from the immediately preceding school 19 fiscal year, except that in no case shall the budget of expenditures or 20 cash reserves exceed any limits prescribed in the Tax Equity and 21 laws. 22 Educational Opportunities Support Act or other state The superintendent shall also estimate the revenue from sources other than 23 24 property tax for each fund in accordance with subdivision (1)(c) of 25 section 13-504 and section 79-1022.

26 Sec. 72. Section 79-1098, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 27 amended to read:

79-1098 Whenever it is deemed necessary (1) to erect a schoolhouse or school building or an addition or additions and improvements to any existing schoolhouse or (2) to purchase equipment for such schoolhouse or school buildings, in any school district in this state except a Class I

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1 district the school board may and, upon petition of not less than one-2 fourth of the legal voters of the school district, shall submit to the people of the school district at the next general election or special 3 4 election a proposition to vote a special annual tax for that purpose of 5 not to exceed seventeen and five-tenths cents on each one hundred dollars upon the taxable value of all the taxable property in such district for a 6 7 term of not to exceed ten years. Such special tax may be voted at any annual or special meeting of the district by fifty-five percent of the 8 9 legal voters attending such meeting.

Sec. 73. Section 79-10,100, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 79-10,100 The school board or board of education, upon being 13 satisfied that all the requirements of <u>section 79-1098</u> sections 79-1098 14 and 79-1099 have been substantially complied with and that fifty-five 15 percent of all votes cast at the election under such <u>section</u> sections are 16 in favor of such tax, shall enter such proposition and all the 17 proceedings had thereon upon the records of the school district and shall 18 certify the special tax levy to the county clerk as other tax levies.

Sec. 74. Section 79-10,101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

79-10,101 The sum levied and collected under section 79-10,100 shall 21 (1) constitute a special fund for the purposes for which it was voted, 22 (2) not be used for any other purpose unless otherwise authorized by a 23 24 fifty-five percent majority vote of the legal voters of the school 25 district cast at the election under section 79-1098 sections 79-1098 and 79-1099, (3) be paid over to the county treasurer of the county in which 26 the administrative office of such school district is located, (4) be kept 27 28 by the county treasurer and treasurer of the school district separate and apart from other district funds, and (5) be subject to withdrawal as 29 provided in section 79-587. Any portion of such sum so levied and 30 collected, the expenditure of which is not required to effectuate the 31

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purposes for which such sum was voted, may be transferred by the school board, at any regular or special meeting by the vote of a majority of the members attending, to the general fund of the district. All funds received by the district treasurer for such purpose shall be immediately invested by such treasurer in United States Government bonds or in such securities in which the state investment officer may invest the permanent school funds during the accumulation of such sinking fund.

8 Sec. 75. Section 79-10,103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is9 amended to read:

10 79-10,103 (1) The school board of any school district may lease, purchase, acquire, own, manage, and hold title to real property which is 11 located outside of its school district for laboratory, recreation, 12 camping, or educational facilities, except that any purchase costing (a) 13 more than one thousand dollars by any Class I or II school district or 14 15 (b) more than five thousand dollars by any Class III, IV, V, or VI school district shall be submitted to a vote of the legal voters in that school 16 17 district seeking to acquire the property.

18 (2) The election provisions of this section do not apply when a 19 school district which currently owns real property outside the school 20 district desires to lease, purchase, acquire, own, manage, and hold title 21 to additional real property located contiguous to such property for 22 laboratory, recreation, camping, or educational facilities.

Sec. 76. Section 79-10,110, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
24 2016, is amended to read:

79-10,110 (1) Prior to April 19, 2016, after making a determination that an actual or potential environmental hazard or accessibility barrier exists, that a life safety code violation exists, or that expenditures are needed for indoor air quality or mold abatement and prevention within the school buildings or grounds under its control, a school board may make and deliver to the county clerk of such county in which any part of the school district is situated, not later than the date provided in

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1 section 13-508, an itemized estimate of the amounts necessary to be 2 expended for the abatement of such environmental hazard, for accessibility barrier elimination, or for modifications for life safety 3 code violations, indoor air quality, or mold abatement and prevention in 4 5 such school buildings or grounds. The board shall designate the particular environmental hazard abatement project, accessibility barrier 6 7 elimination project, or modification for life safety code violations, 8 indoor air quality, or mold abatement and prevention for which the tax 9 levy provided for by this section will be expended, the period of years, which shall not exceed ten years, for which the tax will be levied for 10 11 such project, and the estimated amount of the levy for each year of the period based on the taxable valuation of the district at the time of 12 issuance. 13

(2) Prior to April 19, 2016, after a public hearing, a school board 14 may undertake any qualified capital purpose in any qualified zone academy 15 16 under its control and may levy a tax as provided in this section to repay a qualified zone academy bond issued for such undertaking. The board 17 shall designate: (a) The particular qualified capital purpose for which 18 the qualified zone academy bond was issued and for which the tax levy 19 provided for by this section will be expended; (b) the period of years 20 for which the tax will be levied to repay such qualified zone academy 21 bond, not exceeding the maturity term for such qualified zone academy 22 23 bond established pursuant to federal law or, for any such bond issued 24 prior to May 20, 2009, fifteen years; and (c) the estimated amount of the 25 levy for each year of the period based on the taxable valuation of the district at the time of issuance. The hearing required by this subsection 26 shall be held only after notice of such hearing has been published for 27 28 three consecutive weeks prior to the hearing in a legal newspaper published or of general circulation in the school district. 29

30 (3) Prior to April 19, 2016, after a public hearing, a school board
 31 may undertake any American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose

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and may levy a tax to repay any American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 1 2009 bond issued for such undertaking. The board shall designate: (a) The 2 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose for which the 3 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 bond will be issued and 4 for which the tax levy provided by this section will be expended; (b) the 5 period of years for which the tax will be levied to repay such American 6 7 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 bond, not exceeding the maturity term for the type of American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 bond 8 established pursuant to federal law or, if no such term is established, 9 thirty years; and (c) the estimated amount of the levy for each year of 10 such period based on the taxable valuation of the district at the time of 11 issuance. Prior to the public hearing, the school board shall prepare an 12 13 itemized estimate of the amounts necessary to be expended for the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose. The hearing 14 required by this subsection shall be held only after notice of such 15 16 hearing has been published for three consecutive weeks prior to the hearing in a legal newspaper published or of general circulation in the 17 school district. 18

(4) Prior to April 19, 2016, the board may designate more than one 19 project under subsection (1) of this section, more than one qualified 20 capital purpose under subsection (2) of this section, or more than one 21 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose under subsection 22 23 (3) of this section and levy a tax pursuant to this section for each such 24 project, qualified capital purpose, or American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose, concurrently or consecutively, as the case may be, 25 if the aggregate levy in each year and the duration of each such levy 26 will not exceed the limitations specified in this section. Each levy for 27 28 a project, a qualified capital purpose, or an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose which is authorized by this section may 29 be imposed for such duration as the board specifies, notwithstanding the 30 31 contemporaneous existence or subsequent imposition of any other levy for

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another project, qualified capital purpose, or American Recovery and
 Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose imposed pursuant to this section and
 notwithstanding the subsequent issuance by the district of bonded
 indebtedness payable from its general fund levy.

5 (5) The county clerk shall levy such taxes, not to exceed five and one-fifth cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation for Class 6 7 II, III, IV, V, and VI districts, and not to exceed the limits set for Class I districts in section 79-10,124, on the taxable property of the 8 district necessary to (a) cover the environmental hazard abatement or 9 10 accessibility barrier elimination project costs or costs for modification for life safety code violations, indoor air quality, or mold abatement 11 and prevention itemized by the board pursuant to subsection (1) of this 12 13 section and (b) repay any qualified zone academy bonds or American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 bonds pursuant to subsection (2) or 14 (3) of this section. Such taxes shall be collected by the county 15 treasurer at the same time and in the same manner as county taxes are 16 17 collected and when collected shall be paid to the treasurer of the 18 district and used to cover the project costs.

(6) If such board operates grades nine through twelve as part of an 19 20 affiliated school system, it shall designate the fraction of the project or undertaking to be conducted for the benefit of grades nine through 21 22 twelve. Such fraction shall be raised by a levy placed upon all of the 23 taxable value of all taxable property in the affiliated school system 24 pursuant to subsection (2) of section 79-1075. The balance of the project 25 or undertaking to be conducted for the benefit of grades kindergarten through eight shall be raised by a levy placed upon all of the taxable 26 27 value of all taxable property in the district which is governed by such 28 board. The combined rate for both levies in the high school district, to be determined by such board, shall not exceed five and one-fifth cents on 29 each one hundred dollars of taxable value. 30

31 (6) (7) Each board which submits an itemized estimate shall

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1 establish an environmental hazard abatement and accessibility barrier elimination project account, a life safety code modification project 2 3 account, an indoor air quality project account, or a mold abatement and 4 prevention project account, each board which undertakes a qualified capital purpose shall establish a qualified capital purpose undertaking 5 account, within the qualified capital purpose undertaking fund, and each 6 7 board which undertakes an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose shall establish an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 8 9 purpose undertaking account. Taxes collected pursuant to this section shall be credited to the appropriate account to cover the project or 10 undertaking costs. Such estimates may be presented to the county clerk 11 and taxes levied accordingly. 12

13 (7)

(7) (8) For purposes of this section:

(a) Abatement includes, but is not limited to, any inspection and 14 testing regarding environmental hazards, any maintenance to reduce, 15 16 lessen, put an end to, diminish, moderate, decrease, control, dispose of, or eliminate environmental hazards, any removal or encapsulation of 17 environmentally hazardous material or property, any related restoration 18 or replacement of material or property, any related architectural and 19 engineering services, and any other action to reduce or eliminate 20 environmental hazards in the school buildings or on the school grounds 21 under the board's control, except that abatement does not include the 22 23 encapsulation of any material containing more than one percent friable 24 asbestos;

(b) Accessibility barrier means anything which impedes entry into,
exit from, or use of any building or facility by all people;

(c) Accessibility barrier elimination includes, but is not limited to, inspection for and removal of accessibility barriers, maintenance to reduce, lessen, put an end to, diminish, control, dispose of, or eliminate accessibility barriers, related restoration or replacement of facilities or property, any related architectural and engineering

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services, and any other action to eliminate accessibility barriers in the
 school buildings or grounds under the board's control;

3 (d) American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 bond means any 4 type or form of bond permitted by the federal American Recovery and 5 Reinvestment Act of 2009, as such act or bond may be amended and 6 supplemented, including the federal Hiring Incentives to Restore 7 Employment Act, as amended and supplemented, for use by schools, except 8 qualified zone academy bonds;

9 (e) American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose means any 10 construction of a new public school facility or the acquisition of land 11 on which such a facility is to be constructed or any expansion, 12 rehabilitation, modernization, renovation, or repair of any existing 13 school facilities financed in whole or in part with an American Recovery 14 and Reinvestment Act of 2009 bond;

(f) Environmental hazard means any contamination of the air, water, or land surface or subsurface caused by any substance adversely affecting human health or safety if such substance has been declared hazardous by a federal or state statute, rule, or regulation;

(g) Modification for indoor air quality includes, but is not limited 19 any inspection and testing regarding indoor air quality, any 20 to, maintenance to reduce, lessen, put an end to, diminish, moderate, 21 decrease, control, dispose of, or eliminate indoor air quality problems, 22 23 any related restoration or replacement of material or related 24 architectural and engineering services, and any other action to reduce or eliminate indoor air quality problems or to enhance air quality 25 conditions in new or existing school buildings or on school grounds under 26 the control of a school board; 27

(h) Modification for life safety code violation includes, but is not
limited to, any inspection and testing regarding life safety codes, any
maintenance to reduce, lessen, put an end to, diminish, moderate,
decrease, control, dispose of, or eliminate life safety hazards, any

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1 related restoration or replacement of material or property, any related 2 architectural and engineering services, and any other action to reduce or 3 eliminate life safety hazards in new or existing school buildings or on 4 school grounds under the control of a school board;

5 (i) Modification for mold abatement and prevention includes, but is not limited to, any inspection and testing regarding mold abatement and 6 prevention, any maintenance to reduce, lessen, put an end to, diminish, 7 moderate, decrease, control, dispose of, or eliminate mold problems, any 8 9 related restoration or replacement of material or related architectural and engineering services, and any other action to reduce or eliminate 10 mold problems or to enhance air quality conditions in new or existing 11 school buildings or on school grounds under the control of a school 12 board; 13

(j) Qualified capital purpose means (i) rehabilitating or repairing the public school facility in which the qualified zone academy is established or (ii) providing equipment for use at such qualified zone academy;

(k) Qualified zone academy has the meaning found in (i) 26 U.S.C.
1397E(d)(4), as such section existed on October 3, 2008, for qualified
zone academy bonds issued on or before such date, and (ii) 26 U.S.C.
54E(d)(1), as such section existed on October 4, 2008, for qualified zone
academy bonds issued on or after such date;

23 (1) Qualified zone academy allocation means the allocation of the 24 qualified zone academy bond limitation by the State Department of Education to the qualified zone academies pursuant to (i) 26 U.S.C. 25 1397E(e)(2), as such section existed on October 3, 2008, for allocations 26 relating to qualified zone academy bonds issued on or before such date, 27 and (ii) 26 U.S.C. 54E(c)(2), as such section existed on October 4, 2008, 28 for allocations relating to qualified zone academy bonds issued on or 29 after such date; and 30

31 (m) Qualified zone academy bond has the meaning found in (i) 26

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8

accessibility barriers.

U.S.C. 1397E(d)(1), as such section existed on October 3, 2008, for such
bonds issued on or before such date, and (ii) 26 U.S.C. 54E(a), as such
section existed on and after October 4, 2008, for such bonds issued on or
after such date, as such section or bonds may be amended or supplemented.
(8) (9) Accessibility barrier elimination project costs includes,
but is not limited to, inspection, maintenance, accounting, emergency
services, consultation, or any other action to reduce or eliminate

(9)(a) (10)(a) For the purpose of paying amounts necessary for the 9 10 abatement of environmental hazards, for accessibility barrier elimination, for modifications for life safety code violations, indoor 11 air quality, or mold abatement and prevention, for a qualified capital 12 purpose, or for an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 13 purpose, the board may borrow money, establish a sinking fund, and issue 14 bonds and other evidences of indebtedness of the district, which bonds 15 16 and other evidences of indebtedness shall be secured by and payable from an irrevocable pledge by the district of amounts received in respect of 17 the tax levy provided for by this section and any other funds of the 18 district available therefor. Bonds issued for a qualified capital purpose 19 or an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose shall be 20 limited to the type or types of bonds authorized for each purpose in 21 subsections (2) and (3) of this section, respectively. Bonds and other 22 evidences of indebtedness issued by a district pursuant to this 23 24 subsection shall not constitute a general obligation of the district or 25 be payable from any portion of its general fund levy.

(b) A district may exceed the maximum levy of five and one-fifth cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation authorized by <u>subsection (5)</u> subsections (5) and (6) of this section in any year in which (i) the taxable valuation of the district is lower than the taxable valuation in the year in which the district last issued bonds pursuant to this section and (ii) such maximum levy is insufficient to meet the

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1 combined annual principal and interest obligations for all bonds issued 2 pursuant to this section. The amount generated from a district's levy in 3 excess of the maximum levy upon the taxable valuation of the district 4 shall not exceed the combined annual principal and interest obligations 5 for such bonds minus the amount generated by levying the maximum levy 6 upon the taxable valuation of the district and minus any federal payments 7 or subsidies associated with such bonds.

8 (10) (11) The total principal amount of bonds for modifications to 9 correct life safety code violations, for indoor air quality problems, for 10 mold abatement and prevention, or for an American Recovery and 11 Reinvestment Act of 2009 purpose which may be issued pursuant to this 12 section shall not exceed the total amount specified in the itemized 13 estimate described in subsections (1) and (3) of this section.

14 (11) (12) The total principal amount of qualified zone academy bonds which may be issued pursuant to this section for qualified capital 15 16 purposes with respect to a qualified zone academy shall not exceed the qualified zone academy allocation granted to the board by the department. 17 The total amount that may be financed by qualified zone academy bonds 18 pursuant to this section for qualified purposes with respect to a 19 qualified zone academy shall not exceed seven and one-half million 20 dollars statewide in a single year. In any year that the Nebraska 21 qualified zone academy allocations exceed seven and one-half million 22 23 dollars for qualified capital purposes to be financed with qualified zone academy bonds issued pursuant to this section, (a) the department shall 24 25 reduce such allocations proportionally such that the statewide total for such allocations equals seven and one-half million dollars and (b) the 26 difference between the Nebraska allocation and seven and one-half million 27 dollars shall be available to qualified zone academies for requests that 28 will be financed with qualified zone academy bonds issued without the 29 benefit of this section. 30

31

Nothing in this section directs the State Department of Education to

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1 give any preference to allocation requests that will be financed with 2 gualified zone academy bonds issued pursuant to this section.

3 <u>(12)</u> (13) The State Department of Education shall establish 4 procedures for allocating bond authority to school boards as may be 5 necessary pursuant to an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 6 bond.

7 Sec. 77. Section 79-10,110.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative8 Supplement, 2016, is amended to read:

79-10,110.02 (1) On and after April 19, 2016, the school board of 9 any Class II, III, IV, or V school district may make a determination that 10 an additional property tax levy is necessary for a specific abatement 11 project to address an actual or potential environmental hazard, 12 accessibility barrier, life safety code violation, life safety hazard, or 13 mold which exists within one or more existing school buildings or the 14 school grounds of existing school buildings controlled by the school 15 16 district. Such determination shall not include abatement projects related to the acquisition of new property, the construction of a new building, 17 the expansion of an existing building, or the remodeling of an existing 18 19 building for purposes other than the abatement of environmental hazards, accessibility barriers, life safety code violations, life safety hazards, 20 or mold. Upon such determination, the school board may, not later than 21 the date provided in section 13-508, make and deliver to the county clerk 22 23 of such county in which any part of the school district is situated an 24 itemized estimate of the amounts necessary to be expended for such 25 abatement project, any insurance proceeds or other anticipated funds that will be received by the school district related to the abatement project, 26 the period of years for which the property tax will be levied for such 27 project, and the estimated amount of the levy for each year of the period 28 based on the taxable valuation of the district at the time of issuance. 29 The period of years for such levy shall not exceed ten years and the levy 30 for such project when combined with all other levies pursuant to this 31

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section and section 79-10,110 shall not exceed three cents per one
 hundred dollars of taxable valuation. Nothing in this section shall
 affect levies pursuant to section 79-10,110.

4 (2) The county clerk shall levy such taxes and such taxes shall be 5 collected by the county treasurer at the same time and in the same manner 6 as county taxes are collected and when collected shall be paid to the 7 treasurer of the district. A separate abatement project account shall be 8 established for each project by the school district. Taxes collected 9 pursuant to this section shall be credited to the appropriate account to 10 cover the project costs.

11 (3) For purposes of this section:

any related 12 (a) Abatement includes, but is not limited to, inspection and testing, any maintenance to reduce, lessen, put an end to, 13 diminish, moderate, decrease, control, dispose of, eliminate, or remove 14 the issue causing the need for abatement, any related restoration or 15 replacement of material or property, any related architectural and 16 engineering services, and any other action to reduce or eliminate the 17 issue causing the need for abatement in existing school buildings or on 18 the school grounds of existing school buildings under the board's 19 control; 20

(b) Accessibility barrier means anything which impedes entry into,
exit from, or use of any building or facility by all people; and

(c) Environmental hazard means any contamination of the air, water,
or land surface or subsurface caused by any substance adversely affecting
human health or safety if such substance has been declared hazardous by a
federal or state statute, rule, or regulation.

(4) For the purpose of paying amounts necessary for the abatement project, the board may borrow money, establish a sinking fund, and issue bonds and other evidences of indebtedness of the district, which bonds and other evidences of indebtedness shall be secured by and payable from an irrevocable pledge by the district of amounts received in respect of

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1 the tax levy provided for by this section and any other funds of the district available therefor. Bonds and other evidences of indebtedness 2 issued by a district pursuant to this subsection shall not constitute a 3 general obligation of the district or be payable from any portion of its 4 general fund levy. The total principal amount of bonds for abatement 5 projects pursuant to this section shall not exceed the total amount 6 specified in the itemized estimate described in subsection (1) of this 7 8 section.

9 (5) A district may exceed the maximum levy of three cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation authorized by this section in any 10 year in which (a) the taxable valuation of the district is lower than the 11 taxable valuation in the year in which the district last issued bonds 12 13 pursuant to this section and (b) such maximum levy is insufficient to 14 meet the combined annual principal and interest obligations for all bonds issued pursuant to this section and section 79-10,110. The amount 15 16 generated from a district's levy in excess of three cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation shall not exceed the combined annual 17 principal and interest obligations for such bonds minus the amount 18 generated by levying three cents per one hundred dollars of taxable 19 valuation. 20

21 Sec. 78. Section 79-10,114, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 22 amended to read:

23 79-10,114 No school property of any kind belonging to any Class III 24 or IV II, III, IV, or VI school district shall be sold by the school board or board of education except at a regular meeting of the board and 25 with an affirmative recorded vote of at least two-thirds of all the 26 members of the board. Proceeds of sale of school property sold as 27 28 provided in this section may be held separately from other funds of the school district and may be used for any school purpose as the board may 29 determine, including, but not limited to, acquiring sites for school 30 buildings or teacherages and purchasing existing buildings for use as 31

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school buildings or teacherages, including the sites upon which such
 buildings are located, and the erection, alteration, equipping, and
 furnishing of school buildings or teacherages.

Sec. 79. Section 79-10,117, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

79-10,117 The legal voters of any Class III or VI school district 6 7 have the power, at an election or at any annual or special meeting, to (1) direct the purchasing or leasing of any appropriate site and the 8 9 building, hiring, or purchasing of a teacherage for the purpose of 10 providing housing facilities for the school employees of the district, (2) determine the amount necessary to be expended for such purposes the 11 succeeding year, and (3) vote on a tax on the property of the district 12 for the payment of the amount. 13

14 Sec. 80. Section 79-10,118, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 15 amended to read:

79-10,118 A tax to establish a special fund for the building, 16 17 hiring, or purchasing of a teacherage for the purpose of providing housing facilities for the school employees of any Class III or VI 18 19 district may be levied when authorized by fifty-five percent of the legal voters voting on the proposition. The notice of the proposal to establish 20 such special fund shall include the sum to be raised or the amount of the 21 tax to be levied, the period of years, and the time of its taking effect. 22 If fifty-five percent of the legal voters voting at any such election 23 24 vote in favor of the proposition, the result of such election shall be certified to the county board which, upon being satisfied that all the 25 requirements have been substantially complied with, shall cause the 26 proceedings to be entered upon the record of the county board and shall 27 make an order that the levy be made in accordance with the election 28 result and collected as other taxes. 29

30 Sec. 81. Section 79-10,120, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
31 2016, is amended to read:

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1 79-10,120 The school board or board of education of any a Class II, 2 III, IV, V, or VI school district may establish a special fund for purposes of acquiring sites for school buildings or teacherages, 3 purchasing existing buildings for use as school buildings or teacherages, 4 including the sites upon which such buildings are located, and the 5 erection, alteration, equipping, and furnishing of school buildings or 6 teacherages and additions to school buildings for elementary and high 7 8 school grades and for no other purpose. The fund shall be established from the proceeds of an annual levy, to be determined by the board, of 9 not to exceed fourteen cents on each one hundred dollars upon the taxable 10 value of all taxable property in the district which shall be in addition 11 to any other taxes authorized to be levied for school purposes. Such tax 12 13 shall be levied and collected as are other taxes for school purposes.

14 Sec. 82. Section 79-1108.02, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, is 15 amended to read:

16 79-1108.02 (1) The department shall distribute funds appropriated 17 for purposes of this section to local systems as defined in section 18 79-1003 annually on or before October 15. The funds distributed pursuant 19 to this section shall be distributed based on a pro rata share of the 20 eligible costs submitted in grant applications.

(2) Local systems may apply to the department for base funds and 21 matching funds pursuant to this section to be spent on approved 22 23 accelerated or differentiated curriculum programs. Each eligible local 24 system shall receive one-tenth of one percent of the appropriation as base funds plus a pro rata share of the remainder of the appropriation 25 identified students participating in an accelerated 26 based on or differentiated curriculum program, up to ten percent of the prior year's 27 fall membership as defined in section 79-1003, as matching funds. 28 Eligible local systems shall: 29

30 (a) Provide an approved accelerated or differentiated curriculum
 31 program for students identified as learners with high ability;

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(b) Provide funds from other sources for the approved accelerated or
 differentiated curriculum program greater than or equal to fifty percent
 of the matching funds received pursuant to this subsection;

4 (c) Provide an accounting of the funds received pursuant to this 5 section, funds required by subdivision (b) of this subsection, and the 6 total cost of the program on or before August 1 of the year following the 7 receipt of funds in a manner prescribed by the department, not to exceed 8 one report per year; and

9 (d) Provide data regarding the academic progress of students 10 participating in the accelerated or differentiated curriculum program in 11 a manner prescribed by the department, not to exceed one report per 12 year<u>.</u>; and

(e) Include identified students from Class I districts that are part
 of the local system in the accelerated or differentiated curriculum
 program.

16 If a local system will not be providing the necessary matching funds 17 pursuant to subdivision (b) of this subsection, the local system shall 18 request a reduction in the amount received pursuant to this subsection 19 such that the local system will be in compliance with such subdivision. 20 Local systems not complying with the requirements of this subsection 21 shall not be eligible local systems in the following year.

22 Sec. 83. Section 79-1217, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 23 amended to read:

24 79-1217 (1) All educational service units shall be governed by a board to be known as the Board of Educational Service Unit No. 25 Until the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January 2009, the 26 educational service unit board, except the board of an educational 27 28 service unit with only one member school district, shall be composed of one member from each county and four members at large, all of whom shall 29 reside within the geographical boundaries of the educational service 30 unit, but no more than two of the members at large shall be appointed or 31

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1 elected from the same county unless any one county within the educational 2 service unit has a population in excess of one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants or the educational service unit consists of only one county. 3 4 Beginning on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January 2009, 5 the educational service unit board, except the board of an educational service unit with only one member school district, shall be composed of 6 one member elected to represent each election district established 7 pursuant to section 79-1217.01. Successors to the members initially 8 9 appointed pursuant to section 79-1212 shall be elected pursuant to section 32-515. 10

(2) Vacancies in office shall occur as set forth in section 32-560, 11 except as otherwise provided in section 79-1212 regarding the requirement 12 to live in the district represented, or in the case of absences, unless 13 excused by a majority of the remaining members of the board, when a 14 member is absent from the geographical boundaries of the educational 15 service unit for a continuous period of sixty days at one time or from 16 more than two consecutive regular meetings of the board. Whenever any 17 vacancy occurs on the board, the remaining members of such board shall 18 appoint an individual residing within the election district of the 19 educational service unit for which the vacancy exists and meeting the 20 qualifications for the office to fill such vacancy for the balance of the 21 22 unexpired term.

(3) Members of the board shall receive no compensation for their
services but shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses
incurred in the performance of their duties under the Educational Service
Units Act as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177.

(4) <u>Any Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, any</u>
joint school district located in two or more counties shall be considered
a part of the educational service unit in which the greater number of
school-age children of such joint school district reside.

31 (5) Any Class I district which is part of a Class VI district shall

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be considered a part of the educational service unit of which the Class 1 2 VI district is a member. If the Class VI district has removed itself from 3 an educational service unit, each Class I district which is part of such 4 Class VI district may continue its existing membership in an educational 5 service unit or may change its status relative to membership in an 6 educational service unit in accordance with section 79-1209. The patrons 7 of a Class I district maintaining membership in an educational service unit pursuant to this subsection shall have the same rights and 8 9 privileges as other patrons of the educational service unit, and the 10 taxable valuation of the taxable property within the geographic boundaries of such Class I district shall be subject to the educational 11 12 service unit's tax levy established pursuant to section 79-1225.

13 (5) (6) The administrator of each educational service unit, prior to July 1 of each year in which a statewide primary election is to be held, 14 shall certify to the election commissioner or county clerk of each county 15 located within the unit the corporate name of each school district, as 16 17 described in section 79-405, located within the county. If a school district is a joint school district located in two or more counties, the 18 administrator shall certify to each election commissioner or county clerk 19 the educational service unit of which the school district is considered 20 21 to be a part.

22 (6) (7) An educational service unit may consist of a single school 23 district if the single school district is either a Class IV or Class V 24 school district. An educational service unit with only one member school 25 district shall be governed by the school board of such school district 26 and shall participate in one or more of the statewide projects managed by 27 the Educational Service Unit Coordinating Council.

28 Sec. 84. Section 79-1504, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 29 amended to read:

30 79-1504 The provisions of Article III, SECTION A., of the Compact
 31 for Education notwithstanding, the members of the Education Commission of

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1 the States representing this state shall consist of the Governor, three 2 members of the Legislature selected by the Executive Board of the 3 Legislative Council, and three members appointed by the Governor. Of the 4 three members appointed by the Governor, one member shall be a member of 5 a school board or board of education of a Class II, III, IV, V, or VI 6 school district or an appointed representative of a state association of 7 school boards or boards of education representing such districts.

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Sec. 85. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2019.

9 Sec. 86. Original sections 32-570, 32-606, 32-1007, 32-1303, 10 48-303, 72-2304, 77-3444, 79-102, 79-104, 79-203, 79-413, 79-415, 79-418, 79-419, 79-434, 79-443, 79-447, 79-451, 79-458, 79-470, 79-473, 79-479, 11 79-4,108, 79-4,129, 79-501, 79-506, 79-524, 79-525, 79-526, 79-547, 12 13 79-550, 79-554, 79-559, 79-564, 79-569, 79-570, 79-572, 79-577, 79-578, 14 79-579, 79-580, 79-581, 79-586, 79-587, 79-588, 79-594, 79-598, 79-5,104, 15 79-605, 79-728, 79-828, 79-850, 79-1029, 79-1030, 79-1045, 79-1065.02, 16 79-1072, 79-1089, 79-1090, 79-1098, 79-10,100, 79-10,101, 79-10,103, 17 79-10,114, 79-10,117, 79-10,118, 79-1217, and 79-1504, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, sections 79-101, 79-234, 79-499, 79-4,123, 79-528, 18 79-576, 79-611, 79-1036, 79-1075, 79-10,110, 79-10,110.02, and 79-10,120, 19 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, and sections 13-508, 20 79-407, 79-1003, and 79-1108.02, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2017, are 21 22 repealed.

23 The following sections are outright repealed: Sections Sec. 87. 24 10-704, 10-716.01, 23-3302, 32-541, 32-542, 32-546, 79-401, 79-402, 25 79-403, 79-404, 79-406, 79-410, 79-411, 79-416, 79-417, 79-423, 79-424, 79-425, 79-426, 79-427, 79-431, 79-452, 79-453, 79-454, 79-455, 79-472, 26 79-477, 79-478, 79-492, 79-493, 79-494, 79-495, 79-4,100, 79-4,101, 27 28 79-4,102, 79-4,103, 79-4,104, 79-4,109, 79-4,110, 79-4,111, 79-519, 79-523, 79-540, 79-541, 79-542, 79-548, 79-553, 79-556, 79-557, 79-558, 29 79-563, 79-565, 79-568, 79-585, 79-5,107, 79-5,108, 79-716, 79-717, 30 79-8,110, 79-1027.01, 79-1077, 79-1078, 79-1083.02, 79-1099, 79-10,111, 31

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- 1 79-10,113, 79-10,121, 79-10,122, 79-10,123, 79-10,124, and 79-10,125,
- 2 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.