LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED THIRD LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 203

Introduced by Scheer, 19; Brasch, 16; Kolowski, 31; Smith, 14. Read first time January 15, 2013

Committee: Natural Resources

A BILL

- FOR AN ACT relating to the Environmental Protection Act; to amend section 81-1502, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to define and redefine terms relating to solid waste; and to repeal the original section.
- 5 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 81-1502, Reissue Revised Statutes of

- 2 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3 81-1502 For purposes of the Environmental Protection Act,
- 4 unless the context otherwise requires:
- 5 (1) Air contaminant or air contamination shall mean the
- 6 presence in the outdoor atmosphere of any dust, fume, mist, smoke,
- 7 vapor, gas, other gaseous fluid, or particulate substance differing
- 8 in composition from or exceeding in concentration the natural
- 9 components of the atmosphere;
- 10 (2) Air pollution shall mean the presence in the outdoor
- 11 atmosphere of one or more air contaminants or combinations thereof in
- 12 such quantities and of such duration as are or may tend to be
- 13 injurious to human, plant, or animal life, property, or the conduct
- 14 of business;
- 15 (3) Chairperson shall mean the chairperson of the
- 16 Environmental Quality Council and council shall mean the
- 17 Environmental Quality Council;
- 18 (4) Complaint shall mean any charge, however informal, to
- 19 or by the council, that any person or agency, private or public, is
- 20 polluting the air, land, or water or is violating the Environmental
- 21 Protection Act or any rule or regulation of the department in respect
- 22 thereof;
- 23 (5) Control and controlling shall include prohibition and
- 24 prohibiting as related to air, land, or water pollution;
- 25 (6) Department shall mean the Department of Environmental

- 1 Quality, which department is hereby created;
- 2 (7) Director shall mean the Director of Environmental
- 3 Quality, which position is hereby established;
- 4 (8) Disposal system shall mean a system for disposing of
- 5 wastes, including hazardous wastes, either by surface or underground
- 6 methods, and includes sewerage systems and treatment works, disposal
- 7 wells and fields, and other systems;
- 8 (9) Emissions shall mean releases or discharges into the
- 9 outdoor atmosphere of any air contaminant or combination thereof;
- 10 (10) Person shall mean any: Individual; partnership;
- 11 limited liability company; association; public or private
- 12 corporation; trustee; receiver; assignee; agent; municipality or
- other governmental subdivision; public agency; other legal entity; or
- 14 any officer or governing or managing body of any public or private
- 15 corporation, municipality, governmental subdivision, public agency,
- 16 or other legal entity;
- 17 (11) Rule or regulation shall mean any rule or regulation
- 18 of the department;
- 19 (12) Sewerage system shall mean pipelines, conduits,
- 20 pumping stations, force mains, and all other constructions, devices,
- 21 appurtenances, and facilities used for collecting or conducting
- 22 wastes to an ultimate point for treatment or disposal;
- 23 (13) Treatment works shall mean any plant or other works
- 24 used for the purpose of treating, stabilizing, or holding wastes;
- 25 (14) Wastes shall mean sewage, industrial waste, and all

1 other liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substances which

- 2 may pollute or tend to pollute any air, land, or waters of the state;
- 3 (15) Refuse shall mean putrescible and nonputrescible
- 4 solid wastes, except body wastes, and includes garbage, rubbish,
- 5 ashes, incinerator ash, incinerator residue, street cleanings, and
- 6 solid market and industrial wastes;
- 7 (16) Garbage shall mean rejected food wastes, including
- 8 waste accumulation of animal, fruit, or vegetable matter used or
- 9 intended for food or that attend the preparation, use, cooking,
- 10 dealing in, or storing of meat, fish, fowl, fruit, or vegetables, and
- 11 dead animals rejected by rendering plants;
- 12 (17) Rubbish shall mean nonputrescible solid wastes,
- 13 excluding ashes, consisting of both combustible and noncombustible
- 14 wastes, such as paper, cardboard, tin cans, yard clippings, wood,
- 15 glass, bedding, crockery, or litter of any kind that will be a
- 16 detriment to the public health and safety;
- 17 (18) Junk shall mean old scrap, copper, brass, iron,
- 18 steel, rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber debris, waste,
- 19 dismantled or wrecked automobiles, or parts thereof, and other old or
- 20 scrap ferrous or nonferrous material;
- 21 (19) Land pollution shall mean the presence upon or
- 22 within the land resources of the state of one or more contaminants or
- 23 combinations of contaminants, including, but not limited to, refuse,
- 24 garbage, rubbish, or junk, in such quantities and of such quality as
- 25 will or are likely to (a) create a nuisance, (b) be harmful,

1 detrimental, or injurious to public health, safety, or welfare, (c)

- 2 be injurious to plant and animal life and property, or (d) be
- 3 detrimental to the economic and social development, the scenic
- 4 beauty, or the enjoyment of the natural attractions of the state;
- 5 (20) Water pollution shall mean the manmade or man-
- 6 induced alteration of the chemical, physical, biological, or
- 7 radiological integrity of water;
- 8 (21) Waters of the state shall mean all waters within the
- 9 jurisdiction of this state, including all streams, lakes, ponds,
- 10 impounding reservoirs, marshes, wetlands, watercourses, waterways,
- 11 wells, springs, irrigation systems, drainage systems, and all other
- 12 bodies or accumulations of water, surface or underground, natural or
- 13 artificial, public or private, situated wholly or partly within or
- 14 bordering upon the state;
- 15 (22) Point source shall mean any discernible confined and
- 16 discrete conveyance, including, but not limited to, any pipe, ditch,
- 17 channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling
- 18 stock, or vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or
- 19 may be discharged;
- 20 (23) Effluent limitation shall mean any restriction,
- 21 including a schedule of compliance, established by the council on
- 22 quantities, rates, and concentrations of chemical, physical,
- 23 biological, and other constituents which are discharged from point
- 24 sources into waters of the state;
- 25 (24) Schedule of compliance shall mean a schedule of

1 remedial measures including an enforceable sequence of actions or

- 2 operations leading to compliance with an effluent limitation, other
- 3 limitation, prohibition, or standard;
- 4 (25) Hazardous waste shall mean a solid waste, or
- 5 combination of solid wastes, which because of its quantity,
- 6 concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious characteristics
- 7 may (a) cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality
- 8 or an increase in serious irreversible, or incapacitating reversible,
- 9 illness or (b) pose a substantial present or potential hazard to
- 10 human or animal health or the environment when improperly treated,
- 11 stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise managed;
- 12 (26) Solid waste shall mean any garbage, refuse, or
- 13 sludge from a waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or
- 14 air pollution control facility and other discarded material,
- 15 including solid, liquid, semisolid, or contained gaseous material
- 16 resulting from industrial, commercial, and mining operations and from
- 17 community activities, but solid waste shall not include products,
- 18 solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial
- 19 discharges which are point sources subject to permits under section
- 20 402 of the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., or
- 21 source, special nuclear, or byproduct material as defined by the
- 22 Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, 68 Stat. 923;
- 23 (27) Storage, when used in connection with hazardous
- 24 waste, shall mean the containment of hazardous waste, either on a
- 25 temporary basis or for a period of years, in such manner as not to

- 1 constitute disposal of such hazardous waste;
- 2 (28) Manifest shall mean the form used for identifying
- 3 the quantity, composition, origin, routing, and destination of
- 4 hazardous waste during its transportation from the point of
- 5 generation to the point of disposal, treatment, or storage;
- 6 (29) Processing shall mean to treat, detoxify,
- 7 neutralize, incinerate, biodegrade, or otherwise process a hazardous
- 8 waste to remove such waste's harmful properties or characteristics
- 9 for disposal in accordance with regulations established by the
- 10 council;
- 11 (30) Well shall mean a bored, drilled, or driven shaft or
- 12 a dug hole, the depth of which is greater than the largest surface
- 13 dimension of such shaft or hole;
- 14 (31) Injection well shall mean a well into which fluids
- 15 are injected;
- 16 (32) Fluid shall mean a material or substance which flows
- 17 or moves whether in a semisolid, liquid, sludge, gas, or other form
- 18 or state;
- 19 (33) Mineral production well shall mean a well drilled to
- 20 promote extraction of mineral resources or energy, including, but not
- 21 limited to, a well designed for (a) mining of sulfur by the Frasch
- 22 process, (b) solution mining of sodium chloride, potash, phosphate,
- 23 copper, uranium, or any other mineral which can be mined by this
- 24 process, (c) in situ combustion of coal, tar sands, oil shale, or any
- 25 other fossil fuel, or (d) recovery of geothermal energy for the

1 production of electric power. Mineral production well shall not

- 2 include any well designed for conventional oil or gas production, for
- 3 use of fluids to promote enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas, or
- 4 for injection of hydrocarbons for storage purposes;
- 5 (34) Mineral exploration hole shall mean a hole bored,
- 6 drilled, driven, or dug in the act of exploring for a mineral other
- 7 than oil and gas;
- 8 (35) Solution mining shall mean the use of an injection
- 9 well and fluids to promote the extraction of mineral resources;
- 10 (36) Uranium shall mean tri-uranium oct-oxide;
- 11 (37) Solid waste management facility shall mean a
- 12 facility as defined in section 13-2010; and
- 13 (38) Livestock waste control facility shall have the same
- 14 meaning as in section 54-2417; and -
- 15 (39) Products shall mean any materials which are an
- 16 <u>intended output or result of a fabrication, manufacturing, or</u>
- 17 production process, and are sold and distributed in the stream of
- 18 commerce for consumption, use, or further processing into another
- 19 desired commodity. A product must be managed as an item of value in a
- 20 <u>controlled manner and not as a discarded material.</u>
- 21 Sec. 2. Original section 81-1502, Reissue Revised
- 22 Statutes of Nebraska, is repealed.