

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA
 ONE HUNDRED THIRD LEGISLATURE
 FIRST SESSION
LEGISLATIVE BILL 585

Final Reading

Introduced by Smith, 14; Murante, 49.

Read first time January 23, 2013

Committee: Education

A BILL

1 FOR AN ACT relating to learning communities; to amend section
 2 79-2104.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and
 3 sections 77-3442, 79-611, and 79-2104, Revised Statutes
 4 Cumulative Supplement, 2012; to provide authority for
 5 early childhood education programs for children in
 6 poverty; to change levy limits, free transportation
 7 qualifications, learning community coordinating council
 8 powers, and advisory committee duties; to provide a duty
 9 for the Revisor of Statutes; and to repeal the original
 10 sections.
 11 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Cumulative
2 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

3 77-3442 (1) Property tax levies for the support of local
4 governments for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998,
5 shall be limited to the amounts set forth in this section except as
6 provided in section 77-3444.

7 (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this
8 section, school districts and multiple-district school systems,
9 except learning communities and school districts that are members of
10 learning communities, may levy a maximum levy of one dollar and five
11 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property
12 subject to the levy.

13 (b) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a
14 maximum levy for the general fund budgets of member school districts
15 of ninety-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of
16 property subject to the levy. The proceeds from the levy pursuant to
17 this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to section 79-1073.

18 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this
19 section, for each fiscal year, school districts that are members of
20 learning communities may levy for purposes of such districts' general
21 fund budget and special building funds a maximum combined levy of the
22 difference of one dollar and five cents on each one hundred dollars
23 of taxable property subject to the levy minus the learning community
24 levies pursuant to subdivisions (2)(b) and (2)(g) of this section for
25 such learning community.

1 (d) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (2)(a)
2 and (2)(c) of this section are amounts levied to pay for sums agreed
3 to be paid by a school district to certificated employees in exchange
4 for a voluntary termination of employment and amounts levied to pay
5 for special building funds and sinking funds established for projects
6 commenced prior to April 1, 1996, for construction, expansion, or
7 alteration of school district buildings. For purposes of this
8 subsection, commenced means any action taken by the school board on
9 the record which commits the board to expend district funds in
10 planning, constructing, or carrying out the project.

11 (e) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum
12 levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (2)(c) of this section only
13 to the extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid pursuant to
14 Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed on September
15 1, 2001. For purposes of this subdivision, federal aid school
16 district means any school district which receives ten percent or more
17 of the revenue for its general fund budget from federal government
18 sources pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title
19 existed on September 1, 2001.

20 (f) For school fiscal year 2002-03 through school fiscal
21 year 2007-08, school districts and multiple-district school systems
22 may, upon a three-fourths majority vote of the school board of the
23 school district, the board of the unified system, or the school board
24 of the high school district of the multiple-district school system
25 that is not a unified system, exceed the maximum levy prescribed by

1 subdivision (2)(a) of this section in an amount equal to the net
2 difference between the amount of state aid that would have been
3 provided under the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support
4 Act without the temporary aid adjustment factor as defined in section
5 79-1003 for the ensuing school fiscal year for the school district or
6 multiple-district school system and the amount provided with the
7 temporary aid adjustment factor. The State Department of Education
8 shall certify to the school districts and multiple-district school
9 systems the amount by which the maximum levy may be exceeded for the
10 next school fiscal year pursuant to this subdivision (f) of this
11 subsection on or before February 15 for school fiscal years 2004-05
12 through 2007-08.

13 (g) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a
14 maximum levy of two cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable
15 property subject to the levy for special building funds for member
16 school districts. The proceeds from the levy pursuant to this
17 subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to section 79-1073.01.

18 (h) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a
19 maximum levy of ~~two cents~~ one-half cent on each one hundred dollars
20 of taxable property subject to the levy for elementary learning
21 center facility leases, for remodeling of leased elementary learning
22 center facilities, and for up to fifty percent of the estimated cost
23 for focus school or program capital projects approved by the learning
24 community coordinating council pursuant to section 79-2111.

25 (i) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a

1 maximum levy of one ~~cent~~ and one-half cents on each one hundred
2 dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for early childhood
3 education programs for children in poverty, for elementary learning
4 center employees, for contracts with other entities or individuals
5 who are not employees of the learning community for elementary
6 learning center programs and services, and for pilot projects, except
7 that no more than ten percent of such levy may be used for elementary
8 learning center employees.

9 (3)(a) For fiscal years 2011-12 and 2012-13, community
10 college areas may levy a maximum of ten and one-quarter cents per one
11 hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy
12 for operating expenditures and may also levy the additional levies
13 provided in subdivisions (1)(b) and (c) of section 85-1517.

14 (b) For fiscal year 2013-14 and each fiscal year
15 thereafter, community college areas may levy the levies provided in
16 subdivisions (2)(a) through (c) of section 85-1517, in accordance
17 with the provisions of such subdivisions. A community college area
18 may exceed the levy provided in subdivision (2)(b) of section 85-1517
19 by the amount necessary to retire general obligation bonds assumed by
20 the community college area or issued pursuant to section 85-1515
21 according to the terms of such bonds or for any obligation pursuant
22 to section 85-1535 entered into prior to January 1, 1997.

23 (4)(a) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum
24 levy of four and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable
25 valuation of property subject to the levy.

1 (b) Natural resources districts shall also have the power
2 and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their
3 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water
4 management activities and integrated management activities under the
5 Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their
6 restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water
7 management activities and integrated management activities for
8 FY2003-04, not to exceed one cent on each one hundred dollars of
9 taxable valuation annually on all of the taxable property within the
10 district.

11 (c) In addition, natural resources districts located in a
12 river basin, subbasin, or reach that has been determined to be fully
13 appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated as
14 overappropriated pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department of
15 Natural Resources shall also have the power and authority to levy a
16 tax equal to the dollar amount by which their restricted funds
17 budgeted to administer and implement ground water management
18 activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska
19 Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted
20 funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management
21 activities and integrated management activities for FY2005-06, not to
22 exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable valuation
23 on all of the taxable property within the district for fiscal year
24 2006-07 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year 2017-18.

25 (5) Any educational service unit authorized to levy a

1 property tax pursuant to section 79-1225 may levy a maximum levy of
2 one and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation
3 of property subject to the levy.

4 (6)(a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not
5 within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy
6 of forty-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of
7 property subject to the levy plus an additional five cents per one
8 hundred dollars of taxable valuation to provide financing for the
9 municipality's share of revenue required under an agreement or
10 agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the
11 Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts
12 levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant to section
13 51-201, museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting community nurse,
14 home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637,
15 or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.

16 (b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the
17 boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety
18 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property
19 subject to the levy. The maximum levy shall include amounts paid to a
20 municipal county for county services, amounts levied to pay for sums
21 to support a library pursuant to section 51-201, a museum pursuant to
22 section 51-501, a visiting community nurse, home health nurse, or
23 home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637, or a statue,
24 memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.

25 (7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in

1 existence for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty
2 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property
3 subject to the levy, and sanitary and improvement districts which
4 have been in existence for five years or less shall not have a
5 maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and improvement districts which
6 have been in existence for more than five years and are located in a
7 municipal county may levy a maximum of eighty-five cents per hundred
8 dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.

9 (8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of
10 fifty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property
11 subject to the levy, except that five cents per one hundred dollars
12 of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy may only be
13 levied to provide financing for the county's share of revenue
14 required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the
15 Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. The
16 maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay for sums to support
17 a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to section
18 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen cents of its authority
19 to other political subdivisions subject to allocation of property tax
20 authority under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 and not
21 specifically covered in this section to levy taxes as authorized by
22 law which do not collectively exceed fifteen cents per one hundred
23 dollars of taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable
24 property. The county may allocate to one or more other political
25 subdivisions subject to allocation of property tax authority by the

1 county under subsection (1) of section 77-3443 some or all of the
2 county's five cents per one hundred dollars of valuation authorized
3 for support of an agreement or agreements to be levied by the
4 political subdivision for the purpose of supporting that political
5 subdivision's share of revenue required under an agreement or
6 agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the
7 Joint Public Agency Act. If an allocation by a county would cause
8 another county to exceed its levy authority under this section, the
9 second county may exceed the levy authority in order to levy the
10 amount allocated. Property tax levies for costs of reassumption of
11 the assessment function pursuant to section 77-1340 or 77-1340.04 are
12 not included in the levy limits established in this subsection for
13 fiscal years 2010-11 through 2013-14.

14 (9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum
15 levy of one dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of
16 property subject to the levy. The municipal county may allocate levy
17 authority to any political subdivision or entity subject to
18 allocation under section 77-3443.

19 (10) Property tax levies (a) for judgments, except
20 judgments or orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations,
21 obtained against a political subdivision which require or obligate a
22 political subdivision to pay such judgment, to the extent such
23 judgment is not paid by liability insurance coverage of a political
24 subdivision, (b) for preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved
25 prior to July 1, 1998, (c) for bonds as defined in section 10-134

1 approved according to law and secured by a levy on property except as
2 provided in section 44-4317 for bonded indebtedness issued by
3 educational service units and school districts, and (d) for payments
4 by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the Department
5 of Aeronautics in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the
6 public airport are not included in the levy limits established by
7 this section.

8 (11) The limitations on tax levies provided in this
9 section are to include all other general or special levies provided
10 by law. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only exceptions
11 to the limits in this section are those provided by or authorized by
12 sections 77-3442 to 77-3444.

13 (12) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in this
14 section shall be considered unauthorized levies under section 77-1606
15 unless approved under section 77-3444.

16 (13) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444,
17 political subdivision means a political subdivision of this state and
18 a county agricultural society.

19 (14) For school districts that file a binding resolution
20 on or before May 9, 2008, with the county assessors, county clerks,
21 and county treasurers for all counties in which the school district
22 has territory pursuant to subsection (7) of section 79-458, if the
23 combined levies, except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by
24 the voters of the school district and levies for the refinancing of
25 such bonded indebtedness, are in excess of the greater of (a) one

1 dollar and twenty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation
2 of property subject to the levy or (b) the maximum levy authorized by
3 a vote pursuant to section 77-3444, all school district levies,
4 except levies for bonded indebtedness approved by the voters of the
5 school district and levies for the refinancing of such bonded
6 indebtedness, shall be considered unauthorized levies under section
7 77-1606.

8 Sec. 2. Section 79-611, Revised Statutes Cumulative
9 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

10 79-611 (1) The school board of any school district shall
11 provide free transportation, partially provide free transportation,
12 or pay an allowance for transportation in lieu of free transportation
13 as follows:

14 (a) When a student attends an elementary school in his or
15 her own district and lives more than four miles from the public
16 schoolhouse in such district as measured by the shortest route that
17 must actually and necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle to reach
18 the student's residence;

19 (b) When a student is required to attend an elementary
20 school outside of his or her own district and lives more than four
21 miles from such elementary school as measured by the shortest route
22 that must actually and necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle to
23 reach the student's residence;

24 (c) When a student attends a secondary school in his or
25 her own Class II or Class III school district and lives more than

1 four miles from the public schoolhouse as measured by the shortest
2 route that must actually and necessarily be traveled by motor vehicle
3 to reach the student's residence. This subdivision does not apply
4 when one or more Class I school districts merge with a Class VI
5 school district to form a new Class II or III school district on or
6 after January 1, 1997; and

7 (d) When a student, other than a student in grades ten
8 through twelve in a Class V district, attends an elementary or junior
9 high school in his or her own Class V district and lives more than
10 four miles from the public schoolhouse in such district as measured
11 by the shortest route that must actually and necessarily be traveled
12 by motor vehicle to reach the student's residence.

13 (2)(a) The school board of any school district that is a
14 member of a learning community shall provide free transportation for
15 a student who resides in such learning community and attends school
16 in such school district if (i) the student is transferring pursuant
17 to the open enrollment provisions of section 79-2110, qualifies for
18 free or reduced-price lunches, ~~and~~ lives more than one mile from the
19 school to which he or she transfers, and is not otherwise
20 disqualified under subdivision (2)(c) of this section, (ii) the
21 student is transferring pursuant to ~~such—the~~ open enrollment
22 provisions of section 79-2110, is a student who contributes to the
23 socioeconomic diversity of enrollment at the school building he or
24 she attends, ~~and~~ lives more than one mile from the school to which he
25 or she transfers, and is not otherwise disqualified under subdivision

1 (2)(c) of this section, (iii) the student is attending a focus school
2 or program and lives more than one mile from the school building
3 housing the focus school or program, or (iv) the student is attending
4 a magnet school or program and lives more than one mile from the
5 magnet school or the school housing the magnet program.

6 (b) For purposes of this subsection, student who
7 contributes to the socioeconomic diversity of enrollment at the
8 school building he or she attends has the definition found in section
9 79-2110. This subsection does not prohibit a school district that is
10 a member of a learning community from providing transportation to any
11 intradistrict student.

12 (c) For any student who resides within a learning
13 community and transfers to another school building pursuant to the
14 open enrollment provisions of section 79-2110 and who had not been
15 accepted for open enrollment into any school building within such
16 district prior to the effective date of this act, the school board is
17 exempt from the requirement of subdivision (2)(a) of this section if
18 (i) the student is transferring to another school building within his
19 or her home school district or (ii) the student is transferring to a
20 school building in a school district that does not share a common
21 border with his or her home school district.

22 (3) The transportation allowance which may be paid to the
23 parent, custodial parent, or guardian of students qualifying for free
24 transportation pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section
25 shall equal two hundred eighty-five percent of the mileage rate

1 provided in section 81-1176, multiplied by each mile actually and
2 necessarily traveled, on each day of attendance, beyond which the
3 one-way distance from the residence of the student to the schoolhouse
4 exceeds three miles.

5 (4) Whenever students from more than one family travel to
6 school in the same vehicle, the transportation allowance prescribed
7 in subsection (3) of this section shall be payable as follows:

8 (a) To the parent, custodial parent, or guardian
9 providing transportation for students from other families, one
10 hundred percent of the amount prescribed in subsection (3) of this
11 section for the transportation of students of such parent's,
12 custodial parent's, or guardian's own family and an additional five
13 percent for students of each other family not to exceed a maximum of
14 one hundred twenty-five percent of the amount determined pursuant to
15 subsection (3) of this section; and

16 (b) To the parent, custodial parent, or guardian not
17 providing transportation for students of other families, two hundred
18 eighty-five percent of the mileage rate provided in section 81-1176
19 multiplied by each mile actually and necessarily traveled, on each
20 day of attendance, from the residence of the student to the pick-up
21 point at which students transfer to the vehicle of a parent,
22 custodial parent, or guardian described in subdivision (a) of this
23 subsection.

24 (5) When a student who qualifies under the mileage
25 requirements of subsection (1) of this section lives more than three

1 miles from the location where the student must be picked up and
2 dropped off in order to access school-provided free transportation,
3 as measured by the shortest route that must actually and necessarily
4 be traveled by motor vehicle between his or her residence and such
5 location, such school-provided transportation shall be deemed
6 partially provided free transportation. School districts partially
7 providing free transportation shall pay an allowance to the student's
8 parent or guardian equal to two hundred eighty-five percent of the
9 mileage rate provided in section 81-1176 multiplied by each mile
10 actually and necessarily traveled, on each day of attendance, beyond
11 which the one-way distance from the residence of the student to the
12 location where the student must be picked up and dropped off exceeds
13 three miles.

14 (6) The board may authorize school-provided
15 transportation to any student who does not qualify under the mileage
16 requirements of subsection (1) of this section and may charge a fee
17 to the parent or guardian of the student for such service. An
18 affiliated high school district may provide free transportation or
19 pay the allowance described in this section for high school students
20 residing in an affiliated Class I district. No transportation
21 payments shall be made to a family for mileage not actually traveled
22 by such family. The number of days the student has attended school
23 shall be reported monthly by the teacher to the board of such public
24 school district.

25 (7) No more than one allowance shall be made to a family

1 irrespective of the number of students in a family being transported
2 to school. If a family resides in a Class I district which is part of
3 a Class VI district and has students enrolled in any of the grades
4 offered by the Class I district and in any of the non-high-school
5 grades offered by the Class VI district, such family shall receive
6 not more than one allowance for the distance actually traveled when
7 both districts are on the same direct travel route with one district
8 being located a greater distance from the residence than the other.
9 In such cases, the travel allowance shall be prorated among the
10 school districts involved.

11 (8) No student shall be exempt from school attendance on
12 account of distance from the public schoolhouse.

13 Sec. 3. Section 79-2104, Revised Statutes Cumulative
14 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

15 79-2104 A learning community coordinating council shall
16 have the authority to:

17 (1) Levy a common levy for the general funds of member
18 school districts pursuant to sections 77-3442 and 79-1073;

19 (2) Levy a common levy for the special building funds of
20 member school districts pursuant to sections 77-3442 and 79-1073.01;

21 (3) Levy for elementary learning center facility leases,
22 for remodeling of leased elementary learning center facilities, and
23 for up to fifty percent of the estimated cost for focus school or
24 program capital projects approved by the learning community
25 coordinating council pursuant to subdivision (2)(h) of section

1 77-3442 and section 79-2111;

2 (4) Levy for early childhood education programs for
3 children in poverty, for elementary learning center employees, for
4 contracts with other entities or individuals who are not employees of
5 the learning community for elementary learning center programs and
6 services, and for pilot projects pursuant to subdivision (2)(i) of
7 section 77-3442, except that not more than ten percent of such levy
8 may be used for elementary learning center employees;

9 (5) Collect, analyze, and report data and information,
10 including, but not limited to, information provided by a school
11 district pursuant to subsection (5) of section 79-201;

12 (6) Approve focus schools and focus programs to be
13 operated by member school districts;

14 (7) Adopt, approve, and implement a diversity plan which
15 shall include open enrollment and may include focus schools, focus
16 programs, magnet schools, and pathways pursuant to section 79-2110;

17 (8) Administer the open enrollment provisions in section
18 79-2110 for the learning community as part of a diversity plan
19 developed by the council to provide educational opportunities which
20 will result in increased diversity in schools across the learning
21 community;

22 (9) Annually conduct school fairs to provide students and
23 parents the opportunity to explore the educational opportunities
24 available at each school in the learning community and develop other
25 methods for encouraging access to such information and promotional

1 materials;

2 (10) Develop and approve reorganization plans for
3 submission pursuant to the Learning Community Reorganization Act;

4 (11) Establish and administer elementary learning centers
5 through achievement subcouncils pursuant to sections 79-2112 to
6 79-2114;

7 (12) Administer the learning community funds distributed
8 to the learning community pursuant to section 79-2111;

9 (13) Approve or disapprove poverty plans and limited
10 English proficiency plans for member school districts through
11 achievement subcouncils established under section 79-2117;

12 (14) Establish a procedure for receiving community input
13 and complaints regarding the learning community;

14 (15) Establish a procedure to assist parents, citizens,
15 and member school districts in accessing an approved center pursuant
16 to the Dispute Resolution Act to resolve disputes involving member
17 school districts or the learning community. Such procedure may
18 include payment by the learning community for some mediation
19 services;

20 (16) Establish and administer pilot projects related to
21 enhancing the academic achievement of elementary students,
22 particularly students who face challenges in the educational
23 environment due to factors such as poverty, limited English skills,
24 and mobility; ~~and~~

25 (17) Provide funding to public or private entities

1 engaged in the juvenile justice system providing profiling and
2 diversion programming designed to reduce excessive absenteeism and
3 unnecessary involvement with the juvenile justice system; and -

4 (18) Hold public hearings at its discretion in response
5 to issues raised by residents regarding the learning community, a
6 member school district, and academic achievement.

7 Sec. 4. Section 79-2104.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of
8 Nebraska, is amended to read:

9 79-2104.01 Each learning community coordinating council
10 shall have an advisory committee composed of the superintendent from
11 each member school district or his or her representative. ~~The~~
12 ~~advisory committee shall meet at least four times each year to review~~
13 ~~issues related to open enrollment and proposals for focus programs,~~
14 ~~focus schools, magnet schools, and pathways, to provide~~
15 ~~recommendations for improving academic achievement across the~~
16 ~~learning community, and to provide input to the learning community~~
17 ~~coordinating council on other issues as requested. The advisory~~
18 committee shall:

19 (1) Review issues related to open enrollment;

20 (2) Review proposals for focus programs, focus schools,
21 magnet schools, and pathways;

22 (3) Provide recommendations for improving academic
23 achievement across the learning community;

24 (4) Provide recommendations for improving the learning
25 community's diversity plan;

1 (5) Submit a plan to the learning community coordinating
2 council providing for the implementation and administration of early
3 childhood education programs for children in poverty; and

4 (6) Provide input to the learning community coordinating
5 council on other issues as requested.

6 Sec. 5. The advisory committee described in section
7 79-2104.01 shall submit a plan as provided in subdivision (5) of
8 section 79-2104.01 to the learning community coordinating council for
9 any early childhood education programs for children in poverty and
10 the services to be provided by such programs. In developing the plan,
11 the advisory committee shall seek input from member school districts
12 and community resources and collaborate with such resources in order
13 to maximize the available opportunities and resources for such
14 programs. The advisory committee may, as part of such plan, recommend
15 services to be provided through contract with, or grants to, school
16 districts to provide or contract for some or all of the services. The
17 advisory committee shall take special efforts to establish early
18 childhood education programs for children in poverty so that such
19 programs are readily available and accessible to children and
20 families located in areas with a high concentration of poverty.

21 Sec. 6. The Revisor of Statutes shall assign section 5 of
22 this act to Chapter 79, article 21.

23 Sec. 7. Original section 79-2104.01, Reissue Revised
24 Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 77-3442, 79-611, and 79-2104,
25 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2012, are repealed.