### LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

### ONE HUNDRED THIRD LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

# LEGISLATIVE BILL 140

## Final Reading

Introduced by Krist, 10.

Read first time January 11, 2013

Committee: Government, Military and Veterans Affairs

### A BILL

1	FOR AN ACT	relating to the Airport Zoning Act; to amend sections
2		3-301, 3-302, 3-303, 3-304, 3-306, 3-307, 3-308, 3-309,
3		3-310, 3-311, 3-312, 3-313, 3-314, 3-319, 3-320, 3-324,
4		3-329, 3-330, 3-331, and 3-333, Reissue Revised Statutes
5		of Nebraska; to provide airport hazard area dimensions;
6		to change provisions relating to airport hazard area
7		zoning regulations, the board of adjustment, and judicial
8		review; to define and redefine terms; to change a
9		penalty; to eliminate provisions relating to appeal of
10		zoning regulations, the board of adjustment, and judicial
11		review; to harmonize provisions; to repeal the original
12		sections; and to outright repeal sections 3-315, 3-316,
12		sections, and to outright repeat sections 3-313, 3-310,
13		3-317, 3-318, 3-321, 3-322, 3-325, 3-326, and 3-327,

15 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 3-301, Reissue Revised Statutes of

- 2 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3 3-301 For purposes of the Airport Zoning Act, unless the
- 4 context otherwise requires:
- 5 (1)(a) Airport means any an area of land or water
- 6 designed and set aside that is used or intended to be used for the
- 7 landing and taking off takeoff of aircraft and utilized or to be
- 8 utilized in the interest of the public for such purposes; includes
- 9 any related buildings and facilities.
- 10 (b) Airport includes only public-use airports with state
- 11 or federally approved airport layout plans and military airports with
- 12 <u>military service-approved military layout plans;</u>
- 13 (2) Airport hazard means any structure or tree or use of
- 14 land which obstructs the airspace required for the flight of aircraft
- 15 in landing or taking off at an airport or is otherwise hazardous to
- 16 such landing or taking off of aircraft; that penetrates any approach,
- 17 operation, transition, or turning zone;
- 18 (3) Airport hazard area means any area of land or water
- 19 upon which an airport hazard might be established if not prevented as
- 20 provided in the act, but such area shall not extend in any direction
- 21 a distance in excess of three miles from the adjacent boundary of an
- 22 airport; the limits provided for approach, operation, transition, and
- 23 turning zones;
- 24 (4) Airport layout plan means a scaled drawing of
- 25 existing and proposed land, buildings, and facilities necessary for

1 the operation and development of an airport prepared in accordance

- 2 with state rules and regulations and federal regulations and
- 3 guidelines;
- 4 (5) Approach zone means a zone that extends from the end
- 5 of each operation zone and is centered along the extended runway
- 6 <u>centerlines</u>. Approach zone dimensions are as follows:
- 7 (a) For an existing or proposed instrument runway:
- 8 (i) An approach zone extends ten miles from the operation
- 9 zone, measured along the extended runway centerline. The approach
- 10 zone is one thousand feet wide at the end of the zone nearest the
- 11 runway and expands uniformly to sixteen thousand eight hundred forty
- 12 <u>feet wide at the farthest end of the zone; and</u>
- 13 (ii) The height limit of an approach zone begins at the
- 14 elevation of the runway end for which it is the approach and rises
- 15 one foot vertically for every fifty feet horizontally, except that
- 16 the height limit shall not exceed one hundred fifty feet above the
- 17 nearest existing or proposed runway end elevation within three miles
- 18 of the end of the operation zone at that runway end. At three miles
- 19 from such operation zone, the height limit resumes sloping one foot
- 20 vertically for every fifty feet horizontally and continues to the
- 21 <u>ten-mile limit; and</u>
- 22 (b) For an existing or proposed visual runway:
- (i) An approach zone extends from the operation zone to
- 24 the limits of the turning zone, measured along the extended runway
- 25 centerline. The approach zone is five hundred feet wide at the end of

1 the zone nearest the runway and expands uniformly so that at a point

- 2 on the extended runway centerline three miles from the operation
- 3 zone, the approach zone is three thousand seven hundred feet wide;
- 4 and
- 5 (ii) The height limit of an approach zone begins at the
- 6 elevation of the runway end for which it is the approach and rises
- 7 one foot vertically for every forty feet horizontally, except that
- 8 the height limit shall not exceed one hundred fifty feet above the
- 9 nearest existing or proposed runway end elevation within three miles
- of the end of the operation zone at that runway end;
- 11 (6) Electric facility means an overhead electrical line,
- 12 <u>including poles or other supporting structures</u>, owned or operated by
- 13 an electric supplier as defined in section 70-1001.01, for the
- 14 transmission or distribution of electrical power to the electric
- 15 <u>supplier's customers;</u>
- 16 (7) Existing runway means an instrument runway or a
- 17 visual runway that is paved or made of turf that has been constructed
- 18 <u>or is under construction;</u>
- 19 (8) Instrument runway means an existing runway with
- 20 precision or nonprecision instrument approaches as developed and
- 21 published by the Federal Aviation Administration or an existing or
- 22 proposed runway with future precision or nonprecision instrument
- 23 approaches reflected on the airport layout plan. After the effective
- 24 date of this act, an airport shall not designate an existing or
- 25 proposed runway as an instrument runway if the runway was not

1 previously designated as such without the approval of the airport's

- 2 governing body after a public hearing on such designation;
- 3 (9) Operation zone means a zone that is longitudinally
- 4 centered on each existing or proposed runway. Operation zone
- 5 dimensions are as follows:
- 6 (a) For existing and proposed paved runways, the
- 7 operation zone extends two hundred feet beyond the ends of each
- 8 runway. For existing and proposed turf runways, the operation zone
- 9 begins and ends at the same points as the runway begins and ends;
- 10 (b) For existing and proposed instrument runways, the
- 11 operation zone is one thousand feet wide, with five hundred feet on
- 12 either side of the runway centerline. For all other existing and
- 13 proposed runways, the operation zone is five hundred feet wide, with
- 14 two hundred fifty feet on either side of the runway centerline; and
- 15 (c) The height limit of the operation zone is the same as
- 16 the height of the runway centerline elevation on an existing or
- 17 proposed runway or the surface of the ground, whichever is higher;
- 18 (4) Political subdivision means any municipality, city,
- 19 village, or county;
- 20 (5)—(10) Person means any individual, firm, partnership,
- 21 limited liability company, corporation, company, association, joint-
- 22 stock association, or body politic and includes any trustee,
- 23 receiver, assignee, or other similar representative thereof;
- 24 (11) Political subdivision means any municipality, city,
- 25 <u>village</u>, or county;

1 (12) Proposed runway means an instrument runway or a 2 visual runway that has not been constructed and is not under 3 construction but that is depicted on the airport layout plan that has been conditionally or unconditionally approved by, or has been 4 5 submitted for approval to, the Federal Aviation Administration; 6 (13) Runway means a defined area at an airport that is 7 prepared for the landing and takeoff of aircraft along its length; 8 (6) (14) Structure means any object constructed or installed by man, including, but without limitation, buildings, 9 10 towers, smokestacks, and overhead transmission or distribution lines; 11 and 12 (15) Transition zone means a zone that extends outward at 13 a right angle to the runway centerline and upward at a rate of one foot vertically for every seven feet horizontally. The height limit 14 of a transition zone begins at the height limit of the adjacent 15 16 approach zone or operation zone and ends at a height of one hundred fifty feet above the highest elevation on the existing or proposed 17 18 runway; 19  $\frac{(7)}{(16)}$  Tree means any object of natural growth:  $\div$ 20 (17) Turning zone's outer limit means the area located at a distance of three miles as a radius from the corners of the 21 operation zone of each runway and connecting adjacent arcs with 22 23 tangent lines, excluding any area within the approach zone, operation zone, or transition zone. The height limit of the turning zone is one 24 hundred fifty feet above the highest elevation on the existing or 25

#### 1 proposed runway; and

- 2 (18) Visual runway means a runway intended solely for the
- 3 operation of aircraft using visual approach procedures, with no
- 4 straight-in instrument approach procedure and no instrument
- 5 designation indicated on an airport layout plan approved by the
- 6 Federal Aviation Administration, a military service-approved military
- 7 layout plan, or any planning documents submitted to the Federal
- 8 Aviation Administration by a competent authority.
- 9 Sec. 2. Section 3-302, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 10 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 11 3-302 (1) It is hereby found that an airport hazard
- 12 endangers the lives and property of the users of an airport and
- 13 occupants of land in its vicinity and also, if of the obstruction
- 14 type, in effect reduces the size of the area available for the
- 15 landing, taking off takeoff, and maneuvering of aircraft, thus
- 16 tending to destroy or impair the utility of the airport and the
- 17 public investment therein.
- 18 (2) Accordingly, it is hereby declared: (1) That that (a)
- 19 the creation or establishment of an airport hazard is a public
- 20 nuisance and an injury to the community served by the airport in
- 21 question, (b) + (2) that it is therefor necessary in the interest of
- 22 the public health, public safety, and general welfare that the
- 23 creation or establishment of airport hazards be prevented, and (c)
- 24 the prevention of airport hazards ; and (3) that this should be
- 25 accomplished, to the extent legally possible, by the exercise of the

- 1 police power, without compensation.
- 2 (3) It is further declared that both the prevention of
- 3 the creation or establishment of airport hazards and the elimination,
- 4 removal, alteration, mitigation, or marking and lighting of existing
- 5 airport hazards are public purposes for which political subdivisions
- 6 may raise and expend public funds and acquire land or property
- 7 interests therein.
- 8 Sec. 3. Section 3-303, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 9 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 10 3-303 In order to prevent the creation or establishment
- 11 of airport hazards, every political subdivision that has adopted a
- 12 comprehensive plan and zoning regulations and has an airport hazard
- 13 area within the area of its zoning jurisdiction, shall adopt,
- 14 administer, and enforce, under the police power and in the manner and
- 15 upon the conditions hereinafter prescribed in the Airport Zoning Act,
- 16 airport zoning regulations for such airport hazard area. The , which
- 17 regulations shall meet the minimum regulations as prescribed by the
- 18 Department of Aeronautics for the airport classifications for each
- 19 airport and may divide such area into zones and, within such zones,
- 20 specify the land uses permitted and regulate and restrict the height
- 21 to which the structures and trees may be erected or and trees allowed
- 22 to grow, except that a political subdivision or a joint airport
- 23 zoning board provided for in section 3-304 may include modifications
- 24 or exceptions to the airport zoning regulations adopted under the
- 25 Airport Zoning Act that the political subdivision or joint airport

1 zoning board deems appropriate. Such modifications and exceptions

- 2 shall not be considered a conflict for the purposes of section 3-306.
- 3 The authority of a political subdivision to adopt airport zoning
- 4 regulations shall not be conditional upon prior adoption of a
- 5 comprehensive development plan or a comprehensive zoning ordinance.
- Sec. 4. Section 3-304, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 8 3-304 Where If an airport is owned or controlled by a 9 political subdivision and any airport hazard area appertaining to 10 such airport is located outside the area regulated by zoning regulations adopted pursuant to section 3-303, of the political 11 12 subdivision's zoning jurisdiction, the political subdivision owning 13 or controlling the airport and the political subdivision or political 14 subdivisions within which whose zoning jurisdiction the airport hazard area is or areas are located may, by ordinance or resolution 15 16 duly adopted, create a joint airport zoning board, which board shall have the same power to adopt, administer, and enforce by resolution 17 18 approved by a majority of the board, airport zoning regulations 19 applicable to the an airport hazard area in question as that vested 20 by section 3-303 in the any political subdivision within whose area 21 of zoning jurisdiction such area is located. Each such joint board 22 shall have two representatives appointed by each political 23 subdivision participating in its creation as members thereof and also 24 a chairperson elected by a majority of the members so appointed. The 25 term of each member shall be four years, except as otherwise provided

1 in this section. Board members who have served more than two years as

- 2 of March 1, 1984, shall continue to serve for two more years. Board
- 3 members who have served less than two years as of March 1, 1984,
- 4 shall continue to serve for four more years. Any airport zoning
- 5 regulation, or any amendment thereto, adopted by a joint airport
- 6 zoning board shall be filed with the official or administrative
- 7 agency responsible for the enforcement of zoning regulations in each
- 8 of the political subdivisions participating in the creation of the
- 9 joint airport zoning board and shall be enforced as provided in
- 10 <u>section 3-319.</u>
- 11 Sec. 5. <u>If a joint airport zoning board is created</u>
- 12 pursuant to section 3-304, such board shall have two representatives
- 13 appointed by each political subdivision participating in its creation
- 14 <u>as members thereof and also a chairperson elected by a majority of</u>
- 15 the members so appointed. The term of each member shall be four
- 16 years.
- 17 Sec. 6. Section 3-306, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 18 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 19 3-306 In the event of any conflict between any airport
- 20 zoning regulations adopted under sections 3-301 to 3-333 the Airport
- 21 Zoning Act and any other regulations applicable to the same area,
- 22 whether the conflict be with respect to the height of structures or
- 23 trees, the use of land, or any other matter, and whether such other
- 24 regulations were adopted by the political subdivision which adopted
- 25 the airport zoning regulations or by some other political

1 subdivision, the more stringent limitation or requirement shall

- 2 govern and prevail.
- 3 Sec. 7. Section 3-307, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 4 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 5 3-307 No airport zoning regulations shall be adopted,
- 6 amended, or changed under sections 3-301 to 3-333 the Airport Zoning
- 7 Act except by the action of the legislative body of the political
- 8 subdivision in question, or the joint <u>airport zoning</u> board provided
- 9 for in section 3-304, after a public hearing in relation thereto, at
- 10 which parties in interest and citizens shall have an opportunity to
- 11 be heard. At least <u>fifteen\_ten\_days'</u> notice of the hearing shall be
- 12 published in an official paper, or a paper of general circulation, in
- 13 the political subdivision or subdivisions in which is located the
- 14 airport hazard area to be zoned. is located.
- 15 Sec. 8. Section 3-308, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 16 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 17 3-308 Prior to the initial zoning of any airport hazard
- 18 area under sections 3 301 to 3 333, the Airport Zoning Act, the
- 19 political subdivision or joint airport zoning board which is to adopt
- 20 the regulations shall appoint a commission, to be known as the
- 21 airport zoning commission, to recommend the boundaries of the various
- 22 zones to be established and the regulations to be adopted therefor.
- 23 Such commission shall make a preliminary report and hold public
- 24 hearings thereon before submitting its final report. The legislative
- 25 body of the political subdivision or the joint airport zoning board

1 shall not hold its public hearings or take other action until it has

- 2 received the final report of such commission. Where—If a city or
- 3 <u>county</u> planning commission or <del>comprehensive zoning a joint or</del>
- 4 <u>interjurisdictional planning</u> commission already exists, it may be
- 5 appointed as the airport zoning commission.
- 6 Sec. 9. Section 3-309, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 7 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 8 3-309 All airport zoning regulations adopted under
- 9 sections 3-301 to 3-333 the Airport Zoning Act shall be reasonable
- 10 and not impose any requirement or restriction which is not reasonably
- 11 necessary to effectuate the purposes of sections 3-301 to 3-333. the
- 12 <u>act.</u> In determining what regulations it may adopt, each political
- 13 subdivision and joint airport zoning board shall consider, among
- 14 other things, the character of the flying operations expected to be
- 15 conducted at the airport, the nature of the terrain within the
- 16 airport hazard area, the character of the neighborhood, and the uses
- 17 to which the property to be zoned is put and adaptable. <u>If an airport</u>
- 18 layout plan has been submitted for approval to the Federal Aviation
- 19 Administration with a proposed instrument runway depicted thereon and
- 20 <u>such airport layout plan is conditionally or unconditionally approved</u>
- 21 <u>without such proposed instrument runway, the political subdivision</u>
- 22 <u>shall adopt or revise, as necessary, airport zoning regulations to</u>
- 23 protect any approach zone for a visual runway only.
- Sec. 10. Section 3-310, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 25 Nebraska, is amended to read:

3-310 (1) No airport zoning regulations adopted under 1 2 sections 3-301 to 3-333 the Airport Zoning Act shall require the 3 removal, lowering, or other change or alteration of any existing structure or tree not conforming to the regulations when adopted or 4 5 amended or otherwise interfere with the continuance of 6 nonconforming use, except as provided in section 3-313. 3-311. 7 (2) Any structure that has not yet been constructed but 8 that has received, prior to August 1, 2013, zoning approval from the 9 political subdivision exercising zoning jurisdiction over such structure may be constructed and shall thereafter be considered an 10 existing structure for purposes of this section. 11 12 Sec. 11. Section 3-311, Reissue Revised Statutes of 13 Nebraska, is amended to read: 14 3-311 (1) Airport zoning regulations, adopted under 15 sections 3 301 to 3 333, the Airport Zoning Act may require that a 16 permit be obtained before any new structure or use may be constructed 17 or established and before any existing use or structure may be 18 substantially changed, altered, or repaired. In any event, however, (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section 19 20 for certain electric facilities, all such airport zoning regulations 21 adopted under the act shall provide that before any nonconforming 22 structure or tree may be replaced, substantially altered or repaired, rebuilt, allowed to grow higher, or replanted, a permit authorizing 23 any replacement, alteration, repair, reconstruction, growth, or 24

replanting must be secured from the administrative agency authorized

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to administer and enforce the regulations. , authorizing such 1 2 replacement, change or repair. No A permit shall be granted that 3 would allow the establishment or creation of an airport hazard or 4 permit a under this subsection if the applicant shows that the 5 replacement, alteration, repair, reconstruction, growth, or 6 replanting of the nonconforming structure, tree, or nonconforming use 7 to be made, become higher or become would not result in an increase 8 <u>in height or</u> a greater hazard to air navigation than <u>it was the</u> 9 condition that existed when the applicable regulation was adopted. 10 For nonconforming structures other than electric facilities, no permit under this subsection shall be required for repairs 11 12 necessitated by fire, explosion, act of God, or the common enemy or 13 for repairs which do not involve expenditures exceeding more than sixty percent of the fair market value of the nonconforming 14 15 structure, so long as the height of the nonconforming structure is 16 not increased over its preexisting height. or than it is when the application for a permit is made. Except as provided herein, all 17 18 applications for permits shall be granted. 19 (3) An electric supplier owning or operating an electric 20 facility made nonconforming by the adoption of airport zoning 21 regulations under the Airport Zoning Act may, without a permit or other approval by the political subdivision adopting such 22 regulations, repair, reconstruct, or replace such electric facility 23 if the height of such electric facility is not increased over its 24 preexisting height. Any construction, repair, reconstruction, or 25

replacement of an electric facility, the height of which will exceed

the preexisting height of such electric facility, shall require a

3 permit from the political subdivision adopting such regulations. The

4 permit shall be granted only upon a showing that the excess height of

5 the electric facility will not establish or create an airport hazard

6 or become a greater hazard to air navigation than the electric

7 <u>facility that previously existed.</u>

8 Sec. 12. Section 3-312, Reissue Revised Statutes of

9 Nebraska, is amended to read:

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10 3-312 Any person desiring to erect any structure, increase the height of any structure, permit the growth of any tree\_ 11 or otherwise use his  $\underline{\text{or her}}$  property in  $\underline{\text{violation of}}$   $\underline{\text{a manner}}$ 12 13 inconsistent with the airport zoning regulations adopted under sections 3-301 to 3-333-the Airport Zoning Act may apply to the board 14 15 of adjustment for a variance from the zoning regulations in question. 16 Such variances shall be allowed where a literal application or 17 enforcement of the regulations would result in practical difficulty 18 or unnecessary hardship and the relief granted would not be contrary 19 to the public interest but would do substantial justice and be in 20 accordance with the spirit of the regulations and sections 3-301 to 21 3-333; Provided, that any only if the board of adjustment makes the 22 same findings for the granting of variances generally as set forth in subsection (2) of section 19-910, except that if the applicant 23 demonstrates that the proposed structure or alteration of a structure 24

does not require any modification or revision to any approach or

1 approach procedure as approved or written by the Federal Aviation

- 2 Administration on either an existing or proposed runway and the
- 3 applicant provides signed documentation from the Federal Aviation
- 4 Administration that the proposed structure or alteration of the
- 5 structure will not require any modification or revision of any
- 6 airport minimums, such documentation may constitute evidence of undue
- 7 <u>hardship and the board of adjustment may grant the requested variance</u>
- 8 without such findings. Any variance may be allowed subject to any
- 9 reasonable conditions that the board of adjustment may deem necessary
- 10 to effectuate the purposes of sections 3-301 to 3-333. the act.
- 11 Sec. 13. Section 3-313, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 12 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3-313 In granting any permit <u>under</u> or variance <del>under</del>
- 14 sections 3-311 to 3-313, from any airport zoning regulation adopted
- 15 <u>under the Airport Zoning Act,</u> the administrative agency or board of
- 16 adjustment may, if it deems such action it advisable to effectuate
- 17 the purposes of sections 3-301 to 3-333 the act and reasonable in the
- 18 circumstances, so condition such permit or variance as to require the
- 19 owner of the structure or tree in question to permit the political
- 20 subdivision, at its own expense, to install, operate, and maintain
- 21 thereon such markers and lights as may be necessary to indicate to
- 22 flyers the presence of an airport hazard.
- 23 Sec. 14. Section 3-319, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 24 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 25 3-319 All airport zoning regulations adopted under

sections 3 301 to 3 333 the Airport Zoning Act shall provide for the 1 2 administration and enforcement of such regulations by 3 administrative agency which may be an agency created by such regulations or any official, board, or other existing agency of the 4 5 political subdivision adopting the regulations. In the case of airport zoning regulations adopted by a joint airport zoning board, 6 7 each or of one of the political subdivisions which participated in 8 the creation of the joint airport zoning board adopting the 9 regulations, if satisfactory to that political subdivision, but in no 10 case shall such administrative agency be or include any member of the board of adjustment. shall create or designate an official or an 11 12 administrative agency to administer and enforce the airport zoning 13 regulations within its respective zoning jurisdiction. The duties of any official or administrative agency designated pursuant to sections 14 15 3-301 to 3-333 the act shall include that of hearing and deciding all 16 reviewing and acting upon all applications for permits under section 3-311, the airport zoning regulations, but such agency shall not have 17 or exercise any of the powers herein delegated to the board of 18 adjustment. In no event shall such official or administrative agency 19 20 be or include any member of the board of adjustment. Sec. 15. Section 3-314, Reissue Revised Statutes of 21 22 Nebraska, is amended to read: 23 3-314 (1) Any person aggrieved, or taxpayer affected, by 24 any decision of an administrative agency made in its administration 25 of airport zoning regulations adopted under sections 3-301 to 3-333,

1 the Airport Zoning Act, or any governing body of a political

- 2 subdivision, or any joint airport zoning board, which is of the
- 3 opinion that a decision of such an administrative agency is an
- 4 improper application of airport zoning regulations of concern to such
- 5 governing body, or board, may appeal to the board of adjustment
- 6 authorized to hear and decide appeals from the decisions of such
- 7 administrative agency.
- 8 (2) Any appeal taken under this section shall be taken
- 9 within a reasonable amount of time, as provided by the rules of the
- 10 board, by filing with the agency from which the appeal is taken and
- 11 with the board, a notice of appeal specifying the grounds thereof.
- 12 The agency from which the appeal is taken shall forthwith transmit to
- 13 the board all the papers constituting the record upon which the
- 14 <u>action appealed from was taken.</u>
- 15 (3) An appeal shall stay any proceeding in furtherance of
- 16 the action appealed from, unless the agency from which the appeal is
- 17 taken certifies to the board, after the notice of appeal has been
- 18 filed with it, that by reason of the facts stated in the certificate
- 19 a stay would, in its opinion, cause imminent peril to life or
- 20 property. In such cases the proceedings shall not be stayed except by
- 21 an order of the board after notice to the agency from which the
- 22 appeal is taken and upon due cause shown.
- 23 (4) The board shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing
- 24 of appeals, give public notice thereof, give due notice to the
- 25 parties in interest, and decide the appeal within sixty days after

1 the date of filing such appeal. Any party may appear in person or by

- 2 an agent or attorney at the hearing.
- 3 Sec. 16. Section 3-320, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 4 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 5 3-320 (1) All airport zoning regulations adopted under
- 6 sections 3 301 to 3 333 the Airport Zoning Act shall provide for a
- 7 board of adjustment to have and exercise the following powers:
- 8  $\underline{\text{(a)}}$  (1)—To hear and decide appeals from any order,
- 9 requirement, decision, or determination made by the administrative
- 10 agency in the enforcement of the airport zoning regulations:  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$  as
- 11 provided in sections 3-314 to 3-318; (2) to
- 12 <u>(b) To</u> hear and decide any special exceptions to the
- 13 terms of the airport zoning regulations upon which such board may be
- 14 required to pass under such regulations; and
- 15 <u>(c) To (3) to hear and decide specific petitions for</u>
- 16 variances under section 3-312. from the strict application of airport
- 17 <u>zoning regulations</u>.
- 18 (2) A board of adjustment shall consist of five regular
- 19 members, each to be appointed for a term of three years by the
- 20 political subdivision or joint airport zoning board adopting the
- 21 regulations. Any member thereof may be removed by the appointing
- 22 <u>authority for cause, upon written charges and after a public hearing.</u>
- 23 The concurring vote of four members of the board shall be necessary
- 24 to reverse any order, requirement, decision, or determination of the
- 25 <u>administrative agency or to decide in favor of the applicant on any</u>

1 matter upon which the board is required to pass under the airport

- 2 zoning regulations or to effect any variation in such regulations.
- 3 (3) The board of adjustment may, consistent with the
- 4 Airport Zoning Act, reverse or affirm wholly or partly or modify the
- 5 order, requirement, decision, or determination appealed from and may
- 6 make such order, requirement, decision, or determination as it deems
- 7 right and proper under the circumstances.
- 8 (4) A board of adjustment, board of zoning appeals, or
- 9 similar zoning appeals board that exists on the effective date of
- 10 this act may be designated as and shall exercise the power of the
- 11 board of adjustment for airport zoning regulations as required by
- 12 this section.
- 13 Sec. 17. Section 3-324, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 14 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3-324 Any (1) person aggrieved or taxpayer affected by
- 16 any decision of a board of adjustment, (2) governing body of a
- 17 political subdivision, or (3) joint airport zoning board, which is of
- 18 the opinion that a decision of a board of adjustment is arbitrary or
- 19 <u>capricious</u>, illegal, <u>or unsupported by evidence</u>, may <del>present a</del>
- 20 verified petition to the district court setting forth that the
- 21 decision is illegal in whole or in part and specifying the grounds of
- 22 the illegality. Such a petition shall be presented to the court
- 23 within thirty days after the decision is filed in the office of the
- 24 board. obtain judicial review of such decision by filing a petition
- 25 in error in the district court of the county in which the structure

1 or tree that is the subject of the decision is located. The filing of

- 2 and proceeding on the petition in error shall be in accordance with
- 3 <u>sections 25-1901 to 25-1937.</u>
- 4 Sec. 18. Section 3-329, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 5 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 6 3-329 In any case in which airport zoning regulations
- 7 adopted under sections 3-301 to 3-333, the Airport Zoning Act,
- 8 although generally reasonable, are held by a court to interfere with
- 9 the use or enjoyment of a particular structure or parcel of land to
- 10 such an extent or to be so onerous in their application to such a
- 11 structure or parcel of land, as to constitute a taking or deprivation
- 12 of that property in violation of the Constitution of this state
- 13 Nebraska or the Constitution of the United States, such holding shall
- 14 not affect the application of such regulations to other structures
- 15 and parcels of land.
- 16 Sec. 19. Section 3-330, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 17 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 18 3-330 Each violation of sections 3-301 to 3-333 the
- 19 Airport Zoning Act or of any regulations, orders, or rulings
- 20 promulgated or made pursuant to sections 3-301 to 3-333, the act
- 21 shall constitute a Class  $\frac{1}{1}$  misdemeanor. Each day a violation
- 22 continues to exist shall constitute a separate offense. In addition,
- 23 the political subdivision or agency adopting zoning regulations under
- 24 sections 3-301 to 3-333 the act may institute, in any court of
- 25 competent jurisdiction, an action to prevent, restrain, correct, or

abate any violation of (1) sections 3-301 to 3-333, the act, (2) 1 2 airport zoning regulations adopted under sections 3-301 to 3-333 the 3 act, or (3) any order or ruling made in connection with their the administration or enforcement of the act or such regulations. The 4 5 court in such proceedings shall adjudge to the plaintiff such relief 6 by way of injunction, which may be mandatory or otherwise, as may be 7 proper under all the facts and circumstances of the case in order to 8 fully effectuate the purposes of sections 3-301 to 3-333-the act and of the regulations adopted and orders and rulings made pursuant 9

11 Sec. 20. Section 3-331, Reissue Revised Statutes of 12 Nebraska, is amended to read:

10

thereto.

13 3-331 In any case in which (1) it is desired to remove, lower, or otherwise terminate a nonconforming structure or use, (2) 14 15 the approach protection necessary cannot, because of constitutional limitations, be provided by airport zoning regulations under sections 16 3-301 to 3-333, the Airport Zoning Act, or (3) it appears advisable 17 that the necessary approach protection be provided by acquisition of 18 property rights rather than by airport zoning regulations, the 19 20 political subdivision within which the property or nonconforming use is located or the political subdivision owning or operating the 21 airport or served by it may acquire by purchase, grant, or 22 23 condemnation, such air right, aviation easement, or other estate or interest in the property or nonconforming structure or use in 24 question as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of sections 25

1 3-301 to 3-333. the act. The procedure to condemn property shall be

- 2 exercised in the manner set forth in sections 76-704 to 76-724.
- 3 Sec. 21. Section 3-333, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 4 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 5 3-333 Sections 3-301 to 3-333 <u>and sections 5 and 15 of</u>
- 6 this act shall be known and may be cited as the Airport Zoning Act.
- 7 Sec. 22. Original sections 3-301, 3-302, 3-303, 3-304,
- 8 3-306, 3-307, 3-308, 3-309, 3-310, 3-311, 3-312, 3-313, 3-314, 3-319,
- 9 3-320, 3-324, 3-329, 3-330, 3-331, and 3-333, Reissue Revised
- 10 Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.
- 11 Sec. 23. The following sections are outright repealed:
- 12 Sections 3-315, 3-316, 3-317, 3-318, 3-321, 3-322, 3-325, 3-326, and
- 13 3-327, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.