AMENDMENTS TO LB 561

Introduced by Judiciary

Strike the original sections and insert the following
 new sections:

3 Section 1. Section 28-726, Revised Statutes Cumulative
4 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

5 28-726 Except as provided in this section and sections 6 28-722 and 81-3126, no person, official, or agency shall have 7 access to information in the tracking system of child protection 8 cases maintained pursuant to section 28-715 or in records in the 9 central register of child protection cases maintained pursuant to 10 section 28-718 unless in furtherance of purposes directly connected 11 with the administration of the Child Protection Act. Such persons, 12 officials, and agencies having access to such information shall 13 include, but not be limited to:

14 (1) A law enforcement agency investigating a report of15 known or suspected child abuse or neglect;

16 (2) A county attorney in preparation of a child abuse or
17 neglect petition or termination of parental rights petition;

18 (3) A physician who has before him or her a child whom he
19 or she reasonably suspects may be abused or neglected;

20 (4) An agency having the legal responsibility or 21 authorization to care for, treat, or supervise an abused or 22 neglected child or a parent, a guardian, or other person 23 responsible for the abused or neglected child's welfare who is the

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1 subject of the report of child abuse or neglect;

2 (5) Any person engaged in bona fide research or auditing.
3 No information identifying the subjects of the report of child
4 abuse or neglect shall be made available to the researcher or
5 auditor;

6 (6) The Foster Care Review Office and the designated 7 local foster care review board when the information relates to a 8 child in a foster care placement as defined in section 43-1301. 9 The information provided to the office and local board shall not 10 include the name or identity of any person making a report of 11 suspected child abuse or neglect;

12 (7) The designated protection and advocacy system authorized pursuant to the Developmental Disabilities Assistance 13 14 and Bill of Rights Act of 2000, 42 U.S.C. 15001, as the act 15 existed on January 1, 2005, and the Protection and Advocacy for Mentally Ill Individuals Act, 42 U.S.C. 10801, as the act existed 16 17 on September 1, 2001, acting upon a complaint received from or on behalf of a person with developmental disabilities or mental 18 19 illness;

20 (8) The person or persons having custody of the abused or 21 neglected child in situations of alleged out-of-home child abuse or 22 neglect; and

23 (9) For purposes of licensing providers of child care
24 programs, the Department of Health and Human Services; and.

25 (10) A probation officer administering juvenile intake
26 services pursuant to section 29-2260.01, conducting court-ordered
27 predispositional investigations prior to adjudication, or

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1 supervising a juvenile upon disposition.

Sec. 2. Section 29-2204, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

4 29-2204 (1) Except when a term of life imprisonment is 5 required by law, in imposing an indeterminate sentence upon an 6 offender the court shall:

7 (a)(i) Until July 1, 1998, fix the minimum and maximum 8 limits of the sentence to be served within the limits provided by 9 law, except that when a maximum limit of life is imposed by the 10 court for a Class IB felony, the minimum limit may be any term of 11 years not less than the statutory mandatory minimum; and

12 (ii) Beginning July 1, 1998:

(A) Fix the minimum and maximum limits of the sentence 13 14 to be served within the limits provided by law for any class of 15 felony other than a Class IV felony, except that when a maximum 16 limit of life is imposed by the court for a Class IB felony, the 17 minimum limit may be any term of years not less than the statutory mandatory minimum. If the criminal offense is a Class IV felony, 18 19 the court shall fix the minimum and maximum limits of the sentence, 20 but the minimum limit fixed by the court shall not be less than 21 the minimum provided by law nor more than one-third of the maximum 22 term and the maximum limit shall not be greater than the maximum 23 provided by law; or

(B) Impose a definite term of years, in which event the
maximum term of the sentence shall be the term imposed by the court
and the minimum term shall be the minimum sentence provided by law;
(b) Advise the offender on the record the time the

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1 offender will serve on his or her minimum term before attaining 2 parole eligibility assuming that no good time for which the 3 offender will be eligible is lost; and

4 (c) Advise the offender on the record the time the 5 offender will serve on his or her maximum term before attaining 6 mandatory release assuming that no good time for which the offender 7 will be eligible is lost.

8 If any discrepancy exists between the statement of 9 the minimum limit of the sentence and the statement of parole 10 eligibility or between the statement of the maximum limit of the 11 sentence and the statement of mandatory release, the statements 12 of the minimum limit and the maximum limit shall control the calculation of the offender's term. If the court imposes more 13 14 than one sentence upon an offender or imposes a sentence upon 15 an offender who is at that time serving another sentence, the 16 court shall state whether the sentences are to be concurrent or 17 consecutive.

18 (2) (a) When the court is of the opinion that imprisonment may be appropriate but desires more detailed information as a 19 basis for determining the sentence to be imposed than has been 20 21 provided by the presentence report required by section 29-2261, the 22 court shall commit an offender to the Department of Correctional 23 Services for a period not exceeding ninety days. The department shall conduct a complete study of the offender during that time, 24 25 inquiring into such matters as his or her previous delinquency or 26 criminal experience, social background, capabilities, and mental, 27 emotional, and physical health and the rehabilitative resources

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1 or programs which may be available to suit his or her needs. By 2 the expiration of the period of commitment or by the expiration 3 of such additional time as the court shall grant, not exceeding 4 a further period of ninety days, the offender shall be returned 5 to the court for sentencing and the court shall be provided with a written report of the results of the study, including 6 7 whatever recommendations the department believes will be helpful to 8 a proper resolution of the case. After receiving the report and the 9 recommendations, the court shall proceed to sentence the offender 10 in accordance with subsection (1) of this section. The term of the 11 sentence shall run from the date of original commitment under this 12 subsection.

(b) In order to encourage the use of this procedure 13 14 in appropriate cases, all costs incurred during the period the 15 defendant is held in a state institution under this subsection shall be a responsibility of the state and the county shall 16 17 be liable only for the cost of delivering the defendant to the 18 institution and the cost of returning him or her to the appropriate 19 court for sentencing or such other disposition as the court may 20 then deem appropriate.

(3) Except when a term of life is required by law, whenever the defendant was under eighteen years of age at the time he or she committed the crime for which he or she was convicted, the court may, in its discretion, instead of imposing the penalty provided for the crime, make such disposition of the defendant as the court deems proper under the Nebraska Juvenile Code. Prior te making a disposition which commits the juvenile to the Office

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of Juvenile Services, the court shall order the juvenile to be
 evaluated by the office if the juvenile has not had an evaluation
 within the past twelve months.

Sec. 3. Section 29-2258, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

6 29-2258 A district probation officer shall:

7 (1) Conduct juvenile intake interviews and investigations
8 in accordance with sections 43-253 and 43-260.01;

9 (2) Make presentence and other investigations, as may be
10 required by law or directed by a court in which he or she is
11 serving;

12 (3) Supervise probationers in accordance with the rules
13 and regulations of the office and the directions of the sentencing
14 court;

15 (4) Advise the sentencing court, in accordance with 16 the Nebraska Probation Administration Act and such rules and 17 regulations of the office, of violations of the conditions of 18 probation by individual probationers;

19 (5) Advise the sentencing court, in accordance with the 20 rules and regulations of the office and the direction of the court, 21 when the situation of a probationer may require a modification of 22 the conditions of probation or when a probationer's adjustment is 23 such as to warrant termination of probation;

24 (6) Provide each probationer with a statement of the25 period and conditions of his or her probation;

26 (7) Whenever necessary, exercise the power of arrest or
27 temporary custody as provided in section 29-2266 or 43-286.01;

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1 (8) Establish procedures for the direction and guidance 2 of deputy probation officers under his or her jurisdiction and 3 advise such officers in regard to the most effective performance of 4 their duties;

5 (9) Supervise and evaluate deputy probation officers
6 under his or her jurisdiction;

7 (10) Delegate such duties and responsibilities to a
8 deputy probation officer as he or she deems appropriate;

9 (11) Make such reports as required by the administrator,
10 the judges of the probation district in which he or she serves, or
11 the Supreme Court;

12 (12) Keep accurate and complete accounts of all money or 13 property collected or received from probationers and give receipts 14 therefor;

15 (13) Cooperate fully with and render all reasonable
16 assistance to other probation officers;

17 (14) In counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand people, participate in pretrial diversion 18 programs established pursuant to sections 29-3601 to 29-3604 19 20 and juvenile pretrial diversion programs established pursuant to sections 43-260.02 to 43-260.07 as requested by judges of the 21 22 probation district in which he or she serves or as requested by 23 a county attorney and approved by the judges of the probation district in which he or she serves, except that participation in 24 25 such programs shall not require appointment of additional personnel 26 and shall be consistent with the probation officer's current 27 caseload;

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1 (15) Participate, at the direction of the probation 2 administrator pursuant to an interlocal agreement which meets the 3 requirements of section 29-2255, in non-probation-based programs 4 and services;

5 (16) Perform such other duties not inconsistent with the 6 Nebraska Probation Administration Act or the rules and regulations 7 of the office as a court may from time to time direct; and

8 (17) Exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary
9 and proper to carry out his or her responsibilities.

Sec. 4. Section 43-251.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

43-251.01 All placements and commitments of juveniles for
evaluations or as temporary or final dispositions are subject to
the following:

15 (1) No juvenile shall be confined in an adult
16 correctional facility as a disposition of the court;

(2) A juvenile who is found to be a juvenile as described in subdivision (3) of section 43-247 shall not be placed in an adult correctional facility, the secure youth confinement facility operated by the Department of Correctional Services, or a youth rehabilitation and treatment center or committed to the Office of Juvenile Services;

(3) A juvenile who is found to be a juvenile as described
in subdivision (1), (2), or (4) of section 43-247 shall not be
assigned or transferred to an adult correctional facility or the
secure youth confinement facility operated by the Department of
Correctional Services; and

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1 (4) A juvenile under the age of fourteen years shall not 2 be placed with or committed to a youth rehabilitation and treatment 3 center; and except as provided in section 43-286. 4 (5) A juvenile shall not be detained in secure detention 5 or placed at a youth rehabilitation and treatment center unless detention or placement of such juvenile is a matter of immediate 6 7 and urgent necessity for the protection of such juvenile or the 8 person or property of another or if it appears that such juvenile 9 is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court. 10 Sec. 5. Section 43-260.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of 11 Nebraska, is amended to read: 12 43-260.04 A juvenile pretrial diversion program shall: (1) Be an option available for the county attorney or 13 14 city attorney based upon his or her determination under this 15 subdivision. The county attorney or city attorney may use the 16 following information: 17 (a) The juvenile's age; 18 (b) The nature of the offense and role of the juvenile in 19 the offense; 20 (c) The number and nature of previous offenses involving 21 the juvenile; 22 (d) The dangerousness or threat posed by the juvenile to persons or property; or 23 24 (e) The recommendations of the referring agency, victim, 25 and advocates for the juvenile; 26 (2) Permit participation by a juvenile only on a 27 voluntary basis and shall include a juvenile diversion agreement

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1 described in section 43-260.06;

2 (3) Allow the juvenile to consult with counsel prior to a
3 decision to participate in the program;

4 (4) Be offered to the juvenile <u>when practicable prior</u> to 5 an adjudication <u>the filing of a juvenile petition or a criminal</u> 6 <u>charge</u> but after the arrest of the juvenile or issuance of a 7 citation to the juvenile if after the arrest or citation a decision 8 has been made by the county attorney or city attorney that the 9 offense will support the filing of a juvenile petition or criminal 10 charges;

(5) Provide screening services for use in creating a
 diversion plan utilizing appropriate services for the juvenile;

13 (5) (6) Result in dismissal of the juvenile petition 14 or criminal charges if the juvenile successfully completes the 15 program;

16 (6) (7) Be designed and operated to further the goals
17 stated in section 43-260.03 and comply with sections 43-260.04 to
18 43-260.07; and

19 (7) (8) Require information received by the program
20 regarding the juvenile to remain confidential unless a release of
21 information is signed upon admission to the program or is otherwise
22 authorized by law.

Sec. 6. Section 43-260.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-260.05 A juvenile pretrial diversion program may:
(1) Provide screening services to the court and county
attorney or city attorney to help identify likely candidates for

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1 the program;

2 (2) Establish goals for diverted juvenile offenders and
3 monitor performance of the goals;

4 (3) <u>Perform</u> <u>Coordinate</u> chemical dependency assessments 5 of diverted juvenile offenders when indicated, make appropriate 6 referrals for treatment, and monitor treatment and aftercare;

7 (4) Provide Coordinate individual, group, and family
8 counseling services;

9 (5) Oversee the payment of victim restitution by diverted
10 juvenile offenders;

(6) Assist diverted juvenile offenders in identifying and
 contacting appropriate community resources;

13 (7) Provide <u>Coordinate</u> educational services to diverted
14 juvenile offenders to enable them to earn a high school diploma or
15 general education development diploma; and

16 (8) Provide accurate information on how diverted juvenile 17 offenders perform in the program to the juvenile courts, county 18 attorneys, city attorneys, defense attorneys, and probation 19 officers.

20 Sec. 7. Section 43-260.07, Reissue Revised Statutes of
21 Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-260.07 (1) Beginning December 1, 2003, and every December 1 thereafter, On January 30 of each year, every county attorney or city attorney of a county or city which has a juvenile pretrial diversion program shall report to the Director of Juvenile Diversion Programs the information pertaining to the program required by rules and regulations adopted and promulgated

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1 by the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice. 2 to the commission. 3 (2) Juvenile pretrial diversion program data shall be 4 maintained and compiled by the Director of Juvenile Diversion 5 Programs. the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal 6 Justice. 7 Sec. 8. Section 43-281, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 8 9 43-281 Following an adjudication of jurisdiction and 10 prior to final disposition, the court may place the juvenile with 11 the Office of Juvenile Services or the Department of Health and 12 Human Services for evaluation. The office or department shall make 13 arrangements for an appropriate evaluation. 14 (1) Following an adjudication of jurisdiction and prior 15 to final disposition, the court may order an evaluation. 16 (2) Any evaluation ordered shall be completed and the 17 juvenile shall be returned to the court within twenty-one days 18 after the evaluation is ordered.

(3) When a juvenile receives such an evaluation, the 19 juvenile shall not reside in a detention facility at the time of 20 21 the evaluation or while waiting for the completed evaluation to 22 be returned to the court unless detention of such juvenile is a 23 matter of immediate and urgent necessity for the protection of such 24 juvenile or the person or property of another or if it appears that 25 such juvenile is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court. 26 (4) Beginning July 1, 2014, when a juvenile is

27 adjudicated under subdivisions (1) or (2) of section 43-247, the

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AM734 LB561 NPN-04/11/2013 1 Office of Probation Administration shall provide and pay for any 2 evaluation ordered by the court under this section if the office 3 determines that there are no parental funds or private or public 4 insurance available to pay for such evaluation.

5 Sec. 9. Section 43-286, Revised Statutes Cumulative
6 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

7 43-286 (1) When any juvenile is adjudicated to be a
8 juvenile described in subdivision (1), (2), or (4) of section
9 43-247:

10 (a) The court may continue the dispositional portion of 11 the hearing, from time to time upon such terms and conditions as 12 the court may prescribe, including an order of restitution of any 13 property stolen or damaged or an order requiring the juvenile to 14 participate in community service programs, if such order is in 15 the interest of the juvenile's reformation or rehabilitation, and, 16 subject to the further order of the court, may:

17 (i) Place the juvenile on probation subject to the18 supervision of a probation officer;

(ii) Permit the juvenile to remain in his or her own home
or be placed in a suitable family home, subject to the supervision
of the probation officer; or

(iii) Cause the juvenile to be placed in a suitable family home or institution, subject to the supervision of the probation officer. If the court has committed the juvenile is also found to be a juvenile described in subdivision (3) (a) or (b) of section 43-247 and the court has committed the juvenile to the care and custody of the Department of Health and Human Services,

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the department shall pay the costs of the suitable family home or
 institution which are not otherwise paid by the juvenile's parents.
 Under subdivision (1)(a) of this section, upon a

4 determination by the court that there are no parental, private, or 5 other public funds available for the care, custody, and maintenance 6 of a juvenile, the court may order a reasonable sum for the care, 7 custody, and maintenance of the juvenile to be paid out of a 8 fund which shall be appropriated annually by the county where the 9 petition is filed until a suitable provision may be made for the 10 juvenile without such payment; er

11 (b) (i) Unless prohibited by section 43-251.01, 12 the court may commit such juvenile to the Office of Juvenile 13 Services for placement at a youth rehabilitation and treatment 14 center as a condition of an order of intensive supervised 15 probation if all levels of probation supervision and options 16 for community-based services have been exhausted and placement 17 of such juvenile is a matter of immediate and urgent necessity for the protection of such juvenile or the person or property 18 of another or if it appears that such juvenile is likely 19 to flee the jurisdiction. τ but a juvenile under the age of 20 21 fourteen years shall not be placed at the Youth Rehabilitation and 22 Treatment Center-Geneva or the Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment 23 Center-Kearney unless he or she has violated the terms of probation 24 or has committed an additional offense and the court finds that the 25 interests of the juvenile and the welfare of the community demand 26 his or her commitment. This minimum age provision shall not apply 27 if the act in question is murder or manslaughter.

1 (ii) Intensive supervised probation for purposes of 2 subdivision (1) (b) (i) of this section means that the Office of Juvenile Services shall be responsible for the care and custody 3 4 of the juvenile until the Office of Juvenile Services discharges 5 the juvenile. Upon discharge of the juvenile the court shall hold a review hearing on the conditions of probation and enter any 6 7 order allowed under subdivision (1) (a) of this section. The Office 8 of Juvenile Services shall work in collaboration with the Office 9 of Probation Administration in developing individualized reentry 10 plans as created in section 41 of this act and shall notify the 11 committing court at least sixty days prior to discharge. The Office 12 of Juvenile Services shall pay the cost of the care and custody of 13 the juvenile from the time of commitment until discharge from the 14 Office of Juvenile Services; or 15 (c) Until July 1, 2014, the court may commit such 16 juvenile to the Office of Juvenile Services for community 17 supervision.

18 (2) When any juvenile is found by the court to be a 19 juvenile described in subdivision (3)(b) of section 43-247, the 20 court may enter such order as it is empowered to enter under 21 subdivision (1)(a) of this section or enter an order committing or 22 placing the juvenile to the care and custody of the Department of 23 Health and Human Services.

(3) When any juvenile is adjudicated to be a juvenile
described in subdivision (1), (2), (3) (b), or (4) of section 43-247
because of a nonviolent act or acts and the juvenile has not
previously been adjudicated to be such a juvenile because of a

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violent act or acts, the court may, with the agreement of the
 victim, order the juvenile to attend juvenile offender and victim
 mediation with a mediator or at an approved center selected from
 the roster made available pursuant to section 25-2908.

5 (4) When a juvenile is placed on probation and a 6 probation officer has reasonable cause to believe that such 7 juvenile has committed or is about to commit a substance abuse 8 violation, a noncriminal violation, or a violation of a condition 9 of his or her probation, the probation officer shall take 10 appropriate measures as provided in section 43-286.01.

11 (5) (a) When a juvenile is placed on probation or under 12 the supervision of the court and it is alleged that the juvenile is again a juvenile described in subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) 13 14 of section 43-247, a petition may be filed and the same procedure 15 followed and rights given at a hearing on the original petition. If 16 an adjudication is made that the allegations of the petition are 17 true, the court may make any disposition authorized by this section for such adjudications. 18

(b) When a juvenile is placed on probation or under the supervision of the court for conduct under subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247 and it is alleged that the juvenile has violated a term of probation or supervision or that the juvenile has violated an order of the court, a motion to revoke probation or supervision or to change the disposition may be filed and proceedings held as follows:

26 (i) The motion shall set forth specific factual27 allegations of the alleged violations and a copy of such motion

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shall be served on all persons required to be served by sections
 43-262 to 43-267;

(ii) The juvenile shall be entitled to a hearing before 3 4 the court to determine the validity of the allegations. At such 5 hearing the juvenile shall be entitled to those rights relating to counsel provided by section 43-272 and those rights relating 6 7 to detention provided by sections 43-254 to 43-256. The juvenile 8 shall also be entitled to speak and present documents, witnesses, 9 or other evidence on his or her own behalf. He or she may confront 10 persons who have given adverse information concerning the alleged violations, may cross-examine such persons, and may show that he 11 12 or she did not violate the conditions of his or her probation or supervision or an order of the court or, if he or she did, 13 14 that mitigating circumstances suggest that the violation does not 15 warrant revocation of probation or supervision or a change of 16 disposition. The hearing shall be held within a reasonable time 17 after the juvenile is taken into custody;

18 (iii) The hearing shall be conducted in an informal 19 manner and shall be flexible enough to consider evidence, including 20 letters, affidavits, and other material, that would not be 21 admissible in an adversarial criminal trial;

(iv) The juvenile shall be given a preliminary hearing in all cases when the juvenile is confined, detained, or otherwise significantly deprived of his or her liberty as a result of his or her alleged violation of probation, supervision, or court order. Such preliminary hearing shall be held before an impartial person other than his or her probation officer or any person directly

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1 involved with the case. If, as a result of such preliminary 2 hearing, probable cause is found to exist, the juvenile shall be 3 entitled to a hearing before the court in accordance with this 4 subsection;

5 (v) If the juvenile is found by the court to have 6 violated the terms of his or her probation or supervision or an 7 order of the court, the court may modify the terms and conditions 8 of the probation, supervision, or other court order, extend the 9 period of probation, supervision, or other court order, or enter 10 any order of disposition that could have been made at the time the 11 original order was entered; and

12 (vi) In cases when the court revokes probation, 13 supervision, or other court order, it shall enter a written 14 statement as to the evidence relied on and the reasons for 15 revocation.

Sec. 10. Section 43-2,108.05, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

43-2,108.05 (1) If the court orders the record of a 18 19 juvenile sealed pursuant to section 43-2,108.04, the court shall: 20 (a) Order that all records, including any information 21 or other data concerning any proceedings relating to the offense, 22 including the arrest, taking into custody, petition, complaint, 23 indictment, information, trial, hearing, adjudication, correctional 24 supervision, dismissal, or other disposition or sentence, be deemed 25 never to have occurred;

(b) Send notice of the order to seal the record (i) to
the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice,

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(ii) if the record includes impoundment or prohibition to obtain 1 2 a license or permit pursuant to section 43-287, to the Department 3 of Motor Vehicles, (iii) if the juvenile whose record has been 4 ordered sealed was a ward of the state at the time the proceeding 5 was initiated or if the Department of Health and Human Services was a party in the proceeding, to such department, and (iv) to 6 law enforcement agencies, county attorneys, and city attorneys 7 8 referenced in the court record;

9 (c) Order all notified under subdivision (1)(b) of this
10 section to seal all records pertaining to the offense;

(d) If the case was transferred from district court to juvenile court or was transferred under section 43-282, send notice of the order to seal the record to the transferring court; and

(e) Explain to the juvenile what sealing the record means verbally if the juvenile is present in the court at the time the court issues the sealing order or by written notice sent by regular mail to the juvenile's last-known address if the juvenile is not present in the court at the time the court issues the sealing order.

20 (2) The effect of having a record sealed under section 21 43-2,108.04 is that thereafter no person is allowed to release 22 any information concerning such record, except as provided by 23 this section. After a record is sealed, the person whose record was sealed can respond to any public inquiry as if the offense 24 25 resulting in such record never occurred. A government agency and 26 any other public office or agency shall reply to any public 27 inquiry that no information exists regarding a sealed record.

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Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, an order 1 2 to seal the record applies to every government agency and any 3 other public office or agency that has a record relating to the 4 offense, regardless of whether it receives notice of the hearing 5 on the sealing of the record or a copy of the order. Upon the written request of a person whose record has been sealed and the 6 7 presentation of a copy of such order, a government agency or any other public office or agency shall seal all records pertaining to 8 9 the offense.

10 (3) A sealed record is accessible to law enforcement 11 officers, county attorneys, and city attorneys in the 12 investigation, prosecution, and sentencing of crimes, to the sentencing judge in the sentencing of criminal defendants, and 13 14 to any attorney representing the subject of the sealed record. 15 Inspection of records that have been ordered sealed under section 16 43-2,108.04 may be made by the following persons or for the 17 following purposes:

18 (a) By the court or by any person allowed to inspect such19 records by an order of the court for good cause shown;

20 (b) By the court, city attorney, or county attorney 21 for purposes of collection of any remaining parental support or 22 obligation balances under section 43-290;

(c) By the Nebraska Probation System for purposes of
juvenile intake services, for presentence and other probation
investigations, and for the direct supervision of persons placed
on probation and by the Department of Correctional Services,
the Office of Juvenile Services, a juvenile assessment center, a

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criminal detention facility, or a juvenile detention facility, or a
 staff secure juvenile facility as defined in section 83-4,125, for
 an individual committed to it, placed with it, or under its care;

4 (d) By the Department of Health and Human Services for 5 purposes of juvenile intake services, the preparation of case 6 plans and reports, the preparation of evaluations, compliance with 7 federal reporting requirements, or the supervision and protection 8 of persons placed with the department or for licensing or 9 certification purposes under sections 71-1901 to 71-1906.01 or 10 the Child Care Licensing Act;

11 (e) Upon application, by the person who is the subject of 12 the sealed record and by persons authorized by the person who is 13 the subject of the sealed record who are named in that application; 14 (f) At the request of a party in a civil action that is 15 based on a case that has a sealed record, as needed for the civil 16 action. The party also may copy the sealed record as needed for the 17 civil action. The sealed record shall be used solely in the civil action and is otherwise confidential and subject to this section; 18

(g) By persons engaged in bona fide research, with the permission of the court, only if the research results in no disclosure of the person's identity and protects the confidentiality of the sealed record; or

(h) By a law enforcement agency if a person whose record
has been sealed applies for employment with the law enforcement
agency.

26 (4) Nothing in this section prohibits the Department of
27 Health and Human Services from releasing information from sealed

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records in the performance of its duties with respect to the
 supervision and protection of persons served by the department.

(5) In any application for employment, bonding, license, 3 4 education, or other right or privilege, any appearance as a 5 witness, or any other public inquiry, a person cannot be questioned 6 with respect to any offense for which the record is sealed. If 7 an inquiry is made in violation of this subsection, the person 8 may respond as if the offense never occurred. Applications for 9 employment shall contain specific language that states that the 10 applicant is not obligated to disclose a sealed record. Employers 11 shall not ask if an applicant has had a record sealed. The 12 Department of Labor shall develop a link on the department's web site to inform employers that employers cannot ask if an applicant 13 14 had a record sealed and that an application for employment shall 15 contain specific language that states that the applicant is not 16 obligated to disclose a sealed record.

17 (6) Any person who violates this section may be held in18 contempt of court.

Sec. 11. Section 43-2,119, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-2,119 (1) The number of judges of the separate
juvenile court in counties which have established a separate
juvenile court shall be:

(a) Two judges in counties having seventy-five thousand
inhabitants but less than two hundred thousand inhabitants;

(b) Four judges in counties having at least two
 hundred thousand inhabitants but less than four hundred thousand

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1 inhabitants; and

2 (c) Five <u>Six</u> judges in counties having four hundred
3 thousand inhabitants or more.

4 (2) The senior judge in point of service as a juvenile 5 court judge shall be the presiding judge. The judges shall rotate 6 the office of presiding judge every three years unless the judges 7 agree to another system.

8 Sec. 12. Section 43-404, Reissue Revised Statutes of
9 Nebraska, is amended to read:

10 43-404 (1) This subsection applies until July 1, 2014. 11 There is created within the Department of Health and Human 12 Services the Office of Juvenile Services. The office shall have oversight and control of state juvenile correctional facilities and 13 14 programs other than the secure youth confinement facility which is 15 under the control of the Department of Correctional Services. The 16 Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Services shall be appointed 17 by the chief executive officer of the department or his or her designee and shall be responsible for the administration of the 18 19 facilities and programs of the office. The department may contract 20 with a state agency or private provider to operate any facilities 21 and programs of the Office of Juvenile Services.

22 (2) This subsection applies beginning July 1, 2014. There 23 is created within the Department of Health and Human Services the 24 Office of Juvenile Services. The office shall have oversight and 25 control of the youth rehabilitation and treatment centers. The 26 Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Services shall be appointed 27 by the chief executive officer of the department or his or her

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AM734 AM734 LB561 LB561 NPN-04/11/2013 NPN-04/11/2013 designee and shall be responsible for the administration of the 1 2 facilities and programs of the office. The department may contract 3 with a state agency or private provider to operate any facilities 4 and programs of the Office of Juvenile Services. 5 Sec. 13. Section 43-405, Revised Statutes Cumulative 6 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read: 7 43-405 The administrative duties of the Office of 8 Juvenile Services are to: (1) Manage, establish policies for, and administer the 9 10 office, including all facilities and programs operated by the 11 office or provided through the office by contract with a provider; 12 (2) Supervise employees of the office, including employees of the facilities and programs operated by the office; 13 14 (3) Have separate budgeting procedures and develop and 15 report budget information separately from the Department of Health 16 and Human Services; 17 (4) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the levels of treatment and for management, control, screening, 18 19 evaluation, treatment, rehabilitation, parole, transfer, and 20 discharge of, and, until July 1, 2014, evaluation and parole of, 21 juveniles placed with or committed to the Office of Juvenile 22 Services; 23 Ensure that statistical information concerning (5) juveniles placed with or committed to facilities or programs of 24 25 the office is collected, developed, and maintained for purposes of

26 research and the development of treatment programs;

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(6) Monitor commitments, placements, and evaluations at

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facilities and programs operated by the office or through contracts 1 with providers and submit electronically an annual report of 2 its findings to the Legislature. For 2012, 2013, and 2014, the 3 office shall also provide the report to the Health and Human 4 5 Services Committee of the Legislature on or before September 15. The report shall include an assessment of the administrative 6 7 costs of operating the facilities, the cost of programming, the 8 savings realized through reductions in commitments, placements, and evaluations, and information regarding the collaboration required 9 10 by section 83-101;

11 (7) Coordinate the programs and services of the juvenile 12 justice system with other governmental agencies and political 13 subdivisions;

14 (8) Coordinate educational, vocational, and social 15 counseling;

16 (9) Coordinate Until July 1, 2014, coordinate
17 community-based services for juveniles and their families;

18 (10) Supervise Until July 1, 2014, supervise and
19 coordinate juvenile parole and aftercare services; and

20 (11) Exercise all powers and perform all duties necessary
21 to carry out its responsibilities under the Health and Human
22 Services, Office of Juvenile Services Act.

Sec. 14. Section 43-406, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-406 The Office of Juvenile Services shall utilize:
(1) Risk and needs assessment instruments for use in
determining the level of treatment for the juvenile;

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1 (2) A case classification process to include levels of 2 treatment defined by rules and regulations and case management 3 standards for each level of treatment. The process shall provide 4 for a balance of accountability, public safety, and treatment;

5 (3) Case management for all juveniles committed to the6 office;

7 (4) A Until July 1, 2014, a purchase-of-care system which 8 will facilitate the development of a statewide community-based 9 array of care with the involvement of the private sector and the 10 local public sector. Care services may be purchased from private 11 providers to provide a wider diversity of services. This system 12 shall include accessing existing Title IV-E funds of the federal Social Security Act, as amended, medicaid funds, and other funding 13 14 sources to support eligible community-based services. Such services 15 developed and purchased shall include, but not be limited to, 16 evaluation services. Services shall be offered and delivered on a 17 regional basis;

(5) Community-based Until July 1, 2014, community-based
evaluation programs, supplemented by one or more residential
evaluation programs. A residential evaluation program shall be
provided in a county containing a city of the metropolitan
class. Community-based evaluation services shall replace the
residential evaluation services available at the Youth Diagnostic
and Rehabilitation Center by December 31, 1999; and

(6) A management information system. The system shall
be a unified, interdepartmental client information system which
supports the management function as well as the service function.

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Sec. 15. Section 43-407, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

3 43-407 (1) This subsection applies until July 1, 2014. 4 The Office of Juvenile Services shall design and make available 5 programs and treatment services through the Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Kearney and Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment 6 7 Center-Geneva. The programs and treatment services shall be based upon the individual or family evaluation process and treatment 8 9 plan. The treatment plan shall be developed within fourteen days 10 after admission. If a juvenile placed at the Youth Rehabilitation 11 and Treatment Center-Kearney or Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment 12 Center-Geneva is assessed as needing inpatient or subacute substance abuse or behavioral health residential treatment, the 13 14 juvenile may be transferred to a program or facility if the 15 treatment and security needs of the juvenile can be met. The 16 assessment process shall include involvement of both private and 17 public sector behavioral health providers. The selection of the treatment venue for each juvenile shall include individualized 18 19 case planning and incorporate the goals of the juvenile justice 20 system pursuant to section 43-402. Juveniles committed to the Youth 21 Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Kearney or Youth Rehabilitation 22 and Treatment Center-Geneva who are transferred to alternative 23 settings for treatment remain committed to the Department of Health 24 and Human Services and the Office of Juvenile Services until 25 discharged from such custody. Programs and treatment services shall 26 address:

27

(1) <u>(a)</u>Behavioral impairments, severe emotional

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1 disturbances, sex offender behaviors, and other mental health or 2 psychiatric disorders;

3 (2) (b) Drug and alcohol addiction;

4 (3) (c) Health and medical needs;

5 (4) (d) Education, special education, and related 6 services;

7 (5) (e) Individual, group, and family counseling services
8 as appropriate with any treatment plan related to subdivisions (1)
9 through (4) of this section. Services shall also be made available
10 for juveniles who have been physically or sexually abused;

11 (6) (f) A case management and coordination process, 12 designed to assure appropriate reintegration of the juvenile to his or her family, school, and community. This process shall 13 14 follow individualized planning which shall begin at intake and 15 evaluation. Structured programming shall be scheduled for all 16 juveniles. This programming shall include a strong academic program 17 as well as classes in health education, living skills, vocational training, behavior management and modification, money management, 18 family and parent responsibilities, substance abuse awareness, 19 20 physical education, job skills training, and job placement 21 assistance. Participation shall be required of all juveniles if 22 such programming is determined to be age and developmentally 23 appropriate. The goal of such structured programming shall be to 24 provide the academic and life skills necessary for a juvenile to 25 successfully return to his or her home and community upon release; 26 and

27

(7) (g) The design and delivery of treatment programs

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1 through the youth rehabilitation and treatment centers as well as 2 any licensing or certification requirements, and the office shall follow the requirements as stated within Title XIX and Title IV-E 3 4 of the federal Social Security Act, as such act existed on May 25, 5 2007, the Special Education Act, or other funding guidelines as 6 appropriate. It is the intent of the Legislature that these funding 7 sources shall be utilized to support service needs of eligible 8 juveniles.

9 (2) This subsection applies beginning July 1, 2014. 10 The Office of Juvenile Services shall design and make available 11 programs and treatment services through the Youth Rehabilitation 12 and Treatment Center-Kearney and Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment 13 Center-Geneva. The programs and treatment services shall be based 14 upon the individual or family evaluation process and treatment 15 plan. The treatment plan shall be developed within fourteen days 16 after admission. If a juvenile placed at the Youth Rehabilitation 17 and Treatment Center-Kearney or Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Geneva is assessed as needing inpatient or subacute 18 substance abuse or behavioral health residential treatment, the 19 Office of Juvenile Services may arrange for such treatment to be 20 21 provided at the Hastings Regional Center or the juvenile shall 22 be discharged from such custody and returned to the court for 23 review of the conditions of his or her probation and to determine 24 placement. Programs and treatment services shall address: 25 (a) Behavioral impairments, severe emotional

26 disturbances, sex offender behaviors, and other mental health or

27 psychiatric disorders;

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1	(b) Drug and alcohol addiction;
2	(c) Health and medical needs;
3	(d) Education, special education, and related services;
4	(e) Individual, group, and family counseling services as
5	appropriate with any treatment plan related to subdivisions (1)
6	through (4) of this section. Services shall also be made available
7	for juveniles who have been physically or sexually abused;
8	(f) A case management and coordination process, designed
9	to assure appropriate reintegration of the juvenile to his or
10	her family, school, and community. This process shall follow
11	individualized planning which shall begin at intake and evaluation.
12	Structured programming shall be scheduled for all juveniles.
13	This programming shall include a strong academic program as
14	well as classes in health education, living skills, vocational
15	training, behavior management and modification, money management,
16	family and parent responsibilities, substance abuse awareness,
17	physical education, job skills training, and job placement
18	assistance. Participation shall be required of all juveniles if
19	such programming is determined to be age and developmentally
20	appropriate. The goal of such structured programming shall be to
21	provide the academic and life skills necessary for a juvenile to
22	successfully return to his or her home and community upon release;
23	and
24	(g) The design and delivery of treatment programs through
25	the youth rehabilitation and treatment centers as well as any
26	licensing or certification requirements, and the office shall

27 follow the requirements as stated within Title XIX and Title IV-E

of the federal Social Security Act, as such act existed on January
 1, 2013, the Special Education Act, or other funding guidelines as
 appropriate. It is the intent of the Legislature that these funding
 sources shall be utilized to support service needs of eligible
 juveniles.

6 Sec. 16. Section 43-408, Reissue Revised Statutes of
7 Nebraska, is amended to read:

8 43-408 (1) (a) This subsection applies until July 1, 9 2014. Whenever any juvenile is committed under any provision of law 10 to the Office of Juvenile Services, to any facility operated by the Office of Juvenile Services, or to the custody of the Administrator 11 12 of the Office of Juvenile Services, a superintendent of a facility, or an administrator of a program, the juvenile is deemed committed 13 14 to the Office of Juvenile Services. Juveniles committed to the 15 Office of Juvenile Services shall also be considered committed to 16 the care and custody of the Department of Health and Human Services for the purpose of obtaining health care and treatment services. 17

18 (2) (b) The committing court shall order the initial 19 level of treatment for a juvenile committed to the Office of Juvenile Services. Prior to determining the initial level of 20 21 treatment for a juvenile, the court may solicit a recommendation 22 regarding the initial level of treatment from the Office of 23 Juvenile Services. Under this section, the committing court shall not order a specific placement for a juvenile. The court shall 24 25 continue to maintain jurisdiction over any juvenile committed to 26 the Office of Juvenile Services until such time that the juvenile 27 is discharged from the Office of Juvenile Services. The court shall

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conduct review hearings every six months, or at the request of 1 2 the juvenile, for any juvenile committed to the Office of Juvenile Services who is placed outside his or her home, except for a 3 4 juvenile residing at a youth rehabilitation and treatment center. 5 The court shall determine whether an out-of-home placement made by the Office of Juvenile Services is in the best interests of the 6 7 juvenile, with due consideration being given by the court to public 8 safety. If the court determines that the out-of-home placement is 9 not in the best interests of the juvenile, the court may order 10 other treatment services for the juvenile.

(3) (c) After the initial level of treatment is ordered 11 12 by the committing court, the Office of Juvenile Services shall provide treatment services which conform to the court's level 13 14 of treatment determination. Within thirty days after making an 15 actual placement, the Office of Juvenile Services shall provide the 16 committing court with written notification of where the juvenile 17 has been placed. At least once every six months thereafter, until the juvenile is discharged from the care and custody of the Office 18 19 of Juvenile Services, the office shall provide the committing court with written notification of the juvenile's actual placement and 20 21 the level of treatment that the juvenile is receiving.

22 (4) (d) For transfer hearings, the burden of proof to 23 justify the transfer is on the Office of Juvenile Services, the 24 standard of proof is clear and convincing evidence, and the strict 25 rules of evidence do not apply. Transfers of juveniles from one 26 place of treatment to another are subject to section 43-251.01 and 27 to the following:

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(a) (i) Except as provided in subdivision (b) of this 1 2 subsection, if the Office of Juvenile Services proposes to transfer 3 the juvenile from a less restrictive to a more restrictive place of 4 treatment, a plan outlining the proposed change and the reasons for 5 the proposed change shall be presented to the court which committed the juvenile. Such change shall occur only after a hearing and a 6 7 finding by the committing court that the change is in the best 8 interests of the juvenile, with due consideration being given by 9 the court to public safety. At the hearing, the juvenile has the 10 right to be represented by counsel;

11 (b) (ii) The Office of Juvenile Services may make an immediate temporary change without prior approval by the committing 12 13 court only if the juvenile is in a harmful or dangerous situation, 14 is suffering a medical emergency, is exhibiting behavior which 15 warrants temporary removal, or has been placed in a non-state-owned 16 facility and such facility has requested that the juvenile be 17 removed. Approval of the committing court shall be sought within fifteen days of making an immediate temporary change, at which time 18 19 a hearing shall occur before the court. The court shall determine 20 whether it is in the best interests of the juvenile to remain in 21 the new place of treatment, with due consideration being given by 22 the court to public safety. At the hearing, the juvenile has the 23 right to be represented by counsel; and

24 (e) (iii) If the proposed change seeks to transfer the 25 juvenile from a more restrictive to a less restrictive place 26 of treatment or to transfer the juvenile from the juvenile's 27 current place of treatment to another which has the same level

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of restriction as the current place of treatment, the Office 1 2 of Juvenile Services shall notify the juvenile, the juvenile's parents, custodian, or legal guardian, the committing court, the 3 4 county attorney, the counsel for the juvenile, and the guardian 5 ad litem of the proposed change. The juvenile has fifteen days after the date of the notice to request an administrative hearing 6 7 with the Office of Juvenile Services, at which time the Office 8 of Juvenile Services shall determine whether it is in the best 9 interests of the juvenile for the proposed change to occur, with 10 due consideration being given by the office to public safety. 11 The juvenile may be represented by counsel at the juvenile's 12 own expense. If the juvenile is aggrieved by the administrative decision of the Office of Juvenile Services, the juvenile may 13 14 appeal that decision to the committing court within fifteen days 15 after the Office of Juvenile Services' decision. At the hearing 16 before the committing court, the juvenile has the right to be 17 represented by counsel.

18 (5) (e) If a juvenile is placed in detention after the 19 initial level of treatment is determined by the committing court, 20 the committing court shall hold a hearing every fourteen days to 21 review the status of the juvenile. Placement of a juvenile in 22 detention shall not be considered as a treatment service.

23 (6) (f) The committing court's review of a change of 24 place of treatment pursuant to this section does not apply to 25 parole revocation hearings.

26 (2) (a) This subsection applies beginning July 1, 2014.
27 Whenever any juvenile is committed to the Office of Juvenile

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AM734 AM734 LB561 LB561 NPN-04/11/2013 NPN-04/11/2013 1 Services, the juvenile shall also be considered committed to the 2 care and custody of the Department of Health and Human Services for 3 the purpose of obtaining health care and treatment services. 4 (b) The committing court shall order placement at a youth 5 rehabilitation and treatment center for a juvenile committed to the Office of Juvenile Services. The court shall continue to maintain 6 7 jurisdiction over any juvenile committed to the Office of Juvenile 8 Services for the purpose of reviewing the juvenile's probation upon 9 discharge from the care and custody of the Office of Juvenile 10 Services. 11 (c) If a juvenile is placed in detention while awaiting 12 placement at a youth rehabilitation and treatment center and the 13 placement has not occurred within fourteen days, the committing 14 court shall hold a hearing every fourteen days to review the status 15 of the juvenile. Placement of a juvenile in detention shall not be considered a treatment service. 16 17 Sec. 17. Section 43-409, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 18 19 43-409 (1) This subsection applies until July 1, 2014. 20 The Office of Juvenile Services shall have access to and may obtain 21 copies of all records pertaining to a juvenile committed to it 22 a youth rehabilitation and treatment center or placed with it, including, but not limited to, school records, medical records, 23 juvenile court records, probation records, test results, treatment 24 25 records, evaluations, and examination reports. Any person who, in 26 good faith, furnishes any records or information to the Office 27 of Juvenile Services shall be immune from any liability, civil

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or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed. The
 owners, officers, directors, employees, or agents of such medical
 office, school, court, office, corporation, partnership, or other
 such entity shall not be liable for furnishing such records or
 information.

6 (2) This subsection applies beginning July 1, 2014. The 7 Office of Juvenile Services shall have access to and may obtain 8 copies of all records pertaining to a juvenile committed to a youth 9 rehabilitation and treatment center, including, but not limited 10 to, school records, medical records, juvenile court records, 11 probation records, test results, treatment records, evaluations, 12 and examination reports. Any person who, in good faith, furnishes 13 any records or information to the Office of Juvenile Services 14 shall be immune from any liability, civil or criminal, that might 15 otherwise be incurred or imposed. The owners, officers, directors, employees, or agents of such medical office, school, court, office, 16 17 corporation, partnership, or other such entity shall not be liable 18 for furnishing such records or information.

19 Sec. 18. Section 43-410, Reissue Revised Statutes of
20 Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-410 (1) This subsection applies until July 1, 2014. Any peace officer, juvenile parole officer, or direct care staff member of the Office of Juvenile Services has the authority to apprehend and detain a juvenile who has absconded or is attempting to abscond from a placement for evaluation or commitment to the Office of Juvenile Services and shall cause the juvenile to be returned to the facility or program or an appropriate juvenile

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1 detention facility. For purposes of this section, direct care staff
2 member means any staff member charged with the day-to-day care and
3 supervision of juveniles housed at a facility or program operated
4 directly by the office or security staff who has received training
5 in apprehension techniques and procedures.

6 (2) This subsection applies beginning July 1, 2014. Any 7 peace officer or direct care staff member of the Office of Juvenile 8 Services has the authority to apprehend and detain a juvenile who 9 has absconded or is attempting to abscond from commitment to the 10 Office of Juvenile Services and shall cause the juvenile to be 11 returned to the youth rehabilitation and treatment center or an 12 appropriate juvenile detention facility.

13 <u>(3) For purposes of this section, direct care staff</u>
14 member means any staff member charged with the day-to-day care and
15 supervision of juveniles at a youth rehabilitation and treatment
16 center or security staff who has received training in apprehension
17 techniques and procedures.

18 Sec. 19. Section 43-411, Reissue Revised Statutes of
19 Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 43-411 (1) This subsection applies until July 1, 2014. 21 The chief executive officer of the Department of Health and Human 22 Services shall have the authority, and may delegate the authority 23 only to the Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Services 24 and the superintendents of the youth rehabilitation and treatment 25 centers, to issue detainers for the apprehension and detention of 26 juveniles who have absconded from a placement with or commitment 27 to the office. Any peace officer who detains a juvenile on such

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a detainer shall hold the juvenile in an appropriate facility or
 program for juveniles until the office can take custody of the
 juvenile.

4 (2) This subsection applies beginning July 1, 2014. The 5 chief executive officer of the Department of Health and Human Services shall have the authority, and may delegate the authority 6 only to the Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Services 7 8 and the superintendents of the youth rehabilitation and treatment 9 centers, to issue detainers for the apprehension and detention of 10 juveniles who have absconded from commitment to the office. Any 11 peace officer who detains a juvenile on such a detainer shall hold 12 the juvenile in an appropriate facility or program for juveniles 13 until the office can take custody of the juvenile.

Sec. 20. Section 43-412, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

16 43-412 (1) Every juvenile committed to the Office of 17 Juvenile Services pursuant to the Nebraska Juvenile Code or 18 pursuant to subsection (3) of section 29-2204 shall remain 19 committed until he or she attains the age of nineteen or is legally 20 discharged from a youth rehabilitation and treatment center.

(2) The Upon attainment of the age of nineteen or absent a continuing order of intensive supervised probation, discharge of any juvenile pursuant to the rules and regulations or upon his or her attainment of the age of nineteen shall be a complete release from all penalties incurred by conviction or adjudication of the offense for which he or she was committed.

27 (3) The Office of Juvenile Services shall provide the

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committing court, Office of Probation Administration, county
 attorney, defense attorney, if any, and guardian ad litem, if any,
 with written notification of the juvenile's discharge within thirty
 days of prior to a juvenile being discharged from the care and
 custody of the office. a youth rehabilitation and treatment center.
 Sec. 21. Section 43-413, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

8 43-413 (1) This section applies until July 1, 2014. A 9 court may, pursuant to section 43-281, place a juvenile with the 10 Office of Juvenile Services or the Department of Health and Human 11 Services for an evaluation to aid the court in the disposition.

12 (2) A juvenile convicted as an adult shall be placed with
13 the Office of Juvenile Services for evaluation prior to sentencing
14 as provided by subsection (3) of section 29-2204.

15 (3) All juveniles shall be evaluated prior to commitment 16 to the Office of Juvenile Services unless the court finds that 17 (a) there has been a substantially equivalent evaluation within the last twelve months that makes reevaluation unnecessary or (b) 18 an addendum to a previous evaluation rather than a reevaluation 19 would be appropriate. The court shall not commit such juvenile 20 21 to the temporary custody of the Office of Juvenile Services prior 22 to disposition. The office may place a juvenile in residential or 23 nonresidential community-based evaluation services for purposes of 24 evaluation to assist the court in determining the initial level of 25 treatment for the juvenile.

26 (4) During any period of detention or evaluation prior to27 disposition:

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1 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (4)(b) of this 2 section, the county in which the case is pending is responsible 3 for all detention costs incurred before and after an evaluation 4 period prior to disposition, the cost of delivering the juvenile 5 to the facility or institution for an evaluation, and the cost of 6 returning the juvenile to the court for disposition; and

7 (b) The state is responsible for (i) the costs incurred 8 during an evaluation unless otherwise ordered by the court pursuant 9 to section 43-290 and (ii) the preevaluation detention costs for 10 any days over the first ten days from the date the evaluation is 11 ordered by the court.

12 (5) The Office of Juvenile Services and the Department of
13 Health and Human Services are not responsible for predisposition
14 costs except as provided in subdivision (4) (b) of this section.

Sec. 22. Section 43-414, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-414 <u>This section applies until July 1, 2014.</u> Each
juvenile placed for evaluation with the Office of Juvenile Services
shall be subjected to medical examination and evaluation as
directed by the office.

Sec. 23. Section 43-415, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

43-415 This section applies until July 1, 2014. A
juvenile placed for evaluation with the Office of Juvenile
Services shall be returned to the court upon the completion of
the evaluation or at the end of thirty days, whichever comes first.
When the office finds that an extension of the thirty-day period

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is necessary to complete the evaluation, the court may order an
 extension not to exceed an additional thirty days. The court shall
 hold a hearing within ten days after the evaluation is completed
 and returned to the court by the office.

5 Sec. 24. Section 43-416, Revised Statutes Cumulative
6 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

7 43-416 This section applies until July 1, 2014. The 8 Office of Juvenile Services shall have administrative authority 9 over the parole function for juveniles committed to a youth 10 rehabilitation and treatment center and may (1) determine the time 11 of release on parole of committed juveniles eligible for such 12 release, (2) fix the conditions of parole, revoke parole, issue or authorize the issuance of detainers for the apprehension and 13 14 detention of parole violators, and impose other sanctions short 15 of revocation for violation of conditions of parole, and (3) determine the time of discharge from parole. The office shall 16 17 provide the committing court with written notification of the 18 juvenile's discharge from parole within thirty days of a juvenile 19 being discharged from the supervision of the office.

20 Sec. 25. Section 43-417, Reissue Revised Statutes of
21 Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-417 (1) This subsection applies until July 1, 2014. In administering juvenile parole, the Office of Juvenile Services shall consider whether (1) (a) the juvenile has completed the goals of his or her individual treatment plan or received maximum benefit from institutional treatment, (2) (b) the juvenile would benefit from continued services under community supervision, (3)

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1 (c) the juvenile can function in a community setting, (4) (d) there
2 is reason to believe that the juvenile will not commit further
3 violations of law, and (5) (e) there is reason to believe that the
4 juvenile will comply with the conditions of parole.

5 (2) This subsection applies beginning July 1, 2014. In determining whether to discharge a juvenile from a youth 6 7 rehabilitation and treatment center, the Office of Juvenile 8 Services shall consider whether (a) the juvenile has completed 9 the goals of his or her individual treatment plan or received 10 maximum benefit from institutional treatment, (b) the juvenile 11 would benefit from continued services under community supervision, 12 (c) the juvenile can function in a community setting, (d) there is reason to believe that the juvenile will not commit further 13 14 violations of law, and (e) there is reason to believe that the 15 juvenile will comply with the conditions of probation.

Sec. 26. Section 43-418, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-418 (1) This section applies until July 1, 2014. Any 18 juvenile parole officer or peace officer may apprehend and detain 19 a juvenile who is on parole if the officer has reasonable cause 20 21 to believe that a juvenile has violated or is about to violate a 22 condition of his or her parole and that the juvenile will attempt 23 to leave the jurisdiction or will place lives or property in danger 24 unless the juvenile is detained. A juvenile parole officer may 25 call upon a peace officer to assist him or her in apprehending and 26 detaining a juvenile pursuant to this section. Such juvenile may 27 be held in an appropriate juvenile facility pending hearing on the

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1 allegations.

2 (2) Juvenile parole officers may search for and seize
3 contraband and evidence related to possible parole violations by a
4 juvenile.

5 (3) Whether or not a juvenile is apprehended and detained 6 by a juvenile parole officer or peace officer, if there is reason 7 to believe that a juvenile has violated a condition of his or 8 her parole, the Office of Juvenile Services may issue the juvenile 9 written notice of the alleged parole violations and notice of a 10 hearing on the alleged parole violations.

Sec. 27. Section 43-419, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

13 43-419 (1) This section applies until July 1, 2014. When 14 a juvenile is apprehended and detained for an alleged violation 15 of juvenile parole, he or she shall have a preliminary hearing as 16 soon as practicable and no later than within seventy-two hours of 17 being apprehended and detained. An impartial hearing officer shall conduct the preliminary hearing. The impartial hearing officer 18 19 shall not be the juvenile parole officer alleging the violation of parole or a witness to the alleged violation. The impartial hearing 20 officer may be an employee of the Office of Juvenile Services, 21 22 including a supervisor or a juvenile parole officer, other than the 23 parole officer filing the allegations.

(2) The juvenile parolee shall receive notice of the
preliminary hearing, its purpose, and the alleged violations prior
to the commencement of the hearing. The juvenile parolee may
present relevant information, question adverse witnesses, and make

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a statement regarding the alleged parole violations. The rules of
 evidence shall not apply at such hearings and the hearing officer
 may rely upon any available information.

4 (3) The hearing officer shall determine whether there is 5 probable cause to believe that the juvenile has violated a term or condition of his or her parole and shall issue that decision in 6 7 writing. The decision shall either indicate there is not probable 8 cause to believe that the juvenile parolee has violated the terms 9 of his or her parole and dismiss the allegations and return 10 the juvenile to parole supervision, or it shall indicate there 11 is probable cause to believe that the juvenile has violated a 12 condition of parole and state where the juvenile will be held pending the revocation hearing. The preliminary hearing officer 13 14 shall consider the seriousness of the alleged violation, the public 15 safety, and the best interests of the juvenile in determining where 16 the juvenile shall be held pending the revocation hearing.

Sec. 28. Section 43-420, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 43-420 This section applies until July 1, 2014. Any 20 hearing required or permitted for juveniles in the custody of the 21 Office of Juvenile Services, except a preliminary parole revocation 22 hearing, shall be conducted by a hearing officer who is an attorney 23 licensed to practice law in the State of Nebraska and may be an 24 employee of the Department of Health and Human Services or an 25 attorney who is an independent contractor. If the hearing officer 26 is an employee of the department, he or she shall not be assigned 27 to any duties requiring him or her to give ongoing legal advice to

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Nebraska, is amended to read:

3

any person employed by or who is a contractor with the office.
 Sec. 29. Section 43-421, Reissue Revised Statutes of

4 43-421 This section applies until July 1, 2014. When a 5 juvenile is charged with being in violation of a condition of his 6 or her parole, the juvenile is entitled to:

7 (1) Notice of the alleged violations of parole at least 8 twenty-four hours prior to a hearing on the allegations. Such 9 notice shall contain a concise statement of the purpose of the 10 hearing and the factual allegations upon which evidence will be 11 offered;

12 (2) A prompt hearing, within fourteen days after the
13 preliminary hearing, if the juvenile is being held pending the
14 hearing;

15 (3) Reasonable continuances granted by the hearing
16 officer for the juvenile to prepare for the hearing;

17 (4) Have his or her parents notified of the hearing and
18 allegations and have his or her parents attend the hearing;

19 (5) Be represented by legal counsel at the expense of 20 the Department of Health and Human Services unless retained legal 21 counsel is available to the juvenile. The department may contract 22 with attorneys to provide such representation to juveniles charged 23 with parole violations;

24 (6) Compel witnesses to attend, testify on his or her own
25 behalf, present evidence, and cross-examine witnesses against him
26 or her; and

27

(7) Present a statement on his or her own behalf.

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Sec. 30. Section 43-422, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

3 43-422 This section applies until July 1, 2014. After 4 receiving notice of the allegations of a violation of parole, being 5 notified of the possible consequences, being informed of his or her rights pertaining to the hearing, and having an opportunity to 6 7 confer with his or her parents or precommitment custodian and legal 8 counsel, if desired, the juvenile may waive his or her right to 9 a hearing and admit to the allegations. Such waiver and admission 10 shall be in writing and submitted, together with a recommended 11 disposition by the hearing officer, to the Administrator of the 12 Office of Juvenile Services or his or her designee.

Sec. 31. Section 43-423, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 43-423 This section applies until July 1, 2014. At the parole violation hearing, the hearing officer shall again advise 16 17 the juvenile of his or her rights and ensure that the juvenile has received the notice of allegations and the possible consequences. 18 19 Strict rules of evidence shall not be applied. The hearing officer shall determine whether the detention of the juvenile or other 20 21 restrictions are necessary for the safety of the juvenile or 22 for the public safety and shall indicate to what extent the 23 juvenile will continue to be detained or restricted pending a 24 final decision and administrative appeal. The hearing officer shall 25 issue a written recommended disposition to the Administrator of 26 the Office of Juvenile Services or his or her designee who shall 27 promptly affirm, modify, or reverse the recommended disposition.

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1 The final decision of the administrator or his or her designee 2 may be appealed pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act. 3 The Department of Health and Human Services shall be deemed to 4 have acted within its jurisdiction if its action is in the best 5 interests of the juvenile with due consideration being given to 6 public safety. The appeal shall in all other respects be governed 7 by the Administrative Procedure Act.

8 Sec. 32. Section 43-2402, Reissue Revised Statutes of
9 Nebraska, is amended to read:

10 43-2402 For purposes of the Juvenile Services Act:

(1) Coalition means the Nebraska Coalition for Juvenile
 Justice established pursuant to section 43-2411;

13 (2) Commission means the Nebraska Commission on Law
14 Enforcement and Criminal Justice;

15 (3) Commission Grant Program means grants provided to
16 eligible applicants under section 43-2406;

17 (4) <u>County Community-based</u> Juvenile Services Aid Program
18 means aid to counties <u>and federally recognized or state-recognized</u>
19 Indian tribes provided under section 43-2404.02;

(5) Eligible applicant means a community-based agency or
organization, political subdivision, school district, federally
recognized or state-recognized Indian tribe, or state agency
necessary to comply with the federal act;

(6) Federal act means the Juvenile Justice and
Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq., as the
act existed on July 1, 2001; January 1, 2013;

27 (7) Juvenile means a person who is under eighteen years

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1 of age; and

2 (8) Office of Juvenile Services means the Office of
3 Juvenile Services created in section 43-404.

Sec. 33. Section 43-2404, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

6 43-2404 The coalition shall make award recommendations 7 to the commission, at least annually, in accordance with the 8 Juvenile Services Act and the federal act for grants made under 9 the Commission Grant Program. Such grants shall be used to 10 assist communities in the implementation and operation of programs or services identified in their the applicable comprehensive 11 12 juvenile services plan, to include: Programs for local planning 13 and service coordination; screening, assessment, and evaluation; 14 diversion; alternatives to detention; family support services; 15 treatment services; reentry services; truancy prevention and 16 intervention programs; and other services documented by data that 17 will positively impact youth and families in the juvenile justice 18 system. including, but not limited to, programs for assessment 19 and evaluation, the prevention of delinquent behavior, diversion, 20 detention, shelter care, intensive juvenile probation services, 21 restitution, family support services, and community centers for the 22 care and treatment of juveniles in need of services.

Sec. 34. Section 43-2404.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-2404.01 (1) To be eligible for participation in
either the Commission Grant Program or the County Community-based
Juvenile Services Aid Program, counties shall develop and adopt

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a comprehensive juvenile services plan and submit such plan 1 2 shall be developed, adopted and submitted to the commission in 3 accordance with the federal act and rules and regulations adopted 4 and promulgated by the commission in consultation with the Office 5 of Juvenile Services. Director of the Community-based Juvenile 6 Services Aid Program, the Director of Juvenile Diversion Programs, 7 the Office of Probation Administration, and the University of 8 Nebraska at Omaha, Juvenile Justice Institute. Such plan may be 9 developed by eligible applicants for the Commission Grant Program 10 and by individual counties, or by multiple counties, by federally 11 recognized or state-recognized Indian tribes, or any combination of 12 the three for the Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program. 13 Comprehensive juvenile services plans shall:

14 (a) Be developed by a comprehensive community team
 15 representing juvenile justice system stakeholders;

16 (b) Be based on data relevant to youth and family issues; 17 (c) Identify research-based priorities and strategies or 18 standardized, reliable practices that are implemented with fidelity 19 and which have been researched and demonstrate positive outcomes;

20 (d) Identify clear implementation strategies; and

(e) Identify how the impact of the program or service
will be measured.

23 (2) Any portion of the comprehensive juvenile services 24 plan dealing with administration, procedures, and programs of the 25 juvenile court shall not be submitted to the commission without 26 the concurrence of the presiding judge or judges of the court or 27 courts having jurisdiction in juvenile cases for the geographic

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area to be served. Programs or services established by such plans
 shall conform to the family policy tenets prescribed in sections
 43-532 to 43-534 and shall include research-based or standardized,
 reliable practices that are implemented with fidelity and which
 have been researched and demonstrate positive outcomes.

6 (2) (3) The commission, in consultation with the Office 7 of Juvenile Services and the coalition, shall develop or University 8 of Nebraska at Omaha, Juvenile Justice Institute, shall contract 9 for the development and administration of a statewide system to 10 monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of plans and programs 11 receiving funds from: (a) The Commission Grant Program and 12 (b) the County Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program in 13 preventing persons from entering the juvenile justice system and in 14 rehabilitating juvenile offenders.

15 <u>(4) There is established within the commission the</u> 16 position of Director of the Community-based Juvenile Services 17 Aid Program, appointed by the executive director of the commission. 18 The director shall have extensive experience in developing and 19 providing community-based services.

20 (5) The director shall be supervised by the commission.
21 The director shall:

(a) Provide technical assistance and guidance for the
 development of comprehensive juvenile services plans;

24 (b) Coordinate the review of the Community-based Juvenile 25 Services Aid Program application as provided in section 43-2404.02 26 and make recommendations for the distributions of funds provided 27 under the Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program, giving

priority to those grant applications funding programs and services 1 2 that will divert juveniles from the juvenile justice system, impact 3 and effectively treat juveniles within the juvenile justice system, 4 and reduce the juvenile detention population or assist juveniles 5 in transitioning from out-of-home placements to in-home treatments. 6 The director shall ensure that no funds appropriated or distributed 7 under the Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program shall 8 be used for purposes prohibited under subsection (3) of section 9 43-2404.02; 10 (c) Develop data collection and evaluation protocols, 11 oversee statewide data collection, and generate an annual report on 12 the effectiveness of juvenile services that receive funds from the 13 Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program; 14 (d) Develop relationships and collaborate with juvenile 15 justice system stakeholders, provide education and training as necessary, and serve on boards and committees when approved by the 16 17 commission; 18 (e) Assist juvenile justice system stakeholders in 19 developing policies and practices that are research-based or standardized and reliable and are implemented with fidelity and 20 21 which have been researched and demonstrate positive outcomes; 22 (f) Develop and coordinate a statewide working group 23 as a subcommittee of the Nebraska Coalition for Juvenile Justice

25 funding, monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of plans and

to assist in regular strategic planning related to supporting,

26 programs receiving funds from the Community-based Juvenile Services

27 Aid Program; and

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1 (g) Work with the coordinator for the Nebraska Coalition 2 for Juvenile Justice in facilitating the coalition's obligations 3 under the Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program. Sec. 35. Section 43-2404.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative 4 5 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read: 6 43-2404.02 (1) There is created a separate and distinct 7 budgetary program within the commission to be known as the County 8 Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program. Funding acquired 9 from participation in the federal act, state General Funds, and 10 funding acquired from other sources which may be used for purposes 11 consistent with the Juvenile Services Act and the federal act 12 shall be used to aid counties in the establishment and provision of community-based services for accused and adjudicated juvenile 13 14 offenders and to increase capacity for community-based services to 15 juveniles. juveniles who come in contact with the juvenile justice 16 system.

17 (2) The annual General Fund appropriation to the County Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program shall provide the 18 19 commission with no more than two percent for administrative purposes to operate the program to include necessary training, 20 21 data capacity and collection, and program evaluation. Funds shall 22 be apportioned to the counties as aid in accordance with a formula 23 established in rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by 24 the commission. The formula shall be based on the total number of 25 residents per county and federally recognized or state-recognized 26 Indian tribe who are twelve years of age through eighteen years 27 of age and other relevant factors as determined by the commission.

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1 The commission may require a local match of up to forty percent 2 from counties the county, multiple counties, federally recognized 3 or state-recognized Indian tribe or tribes, or any combination of 4 the three receiving aid under such program. Any local expenditures 5 for community-based programs for juveniles may be applied toward 6 such match requirement.

7 (3) Funds provided to counties under the County 8 Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program shall be used 9 exclusively to assist counties the aid recipient in the 10 implementation and operation of programs or the provision of 11 services identified in their comprehensive juvenile services 12 plan, including, but not limited to, programs for assessment and 13 evaluation, prevention of delinquent behavior, diversion, shelter 14 care, intensive juvenile probation services, restitution, family 15 support services, and family group conferencing. local planning 16 and service coordination; screening, assessment, and evaluation; 17 diversion; alternatives to detention; family support services; 18 treatment services; reentry services; truancy prevention and 19 intervention programs; and other services that will positively 20 impact youth and families in the juvenile justice system. In 21 distributing funds provided under the County Community-based 22 Juvenile Services Aid Program, counties aid recipients shall 23 prioritize programs and services that will reduce the juvenile 24 detention population. divert juveniles from the juvenile justice 25 system, reduce the population of juveniles in juvenile detention 26 and secure confinement, and assist in transitioning juveniles 27 from out-of-home placements. No funds appropriated or distributed

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under the County Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program 1 2 shall be used for construction of secure detention facilities, secure youth treatment facilities, or secure youth confinement 3 4 facilities. Aid received under this section shall not be used for 5 capital construction or the lease or acquisition of facilities 6 except for probation facilities expanded for purposes of the 7 Nebraska Juvenile Service Delivery Project and shall not be used to 8 replace existing funding for programs or services. Any funds not 9 distributed to counties under this subsection shall be retained by 10 the commission to be distributed on a competitive basis under the 11 County Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program for a county, 12 multiple counties, federally recognized or state-recognized Indian 13 tribes, or any combination of the three demonstrating additional 14 need in the funding areas identified in this subsection.

15 (4) Any county receiving recipient of funding under the 16 County Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program shall file an 17 annual report as required by rules and regulations adopted and 18 promulgated by the commission. The report shall include, but not 19 be limited to, the type of juvenile service, how the service met 20 the goals of the comprehensive juvenile services plan, demographic 21 information on the total number of juveniles served, the units 22 of service provided, a listing of the county's annual juvenile 23 justice budgeted and actual expenditures, program success rates, the total number of juveniles sent to secure juvenile detention 24 25 or residential treatment and secure confinement, and a listing of the expenditures for detention, residential treatment, 26 and 27 nonresidential treatment.

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1 (5) The commission shall report annually to the Governor 2 and the Legislature on the distribution and use of funds 3 appropriated under the County Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program. The report shall include, but not be limited to, 4 5 an aggregate report of the use of the Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program funds, including the types of juvenile 6 7 services and programs that were funded, demographic information 8 on the total number of juveniles served, program success rates, 9 the total number of juveniles sent to secure juvenile detention 10 or residential treatment and secure confinement, and a listing of the expenditures of all counties and federally recognized 11 12 or state-recognized Indian tribes for detention, residential 13 treatment, and secure confinement. The report submitted to the 14 Legislature shall be submitted electronically.

15 (6) The commission shall adopt and promulgate rules and 16 regulations to implement this section. for the Community-based 17 Juvenile Services Aid Program in consultation with the Director of the Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program, the 18 Director of Juvenile Diversion Programs, the Office of Probation 19 Administration, and the University of Nebraska at Omaha, Juvenile 20 21 Justice Institute. The rules and regulations shall consist of, but 22 not be limited to:

23 (a) The required elements of a comprehensive community
24 plan and planning process;

(b) The Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program
 formula, review process, match requirements, and fund distribution.
 The distribution process shall ensure a conflict of interest

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1 <u>policy;</u>

2 (c) A distribution process for funds retained under subsection (3) of this section; 3 4 (d) A plan for evaluating the effectiveness of plans and 5 programs receiving funding; 6 (e) A reporting process for aid recipients; and 7 (f) A reporting process for the commission to the 8 Governor and Legislature. Sec. 36. Section 43-2411, Reissue Revised Statutes of 9 10 Nebraska, is amended to read: 11 43-2411 (1) The Nebraska Coalition for Juvenile Justice 12 is created. As provided in the federal act, there shall be no less than fifteen nor more than thirty-three members of the coalition. 13 14 The coalition members shall be appointed by the Governor and shall 15 include: 16 (a) The Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Services; 17 (b) The chief executive officer of the Department of Health and Human Services or his or her designee; 18 19 (c) The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee; 20 (d) The executive director of the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice or his or her designee; 21 22 (e) The Executive Director of the Nebraska Association of County Officials or his or her designee; 23 24 The probation administrator of the Office of (f) 25 Probation Administration or his or her designee; 26 (g) One county commissioner or supervisor; 27 (h) One person with data analysis experience;

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AM734 AM734 LB561 LB561 NPN-04/11/2013 NPN-04/11/2013 (h) (i) One police chief; 1 2 (i) (j) One sheriff; (k) The executive director of the Foster Care Review 3 4 Office; 5 (j) (1) One separate juvenile court judge; 6 (k) (m) One county court judge; 7 (1) (n) One representative of mental health professionals who works directly with juveniles; 8 9 (m) (o) Three representatives, one from each 10 congressional district, from community-based, private nonprofit 11 organizations who work with juvenile offenders and their families; 12 (n) (p) One volunteer who works with juvenile offenders or potential juvenile offenders; 13 14 (c) (q) One person who works with an alternative to 15 incarceration a detention program for juveniles; 16 (p) (r) The director or his or her designee from a youth 17 rehabilitation and treatment center; (q) (s) The director or his or her designee from a secure 18 19 youth confinement juvenile detention facility; 20 (r) (t) The director or his or her designee from a staff 21 secure youth confinement facility; 22 (s) (u) At least five members who are under twenty-four years of age when appointed; 23 24 (t) (v) One person who works directly with juveniles who have learning or emotional difficulties or are abused or neglected; 25 (u) (w) One member of the Nebraska Commission on Law 26 27 Enforcement and Criminal Justice;

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1 (x) One member of a regional behavioral health authority 2 established under section 71-808; 3 (v) (y) One county attorney; and 4 (w) (z) One public defender. 5 (2) The terms of members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (1)(g) through $\frac{(1)(w)}{(1)(z)}$ (1)(z) of this section shall 6 7 be three years, except that the terms of the initial appointments of members of the coalition shall be staggered so that one-third 8 9 of the members are appointed for terms of one year, one-third for 10 terms of two years, and one-third for terms of three years, as 11 determined by the Governor. A majority of the coalition members, 12 including the chairperson, shall not be full-time employees of federal, state, or local government. At least one-fifth of the 13 14 coalition members shall be under the age of twenty-four at the 15 time of appointment. Any vacancy on the coalition shall be filled 16 by appointment by the Governor. The coalition shall select a 17 chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and such other officers as it deems necessary. 18 19 (3) Members of the coalition shall be reimbursed for

20 their actual and necessary expenses pursuant to sections 81-1174 to 21 81-1177.

(4) The coalition may appoint task forces or subcommittees to carry out its work. Task force and subcommittee members shall have knowledge of, responsibility for, or interest in an area related to the duties of the coalition.

Sec. 37. Section 43-2412, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

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43-2412 (1) Consistent with the purposes and objectives
 of the Juvenile Services Act and the federal act, the coalition
 shall:

4 (a) Make recommendations to the commission on the 5 awarding of grants under the Commission Grant Program to eligible 6 applicants;

7 (b) Identify juvenile justice issues, share information,
8 and monitor and evaluate programs in the juvenile justice system;

9 (c) Recommend guidelines and supervision procedures to 10 the Office of Juvenile Services to be used to develop or expand 11 local diversion programs for juveniles from the juvenile justice 12 system;

(d) Prepare an annual report to the Governor, the Legislature, <u>the Office of Probation Administration</u>, and the Office of Juvenile Services including recommendations on administrative and legislative actions which would improve the juvenile justice system. The report submitted to the Legislature shall be submitted electronically;

19 (e) Ensure widespread citizen involvement in all phases20 of its work; and

21 (f) Meet at least four times each year.

(2) Consistent with the purposes and objectives of the
acts and within the limits of available time and appropriations,
the coalition may:

25 (a) Recommend criteria to the Office of Juvenile Services
26 for administrative procedures, including, but not limited to,
27 procedures for intake, detention, petition filing, and probation

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1 supervision;

2 (b) Recommend to the Office of Juvenile Services
3 minimum professional standards, including requirements for
4 continuing professional training, for employees of community-based,
5 youth-serving agencies;

6 (c) Recommend to the Office of Juvenile Services
7 curricula for and cause to have conducted training sessions for
8 juvenile court judges and employees of other community-based,
9 youth-serving agencies;

10 (d) (a) Assist and advise state and local agencies in the 11 establishment of volunteer training programs and the utilization of 12 volunteers;

13 (e) (b) Apply for and receive funds from federal and 14 private sources for carrying out its powers and duties; and 15 (f) (c) Provide technical assistance to eligible 16 applicants.

17 (3) In formulating, adopting, and promulgating the 18 standards, recommendations, and guidelines provided for in this 19 section, the coalition shall consider the differences among 20 counties in population, in geography, and in the availability of 21 local resources.

Sec. 38. Section 43-3503, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

24 43-3503 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to 25 encourage counties to develop a continuum of nonsecure detention 26 services for the purpose of enhancing, developing, and expanding 27 the availability of such services to juveniles requiring nonsecure

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1 detention.

2 (2) A county may enhance, develop, or expand nonsecure 3 detention services as needed with private or public providers. 4 Grants from the Commission Grant Program and aid from the County 5 Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program under the Juvenile Services Act and the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency 6 7 Prevention Act of 1974 may be used to fund nonsecure detention 8 services. Each county shall routinely review services provided by 9 contract providers and modify services as needed.

Sec. 39. Section 43-4203, Revised Statutes Cumulative
 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

12 43-4203 (1) The Nebraska Children's Commission shall work with administrators from each of the service areas designated 13 14 pursuant to section 81-3116, the teams created pursuant to section 15 28-728, local foster care review boards, child advocacy centers, 16 the teams created pursuant to the Supreme Court's Through the Eyes 17 of the Child Initiative, community stakeholders, and advocates for child welfare programs and services to establish networks in each 18 19 of such service areas. Such networks shall permit collaboration to strengthen the continuum of services available to child welfare 20 21 agencies and to provide resources for children and juveniles 22 outside the child protection system. Each service area shall 23 develop its own unique strategies to be included in the statewide 24 strategic plan. The Department of Health and Human Services shall 25 assist in identifying the needs of each service area.

26 (2) (a) The commission shall create a committee to examine
27 state policy regarding the prescription of psychotropic drugs for

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children who are wards of the state and the administration of such
 drugs to such children. Such committee shall review the policy and
 procedures for prescribing and administering such drugs and make
 recommendations to the commission for changes in such policy and
 procedures.

6 (b) The commission shall create a committee to examine 7 the structure and responsibilities of the Office of Juvenile 8 Services as they exist on April 12, 2012. Such committee shall 9 review the role and effectiveness of the youth rehabilitation 10 and treatment centers in the juvenile justice system and make 11 recommendations to the commission on the future role of the 12 youth rehabilitation and treatment centers in the juvenile justice 13 continuum of care, including what populations they should serve 14 and what treatment services should be provided at the centers in 15 order to appropriately serve those populations. Such committee shall also review how mental and behavioral health services are 16 17 provided to juveniles in secure residential placements and the need 18 for such services throughout Nebraska and make recommendations to 19 the commission relating to those systems of care in the juvenile 20 justice system. The committee shall collaborate with the University 21 of Nebraska at Omaha, Juvenile Justice Institute, the University of 22 Nebraska Medical Center, Center for Health Policy, the behavioral 23 health regions as established in section 71-807, and state and 24 national juvenile justice experts to develop recommendations. If 25 the committee's recommendations include maintaining the Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Kearney, the recommendation 26 27 shall include a plan to implement a rehabilitation and treatment

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model by upgrading the center's physical structure, staff, staff 1 2 training and the incorporation of evidence-based treatments and 3 programs. The recommendations shall be delivered to the commission 4 and to the Judiciary Committee of the Legislature by December 1, 5 2013. Such committee shall also review the responsibilities of 6 the Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Services, including 7 oversight of the youth rehabilitation and treatment centers 8 and juvenile parole, and make recommendations to the commission 9 relating to the future responsibilities of the administrator.

10 (c) The commission may organize committees as it 11 deems necessary. Members of the committees may be members of 12 the commission or may be appointed, with the approval of the majority of the commission, from individuals with knowledge of 13 14 the committee's subject matter, professional expertise to assist 15 the committee in completing its assigned responsibilities, and the 16 ability to collaborate within the committee and with the commission 17 to carry out the powers and duties of the commission.

18 (d) If the One Hundred Second Legislature, Second
19 Session, 2012, creates the The Title IV-E Demonstration Project
20 Committee or and the Foster Care Reimbursement Rate Committee, or
21 both, such committees shall be are under the jurisdiction of the
22 commission.

(3) The commission shall work with the office of the
State Court Administrator, as appropriate, and entities which
coordinate facilitated conferencing as described in section
43-247.01. Facilitated conferencing shall be included in statewide
strategic plan discussions by the commission. Facilitated

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1 conferencing shall continue to be utilized and maximized, as 2 determined by the court of jurisdiction, during the development 3 of the statewide strategic plan. Funding and contracting of 4 facilitated conferencing entities shall continue to be provided by 5 the Department of Health and Human Services to at least the same 6 extent as such funding and contracting are being provided on April 7 12, 2012.

8 (4) The commission shall gather information and 9 communicate with juvenile justice specialists of the Office of 10 Probation Administration and county officials with respect to any county-operated practice model participating in the Crossover Youth 11 12 Program of the Center for Juvenile Justice Reform at Georgetown 13 University.

14 (5) If the Nebraska Juvenile Service Delivery Project
15 is enacted by the One Hundred Second Legislature, Second Session,
16 2012, the commission shall coordinate and gather information about
17 the progress and outcomes of the project.

18 Sec. 40. (1) There is established within the Nebraska
19 Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice the position
20 of Director of Juvenile Diversion Programs to be appointed by the
21 executive director of the commission.

(2) The Director of Juvenile Diversion Programs shall
 be supervised by the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and
 Criminal Justice. The director shall be responsible for fostering,
 promoting, researching, and assessing juvenile pretrial diversion
 programs and developing new programs in collaboration with cities
 and counties pursuant to sections 43-260.02 to 43-260.07. The

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1 director shall: 2 (a) Provide technical assistance and guidance to juvenile pretrial diversion programs for implementing evidence-based 3 4 strategies or standardized, replicable practices that have been 5 researched and have demonstrated positive outcomes; 6 (b) Develop a core juvenile pretrial diversion program 7 packet for utilization by counties without a juvenile pretrial 8 diversion program or counties without a district probation officer 9 acting under section 29-2258; 10 (c) Establish baseline program guidelines for juvenile 11 pretrial diversion programs grounded in best-practice research, 12 develop data collection and evaluation protocols, oversee statewide 13 data collection, and generate an annual report on juvenile pretrial 14 diversion programs; 15 (d) Develop relationships and collaborate with juvenile 16 justice stakeholders involved in juvenile pretrial diversion 17 programs, provide education and training as necessary, and serve on 18 boards and committees when approved by the commission; 19 Facilitate consistent communication (e) and information-sharing among juvenile pretrial diversion program 20 21 directors; 22 (f) Assist juvenile pretrial diversion program directors, 23 county attorneys, district probation officers acting under section 29-2258, and county boards in developing policies and practices 24 that achieve the goals of quality juvenile pretrial diversion 25 26 programs;

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(g) Assist in comprehensive community planning efforts as

they relate to development of juvenile pretrial diversion programs; 1 2 (h) Develop and coordinate a statewide working group 3 as a subcommittee of the Nebraska Coalition for Juvenile Justice 4 to assist in regular strategic planning related to supporting, 5 funding, monitoring, and evaluating the effectiveness of plans and 6 programs receiving funds from the Community-based Juvenile Services 7 Aid Program; and 8 (i) Assist the Director of the Community-based Juvenile 9 Services Aid Program created under section 43-2404.01 in the review 10 of Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program applications as 11 provided in section 43-2404.02. 12 Sec. 41. (1) The Community and Family Reentry Process 13 is hereby created. This process is created in order to reduce 14 recidivism and promote safe and effective reentry for the juvenile 15 and his or her family to the community from the juvenile justice 16 system. 17 While a juvenile is committed to a youth (2) 18 rehabilitation and treatment center, family team meetings shall be 19 conducted in person or via videoconferencing at least once per 20 month with the juvenile's support system to discuss the juvenile's transition back to the community. A juvenile's support system

21 <u>transition back to the community. A juvenile's support system</u>
22 should be made up of any of the following: The juvenile himself
23 or herself, any immediate family members or guardians, informal
24 and formal supports, the juvenile's probation officer, Office of
25 Juvenile Services personnel employed by the facility, and any
26 additional personnel as appropriate. Once developed, individualized
27 reentry plans should be discussed at the family team meetings with

the juvenile and other members of the juvenile's support system and shall include discussions on the juvenile's placement after leaving the facility. The probation officer and the Office of Juvenile Services personnel should discuss progress and needs of the juvenile and should help the juvenile follow their individual reentry plan to help with his or her transition back to the community.

8 (3) Within sixty days prior to discharge from a youth 9 rehabilitation and treatment center, or as soon as possible if the 10 juvenile's remaining time at the youth rehabilitation and treatment 11 center is less than sixty days, an evidence-based risk screening 12 and needs assessment should be conducted on the juvenile in order 13 to determine the juvenile's risk of reoffending and the juvenile's 14 individual needs upon reentering the community.

15 (4) Individualized reentry plans shall be developed 16 with input from the juvenile and his or her support system in 17 conjunction with a risk assessment process. Individualized reentry 18 plans shall be finalized thirty days prior to the juvenile leaving 19 the facility or as soon as possible if the juvenile's remaining 20 time at the youth rehabilitation and treatment center is less than 21 thirty days. Individualized reentry plans should include specifics 22 about the juvenile's placement upon return to the community, an 23 education transition plan, a treatment plan with any necessary 24 appointments being set prior to the juvenile leaving the facility, 25 and any other formal and information supports for the juvenile and 26 his or her family. The district probation officer and Office of 27 Juvenile Services personnel shall review the individualized reentry

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1 plan and the expected outcomes as a result of the plan with the 2 juvenile and his or her support system within thirty days prior to 3 the juvenile's discharge from the facility.

4 (5) The probation officer shall have contact with the 5 juvenile and the juvenile's support system within forty-eight hours 6 after the juvenile returns to the community, and continue to assist 7 the juvenile and the juvenile's support system in implementing 8 and following the individualized reentry plan and monitoring the 9 juvenile's risk through ongoing assessment updates.

10 (6) The Office of Probation Administration shall 11 establish an evidence-based reentry process that utilizes risk assessment to determine the juvenile's supervision level upon 12 13 return to the community. They shall establish supervision 14 strategies based on risk levels of the juvenile and supervise 15 accordingly, with ongoing reassessment to assist in determining 16 eligibility for release from probation. The Office of Probation 17 Administration shall develop a formal matrix of graduated sanctions to be utilized prior to requesting the county attorney to file 18 for probation revocation. The Office of Probation Administration 19 shall provide training to its workers on risk-based supervision 20 21 strategies, motivational interviewing, family engagement, community 22 based resources, and other evidence-based reentry strategies.

23 <u>(7) In conjunction with the Community and Family Reentry</u> 24 Process, the Office of Probation Administration, working with youth 25 treatment and rehabilitation center staff and other appropriate 26 treatment personnel, may create and administer a program for early 27 discharge from a youth rehabilitation and treatment center to

community-based services. Eligibility for such program shall be 1 2 dependent on the following factors, including, but not limited 3 to: (a) Whether the juvenile has completed the goals of his or 4 her individual treatment plan or received maximum benefit from 5 institutional treatment; (b) whether the juvenile would benefit 6 from continued services under community supervision; (c) whether 7 the juvenile can function in a community setting; (d) whether there 8 is reason to believe that the juvenile will not commit further 9 violations of law; and (e) whether there is reason to believe 10 that the circumstances of the juvenile's placement, including 11 the involvement of the juvenile's support system, are supportive 12 of success outside of institutional treatment upon the juvenile 13 returning to the community.

14 Sec. 42. (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to 15 appropriate to the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and 16 Criminal Justice, for FY2013-14, and annually thereafter, ten 17 million dollars to be used for the Community-based Juvenile 18 Services Aid Program created under section 43-2404.02 and XXX 19 dollars to fund the positions of Director of Juvenile Diversion Programs created under section 40 of this act and the Director 20 21 of the Community-based Juvenile Services Aid Program created under 22 section 43-2404.01.

23 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide
24 reimbursement for costs and a consultant for the committee created
25 in subdivision (2) (b) of section 43-4203.

26 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that the
27 Nebraska Juvenile Service Delivery Project, established as a pilot

program under section 43-4101 within the Office of Probation 1 2 Administration, be expanded statewide in a three-step, phase-in process beginning July 1, 2013, with full implementation by 3 4 July 1, 2014. The expansion of the project will result in the 5 Office of Probation Administration taking over the duties of the 6 Office of Juvenile Services with respect to its previous functions 7 of community supervision and parole of juvenile law violators 8 and of evaluations for such juveniles. The Office of Juvenile 9 Services shall continue for the purpose of operating the youth 10 rehabilitation and treatment centers and the care and custody of 11 the juveniles placed at such centers. Expansion of the project 12 shall be funded by the transfer of funds from the Department of 13 Health and Human Services and the Office of Juvenile Services used 14 to fully fund community-based services and juvenile parole to the 15 Office of Probation Administration. Transfer of such funds shall 16 take place on July 1, 2013, January 1, 2014, and July 1, 2014, with 17 one-third of such funds being transferred on each date.

18 (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that detention
19 costs for a juvenile shall be paid by the county containing the
20 court which issued the order to detain in the following situations:
21 (a) A juvenile who has no prior contact with the juvenile
22 justice system and is placed in predisposition detention; or

23 (b) A juvenile who is placed in predisposition detention
24 for a new violation of law while under the supervision of the
25 Office of Probation Administration.

26 (5) It is the intent of the Legislature that detention
27 costs for a juvenile shall be paid by the Office of Probation

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1 Administration in the following situations: 2 (a) A juvenile is placed in detention as the result of an 3 alleged violation of probation; or 4 (b) A juvenile is placed in post-disposition detention 5 under the supervision of the Office of Probation Administration while awaiting placement. 6 7 (6) For purposes of this section, detention means secure 8 detention and staff secure detention. Sec. 43. Section 43-4002, Reissue Revised Statutes of 9 10 Nebraska, is amended to read: 11 43-4002 (1) The Children's Behavioral Health Task Force, 12 under the direction of and in consultation with the Health and Human Services Committee of the Legislature and the Department of 13 14 Health and Human Services, shall prepare a children's behavioral 15 health plan and shall submit such plan to the Governor and 16 the committee on or before December 4, 2007. The scope of the 17 plan shall include juveniles accessing public behavioral health resources. 18 19 (2) The plan shall include, but not be limited to: 20 (a) Plans for the development of a statewide integrated 21 system of care to provide appropriate educational, behavioral 22 health, substance abuse, and support services to children and 23 their families. The integrated system of care should serve both 24 adjudicated and nonadjudicated juveniles with behavioral health or 25 substance abuse issues;

(b) Plans Until July 1, 2014, plans for the development
of community-based inpatient and subacute substance abuse and

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behavioral health services and the allocation of funding for such
 services to the community pursuant to subdivision (4) of section
 43-406;

4 (c) Strategies for effectively serving juveniles assessed 5 in need of substance abuse or behavioral health services upon 6 release from the Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Kearney 7 or Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Geneva;

8 (d) Plans for the development of needed capacity for the
9 provision of community-based substance abuse and behavioral health
10 services for children;

(e) Strategies and mechanisms for the integration of federal, state, local, and other funding sources for the provision of community-based substance abuse and behavioral health services for children;

15 (f) Measurable benchmarks and timelines for the 16 development of a more comprehensive and integrated system of 17 substance abuse and behavioral health services for children;

(g) Identification of necessary and appropriate statutory
changes for consideration by the Legislature; and

(h) Development of a plan for a data and information
system for all children receiving substance abuse and behavioral
health services shared among all parties involved in the provision
of services for children.

(3) The department shall provide a written implementation
and appropriations plan for the children's behavioral health
plan to the Governor and the committee by January 4, 2008.
The chairperson of the Health and Human Services Committee

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of the Legislature shall prepare legislation or amendments to 1 2 legislation to implement this subsection for introduction in the 3 2008 legislative session. Sec. 44. Section 58-210.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of 4 5 Nebraska, is amended to read: 6 58-210.02 (1) Economic-impact project means any of the 7 following, whether or not in existence, financed in whole or 8 in part through the use of the federal new markets tax credit

9 described in section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code<u>or through</u> 10 the use of the tax credit authorized by section 77-1101 of the 11 <u>New Markets Job Growth Investment Act</u>, and located in a low-income 12 community designated pursuant to section 45D of the Internal 13 Revenue Code or <u>in an area</u> designated by the Department of Economic 14 Development:

15 (a) Any land, building, or other improvement, including,
16 but not limited to, infrastructure;

17 (b) Any real or personal property;

18 (c) Any equipment or working capital; and

(d) Any undivided or other interest in any property
described in subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection.

21 (2) Economic-impact project does not include any 22 operating capital.

23 (2) Social-impact project means any of the following,
 24 whether or not in existence, to be used by one or more public or
 25 private parties in connection with one or more programs authorized
 26 or specified by the Office of Juvenile Services or the Office of
 27 Probation Administration, to be created by the One Hundred Third

1 Legislature: 2 (a) Any land, building, or other improvement, including, 3 but not limited to, infrastructure; 4 (b) Any real or personal property; 5 (c) Any equipment or working capital; and 6 (d) Any undivided or other interest in any property 7 described in subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection. Sec. 45. Section 58-239.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of 8 Nebraska, is amended to read: 9 10 58-239.04 (1) In addition to the powers granted under 11 section 58-239, the authority may: 12 (a) (1) Borrow money and issue bonds and provide technical assistance for the purpose of financing economic-impact 13 14 projects and social-impact projects; 15 (b) (2) Enter into and perform interagency and 16 intergovernmental agreements with one or more public agencies 17 in connection with financing or providing resources for 18 economic-impact projects and social-impact projects; 19 (c) (3) Create, operate, manage, invest in, and own 20 entities or other consortia created for the purpose of facilitating 21 economic-impact projects and social-impact projects; and 22 (d) (4) Provide resources for economic-impact projects 23 and social-impact projects, in an amount not to exceed ten twenty 24 million dollars per project, including, but not limited to, making 25 loans or providing equity through investment therein or ownership 26 thereof or through other means or agreements.

27 (2) The authority may exercise any of the powers

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1 authorized by this section only after a public hearing has been 2 held detailing the economic-impact project to be assisted and allowing for input from the public. Notice of the public hearing 3 4 shall be given at least two weeks in advance of the hearing in 5 a newspaper of general circulation within the county affected by 6 the economic-impact project, which notice shall give a general 7 designation of the project and identify where more detailed plans 8 may be reviewed prior to the hearing.

9 Sec. 46. Section 77-1108, Revised Statutes Cumulative
10 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

77-1108 (1) Qualified active low-income community 11 12 business has the meaning given such term in section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and 26 C.F.R. 1.45D-1. 13 14 A business shall be considered a qualified active low-income 15 community business for the duration of the qualified community 16 development entity's investment in, or loan to, the business 17 if the entity reasonably expects, at the time it makes the 18 investment or loan, that the business will continue to satisfy 19 the requirements for being a qualified active low-income community business throughout the entire period of the investment or loan. 20 21 The term excludes any business that derives or projects to derive 22 fifteen percent or more of its annual revenue from the rental or 23 sale of real estate. This exclusion does not apply to a business 24 that is controlled by, or under common control with, another 25 business if the second business (1) (a) does not derive or project 26 to derive fifteen percent or more of its annual revenue from the 27 rental or sale of real estate and (2) (b) is the primary tenant of

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1 the real estate leased from the first business.

2 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the New 3 Markets Job Growth Investment Act or section 45D of the Internal 4 Revenue Code, any entity providing programs, services, or 5 assistance in the state in connection with programs or initiatives 6 of the Office of Juvenile Services or the Office of Probation 7 Administration, to be created by the One Hundred Third Legislature, 8 may be designated, by such office, as a qualified active low-income 9 community business for purposes of the New Markets Job Growth 10 Investment Act.

Sec. 47. Section 81-1417, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

13 81-1417 (1) The Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement 14 and Criminal Justice shall consist of eighteen nineteen members. 15 The membership shall include the Governor, the Attorney General, 16 the Superintendent of Law Enforcement and Public Safety, the 17 Director of Correctional Services, the chief of police or director of public safety of a city of more than two hundred thousand 18 population, the chief of police or director of public safety of 19 a city of less than two hundred thousand population or less, 20 21 a county sheriff, a county attorney, a county commissioner, a 22 mayor or city manager, a person involved with the control or prevention of juvenile delinquency, the chairperson of the Nebraska 23 24 Police Standards Advisory Council, the chairperson of the Nebraska 25 Coalition for Juvenile Justice, and six members, at least one of 26 whom shall be a woman, from the public at large. The seven members 27 of the council shall also be considered members of the commission

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acting as a special committee of the commission with limited powers
 and duties. A member of the commission may serve concurrently as a
 member of the council. The term of the district court judge serving
 on July 20, 2002, terminates on such date.

5 (2) The Governor may increase the membership of the 6 commission at any time if such increase is necessary to comply 7 with the provisions of any federal act providing funds for law 8 enforcement or delinquency prevention purposes. Such members of the 9 commission appointed by the Governor shall serve for terms of six 10 years from January 1 next succeeding their appointments.

(3) Except for the Governor, the Attorney General, the Superintendent of Law Enforcement and Public Safety, and the Director of Correctional Services, the members of the commission shall be appointed by the Governor. The membership of the commission shall represent varying geographic areas and large and small governmental subdivisions.

Sec. 48. Section 83-4,124, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 83-4,124 (1) It is hereby declared to be the policy 20 of the State of Nebraska that all criminal detention facilities 21 and juvenile detention facilities in the this state shall conform 22 to certain minimum standards of construction, maintenance, and 23 operation and that all juvenile detention facilities and staff secure facilities in this state shall conform to certain minimum 24 25 standards relating to the operation and physical structure of 26 such facilities and the care of, programs for, and discipline of 27 juveniles at such facilities.

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(2) To further such policy, the Jail Standards Board 1 2 is hereby created. For administrative and budgetary purposes such board shall be within the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement 3 4 and Criminal Justice. The board shall consist of the Director of 5 Correctional Services or, if the Director of Correctional Services 6 chooses not to serve on the board, a person appointed by the 7 director to serve in lieu of the director, the State Fire Marshal 8 or his or her designee, and nine ten appointive members, three 9 of whom shall be from each of the three congressional districts, 10 to be appointed by the Governor. The appointive members of the board shall be appointed from recommendation lists containing at 11 12 least three names submitted by the Nebraska Association of County 13 Officials, the Nebraska County Sheriffs Association, the Nebraska 14 State Bar Association, and the Police Officers Association of 15 Nebraska. The appointive members of the board shall consist of: (1) (a) Two county commissioners or supervisors; (2) (b) one county 16 17 sheriff; (3) (c) one municipal police chief; (4) (d) one member of the Nebraska State Bar Association; (5) (e) two lay people; (6) (f) 18 19 one person who at the time of his or her appointment is serving as 20 an administrator responsible for the operation and maintenance of 21 a juvenile detention facility; (g) one person who at the time of 22 his or her appointment is serving as an administrator responsible for the operation and maintenance of a staff secure facility; and 23 24 (7) (h) one person who at the time of his or her appointment is 25 serving as an administrator or jailer responsible for the operation 26 and maintenance of a criminal detention facility having an average 27 daily population of greater than fifty persons. The term of the

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1 district judge serving on July 20, 2002, terminates on such date.

2 (3) The terms of office for all members initially 3 appointed shall be three years. Upon completion of the initial 4 term of the board, the Governor shall appoint one member from 5 each congressional district for a term of one year, one member from each congressional district for a term of two years, and 6 7 one member from each congressional district for a term of three 8 years. Succeeding appointees shall be representative of the same 9 congressional district and shall be appointed for terms of three 10 years. An appointee to a vacancy occurring from an unexpired term 11 shall serve out the term of his or her predecessor. Members whose 12 terms have expired shall continue to serve until their successors have been appointed. The member authorized by this legislative bill 13 14 shall be appointed by the Governor within ninety days after the 15 effective date of this act.

16 <u>(4)</u> The members of the board shall serve without 17 compensation, but they shall be reimbursed for their actual 18 expenses while engaged in the performance of their official duties 19 as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177.

20 Sec. 49. Section 83-4,125, Reissue Revised Statutes of
21 Nebraska, is amended to read:

22 83-4,125 For purposes of sections 83-4,124 to 83-4,134:

(1) Criminal detention facility shall mean means any
institution operated by a political subdivision or a combination
of political subdivisions for the careful keeping or rehabilitative
needs of adult or juvenile criminal offenders or those persons
being detained while awaiting disposition of charges against them.

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Criminal detention facility shall <u>does</u> not include any institution
 operated by the Department of Correctional Services. Criminal
 detention facilities shall be classified as follows:

4 (a) Type I Facilities shall mean <u>means</u> criminal detention 5 facilities used for the detention of persons for not more than 6 twenty-four hours, excluding nonjudicial days;

7 (b) Type II Facilities <u>shall mean means</u> criminal 8 detention facilities used for the detention of persons for not more 9 than ninety-six hours, excluding nonjudicial days; and

10 (c) Type III Facilities shall mean means criminal 11 detention facilities used for the detention of persons beyond 12 ninety-six hours; and

(2) Juvenile detention facility shall mean means an 13 14 institution operated by a political subdivision or political 15 subdivisions for the secure detention and treatment of persons 16 younger than eighteen years of age, including persons under the 17 jurisdiction of a juvenile court, who are serving a sentence pursuant to a conviction in a county or district court or who 18 19 are detained while waiting disposition of charges against them. 20 Juvenile detention facility shall does not include any institution operated by the department; and. 21

22 (3) Staff secure juvenile facility means a juvenile 23 residential facility operated by a political subdivision (a) which 24 does not include construction designed to physically restrict 25 the movements and activities of juveniles who are in custody in 26 the facility; (b) in which physical restriction of movement or 27 activity of juveniles is provided solely through staff; (c) which

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may establish reasonable rules restricting ingress to and egress from the facility; and (d) in which the movements and activities of individual juvenile residents may, for treatment purposes, be restricted or subject to control through the use of intensive staff supervision. Staff secure juvenile facility does not include any institution operated by the department.

Sec. 50. Section 83-4,126, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

9 83-4,126 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this
10 section, the Jail Standards Board shall have the authority and
11 responsibility:

12 (a) To develop minimum standards for the construction,
13 maintenance, and operation of criminal detention facilities;

14 (b) To perform such other duties as may be necessary to 15 carry out the policy of the state regarding such criminal detention 16 facilities, and juvenile detention facilities, and staff secure 17 juvenile facilities as stated in sections 83-4,124 to 83-4,134; and 18 (c) Consistent with the purposes and objectives of the 19 Juvenile Services Act, to develop standards for juvenile detention facilities and staff secure juvenile facilities, including, but not 20 21 limited to, standards for physical facilities, care, programs, and 22 disciplinary procedures, and to develop guidelines pertaining to 23 the operation of such facilities.

(2) The Jail Standards Board shall not have authority
over or responsibility for correctional facilities that are
accredited by a nationally recognized correctional association. A
correctional facility that is accredited by a nationally recognized

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correctional association shall show proof of accreditation annually
 to the Jail Standards Board. For purposes of this subsection,
 nationally recognized correctional association includes, but is not
 limited to, the American Correctional Association or its successor.
 Sec. 51. Section 83-4,131, Revised Statutes Cumulative
 Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

7 83-4,131 Personnel of the Nebraska Commission on Law 8 Enforcement and Criminal Justice shall visit and inspect each 9 criminal detention facility, and juvenile detention facility, and 10 staff secure juvenile facility in the state, except correctional 11 facilities accredited by a nationally recognized correctional 12 association pursuant to subsection (2) of section 83-4,126, for the 13 purpose of determining the conditions of confinement, the treatment 14 of persons confined in the facilities, and whether such facilities 15 comply with the minimum standards established by the Jail Standards 16 Board. A written report of each inspection shall be made within 17 thirty days following such inspection to the appropriate governing body responsible for the criminal detention facility, or juvenile 18 19 detention facility, or staff secure juvenile facility involved. The report shall specify those areas in which the facility does not 20 21 comply with the required minimum standards.

Sec. 52. Section 83-4,132, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

24 83-4,132 If an inspection under sections 83-4,124 to
25 83-4,134 discloses that the criminal detention facility, or
26 juvenile detention facility, or staff secure juvenile facility
27 does not meet the minimum standards established by the Jail

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Standards Board, the board shall send notice, together with the 1 2 inspection report, to the governing body responsible for the 3 facility. The appropriate governing body shall promptly meet to consider the inspection report, and the inspection personnel shall 4 5 appear before the governing body to advise and consult concerning appropriate corrective action. The governing body shall then 6 7 initiate appropriate corrective action within six months of after 8 the receipt of such inspection report or may voluntarily close the 9 facility or the objectionable portion thereof.

Sec. 53. Section 83-4,133, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

12 83-4,133 If the governing body of the juvenile detention 13 facility, or criminal detention facility, or staff secure juvenile 14 facility fails to initiate corrective action within six months 15 after the receipt of such inspection report, fails to correct the 16 disclosed conditions, or fails to close the criminal detention 17 facility, or staff secure juvenile facility or the objectionable portion thereof, the Jail Standards 18 19 Board may petition the district court within the judicial district in which such facility is located to close the facility. Such 20 21 petition shall include the inspection report regarding such 22 facility. The local governing body shall then have thirty days to 23 respond to such petition and shall serve a copy of the response 24 on the Jail Standards Board by certified mail, return receipt 25 requested. Thereafter, a hearing shall be held on the petition 26 before the district court, and an order shall be rendered by such 27 court which either:

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(1) Dismisses the petition of the Jail Standards Board;
 (2) Directs that corrective action be initiated in some
 form by the local governing body of the facility in question; or
 (3) Directs that the facility be closed. An appeal from
 the decision of the district court may be taken to the Court of
 Appeals.

7 Sec. 54. Section 83-4,134, Reissue Revised Statutes of
8 Nebraska, is amended to read:

9 83-4,134 Sections 83-4,124 to 83-4,134 shall be 10 implemented upon completion of the development of minimum standards by the Jail Standards Board. Thereafter, inspections shall begin, 11 12 but no criminal detention facility, or juvenile detention facility, or staff secure juvenile facility shall be closed within one year 13 14 of the date of first filing of the minimum standards in the office 15 of the Secretary of State. After one year from the date of first 16 filing of the minimum standards, a facility may be closed for any 17 violation of the minimum standards. Those standards relating to the construction of the facility itself and its plumbing, heating, and 18 19 wiring systems shall not be enforced so as to require the closing 20 of any facility for a period of two years from the date of the 21 first filing of the minimum standards unless such violations are 22 of immediate danger to the safety of the persons confined in the 23 facility or facility personnel, in which case such period shall be 24 one year.

25 Sec. 55. Original sections 43-260.04, 43-260.05,
26 43-260.07, 43-281, 43-2,119, 43-404, 43-406, 43-407, 43-408,
27 43-409, 43-410, 43-411, 43-413, 43-414, 43-417, 43-418, 43-419,

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when passed and approved according to law.

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