#### AMENDMENTS TO LB 667

# Introduced by Judiciary

1 1. Strike the original sections and insert the following new sections: 2 Section 1. Section 28-101, Revised Statutes Cumulative 3 Supplement, 2010, is amended to read: 4 5 28-101 Sections 28-101 to 28-1356 and section 2 of this 6 act shall be known and may be cited as the Nebraska Criminal Code. 7 Sec. 2. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to 8 operate or be in the actual physical control of a motor vehicle 9 with a person under the age of sixteen years as a passenger: 10 (a) While the person operating or in the actual physical 11 control of the motor vehicle is under the influence of alcoholic 12 liquor or any drug; 13 (b) When the person operating or in the actual physical control of the motor vehicle has a concentration of 14 15 eight-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per one 16 hundred milliliters of his or her blood; 17 (c) When the person operating or in the actual 18 physical control of the motor vehicle has a concentration of 19 eight-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two 20 hundred ten liters of his or her breath; or 21 (d) If the person operating or in the actual physical 22 control of the motor vehicle refuses to submit to a chemical test or tests when directed to do so by a peace officer pursuant to 23

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1 section 60-6,197. 2 (2) A violation of this section shall be a Class I 3 misdemeanor. 4 (3) The crime punishable under this section shall be 5 treated as a separate and distinct offense from any other offense arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person 6 7 was in violation of this section. Sec. 3. Section 28-306, Reissue Revised Statutes of 8 Nebraska, is amended to read: 9 10 28-306 (1) A person who causes the death of another 11 unintentionally while engaged in the operation of a motor vehicle 12 in violation of the law of the State of Nebraska or in violation of any city or village ordinance commits motor vehicle homicide. 13 14 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, 15 motor vehicle homicide is a Class I misdemeanor. 16 (3) (a) If the proximate cause of the death of another is 17 the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,213 18 or 60-6,214, motor vehicle homicide is a Class IIIA felony. 19 (b) If the proximate cause of the death of another is 20 the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 21 or 60-6,197.06, motor vehicle homicide is a Class III felony. The 22 court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, order the 23 person not to drive any motor vehicle for any purpose for a period 24 of at least one year and not more than fifteen years and shall 25 order that the operator's license of such person be revoked for the 26 same period.

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(c) If the proximate cause of the death of another is

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1 the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 2 or 60-6,197.06, motor vehicle homicide is a Class II felony if 3 the defendant has a prior conviction for a violation of section 4 60-6,196 or 60-6,197.06, under a city or village ordinance enacted 5 in conformance with section 60-6,196, or under a law of another 6 state if, at the time of the conviction under the law of such other 7 state, the offense for which the defendant was convicted would have 8 been a violation of section 60-6,196. The court shall, as part of 9 the judgment of conviction, order the person not to drive any motor 10 vehicle for any purpose for a period of fifteen years and shall order that the operator's license of such person be revoked for the 11 12 same period.

13 (d) An order of the court described in subdivision (b) or 14 (c) of this subsection shall be administered upon sentencing, upon 15 final judgment of any appeal or review, or upon the date that any 16 probation is revoked.

17 <u>(4) The crime punishable under this section shall be</u> 18 <u>treated as a separate and distinct offense from any other offense</u> 19 <u>arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person</u> 20 <u>was in violation of this section.</u>

Sec. 4. Section 28-394, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

23 28-394 (1) A person who causes the death of an unborn 24 child unintentionally while engaged in the operation of a motor 25 vehicle in violation of the law of the State of Nebraska or in 26 violation of any city or village ordinance commits motor vehicle 27 homicide of an unborn child.

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(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section,
 motor vehicle homicide of an unborn child is a Class I misdemeanor.
 (3) (a) If the proximate cause of the death of an unborn
 child is the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section
 60-6,213 or 60-6,214, motor vehicle homicide of an unborn child is
 a Class IV felony.

7 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (3)(c) of this 8 section, if the proximate cause of the death of an unborn child is 9 the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 10 or 60-6,197.06, motor vehicle homicide of an unborn child is a 11 Class IV felony and the court shall, as part of the judgment of 12 conviction, order the person not to drive any motor vehicle for any purpose for a period of at least sixty days and not more than 13 14 fifteen years after the date ordered by the court and shall order 15 that the operator's license of such person be revoked for the same period. The revocation shall not run concurrently with any jail 16 17 term imposed.

(c) If the proximate cause of the death of an unborn 18 19 child is the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197.06 and the defendant has a prior 20 conviction for a violation of section 60-6,196 or a city or 21 22 village ordinance enacted in conformance with section 60-6,196, 23 motor vehicle homicide of an unborn child is a Class III felony and the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, order 24 25 the person not to drive any motor vehicle for any purpose for 26 a period of at least sixty days and not more than fifteen years 27 after the date ordered by the court and shall order that the

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operator's license of such person be revoked for the same period.
 The revocation shall not run concurrently with any jail term
 imposed.

4 (4) The crime punishable under this section shall be 5 treated as a separate and distinct offense from any other offense 6 arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person 7 was in violation of this section.

8 Sec. 5. Section 29-215, Reissue Revised Statutes of
9 Nebraska, is amended to read:

10 29-215 (1) A law enforcement officer has the power and 11 authority to enforce the laws of this state and of the political 12 subdivision which employs the law enforcement officer or otherwise 13 perform the functions of that office anywhere within his or her 14 primary jurisdiction.

15 (2) Any law enforcement officer who is within this state, 16 but beyond his or her primary jurisdiction, has the power and 17 authority to enforce the laws of this state or any legal ordinance of any city or incorporated village or otherwise perform the 18 19 functions of his or her office, including the authority to arrest 20 and detain suspects, as if enforcing the laws or performing the 21 functions within his or her primary jurisdiction in the following 22 cases:

(a) Any such law enforcement officer, if in a fresh
attempt to apprehend a person suspected of committing a felony, may
follow such person into any other jurisdiction in this state and
there arrest and detain such person and return such person to the
law enforcement officer's primary jurisdiction;

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1 (b) Any such law enforcement officer, if in a fresh 2 attempt to apprehend a person suspected of committing a misdemeanor 3 or a traffic infraction, may follow such person anywhere in an area 4 within twenty-five miles of the boundaries of the law enforcement 5 officer's primary jurisdiction and there arrest and detain such 6 person and return such person to the law enforcement officer's 7 primary jurisdiction;

8 (c) Any such law enforcement officer shall have such 9 enforcement and arrest and detention authority when responding to 10 a call in which a local, state, or federal law enforcement officer is in need of assistance. A law enforcement officer in need of 11 12 assistance shall mean (i) a law enforcement officer whose life is 13 in danger or (ii) a law enforcement officer who needs assistance in 14 making an arrest and the suspect (A) will not be apprehended unless 15 immediately arrested, (B) may cause injury to himself or herself or 16 others or damage to property unless immediately arrested, or (C) 17 may destroy or conceal evidence of the commission of a crime; and

18 (d) Any municipality or county may, under the provisions 19 of the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act, enter into a contract with any other municipality or county for law 20 21 enforcement services or joint law enforcement services. Under such 22 an agreement, law enforcement personnel may have such enforcement 23 authority within the jurisdiction of each of the participating political subdivisions if provided for in the agreement. Unless 24 25 otherwise provided in the agreement, each participating political 26 subdivision shall provide liability insurance coverage for its own 27 law enforcement personnel as provided in section 13-1802.

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1 (3) When probable cause exists to believe that a person 2 is operating or in the actual physical control of any motor vehicle, motorboat, personal watercraft, or aircraft while under 3 4 the influence of alcoholic liquor or of any drug or otherwise 5 in violation of section 28-1465, 28-1466, 28-1472, 37-1254.01, 37-1254.02, 60-4,163, 60-4,164, 60-6,196, 60-6,197, 60-6,211.01, 6 7 or 60-6,211.02, the law enforcement officer has the power and 8 authority to do any of the following or any combination thereof:

9 (a) Transport such person to a facility outside of the 10 law enforcement officer's primary jurisdiction for appropriate 11 chemical testing of the person;

12 (b) Administer outside of the law enforcement officer's
13 primary jurisdiction any post-arrest test advisement to the person;
14 or

15 (c) With respect to such person, perform other procedures 16 or functions outside of the law enforcement officer's primary 17 jurisdiction which are directly and solely related to enforcing 18 the laws that concern a person operating or being in the actual physical control of any motor vehicle, motorboat, or aircraft while 19 20 under the influence of alcoholic liquor or of any other drug or otherwise in violation of section 28-1465, 28-1466, 28-1472, 21 37-1254.01, 37-1254.02, 60-4,163, 60-4,164, 60-6,196, 60-6,197, 22 60-6,211.01, or 60-6,211.02. 23

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(4) For purposes of this section:

(a) Law enforcement officer has the same meaning as peace
officer as defined in section 49-801 and also includes conservation
officers of the Game and Parks Commission; and

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(b) Primary jurisdiction means the geographic area within
 the territorial limits of the state or political subdivision which
 employs the law enforcement officer.
 Sec. 6. Section 29-1917, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

6 29-1917 (1) Except as provided in section 29-1926, at any 7 time after the filing of an indictment or information in a felony 8 or Class W misdemeanor prosecution, the prosecuting attorney or the 9 defendant may request the court to allow the taking of a deposition 10 of any person other than the defendant who may be a witness in 11 the trial of the offense. The court may order the taking of the 12 deposition when it finds the testimony of the witness:

13 (a) May be material or relevant to the issue to be
14 determined at the trial of the offense; or

15 (b) May be of assistance to the parties in the16 preparation of their respective cases.

17 (2) An order granting the taking of a deposition shall
18 include the time and place for taking such deposition and such
19 other conditions as the court determines to be just.

(3) The proceedings in taking the deposition of a witness
pursuant to this section and returning it to the court shall be
governed in all respects as the taking of depositions in civil
cases.

(4) A deposition taken pursuant to this section may
25 be used at the trial by any party solely for the purpose of
26 contradicting or impeaching the testimony of the deponent as a
27 witness.

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Sec. 7. Section 29-2259.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative
 Supplement, 2010, is amended to read:

3 29-2259.01 (1) There is hereby created the Probation 4 Cash Fund. All money collected pursuant to subdivisions (2)(m) 5 and (2)(o) of section 29-2262 and subdivisions (4)(a) and (4)(b) 6 of section 60-4,115 shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for 7 credit to the fund.

8 (2) Expenditures from the money in the fund collected 9 pursuant to subdivisions (2) (m) and (2) (o) of section 29-2262 shall 10 include, but not be limited to, supplementing any state funds 11 necessary to support the costs of the services for which the money 12 was collected.

13 (3) (a) The Office of Probation Administration shall use 14 no more than five percent of the money in the fund collected in 15 each fiscal year pursuant to subdivisions (4) (a) and (4) (b) of 16 section 60-4,115 for administrative costs of the office.

17 (b) Expenditures from the money in the fund collected 18 pursuant to subdivisions (4)(a) and (4)(b) of section 60-4,115 19 shall also be used to provide for the cost of installing, removing, 20 and maintaining an ignition interlock device in accordance with 21 subsection (9) of section 60-6,211.05. The office shall not be 22 required to pay costs authorized under this subdivision that exceed 23 the amount of funds available for this purpose.

(4) (3) Any money in the fund available for investment
shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to
the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds
Investment Act.

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1 (5) The State Treasurer shall transfer any money in the Ignition Interlock Device Fund on May 14, 2009, to the Probation 2 3 Cash Fund. Sec. 8. Section 37-1201, Revised Statutes Cumulative 4 5 Supplement, 2010, is amended to read: 6 37-1201 Sections 37-1201 to 37-12,110 and sections 16, 7 17, 18, and 19 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the 8 State Boat Act. It is the policy of this state to promote safety 9 for persons and property in and connected with the use, operation, 10 and equipment of vessels and to promote uniformity of laws relating 11 thereto. 12 Sec. 9. Section 37-1238.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of 13 Nebraska, is amended to read: 14 37-1238.01 No person other than a rescue squad member 15 actually en route to, at, or returning from any emergency requiring 16 the services of such member or any law enforcement peace officer 17 in the performance of his or her official duties shall operate a 18 vessel equipped with a rotating or flashing red or blue light or 19 lights upon the waters of this state. 20 Sec. 10. Section 37-1254.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 21 22 37-1254.01 (1) No person shall be in the actual physical 23 control of any motorboat or personal watercraft under propulsion 24 upon the waters of this state: 25 (a) While under the influence of alcohol alcoholic liquor 26 or of any controlled substance as defined in section 28-401; drug; 27 (b) When such person has a concentration of

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eight-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol
 per one hundred milliliters of his or her blood; or

3 (c) When such person has a concentration of 4 eight-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol 5 per two hundred ten liters of his or her breath.

6 (2) Any person who is in the actual physical control of 7 any motorboat under propulsion upon the waters of this state while 8 in a condition described in subsection (1) of this section shall be 9 guilty of a Class II misdemeanor. Upon conviction the court shall, 10 as part of the judgment of conviction, order such person not to be 11 in the physical control of a motorboat under propulsion upon the 12 waters of this state for any purpose for a period of six months 13 from the date of such conviction, except that if the court places 14 such person on probation or suspends the sentence for any reason, 15 the court shall, as one of the conditions of probation or sentence 16 suspension, order such person not to be in the physical control of 17 any motorboat under propulsion upon the waters of this state for 18 any purpose for a period of sixty days from the date of the order. 19 (3) (2) Any city or village may enact ordinances 20 in conformance with this section and section 37-1254.02. Upon 21 conviction of any person of a violation of such a city or village 22 ordinance, the provisions of sections 18 and 19 of this act shall 23 be applicable the same as though it were a violation of this 24 section or section 37-1254.02.

25 (3) Any person who is in the actual physical control
26 of any motorboat or personal watercraft under propulsion upon the
27 waters of this state while in a condition described in subsection

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(1) of this section shall be guilty of a crime and upon conviction
 punished as provided in section 19 of this act.

3 (4) At the discretion of the court, any person convicted
4 of violating this section or violating any city or village
5 ordinance adopted in conformance with this section may be required
6 to attend, at the convicted person's expense, an alcoholism
7 treatment program as a term of probation.

8 Sec. 11. Section 37-1254.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of
9 Nebraska, is amended to read:

10 37-1254.02 (1) Any person who has in his or her 11 actual physical control a motorboat <u>or personal watercraft</u> under 12 propulsion upon the waters of this state shall be deemed to have 13 given his or her consent to submit to a chemical test <u>or tests</u> 14 of his or her blood, <del>or</del> breath, <u>or urine</u> for the purpose of 15 determining the <del>amount of alcohol content</del> <u>concentration of alcohol</u> 16 <u>or the presence of drugs in such blood</u>, <del>or</del> breath, <u>or urine</u>.

17 (2) Any law enforcement peace officer who has been duly 18 authorized to make arrests for violations of laws of this state or 19 ordinances of any city or village may require any person arrested for any offense arising out of acts alleged to have been committed 20 21 while the person was in the actual physical control of a motorboat 22 or personal watercraft under propulsion upon the waters of this 23 state under the influence of alcohol or drugs to submit to a 24 chemical test or tests of his or her blood, or breath, or urine for 25 the purpose of determining the alcohol content of concentration of 26 alcohol or the presence of drugs in such blood, or breath, or urine 27 when the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person

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1 was in the actual physical control of a motorboat <u>or personal</u>
2 <u>watercraft</u> under propulsion upon the waters of this state while
3 under the influence of alcohol<u>or drugs in violation of section</u>
4 <u>37-1254.01</u>. It shall be unlawful for a person to refuse to provide
5 <u>a sample of his or her blood</u>, breath, or urine after being directed
6 <u>by a peace officer to submit to a chemical test or tests of his or</u>
7 her blood or breath pursuant to this section.

8 (3) Any law enforcement officer who has been duly 9 authorized to make arrests for violations of laws of this state or 10 ordinances of any city or village may require any person who has 11 in his or her actual physical control a motorboat under propulsion 12 upon the waters of this state to submit to a preliminary test of 13 his or her breath for alcohol content if the officer has reasonable 14 grounds to believe that such person has alcohol in his or her 15 body or has committed any violation of this section and section 16 37-1254.01. Any person who refuses to submit to such preliminary 17 breath test or whose preliminary breath test results indicate an 18 alcohol content of eight-hundredths of one gram or more by weight 19 of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of his or her breath shall be placed under arrest. Any person who refuses to submit to such 20 21 preliminary breath test shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor. 22 (4) (3) Any person arrested <del>pursuant to</del> as described in 23 subsection (2) of this section may, upon the direction of a law 24 enforcement peace officer, be required to submit to a chemical 25 test or tests of his or her blood, or breath, or urine for a 26 determination of the concentration of alcohol or the presence of 27 drugs. alcohol content. Any person who refuses to submit to a

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1 chemical blood or breath test required pursuant to this section 2 shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor, and the court shall, as 3 part of the judgment of conviction, order such person not to be 4 in the actual physical control of any motorboat under propulsion 5 upon the waters of this state for any purpose for a period of 6 six months from the date of such conviction. If the court places 7 such person on probation or suspends the sentence for any reason, 8 the court shall, as one of the conditions of probation or sentence 9 suspension, order such person not to be in the actual physical 10 control of any motorboat under propulsion upon the waters of this 11 state for any purpose for a period of sixty days from the date of 12 the order.

13 (4) Any person involved in a motorboat or personal 14 watercraft accident in this state may be required to submit to a 15 chemical test or tests of his or her blood, breath, or urine by any peace officer if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that 16 17 the person was in the actual physical control of a motorboat or 18 personal watercraft under propulsion upon the waters of this state 19 while under the influence of alcoholic liquor or drugs at the time of the accident. 20

(5) Any person who is required to submit to a preliminary breath test or to a chemical blood, or breath, or urine test or tests pursuant to this section shall be advised of the consequences of refusing to submit to such test. that if he or she refuses to submit to such test or tests, he or she could be charged with a separate crime. Failure to provide such advisement shall not affect the admissibility of the chemical test result in any legal

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proceedings. However, failure to provide such advisement shall
 negate the state's ability to bring any criminal charges against a
 refusing party pursuant to this section.
 (6) Any person convicted of a violation of this section
 shall be punished as provided in section 19 of this act.

6 <u>(7) Refusal to submit to a chemical blood, breath, or</u> 7 <u>urine test or tests pursuant to this section shall be admissible</u> 8 <u>evidence in any action for a violation of section 37-1254.01 or a</u> 9 <u>city or village ordinance enacted in conformance with such section.</u> 10 Sec. 12. Section 37-1254.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of 11 Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 37-1254.03 The law enforcement peace officer who requires 13 a chemical blood, or breath, or urine test or tests pursuant to 14 section 37-1254.02 may direct whether the test or tests shall be 15 of blood, or breath, or urine. When the officer directs that the 16 test or tests shall be of a person's blood, the person tested shall 17 be permitted to have a physician of his or her choice evaluate his 18 or her condition and perform or have performed whatever laboratory tests such person tested deems appropriate in addition to and 19 following the test or tests administered at the direction of the 20 21 law enforcement peace officer. If the officer refuses to permit 22 such additional test or tests to be taken, then the original test or tests shall not be competent as evidence. Upon request the 23 results of the test or tests taken at the direction of the law 24 25 enforcement peace officer shall be made available to the person 26 being tested.

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Sec. 13. Section 37-1254.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of

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1 Nebraska, is amended to read:

2 37-1254.05 (1) Except as provided in section 37-1254.03, 3 any test or tests made pursuant to section 37-1254.02, if made 4 in conformance with the requirements of this section, shall be 5 competent evidence in any prosecution under a state law or city or village ordinance regarding the actual physical control of any 6 7 motorboat or personal watercraft under propulsion upon the waters 8 of this state while under the influence of alcohol or drugs or 9 regarding the actual physical control of any motorboat or personal 10 watercraft under propulsion upon the waters of this state when the 11 concentration of alcohol in the blood or breath is in excess of 12 allowable levels in violation of section 37-1254.01 or a city or village ordinance. 13

14 (2) To be considered valid, tests shall have been 15 performed according to methods approved by the Department of 16 Health and Human Services and by an individual possessing a valid 17 permit issued by the department for such purpose. The department may approve satisfactory techniques or methods and ascertain the 18 19 qualifications and competence of individuals to perform such tests 20 and may issue permits which shall be subject to termination or 21 revocation at the discretion of the department.

22 <u>(3)</u> The permit fee may be established by rules and 23 regulations adopted and promulgated by the department, which fee 24 shall not exceed the actual cost of processing the initial permit. 25 Such fee shall be charged annually to each permitholder. The fees 26 shall be used to defray the cost of processing and issuing the 27 permits and other expenses incurred by the department in carrying

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out this section. The fee shall be deposited in the state treasury
 and credited to the Health and Human Services Cash Fund as a
 laboratory service fee.

4 (4) Relevant evidence shall not be excluded in any 5 prosecution under a state statute or city or village ordinance 6 involving being in the actual physical control of a motorboat or 7 personal watercraft under propulsion upon the waters of this state 8 while under the influence of alcoholic liquor or drugs or involving 9 being in the actual physical control of a motorboat or personal 10 watercraft under propulsion upon the waters of this state when the 11 concentration of alcohol in the blood or breath is in excess of 12 allowable levels on the ground that the evidence existed or was 13 obtained outside of this state.

Sec. 14. Section 37-1254.07, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

16 37-1254.07 Upon the conviction of any person for 17 violation of section 37-1254.01 or for being in the actual physical control of a motorboat or personal watercraft under propulsion upon 18 19 the waters of this state while under the influence of alcohol or 20 of any controlled substance as defined in section 28-401 drug in 21 violation of any city or village ordinance, there shall be assessed 22 as part of the court costs the fee charged by any physician or 23 any agency administering tests, pursuant to a permit issued in accordance with section 37-1254.05, for the test administered and 24 25 the analysis thereof pursuant to section 37-1254.02 if such test 26 was actually made.

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Sec. 15. Section 37-1254.08, Reissue Revised Statutes of

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1 Nebraska, is amended to read:

2 37-1254.08 Any person arrested for any offense involving 3 the actual physical control of a motorboat or personal watercraft 4 under propulsion upon the waters of this state while under the 5 influence of alcohol or drugs shall be required to submit to 6 a chemical test or tests of his or her blood, or breath, or 7 urine as provided in section 37-1254.02 without the preliminary 8 breath test if the arresting officer does not have available the 9 necessary equipment for administering a breath test or if the 10 person is unconscious or is otherwise in a condition rendering him or her incapable of testing by a preliminary breath test. Only a 11 12 physician, registered nurse, or qualified technician acting at the 13 request of a law enforcement peace officer may withdraw blood for 14 the purpose of determining its alcohol content, the concentration 15 of alcohol or the presence of drugs, but such limitation shall not apply to the taking of a breath or urine specimen. 16

17 Sec. 16. Any peace officer who has been duly authorized 18 to make arrests for violations of laws of this state or ordinances 19 of any city or village may require any person who has in his or her actual physical control a motorboat or personal watercraft under 20 21 propulsion upon the waters of this state to submit to a preliminary 22 test of his or her breath for alcohol concentration if the officer 23 has reasonable grounds to believe that such person has alcohol in 24 his or her body or has committed a violation of section 37-1254.01 25 or 37-1254.02. Any person who refuses to submit to such preliminary 26 breath test or whose preliminary breath test results indicate an 27 alcohol concentration in violation of section 37-1254.01 shall be

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AM162 AM162 LB667 LB667 NPN-05/05/2011 NPN-05/05/2011 1 placed under arrest. Any person who refuses to submit to such 2 preliminary breath test shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor. 3 Sec. 17. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to be in 4 the actual physical control of a motorboat or personal watercraft 5 under propulsion upon the waters of this state during a period of 6 court-ordered prohibition resulting from a conviction based upon a 7 violation of section 37-1254.01 or 37-1254.02 or a city or village 8 ordinance enacted in conformance with either section. 9 (2) Any person who has been convicted of a violation of 10 this section is guilty of a Class I misdemeanor. 11 Sec. 18. (1) For purposes of sentencing under section 19 12 of this act: 13 (a) Prior conviction means a conviction for which a final 14 judgment has been entered prior to the offense for which the 15 sentence is being imposed as follows: 16 (i) For a violation of section 37-1254.01: 17 (A) Any conviction for a violation of section 37-1254.01; 18 (B) Any conviction for a violation of a city or village 19 ordinance enacted in conformance with section 37-1254.01; or 20 (C) Any conviction under a law of another state if, at 21 the time of the conviction under the law of such other state, 22 the offense for which the person was convicted would have been a 23 violation of section 37-1254.01; or 24 (ii) For a violation of section 37-1254.02: 25 (A) Any conviction for a violation of section 37-1254.02; 26 (B) Any conviction for a violation of a city or village 27 ordinance enacted in conformance with section 37-1254.02; or

1	(C) Any conviction under a law of another state if, at
2	the time of the conviction under the law of such other state,
3	the offense for which the person was convicted would have been a
4	violation of section 37-1254.02; and
5	(b) Prior conviction includes any conviction under
6	section 37-1254.01 or 37-1254.02, or any city or village ordinance
7	enacted in conformance with either of such sections, as such
8	sections or city or village ordinances existed at the time of
9	such conviction regardless of subsequent amendments to any of such
10	sections or city or village ordinances.
11	(2) The prosecutor shall present as evidence for purposes
12	of sentence enhancement a court-certified copy or an authenticated
13	copy of a prior conviction in another state. The court-certified
14	or authenticated copy shall be prima facie evidence of such prior
15	conviction.
16	(3) For each conviction for a violation of section
17	37-1254.01 or 37-1254.02, the court shall, as part of the judgment
18	of conviction, make a finding on the record whether the convicted
19	person has a usable prior conviction. The convicted person shall
20	be given the opportunity to review the record of his or her prior
21	convictions, bring mitigating facts to the attention of the court
22	prior to sentencing, and make objections on the record regarding
23	the validity of such prior convictions.
24	(4) A person arrested for a violation of section
25	37-1254.01 or 37-1254.02 before the operative date of this act

26 <u>but sentenced for such violation on or after the operative date of</u> 27 <u>this act shall be sentenced according to the provisions of section</u>

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1 <u>37-1254.01 or 37-1254.02 in effect on the date of arrest.</u>

Sec. 19. <u>Any person convicted of a violation of section</u>
37-1254.01 or 37-1254.02 shall be punished as follows:

4 (1) If such person has not had a prior conviction, such 5 person shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor. Upon conviction 6 the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, order such 7 person not to be in the actual physical control of any motorboat or 8 personal watercraft under propulsion upon the waters of this state 9 for any purpose for a period of six months from the date of such 10 conviction. Such order shall be administered upon sentencing, upon 11 final judgment of any appeal or review, or upon the date that any 12 probation is revoked.

13 If the court places such person on probation or suspends 14 the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the 15 conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order such person 16 not to be in the actual physical control of any motorboat or 17 personal watercraft under propulsion upon the waters of this state 18 for any purpose for a period of sixty days from the date of the 19 order; and

20 (2) If such person has had one or more prior convictions, 21 such person shall be guilty of a Class I misdemeanor. Upon 22 conviction the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, 23 order such person not to be in the actual physical control of any 24 motorboat or personal watercraft under propulsion upon the waters 25 of this state for any purpose for a period of two years from the 26 date of such conviction. Such order shall be administered upon 27 sentencing or upon final judgment of any appeal or review. The

# 1 <u>two-year court-ordered prohibition shall apply even if probation is</u> 2 granted or the sentence suspended.

3 Sec. 20. Section 37-1295, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 37-1295 A certificate of title which is issued on or after January 1, 2005, shall disclose in writing, from any 6 7 records readily accessible to the Department of Motor Vehicles 8 or county officials or a law enforcement peace officer, anything 9 which indicates that the motorboat was previously issued a title 10 in another jurisdiction that bore any word or symbol signifying 11 that the motorboat was damaged, including, but not limited to, 12 older model salvage, unrebuildable, parts only, scrap, junk, nonrepairable, reconstructed, rebuilt, flood damaged, damaged, or 13 14 any other indication, symbol, or word of like kind, and the name of 15 the jurisdiction issuing the previous title.

16 Sec. 21. Section 53-180, Reissue Revised Statutes of 17 Nebraska, is amended to read:

18 53-180 No person shall sell, <u>furnish</u>, give away, dispose
19 of, exchange, or deliver, or permit the sale, gift, or procuring
20 of, any alcoholic liquors, to or for any minor or to any person who
21 is mentally incompetent.

Sec. 22. Section 53-180.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

53-180.05 (1) Any Except as provided in subsection (2)
of this section, any person violating who violates section 53-180
shall be guilty of a Class I misdemeanor.

27 (2) Any person who knowingly and intentionally violates

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section 53-180 shall be guilty of a Class IIIA felony and serve a mandatory minimum of at least thirty days' imprisonment as part of any sentence he or she receives if serious bodily injury or death to any person resulted and was proximately caused by a minor's (a) consumption of the alcoholic liquor provided or (b) impaired condition which, in whole or in part, can be attributed to the alcoholic liquor provided.

8 <u>(3)</u> Any person <del>violating</del> <u>who violates</u> any of the 9 provisions of section 53-180.01 or 53-180.03 shall be guilty 10 of a Class III misdemeanor.

11 (4) Any person older than eighteen years of age and under 12 the age of twenty-one years violating section 53-180.02 is guilty 13 of a Class III misdemeanor.

14 (5) Any person eighteen years of age or younger violating
15 section 53-180.02 is guilty of a misdemeanor as provided in section
16 53-181 and shall be punished as provided in such section.

17 (2) (6) Any person who knowingly manufactures, creates, 18 or alters any form of identification for the purpose of sale or 19 delivery of such form of identification to a person under the age 20 of twenty-one years shall be guilty of a Class I misdemeanor. For 21 purposes of this subsection, form of identification means any card, 22 paper, or legal document that may be used to establish the age of 23 the person named thereon for the purpose of purchasing alcoholic 24 liquor.

25 (3) (7) When a minor is arrested for a violation of 26 sections 53-180 to 53-180.02 or subsection (2) (6) of this section, 27 the law enforcement agency employing the arresting peace officer

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shall make a reasonable attempt to notify such minor's parent or
 guardian of the arrest.

3 Sec. 23. Section 60-498.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 60-498.01 (1) Because persons who drive while under the 6 influence of alcohol present a hazard to the health and safety of 7 all persons using the highways, a procedure is needed for the swift 8 and certain revocation of the operator's license of any person who 9 has shown himself or herself to be a health and safety hazard (a) 10 by driving with an excessive concentration of alcohol in his or her 11 body or (b) by driving while under the influence of alcohol.

12 (2) If a person arrested as described in subsection (2) of section 60-6,197 refuses to submit to the chemical test of 13 14 blood, breath, or urine required by section 60-6,197, the test 15 shall not be given except as provided in section 60-6,210 for the purpose of medical treatment and the arresting peace officer, as 16 17 agent for the Director of Motor Vehicles, director, shall verbally 18 serve notice to the arrested person of the intention to immediately 19 confiscate and revoke the operator's license of such person and that the revocation will be automatic thirty fifteen days after 20 21 the date of arrest. unless a petition for hearing is filed within 22 ten days after the date of arrest as provided in subsection (6) 23 of this section. The arresting peace officer shall within ten days 24 forward to the director a sworn report stating (a) that the person 25 was arrested as described in subsection (2) of section 60-6,197 and 26 the reasons for such arrest, (b) that the person was requested to 27 submit to the required test, and (c) that the person refused to

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submit to the required test. <u>The director may accept a sworn report</u>
 submitted electronically.

3 (3) If a person arrested as described in subsection (2) 4 of section 60-6,197 submits to the chemical test of blood or breath 5 required by section 60-6,197, the test discloses the presence of 6 alcohol in any of the concentrations specified in section 60-6,196, 7 and the test results are available to the arresting peace officer 8 while the arrested person is still in custody, the arresting peace 9 officer, as agent for the director, shall verbally serve notice 10 to the arrested person of the intention to immediately confiscate and revoke the operator's license of such person and that the 11 12 revocation will be automatic thirty fifteen days after the date 13 of arrest. unless a petition for hearing is filed within ten days 14 after the date of arrest as provided in subsection (6) of this 15 section. The arresting peace officer shall within ten days forward 16 to the director a sworn report stating (a) that the person was 17 arrested as described in subsection (2) of section 60-6,197 and the reasons for such arrest, (b) that the person was requested 18 to submit to the required test, and (c) that the person submitted 19 to a test, the type of test to which he or she submitted, and 20 21 that such test revealed the presence of alcohol in a concentration 22 specified in section 60-6,196. The director may accept a sworn 23 report submitted electronically.

(4) On behalf of the director, the arresting peace officer submitting a sworn report under subsection (2) or (3) of this section shall serve notice of the revocation on the arrested person, and the revocation shall be effective thirty fifteen days

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after the date of arrest. The notice of revocation shall contain 1 2 a statement explaining the operation of the administrative license 3 revocation procedure. The peace officer shall also provide to the 4 arrested person an addressed envelope and a petition form which the 5 arrested person may use to request a hearing before the director 6 to contest the revocation. The petition form shall clearly state on 7 its face that the petition must be completed and delivered to the 8 Department of Motor Vehicles information form prepared and approved 9 by the director describing how to request an administrative license 10 revocation hearing or apply for an ignition interlock permit from the department. A petition for an administrative license revocation 11 12 hearing must be completed and delivered to the department or 13 postmarked within ten days after receipt the person's arrest or 14 the person's right to a an administrative license revocation 15 hearing to contest the revocation will be foreclosed. The director 16 shall prepare and approve the information form for the petition, 17 the addressed envelope, application for an ignition interlock permit and the notice of revocation and shall provide them to law 18 19 enforcement agencies.

If the person has an operator's license, the arresting peace officer shall take possession of the license and issue a temporary operator's license valid for <u>thirty fifteen</u> days. The arresting peace officer shall forward the operator's license to the department along with the sworn report made under subsection (2) or (3) of this section.

26 (5) (a) If the results of a chemical test indicate the27 presence of alcohol in a concentration specified in section

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60-6,196, the results are not available to the arresting peace 1 2 officer while the arrested person is in custody, and the notice 3 of revocation has not been served as required by subsection (4) 4 of this section, the peace officer shall forward to the director 5 a sworn report containing the information prescribed by subsection (3) of this section within ten days after receipt of the results of 6 7 the chemical test. If the sworn report is not received within ten 8 days, the revocation shall not take effect. The director may accept 9 a sworn report submitted electronically.

10 (b) Upon receipt of the report, the director shall serve 11 the notice of revocation on the arrested person by certified or 12 registered mail to the address appearing on the records of the director. If the address on the director's records differs from the 13 14 address on the arresting peace officer's report, the notice shall 15 be sent to both addresses. The notice of revocation shall contain a statement explaining the operation of the administrative license 16 17 revocation procedure. The director shall also provide to the 18 arrested person an addressed envelope and a petition form which the 19 arrested person may use to request a hearing before the director 20 to contest the revocation. The petition form shall clearly state on 21 its face that the petition information form prepared and approved 22 by the director about how to request an administrative license 23 revocation hearing and an application for an ignition interlock permit. A petition for an administrative license revocation must 24 25 be completed and delivered to the department or postmarked within 26 ten fifteen days after receipt the mailing of the notification of 27 revocation or the person's right to a an administrative license

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<u>revocation hearing</u> to contest the revocation will be foreclosed.
 The director shall prepare and approve the form for the petition,
 the addressed envelope, ignition interlock permit application and
 the notice of revocation. The revocation shall be effective thirty
 fifteen days after the date of mailing.

(c) If the records of the director indicate that the 6 7 arrested person possesses an operator's license, the director 8 shall include with the notice of revocation a temporary operator's 9 license which expires thirty fifteen days after the date of 10 mailing. Any arrested person who desires a an administrative license revocation hearing and has been served a notice of 11 12 revocation pursuant to this subsection shall return his or her 13 operator's license with the petition requesting the hearing. If the 14 operator's license is not included with the petition requesting the 15 hearing, the director shall deny the petition.

16 arrested person's (6) (a) An operator's license 17 confiscated pursuant to subsection (4) of this section shall be 18 automatically revoked upon the expiration of thirty fifteen days 19 after the date of arrest. An arrested person's operator's license 20 confiscated pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall be 21 automatically revoked upon the expiration of thirty fifteen days 22 after the date of mailing of the notice of revocation by the 23 director. The arrested person shall postmark or return to the director a petition within ten days after the receipt of the notice 24 25 of revocation if the arrested person desires a an administrative 26 license revocation hearing. The petition shall be in writing 27 and shall state the grounds on which the person is relying to

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1 prevent the revocation from becoming effective. The hearing and any 2 prehearing conference may be conducted in person or by telephone, 3 television, or other electronic means at the discretion of the 4 director, and all parties may participate by such means at the 5 discretion of the director.

6 (b) The director shall conduct the hearing within twenty 7 days after a petition is filed. received by the director. Upon 8 receipt of a petition, the director shall notify the petitioner of 9 the date and location for the hearing by certified or registered 10 mail postmarked at least seven days prior to the hearing date. The 11 filing of the petition shall not prevent the automatic revocation 12 of the petitioner's operator's license at the expiration of the thirty-day fifteen-day period. A continuance of the hearing to 13 14 a date beyond the expiration of the temporary operator's license 15 shall stay the expiration of the temporary license when the request 16 for continuance is made by the director.

17 (c) At hearing the issues under dispute shall be limited18 to:

19 (i) In the case of a refusal to submit to a chemical test20 of blood, breath, or urine:

(A) Did the peace officer have probable cause to believe
the person was operating or in the actual physical control of a
motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 or a city or village
ordinance enacted in conformance with such section; and

(B) Did the person refuse to submit to or fail to
complete a chemical test after being requested to do so by the
peace officer; or

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(ii) If the chemical test discloses the presence of
 alcohol in a concentration specified in section 60-6,196:

3 (A) Did the peace officer have probable cause to believe 4 the person was operating or in the actual physical control of a 5 motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 or a city or village 6 ordinance enacted in conformance with such section; and

7 (B) Was the person operating or in the actual physical
8 control of a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in
9 violation of subsection (1) of section 60-6,196.

10 (7) (a) Any arrested person who submits an application 11 for an ignition interlock permit in lieu of a petition for an 12 administrative license revocation hearing regarding the revocation 13 of his or her operator's license pursuant to this section shall 14 complete the application for an ignition interlock permit in which 15 such person acknowledges that he or she understands that he or she will have his or her license administratively revoked pursuant 16 17 to this section, that he or she waives his or her right to a 18 hearing to contest the revocation, and that he or she understands 19 that he or she is required to have an ignition interlock permit in order to operate a motor vehicle for the period of the revocation 20 21 and shall include sufficient evidence that an ignition interlock 22 device is installed on one or more vehicles that will be operated 23 by the arrested person. Upon the arrested person's completion of 24 the ignition interlock permit application process, the department 25 shall issue the person an ignition interlock permit, subject to any 26 applicable requirements and any applicable no-drive period if the 27 person is otherwise eligible.

1	(b) An arrested person who is issued an ignition
2	interlock permit pursuant to this section shall receive day-for-day
3	credit for the period he or she has a valid ignition interlock
4	permit against the license revocation period imposed by the court
5	pursuant to section 60-6,197.03 arising from the same incident.
6	(c) If a person files a completed application for an

7 ignition interlock permit, the person waives his or her right to
8 contest the revocation of his or her operator's license.

9 <u>(8) Any person who has not petitioned for an</u> 10 administrative license revocation hearing and is subject to an 11 administrative license revocation may immediately apply for an 12 ignition interlock permit to use during the applicable period of 13 revocation set forth in section 60-498.02, subject to the following 14 additional restrictions:

15 (a) If such person submitted to a chemical test which 16 disclosed the presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation 17 of section 60-6,196 and has no prior administrative license 18 revocations on which final orders have been issued during the 19 immediately preceding fifteen-year period at the time the order 20 of revocation is issued. Upon completion of an application for 21 an ignition interlock permit, the ignition interlock permit shall 22 be immediately available fifteen days after the date of arrest or 23 the date notice of revocation was given to the arrested person as 24 long as he or she is otherwise eligible for an ignition interlock 25 permit;

26 (b) If such person submitted to a chemical test which 27 disclosed the presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation

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of section 60-6,196 and has one or more prior administrative 1 2 license revocations on which final orders have been issued during 3 the immediately preceding fifteen-year period at the time the order 4 of revocation is issued, the ignition interlock permit will be 5 available beginning fifteen days after the date of arrest or the 6 date notice of revocation was given to the arrested person plus 7 forty-five additional days of no driving as long as he or she is 8 otherwise eligible for an ignition interlock permit;

9 (c) If such person refused to submit to a chemical test 10 of blood, breath, or urine as required by section 60-6,197, the 11 ignition interlock permit will be available beginning fifteen days 12 after the date notice of revocation was given to the arrested 13 person plus ninety additional days of no driving as long as he or

14 <u>she is otherwise eligible for an ignition interlock permit; and</u> 15 <u>(d) Any person who petitions for an administrative</u> 16 <u>license revocation hearing shall not be eligible for an ignition</u> 17 <u>interlock permit unless ordered by the court at the time of</u> 18 sentencing for the related criminal proceeding.

19 (7) (9) The director shall adopt and promulgate rules 20 and regulations to govern the conduct of the administrative license 21 revocation hearing and insure that the hearing will proceed in 22 an orderly manner. The director may appoint a hearing officer to 23 preside at the hearing, administer oaths, examine witnesses, take testimony, and report to the director. Any motion for discovery 24 25 filed by the petitioner shall entitle the prosecutor to receive 26 full statutory discovery from the petitioner upon a prosecutor's 27 request to the relevant court pursuant to section 29-1912 in

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1 any criminal proceeding arising from the same arrest. A copy 2 of the motion for discovery shall be filed with the department 3 and a copy provided to the prosecutor in the jurisdiction in 4 which the petitioner was arrested. Incomplete discovery shall not 5 stay the hearing unless the petitioner requests a continuance. All proceedings before the hearing officer shall be recorded. 6 7 Upon receipt of the arresting peace officer's sworn report, the 8 director's order of revocation has prima facie validity and it 9 becomes the petitioner's burden to establish by a preponderance of 10 the evidence grounds upon which the operator's license revocation 11 should not take effect. The director shall make a determination 12 of the issue within seven days after the conclusion of the 13 hearing. A person whose operator's license is revoked following a 14 hearing requested pursuant to this section may appeal the order of 15 revocation as provided in section 60-498.04.

16 (10) Any person who tampers with or circumvents an 17 ignition interlock device installed pursuant to sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 or who operates a motor vehicle not equipped with 18 19 a functioning ignition interlock device required pursuant to such 20 sections or otherwise is in violation of the purposes for operation 21 indicated on the ignition interlock permit under such sections 22 shall, in addition to any possible criminal charges, have his or her revocation period and ignition interlock permit extended for 23 six months beyond the end of the original revocation period. 24

Sec. 24. Section 60-498.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

27

60-498.02 (1) At the expiration of thirty fifteen days

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after the date of arrest as described in subsection (2) of section 1 2 60-6,197 or if after a hearing pursuant to section 60-498.01 the 3 director finds that the operator's license should be revoked, 4 the director shall (a) revoke the operator's license of a person 5 arrested for refusal to submit to a chemical test of blood, breath, or urine as required by section 60-6,197 for a period of one year 6 7 and (b) revoke the operator's license of a person who submits to a 8 chemical test pursuant to such section which discloses the presence 9 of a concentration of alcohol specified in section 60-6,196 for 10 a period of ninety one hundred eighty days unless the person's driving record abstract maintained in the department's computerized 11 12 records shows one or more prior administrative license revocations on which final orders have been issued during the immediately 13 preceding twelve-year fifteen-year period at the time the order of 14 15 revocation is issued, in which case the period of revocation shall be one year. Except as otherwise provided in section 60-6,211.05, 16 17 a new operator's license shall not be issued to such person until 18 the period of revocation has elapsed. If the person subject to the revocation is a nonresident of this state, the director shall 19 revoke only the nonresident's operating privilege as defined in 20 21 section 60-474 of such person and shall immediately forward the 22 operator's license and a statement of the order of revocation to the person's state of residence. 23

24 (2)(a) At the expiration of thirty days after an order of 25 revocation is entered under subdivision (1)(b) of this section, any 26 person whose operator's license has been administratively revoked 27 for a period of ninety days for submitting to a chemical test

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pursuant to section 60-6,197 which disclosed the presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation of section 60-6,196 may make application to the director for issuance of an employment driving permit pursuant to section 60-4,130.

5 (b) At the expiration of sixty days after an order of 6 revocation is entered under subdivision (1)(a) of this section, any 7 person whose operator's license has been administratively revoked 8 for refusal to submit to a chemical test pursuant to section 9 60-6,197, may make application to the director for issuance of 10 an employment driving permit pursuant to section 60-4,130 unless 11 the person's driving record abstract maintained in the department's 12 computerized records shows one or more prior administrative license revocations on which final orders have been issued during the 13 14 immediately preceding twelve-year period at the time the order of 15 revocation is issued.

16 (3) (a) At the expiration of thirty days after an order 17 of administrative license revocation for ninety days is entered under subdivision (1) (b) of this section, any person who submitted 18 19 to a chemical test pursuant to section 60-6,197 which disclosed 20 the presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation of section 21 60-6,196 is eligible for an order to allow application for an 22 ignition interlock permit to operate a motor vehicle equipped with 23 an ignition interlock device pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 upon 24 presentation of sufficient evidence to the department that such a 25 device is installed.

26 (b) At the expiration of sixty days after an order of 27 administrative license revocation for one year is entered under

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subdivision (1) (b) of this section, any person who submitted to 1 2 a chemical test pursuant to section 60-6,197 which disclosed 3 the presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation of 4 section 60-6,196 is eligible for an order to allow application 5 for an ignition interlock permit in order to operate a motor 6 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device pursuant to 7 section 60-6,211.05 upon presentation of sufficient evidence to the 8 department that such a device is installed.

9 (c) At the expiration of sixty days after an order 10 of administrative license revocation is entered under subdivision (1) (a) of this section, any person who refused to submit to a 11 12 chemical test pursuant to section 60-6,197 is eligible for an order 13 to allow application for an ignition interlock permit in order to 14 operate a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device 15 pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 upon presentation of sufficient 16 evidence to the department that such a device is installed, unless 17 the person's driving record abstract maintained in the department's 18 computerized records shows one or more prior administrative license 19 revocations on which final orders have been issued during the immediately preceding twelve-year period at the time the order of 20 21 revocation is issued.

22 (d) (c) A person operating a motor vehicle pursuant to
23 this subsection under an ignition interlock permit issued pursuant
24 to sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 who has no previous convictions
25 under section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06 or a previous
26 administrative license revocation shall only operate the motor
27 vehicle to and from his or her residence, for purposes of his or

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1 her place of employment, his or her school, an alcohol a substance 2 abuse treatment program, his or her parole or probation officer, 3 his or her continuing health care or the continuing health care 4 of another person who is dependent upon the person, his or her 5 court-ordered community service responsibilities, or an ignition interlock service facility. A person operating a motor vehicle 6 7 under an ignition interlock permit issued pursuant to sections 8 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 who has a previous conviction under section 9 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06 or a previous administrative 10 license revocation shall only operate the motor vehicle to and from his or her residence for purposes of his or her employment, 11 12 his or her school, or a substance abuse treatment program. Such 13 permit shall indicate for which purposes the permit may be used. 14 All permits issued pursuant to this subsection shall indicate that 15 the permit is not valid for the operation of any commercial motor 16 vehicle.

17 (4) (3) A person may have his or her eligibility for a
18 license reinstated upon payment of a reinstatement fee as required
19 by section 60-694.01.

20 (5)(a) (4)(a) A person whose operator's license is 21 subject to revocation pursuant to subsection (3) of section 22 60-498.01 shall have all proceedings dismissed or his or her 23 operator's license immediately reinstated without payment of the 24 reinstatement fee upon receipt of suitable evidence by the director 25 that:

26 (i) Within the thirty-day period following the date
 27 of arrest, the The prosecuting attorney responsible for the

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matter declined to file a complaint alleging a violation of 1 2 section 60-6,196; and notified the director by first-class mail or 3 facsimile transmission of such decision and the director received 4 such notice within such period or the notice was postmarked within 5 such period; or 6 (ii) The defendant, after trial, was found not guilty 7 of violating section 60-6,196 or such charge was dismissed on the 8 merits by the court; or-9 (iii) In the criminal action on the charge of a violation 10 of section 60-6,196 arising from the same incident, the court held 11 one of the following: 12 (A) The peace officer did not have probable cause to 13 believe the person was operating or in the actual physical control 14 of a motor vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 or a city or 15 village ordinance enacted in conformance with such section; or 16 (B) The person was not operating or in the actual 17 physical control of a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 18 concentration in violation of section 60-6,196 or a city or village 19 ordinance enacted in conformance with such section. 20 (b) The director shall adopt and promulgate rules and 21 regulations establishing standards for the presentation of suitable 22 evidence of compliance with subdivision (a) of this subsection. 23 (c) If a criminal charge is filed or refiled for a

violation of section 60-6,196 pursuant to an arrest for which all <u>administrative license revocation</u> proceedings were dismissed under this subsection, the <del>prosecuting attorney shall notify the</del> <del>27 director by first-class mail or facsimile transmission of the</del>

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filing of such charge and the director, upon notification or discovery, may reinstate an administrative license revocation under this section as of the date that the director receives notification of the filing or refiling of the charge, except that a revocation shall not be reinstated if it was dismissed pursuant to section 6 60-498.01.

7 Sec. 25. Section 60-498.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of
8 Nebraska, is amended to read:

9 60-498.03 (1) The Director of Motor Vehicles director 10 shall reduce the decision revoking an operator's license under sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 to writing, and the director shall 11 12 notify the person in writing of the revocation. The notice shall 13 set forth the period of revocation and be served by mailing it to 14 such person by certified or registered mail to the address provided 15 to the director at the administrative license revocation hearing or, if the person does not appear at the hearing, to the address 16 17 appearing on the records of the director. If the address on the 18 director's records differs from the address on the arresting peace 19 officer's report, the notice shall be sent to both addresses.

20 (2) If the director does not revoke the operator's license, the director shall immediately notify the person in 21 22 writing of the decision. The notice shall set forth the time and place the person may obtain his or her license. The notice shall 23 24 be mailed by certified or registered mail as provided in subsection 25 (1) of this section. No reinstatement fee shall be charged for 26 return of the confiscated operator's license pursuant to this 27 subsection.

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Sec. 26. Section 60-498.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

3 60-498.04 Any person who feels himself or herself 4 aggrieved because of the revocation of his or her operator's 5 license under sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 may appeal therefrom to the district court of the county where the alleged events 6 7 occurred for which he or she was arrested the appeal shall be in 8 accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. section 84-917. 9 The district court shall allow any party to an appeal to appear 10 by telephone at any proceeding before the court for purposes of 11 the appeal. Such appeal shall not suspend the order of revocation. 12 until the final judgment of a court finds against the person so appealing. The court shall provide notice of the final judgment 13 14 to the Department of Motor Vehicles. department. The period of 15 revocation shall commence at the time of final judgment of the 16 court for the full period of the time of revocation.

Sec. 27. Section 60-4,115, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 60-4,115 (1) Fees for operators' licenses and state 20 identification cards shall be collected and distributed according to the table in subsection (2) of this section, except for the 21 22 ignition interlock permit and associated fees as outlined in 23 subsection (4) of this section. County officials shall remit the 24 county portion of the fees collected to the county treasurer for 25 placement in the county general fund. All other fees collected 26 shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the 27 appropriate fund. The State Treasurer shall transfer an amount

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equal to three dollars and fifty cents times the number of original
 or renewal Class M licenses issued pursuant to section 60-4,127
 during the previous year from the Department of Motor Vehicles Cash
 Fund to the Motorcycle Safety Education Fund.

5 (2) The fees provided in this subsection in the 6 following dollar amounts apply for operators' licenses and state 7 identification cards.

8		Department				
9			County	of Mc	otor s	State
10	Document	Total	General	Vehic	les Ge	eneral
11		Fee	Fund	Cash 1	Fund	Fund
12	State identification card:					
13	Valid for 1 year or less		5.00	2.75	1.25	1.00
14	Valid for more than 1 year					
15	but not more than 2 years		10.00	2.75	4.00	3.25
16	Valid for more than 2 years					
17	but not more than 3 years		14.00	2.75	5.25	6.00
18	Valid for more than 3 years					
19	but not more than 4 years		19.00	2.75	8.00	8.25
20	Valid for more than 4 years					
21	for person under 21		24.00	2.75	10.25	11.00
22	Valid for 5 years		24.00	3.50	10.25	10.25
23	Duplicate or replacement		11.00	2.75	6.00	2.25
24	Class O or M operator's license:					
25	Valid for 1 year or less		5.00	2.75	1.25	1.00
26	Valid for more than 1 year					
27	but not more than 2 years		10.00	2.75	4.00	3.25
20	Walid for more than 2 wears					

28 Valid for more than 2 years

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1	but not more than 3 years	14.00	2.75	5.25	6.00
2	Valid for more than 3 years				
3	but not more than 4 years	19.00	2.75	8.00	8.25
4	Valid for 5 years	24.00	3.50	10.25	10.25
5	Bioptic or telescopic lens restriction:				
6	Valid for 1 year or less	5.00	0	5.00	0
7	Valid for more than 1 year				
8	but not more than 2 years	10.00	2.75	4.00	3.25
9	Duplicate or replacement	11.00	2.75	6.00	2.25
10	Add, change, or remove class,				
11	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
12	Provisional operator's permit:				
13	Original	15.00	2.75	12.25	0
14	Bioptic or telescopic lens restriction:				
15	Valid for 1 year or less	5.00	0	5.00	0
16	Valid for more than 1 year				
17	but not more than 2 years	15.00	2.75	12.25	0
18	Duplicate or replacement	11.00	2.75	6.00	2.25
19	Add, change, or remove class,				
20	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
21	LPD-learner's permit:				
22	Original	8.00	.25	5.00	2.75
23	Duplicate or replacement	11.00	2.75	6.00	2.25
24	Add, change, or remove class,				
25	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
26	LPE-learner's permit:				
27	Original	8.00	.25	5.00	2.75
28	Duplicate or replacement	11.00	2.75	6.00	2.25
29	Add, change, or remove class,				

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_					_
1	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
2	School permit:				
3	Original	8.00	.25	5.00	2.75
4	Duplicate or replacement	11.00	2.75	6.00	2.25
5	Add, change, or remove class,				
6	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
7	Farm permit:				
8	Original or renewal	5.00	.25	0	4.75
9	Duplicate or replacement	5.00	.25	0	4.75
10	Temporary	5.00	.25	0	4.75
11	Add, change, or remove class,				
12	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
13	Driving permits:				
14	Employment	45.00	0	5.00	40.00
15	Medical hardship	45.00	0	5.00	40.00
16	Duplicate or replacement	10.00	.25	5.00	4.75
17	Add, change, or remove class,				
18	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
19	Commercial driver's license:				
20	Valid for 1 year or less	11.00	1.75	5.00	4.25
21	Valid for more than 1 year				
22	but not more than 2 years	22.00	1.75	5.00	15.25
23	Valid for more than 2 years				
24	but not more than 3 years	33.00	1.75	5.00	26.25
25	Valid for more than 3 years				
26	but not more than 4 years	44.00	1.75	5.00	37.25
27	Valid for 5 years	55.00	1.75	5.00	48.25
28	Bioptic or telescopic lens restriction:				
29	Valid for one year or less	11.00	1.75	5.00	4.25

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1	Valid for more than 1 year				
2	but not more than 2 years	22.00	1.75	5.00	15.25
3	Duplicate or replacement	11.00	2.75	6.00	2.25
4	Add, change, or remove class,				
5	endorsement, or restriction	10.00	1.75	5.00	3.25
6	LPC-learner's permit:				
7	Original or renewal	10.00	.25	5.00	4.75
8	Duplicate or replacement	10.00	.25	5.00	4.75
9	Add, change, or remove class,				
10	endorsement, or restriction	10.00	.25	5.00	4.75
11	Seasonal permit:				
12	Original or renewal	10.00	.25	5.00	4.75
13	Duplicate or replacement	10.00	.25	5.00	4.75
14	Add, change, or remove class,				
15	endorsement, or restriction	10.00	.25	5.00	4.75
16	School bus permit:				
17	Original or renewal	5.00	0	5.00	0
18	Duplicate or replacement	5.00	0	5.00	0
19	Add, change, or remove class,				
20	endorsement, or restriction	5.00	0	5.00	0
21	(3) If the department issues	-			
22	state identification card, the departme	ent shal.	L remit	t the o	county

23 portion of the fees to the State Treasurer for credit to the 24 Department of Motor Vehicles Cash Fund.

(4) (a) The fee for an ignition interlock permit shall be forty-five dollars. Five dollars of the fee shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Department of Motor Vehicles Cash Fund. Forty dollars of the fee shall be remitted to the State

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Treasurer for credit to the Probation Cash Department of Motor
 Vehicles Ignition Interlock Fund.

(b) The fee for a duplicate or replacement ignition 3 4 interlock permit shall be ten eleven dollars. Twenty-five Two 5 dollars and seventy-five cents of the fee shall be remitted to the county treasurer for credit to the county general fund. Five 6 7 Six dollars of the fee shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Department of Motor Vehicles Cash Fund. Four 8 9 Two dollars and seventy-five twenty-five cents of the fee shall be 10 remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Probation Cash 11 General Fund.

(c) The fee for adding, changing, or removing a class,
endorsement, or restriction on an ignition interlock permit shall
be five dollars. The fee shall be remitted to the State Treasurer
for credit to the Department of Motor Vehicles Cash Fund.

16 applies beginning (5) This subsection on the 17 implementation date designated by the director pursuant to section 60-462.02. The department and its agents may collect an 18 19 identity security surcharge to cover the cost of security and 20 technology practices used to protect the identity of applicants for and holders of operators' licenses and state identification cards 21 22 and to reduce identity theft, fraud, and forgery and counterfeiting 23 of such licenses and cards to the maximum extent possible. The 24 surcharge shall be in addition to all other required fees for 25 operators' licenses and state identification cards. The amount of 26 the surcharge shall be determined by the department. The surcharge 27 shall not exceed eight dollars. The surcharge shall be remitted to

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the State Treasurer for credit to the Department of Motor Vehicles
 Cash Fund.

3 Sec. 28. Section 60-4,118.06, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 60-4,118.06 (1) Upon receipt by the director of (a) a certified copy of a court order issued pursuant to section 6 7 60-6,211.05, a certified copy of an order for installation of an 8 ignition interlock device and issuance of an ignition interlock 9 permit pursuant to subdivision  $(1)_7$   $(2)_7$  or (3) of section 10 60-6,197.03, or a copy of an order from the Board of Pardons 11 pursuant to section 83-1,127.02, (b) sufficient evidence that 12 the person has surrendered his or her operator's license to the Department of Motor Vehicles department and installed an approved 13 14 ignition interlock device in accordance with such order, and (c) 15 payment of the fee provided in section 60-4,115, such person 16 may apply for an ignition interlock permit. A person subject to 17 administrative license revocation under section 60-498.02 sections 18 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 shall be eligible for an ignition interlock permit as provided in such section. The director shall issue an 19 20 ignition interlock permit for the operation of a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device. Any person issued 21 22 an ignition interlock permit pursuant to a court order who 23 has no previous convictions under section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06 or a previous administrative license revocation 24 25 shall only operate the motor vehicle equipped with an ignition 26 interlock device to and from his or her residence, for purposes of 27 his or her place of employment, his or her school, an alcohol a

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1 substance abuse treatment program, his or her parole or probation 2 officer, his or her continuing health care or the continuing health 3 care of another person who is dependent upon the person, his or her 4 court-ordered community service responsibilities, or an ignition 5 interlock service facility. Any person issued an ignition interlock 6 permit pursuant to a court order who has a previous conviction 7 under section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06 or a previous 8 administrative license revocation shall only operate the motor 9 vehicle to and from his or her residence for purposes of his or 10 her employment, his or her school, or a substance abuse treatment program. The permit shall indicate for which purposes the permit 11 12 may be used. All permits issued pursuant to this subsection shall indicate that the permit is not valid for the operation of any 13 14 commercial motor vehicle.

15 (2) Upon expiration of the revocation period or upon 16 expiration of an order issued by the Board of Pardons pursuant 17 to section 83-1,127.02, a person may apply to the department in writing for issuance of an operator's license. Regardless of 18 19 whether the license surrendered by such person under subsection 20 (1) of this section has expired, the person shall apply for a new 21 operator's license pursuant to the Motor Vehicle Operator's License 22 Act.

23 (3) (a) An ignition interlock permit shall not be issued
24 to any person except in cases of a violation of subdivision (3) (b)
25 or (c) of section 28-306, subdivision (3) (b) or (c) of section
26 28-394, or section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06.

27 (b) An ignition interlock permit shall only be available

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## 1 to a holder of a Class M or O operator's license.

2 (4) The director shall revoke the ignition interlock permit for an individual upon receipt of an (a) abstract of 3 4 conviction indicating that the individual had his or her operating 5 privileges revoked or canceled or (b) administrative order 6 revoking or canceling the individual's operating privileges, if 7 such conviction or order resulted from an incident other than 8 the incident which resulted in the application for the ignition 9 interlock permit.

10 (3) A person who operates a motor vehicle in violation 11 of the purposes for operation indicated on the ignition interlock 12 permit shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor, shall have his or 13 her ignition interlock permit revoked, and shall serve the balance 14 of any revocation period without the privilege to operate a motor 15 vehicle using an ignition interlock device.

16 Sec. 29. Section 60-4,129, Reissue Revised Statutes of 17 Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-4,129 (1) Any individual whose operator's license 18 19 is revoked under section  $\frac{60-498.02}{7}$  60-4,183, or 60-4,186 or 20 suspended under section 43-3318 shall be eligible to operate any 21 motor vehicle, except a commercial motor vehicle, in this state 22 under an employment driving permit. An employment driving permit 23 issued due to a revocation under section  $\frac{60-498.02}{60-4,1837}$  or 24 60-4,186 is valid for the period of revocation. An employment 25 driving permit issued due to a suspension of an operator's license 26 under section 43-3318 is valid for no more than three months 27 and cannot be renewed. An employment driving permit shall not

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be issued to any person subject to an administrative license 1 2 revocation who submitted to a chemical test pursuant to section 3 60-6,197 which disclosed the presence of a concentration of alcohol 4 in violation of section 60-6,196 if the person's driving record 5 abstract maintained in the department's computerized records shows 6 one or more prior administrative license revocations on which 7 final orders have been issued during the immediately preceding 8 twelve-year period at the time the order of revocation is issued.

9 (2) Any person whose operator's license has been 10 suspended or revoked pursuant to any law of this state, except 11 section 43-3318, <del>60-498.02,</del> 60-4,183, or 60-4,186, shall not be 12 eligible to receive an employment driving permit during the period 13 of such suspension or revocation.

14 (3) An individual who is issued an employment driving 15 permit may operate any motor vehicle, except a commercial motor 16 vehicle, (a) from his or her residence to his or her place 17 of employment and return and (b) during the normal course of 18 employment if the use of a motor vehicle is necessary in the course 19 of such employment. Such permit shall indicate for which purposes 20 the permit may be used. All permits issued pursuant to this section 21 shall indicate that the permit is not valid for the operation of 22 any commercial motor vehicle.

(4) The operation of a motor vehicle by the holder of
an employment driving permit, except as provided in this section,
shall be unlawful. Any person who violates this section shall be
guilty of a Class IV misdemeanor.

27 (5) The director shall revoke the employment driving

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permit for an individual upon receipt of an abstract of conviction, 1 2 other than a conviction which is based upon actions which resulted 3 in the application for such employment driving permit, indicating 4 that the individual committed an offense for which points are 5 assessed pursuant to section 60-4,182. If the permit is revoked in this manner, the individual shall not be eligible to receive 6 7 an employment driving permit for the remainder of the period of 8 suspension or revocation of his or her operator's license.

9 Sec. 30. Section 60-4,164, Reissue Revised Statutes of
10 Nebraska, is amended to read:

11 60-4,164 (1) Any person who operates or is in the actual 12 physical control of a commercial motor vehicle upon a highway in 13 this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to 14 submit to a chemical test or tests of his or her blood or breath 15 for the purpose of determining the amount of alcoholic content in 16 his or her blood or breath.

17 (2) Any law enforcement officer who has been duly authorized to make arrests for violations of traffic laws of 18 19 this state or of ordinances of any city or village who, after 20 stopping or detaining the operator of any commercial motor vehicle, 21 has reasonable grounds to believe that the operator was driving or 22 in the actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle while 23 having any alcoholic liquor in his or her body may require such operator to submit to a chemical test or tests of his or her blood 24 25 or breath for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of 26 such blood or breath.

27

(3) Any law enforcement officer who has been duly

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authorized to make arrests for violations of traffic laws of 1 2 this state or of ordinances of any city or village may require any person who operates or has in his or her actual physical 3 4 control a commercial motor vehicle upon a highway in this state 5 to submit to a preliminary breath test of his or her breath for alcoholic content if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe 6 7 that such person has any alcoholic liquor in his or her body, 8 has committed a moving traffic violation, or has been involved in 9 a traffic accident. Any such person who refuses to submit to a 10 preliminary breath test shall be placed under arrest and shall be guilty of a Class V misdemeanor. Any person arrested for refusing 11 12 to submit to a preliminary breath test or any person who submits to a preliminary breath test the results of which indicate the 13 14 presence of any alcoholic liquor in such person's body may, upon 15 the direction of a law enforcement officer, be required to submit 16 to a chemical test or tests of his or her blood or breath for a 17 determination of the alcoholic content.

(4) Any person operating or in the actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle who submits to a chemical test or tests of his or her blood or breath which discloses the presence of any alcoholic liquor in his or her body shall be placed out of service for twenty-four hours by the law enforcement officer.

(5) Any person operating or in the actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle who refuses to submit to a chemical test or tests of his or her blood or breath or any person operating or in the actual physical control of a commercial

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motor vehicle who submits to a chemical test or tests of his or 1 2 her blood or breath which discloses an alcoholic concentration of: 3 (a) Four-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per 4 one hundred milliliters of his or her blood or (b) four-hundredths 5 of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of his or her breath shall be placed out of service for 6 7 twenty-four hours by the law enforcement officer, and the officer 8 shall forward to the director a sworn report. The director may 9 accept a sworn report submitted electronically. The report shall 10 state that the person was operating or in the actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, was requested to submit 11 12 to the required chemical test or tests, and refused to submit to the required chemical test or tests or submitted to the required 13 14 chemical test or tests and possessed an alcohol concentration at or 15 in excess of that specified by this subsection.

16 (6) Any person involved in a commercial motor vehicle 17 accident in this state may be required to submit to a chemical test or tests of his or her blood or breath by any law enforcement 18 officer if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that 19 such person was driving or was in actual physical control of a 20 21 commercial motor vehicle on a highway in this state while under 22 the influence of alcoholic liquor at the time of the accident. A person involved in a commercial motor vehicle accident subject to 23 the implied consent law of this state shall not be deemed to have 24 25 withdrawn consent to submit to a chemical test or tests of his or 26 her blood or breath by reason of leaving this state. If the person 27 refuses a test or tests under this section and leaves the state for

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any reason following an accident, he or she shall remain subject to
 this section upon return.

3 Sec. 31. Section 60-601, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 60-601 Sections 60-601 to 60-6,379 and sections 37 and 40 6 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Nebraska Rules 7 of the Road.

8 Sec. 32. Section 60-6,197, Reissue Revised Statutes of
9 Nebraska, is amended to read:

10 60-6,197 (1) Any person who operates or has in his or 11 her actual physical control a motor vehicle in this state shall be 12 deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to a chemical 13 test or tests of his or her blood, breath, or urine for the purpose 14 of determining the concentration of alcohol or the presence of 15 drugs in such blood, breath, or urine.

16 (2) Any peace officer who has been duly authorized to 17 make arrests for violations of traffic laws of this state or of 18 ordinances of any city or village may require any person arrested for any offense arising out of acts alleged to have been committed 19 while the person was driving or was in actual physical control of 20 21 a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic liquor or 22 drugs to submit to a chemical test or tests of his or her blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the concentration 23 of alcohol or the presence of drugs in such blood, breath, or 24 25 urine when the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that such 26 person was driving or was in the actual physical control of a motor 27 vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic liquor

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1 or drugs in violation of section 60-6,196.

2 (3) Any person arrested as described in subsection (2) of this section may, upon the direction of a peace officer, be 3 required to submit to a chemical test or tests of his or her 4 5 blood, breath, or urine for a determination of the concentration of alcohol or the presence of drugs. If the chemical test 6 7 discloses the presence of a concentration of alcohol in violation of subsection (1) of section 60-6,196, the person shall be subject 8 9 to the administrative license revocation procedures provided in 10 sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.04 and upon conviction shall be punished as provided in sections 60-6,197.02 to 60-6,197.08. Any 11 12 person who refuses to submit to such test or tests required pursuant to this section shall be subject to the administrative 13 14 license revocation procedures provided in sections 60-498.01 to 15 60-498.04 and shall be guilty of a crime and upon conviction 16 punished as provided in sections 60-6,197.02 to 60-6,197.08.

17 (4) Any person involved in a motor vehicle accident in 18 this state may be required to submit to a chemical test or tests 19 of his or her blood, breath, or urine by any peace officer if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 20 21 driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle on a 22 public highway in this state while under the influence of alcoholic 23 liquor or drugs at the time of the accident. A person involved in 24 a motor vehicle accident subject to the implied consent law of this 25 state shall not be deemed to have withdrawn consent to submit to a chemical test of his or her blood, breath, or urine by reason 26 27 of leaving this state. If the person refuses a test under this

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section and leaves the state for any reason following an accident,
 he or she shall remain subject to subsection (3) of this section
 and section 60-498.02 upon return.

4 (5) Any person who is required to submit to a chemical 5 blood, breath, or urine test or tests pursuant to this section shall be advised that refusal to submit to such test or tests is 6 7 a separate crime for which the person may be charged. Failure to 8 provide such advisement shall not affect the admissibility of the 9 chemical test result in any legal proceedings. However, failure to 10 provide such advisement shall negate the state's ability to bring 11 any criminal charges against a refusing party pursuant to this 12 section.

(6) Refusal to submit to a chemical blood, breath, or
urine test or tests pursuant to this section shall be admissible
evidence in any action for a violation of section 60-6,196 or a
city or village ordinance enacted in conformance with such section.
Sec. 33. Section 60-6,197.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 60-6,197.02 (1) A violation of section 60-6,196 or
20 60-6,197 shall be punished as provided in section 60-6,197.03.
21 For purposes of sentencing under section 60-6,197.03:

(a) Prior conviction means a conviction for a violation
committed within the twelve-year <u>fifteen-year</u> period prior to the
offense for which the sentence is being imposed as follows:

25 (i) For a violation of section 60-6,196:

26 (A) Any conviction for a violation of <u>subdivision (3)(b)</u>
27 <u>or (c) of section 28-306</u>, <u>subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section</u>

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AM162 AM162 LB667 LB667 NPN-05/05/2011 NPN-05/05/2011 <u>28-394,</u> section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,198 or section 2 of 1 2 this act; 3 (B) Any conviction for a violation of a city or village 4 ordinance enacted in conformance with section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197; 5 or 6 (C) Any conviction under a law of another state if, at 7 the time of the conviction under the law of such other state, the offense for which the person was convicted would have been 8 9 a violation of subdivision (3) (b) or (c) of section 28-306, 10 subdivision (3) (b) or (c) of section 28-394, section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,198, or section 2 of this act; or 11 12 (D) Any conviction for a violation of section 60-6,198; 13 or 14 (ii) For a violation of section 60-6,197: 15 (A) Any conviction for a violation of subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-306, subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 16 17 28-394, section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,198 or section 2 of 18 this act; 19 (B) Any conviction for a violation of a city or village 20 ordinance enacted in conformance with section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197; 21 or 22 (C) Any conviction under a law of another state if, at 23 the time of the conviction under the law of such other state, 24 the offense for which the person was convicted would have been a 25 violation of section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,198 or section 2 26 of this act; 27 (b) Prior conviction includes any conviction under

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section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,198, or any city or village ordinance enacted in conformance with any of such sections, as such sections or city or village ordinances existed at the time of such conviction regardless of subsequent amendments to any of such sections or city or village ordinances; and

6 (c) <del>Twelve-year</del> <u>Fifteen-year</u> period means the period 7 computed from the date of the prior offense to the date of the 8 offense which resulted in the conviction for which the sentence is 9 being imposed.

10 (2) In any case charging a violation of section 60-6,196 11 or 60-6,197, the prosecutor or investigating agency shall use due 12 diligence to obtain the person's driving record from the Department 13 of Motor Vehicles and the person's driving record from other states 14 where he or she is known to have resided within the last twelve 15 fifteen years. The prosecutor shall certify to the court, prior 16 to sentencing, that such action has been taken. The prosecutor 17 shall present as evidence for purposes of sentence enhancement a 18 court-certified copy or an authenticated copy of a prior conviction in another state. The court-certified or authenticated copy shall 19 be prima facie evidence of such prior conviction. 20

(3) For each conviction for a violation of section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197, the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, make a finding on the record as to the number of the convicted person's prior convictions. The convicted person shall be given the opportunity to review the record of his or her prior convictions, bring mitigating facts to the attention of the court prior to sentencing, and make objections on the record regarding

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1 the validity of such prior convictions.

(4) A person arrested for a violation of section 60-6,196
or 60-6,197 before May 14, 2009, the operative date of this act
but sentenced pursuant to section 60-6,197.03 for such violation
on or after May 14, 2009, the operative date of this act shall
be sentenced according to the provisions of section 60-6,197.03 in
effect on the date of arrest.

8 Sec. 34. Section 60-6,197.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of
9 Nebraska, is amended to read:

10 60-6,197.03 Any person convicted of a violation of
11 section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197 shall be punished as follows:

12 (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this section, if such person has not had a prior conviction, such 13 14 person shall be guilty of a Class W misdemeanor, and the court 15 shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, order that the 16 operator's license of such person be revoked or impounded for a 17 period of six months from the date ordered by the court. If the 18 court orders the person's operator's license impounded, the court 19 shall also order that the person shall not operate a motor vehicle 20 for a period of six months and shall not order the installation 21 of an ignition interlock device or an ignition interlock permit. 22 If the court orders the person's operator's license revoked, the 23 revocation period shall be for six months. The revocation order 24 shall require that the person not drive for a period of thirty 25 days, after which the court may order that the person apply for an 26 ignition interlock permit pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 for the 27 remainder of the revocation period and have an ignition interlock

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1 device installed on any motor vehicle he or she operates during 2 the remainder of the revocation period. No ignition interlock 3 permit may be issued until sufficient evidence is presented to the 4 Department of Motor Vehicles that an ignition interlock device is 5 installed on any motor vehicle the person operates and that the person is eligible for use of an ignition interlock device. Such 6 7 revocation or impoundment shall be administered upon sentencing, 8 upon final judgment of any appeal or review, or upon the date that 9 any probation is revoked.

10 If the court places such person on probation or suspends 11 the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the 12 13 operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of sixty 14 days from the date ordered by the court. The court may shall 15 order that during the period of revocation the person apply for 16 an ignition interlock permit and the installation of an ignition 17 interlock device pursuant to section 60-6,211.05. Such order of 18 probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as one of its 19 conditions, the payment of a four-hundred-dollar fine.+

20 (2) If such person has not had a prior conviction 21 and, as part of the current violation, had a concentration of 22 fifteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per 23 one hundred milliliters of his or her blood or fifteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten 24 25 liters of his or her breath, such person shall be quilty of a 26 Class W misdemeanor, and the court shall, as part of the judgment 27 of conviction, revoke the operator's license of such person for

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a period of one year from the date ordered by the court. The 1 revocation order shall require that the person not drive for 2 3 a period of sixty days, after which the court may order that 4 the person apply for an ignition interlock permit pursuant to 5 subdivision (1) (b) of section 60-6,197.01 for the remainder of the revocation period and have an ignition interlock device installed 6 7 on any motor vehicle he or she operates during the remainder of 8 the revocation period. Such revocation shall be administered upon 9 sentencing, upon final judgment of any appeal or review, or upon 10 the date that any probation is revoked.

11 If the court places such person on probation or suspends 12 the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the 13 conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the 14 operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of one 15 year from the date ordered by the court. The revocation order 16 shall require that the person not drive for a period of forty-five 17 days, after which the court may order that the person apply for an ignition interlock permit pursuant to subdivision (1)(b) of 18 19 section 60-6,197.01 for the remainder of the revocation period 20 and have an ignition interlock device installed on any motor 21 vehicle he or she operates during the remainder of the revocation 22 period. Such revocation shall be administered upon sentencing, upon 23 final judgment of any appeal or review, or upon the date that 24 any probation is revoked. Such order of probation or sentence 25 suspension shall also include, as conditions, the payment of a 26 five-hundred-dollar fine and either confinement in the city or 27 county jail for two days or the imposition of not less than one

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1 hundred twenty hours of community service.+

(3) Except as provided in subdivision (5) of this 2 3 section, if such person has had one prior conviction, such person 4 shall be guilty of a Class W misdemeanor, and the court shall, 5 as part of the judgment of conviction, order that the operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of one year from 6 7 the date ordered by the court. The revocation order shall require 8 that the person not drive for a period of sixty forty-five days, 9 after which the court may shall order that the person apply for 10 an ignition interlock permit for the remainder of the revocation 11 period and have an ignition interlock device installed on any 12 motor vehicle he or she owns or operates during the remainder of the revocation period and shall issue an order pursuant to 13 14 subdivision (1) (b) of section 60-6,197.01. Such revocation shall be 15 administered upon sentencing, upon final judgment of any appeal or 16 review, or upon the date that any probation is revoked.

17 If the court places such person on probation or suspends the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the 18 19 conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of one 20 21 year from the date ordered by the court. The revocation order shall 22 require that the person not drive for a period of forty-five days, 23 after which the court may shall order that during the period of revocation the person apply for an ignition interlock permit and 24 25 installation of an ignition interlock device pursuant to section 26 60-6,211.05 and shall issue an order pursuant to subdivision 27 (1) (b) of section 60-6,197.01. Such order of probation or sentence

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1 suspension shall also include, as conditions, the payment of a
2 five-hundred-dollar fine and either confinement in the city or
3 county jail for ten days or the imposition of not less than two
4 hundred forty hours of community service.+

5 (4) Except as provided in subdivision (6) of this section, if such person has had two prior convictions, such person 6 7 shall be guilty of a Class W misdemeanor, and the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, order that the operator's 8 9 license of such person be revoked for a period of fifteen years 10 from the date ordered by the court and shall issue an order 11 pursuant to section 60-6,197.01. Such orders shall be administered 12 upon sentencing, upon final judgment of any appeal or review, or upon the date that any probation is revoked. 13

14 If the court places such person on probation or suspends 15 the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the 16 conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the 17 operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of at 18 least two years but not more than fifteen years from the date 19 ordered by the court. The revocation order shall require that the person not drive for a period of forty-five days, after which the 20 21 court may order that during the period of revocation the person 22 apply for an ignition interlock permit and installation of an 23 ignition interlock device issued pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 24 and shall issue an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(b) of section 25 60-6,197.01. Such order of probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as conditions, the payment of a six-hundred-dollar 26 27 fine and confinement in the city or county jail for thirty days;

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(5) If such person has had one prior conviction 1 2 and, as part of the current violation, had a concentration of fifteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per 3 one hundred milliliters of his or her blood or fifteen-hundredths 4 5 of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of his or her breath or refused to submit to a test as 6 7 required under section 60-6,197, such person shall be guilty of a 8 Class I misdemeanor, and the court shall, as part of the judgment 9 of conviction, revoke the operator's license of such person for 10 a period of at least one year but not more than fifteen years 11 from the date ordered by the court and shall issue an order 12 pursuant to section 60-6,197.01. Such revocation and order shall be administered upon sentencing, upon final judgment of any appeal or 13 14 review, or upon the date that any probation is revoked. The court 15 shall also sentence such person to serve at least ninety days' 16 imprisonment in the city or county jail or an adult correctional 17 facility.

If the court places such person on probation or suspends 18 19 the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the 20 conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the 21 operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of at 22 least one year but not more than fifteen years from the date 23 ordered by the court. The revocation order shall require that the 24 person not drive for a period of forty-five days, after which the 25 court may order that during the period of revocation the person 26 apply for an ignition interlock permit and installation of an 27 ignition interlock device issued pursuant to section 60-6,211.05

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and shall issue an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,197.01. Such order of probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as conditions, the payment of a one-thousand-dollar fine and confinement in the city or county jail for thirty days;

5 If such person has had two prior convictions (6) and, as part of the current violation, had a concentration of 6 7 fifteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per one 8 hundred milliliters of his or her blood or fifteen-hundredths of 9 one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters 10 of his or her breath or refused to submit to a test as required 11 under section 60-6,197, such person shall be guilty of a Class IIIA 12 felony, and the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, revoke the operator's license of such person for a period of 13 14 fifteen years from the date ordered by the court and shall issue 15 an order pursuant to section 60-6,197.01. Such revocation and order 16 shall be administered upon sentencing, upon final judgment of any 17 appeal or review, or upon the date that any probation is revoked. 18 The court shall also sentence such person to serve at least one 19 hundred eighty days' imprisonment in the city or county jail or an 20 adult correctional facility.

If the court places such person on probation or suspends the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of at least five years but not more than fifteen years from the date ordered by the court. The revocation order shall require that the person not drive for a period of forty-five days, after which the

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court may order that during the period of revocation the person 1 2 apply for an ignition interlock permit and installation of an ignition interlock device issued pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 3 4 and shall issue an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(b) of section 5 60-6,197.01. Such order of probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as conditions, the payment of a one-thousand-dollar 6 7 fine, and confinement in the city or county jail for sixty days, 8 and, upon release from such confinement, the use of a continuous 9 alcohol monitoring device and abstention from alcohol use at all 10 times for no less than sixty days;

11 (7) Except as provided in subdivision (8) of this 12 section, if such person has had three prior convictions, such person shall be guilty of a Class IIIA felony, and the court shall, 13 14 as part of the judgment of conviction, order that the operator's 15 license of such person be revoked for a period of fifteen years 16 from the date ordered by the court and shall issue an order 17 pursuant to section 60-6,197.01. Such orders shall be administered upon sentencing, upon final judgment of any appeal or review, or 18 19 upon the date that any probation is revoked. The court shall also 20 sentence such person to serve at least one hundred eighty days' 21 imprisonment in the city or county jail or an adult correctional 22 facility.

If the court places such person on probation or suspends the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of fifteen years from the date ordered by the court. The revocation

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order shall require that the person not drive for a period of 1 2 forty-five days, after which the court may order that during the 3 period of revocation the person apply for an ignition interlock 4 permit and installation of an ignition interlock device issued 5 pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 and shall issue an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,197.01. Such order of 6 7 probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as conditions, 8 the payment of a one-thousand-dollar fine, and confinement in the 9 city or county jail for ninety days, and, upon release from such 10 confinement, the use of a continuous alcohol monitoring device and 11 abstention from alcohol use at all times for no less than ninety 12 <u>days</u>;

13 (8) If such person has had three prior convictions 14 and, as part of the current violation, had a concentration of 15 fifteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per one 16 hundred milliliters of his or her blood or fifteen-hundredths of 17 one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of his or her breath or refused to submit to a test as required 18 19 under section 60-6,197, such person shall be guilty of a Class III felony, and the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, 20 21 revoke the operator's license of such person for a period of 22 fifteen years from the date ordered by the court and shall issue 23 an order pursuant to section 60-6,197.01. Such revocation and order 24 shall be administered upon sentencing, upon final judgment of any 25 appeal or review, or upon the date that any probation is revoked.

26 If the court places such person on probation or suspends27 the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the

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conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the 1 2 operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of 3 fifteen years from the date ordered by the court. The revocation 4 order shall require that the person not drive for a period of 5 forty-five days, after which the court may order that during the period of revocation the person apply for an ignition interlock 6 7 permit and installation of an ignition interlock device issued pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 and shall issue an order pursuant 8 9 to subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,197.01. Such order of 10 probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as conditions, 11 the payment of a one-thousand-dollar fine, and confinement in the 12 city or county jail for one hundred twenty days, and, upon release from such confinement, the use of a continuous alcohol monitoring 13 14 device and abstention from alcohol use at all times for no less 15 than one hundred twenty days;

16 (9) Except as provided in subdivision (10) of this 17 section, if such person has had four or more prior convictions, such person shall be guilty of a Class III felony, and the court 18 19 shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, order that the 20 operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of 21 fifteen years from the date ordered by the court and shall issue 22 an order pursuant to section 60-6,197.01. Such orders shall be 23 administered upon sentencing, upon final judgment of any appeal or 24 review, or upon the date that any probation is revoked.

25 If the court places such person on probation or suspends 26 the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the 27 conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the

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operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of 1 2 fifteen years from the date ordered by the court. The revocation order shall require that the person not drive for a period of 3 4 forty-five days, after which the court may order that during the 5 period of revocation the person apply for an ignition interlock permit and installation of an ignition interlock device issued 6 7 pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 and shall issue an order pursuant 8 to subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,197.01. Such order of 9 probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as conditions, 10 the payment of a one-thousand-dollar fine, and confinement in the city or county jail for one hundred eighty days, and, upon release 11 12 from such confinement, the use of a continuous alcohol monitoring 13 device and abstention from alcohol use at all times for no less 14 than one hundred eighty days; and

15 (10) If such person has had four or more prior 16 convictions and, as part of the current violation, had a concentration of fifteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight 17 of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of his or her blood or 18 19 fifteen-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of his or her breath or refused to submit 20 21 to a test as required under section 60-6,197, such person shall 22 be guilty of a Class II felony and the court shall, as part of 23 the judgment of conviction, revoke the operator's license of such person for a period of fifteen years from the date ordered by the 24 25 court and shall issue an order pursuant to section 60-6,197.01. 26 Such revocation and order shall be administered upon sentencing, 27 upon final judgment of any appeal or review, or upon the date that

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1 any probation is revoked.

2 If the court places such person on probation or suspends the sentence for any reason, the court shall, as one of the 3 4 conditions of probation or sentence suspension, order that the 5 operator's license of such person be revoked for a period of fifteen years from the date ordered by the court. The revocation 6 7 order shall require that the person not drive for a period of 8 forty-five days, after which the court may order that during the 9 period of revocation the person apply for an ignition interlock 10 permit and installation of an ignition interlock device issued 11 pursuant to section 60-6,211.05 and shall issue an order pursuant 12 to subdivision (1)(b) of section 60-6,197.01. Such order of 13 probation or sentence suspension shall also include, as conditions, 14 the payment of a one-thousand-dollar fine, and confinement in the 15 city or county jail for one hundred eighty days, and, upon release 16 from such confinement, the use of a continuous alcohol monitoring 17 device and abstention from alcohol use at all times for no less 18 than one hundred eighty days.

Sec. 35. Section 60-6,197.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

21 60-6,197.05 Any period of revocation imposed by the court 22 for a violation of section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197 shall be reduced 23 by any period imposed under section 60-498.02. Any period of 24 revocation imposed under subdivision (1) of section 60-6,197.03 for 25 a violation of section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197 or under subdivision 26 (2)(a) of section 60-6,196, as such section existed prior to July 27 16, 2004, shall not prohibit the operation of a motor vehicle under

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the terms and conditions of an employment driving permit issued
 pursuant to subsection (2) of section 60-498.02.

3 Sec. 36. Section 60-6,197.09, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 60-6,197.09 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 60-498.02 or 60-6,197.03, a person who commits a violation 6 7 punishable under subdivision (3)(b) or (c) of section 28-306 8 or a violation of section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,198 while 9 participating in criminal proceedings for a violation of section 10 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,198, or a city or village ordinance 11 enacted in accordance with section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197, or a 12 law of another state if, at the time of the violation under the law of such other state, the offense for which the person 13 14 was charged would have been a violation of section 60-6,197, 15 shall not be eligible to receive a sentence of probation $_{7}$  or 16 a suspended sentence, or an employment driving permit authorized 17 under subsection (2) of section 60-498.02 for either violation 18 committed in this state.

19 Sec. 37. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall conduct an ongoing public education campaign to inform the residents of 20 21 this state of the dangers and consequences of driving under the 22 influence of alcohol or drugs in this state. Information shall 23 include, but not be limited to, the criminal and administrative 24 penalties for driving under the influence, any related laws, rules, 25 instructions, and any explanatory matter. The department shall use 26 its best efforts to utilize all available opportunities for making 27 public service announcements on television and radio broadcasts for

1 the public education campaign and to obtain and utilize federal 2 funds for highway safety and other grants in conducting the public 3 education campaign. The information may be included in publications 4 containing information related to other motor vehicle laws and 5 shall be given wide distribution by the department.

6 Sec. 38. Section 60-6,198, Reissue Revised Statutes of
7 Nebraska, is amended to read:

8 60-6,198 (1) Any person who, while operating a motor 9 vehicle in violation of section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197, proximately 10 causes serious bodily injury to another person or an unborn child 11 of a pregnant woman shall be guilty of a Class IIIA felony and 12 the court shall, as part of the judgment of conviction, order the person not to drive any motor vehicle for any purpose for a 13 14 period of at least sixty days and not more than fifteen years from 15 the date ordered by the court and shall order that the operator's 16 license of such person be revoked for the same period.

17 (2) For purposes of this section, serious bodily injury 18 shall mean bodily injury which involves a substantial risk of 19 death, a substantial risk of serious permanent disfigurement, or a 20 temporary or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any 21 part or organ of the body.

(3) For purposes of this section, unborn child shall havethe same meaning as in section 28-396.

24 <u>(4) The crime punishable under this section shall be</u>
25 treated as a separate and distinct offense from any other offense
26 arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while the person
27 was in violation of this section.

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Sec. 39. Section 60-6,211.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

3 60-6,211.05 (1) (a) If an order is granted under section 4 60-6,196 or 60-6,197, as such sections existed prior to July 16, 5 <del>2004, or</del> section 60-6,196 or 60-6,197 and sections 60-6,197.02 and 60-6,197.03, as such sections existed on or after July 16, 6 7  $\frac{2004}{1000}$  the court may order that the defendant install an ignition 8 interlock device of a type approved by the Director of Motor 9 Vehicles on each motor vehicle operated by the defendant during 10 the period of probation. revocation. Upon sufficient evidence of 11 installation, the defendant may apply to the director for an 12 ignition interlock permit pursuant to section 60-4,118.06. The device shall, without tampering or the intervention of another 13 14 person, prevent the defendant from operating the motor vehicle 15 when the defendant has an alcohol concentration greater than 16 three-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per 17 one hundred milliliters of his or her blood or three-hundredths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten 18 liters of his or her breath. The Department of Motor Vehicles 19 shall issue an ignition interlock permit to the defendant under 20 21 section 60-4,118.06 only upon sufficient proof that a defendant has 22 installed an ignition interlock device on any motor vehicle that 23 the defendant will operate during his or her release.

(b) If the court orders an ignition interlock permit and installation of an ignition interlock device as part of the judgment of conviction pursuant to section 60-6,197.03, the device shall be of a type approved by the director and shall be installed

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1 on each motor vehicle operated by the defendant. The device shall, 2 without tampering or the intervention of another person, prevent 3 the defendant from operating the motor vehicle when the defendant 4 has an alcohol concentration greater than three-hundredths of one 5 gram or more by weight of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of 6 his or her blood or three-hundredths of one gram or more by weight 7 of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of his or her breath.

8 (2) If the court orders installation of an ignition 9 interlock device and issuance of an ignition interlock permit 10 pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the court may also order the use of a continuous alcohol monitoring device and 11 12 abstention from alcohol use at all times. The device shall, without 13 tampering or the intervention of another person, test and record 14 the alcohol consumption level of the defendant on a periodic basis 15 and transmit such information to probation authorities.

16 (3) Any order issued by the court pursuant to this 17 section shall not take effect until the defendant is eligible to 18 operate a motor vehicle pursuant to subsection (3) (8) of section 60-498.02. 60-498.01. A person shall be eligible to be issued an 19 ignition interlock permit allowing operation of a motor vehicle 20 21 equipped with an ignition interlock device if he or she is not 22 subject to any other suspension, cancellation, required no-driving period, or period of revocation, and has successfully completed 23 24 the ignition interlock permit application process. The Department 25 of Motor Vehicles shall review its records and the driving record 26 abstract of any person who applies for an ignition interlock permit 27 allowing operation of a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition

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interlock device to determine (a) the applicant's eligibility 1 2 for an ignition interlock permit, (b) the applicant's previous convictions under section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06 or 3 4 any previous administrative license revocation, if any, (c) if the 5 applicant is subject to any required no-drive periods before the 6 ignition interlock permit may be issued, and (d) the permitted 7 driving uses to be allowed to that person on his or her ignition 8 interlock permit.

9 (4)(a) If the court orders an ignition interlock device 10 or the Board of Pardons orders an ignition interlock device under 11 section 83-1,127.02, the court or the Board of Pardons shall order 12 the defendant to apply for an ignition interlock permit as provided 13 in section 60-4,118.06 which indicates that the defendant is only 14 allowed to operate a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition 15 interlock device.

16 (b) Such court order shall remain in effect for a 17 period of time as determined by the court not to exceed the maximum term of revocation which the court could have imposed 18 according to the nature of the violation and shall allow operation 19 by the defendant of an ignition-interlock-equipped motor vehicle 20 21 only to and (i) if the defendant has no previous conviction 22 under section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06 or a previous 23 administrative license revocation, to and from the defendant's his 24 or her residence, the defendant's place of for purposes of his or 25 her employment, the defendant's his or her school, an alcohol a 26 substance abuse treatment program, his or her probation officer, 27 his or her continuing health care or the continuing health care

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of another person who is dependent upon the person, his or her court-ordered community service responsibilities, or an ignition interlock service facility or (ii) if the defendant has a previous conviction under section 60-6,196, 60-6,197, or 60-6,197.06 or a previous administrative license revocation, to and from his or her residence for purposes of his or her employment, his or her school, or a substance abuse treatment program.

8 (c) Such Board of Pardons order shall remain in effect 9 for a period of time not to exceed any period of revocation the 10 applicant is subject to at the time the application for a reprieve 11 is made.

12 (5) A person who tampers with or circumvents an ignition 13 interlock device installed under a court order while the order 14 is in effect, who operates a motor vehicle which is not equipped 15 with an ignition interlock device in violation of a court order 16 made pursuant to this section, or who otherwise operates a motor 17 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device in violation of the requirements of the court order under which the device was 18 19 installed shall be guilty of a Class II misdemeanor.

20 (6) (5) Any person restricted to operating a motor 21 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device, pursuant to a 22 Board of Pardons order, who operates upon the highways of this 23 state a motor vehicle without such device or if the device has been 24 disabled, bypassed, or altered in any way, shall be punished as 25 provided in subsection (3) of section 83-1,127.02.

26 (7) (6) If a person ordered to use a continuous alcohol
 27 monitoring device and abstain from alcohol use pursuant to a court

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1 order as provided in subsection (2) of this section violates the 2 provisions of such court order by removing, tampering with, or 3 otherwise bypassing the continuous alcohol monitoring device or 4 by consuming alcohol while required to use such device, he or 5 she shall have his or her ignition interlock permit revoked and 6 be unable to apply for reinstatement for the duration of the 7 revocation period imposed by the court.

8 (8) (7) The director shall adopt and promulgate rules and 9 regulations regarding the approval of ignition interlock devices, 10 the means of installing ignition interlock devices, and the means 11 of administering the ignition interlock permit program.

12 (9) (8) (a) The costs incurred in order to comply with 13 the ignition interlock requirements of this section shall be paid 14 <u>directly to the ignition interlock provider</u> by the person complying 15 with an order for an ignition interlock permit and installation of 16 an ignition interlock device. <u>unless</u>

17 (b) If the Department of Motor Vehicles has determined 18 the person to be indigent and incapable of paying for the cost of installation, removal, or maintenance of the ignition interlock 19 device in accordance with this section, such costs shall be 20 21 paid out of the Department of Motor Vehicles Ignition Interlock 22 Fund, which is hereby created, if such funds are available, 23 according to rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the department. Such costs shall also be paid out of the Department 24 25 of Motor Vehicles Ignition Interlock Fund if the court or the 26 Board of Pardons, whichever is applicable, has determined the 27 person to be indigent and incapable of paying for the cost of

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installation, removal, or maintenance of the ignition interlock
 device in accordance with this subsection. section. Any money in
 the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state
 investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act
 and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

6 (10) (a) (b) (a) (i) An ignition interlock service facility 7 shall notify the appropriate district probation office, if the 8 order is made pursuant to subdivision (1) (a) of this section, or 9 notify the appropriate court if the order is made pursuant to 10 subdivision (1) (b) of this section, of any evidence of tampering 11 with or circumvention of an ignition interlock device, or any 12 attempts to do so, when the facility becomes aware of such 13 evidence. Failure of the facility to provide notification as 14 provided in this subdivision is a Class V misdemeanor.

15 (ii) An ignition interlock service facility shall notify the Department of Motor Vehicles, if the ignition interlock 16 17 permit is made pursuant to sections 60-498.01 to 60-498.02, of any evidence of tampering with or circumvention of an ignition 18 interlock device, or any attempts to do so, when the facility 19 becomes aware of such evidence. Failure of the facility to 20 21 provide notification as provided in this subdivision is a Class V 22 misdemeanor.

(b) If a district probation office receives evidence of
tampering with or circumvention of an ignition interlock device, or
any attempts to do so, from an ignition interlock service facility,
the district probation office shall notify the appropriate court of
such violation. The court shall immediately schedule an evidentiary

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hearing to be held within fourteen days after receiving such 1 2 evidence, either from the district probation office or an ignition interlock service facility, and the court shall cause notice of 3 4 the hearing to be given to the person operating a motor vehicle 5 pursuant to an order under subsection (1) of this section. If the person who is the subject of such evidence does not appear 6 7 at the hearing and show cause why the order made pursuant to 8 subsection (1) of this section should remain in effect, the court 9 shall rescind the original order. Nothing in this subsection shall 10 apply to an order made by the Board of Pardons pursuant to section 11 83-1,127.02.

12 (11) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 13 costs associated with the installation, maintenance, and removal 14 of a court-ordered ignition interlock device by the Office of 15 Probation Administration shall not be construed so as to create 16 an order of probation when an order for the installation of an 17 ignition interlock device and ignition interlock permit was made 18 pursuant to subdivision (1)(b) of this section as part of a 19 conviction.

20 (10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 21 issuance of an ignition interlock permit by the Department of Motor 22 Vehicles under section 60-498.01 or an order for the installation 23 of an ignition interlock device and ignition interlock permit made pursuant to subdivision (1) (b) of this section as part of 24 25 a conviction, as well as the administration of such court order 26 by the Office of Probation Administration for the installation, 27 maintenance, and removal of such device, as applicable, shall not

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be construed to create an order of probation when an order of
 probation has not been issued.

3 Sec. 40. (1) Any person who tampers with or circumvents 4 an ignition interlock device installed under a court order or 5 Department of Motor Vehicles order while the order is in effect or 6 who operates a motor vehicle which is not equipped with an ignition 7 interlock device in violation of a court order or Department of 8 Motor Vehicles order shall be guilty of a Class IV felony.

9 (2) Any person who otherwise operates a motor vehicle 10 equipped with an ignition interlock device in violation of the 11 requirements of the court order or Department of Motor Vehicles 12 order under which the device was installed shall be guilty of a 13 Class III misdemeanor.

14 Sec. 41. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2012. 15 Sec. 42. Original sections 28-306, 28-394, 29-215, 16 29-1917, 37-1238.01, 37-1254.01, 37-1254.02, 37-1254.03, 17 37-1254.05, 37-1254.07, 37-1254.08, 37-1295, 53-180, 53-180.05, 60-498.01, 60-498.02, 60-498.03, 60-498.04, 60-4,115, 60-4,118.06, 18 60-4,129, 60-4,164, 60-601, 60-6,197, 60-6,197.02, 60-6,197.03, 19 20 60-6,197.05, 60-6,197.09, 60-6,198, and 60-6,211.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 28-101, 29-2259.01, 21 22 and 37-1201, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2010, are 23 repealed.