LB 80

### LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

### ONE HUNDRED FIRST LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

# LEGISLATIVE BILL 80

### FINAL READING

Introduced by Nelson, 6.

Read first time January 8, 2009

Committee: Banking, Commerce and Insurance

#### A BILL

1	FOR AN ACT relating to decedents' estates; to amend sections
2	30-3116, 30-3135, and 30-3146, Reissue Revised Statutes
3	of Nebraska; to change provisions relating to the Uniform
4	Principal and Income Act; to provide for applicability;
5	to harmonize provisions; to repeal the original sections;
6	and to declare an emergency.
7	Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 30-3116, Reissue Revised Statutes of

- 2 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3 30-3116 Sections 30-3116 to 30-3149 and section 4 of this
- 4 act shall be known and may be cited as the Uniform Principal and
- 5 Income Act.
- 6 Sec. 2. Section 30-3135, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 7 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 8 30-3135 (a) In this section:
- 9 (1) Payment payment means a payment that a trustee
- 10 may receive over a fixed number of years or during the life of
- 11 one or more individuals because of services rendered or property
- 12 transferred to the payer in exchange for future payments. The term
- 13 includes a payment made in money or property from the payer's
- 14 general assets or from a separate fund created by the payer. For
- 15 purposes of subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this section, the
- 16 term also includes any payment from any separate fund, regardless
- 17 of the reason for the payment; and
- 18 (2) Separate fund includes 7 including a private or
- 19 commercial annuity, an individual retirement account, and a
- 20 pension, profit-sharing, stock-bonus, or stock-ownership plan.
- 21 (b) To the extent that a payment is characterized as
- 22 interest<sub>L</sub>  $\Theta$  a dividend<sub>L</sub> or a payment made in lieu of interest
- 23 or a dividend, a trustee shall allocate it the payment to income.
- 24 The trustee shall allocate to principal the balance of the payment
- 25 and any other payment received in the same accounting period that

1 is not characterized as interest, a dividend, or an equivalent

- 2 payment.
- 3 (c) If no part of a payment is characterized as interest,
- 4 a dividend, or an equivalent payment, and all or part of the
- 5 payment is required to be made, a trustee shall allocate to income
- 6 ten percent of the part that is required to be made during the
- 7 accounting period and the balance to principal. If no part of a
- 8 payment is required to be made or the payment received is the
- 9 entire amount to which the trustee is entitled, the trustee shall
- 10 allocate the entire payment to principal. For purposes of this
- 11 subsection, a payment is not required to be made to the extent that
- 12 it is made because the trustee exercises a right of withdrawal.
- 13 (d) If, to obtain an estate tax marital deduction for a
- 14 trust, a trustee must allocate more of a payment to income than
- 15 provided for by this section, the trustee shall allocate to income
- 16 the additional amount necessary to obtain the marital deduction.
- 17 (d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e) of
- 18 this section, subsections (f) and (g) of this section apply,
- 19 and subsections (b) and (c) of this section do not apply, in
- 20 determining the allocation of a payment made from a separate fund
- 21 to:
- 22 (1) a trust to which an election to qualify for a marital
- 23 deduction under section 2056(b)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 24 1986, as amended, has been made; or
- 25 (2) a trust that qualifies for the marital deduction

1 under section 2056(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as

- 2 amended.
- 3 (e) Subsections (d), (f), and (g) of this section do
- 4 not apply if and to the extent that the series of payments
- 5 would, without the application of subsection (d) of this section,
- 6 qualify for the marital deduction under section 2056(b)(7)(C) of
- 7 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- 8 (f) A trustee shall determine the internal income of each
- 9 separate fund for the accounting period as if the separate fund
- 10 were a trust subject to the Uniform Principal and Income Act. Upon
- 11 request of the surviving spouse, the trustee shall demand that
- 12 the person administering the separate fund distribute the internal
- 13 income to the trust. The trustee shall allocate a payment from
- 14 the separate fund to income to the extent of the internal income
- 15 of the separate fund and distribute that amount to the surviving
- 16 spouse. The trustee shall allocate the balance of the payment to
- 17 principal. Upon request of the surviving spouse, the trustee shall
- 18 allocate principal to income to the extent the internal income of
- 19 the separate fund exceeds payments made from the separate fund to
- 20 the trust during the accounting period.
- 21 (g) If a trustee cannot determine the internal income of
- 22 a separate fund but can determine the value of the separate fund,
- 23 the internal income of the separate fund is deemed to equal at
- 24 least three percent of the fund's value, according to the most
- 25 recent statement of value preceding the beginning of the accounting

1 period. If the trustee can determine neither the internal income of

- 2 the separate fund nor the fund's value, the internal income of the
- 3 fund is deemed to equal the product of the interest rate and the
- 4 present value of the expected future payments, as determined under
- 5 section 7520 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for
- 6 the month preceding the accounting period for which the computation
- 7 is made.
- 8 (e) (h) This section does not apply to payments a payment
- 9 to which section 30-3136 applies.
- 10 Sec. 3. Section 30-3146, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 11 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 12 30-3146 (a) A tax required to be paid by a trustee based
- 13 on receipts allocated to income must be paid from income.
- 14 (b) A tax required to be paid by a trustee based on
- 15 receipts allocated to principal must be paid from principal, even
- 16 if the tax is called an income tax by the taxing authority.
- 17 (c) A tax required to be paid by a trustee on the trust's
- 18 share of an entity's taxable income must be paid: proportionately:
- 19 (1) from income to the extent that receipts from the
- 20 entity are allocated to income; and
- 21 (2) from principal to the extent that: (A) receipts from
- 22 the entity are allocated only to principal; and
- 23 (B) the trust's share of the entity's taxable income
- 24 exceeds the total receipts described in subdivisions (1) and (2)(A)
- 25 of this subsection.

1 (d) For purposes of this section, receipts allocated to

- 2 principal or income must be reduced by the amount distributed to a
- 3 beneficiary from principal or income for which the trust receives a
- 4 deduction in calculating the tax.
- 5 (3) proportionately from principal and income to the
- 6 extent that receipts from the entity are allocated to both income
- 7 and principal; and
- 8 (4) from principal to the extent that the tax exceeds the
- 9 total receipts from the entity.
- 10 (d) After applying subsections (a) through (c) of this
- 11 section, the trustee shall adjust income or principal receipts to
- 12 the extent that the trust's taxes are reduced because the trust
- 13 receives a deduction for payments made to a beneficiary.
- Sec. 4. Section 30-3135, as amended by this legislative
- 15 bill, applies to a trust described in subsection (d) of section
- 16 30-3135 on and after the following dates:
- 17 (1) If the trust is not funded as of the effective date
- 18 of this act, the date of the decedent's death;
- 19 (2) If the trust is initially funded in the calendar year
- 20 beginning January 1, 2009, the date of the decedent's death; or
- 21 (3) If the trust is not described in subdivision (1) or
- 22 (2) of this section, January 1, 2009.
- 23 Sec. 5. Original sections 30-3116, 30-3135, and 30-3146,
- 24 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.
- 25 Sec. 6. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect

LB 80

1 when passed and approved according to law.