LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 623

Introduced by Pirsch, 4; Pedersen, 39

Read first time January 17, 2007

Committee: Judiciary

A BILL

1	FOR AN	ACT relating to criminal procedure; to amend section
2		29-1207, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to change
3		provisions relating to speedy trial; and to repeal the
4		original section.

5 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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Section 1. Section 29-1207, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

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3 29-1207 (1) Every person indicted or informed against for
4 any offense shall be brought to trial within six months, and such
5 time shall be computed as provided in this section.

6 (2) Such six-month period shall commence to run from the 7 date the indictment is returned or the information filed, unless 8 the offense is a misdemeanor offense involving intimate partners, 9 as that term is defined in section 28-323, in which case the 10 six-month period shall commence from the date the defendant is 11 arrested on a complaint filed as part of a warrant for arrest. As 12 to indictments or informations or orders for a new trial pending on 13 April 30, 1971, such six-month period shall commence to run from 14 April 30, 1971.

15 (3) If such <u>a</u> defendant is to be tried again following 16 a mistrial, an order for a new trial, or an appeal or collateral 17 attack, such period shall commence to run from the date of the 18 mistrial, order granting a new trial, or the mandate on remand.

19 (4) The following periods shall be excluded in computing20 the time for trial:

(a) The period of delay resulting from other proceedings
concerning the defendant, including, but not limited to, an
examination and hearing on competency and the period during which
he <u>or she</u> is incompetent to stand trial; the time from filing until
final disposition of pretrial motions of the defendant, including

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1 motions to suppress evidence, motions to quash the indictment or 2 information, demurrers and pleas in abatement, and motions for a 3 change of venue; and the time consumed in the trial of other 4 charges against the defendant;

5 (b) The period of delay resulting from a continuance 6 granted at the request or with the consent of the defendant or his 7 <u>or her</u> counsel. A defendant without counsel shall not be deemed to 8 have consented to a continuance unless he <u>or she</u> has been advised 9 by the court of his <u>or her</u> right to a speedy trial and the effect 10 of his <u>or her</u> consent;

(c) The period of delay resulting from a continuance
granted at the request of the prosecuting attorney, if:

(i) The continuance is granted because of the unavailability of evidence material to the state's case, when the prosecuting attorney has exercised due diligence to obtain such evidence and there are reasonable grounds to believe that such evidence will be available at the later date; or

(ii) The continuance is granted to allow the prosecuting attorney additional time to prepare the state's case and additional time is justified because of the exceptional circumstances of the case;

(d) The period of delay resulting from the absence orunavailability of the defendant;

(e) A reasonable period of delay when the defendant isjoined for trial with a codefendant as to whom the time for trial

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has not run and there is good cause for not granting a severance.
In all other cases, the defendant shall be granted a severance so
that he <u>or she may</u> be tried within the time limits applicable to
him<u>or her;</u> and
(f) Other periods of delay not specifically enumerated

6 herein, in this section, but only if the court finds that they are
7 for good cause.

8 Sec. 2. Original section 29-1207, Reissue Revised
9 Statutes of Nebraska, is repealed.