# LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

# LEGISLATIVE BILL 1098

Introduced by Hudkins, 21.

Read first time January 23, 2008

Committee: Revenue

# A BILL

1 FOR AN F	ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections
2	35-508, 35-514.02, and 77-3443, Reissue Revised Statutes
3	of Nebraska, and sections 35-509, 77-3442, and 77-3444,
4	Revised Statutes Supplement, 2007; to change levy
5	provisions for rural and suburban fire protection
6	districts; to provide an operative date; and to repeal
7	the original sections.

8 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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LB 1098 LB 1098 Section 1. Section 35-508, Reissue Revised Statutes of 1 2 Nebraska, is amended to read: 3 35-508 The board of directors shall have the following 4 general powers: 5 (1) To determine a general fire protection and rescue 6 program for the district; 7 (2) To make an annual estimate of the probable expense 8 for carrying out such program; 9 (3) To annually certify such estimate to the county clerk 10 in the manner provided by section 35-509; 11 (4) To manage and conduct the business affairs of the 12 district; 13 (5) To make and execute contracts in the name of and on behalf of the district; 14 15 (6) To buy real estate when needed for the district and 16 to sell real estate of the district when the district has no 17 further use for it; 18 (7) To purchase or lease such firefighting and rescue 19 equipment, supplies, and other real or personal property as 20 necessary and proper to carry out the general fire protection 21 and rescue program of the district; 22 (8) To incur indebtedness on behalf of the district; 23 (9) To authorize the issuance of evidences of the indebtedness permitted under subdivision (8) of this section and 24 25 to pledge any real or personal property owned or acquired by the

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1 district as security for the same;

2 (10) To organize, establish, equip, maintain, and 3 supervise a paid, volunteer, or combination paid and volunteer fire 4 department or company to serve the district and to establish a 5 service award benefit program pursuant to the Volunteer Emergency 6 Responders Recruitment and Retention Act;

7 (11) To employ and compensate such personnel as necessary
8 to carry out the general fire protection and rescue program of the
9 district;

10 (12) To authorize the execution of a contract with the 11 Game and Parks Commission or a public power district for fire 12 protection of property of the commission or public power district 13 located in or adjacent to the rural or suburban fire protection 14 district;

(13) To levy a tax not to exceed ten and one-half cents 15 16 on each one hundred dollars in any one year upon the taxable value 17 of all taxable property within such district subject to section 77-3443, in addition to the amount of tax which may be annually 18 levied to defray the general and incidental expenses of such 19 20 district, for the purpose of establishing a sinking fund for the 21 construction, purchase, improvement, extension, original equipment, 22 or repair, not including maintenance, of district buildings to 23 house equipment or personal belongings of a fire department, for the purchase of firefighting and rescue equipment or apparatus, 24 25 for the acquisition of any land incidental to such purposes,

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or for payment of principal and interest on any evidence of 1 2 indebtedness issued pursuant to subdivisions (8) and (9) of this 3 section. For purposes of section 77-34437 the county board of the county in which the greatest portion of the valuation of the 4 5 district is located shall approve the levy; To levy a tax not 6 to exceed ten and one-half cents on each one hundred dollars in 7 any one year upon the taxable valuation of property subject to 8 the levy, in addition to the amount of tax which may be annually 9 levied to defray the general and incidental expenses of such 10 district, for the purpose of establishing a sinking fund for the 11 construction, purchase, improvement, extension, original equipment, 12 or repair, not including maintenance, of district buildings to 13 house equipment or personal belongings of a fire department, for 14 the purchase of firefighting and rescue equipment or apparatus, for 15 the acquisition of any land incidental to such purposes, or for 16 payment of principal and interest on any evidence of indebtedness issued pursuant to subdivisions (8) and (9) of this section; 17

18 (14) To adopt and enforce fire codes and establish
19 penalties at annual meetings, except that the code must be
20 available prior to annual meetings and notice shall so provide; and
21 (15) Generally to perform all acts necessary to fully
22 carry out the purposes of sections 35-501 to 35-517.
23 Sec. 2. Section 35-509, Revised Statutes Supplement,

24 2007, is amended to read:

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25 35-509 (1) The board of directors shall have the power

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and duty to determine a general fire protection and rescue policy 1 2 for the district and shall annually fix the amount of money for 3 the proposed budget statement as may be deemed sufficient and necessary in carrying out such contemplated program for the ensuing 4 5 fiscal year, including the amount of principal and interest upon the indebtedness of the district for the ensuing year. After the 6 7 adoption of the budget statement, the president and secretary of 8 the district shall request certify the amount of tax to be levied 9 which the district requires for the adopted budget statement for 10 the ensuing year to the proper county board clerk or county clerks on or before August 1 of each year. Such board county clerk or 11 12 county clerks shall levy a tax not to exceed ten and one-half 13 cents on each one hundred dollars upon the taxable value of all 14 the taxable property in such district when the district is a rural 15 or suburban fire protection district, for the maintenance of the fire protection district for the fiscal year as provided by law. 16 17 7 plus such levy as is authorized to be made under subdivision 18 (13) of section 35-508, all such levies being subject to section 77-3443. The tax shall be collected as other taxes are collected 19 20 in the county, deposited with the county treasurer, and placed to 21 the credit of the rural or suburban fire protection district so 22 authorizing the same on or before the fifteenth day of each month or more frequently as provided in section 77-1759 or be remitted to 23 24 the county treasurer of the county in which the greatest portion 25 of the valuation of the district is located as is provided for by

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subsection (2) of this section. For purposes of section 77-3443,
 the county board of the county in which the greatest portion of the
 valuation of the district is located shall approve the levy.

(2) All such taxes collected or received for the district 4 5 by the treasurer of any other county than the one in which the greatest portion of the valuation of the district is located shall 6 7 be remitted to the treasurer of the county in which the greatest 8 portion of the valuation of the district is located at least 9 quarterly. All such taxes collected or received shall be placed to 10 the credit of such district in the treasury of the county in which 11 the greatest portion of the valuation of the district is located.

12 (3) In no case shall the amount of tax levy exceed the 13 amount of funds to be received from taxation according to the 14 adopted budget statement of the district.

Sec. 3. Section 35-514.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

35-514.02 A rural or suburban fire protection district 17 18 may establish an emergency medical service, including the provision 19 of scheduled or unscheduled ambulance service, or provide fire 20 protection service either within or without the district, may 21 enter into agreements under the Interlocal Cooperation Act and 22 the Joint Public Agency Act for the purpose of establishing an 23 emergency medical service or providing fire protection service, may contract with any city, person, firm, corporation, or other 24 25 fire protection district to provide such services, may expend funds

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of the district, and may charge a reasonable fee to the user. 1 2 Before any such services are established under the authority of 3 this section, the rural or suburban fire protection district shall hold a public hearing after giving at least ten days' notice, 4 5 which notice shall include a brief summary of the general plan for establishing the emergency medical service or providing fire 6 7 protection service, including an estimate of the initial cost and 8 the possible continuing cost of operating the emergency medical 9 service or fire protection service. If the board after such hearing 10 determines that an emergency medical service or fire protection service is needed, it may proceed as authorized in this section. 11 12 The authority granted in this section shall be cumulative and 13 supplementary to any existing powers heretofore granted. Any fire 14 protection district providing any service under this section may 15 pay the cost for the service out of available funds or may levy a 16 tax for the purpose of supporting an emergency medical service or 17 providing fire protection service, which levy shall be in addition 18 to any other tax for such fire protection district and shall be 19 subject to section 77-3443. in addition to restrictions on the 20 levy of taxes provided by statute. When a fire protection district 21 levies a tax for the purpose of supporting an emergency medical 22 service, the taxpayers of such district shall be exempt from any tax levied under section 13-303. The board of a fire protection 23 24 district which provides fire protection service outside of the 25 district may charge a political subdivision with which the district

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has entered into an agreement for such service on a per-call basis
 for such service.

3 Sec. 4. Section 77-3442, Revised Statutes Supplement,
4 2007, is amended to read:

5 77-3442 (1) Property tax levies for the support of local 6 governments for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1998, 7 shall be limited to the amounts set forth in this section except as 8 provided in section 77-3444.

9 (2)(a) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this 10 section, school districts and multiple-district school systems, 11 except learning communities and school districts that are members 12 of learning communities, may levy a maximum levy of one dollar and 13 five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property 14 subject to the levy.

(b) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy for the general fund budgets of member school districts equal to the local effort rate prescribed in section 8 79-1015.01 for such fiscal year. The proceeds from the levy 9 pursuant to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to 20 section 79-1073.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(e) of this section, for each fiscal year, school districts that are members of learning communities may levy for purposes of such districts' general fund budget and special building funds a maximum combined levy of the difference of one dollar and five cents on each one

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hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy minus
 the learning community levies pursuant to subdivisions (2) (b) and
 (2) (g) of this section for such learning community.

(d) Excluded from the limitations in subdivisions (2)(a) 4 (2)(c) of this section are amounts levied to pay for 5 and 6 sums agreed to be paid by a school district to certificated 7 employees in exchange for a voluntary termination of employment 8 and amounts levied to pay for special building funds and sinking 9 funds established for projects commenced prior to April 1, 1996, 10 for construction, expansion, or alteration of school district 11 buildings. For purposes of this subsection, commenced means any 12 action taken by the school board on the record which commits 13 the board to expend district funds in planning, constructing, or 14 carrying out the project.

15 (e) Federal aid school districts may exceed the maximum 16 levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) or (2)(c) of this section only to the extent necessary to qualify to receive federal aid 17 18 pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 103-382, as such title existed 19 on September 1, 2001. For purposes of this subdivision, federal 20 aid school district means any school district which receives ten 21 percent or more of the revenue for its general fund budget from 22 federal government sources pursuant to Title VIII of Public Law 23 103-382, as such title existed on September 1, 2001.

(f) For school fiscal year 2002-03 through school fiscal
year 2007-08, school districts and multiple-district school systems

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may, upon a three-fourths majority vote of the school board of 1 2 the school district, the board of the unified system, or the 3 school board of the high school district of the multiple-district school system that is not a unified system, exceed the maximum 4 5 levy prescribed by subdivision (2)(a) of this section in an amount 6 equal to the net difference between the amount of state aid that 7 would have been provided under the Tax Equity and Educational 8 Opportunities Support Act without the temporary aid adjustment 9 factor as defined in section 79-1003 for the ensuing school fiscal 10 year for the school district or multiple-district school system 11 and the amount provided with the temporary aid adjustment factor. 12 The State Department of Education shall certify to the school 13 districts and multiple-district school systems the amount by which 14 the maximum levy may be exceeded for the next school fiscal year 15 pursuant to this subdivision (f) of this subsection on or before 16 February 15 for school fiscal years 2004-05 through 2007-08.

(g) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of two cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for special building funds for member school districts. The proceeds from the levy pursuant to this subdivision shall be distributed pursuant to section 79-1073.01.

(h) For each fiscal year, learning communities may levy a maximum levy of five cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the levy for elementary learning center facilities and for up to fifty percent of the estimated cost for

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capital projects approved by the learning community coordinating
 council pursuant to section 79-2111.

3 (3) Community colleges may levy a maximum levy calculated 4 pursuant to the Community College Foundation and Equalization Aid 5 Act on each one hundred dollars of taxable property subject to the 6 levy.

7 (4) (a) Natural resources districts may levy a maximum
8 levy of four and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable
9 valuation of property subject to the levy.

10 (b) Natural resources districts shall also have the power 11 and authority to levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which 12 their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground 13 water management activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska Ground Water Management and Protection Act 14 15 exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement 16 ground water management activities and integrated management activities for FY2003-04, not to exceed one cent on each one 17 18 hundred dollars of taxable valuation annually on all of the taxable 19 property within the district.

20 (c) In addition, natural resources districts located in 21 a river basin, subbasin, or reach that has been determined to 22 be fully appropriated pursuant to section 46-714 or designated 23 as overappropriated pursuant to section 46-713 by the Department 24 of Natural Resources shall also have the power and authority to 25 levy a tax equal to the dollar amount by which their restricted

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1 funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management 2 activities and integrated management activities under the Nebraska 3 Ground Water Management and Protection Act exceed their restricted funds budgeted to administer and implement ground water management 4 5 activities and integrated management activities for FY2005-06, not to exceed three cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable 6 7 valuation on all of the taxable property within the district for 8 fiscal year 2006-07 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal 9 year 2011-12.

10 (5) Educational service units may levy a maximum levy of
11 one and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation
12 of property subject to the levy.

13 (6) (a) Incorporated cities and villages which are not 14 within the boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy 15 of forty-five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation 16 of property subject to the levy plus an additional five cents per 17 one hundred dollars of taxable valuation to provide financing for 18 the municipality's share of revenue required under an agreement 19 or agreements executed pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act 20 or the Joint Public Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include 21 amounts levied to pay for sums to support a library pursuant 22 to section 51-201, museum pursuant to section 51-501, visiting community nurse, home health nurse, or home health agency pursuant 23 to section 71-1637, or statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to 24 25 section 80-202.

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# 1 (b) Incorporated cities and villages which are within the 2 boundaries of a municipal county may levy a maximum levy of ninety 3 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy. The maximum levy shall include amounts paid 4 5 to a municipal county for county services, amounts levied to pay 6 for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201, a museum 7 pursuant to section 51-501, a visiting community nurse, home health 8 nurse, or home health agency pursuant to section 71-1637, or a 9 statue, memorial, or monument pursuant to section 80-202.

10 (7) Sanitary and improvement districts which have been in 11 existence for more than five years may levy a maximum levy of forty 12 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property 13 subject to the levy, and sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five years or less shall not have 14 15 a maximum levy. Unconsolidated sanitary and improvement districts 16 which have been in existence for more than five years and are located in a municipal county may levy a maximum of eighty-five 17 18 cents per hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject 19 to the levy.

(8) Counties may levy or authorize a maximum levy of fifty cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy, except that five cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation of property subject to the levy may only be levied to provide financing for the county's share of revenue required under an agreement or agreements executed

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pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public 1 2 Agency Act. The maximum levy shall include amounts levied to pay 3 for sums to support a library pursuant to section 51-201 or museum pursuant to section 51-501. The county may allocate up to fifteen 4 cents of its authority to other political subdivisions subject 5 6 to allocation of property tax authority under subsection (1) of 7 section 77-3443 and not specifically covered in this section to 8 levy taxes as authorized by law which do not collectively exceed 9 fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on any 10 parcel or item of taxable property. The county may allocate to 11 one or more other political subdivisions subject to allocation 12 of property tax authority by the county under subsection (1) of 13 section 77-3443 some or all of the county's five cents per one 14 hundred dollars of valuation authorized for support of an agreement 15 or agreements to be levied by the political subdivision for the 16 purpose of supporting that political subdivision's share of revenue 17 required under an agreement or agreements executed pursuant to the 18 Interlocal Cooperation Act or the Joint Public Agency Act. If an 19 allocation by a county would cause another county to exceed its 20 levy authority under this section, the second county may exceed the 21 levy authority in order to levy the amount allocated.

(9) Municipal counties may levy or authorize a maximum
levy of one dollar per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation
of property subject to the levy. The municipal county may allocate
levy authority to any political subdivision or entity subject to

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1 allocation under section 77-3443.

2 (10) Rural and suburban fire protection districts may
3 levy a maximum of ten and one-half cents per one hundred dollars of
4 taxable valuation of property subject to the levy.

(10) (11) Property tax levies for judgments, except 5 judgments or orders from the Commission of Industrial Relations, 6 obtained against a political subdivision which require or obligate 7 8 a political subdivision to pay such judgment, to the extent 9 such judgment is not paid by liability insurance coverage of 10 a political subdivision, for preexisting lease-purchase contracts 11 approved prior to July 1, 1998, for bonded indebtedness approved 12 according to law and secured by a levy on property, and for 13 payments by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the Department of Aeronautics in lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower 14 15 cost to the public airport are not included in the levy limits 16 established by this section.

17 (11) (12) The limitations on tax levies provided in 18 this section are to include all other general or special levies 19 provided by law. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the only 20 exceptions to the limits in this section are those provided by or 21 authorized by sections 77-3442 to 77-3444.

(12) (13) Tax levies in excess of the limitations in
this section shall be considered unauthorized levies under section
77-1606 unless approved under section 77-3444.

25 (13) (14) For purposes of sections 77-3442 to 77-3444,

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political subdivision means a political subdivision of this state
 and a county agricultural society.

3 Sec. 5. Section 77-3443, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 77-3443 (1) All political subdivisions, other than (a) school districts, community colleges, natural resources districts, 6 7 educational service units, cities, villages, counties, municipal 8 counties, rural and suburban fire protection districts, and 9 sanitary and improvement districts and (b) political subdivisions 10 subject to municipal allocation under subsection (2) of this 11 section, may levy taxes as authorized by law which are authorized 12 by the county board of the county or the council of a municipal 13 county in which the greatest portion of the valuation is located, which are counted in the county or municipal county levy limit 14 15 provided in section 77-3442, and which do not collectively total 16 more than fifteen cents per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation on any parcel or item of taxable property for all 17 18 governments for which allocations are made by the municipality, 19 county, or municipal county, except that such limitation shall 20 not apply to property tax levies for preexisting lease-purchase 21 contracts approved prior to July 1, 1998, for bonded indebtedness 22 approved according to law and secured by a levy on property, and 23 for payments by a public airport to retire interest-free loans from the Department of Aeronautics in lieu of bonded indebtedness at 24 25 a lower cost to the public airport. The county board or council

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shall review and approve or disapprove the levy request of all 1 2 political subdivisions subject to this subsection. The county board 3 or council may approve all or a portion of the levy request and may approve a levy request that would allow the requesting 4 5 political subdivision to levy a tax at a levy greater than that 6 permitted by law. The county board of a county or the council 7 of a municipal county which contains a transit authority created 8 pursuant to section 14-1803 shall allocate no less than three 9 cents per one hundred dollars of taxable property within the city 10 or municipal county subject to the levy to the transit authority 11 if requested by such authority. For any political subdivision 12 subject to this subsection that receives taxes from more than one 13 county or municipal county, the levy shall be allocated only by the county or municipal county in which the greatest portion of 14 15 the valuation is located. The county board of equalization shall 16 certify all levies by October 15 to insure that the taxes levied by political subdivisions subject to this subsection do not exceed the 17 18 allowable limit for any parcel or item of taxable property. The 19 levy allocated by the county or municipal county may be exceeded 20 as provided in section 77-3444.

(2) All city airport authorities established under
the Cities Airport Authorities Act, community redevelopment
authorities established under the Community Development Law,
transit authorities established under the Transit Authority Law,
and offstreet parking districts established under the Offstreet

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Parking District Act may be allocated property taxes as authorized 1 2 by law which are authorized by the city, village, or municipal 3 county and are counted in the city or village levy limit or municipal county levy limit provided by section 77-3442, except 4 5 that such limitation shall not apply to property tax levies for preexisting lease-purchase contracts approved prior to July 1, 6 7 1998, for bonded indebtedness approved according to law and secured 8 by a levy on property, and for payments by a public airport to 9 retire interest-free loans from the Department of Aeronautics in 10 lieu of bonded indebtedness at a lower cost to the public airport. 11 For offstreet parking districts established under the Offstreet 12 Parking District Act, the tax shall be counted in the allocation by 13 the city proportionately, by dividing the total taxable valuation 14 of the taxable property within the district by the total taxable 15 valuation of the taxable property within the city multiplied by 16 the levy of the district. The city council of a city which has created a transit authority pursuant to section 14-1803 or the 17 council of a municipal county which contains a transit authority 18 19 shall allocate no less than three cents per one hundred dollars 20 of taxable property subject to the levy to the transit authority 21 if requested by such authority. The city council, village board, 22 or council shall review and approve or disapprove the levy request 23 of the political subdivisions subject to this subsection. The city 24 council, village board, or council may approve all or a portion of 25 the levy request and may approve a levy request that would allow

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a levy greater than that permitted by law. The levy allocated by
 the municipality or municipal county may be exceeded as provided
 in section 77-3444.

(3) On or before August 1, all political subdivisions 4 5 subject to county, municipal, or municipal county levy authority 6 under this section shall submit a preliminary request for levy 7 allocation to the county board, city council, village board, or 8 council that is responsible for levying such taxes. The preliminary 9 request of the political subdivision shall be in the form of a 10 resolution adopted by a majority vote of members present of the 11 political subdivision's governing body. The failure of a political 12 subdivision to make a preliminary request shall preclude such 13 political subdivision from using procedures set forth in section 77-3444 to exceed the final levy allocation as determined in 14 15 subsection (4) of this section.

16 (4) Each county board, city council, village board, or council shall (a) adopt a resolution by a majority vote of members 17 18 present which determines a final allocation of levy authority 19 to its political subdivisions and (b) forward a copy of such 20 resolution to the chairperson of the governing body of each of its 21 political subdivisions. No final levy allocation shall be changed 22 after September 1 except by agreement between both the county 23 board, city council, village board, or council which determined the amount of the final levy allocation and the governing body of the 24 25 political subdivision whose final levy allocation is at issue.

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Sec. 6. Section 77-3444, Revised Statutes Supplement,
 2007, is amended to read:

3 77-3444 (1) A political subdivision, other than a Class I school district, may exceed the limits provided in section 77-3442 4 5 or a final levy allocation determination as provided in section 6 77-3443 by an amount not to exceed a maximum levy approved by a 7 majority of registered voters voting on the issue in a primary, 8 general, or special election at which the issue is placed before 9 the registered voters. A vote to exceed the limits provided in 10 section 77-3442 or a final levy allocation as provided in section 11 77-3443 must be approved prior to October 10 of the fiscal 12 year which is to be the first to exceed the limits or final 13 levy allocation. The governing body of the political subdivision may call for the submission of the issue to the voters (a) by 14 15 passing a resolution calling for exceeding the limits or final 16 levy allocation by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the governing body and delivering a copy of the resolution to 17 18 the county clerk or election commissioner of every county which 19 contains all or part of the political subdivision or (b) upon 20 receipt of a petition by the county clerk or election commissioner 21 of every county containing all or part of the political subdivision 22 requesting an election signed by at least five percent of the 23 registered voters residing in the political subdivision. The resolution or petition shall include the amount of levy which 24 25 would be imposed in excess of the limits provided in section

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77-3442 or the final levy allocation as provided in section 77-3443 1 2 and the duration of the excess levy authority. The excess levy 3 authority shall not have a duration greater than five years. Any resolution or petition calling for a special election shall be 4 5 filed with the county clerk or election commissioner no later than thirty days prior to the date of the election, and the time of 6 7 publication and providing a copy of the notice of election required 8 in section 32-802 shall be no later than twenty days prior to the 9 election. The county clerk or election commissioner shall place the 10 issue on the ballot at an election as called for in the resolution 11 or petition which is at least thirty days after receipt of the 12 resolution or petition. The election shall be held pursuant to 13 the Election Act. For petitions filed with the county clerk or election commissioner on or after May 1, 1998, the petition shall 14 15 be in the form as provided in sections 32-628 to 32-631. Any 16 excess levy authority approved under this section shall terminate 17 pursuant to its terms, on a vote of the governing body of the 18 political subdivision to terminate the authority to levy more than 19 the limits, at the end of the fourth fiscal year following the 20 first year in which the levy exceeded the limit or the final 21 levy allocation, or as provided in subsection (4) of this section, 22 whichever is earliest. A governing body may pass no more than one resolution calling for an election pursuant to this section during 23 24 any one calendar year. Only one election may be held in any one 25 calendar year pursuant to a petition initiated under this section.

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(2) The ballot question may include any terms and 1 2 conditions set forth in the resolution or petition and shall 3 include the following: "Shall (name of political subdivision) be allowed to levy a property tax not to exceed ..... cents per 4 5 one hundred dollars of taxable valuation in excess of the limits prescribed by law until fiscal year ..... for the purposes 6 7 of (general operations; building construction, remodeling, or site 8 acquisition; or both general operations and building construction, 9 remodeling, or site acquisition)?". If a majority of the votes cast 10 upon the ballot question are in favor of such tax, the county board 11 shall authorize a tax in excess of the limits in section 77-3442 12 or the final levy allocation in section 77-3443 but such tax shall 13 not exceed the amount stated in the ballot question. If a majority 14 of those voting on the ballot question are opposed to such tax, the 15 governing body of the political subdivision shall not impose such 16 tax.

(3) In lieu of the election procedures in subsection 17 18 (1) of this section, any political subdivision subject to section 77-3443, other than a Class I school district, and villages and 19 20 rural and suburban fire protection districts may approve a levy 21 in excess of the limits in section 77-3442 or the final levy 22 allocation provided in section 77-3443 for a period of one year at a meeting of the residents of the political subdivision, or 23 village, or rural or suburban fire protection district, called 24 25 after notice is published in a newspaper of general circulation

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in the political subdivision, or village, or rural or suburban 1 2 fire protection district, at least twenty days prior to the 3 meeting. At least ten percent of the registered voters residing in the political subdivision, or village, or rural or suburban 4 5 fire protection district shall constitute a quorum for purposes of taking action to exceed the limits or final levy allocation. 6 A record shall be made of the registered voters residing in the 7 8 political subdivision or village who are present at the meeting. 9 The method of voting at the meeting shall protect the secrecy 10 of the ballot. If a majority of the registered voters present 11 at the meeting vote in favor of exceeding the limits or final 12 levy allocation, a copy of the record of that action shall be 13 forwarded to the county board prior to October 10 and the county board shall authorize a levy as approved by the residents for the 14 15 year. If a majority of the registered voters present at the meeting 16 vote against exceeding the limits or final allocation, the limit 17 or allocation shall not be exceeded and the political subdivision 18 shall have no power to call for an election under subsection (1) of 19 this section.

(4) A political subdivision, other than a Class I school district, may rescind or modify a previously approved excess levy authority prior to its expiration by a majority of registered voters voting on the issue in a primary, general, or special election at which the issue is placed before the registered voters. A vote to rescind or modify must be approved prior to October

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10 of the fiscal year for which it is to be effective. The 1 governing body of the political subdivision may call for the 2 3 submission of the issue to the voters (a) by passing a resolution calling for the rescission or modification by a vote of at least 4 5 two-thirds of the members of the governing body and delivering a copy of the resolution to the county clerk or election commissioner 6 7 of every county which contains all or part of the political 8 subdivision or (b) upon receipt of a petition by the county clerk 9 or election commissioner of every county containing all or part of 10 the political subdivision requesting an election signed by at least 11 five percent of the registered voters residing in the political 12 subdivision. The resolution or petition shall include the amount 13 and the duration of the previously approved excess levy authority 14 and a statement that either such excess levy authority will be 15 rescinded or such excess levy authority will be modified. If the 16 excess levy authority will be modified, the amount and duration of such modification shall be stated. The modification shall not have 17 18 a duration greater than five years. The county clerk or election 19 commissioner shall place the issue on the ballot at an election as 20 called for in the resolution or petition which is at least thirty 21 days after receipt of the resolution or petition, and the time of 22 publication and providing a copy of the notice of election required in section 32-802 shall be no later than twenty days prior to the 23 24 election. The election shall be held pursuant to the Election Act. 25 (5) For purposes of this section, when the political

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subdivision is a sanitary and improvement district, registered
 voter means a person qualified to vote as provided in section
 31-735. Any election conducted under this section for a sanitary
 and improvement district shall be conducted and counted as provided
 in sections 31-735 to 31-735.06.

6 (6) For purposes of this section, when the political 7 subdivision is a school district or a multiple-district school 8 system, registered voter includes both (a) persons qualified to 9 vote for the members of the school board of the school district 10 which is voting to exceed the maximum levy limits pursuant to this 11 section and (b) persons in those portions of any Class I district 12 which are affiliated with or a part of the school district which is 13 voting pursuant to this section, if such voter is also qualified to vote for the school board of the affected Class I school district. 14 15 Sec. 7. This act becomes operative on July 1, 2009.

Sec. 8. Original sections 35-508, 35-514.02, and 77-3443,
Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 35-509, 77-3442,
and 77-3444, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2007, are repealed.

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