

LEGISLATIVE BILL 756

Approved by the Governor April 26, 1995

Introduced by Hartnett, 45; Engel, 17; Hillman, 48; Janssen, 15; Preister, 5; Wickersham, 49

AN ACT relating to fire protection districts; to amend section 35-506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to change provisions relating to meetings, payments, and expenses for boards of directors; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original section.
Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 35-506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

35-506. At the time and place fixed by the county clerk for the public meeting as provided in section 35-505, the electors who are owners of any interest in real or personal property assessed for taxation in the district and who are residing within the boundaries of the district shall have the opportunity to decide by majority vote of those present whether the organization of the district shall be completed. Permanent organization shall be effected by the election of a board of directors consisting of five residents of the district. Such directors shall at the first regular meeting after their election select from the board a president, a vice president, and a secretary-treasurer who shall serve as the officers of the board of directors for one year. The board shall reorganize itself annually. The elected member of the board of directors receiving the highest number of votes in the election shall preside over the first regular meeting until the officers of such board have been selected. The three members receiving the highest number of votes shall serve for a term of four years, and the other two members for a term of two years; and this provision shall apply to directors elected at the organizational meeting of the district, ~~and shall also apply to the next regular election of directors of districts in existence on August 4, 1969.~~ Election of directors of existing districts shall be held by the qualified electors present at the regular annual meeting provided for in section 35-507 which is held in the calendar year during which the terms of directors are scheduled to expire. As the terms of these members expire, their successors shall be elected for four years and hold office until their successors have been elected. ~~If~~ ~~PROVIDED,~~ ~~that if~~ the district ~~shall embrace~~ ~~contains~~ more than one township each township may be represented on the board of directors, unless there are more than five townships within the district and in such event there shall be only five directors on the board and no township shall have more than one member elected to such board of directors. In case of a vacancy on account of the resignation, death, or for malfeasance or nonfeasance of a member, the remaining members of the board shall fill the vacancy for the unexpired term. The person appointed to fill the vacancy shall be from the same area as the person whose office is vacated, if possible, otherwise from the district at large. The members of the board of directors of a rural or suburban fire protection district shall receive ~~ten~~ ~~twenty-five~~ dollars for each meeting of the board, but not to exceed ~~four~~ ~~twelve~~ meetings in any calendar year, ~~and reimbursement for any actual expenses necessarily incurred as a direct result of their responsibilities and duties as members of the board engaged upon the business of the district.~~ When it is necessary for any member of the board of directors to travel on business of the district and to attend meetings of the district, he or she shall be allowed mileage at the rate provided in section 81-1176 for state employees for each mile actually and necessarily traveled.

Sec. 2. Original section 35-506, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is repealed.

LEGISLATIVE BILL 759

Approved by the Governor April 26, 1995

Introduced by Abboud, 12

AN ACT relating to employment security; to amend section 48-628, Revised Statutes Supplement, 1994; to change provisions relating to educational institutions and disqualification for benefits; and to repeal the original section.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 48-628, Revised Statutes Supplement, 1994, is amended to read:

48-628. An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

(a)(1) For the week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause, if so found by the commissioner, and for not less than seven weeks nor more than ten weeks which immediately follow such week, as determined by the commissioner according to the circumstances in each case, or (2) for the week in which he or she has left work voluntarily for the sole purpose of accepting previously secured, permanent, full-time, insured work, which he or she does accept, which offers a reasonable expectation of betterment of wages or working conditions, or both, and for which he or she earns wages payable to him or her, if so found by the commissioner, and for not more than one week which immediately follows such week;

(b) For the week in which he or she has been discharged for misconduct connected with his or her work, if so found by the commissioner, and for not less than seven weeks nor more than ten weeks which immediately follow such week, as determined by the commissioner in each case according to the seriousness of the misconduct. If the commissioner finds that such individual's misconduct was gross, flagrant, and willful, or was unlawful, the commissioner shall totally disqualify such individual from receiving benefits with respect to wage credits earned prior to such misconduct. In addition to the seven-week to ten-week benefit disqualification assessed under this subdivision, the commissioner shall cancel all wage credits earned as a result of employment with the discharging employer if the commissioner finds that the individual was discharged for misconduct in connection with the work which was not gross, flagrant, and willful or unlawful but which included being under the influence of any intoxicating beverage or being under the influence of any controlled substance listed in section 28-405 not prescribed by a physician licensed to practice medicine or surgery when the individual is so under the influence on the worksite or while engaged in work for the employer;

(c) For any week of unemployment in which he or she has failed, without good cause, to apply for available, suitable work when so directed by the employment office or the commissioner, to accept suitable work offered him or her, or to return to his or her customary self-employment, if any, and the commissioner so finds, and for not less than seven weeks nor more than ten weeks which immediately follow such week, as determined by the commissioner, and his or her total benefit amount to which he or she is then entitled shall be reduced by an amount equal to the number of weeks for which he or she has been disqualified by the commissioner. (1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the commissioner shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, his or her physical fitness and prior training, his or her experience and prior earnings, his or her length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his or her customary occupation, and the distance of the available work from his or her residence. (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Employment Security Law, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under such law to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions: (i) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute; (ii) if the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality; or (iii) if, as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization. (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions in this subdivision, no otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he or she is in training with the approval of the commissioner, by reason of the application of the provisions in this subdivision relating to failure to apply for or a refusal to accept suitable work;

(d) For any week with respect to which the commissioner finds that his or her total unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which he or she is or was last employed, except that this subdivision shall not apply if it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner that (1) the individual is not participating in, financing, or directly interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of work and (2) he or she does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which, immediately before the commencement of the stoppage, there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage occurs, any of whom are participating, financing, or directly interested in the dispute. If in any case, separate branches of work, which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises, are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purposes of this subdivision, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment, or other premises;

(e) For any week with respect to which he or she is receiving or has received remuneration in the form of (1) wages in lieu of notice, or a dismissal or separation allowance, (2) compensation for temporary partial disability under the workers' compensation law of any state or under a similar law of the United States, (3) primary insurance benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act, as amended, or similar payments under any act of Congress, (4) retirement or retired pay, pension, annuity, or other similar periodic payment under a plan maintained or contributed to by a base period or chargeable employer, or (5) a gratuity or bonus from an employer, paid after termination of employment, on account of prior length of service, or disability not compensated under the workers' compensation law. Such payments made in lump sums shall be prorated in an amount which is reasonably attributable to such week. If the prorated remuneration is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due, he or she shall be entitled to receive for such week, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of such remuneration. The prorated remuneration shall be considered wages for the quarter to which it is attributable. Military service-connected disability compensation payable under 38 U.S.C. chapter 11 shall not be deemed to be disqualifying or deductible from the benefit amount. No deduction shall be made for the part of any retirement pension which represents return of payments made by the individual. In the case of a transfer by an individual or his or her employer of an amount from one retirement plan to a second qualified retirement plan under the Internal Revenue Code, the amount transferred shall not be deemed to be received by the claimant until actually paid from the second retirement plan to the claimant;

(f) For any week with respect to which or a part of which he or she has received or is seeking unemployment benefits under an unemployment compensation law of any other state or of the United States, except that if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he or she is not entitled to such unemployment benefits, this disqualification shall not apply;

(g) For any week of unemployment if such individual is a student. For the purpose of this subdivision, student shall mean an individual registered for full attendance at and regularly attending an established school, college, or university, unless the major portion of his or her wages for insured work during his or her base period was for services performed while attending school, except that attendance for training purposes under a plan approved by the commissioner for such individual before attendance shall not be disqualifying;

(h) For any week of unemployment if benefits claimed are based on services performed:

(1) In an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an educational institution, if such week commences during the period between two successive academic years or terms, or when an agreement provides instead for a similar period between two regular, but not successive, terms during such period, if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and if there is a contract or reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms;

(2) In any other capacity for an educational institution, if such week commences during a period between two successive academic years or terms, if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms, and if there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the second of such academic years or terms, except that if benefits are denied to any individual for any week under this subdivision (2) and such individual was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for the educational institution for the second of such academic

years or terms, such individual shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of the benefits for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for benefits and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of this subdivision (2);

(3) In any capacity described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subdivision if such week commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if such individual performs such services in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess;

(4) In any capacity described in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subdivision in an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, and such individual shall be disqualified as specified in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this subdivision. As used in this subdivision (4), educational service agency shall mean a governmental agency or governmental entity which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing services to one or more educational institutions; and

(5) In any capacity described in subdivision (h)(1) or (h)(2) of this section in an educational institution if such services are provided to or on behalf of the educational institution while in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational, or other organization an organization or entity described in section 3306(c)(7) or 3306(c)(8) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, and such individual shall be disqualified as specified in subdivisions (h)(1), (h)(2), and (h)(3) of this section;

(i) For any week of unemployment benefits if substantially all the services upon which such benefits are based consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate, if such week of unemployment begins during the period between two successive sport seasons or similar periods, if such individual performed such services in the first of such seasons or similar periods, and if there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the later of such seasons or similar periods;

(j) For any week of unemployment benefits if the services upon which such benefits are based are performed by an alien unless such alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time such services were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing such services, or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time such services were performed, including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act. Any data or information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine whether benefits are not payable to them because of their alien status shall be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits. In the case of an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise be approved, no determination that benefits to such individual are not payable because of his or her alien status shall be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence;

(k) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Employment Security Law, no otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any week because he or she is in training approved under section 236(a)(1) of the federal Trade Act of 1974, nor shall such individual be denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter such training, if the work left is not suitable employment, or because of the application to any such week in training of provisions of the Employment Security Law, or any applicable federal unemployment compensation law, relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to accept work. For purposes of this subdivision, suitable employment shall mean, with respect to an individual, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the individual's past adversely affected employment, as defined for purposes of the federal Trade Act of 1974, and wages for such work at not less than eighty percent of the individual's average weekly wage as determined for purposes of the federal Trade Act of 1974; and

(l) For any week during which the individual is on a leave of absence.

Sec. 2. Original section 48-628, Revised Statutes Supplement, 1994, is repealed.