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## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

## ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH LEGISLATURE

## SECOND SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 1245**

Introduced by Cavanaugh, J., 9.

Read first time January 20, 2022

Committee: Judiciary

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to children and families; to amend sections 2 42-364.17, 42-381, 43-247, 43-1401, 43-1402, 43-1404, 43-1405, 3 43-1406, 43-1407, 43-1408.01, 43-1409, 43-1410, 43-1412, 43-1412.01, 4 43-1414, 43-1415, 43-1802, 43-2935, 43-3318, 43-3320, 43-3340, 71-601.01, 71-604, 71-604.05, 71-617.04, 71-628, 71-630, 71-640, 5 6 71-640.01, 71-640.02, 71-640.03, 71-640.04, and 71-641, Reissue 7 Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 24-517, 25-2740, 25-2742, 29-3922, 33-107.02, 8 43-246.02, 43-1411, 43-1411.01, 9 43-2924, and 71-604.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, change provisions and terminology relating 10 2020; to determinations of paternity and parentage, birth certificates, and 11 12 related matters; to define and redefine terms; to harmonize 13 provisions; and to repeal the original sections.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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1 Section 1. Section 24-517, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 2 2020, is amended to read:
- 3 24-517 Each county court shall have the following jurisdiction:
- 4 (1) Exclusive original jurisdiction of all matters relating to
- 5 decedents' estates, including the probate of wills and the construction
- 6 thereof, except as provided in subsection (c) of section 30-2464 and
- 7 section 30-2486;
- 8 (2) Exclusive original jurisdiction in all matters relating to the
- 9 guardianship of a person, except if a separate juvenile court already has
- 10 jurisdiction over a child in need of a guardian, concurrent original
- 11 jurisdiction with the separate juvenile court in such guardianship;
- 12 (3) Exclusive original jurisdiction of all matters relating to
- 13 conservatorship of any person, including (a) original jurisdiction to
- 14 consent to and authorize a voluntary selection, partition, and setoff of
- 15 a ward's interest in real estate owned in common with others and to
- 16 exercise any right of the ward in connection therewith which the ward
- 17 could exercise if competent and (b) original jurisdiction to license the
- 18 sale of such real estate for cash or on such terms of credit as shall
- 19 seem best calculated to produce the highest price subject only to the
- 20 requirements set forth in section 30-3201;
- 21 (4) Concurrent jurisdiction with the district court to involuntarily
- 22 partition a ward's interest in real estate owned in common with others;
- 23 (5) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in all
- 24 civil actions of any type when the amount in controversy is forty-five
- 25 thousand dollars or less through June 30, 2005, and as set by the Supreme
- 26 Court pursuant to subdivision (b) of this subdivision on and after July
- 27 1, 2005.
- 28 (a) When the pleadings or discovery proceedings in a civil action
- 29 indicate that the amount in controversy is greater than the
- 30 jurisdictional amount of subdivision (5) of this section, the county
- 31 court shall, upon the request of any party, certify the proceedings to

- 1 the district court as provided in section 25-2706. An award of the county
- 2 court which is greater than the jurisdictional amount of subdivision (5)
- 3 of this section is not void or unenforceable because it is greater than
- 4 such amount, however, if an award of the county court is greater than the
- 5 jurisdictional amount, the county court shall tax as additional costs the
- 6 difference between the filing fee in district court and the filing fee in
- 7 county court.
- 8 (b) The Supreme Court shall adjust the jurisdictional amount for the
- 9 county court every fifth year commencing July 1, 2005. The adjusted
- 10 jurisdictional amount shall be equal to the then current jurisdictional
- 11 amount adjusted by the average percentage change in the unadjusted
- 12 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Federal
- 13 Bureau of Labor Statistics for the five-year period preceding the
- 14 adjustment date. The jurisdictional amount shall be rounded to the
- 15 nearest one-thousand-dollar amount;
- 16 (6) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in any
- 17 criminal matter classified as a misdemeanor or for any infraction. The
- 18 district court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction in any
- 19 criminal matter classified as a misdemeanor that arises from the same
- 20 incident as a charged felony;
- 21 (7) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in
- 22 domestic relations matters as defined in section 25-2740 and with the
- 23 district court and separate juvenile court in parentage paternity or
- 24 custody determinations as provided in section 25-2740;
- 25 (8) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in
- 26 matters arising under the Nebraska Uniform Trust Code;
- 27 (9) Exclusive original jurisdiction in any action based on violation
- 28 of a city or village ordinance, except with respect to violations
- 29 committed by persons under eighteen years of age;
- 30 (10) The jurisdiction of a juvenile court as provided in the
- 31 Nebraska Juvenile Code when sitting as a juvenile court in counties which

- 1 have not established separate juvenile courts;
- 2 (11) Exclusive original jurisdiction in matters of adoption, except
- 3 if a separate juvenile court already has jurisdiction over the child to
- 4 be adopted, concurrent original jurisdiction with the separate juvenile
- 5 court;
- 6 (12) Exclusive original jurisdiction in matters arising under the
- 7 Nebraska Uniform Custodial Trust Act;
- 8 (13) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in any
- 9 matter relating to a power of attorney and the action or inaction of any
- 10 agent acting under a power of attorney;
- 11 (14) Exclusive original jurisdiction in any action arising under
- 12 sections 30-3401 to 30-3432;
- 13 (15) Exclusive original jurisdiction in matters arising under the
- 14 Nebraska Uniform Transfers to Minors Act;
- 15 (16) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in
- 16 matters arising under the Uniform Principal and Income Act;
- 17 (17) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in
- 18 matters arising under the Uniform Testamentary Additions to Trusts Act
- 19 (1991) except as otherwise provided in subdivision (1) of this section;
- 20 (18) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court to
- 21 determine contribution rights under section 68-919; and
- 22 (19) All other jurisdiction heretofore provided and not specifically
- 23 repealed by Laws 1972, Legislative Bill 1032, and such other jurisdiction
- 24 as hereafter provided by law.
- 25 Sec. 2. Section 25-2740, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 26 2020, is amended to read:
- 27 25-2740 (1) For purposes of this section:
- 28 (a) Domestic relations matters means proceedings under sections
- 29 28-311.09 and 28-311.10 (including harassment protection orders and valid
- 30 foreign harassment protection orders), sections 28-311.11 and 28-311.12
- 31 (including sexual assault protection orders and valid foreign sexual

- 1 assault protection orders), the Conciliation Court Law and sections
- 2 42-347 to 42-381 (including dissolution, separation, annulment, custody,
- 3 and support), section 43-512.04 (including child support or medical
- 4 support), section 42-924 (including domestic protection orders), sections
- 5 43-1401 to 43-1418 (including parentage paternity determinations and
- 6 parental support), and sections 43-1801 to 43-1803 (including grandparent
- 7 visitation); and
- 8 (b) <u>Parentage</u> <u>Paternity</u> or custody determinations means proceedings
- 9 to establish the <u>parentage paternity</u> of a child under sections 43-1411 to
- 10 43-1418 or proceedings to determine custody of a child under section
- 11 42-364.
- 12 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, in
- 13 domestic relations matters, a party shall file his or her petition or
- 14 complaint and all other court filings with the clerk of the district
- 15 court. The party shall state in the petition or complaint whether such
- 16 party requests that the proceeding be heard by a county court judge or by
- 17 a district court judge. If the party requests the case be heard by a
- 18 county court judge, the county court judge assigned to hear cases in the
- 19 county in which the matter is filed at the time of the hearing is deemed
- 20 appointed by the district court and the consent of the county court judge
- 21 is not required. Such proceeding is considered a district court
- 22 proceeding, even if heard by a county court judge, and an order or
- 23 judgment of the county court in a domestic relations matter has the force
- 24 and effect of a district court judgment. The testimony in a domestic
- 25 relations matter heard before a county court judge shall be preserved as
- 26 provided in section 25-2732.
- 27 (3) In addition to the jurisdiction provided for parentage paternity
- 28 or custody determinations under subsection (2) of this section, a county
- 29 court or separate juvenile court which already has jurisdiction over the
- 30 child whose <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> or custody is to be determined has
- 31 jurisdiction over such parentage paternity or custody determination.

- 1 Sec. 3. Section 25-2742, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 2 2020, is amended to read:
- 3 25-2742 (1) The County Court Expedited Civil Actions Act applies to
- 4 civil actions in county court in which the sole relief sought is a money
- 5 judgment and in which the claim of each plaintiff is less than or equal
- 6 to the county court jurisdictional amount set forth in subdivision (5) of
- 7 section 24-517, including damages of any kind, penalties, interest
- 8 accrued before the filing date, and attorney's fees, but excluding
- 9 prejudgment interest accrued after the filing date, postjudgment
- 10 interest, and costs.
- 11 (2) The act does not apply to Small Claims Court actions or domestic
- 12 relations matters or <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> or custody determinations as
- 13 defined in section 25-2740.
- 14 (3) For the purposes of the act, side means all litigants with
- 15 generally common interests in the litigation.
- 16 Sec. 4. Section 29-3922, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 17 2020, is amended to read:
- 18 29-3922 For purposes of the County Revenue Assistance Act:
- 19 (1) Chief counsel means an attorney appointed to be the primary
- 20 administrative officer of the commission pursuant to section 29-3928;
- 21 (2) Commission means the Commission on Public Advocacy;
- 22 (3) Commission staff means attorneys, investigators, and support
- 23 staff who are performing work for the capital litigation division,
- 24 appellate division, DNA testing division, and major case resource center;
- 25 (4) Contracting attorney means an attorney contracting to act as a
- public defender pursuant to sections 23-3404 to 23-3408;
- 27 (5) Court-appointed attorney means an attorney other than a
- 28 contracting attorney or a public defender appointed by the court to
- 29 represent an indigent person;
- 30 (6) Indigent defense services means legal services provided to
- 31 indigent persons by an indigent defense system in capital cases, felony

- 1 cases, misdemeanor cases, juvenile cases, mental health commitment cases,
- 2 child support enforcement cases, and <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> establishment
- 3 cases;
- 4 (7) Indigent defense system means a system of providing services,
- 5 including any services necessary for litigating a case, by a contracting
- 6 attorney, court-appointed attorney, or public defender;
- 7 (8) Indigent person means a person who is indigent and unable to
- 8 obtain legal counsel as determined pursuant to subdivision (3) of section
- 9 29-3901; and
- 10 (9) Public defender means an attorney appointed or elected pursuant
- 11 to sections 23-3401 to 23-3403.
- 12 Sec. 5. Section 33-107.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 13 2020, is amended to read:
- 14 33-107.02 (1) A mediation fee of fifty dollars and a civil legal
- 15 services fee of fifteen dollars shall be collected by the clerk of the
- 16 county court or the clerk of the district court for each paternity or
- 17 parentage determination or parental support proceeding under sections
- 18 43-1401 to 43-1418, for each complaint or action to modify a decree of
- 19 dissolution or annulment of marriage, and for each complaint or action to
- 20 modify an award of child support, child custody, parenting time,
- 21 visitation, or other access as defined in section 43-2922. Such fees
- 22 shall be remitted to the State Treasurer on forms prescribed by the State
- 23 Treasurer within ten days after the close of each month. The civil legal
- 24 services fee shall be credited to the Legal Aid and Services Fund, and
- 25 the mediation fee shall be credited to the Parenting Act Fund.
- 26 (2) Any proceeding filed by a county attorney or an authorized
- 27 attorney, in a case in which services are being provided under Title IV-D
- 28 of the federal Social Security Act, as amended, shall not be subject to
- 29 the provisions of subsection (1) of this section. In any such proceeding,
- 30 a mediation fee of fifty dollars and a civil legal services fee of
- 31 fifteen dollars shall be collected by the clerk of the county court or

- 1 the clerk of the district court for any pleading in such proceeding filed
- 2 by any party, other than a county attorney or authorized attorney,
- 3 subsequent to the paternity filing if such pleading is to modify an award
- 4 of child support or to establish or modify custody, parenting time,
- 5 visitation, or other access as defined in section 43-2922. Such fees
- 6 shall be remitted to the State Treasurer on forms prescribed by the State
- 7 Treasurer within ten days after the close of each month. The mediation
- 8 fee shall be credited to the Parenting Act Fund and the civil legal
- 9 services fee shall be credited to the Legal Aid and Services Fund.
- 10 (3) For purposes of this section, authorized attorney has the same
- 11 meaning as in section 43-1704.
- Sec. 6. Section 42-364.17, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 13 amended to read:
- 14 42-364.17 A decree of dissolution, legal separation, or order
- 15 establishing <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> shall incorporate financial arrangements
- 16 for each party's responsibility for reasonable and necessary medical,
- 17 dental, and eye care, medical reimbursements, day care, extracurricular
- 18 activity, education, and other extraordinary expenses of the child and
- 19 calculation of child support obligations.
- Sec. 7. Section 42-381, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 21 amended to read:
- 22 42-381 In any final decree or decree of modification in an action
- 23 for dissolution of marriage, declaration concerning the validity of a
- 24 marriage, legal separation, or declaration of parentage paternity,
- 25 regardless of the determination of the court relating to the custody of a
- 26 minor child, (1) each parent shall continue to have full and equal access
- 27 to the education and medical records of his or her child unless the court
- 28 orders to the contrary and (2) either parent may make emergency decisions
- 29 affecting the health or safety of his or her child while the child is in
- 30 the physical custody of such parent.
- 31 Sec. 8. Section 43-246.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 1 2020, is amended to read:
- 2 43-246.02 (1) A juvenile court may terminate its jurisdiction under
- 3 subdivision (3)(a) of section 43-247 by transferring jurisdiction over
- 4 the juvenile's custody, physical care, and visitation to the district
- 5 court through a bridge order, if all of the following criteria are met:
- 6 (a) The juvenile has been adjudicated under subdivision (3)(a) of
- 7 section 43-247 in an active juvenile court case and a dispositional order
- 8 in that case is in place;
- 9 (b) <u>Parentage</u> <u>Paternity</u> of the juvenile has been legally
- 10 established, including by operation of law due to an individual's
- 11 marriage to the mother at the time of conception, birth, or at any time
- 12 during the period between conception and birth of the child; by operation
- 13 of law pursuant to section 43-1409; by order of a court of competent
- 14 jurisdiction; or by administrative order when authorized by law;
- 15 (c) The juvenile has been safely placed by the juvenile court with a
- 16 legal parent; and
- 17 (d) The juvenile court has determined that its jurisdiction under
- 18 subdivision (3)(a) of section 43-247 should properly end once orders for
- 19 custody, physical care, and visitation are entered by the district court.
- 20 (2) When the criteria in subsection (1) of this section are met, a
- 21 legal parent or guardian ad litem to a juvenile adjudicated under
- 22 subdivision (3)(a) of section 43-247 in juvenile court may file a motion
- 23 with the juvenile court for a bridge order under subsection (3) of this
- 24 section. The parent is not required to intervene in the action. The
- 25 motion shall be set for evidentiary hearing by the juvenile court no less
- 26 than thirty days or more than ninety days from the date of the filing of
- 27 the motion. The juvenile court, on its own motion, may also set an
- 28 evidentiary hearing on the issue of a bridge order if such hearing is set
- 29 no less than thirty days from the date of notice to the parties. The
- 30 court may waive the evidentiary hearing if all issues raised in the
- 31 motion for a bridge order are resolved by agreement of all parties and

- 1 entry of a stipulated order.
- 2 (3) A motion for a bridge order shall:
- 3 (a) Allege that the juvenile court action filed under subdivision
- 4 (3)(a) of section 43-247 may safely be closed once orders for custody,
- 5 physical care, and visitation have been entered by the district court;
- 6 (b) State the relief sought by the petitioning legal parent or
- 7 guardian ad litem;
- 8 (c) Disclose any other action or proceedings affecting custody of
- 9 the juvenile, including proceedings related to domestic violence,
- 10 protection orders, terminations of parental rights, and adoptions,
- 11 including the docket number, court, county, and state of any such
- 12 proceeding;
- 13 (d) State the names and addresses of any persons other than the
- 14 legal parents who have a court order for physical custody or claim to
- 15 have custody or visitation rights with the juvenile; and
- 16 (e) Name as a respondent any other person who has any relation to
- 17 the controversy.
- 18 (4) A juvenile court shall designate the petitioner and respondent
- 19 for purposes of a bridge order. A bridge order shall only address matters
- 20 of legal and physical custody and parenting time. All other matters,
- 21 including child support, shall be resolved by filing a separate petition
- 22 or motion or by action of the child support enforcement office and shall
- 23 be subject to existing applicable statutory provisions. No mediation or
- 24 specialized alternative dispute resolution under section 42-364 shall be
- 25 required in either district court or juvenile court where the juvenile
- 26 has entered a bridge order. The Parenting Act shall not apply to the
- 27 entry of the bridge order in juvenile or district court.
- 28 (5) When necessary and feasible, the juvenile court shall obtain
- 29 child custody determinations from foreign jurisdictions pursuant to the
- 30 Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
- 31 (6) Upon transferring jurisdiction from a juvenile court to a

- 1 district court, the clerk of the district court shall docket the case
- 2 under either a new docket or any previous docket establishing custody or
- 3 parentage paternity of a child. The transfer of jurisdiction shall not
- 4 result in new filing fees and other court costs being assessed against
- 5 the parties.
- 6 (7) The district court shall give full force and effect to the
- 7 juvenile court bridge order as to custody and parenting time and shall
- 8 not modify the juvenile court bridge order without modification
- 9 proceedings as provided in subsection (9) of this section.
- 10 (8) A district court shall take judicial notice of the juvenile
- 11 court pleadings and orders in any hearing held subsequent to transfer.
- 12 Records contained in the district court case file that were copied or
- 13 transferred from the juvenile court file concerning the case shall be
- 14 subject to section 43-2,108 and other confidentiality provisions of the
- 15 Nebraska Juvenile Code, and such records shall only be disclosed, upon
- 16 request, to the child support enforcement office without a court order.
- 17 (9) Following the issuance of a bridge order, a party may file a
- 18 petition in district court for modification of the bridge order as to
- 19 legal and physical custody or parenting time. If the petition for
- 20 modification is filed within one year after the filing date of the bridge
- 21 order, the party requesting modification shall not be required to
- 22 demonstrate a substantial change of circumstance but instead shall
- 23 demonstrate that such modification is in the best interests of the child.
- 24 If a petition for modification is filed within one year after the filing
- 25 date of the bridge order, filing fees and other court costs shall not be
- 26 assessed against the parties.
- 27 (10) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require
- 28 appointment of counsel for the parties in the district court action.
- 29 (11) Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with
- 30 the jurisdictional provisions of section 25-2740.
- 31 Sec. 9. Section 43-247, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

1 amended to read:

- 2 43-247 The juvenile court in each county shall have jurisdiction of:
- 3 (1) Any juvenile who has committed an act other than a traffic
- 4 offense which would constitute a misdemeanor or an infraction under the
- 5 laws of this state, or violation of a city or village ordinance, and who,
- 6 beginning July 1, 2017, was eleven years of age or older at the time the
- 7 act was committed;
- 8 (2) Any juvenile who has committed an act which would constitute a
- 9 felony under the laws of this state and who, beginning July 1, 2017, was
- 10 eleven years of age or older at the time the act was committed;
- (3) Any juvenile (a) who is homeless or destitute, or without proper 11 support through no fault of his or her parent, guardian, or custodian; 12 who is abandoned by his or her parent, guardian, or custodian; who lacks 13 proper parental care by reason of the fault or habits of his or her 14 parent, guardian, or custodian; whose parent, guardian, or custodian 15 16 neglects or refuses to provide proper or necessary subsistence, 17 education, or other care necessary for the health, morals, or well-being of such juvenile; whose parent, guardian, or custodian is unable to 18 provide or neglects or refuses to provide special care made necessary by 19 the mental condition of the juvenile; who is in a situation or engages in 20 an occupation, including prostitution, dangerous to life or limb or 21 injurious to the health or morals of such juvenile; or who, beginning 22 23 July 1, 2017, has committed an act or engaged in behavior described in 24 subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of this section and who was under 25 eleven years of age at the time of such act or behavior, (b)(i) who, until July 1, 2017, by reason of being wayward or habitually disobedient, 26 is uncontrolled by his or her parent, guardian, or custodian; who deports 27 28 himself or herself so as to injure or endanger seriously the morals or health of himself, herself, or others; or who is habitually truant from 29 home or school or (ii) who, beginning July 1, 2017, is eleven years of 30 31 age or older and, by reason of being wayward or habitually disobedient,

- 1 is uncontrolled by his or her parent, guardian, or custodian; who deports
- 2 himself or herself so as to injure or endanger seriously the morals or
- 3 health of himself, herself, or others; or who is habitually truant from
- 4 home or school, or (c) who is mentally ill and dangerous as defined in
- 5 section 71-908;
- 6 (4) Any juvenile who has committed an act which would constitute a
- 7 traffic offense as defined in section 43-245 and who, beginning July 1,
- 8 2017, was eleven years of age or older at the time the act was committed;
- 9 (5) The parent, guardian, or custodian of any juvenile described in
- 10 this section;
- 11 (6) The proceedings for termination of parental rights;
- 12 (7) Any juvenile who has been voluntarily relinquished, pursuant to
- 13 section 43-106.01, to the Department of Health and Human Services or any
- 14 child placement agency licensed by the Department of Health and Human
- 15 Services;
- 16 (8) Any juvenile who was a ward of the juvenile court at the
- 17 inception of his or her guardianship and whose guardianship has been
- 18 disrupted or terminated;
- 19 (9) The adoption or guardianship proceedings for a child over which
- 20 the juvenile court already has jurisdiction under another provision of
- 21 the Nebraska Juvenile Code;
- 22 (10) The <u>parentage <del>paternity</del></u> or custody determination for a child
- 23 over which the juvenile court already has jurisdiction;
- 24 (11) The proceedings under the Young Adult Bridge to Independence
- 25 Act; and
- 26 (12) Except as provided in subdivision (11) of this section, any
- 27 individual adjudged to be within the provisions of this section until the
- 28 individual reaches the age of majority or the court otherwise discharges
- 29 the individual from its jurisdiction.
- 30 Notwithstanding the provisions of the Nebraska Juvenile Code, the
- 31 determination of jurisdiction over any Indian child as defined in section

- 1 43-1503 shall be subject to the Nebraska Indian Child Welfare Act; and
- 2 the district court shall have exclusive jurisdiction in proceedings
- 3 brought pursuant to section 71-510.
- 4 Sec. 10. Section 43-1401, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 5 amended to read:
- 6 43-1401 (1) For purposes of sections 43-1401 to 43-1418:
- 7 (a) Birth parent means the person who gave birth to the child;
- 8 (b) (1) Child shall mean a child under the age of eighteen years
- 9 born out of wedlock;
- 10 (c) (2) Child born out of wedlock shall mean a child whose parents
- 11 were not married to each other at the time of its birth, except that a
- 12 child shall not be considered as born out of wedlock if its parents were
- 13 married at the time of its conception but divorced at the time of its
- 14 birth. The definition of legitimacy or illegitimacy for other purposes
- 15 shall not be affected by the provisions of such sections;—and
- (d) Other parent means a person other than the birth parent who is a
- 17 legal parent of a child;
- 18 (e) Parentage means the legal relationship between a child and a
- 19 parent of the child; and
- 20 (f) (3) Support shall include reasonable education.
- 21 (2) Nothing in sections 43-1401 to 43-1418 shall be construed to
- 22 allow a child to have more than two legal parents.
- 23 Sec. 11. Section 43-1402, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 24 amended to read:
- 25 43-1402 The parent father of a child whose parentage paternity is
- 26 established either by judicial proceedings or by acknowledgment as
- 27 hereinafter provided shall be liable for the child's its support to the
- 28 same extent and in the same manner as the <u>parent</u> father of a child born
- 29 in lawful wedlock—is liable for its support. The birth parent mother of a
- 30 child shall also be liable for the child's its support. The liability of
- 31 each parent may be determined, enforced, and discharged in accordance

- 1 with the methods hereinafter provided.
- 2 Sec. 12. Section 43-1404, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 3 amended to read:
- 4 43-1404 The liability of a parent for child the father or mother of
- 5 a child for its support shall be discharged by compliance with the terms
- 6 of a judicial decree for support or the terms of a judicially approved
- 7 settlement or by the adoption of the child by some other person or
- 8 persons.
- 9 Sec. 13. Section 43-1405, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 10 amended to read:
- 11 43-1405 (1) A settlement provided for in section 43-1404 means a
- 12 voluntary agreement between the father of the child and the mother or
- 13 some person authorized to act in her behalf, or between the father and
- 14 the next friend or guardian of the child, whereby the other parent father
- 15 promises to make adequate provision for the support of the child and
- 16 which agreement is between the other parent and:
- 17 <u>(a) The birth parent;</u>
- 18 (b) A person authorized to act in behalf of the birth parent; or
- 19 (c) The next friend or guardian of the child.
- 20 (2) In the event that such a settlement is made it shall be binding
- 21 on all parties and shall bar all other remedies of the <u>birth parent</u>
- 22 mother and child and the legal representatives of the child so long as it
- 23 shall be performed by the other parent father, if said settlement is
- 24 approved by the court having jurisdiction to compel the support of the
- 25 child. The court shall approve such settlement only if it shall find and
- 26 determine that adequate provision is made for the support of the child
- 27 and that the other parent has father shall have offered clear evidence of
- 28 his willingness and ability to perform the agreement. The court, in its
- 29 discretion, may require the other parent father to furnish bond with
- 30 proper sureties conditioned upon the performance of the settlement.
- 31 Sec. 14. Section 43-1406, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

- 1 amended to read:
- 2 43-1406 (1) A determination of <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> made by any other
- 3 state or by an Indian tribe as defined in section 43-1503, whether
- 4 established through voluntary acknowledgment, genetic testing, tribal
- 5 law, or administrative or judicial processes, shall be given full faith
- 6 and credit by this state.
- 7 (2) A child whose parents marry is legitimate.
- 8 Sec. 15. Section 43-1407, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 9 amended to read:
- 10 43-1407 (1) The other parent father of a child shall also be liable
- 11 for the reasonable expenses of (a) the child that are associated with the
- 12 birth of the child and (b) the birth parent mother of such child during
- 13 the period of her pregnancy, confinement, and recovery. Such liability
- 14 shall be determined and enforced in the same manner as the liability of
- 15 the other parent father for the support of the child.
- 16 (2) In cases in which any medical expenses associated with the birth
- 17 of the child and the <u>birth parent</u> <del>mother of such child</del> during the period
- 18 of her pregnancy, confinement, and recovery are paid by the medical
- 19 assistance program, the county attorney or authorized attorney, as
- 20 defined in section 43-1704, may petition the court for a judgment for all
- 21 or a portion of the reasonable medical expenses paid by the medical
- 22 assistance program. Any medical expenses associated with the birth of
- 23 such child and with the birth parent mother of such child during the
- 24 period of her pregnancy, confinement, and recovery that are approved and
- 25 paid by the medical assistance program shall be presumed to be medically
- 26 reasonable. If the other parent father challenges any such expenses as
- 27 not medically reasonable, the other parent he has the burden of proving
- 28 that such expenses were not medically reasonable.
- 29 (3) A civil proceeding to recover medical expenses pursuant to this
- 30 section may be instituted within four years after the child's birth.
- 31 Summons shall issue and be served as in other civil proceedings, except

- 1 that such summons may be directed to the sheriff of any county in the
- 2 state and may be served in any county.
- 3 Sec. 16. Section 43-1408.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
- 4 is amended to read:
- 5 43-1408.01 (1) During the period immediately before or after the in-
- 6 hospital birth of a child whose birth parent mother was not married at
- 7 the time of either conception or birth of the child or at any time
- 8 between conception and birth of the child, the person in charge of such
- 9 hospital or his or her designated representative shall provide to the
- 10 birth parent child's mother and any alleged other parent alleged father,
- 11 if the alleged other parent father is readily identifiable and available,
- 12 the documents and written instructions for such <u>parents</u> mother and father
- 13 to complete a notarized acknowledgment of parentage paternity. Such
- 14 acknowledgment, if signed by both parties and notarized, shall be filed
- 15 with the Department of Health and Human Services at the same time at
- 16 which the certificate of live birth is filed.
- 17 Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require the person in
- 18 charge of such hospital or his or her designee to seek out or otherwise
- 19 locate an alleged other parent father who is not readily identifiable or
- 20 available.
- 21 (2) The acknowledgment shall be executed on a form prepared by the
- 22 department. Such form shall be in essentially the same form provided by
- 23 the department and used for obtaining signatures required by section
- 24 71-640.02. The acknowledgment shall include, but not be limited to, (a) a
- 25 statement by the <u>birth parent mother</u> consenting to the acknowledgment of
- 26 parentage paternity and a statement that the alleged other parent father
- 27 is  $\underline{a}$  the biological parent father of the child, (b) a statement by the
- 28 alleged other parent father that such person he is a the biological
- 29 <u>parent</u> father of the child, (c) written information regarding parental
- 30 rights and responsibilities, and (d) the social security numbers of the
- 31 parents.

- 1 (3) The form provided for in subsection (2) of this section shall
- 2 also contain instructions for completion and filing with the department
- 3 if it is not completed and filed with a birth certificate as provided in
- 4 subsection (1) of this section.
- 5 (4) The department shall accept completed acknowledgment forms and
- 6 make available to county attorneys or authorized attorneys a record of
- 7 acknowledgments it has received, as provided in subsection (1) of section
- 8 71-612. The department may prepare photographic, electronic, or other
- 9 reproductions of acknowledgments. Such reproductions, when certified and
- 10 approved by the department, shall be accepted as the original records,
- and the documents from which permanent reproductions have been made may
- 12 be disposed of as provided by rules and regulations of the department.
- (5) The department may by regulation establish a nominal payment and
- 14 procedure for payment by the department for each acknowledgment filed
- 15 with the department. The amount of such payments and the entities
- 16 receiving such payments shall be within the limits allowed by Title IV-D
- of the federal Social Security Act, as amended.
- 18 Sec. 17. Section 43-1409, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 19 amended to read:
- 20 43-1409 (1) The signing of a notarized acknowledgment, whether
- 21 under section 43-1408.01 or otherwise, by the alleged other parent father
- 22 shall create a rebuttable presumption of parentage paternity as against
- 23 the other parent alleged father. The signed, notarized acknowledgment is
- 24 subject to the right of any signatory to rescind the acknowledgment
- 25 within the earlier of (a) (1) sixty days or (b) (2) the date of an
- 26 administrative or judicial proceeding relating to the child, including a
- 27 proceeding to establish a support order in which the signatory is a
- 28 party.
- 29 <u>(2)</u> After the rescission period a signed, notarized acknowledgment
- 30 is considered a legal finding which may be challenged only on the basis
- 31 of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact with the burden of proof

- 1 upon the challenger, and the legal responsibilities, including the child
- 2 support obligation, of any signatory arising from the acknowledgment
- 3 shall not be suspended during the challenge, except for good cause shown.
- 4 (3) Such a signed and notarized acknowledgment or a certified copy
- 5 or certified reproduction thereof shall be:
- 6 (a) Admissible admissible in evidence in any proceeding to establish
- 7 support; and -
- 8 (b) Sufficient to establish parentage for purposes of section
- 9 71-640.02.
- 10 Sec. 18. Section 43-1410, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 11 amended to read:
- 12 43-1410 Any judicially approved settlement or order of support made
- 13 by a court having jurisdiction in the premises shall be binding on the
- 14 legal representatives of <u>any parent</u> the father or mother in the event of
- 15 such parent's <del>his or her</del> death, to the same extent as other contractual
- 16 obligations and judicial judgments or decrees.
- 17 Sec. 19. Section 43-1411, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 18 2020, is amended to read:
- 43-1411 (1) A civil proceeding to establish the <u>parentage</u> paternity
- 20 of a child may be instituted, in the court of the district where the
- 21 child is domiciled or found or, for cases under the Uniform Interstate
- 22 Family Support Act, where the alleged other parent father is domiciled,
- 23 by (a) the birth parent mother or the alleged other parent father of such
- 24 child, either during pregnancy or within four years after the child's
- 25 birth, unless (i) a valid consent or relinquishment has been made
- 26 pursuant to sections 43-104.08 to 43-104.25 or section 43-105 for
- 27 purposes of adoption or (ii) a county court or separate juvenile court
- 28 has jurisdiction over the custody of the child or jurisdiction over an
- 29 adoption matter with respect to such child pursuant to sections 43-101 to
- 30 43-116 or (b) the guardian or next friend of such child or the state,
- 31 either during pregnancy or within eighteen years after the child's birth.

- 1 Summons shall issue and be served as in other civil proceedings, except
- 2 that such summons may be directed to the sheriff of any county in the
- 3 state and may be served in any county.
- 4 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person claiming to 5 be <u>a</u> the biological <u>parent</u> father of a child over which the juvenile
- 6 court already has jurisdiction may file a complaint to intervene in such
- 7 juvenile proceeding to institute an action to establish the <u>parentage</u>
- 8 paternity of the child. The complaint to intervene shall be accompanied
- 9 by an affidavit under oath that the affiant believes the affiant he is
- 10 the biological <u>parent</u> father of the juvenile. No filing fee shall be
- 11 charged for filing the complaint and affidavit. Upon filing of the
- 12 complaint and affidavit, the juvenile court shall enter an order pursuant
- 13 to section 43-1414 to require genetic testing and to require the juvenile
- 14 to be made available for genetic testing. The costs of genetic testing
- 15 shall be paid by the intervenor, the county, or the state at the
- 16 discretion of the juvenile court. This subsection does not authorize
- 17 intervention by a person whose parental rights to such child have been
- 18 terminated by the order of any court of competent jurisdiction.
- 19 Sec. 20. Section 43-1411.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 20 2020, is amended to read:
- 21 43-1411.01 (1) An action for <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> or parental support
- 22 under sections 43-1401 to 43-1418 may be initiated by filing a complaint
- 23 with the clerk of the district court as provided in section 25-2740. Such
- 24 proceeding may be heard by the county court or the district court as
- 25 provided in section 25-2740. A parentage paternity determination under
- 26 sections 43-1411 to 43-1418 may also be decided in a county court or
- 27 separate juvenile court if the county court or separate juvenile court
- 28 already has jurisdiction over the child whose parentage paternity is to
- 29 be determined.
- 30 (2) Whenever termination of parental rights is placed in issue in
- 31 any case arising under sections 43-1401 to 43-1418, the Nebraska Juvenile

- 1 Code and the Parenting Act shall apply to such proceedings.
- 2 (3) The court may stay the <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> action if there is a
- 3 pending criminal allegation of sexual assault under section 28-319 or
- 4 28-320 or a law in another jurisdiction similar to either section 28-319
- 5 or 28-320 against the alleged other parent father with regard to the
- 6 conception of the child.

authenticity or accuracy.

31

- 7 Sec. 21. Section 43-1412, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 8 amended to read:
- 9 43-1412 (1) The method of trial shall be the same as that in other civil proceedings, except that the trial shall be by the court without a 10 jury unless a jury is requested (a) by the alleged other parent father, 11 in a proceeding instituted by the <u>birth parent</u> mother or the guardian or 12 next friend, or (b) by the birth parent mother, in a proceeding 13 instituted by the alleged other parent father. It being contrary to 14 public policy that such proceedings should be open to the general public, 15 no one but the parties, their counsel, and others having a legitimate 16 17 interest in the controversy shall be admitted to the courtroom during the trial of the case. The alleged other parent father and the birth parent 18 mother shall be competent to testify. The uncorroborated testimony (i) of 19 the birth parent mother, in a proceeding instituted by the birth parent 20 mother or the guardian or next friend, or (ii) of the alleged other 21 22 parent father, in a proceeding instituted by the alleged other parent father, shall not alone be sufficient to support a verdict or finding 23 24 that the alleged other parent father is actually a parent the father. 25 Refusal by the alleged other parent father to comply with an order of the court for genetic testing shall be deemed corroboration of the allegation 26 27 of parentage paternity. A signed and notarized acknowledgment of parentage paternity or a certified copy or certified reproduction thereof 28 shall be admissible in evidence in any proceeding to establish parentage 29 paternity without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of 30

- 1 If it is determined in this proceeding that the alleged other parent
- 2 father is actually <u>a parent</u> the father of the child, a judgment shall be
- 3 entered declaring the alleged other parent father to be a parent the
- 4 father of the child.
- 5 (2) A default judgment shall be entered upon a showing of service
- 6 and failure of the defendant to answer or otherwise appear.
- 7 (3) If a judgment is entered under this section declaring the
- 8 alleged other parent father to be a parent the father of the child, the
- 9 court shall retain jurisdiction of the cause and enter such order of
- 10 support, including the amount, if any, of any court costs and attorney's
- 11 fees which the court in its discretion deems appropriate to be paid by
- 12 the other parent father, as may be proper under the procedure and in the
- 13 manner specified in section 43-512.04. If it is not determined in the
- 14 proceeding that the alleged other parent father is actually a parent the
- 15 father of the child, the court shall, if it finds that the action was
- 16 frivolous, award court costs and attorney's fees incurred by the alleged
- 17 other parent father, with such costs and fees to be paid by the
- 18 plaintiff.
- 19 (4) All judgments under this section declaring the alleged other
- 20 parent father to be a parent the father of the child shall include the
- 21 <u>alleged other parent's</u> father's social security number. The social
- 22 security number of the declared <u>parent</u> father of the child shall be
- 23 furnished to the clerk of the district court in a document accompanying
- 24 the judgment.
- 25 Sec. 22. Section 43-1412.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska,
- 26 is amended to read:
- 27 43-1412.01 An individual may file a complaint for relief and the
- 28 court may set aside a final judgment, court order, administrative order,
- 29 obligation to pay child support, or any other legal determination of
- 30 <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> if a scientifically reliable genetic test performed
- 31 in accordance with sections 43-1401 to 43-1418 establishes the exclusion

- 1 of the individual named as a <u>parent</u> father in the legal determination.
- 2 The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the interest of
- 3 the child. The filing party shall pay the costs of such test. A court
- 4 that sets aside a determination of parentage paternity in accordance with
- 5 this section shall order completion of a new birth record and may order
- 6 any other appropriate relief, including setting aside an obligation to
- 7 pay child support. No support order may be retroactively modified, but
- 8 may be modified with respect to any period during which there is a
- 9 pending complaint for relief from a determination of paternity under this
- 10 section, but only from the date that notice of the complaint was served
- on the nonfiling party. A court shall not grant relief from determination
- 12 of <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> if the individual named as <u>a parent</u> <del>father</del> (1)
- 13 completed a notarized acknowledgment of <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> pursuant to
- 14 section 43-1408.01, (2) adopted the child, or (3) knew that the child was
- 15 conceived through artificial insemination.
- Sec. 23. Section 43-1414, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 17 amended to read:
- 18 43-1414 (1) In any proceeding to establish <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del>, the
- 19 court may, on its own motion, or shall, on a timely request of a party,
- 20 after notice and hearing, require the child, any parent, and any alleged
- 21 other parent the mother, and the alleged father to submit to genetic
- 22 testing to be performed on blood or any other appropriate genetic testing
- 23 material. Failure to comply with such requirement for genetic testing
- 24 shall constitute contempt and may be dealt with in the same manner as
- 25 other contempts. If genetic testing is required, the court shall direct
- 26 that inherited characteristics be determined by appropriate testing
- 27 procedures and shall appoint an expert in genetic testing and qualified
- 28 as an examiner of genetic markers to analyze and interpret the results
- 29 and to report to the court. The court shall determine the number of
- 30 experts required.
- 31 (2) In any proceeding to establish parentage paternity, the

- 1 Department of Health and Human Services, county attorneys, and authorized
- 2 attorneys have the authority to require the child, any parent, and any
- 3 <u>alleged other parent</u> the mother, and the alleged father to submit to
- 4 genetic testing to be performed on blood or any other appropriate genetic
- 5 testing material. All genetic testing shall be performed by a laboratory
- 6 accredited by the College of American Pathologists or any other national
- 7 accrediting body or public agency which has requirements that are
- 8 substantially equivalent to or more comprehensive than those of the
- 9 college.

31

- 10 (3) Except as authorized under sections 43-1414 to 43-1418, a person
- 11 shall not disclose information obtained from genetic paternity testing
- 12 that is done pursuant to such sections.
- 13 (4) If an alleged other parent father who is tested as part of an action under such sections is found to be a parent the child's father, 14 the testing laboratory shall retain the genetic testing material of the 15 16 parent, alleged other parent alleged father, mother, and child for no 17 longer than the period of years prescribed by the national standards under which the laboratory is accredited. If an alleged other parent a 18 man is found not to be a parent the child's father, the testing 19 laboratory shall destroy <u>such person's</u> the man's genetic testing material 20 in the presence of a witness after such material is used in the paternity 21 action. The witness may be an individual who is a party to the 22 destruction of the genetic testing material. After such person's the 23 24 man's genetic testing material is destroyed, the testing laboratory shall make and keep a written record of the destruction and have the individual 25 who witnessed the destruction sign the record. The testing laboratory 26 shall also expunge its records regarding the genetic paternity testing 27 performed on the genetic testing material in accordance with the national 28 standards under which the laboratory is accredited. 29 The testing laboratory shall retain the genetic testing material of the parent mother 30

and child for no longer than the period of years prescribed by the

- 1 national standards under which the laboratory is accredited. After a
- 2 testing laboratory destroys an individual's genetic testing material as
- 3 provided in this subsection, it shall notify the adult individual, or the
- 4 parent or legal guardian of a minor individual, by certified mail that
- 5 the genetic testing material was destroyed.
- 6 (5) A testing laboratory is required to protect the confidentiality
- 7 of genetic testing material, except as required for a <u>parentage</u> paternity
- 8 determination. The court and its officers shall not use or disclose
- 9 genetic testing material for a purpose other than the <u>parentage</u> paternity
- 10 determination.
- 11 (6) A person shall not buy, sell, transfer, or offer genetic testing
- 12 material obtained under sections 43-1414 to 43-1418.
- 13 (7) A testing laboratory shall annually have an independent audit
- 14 verifying the contracting laboratory's compliance with this section. The
- 15 audit shall not disclose the names of, or otherwise identify, the test
- 16 subjects required to submit to testing during the previous year. The
- 17 testing laboratory shall forward the audit to the department.
- 18 (8) Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty
- 19 of a Class IV misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class III
- 20 misdemeanor for the second or subsequent offense.
- 21 (9) For purposes of sections 43-1414 to 43-1418, an expert in
- 22 genetic testing means a person who has formal doctoral training or
- 23 postdoctoral training in human genetics.
- 24 Sec. 24. Section 43-1415, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 25 amended to read:
- 26 43-1415 (1) The results of the tests, including the statistical
- 27 probability of <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del>, shall be admissible evidence and,
- 28 except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, shall be weighed
- 29 along with other evidence of parentage paternity.
- 30 (2) When the results of tests, whether or not such tests were
- 31 ordered pursuant to section 43-1414, show a probability of parentage

- 1 paternity of ninety-nine percent or more, there shall exist a rebuttable
- 2 presumption of <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del>.
- 3 (3) Such evidence may be introduced by verified written report
- 4 without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of authenticity
- 5 or accuracy unless there is a timely written request for personal
- 6 testimony of the expert at least thirty days prior to trial.
- 7 Sec. 25. Section 43-1611, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 8 2020, is amended to read:
- 9 43-1611 A district court, separate juvenile court, or county court
- 10 may by rule or order refer or assign any and all matters regarding the
- 11 establishment, modification, enforcement, and collection of child,
- 12 spousal, or medical support, <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> matters, and protection
- 13 orders issued under section 42-924 to a child support referee for
- 14 findings and recommendations.
- 15 Sec. 26. Section 43-1802, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 16 amended to read:
- 17 43-1802 (1) A grandparent may seek visitation with his or her minor
- 18 grandchild if:
- 19 (a) The child's parent or parents are deceased;
- 20 (b) The marriage of the child's parents has been dissolved or
- 21 petition for the dissolution of such marriage has been filed, is still
- 22 pending, but no decree has been entered; or
- 23 (c) The parents of the minor child have never been married but
- 24 <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> has been legally established.
- 25 (2) In determining whether a grandparent shall be granted
- 26 visitation, the court shall require evidence concerning the beneficial
- 27 nature of the relationship of the grandparent to the child. The evidence
- 28 may be presented by affidavit and shall demonstrate that a significant
- 29 beneficial relationship exists, or has existed in the past, between the
- 30 grandparent and the child and that it would be in the best interests of
- 31 the child to allow such relationship to continue. Reasonable rights of

- 1 visitation may be granted when the court determines by clear and
- 2 convincing evidence that there is, or has been, a significant beneficial
- 3 relationship between the grandparent and the child, that it is in the
- 4 best interests of the child that such relationship continue, and that
- 5 such visitation will not adversely interfere with the parent-child
- 6 relationship.
- 7 (3) The court may modify an order granting or denying such
- 8 visitation upon a showing that there has been a material change in
- 9 circumstances which justifies such modification and that the modification
- 10 would serve the best interests of the child.
- 11 Sec. 27. Section 43-2924, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 12 2020, is amended to read:
- 13 43-2924 (1) The Parenting Act shall apply to proceedings or
- 14 modifications filed on or after January 1, 2008, in which parenting
- 15 functions for a child are at issue (a) under Chapter 42, including, but
- 16 not limited to, proceedings or modification of orders for dissolution of
- 17 marriage and child custody and (b) under sections 43-1401 to 43-1418. The
- 18 Parenting Act may apply to proceedings or modifications in which
- 19 parenting functions for a child are at issue under Chapter 30 or 43. The
- 20 Parenting Act shall also apply to subsequent modifications of bridge
- 21 orders entered under section 43-246.02 by a separate juvenile court or
- 22 county court sitting as a juvenile court and docketed in a district
- 23 court.
- 24 (2) The Parenting Act does not apply in any action filed by a county
- 25 attorney or authorized attorney pursuant to his or her duties under
- 26 section 42-358, 43-512 to 43-512.18, or 43-1401 to 43-1418, the Income
- 27 Withholding for Child Support Act, the Revised Uniform Reciprocal
- 28 Enforcement of Support Act before January 1, 1994, or the Uniform
- 29 Interstate Family Support Act for purposes of the establishment of
- 30 parentage paternity and the establishment and enforcement of child and
- 31 medical support or a bridge order entered under section 43-246.02 by a

- 1 separate juvenile court or county court sitting as a juvenile court and
- 2 docketed in a district court. A county attorney or authorized attorney
- 3 shall not participate in the development of or court review of a
- 4 parenting plan under the Parenting Act. If both parents are parties to a
- 5 <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> or support action filed by a county attorney or
- 6 authorized attorney, the parents may proceed with a parenting plan.
- 7 Sec. 28. Section 43-2935, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 8 amended to read:
- 9 43-2935 (1) After a hearing on the record, the court shall determine
- 10 whether the submitted parenting plan meets all of the requirements of the
- 11 Parenting Act and is in the best interests of the child. If the parenting
- 12 plan lacks any of the elements required by the act or is not in the
- 13 child's best interests, the court shall modify and approve the parenting
- 14 plan as modified, reject the parenting plan and order the parties to
- 15 develop a new parenting plan, or reject the parenting plan and create a
- 16 parenting plan that meets all the required elements and is in the best
- 17 interests of the child. The court may include in the parenting plan:
- 18 (a) A provision for resolution of disputes that arise under the
- 19 parenting plan, including provisions for suspension of parenting time,
- 20 visitation, and other access when new findings of child abuse or neglect,
- 21 domestic intimate partner abuse, criminal activity affecting the best
- 22 interests of a child, or the violation of a protection order, restraining
- 23 order, or criminal no-contact order occur, until a modified custody order
- 24 or parenting plan with provisions for safety or a transition plan, or
- 25 both, is in place; and
- 26 (b) Consequences for failure to follow parenting plan provisions.
- 27 (2) A hearing is not required under this section:
- 28 (a) In a divorce action, if both parties have waived in writing the
- 29 requirement for a hearing under section 42-361;
- 30 (b) In an action for a legal separation, if both parties have waived
- 31 in writing the requirement for a hearing under section 42-361.01; or

- 1 (c) In any other action creating or modifying a parenting plan
- 2 including an action to establish <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del>, if (i) all parties
- 3 have waived in writing the requirement of the hearing, (ii) the court has
- 4 sufficient basis to make a finding that it has subject matter
- 5 jurisdiction over the action and personal jurisdiction over all parties,
- 6 (iii) all documents required by the court and by law have been filed, and
- 7 (iv) the parties have entered into a written agreement, signed by the
- 8 parties under oath, resolving all issues presented by the pleadings.
- 9 Sec. 29. Section 43-3318, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 10 amended to read:
- 11 43-3318 (1) The Department of Health and Human Services, county
- 12 attorney, authorized attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction may
- 13 certify in writing to the Department of Motor Vehicles, relevant
- 14 licensing authorities, and, if the license holder is a member of the
- 15 Nebraska State Bar Association, the Counsel for Discipline of the
- 16 Nebraska Supreme Court, that a license holder is a license holder
- 17 described in subsection (1) of section 43-3314 if:
- 18 (a) The license holder does not timely request either administrative
- 19 review or judicial review upon issuance of a notice under subsection (2)
- 20 of section 43-3314, is still a license holder described in subsection (1)
- of section 43-3314 thirty-one days after issuance of the notice, and does
- 22 not obtain a written confirmation of compliance from the Department of
- 23 Health and Human Services, county attorney, or authorized attorney
- 24 pursuant to section 43-3320 within thirty-one days after issuance of the
- 25 notice;
- 26 (b) The Department of Health and Human Services issues a decision
- 27 after a hearing that finds the license holder is a license holder
- 28 described in subsection (1) of section 43-3314, the license holder is
- 29 still a license holder described in such subsection thirty-one days after
- 30 issuance of that decision, and the license holder does not seek judicial
- 31 review of the decision within the ten-day appeal period provided in

- 1 section 43-3317; or
- 2 (c) The court of competent jurisdiction enters a judgment on a
- 3 petition for judicial review, initiated under either section 43-3315 or
- 4 43-3317, that finds the license holder is a license holder described in
- 5 subsection (1) of section 43-3314.
- 6 (2) The court of competent jurisdiction, after providing appropriate
- 7 notice, may certify a license holder to the Department of Motor Vehicles
- 8 and relevant licensing authorities if a license holder has failed to
- 9 comply with subpoenas or warrants relating to <u>parentage</u> paternity or
- 10 child support proceedings.
- 11 (3) If the Department of Health and Human Services, county attorney,
- 12 authorized attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction determines to
- 13 certify a license holder to the appropriate licensing authority, then the
- 14 department, county attorney, authorized attorney, or court of competent
- 15 jurisdiction shall certify a license holder in the following order and in
- 16 compliance with the following restrictions:
- 17 (a) To the Department of Motor Vehicles to suspend the license
- 18 holder's operator's license, except the Department of Motor Vehicles
- 19 shall not suspend the license holder's commercial driver's license or
- 20 restricted commercial driver's license. If a license holder possesses a
- 21 commercial driver's license or restricted commercial driver's license,
- 22 the Department of Health and Human Services, county attorney, authorized
- 23 attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction shall certify such license
- 24 holder pursuant to subdivision (b) of this subsection. If the license
- 25 holder fails to come into compliance with the support order as provided
- 26 in section 43-3314 or with subpoenas and warrants relating to parentage
- 27 paternity or child support proceedings within ten working days after the
- 28 date on which the license holder's operator's license suspension becomes
- 29 effective, then the department, county attorney, authorized attorney, or
- 30 court of competent jurisdiction may certify the license holder pursuant
- 31 to subdivision (b) of this subsection without further notice;

- 1 (b) To the relevant licensing authority to suspend the license 2 holder's recreational license once the Game and Parks Commission has operative the electronic or other automated retrieval system necessary to 3 suspend recreational licenses. If the license holder does not have a 4 5 recreational license and until the Game and Parks Commission has operative the electronic or other automated retrieval system necessary to 6 7 suspend recreational licenses, the department, county attorney, authorized attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction may certify the 8 9 license holder pursuant to subdivision (c) of this subsection. If the license holder fails to come into compliance with the support order as 10 provided in section 43-3314 or with subpoenas and warrants relating to 11 parentage paternity or child support proceedings within ten working days 12 13 after the date on which the license holder's recreational license suspension becomes effective, the department, county attorney, authorized 14 attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction may certify the license 15 16 holder pursuant to subdivision (c) of this subsection without further 17 notice; and
- (c) To the relevant licensing authority to suspend the license holder's professional license, occupational license, commercial driver's license, or restricted commercial driver's license.
- (4) If the Department of Health and Human Services, county attorney, 21 authorized attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction certifies the 22 23 license holder to the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Department of 24 Motor Vehicles shall suspend the operator's license of the license holder 25 ten working days after the date of certification. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall without undue delay notify the license holder by certified 26 mail that the license holder's operator's license will be suspended and 27 28 the date the suspension becomes effective. No person shall be issued an operator's license by the State of Nebraska if at the time of application 29 for a license the person's operator's license is suspended under this 30 section. Any person whose operator's license has been suspended shall 31

1 return his or her license to the Department of Motor Vehicles within five 2 working days after receiving the notice of the suspension. If any person fails to return the license, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall 3 4 direct any peace officer to secure possession of the operator's license and to return it to the Department of Motor Vehicles. The peace officer 5 who is directed to secure possession of the license shall make every 6 7 reasonable effort to secure the license and return it to the Department of Motor Vehicles or shall show good cause why the license cannot be 8 9 returned. An appeal of the suspension of an operator's license under this 10 section shall be pursuant to section 60-4,105. A license holder whose operator's license has been suspended under this section may apply for an 11 employment driving permit as provided by sections 60-4,129 and 60-4,130, 12 13 except that the license holder is not required to fulfill the driver 14 improvement or driver education and training course requirements of subsection (2) of section 60-4,130. 15

- 16 (5) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section as it 17 pertains to a license holder who is a member of the Nebraska State Bar Association, if the Department of Health and Human Services, county 18 19 attorney, authorized attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction certifies the license holder to a relevant licensing authority, the 20 relevant licensing authority, notwithstanding any other provision of law, 21 shall suspend the license holder's professional, occupational, 22 23 recreational license and the license holder's right to renew the 24 professional, occupational, or recreational license ten working days after the date of certification. The relevant licensing authority shall 25 without undue delay notify the license holder by certified mail that the 26 license holder's professional, occupational, or recreational license will 27 be suspended and the date the suspension becomes effective. 28
- (6) If the department, county attorney, authorized attorney, or court of competent jurisdiction certifies a license holder who is a member of the Nebraska State Bar Association to the Counsel for

- 1 Discipline of the Nebraska Supreme Court, the Nebraska Supreme Court may
- 2 suspend the license holder's license to practice law. It is the intent of
- 3 the Legislature to encourage all license holders to comply with their
- 4 child support obligations. Therefor, the Legislature hereby requests that
- 5 the Nebraska Supreme Court adopt amendments to the rules regulating
- 6 attorneys, if necessary, which provide for the discipline of an attorney
- 7 who is delinquent in the payment of or fails to pay his or her child
- 8 support obligation.
- 9 (7) The Department of Health and Human Services, or court of
- 10 competent jurisdiction when appropriate, shall send by certified mail to
- 11 the license holder at the license holder's last-known address a copy of
- 12 any certification filed with the Department of Motor Vehicles or a
- 13 relevant licensing authority and a notice which states that the license
- 14 holder's operator's license will be suspended ten working days after the
- 15 date of certification and that the suspension of a professional,
- 16 occupational, or recreational license pursuant to subsection (5) of this
- 17 section becomes effective ten working days after the date of
- 18 certification.
- 19 Sec. 30. Section 43-3320, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 20 amended to read:
- 21 43-3320 (1) When a license holder comes into compliance with the
- 22 support order as provided in section 43-3314, the department, county
- 23 attorney, or authorized attorney shall provide the license holder with
- 24 written confirmation that the license holder is in compliance.
- 25 (2) When a license holder comes into compliance with subpoenas and
- 26 warrants relating to parentage paternity or child support proceedings,
- 27 the court of competent jurisdiction shall provide the license holder with
- 28 written confirmation that the license holder is in compliance.
- 29 Sec. 31. Section 43-3340, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 30 amended to read:
- 31 43-3340 (1) To aid child support enforcement pursuant to federal

- 1 law, 42 U.S.C. 666(a), the social security numbers of the following
- 2 individuals shall be recorded on the application, in the court records,
- 3 or on the death certificate, as appropriate:
- 4 (a) Any applicant for a professional license, commercial driver's
- 5 license, occupational license, or marriage license;
- 6 (b) Any individual who is subject to a divorce decree, support
- 7 order, or <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> determination or acknowledgment; and
- 8 (c) Any individual who has died.
- 9 (2) The Department of Health and Human Services shall adopt and
- 10 promulgate rules and regulations which provide a procedure for the
- 11 collection of the social security numbers recorded pursuant to this
- 12 section and for the use of such numbers in the child support enforcement
- 13 as provided in 42 U.S.C. 666(a).
- 14 Sec. 32. Section 71-601.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 15 amended to read:
- 16 71-601.01 (1) For purposes of the Vital Statistics Act:
- 17 (a) (1) Abstract of marriage means a certified document that
- 18 summarizes the facts of marriage, including, but not limited to, the name
- 19 of the bride and groom, the date of the marriage, the place of the
- 20 marriage, and the name of the office filing the original marriage
- 21 license. An abstract of marriage does not include signatures;
- 22 (b) (2) Certificate means the record of a vital event. Certificate
- 23 does not include a commemorative certificate;
- 24 (c) (3) Certification means the process of recording, filing,
- 25 amending, or preserving a certificate, which process may be by any means,
- 26 including, but not limited to, microfilm, electronic, imaging,
- 27 photographic, typewritten, or other means designated by the department;
- 28 (d) (4) Commemorative certificate means a document commemorating a
- 29 nonviable birth;
- 30  $\underline{\text{(e)}}$  Department means the Department of Health and Human
- 31 Services; and

- 1 (f) (6) Nonviable birth means an unintentional, spontaneous fetal
- 2 demise occurring prior to the twentieth week of gestation during a
- 3 pregnancy that has been verified by a health care practitioner; -
- 4 (g) Other parent means the person other than the birth parent who is
- 5 a legal parent of a child; and
- 6 (h) Parentage means the legal relationship between a child and a
- 7 parent of the child.
- 8 (2) Nothing in the Vital Statistics Act shall be construed to allow
- 9 <u>a child to have more than two legal parents.</u>
- 10 Sec. 33. Section 71-604, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 11 amended to read:
- 12 71-604 (1) A certificate for each live birth which occurs in the
- 13 State of Nebraska shall be filed on a standard Nebraska certificate form.
- 14 Such certificate shall be filed with the department within five business
- 15 days after the birth.
- 16 (2) When a birth occurs in an institution or en route thereto, the
- 17 person in charge of the institution or his or her authorized designee
- 18 shall obtain the personal data, prepare the certificate which shall
- 19 include the name, title, and address of the attendant, certify that the
- 20 child was born alive at the place and time and on the date stated either
- 21 by standard procedure or by an approved electronic process, and file the
- 22 certificate. The physician, physician assistant, or other person in
- 23 attendance shall provide the medical information required for the
- 24 certificate within seventy-two hours after the birth.
- 25 (3) When a birth occurs outside an institution, the certificate of
- 26 birth shall be prepared and filed by one of the following:
- 27 (a) The physician or physician assistant in attendance at or
- 28 immediately after the birth;
- 29 (b) A parent The father, the mother, or, in the absence or of the
- 30 father and the inability of a parent the mother, the person in charge of
- 31 the premises where the birth occurred; or

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1 (c) Any other person in attendance at or immediately after the

- 2 birth.
- 3 Sec. 34. Section 71-604.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 4 2020, is amended to read:
- 5 71-604.02 (1) For purposes of this section:
- 6 (a) Biological <u>parent</u> <u>mother</u> means a person who is related to a
- 7 child as the source of the egg that resulted in the conception of the
- 8 child; and
- 9 (b) Birth parent mother means the person who gave birth to the
- 10 child; and -
- (c) Other parent means a parent other than the biological parent or
- 12 birth parent.
- 13 (2) During the period immediately before or after the in-hospital
- 14 birth of a child whose biological parent mother is not the same as the
- 15 birth <u>parent</u> mother, the person in charge of such hospital or such
- 16 person's designated representative shall provide to the child's
- 17 biological <u>parent</u> <del>mother</del> and birth <u>parent</u> <del>mother</del> the documents and
- 18 written instructions for such biological parent mother and birth parent
- 19 mother to complete a notarized acknowledgment of parentage maternity.
- 20 Such acknowledgment, if signed by both parties and notarized, shall be
- 21 filed with the department at the same time at which the certificate of
- 22 live birth is filed.
- 23 (3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require the person in
- 24 charge of such hospital or such person's designee to seek out or
- 25 otherwise locate an alleged parent mother who is not readily identifiable
- 26 or available.
- 27 (4) The acknowledgment shall be executed on a form prepared by the
- 28 department. Such form shall be in essentially the same form provided by
- 29 the department. The acknowledgment shall include, but not be limited to,
- 30 (a) a statement by the birth <u>parent</u> <del>mother</del> consenting to the
- 31 acknowledgment of parentage maternity and a statement that the biological

- 1 parent mother is the legal parent mother of the child, (b) a statement by
- 2 the biological <u>parent</u> mother that she is the biological <u>parent</u> mother of
- 3 the child, (c) written information regarding parental rights and
- 4 responsibilities, and (d) the social security numbers of the biological
- 5 <u>parent and birth parent</u> mothers.
- 6 (5) The form provided for in subsection (4) of this section shall
- 7 also contain instructions for completion and filing with the department
- 8 if it is not completed and filed with a birth certificate as provided in
- 9 subsection (2) of this section.
- 10 (6) The department shall accept completed acknowledgment forms. The
- 11 department may prepare photographic, electronic, or other reproductions
- 12 of acknowledgments. Such reproductions, when certified and approved by
- 13 the department, shall be accepted as the original records, and the
- 14 documents from which permanent reproductions have been made may be
- 15 disposed of as provided by rules and regulations of the department.
- 16 (7) The department shall enter on the birth certificate of any child
- 17 described in subsection (2) of this section the name of the biological
- 18 <u>parent</u> mother of the child upon receipt of an acknowledgment of <u>parentage</u>
- 19 maternity as provided in this section signed by the biological parent
- 20 mother of the child and the birth parent mother of the child. The name of
- 21 the birth parent mother shall not be entered on the birth certificate. If
- 22 the birth <u>parent</u> mother is married, the name of the birth <u>parent's</u>
- 23 mother's spouse shall not be entered on the birth certificate unless
- 24 parentage paternity for such spouse is otherwise established by law.
- 25 (8)(a) The signing of a notarized acknowledgment of parentage
- 26 maternity, whether under this section or otherwise, by the biological
- 27 <u>parent</u> <u>mother</u> shall create a rebuttable presumption of <u>parentage</u>
- 28 maternity as against the biological parent mother. The signed, notarized
- 29 acknowledgment is subject to the right of any signatory to rescind the
- 30 acknowledgment at any time prior to the earlier of:
- 31 (i) Sixty days after the acknowledgment; or

- 1  $\hspace{0.1in}$  (ii) The date of an administrative or judicial proceeding relating
- 2 to the child, including a proceeding to establish a support order in
- 3 which the signatory is a party.
- 4 (b) After the rescission period provided for in subdivision (8)(a)
- 5 of this section, a signed, notarized acknowledgment is considered a legal
- 6 finding which may be challenged only on the basis of fraud, duress, or
- 7 material mistake of fact with the burden of proof upon the challenger,
- 8 and the legal responsibilities, including the child support obligation,
- 9 of any signatory arising from the acknowledgment shall not be suspended
- 10 during the challenge, except for good cause shown. Such a signed and
- 11 notarized acknowledgment or a certified copy or certified reproduction
- 12 thereof shall be admissible in evidence in any proceeding to establish
- 13 support.
- 14 (9)(a) If the biological <u>parent</u> mother was married at the time of
- 15 either conception or birth or at any time between conception and birth of
- 16 a child described in subsection (2) of this section, the name of the
- 17 biological parent's mother's spouse shall be entered on the certificate
- 18 as the other parent of the child unless:
- (i) Parentage Paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of
- 20 competent jurisdiction;
- 21 (ii) The biological <u>parent</u> <del>mother</del> and the biological <u>parent's</u>
- 22 mother's spouse execute affidavits attesting that the biological parent's
- 23 mother's spouse is not a the biological parent of the child, in which
- 24 case information about the other parent shall be omitted from the
- 25 certificate; or
- 26 (iii) The biological <u>parent</u> mother executes an affidavit attesting
- 27 that <u>the biological parent's</u> her spouse is not <u>a parent</u> the biological
- 28 father and naming a third person as the other parent biological father;
- 29 the third person biological father executes an affidavit attesting that
- 30 <u>such person</u> he is <u>a parent</u> the biological father; and the biological
- 31 parent's mother's spouse executes an affidavit attesting that such spouse

- 1 is not a the biological parent of the child. In such case the third
- 2 <u>person</u> <del>biological father</del> shall be shown as the other parent on the
- 3 certificate.
- 4 (b) For affidavits executed under subdivision (8)(a)(ii) or (iii) of
- 5 this section, each signature shall be individually notarized.
- 6 (10) If the biological <u>parent</u> <del>mother</del> was not married at the time of
- 7 either conception or birth or at any time between conception and birth,
- 8 the name of the other parent biological father shall not be entered on
- 9 the certificate as a the other parent without the written consent of the
- 10 biological parent mother and the person named as the other parent
- 11 biological father.
- 12 (11) In any case in which parentage <del>paternity</del> of a child is
- 13 determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, the name of the
- 14 adjudicated parent father shall be entered on the certificate as  $\underline{a}$  the
- 15 other parent in accordance with the finding of the court.
- 16 (12) If the other parent is not named on the certificate, no other
- 17 information about the other parent shall be entered thereon.
- 18 (13) The identification of <u>a person as the other parent</u> the father
- 19 as provided in this section shall not be deemed to affect the legitimacy
- 20 of the child or the duty to support as set forth in sections 42-377 and
- 21 43-1401 to 43-1418.
- 22 (14) The department may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations
- 23 as necessary and proper to assist it in the implementation and
- 24 administration of this section and to establish a nominal payment and
- 25 procedure for payment for each acknowledgment filed with the department.
- Sec. 35. Section 71-604.05, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 27 amended to read:
- 28 71-604.05 (1) The department shall not file (a) a certificate of
- 29 live birth, (b) a certificate of delayed birth registration for a
- 30 registrant who is under twenty-five years of age when an application for
- 31 such certificate is filed, (c) a certificate of live birth filed after

- 1 adoption of a Nebraska-born person who is under twenty-five years of age
- 2 or a person born outside of the jurisdiction of the United States, or (d)
- 3 a certificate of live birth issued pursuant to section 71-628 unless the
- 4 social security number or numbers issued to the parents are furnished by
- 5 the person seeking to register the birth. No such certificate may be
- 6 amended to show paternity unless the social security number or numbers
- 7 issued to the parent or parents are of the father is furnished by the
- 8 person requesting the amendment. The social security number shall not be
- 9 required if no social security number has been issued to the parent or if
- 10 the social security number is unknown.
- 11 (2) Social security numbers (a) shall be recorded on the birth
- 12 certificate but shall not be considered part of the birth certificate and
- 13 (b) shall only be used for the purpose of enforcement of child support
- 14 orders in Nebraska as permitted by Title IV-D of the federal Social
- 15 Security Act, as amended, or as permitted by section 7(a) of the federal
- 16 Privacy Act of 1974, as amended.
- 17 (3) The department may release data to the Social Security
- 18 Administration which is necessary to obtain a social security number and
- 19 which is contained on the birth certificate of any individual who has
- 20 applied for or is receiving medicaid or Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
- 21 Program benefits. The department shall make such data available only for
- 22 the purpose of obtaining a social security number for the individual.
- 23 (4) The department shall provide to the Social Security
- 24 Administration each parent's name and social security number collected in
- 25 the birth certification process as required by the federal Taxpayer
- 26 Relief Act of 1997.
- 27 Sec. 36. Section 71-617.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 28 amended to read:
- 29 71-617.04 In order to request the issuance of a certificate of
- 30 delayed birth registration, the applicant shall be at least eighteen
- 31 years of age. If the applicant is not yet eighteen years of age,

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1 application may be made only by the applicant's parent father, mother,

- 2 guardian, or attendant at birth.
- 3 Sec. 37. Section 71-628, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 4 amended to read:
- 5 71-628 In case of the legitimation of any child born in Nebraska by
- 6 the subsequent marriage of such child's parents as provided in section
- 7 43-1406, the department, upon the receipt of a certified copy of the
- 8 marriage certificate or abstract of marriage of the parents and a
- 9 statement of the parents acknowledging parentage paternity, shall prepare
- 10 a new certificate of birth in the new name of the child so legitimated,
- in substantially the same form as that used for other live births. The
- 12 department shall charge and collect the same fee as prescribed in
- 13 subsection (1) of section 71-612. All such fees shall be remitted to the
- 14 State Treasurer for credit to the Health and Human Services Cash Fund.
- 15 The department shall charge and collect an additional fee of one dollar
- 16 for each new certificate of birth filed. All amounts collected from such
- 17 additional fee shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the
- 18 Nebraska Child Abuse Prevention Fund.
- 19 Sec. 38. Section 71-630, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 20 amended to read:
- 21 71-630 (1) A birth or death certificate filed with the department
- 22 may be amended only in accordance with this section and sections 71-635
- 23 to 71-644 and rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto by the
- 24 department as necessary and proper to protect the integrity and accuracy
- 25 of records of vital statistics.
- 26 (2) A certificate that is amended under this section shall have a
- 27 properly dated reference placed on the face of the certificate and state
- 28 that it is amended, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- 29 (3) Upon receipt of a certified copy of a court order changing the
- 30 name of a person born in this state and upon request of such person or
- 31 his or her parent, guardian, or legal representative, the department

- 1 shall amend the certificate of birth to reflect the change in name.
- 2 (4) Upon request and receipt of a sworn acknowledgment of <u>parentage</u>
- 3 paternity of a child born out of wedlock signed by both parents, the
- 4 department shall amend the certificate of birth to show such parentage
- 5 paternity if paternity is not shown on the birth certificate. Such
- 6 certificate shall not be marked amended.
- 7 Sec. 39. Section 71-640, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 8 amended to read:
- 9 71-640 (1) Until the registrant's first birthday, given names may be
- 10 changed upon written request of (a) both parents, (b) one parent the
- 11 mother in the case of a child with only one legal parent born out of
- 12 wedlock or the death or incapacity of the father, (c) one parent the
- 13 father in the case of the death or incapacity of the other parent mother,
- 14 or (d) the guardian or agency having legal custody of the registrant in
- 15 the case of the death or incapacity of <u>all legal</u> <del>both</del> parents.
- 16 (2) At any time after the registrant's first birthday and until the
- 17 seventh birthday, given names may be changed upon written request as
- 18 specified in subsection (1) of this section and submission of one or more
- 19 items of documentary evidence to support the change.
- 20 (3) These procedures may be employed to change a given name only
- 21 once. Thereafter, and at any time after the seventh birthday, given names
- 22 may be changed only upon submission of a court order.
- 23 Sec. 40. Section 71-640.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 24 amended to read:
- 25 71-640.01 (1) The information pertaining to the identification of a
- 26 person as the other parent the father at the time of birth of an infant
- 27 born in this state and reported on a birth certificate, filled out and
- 28 filed pursuant to the Vital Statistics Act, shall comply with the
- 29 following:
- 30 (a) (1) If the <u>birth parent</u> mother was married at the time of either
- 31 conception or birth or at any time between conception and birth, the name

- 1 of the birth parent's spouse the husband shall be entered on the
- 2 certificate as the other parent father of the child unless (a) parentage
- 3 paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent
- 4 jurisdiction, (b) the birth parent mother and spouse the mother's husband
- 5 execute affidavits attesting that the spouse <del>husband</del> is not a parent <del>the</del>
- 6 father of the child, in which case information about the spouse father
- 7 shall be omitted from the certificate, or (c) the birth parent mother
- 8 executes an affidavit attesting that the spouse <del>husband</del> is not a parent
- 9 the father and that a third person is the other parent, such person the
- 10 putative father is the father, the putative father executes an affidavit
- 11 attesting that <u>such person is the other parent</u> he is the father, and the
- 12 spouse <del>husband</del> executes an affidavit attesting that the spouse is not a
- 13 parent he is not the father. In such event, such third person the
- 14 putative father shall be shown as the other parent the father on the
- 15 certificate. For affidavits executed under subdivision (b) or (c) of this
- 16 subdivision, each signature shall be individually notarized;
- 17 (b)  $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$  If the birth parent mother was not married at the time of
- 18 either conception or birth or at any time between conception and birth,
- 19 the name of the other parent father shall not be entered on the
- 20 certificate without the written consent of the birth parent mother and
- 21 the person named as the other parent father;
- 22 (c) (3) In any case in which parentage paternity of a child is
- 23 determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, the name of the other
- 24 parent father shall be entered on the certificate in accordance with the
- 25 finding of the court; and
- 26  $\underline{\text{(d)}}$  If the <u>other parent</u> father is not named on the certificate,
- 27 no other information about the <u>other parent</u> father shall be entered
- 28 thereon.
- 29 <u>(2)</u> The identification of the <u>other parent</u> father as provided in
- 30 this section shall not be deemed to affect the legitimacy of the child or
- 31 duty to support as set forth in sections 42-377 and 43-1401.

- 1 (3) For purposes of this section, birth parent has the same meaning
- 2 <u>as in section 71-604.02.</u>
- 3 Sec. 41. Section 71-640.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 4 amended to read:
- 5 71-640.02 The department shall enter on the birth certificate of any
- 6 child born out of wedlock the name of the other parent father of the
- 7 child upon receipt of (1) a certified copy of a court order showing that
- 8 parentage paternity has been established or a statement in writing by  $\underline{a}$
- 9 person that such person is the other parent the father that he is the
- 10 father of the child and (2) the written request of (a) the parent having
- 11 legal custody of the child or (b) the guardian or agency having legal
- 12 custody of the child. The surname of the child shall be determined in
- 13 accordance with section 71-640.03.
- 14 Sec. 42. Section 71-640.03, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 15 amended to read:
- 16 71-640.03 (1) In any case in which parentage paternity of a child is
- 17 determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, the surname of the child
- 18 may be entered on the record the same as the surname of either parent the
- 19 <del>father</del>.
- 20 (2) The surname of the child shall be the parents' prerogative,
- 21 except that the department shall not accept a birth certificate with a
- 22 child's surname that implies any obscene or objectionable words or
- 23 abbreviations.
- 24 Sec. 43. Section 71-640.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 25 amended to read:
- 26 71-640.04 The name of the <u>other parent</u> father as shown on the birth
- 27 certificate may be changed and a new certificate issued only when a
- 28 determination of <u>parentage</u> <del>paternity</del> is made by a court of competent
- 29 jurisdiction. The evidence from which the new certificate is prepared and
- 30 the original certificate of birth shall be available for inspection only
- 31 upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

- 1 Sec. 44. Section 71-641, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 2 amended to read:
- 3 71-641 (1) Until the registrant's seventh birthday, the given name,
- 4 for a child whose birth was recorded without a given name, may be added
- 5 based upon an affidavit signed by (a) both parents, (b) one parent the
- 6 mother in the case of a child with only one legal parent born out of
- 7 wedlock or the death or incapacity of the father, (c) one parent the
- 8 father in the case of the death or incapacity of the other parent mother,
- 9 or (d) the guardian or agency having legal custody of the registrant in
- 10 the case of the death or incapacity of <u>all legal</u> <del>both</del> parents. A
- 11 certificate amended in this manner prior to the first birthday shall not
- 12 be marked amended.
- 13 (2) After the seventh birthday, one or more items of documentary
- 14 evidence must be submitted to substantiate the name being added.
- 15 (3) For a legal change of name, a certified copy of the court order
- 16 changing the name must be presented to the department along with data to
- 17 identify the birth certificate and a request that it be amended to show
- 18 the new name.
- 19 Sec. 45. Original sections 42-364.17, 42-381, 43-247, 43-1401,
- 20 43-1402, 43-1404, 43-1405, 43-1406, 43-1407, 43-1408.01, 43-1409,
- 21 43-1410, 43-1412, 43-1412.01, 43-1414, 43-1415, 43-1802, 43-2935,
- 22 43-3318, 43-3320, 43-3340, 71-601.01, 71-604, 71-604.05, 71-617.04,
- 23 71-628, 71-630, 71-640, 71-640.01, 71-640.02, 71-640.03, 71-640.04, and
- 24 71-641, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 24-517,
- 25 25-2740, 25-2742, 29-3922, 33-107.02, 43-246.02, 43-1411, 43-1411.01,
- 26 43-1611, 43-2924, and 71-604.02, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 27 2020, are repealed.