#### LEGISLATIVE BILL 245

#### Approved by the Governor February 20, 2003

Introduced by Health and Human Services Committee: Jensen, 20, Chairperson; Byars, 30; Cunningham, 40; Erdman, 47; Maxwell, 9; Stuthman, 22

AN ACT relating to public health and welfare; to amend sections 43-3313, 43-3329, 54-311, 54-315, and 71-1,233, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 28-405, 29-4125, 43-1723, 46-602, 46-1204.01, 46-1235, 71-155.01, 71-176.01, 71-1,143.01, 71-1,166, and 81-1316, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002; to change provisions relating to controlled substance schedules, child, medical, and spousal support, the DNA Testing Act, water well decommissioning and licensure, podiatry examinations, veterinary technician license fees, temporary licenses to practice respiratory care, and pharmacy experience; to redefine terms; to provide an exemption from coverage by the State Personnel System for certain health and human services system employees; to change and eliminate provisions relating to wells and pitfalls and temporary permits to practice respiratory care; to harmonize provisions; to provide an operative date; to repeal the original sections; and to outright repeal sections 54-312 to 54-314 and 71-1,232, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 28-405, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:

28-405. The following are the schedules of controlled substances referred to in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act:

#### Schedule I

- (a) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - Acetylmethadol;
  - (2) Allylprodine;
- (3) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol which is also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;
  - (4) Alphameprodine;
  - (5) Alphamethadol;
  - (6) Benzethidine;
  - (7) Betacetylmethadol;
  - (8) Betameprodine;
  - (9) Betamethadol;
  - (10) Betaprodine;
  - (11) Clonitazene;
  - (12) Dextromoramide;
  - (13) Difenoxin;
  - (14) Diampromide;
  - (15) Diethylthiambutene;
  - (16) Dimenoxadol;
  - (17) Dimepheptanol;
  - (18) Dimethylthiambutene;
  - (19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
  - (20) Dipipanone;
  - (21) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
  - (22) Etonitazene;

  - (23) Etoxeridine; (24) Furethidine;
  - (25) Hydroxypethidine;

  - (26) Ketobemidone; (27) Levomoramide;
  - (28) Levophenacylmorphan;
  - (29) Morpheridine;
  - (30) Noracymethadol;
  - (31) Norlevorphanol;
  - (32) Normethadone; (33) Norpipanone;
  - (34) Phenadoxone;
  - (35) Phenampromide;
  - (36) Phenomorphan;

(37) Phenoperidine;

```
(38) Piritramide;
          (39) Proheptazine;
(40) Properidine;
           (41) Propiram;
           (42) Racemoramide;
           (43) Trimeperidine;
           (44)
                                                            Alpha-methylfentanyl,
N-(1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)
                                                                  propionanilide,
1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine;
          (45) Tilidine;
          (46)
                                                                3-Methylfentanyl,
N-(3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical
and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
                                                             (MPPP), its optical
          (47) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine
isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
          (48)
                PEPAP (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine),
optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
          (49)
                                                     Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl
(N-(1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylacetamide), its
isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
          (50)
                                                         Alpha-methylthiofentanyl
(N-(1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide),
optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
          (51) Benzylfentanyl (N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide),
its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
          (52)
                          Beta-hydroxyfentanyl
                                                              (N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-
phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical isomers, salts,
and salts of isomers;
          (53)
                      Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl
                                                              (other
N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-
                                                             phenylpropanamide),
its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
          (54)
                                                             3-methylthiofentanyl
(N-(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide),
optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
                       N-(1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide
          (55)
(thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
          (56)
                                                                     Thiofentanvl
(N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-propanamide),
                                                                   its
                                                                         optical
isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; and
          (57)
                                                              Para-fluorofentanyl
(N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl)propanamide), its optical
isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
          (b) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts,
                                                                        isomers.
and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
chemical designation:
          Acetorphine;
          (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
          (3) Benzylmorphine;
           (4) Codeine methylbromide;
           (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
           (6) Cyprenorphine;
           (7) Desomorphine;
           (8) Dihydromorphine;
           (9) Drotebanol;
           (10) Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;
           (11) Heroin;
           (12) Hydromorphinol;
           (13) Methyldesorphine;
           (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
           (15) Morphine methylbromide;
           (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
           (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
           (18) Myrophine;
           (19) Nicocodeine;
           (20) Nicomorphine;
           (21) Normorphine;
           (22) Pholcodine; and
           (23) Thebacon.
```

any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers,

(c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains

and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation, and, for purposes of this subdivision only, isomer shall include the optical, position, and geometric isomers:

- (1) Bufotenine. Trade and other names shall include, but are limited 3-(B-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; to: 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; and mappine;
- (2) Diethyltryptamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are
- not limited to: N,N-diethyltryptamine; and DET;
  (3) Dimethyltryptamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: DMT;
- (4) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall limited include. but are not 4-bromo-2. to: 5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; and 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
- (5) 4-methoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but not limited to: 4-methoxy-a-methyl-phenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;
- (6) 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; DOM; and STP;
  - (7) 5-methoxy-N-N, dimethyltryptamine;
- (8) Ibogaine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not 7-ethyl-6,6B,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5Hlimited to: pyrido (1',2':1,2) azepino (5,4-b) indole; and tabernanthe iboga;
  - (9) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
  - (10) Marijuana;
  - (11) Mescaline;
- (12) Peyote. Peyote shall mean all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or its seeds or extracts;
  - (13) Psilocybin;
  - (14) Psilocyn;
- (15) Tetrahydrocannabinols, including, but not limited to, synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous extractives of cannabis, sp. or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers, excluding dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin in a drug product approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration; Delta 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers; and Delta 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and its optical Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures shall be included regardless of the numerical designation of atomic positions covered;
  - (16) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
  - (17) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
  - (18) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
  - (19) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
  - (20) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- (21) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl)-piperidine; 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; and TCP;
- (22) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; and 2,5-DMA;
  - (23) Hashish or concentrated cannabis;
- (24) Parahexyl. Trade and other names shall include, but are not 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6, to: 9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo(b,d)pyran; and synhexyl;
- (25) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine; (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; cyclohexamine; and PCE;
- (26) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine; PCPy; and PHP;
- (27) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its positional, and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
- (28) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade or other names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl

2C-B; and Nexus;

(29) Alpha-ethyltryptamine. Some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase; alpha-ethyl-lH-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; alpha-ET; and AET;

- (30) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine; and DOET; and
- (31) 1-(1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl)pyrrolidine; and TCPy.
- (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - Mecloqualone;
  - (2) Methaqualone; and
- (3) Gamma-hydroxybutyric acid. Some other names include: GHB; gamma-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; and sodium oxybutyrate.
- (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
  - (1) Fenethylline;
  - (2) N-ethylamphetamine;
- (3) Aminorex; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; and 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;
- (4) Cathinone; 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone; alpha-aminopropiophenone; 2-aminopropiophenone; and norephedrone;
- (5) Methcathinone, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers. Some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone; alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; methylcathinone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463; and UR1432;
  - (6) (+/-)cis-4-methylaminorex; and
- (+/-)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine; and
- (7) N,N-dimethylamphetamine; N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; and N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine.
- $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left($

### Schedule II

- (a) Any of the following substances except those narcotic drugs listed in other schedules whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, buprenorphine, thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmefene, naloxone, and naltrexone and their salts, but including the following:
  - (i) Raw opium;
  - (ii) Opium extracts;
  - (iii) Opium fluid;
  - (iv) Powdered opium;
  - (v) Granulated opium;
  - (vi) Tincture of opium;
  - (vii) Codeine;
  - (viii) Ethylmorphine;
  - (ix) Etorphine hydrochloride;
  - (x) Hydrocodone;
  - (xi) Hydromorphone;
  - (xii) Metopon;
  - (xiii) Morphine;
  - (xiv) Oxycodone; (xv) Oxymorphone;
  - (xvi) Thebaine; and
  - (xvii) Dihydroetorphine;
- (2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision (1) of this subdivision, except that these substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
  - (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of these substances,

including cocaine and its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers, except that the substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extractions which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; and

- (5) Concentrate of poppy straw, the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium poppy.
- (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another schedule any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of their isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of such esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical isomers. designation, dextrorphan excepted:
  - (1) Alphaprodine;
  - (2) Anileridine;

  - (3) Bezitramide;(4) Diphenoxylate;
  - (5) Fentanyl;

  - (6) Isomethadone;(7) Levomethorphan;
  - (8) Levorphanol;
  - (9) Metazocine;
  - (10) Methadone;
  - (11) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl

butane;

- (12) Moramide-intermediate,
- 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid;
  - (13) Pethidine or meperidine;
  - (14) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;
  - (15) Pethidine-Intermediate-B,

ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;

(16) Pethidine-Intermediate-C,

1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;

- (17) Phenazocine;
- (18) Piminodine;
- (19) Racemethorphan;
- (20) Racemorphan;
- (21) Dihydrocodeine;
- (22) Bulk propoxyphene in nondosage forms;
- (23) Sufentanil;
- (24) Alfentanil;
- (25) Levo-alphacetylmethadol which is also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;
  - (26) Carfentanil; and
  - (27) Remifentanil.
- (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:
- (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers;
  - (2) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
- (3) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers; and
  - (4) Methylphenidate.
- (d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designations:
  - (1) Amobarbital;
  - (2) Secobarbital;

  - (3) Pentobarbital;(4) Phencyclidine; and
  - (5) Glutethimide.
  - (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:
- Nabilone. Another for nabilone: (1) name (+/-)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-
- 6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H- dibenzo(b,d)pyran-9-one.
- (f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances:
- (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine: Phenylacetone. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited to:

Phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl ketone; or

- (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine, PCP:
- (i) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine; or
- (ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile, PCC.

#### Schedule III

- (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (1) Benzphetamine;
  - (2) Chlorphentermine;
  - (3) Clortermine; and(4) Phendimetrazine.
- (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
- (1) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid, except those substances which are specifically listed in other schedules of this section;
  - (2) Chlorhexadol;
  - (3) Lysergic acid;
  - (4) Lysergic acid amide;
  - (5) Methyprylon;
  - (6) Sulfondiethylmethane;
  - (7) Sulfonethylmethane;
  - (8) Sulfonmethane;(9) Nalorphine;
- (10) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt thereof and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule;
- (11) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital. secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository;
- (12) Any drug product containing gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on July 20, 2002;
- (13) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. Some other names for ketamine: (+/-)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone;
- Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof. Trade or other names for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product shall include, but are not limited to: telazol. Trade or other names for tiletamine shall include, but are not limited to: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone. Trade or other names for zolazepam shall include, but are not limited 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-(3,4-e) (1,4)-diazepin-7(1H)-one, and flupyrazapon.
- (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule:
- (1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:
- (1) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;
- (2) (ii) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; (3) (iii) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone
- which is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;
- (4) (iv) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone which is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- (5) (v) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of dihydrocodeine per one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized

therapeutic amounts;

 $\overline{\text{(6)}}$   $\overline{\text{(vi)}}$  Not more than three hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic

- (vii) Not more than five hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams, or not more than twenty-five milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and
- $\frac{\text{(viii)}}{\text{Not more}}$  Not more than fifty milligrams of morphine per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and
- (2) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drug or its salts, as set forth below:
  - (i) Buprenorphine.
- (d) Any anabolic steroid, which shall include any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (1) Boldenone;
  - (2) Chlorotestosterone (4-chlortestosterone);
  - (3) Clostebol;
  - (4) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;
  - (5) Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);
  - (6) Drostanolone;
  - (7) Ethylestrenol;

  - (8) Fluoxymesterone;(9) Formebulone (formebolone);
  - (10) Mesterolone;

  - (11) Methandienone; (12) Methandranone;
  - (13) Methandriol;
  - (14) Methandrostenolone;
  - (15) Methenolone;
  - (16) Methyltestosterone;
  - (17) Mibolerone;
  - (18) Nandrolone;
  - (19) Norethandrolone;
  - (20) Oxandrolone;
  - (21) Oxymesterone;
  - (22) Oxymetholone;
  - (23) Stanolone;
  - (24) Stanozolol;
  - (25) Testolactone; (26) Testosterone;

  - (27) Trenbolone; and
- (28) Any salt, ester, or isomer of a drug or substance described or listed in this subdivision if the salt, ester, or isomer promotes muscle growth.
  - (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:
- (1) Dronabinol, synthetic, in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a Food and Drug Administration approved drug product. Some names for dronabinol are

(6aR-trans)-6a,7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo

(b,d)pyran-1-o1 or (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.

# Schedule IV

- (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (1) Barbital;
  - (2) Chloral betaine;
  - (3) Chloral hydrate;
- (4) Chlordiazepoxide, but not including librax (chlordiazepoxide hydrochloride and clindinium bromide) or menrium (chlordiazepoxide and water soluble esterified estrogens);
  - (5) Clonazepam;
  - (6) Clorazepate;
  - (7) Diazepam;
  - (8) Ethchlorvynol;
  - (9) Ethinamate;

- (10) Flurazepam;
- (11) Mebutamate;
- (12) Meprobamate;
- (13) Methohexital;
- (14) Methylphenobarbital;
- (15) Oxazepam;
- (16) Paraldehyde;
- (17) Petrichloral;
- (18) Phenobarbital;
- (19) Prazepam;
- (20) Alprazolam;
- (21) Bromazepam;
- (22) Camazepam;
- (23) Clobazam;
- (24) Clotiazepam;
- (25) Cloxazolam;
- (26) Delorazepam;
- (27) Estazolam;
- (28) Ethyl loflazepate; (29) Fludiazepam;
- (30) Flunitrazepam;
- (31) Halazepam;
- (32) Haloxazolam;
- (33) Ketazolam;
- (34) Loprazolam; (35) Lorazepam;
- (36) Lormetazepam;
- (37) Medazepam;
- (38) Nimetazepam;
- (39) Nitrazepam;
- (40) Nordiazepam;
- (41) Oxazolam;
- (42) Pinazepam;
- (43) Temazepam;
- (44) Tetrazepam;
- (45) Triazolam;
- (46) Midazolam;
- (47) Quazepam;
- (48) Zolpidem;
- (49) Dichloralphenazone; and
- (50) Zaleplon.
- (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible: Fenfluramine.
- (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any (c) quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (1) Diethylpropion;
  - (2) Phentermine;
  - Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and

## thereof;

- (4) Mazindol;
- (5) Pipradrol;
- (6) SPA, ((-)-1-dimethylamino- 1,2-diphenylethane);
  (7) Cathine. Another name for cathine is ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);
  (8) Fencamfamin;
- (9) Fenproporex;
- (10) Mefenorex;
- (11) Modafinil; and
- (12) Sibutramine.
- (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts or isomers calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities as set forth below:
  - (1) Propoxyphene in manufactured dosage forms; and

(2) Not more than one milligram of difenoxin and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

- (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any
- quantity of the following substance, including its salts: Pentazocine.

  (f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers, and salts of such isomers: Butorphanol.
- schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers: Ephedrine.
- (2) The following drug products containing ephedrine, its salts. optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers are excepted from subdivision (g)(1) of Schedule IV if they may lawfully be sold over the counter without a prescription under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as the act existed on September 1, 2001; are labeled and marketed in a manner consistent with the pertinent OTC Tentative Final or Final Monograph; are manufactured and distributed for legitimate medicinal use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse; and are not marketed, advertised, or represented in any manner for the indication of stimulation, mental alertness, euphoria, ecstasy, a buzz or high, heightened sexual performance, or increased muscle mass:

  - (A) Primatene Tablets;(B) Bronkaid Dual Action Caplets; and
  - (C) Pazo Hemorrhoidal Ointment.
- (3) Food and dietary supplements described in 21 U.S.C. 321, as such section existed on September 1, 2001, containing ephedrine, including its salts, optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers, are excepted from subdivision (g)(1) of Schedule IV if:
- (A) They are labeled in a manner consistent with section 28-448 and bear the statements: "This statement has not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.";
- (B) Any dosage form of the food or dietary supplements (i) does not contain any hydrochloride or sulfate salts of ephedrine alkaloids, (ii) does not contain more than twenty-five milligrams of ephedrine alkaloids, and (iii) does not contain ephedrine alkaloids in excess of five percent of the total capsule weight;
- (C) They are not marketed, advertised, or represented in any manner for the indication of stimulation, mental alertness, euphoria, ecstasy, a buzz or high, heightened sexual performance, or increased muscle mass; and
- (D) Analysis of the product is provided to the department to ensure that the product meets the requirements of subdivision (g)(3)(B) of Schedule IV.

### Schedule V

(a) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drug and its salts:

### (1) Buprenorphine.

- (b) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, which shall include one or more nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than possessed by the narcotic drug alone:
- (1) Not more than two hundred milligrams of codeine per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;
- (2) Not more than one hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeine per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;
- (3) Not more than one hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;
- (4) Not more than two and five-tenths milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;
- (5) Not more than one hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams; and
- (6) Not more than five-tenths milligram of difenoxin and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
- (c) (b) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on

the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers: Pyrovalerone.

- Section 29-4125, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is Sec. 2. amended to read:
- 29-4125. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to subsection (2)  $\underline{\text{or}}$  (4) of this section, state agencies and political subdivisions shall preserve any biological material secured in connection with a criminal case for such period of time as any person remains incarcerated in connection with that case.
- (2) State agencies or political subdivisions that have secured biological material for use in criminal cases may dispose of biological material before expiration of the period of time specified in subsection of this section if:
- (a) The state agency or political subdivision which secured the biological material for use in a criminal case notifies any person who remains incarcerated in connection with the case, such person's counsel of record, or if there is no counsel of record, the public defender, if applicable, in the county in which the judgment of conviction of such person was entered. The notice shall include:
- (i) The intention of the state agency or political subdivision to dispose of the material after ninety days after receipt of the notice; and
- (ii) The provisions of the DNA Testing Act;(b) The person, such person's counsel of record, or the public defender does not file a motion under section 29-4120 within ninety days after receipt of notice under this section; and
- (c) No other provision of law or court order requires that such biological material be preserved.
- (3) The person, such person's counsel of record, or the public defender who receives notice under subdivision (2)(a) of this section, may, in lieu of a motion under section 29-4120, request in writing to take possession of the biological material for the purpose of having the material available for any future discovery of scientific or forensic techniques. Copies of any such written request shall be provided to both the court and to the county attorney. The costs of acquisition, preservation, and storage of any such material shall be at the expense of the person.
- (4) The Department of Health and Human Services Regulation and Licensure shall preserve biological material obtained for the purpose of determining the concentration of alcohol in a person's blood for two years unless a request is made for the retention of such material beyond such period in connection with a pending legal action.
- Section 43-1723, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is Sec. 3. amended to read:
- 43-1723. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department shall notify the obligor's employer or other payor, by first-class mail or by electronic means, within the time determined by the department which shall comply with the requirements of Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act, as amended. The notice shall specify the basis for the assignment of income and direct:
- (1) That the employer or other payor shall withhold from the obligor's disposable income the amount certified by the county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department for the purpose of reducing and satisfying the obligor's (a) previous arrearage in child, spousal, or medical support payments arising from the obligor's failure to fully comply with a support order previously entered and (b) ongoing obligation for support payments as they become due;
- (2) That the employer or other payor shall implement income withholding no later than the first pay period that occurs after fourteen days begins following the date on the notice;
- (3) That the employer or other payor shall pay to the obligor, on his or her regularly scheduled payday, such income then due which is not certified to be withheld pursuant to section 43-1722 or any court order;
- (4) That the employer or other payor may assess an additional administrative fee from the obligor's disposable income not to exceed two dollars and fifty cents in any calendar month as compensation for the employer's or other payor's reasonable cost incurred in complying with the notice;
- (5) That the employer or other payor shall remit, within seven days after the date the obligor is paid and in the manner specified in the notice, the income withheld, less the deduction allowed as an administrative expense by subdivision (4) of this section, to the State Disbursement Unit as designated in the notice and shall notify the unit of the date such income was

withheld;

(6) That the employer or other payor shall notify the county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department in writing of the termination of the employment or income of the obligor, the last-known address of the obligor, and the name and address of the obligor's new employer or other payor, if known, and shall provide such written notification within thirty days after the termination of employment or income;

- (7) That income withholding is binding on the employer or other payor until further notice by the county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department;
- (8) That the employer or other payor may combine amounts required to be withheld from the income of two or more obligors in a single payment to the unit as designated in an income withholding notice if the portion of the single payment which is attributable to each individual obligor is separately identified;
- (9) That an employer or other payor who fails to withhold and remit income of an obligor after receiving proper notice or who discriminates, demotes, disciplines, or terminates an employee or payee after receiving an income withholding notice shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in sections 43-1724 and 43-1725; and
- (10) That if the employer or other payor receives more than one notice to withhold income of a single obligor and the amount of income available to be withheld pursuant to the limits specified in section 43-1722 is insufficient to satisfy the total support amount certified in the notices, the income available shall first be applied to current support. If the total amount of income available to be withheld is insufficient to satisfy the total amount of current support certified by the notices, the employer or other payor shall withhold for each notice the proportion that the amount of the current support certified in such notice bears to the total amount of current support certified in all notices received for the obligor. Any remaining income available to be withheld after current support is satisfied for all notices shall be applied to arrearages. If arrearages are certified in more than one notice, the employer or other payor shall withhold for each notice the proportion that the amount of the arrearage certified in such notice bears to the total amount of arrearage certified in all notices received for the obligor.

Compliance with the order by the employer or other payor shall operate as a discharge of the employer's or other payor's liability to the obligor as to the portion of the obligor's income withheld. The county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department need not notify the Commissioner of Labor as a payor if the commissioner is withholding for child support from the obligor under section 48-647 for the same support order.

Sec. 4. Section 43-3313, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-3313. Support in the definitions of child support, medical support, and spousal support means providing necessary shelter, food, clothing, care, medical support, medical attention, education expenses, or funeral expenses or any other reasonable and necessary expense. and includes interest as provided by law.

Sec. 5. Section 43-3329, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

43-3329. For purposes of sections 43-3328 to 43-3339, the following definitions apply:

- (1) Account means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account;
- (2) Authorized attorney has the same meaning as found in section 43-1704;
  - (3) Child support has the same meaning as found in section 43-1705;
  - (4) Department means the Department of Health and Human Services;
- (5) Director means the Director of Health and Human Services or his or her designee and, if the director designates, includes a county attorney or authorized attorney;
- (6) Financial institution means every federal or state commercial or savings bank, including savings and loan associations and cooperative banks, federal or state chartered credit unions, benefit associations, insurance companies, safe deposit companies, any money-market mutual fund as defined in section 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code that seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar in accordance with 17 C.F.R. 270.2a-7, any broker, brokerage firm, trust company, or unit investment trust, or any other similar entity doing business or authorized to do business in the State of Nebraska;

(7) Match means a comparison by automated or other means by name and social security number of a list of obligors provided to a financial institution by the Department of Health and Human Services and a list of depositors of any financial institution;

- (8) Medical support has the same meaning as found in section 43-512;
- (9) Obligor means a person who owes a duty of support pursuant to a support order;
- (10) Payor includes a person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, corporation, or other entity doing business or authorized to do business in the State of Nebraska, including a financial institution, or a department or an agency of state, county, or city government;
- (11) Spousal support has the same meaning as found in section 43-1715:
- (12) Support in the definitions of child support, medical support, and spousal support means providing necessary shelter, food, clothing, care, medical support, medical attention, education expenses, or funeral expenses or any other reasonable and necessary expense; and includes interest as provided by law; and
- (13) Support order has the same meaning as found in section 43-1717. Sec. 6. Section 46-602, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:
- (1) Each water well completed in this state on or after 46-602. July 1, 2001, excluding test holes and dewatering wells to be used for less than ninety days, shall be registered with the Department of Natural Resources as provided in this section within sixty days after completion of construction of the water well. The water well contractor as defined in section 46-1213 constructing the water well, or the owner of the water well if the owner constructed the water well, shall file the registration on a form made available by the department and shall also file with the department the information from the well large registration. information from the well log required pursuant to section 46-1241. department shall, by January 1, 2002, provide water well contractors with the option of filing such registration forms electronically. No signature shall be required on forms filed electronically. The fee required by section 46-1224 shall be the source of funds for any required fee to a contractor which provides the on-line services for such registration. Any discount in the amount paid the state by a credit card, charge card, or debit card company or a third-party merchant bank for such registration fees shall be deducted from the portion of the registration fee collected pursuant to section 46-1224.
- (2)  $\underline{(a)}$  If the newly constructed water well is a replacement water well, the registration number of the water well it replaces, if applicable, and the date the original water well was or will be decommissioned shall be included on the registration form. For purposes of this section, replacement water well means a water well which  $\underline{(a)}$   $\underline{(i)}$  replaces an abandoned water well within three years after the last operation of the abandoned water well or replaces a water well that will not be used after construction of the new water well and the original water well will be abandoned within one year after such construction and  $\underline{(b)}$   $\underline{(ii)}$  is constructed to provide water to the same tract of land served by the water well being replaced.
- (b) No water well shall be registered as a replacement water well until the department Department of Natural Resources has received a properly completed notice of abandonment for the water well being replaced. Such notice shall be completed by (i) the water well contractor as defined in section 46-1213 who decommissions the water well, (ii) the pump installation contractor as defined in section 46-1209 who decommissions the water well, or (iii) the owner if the owner decommissions a driven sandpoint well which is on land owned by him or her for farming, ranching, or agricultural purposes or as his or her place of abode. The Department of Health and Human Services Regulation and Licensure shall, by rule and regulation, determine which contractor or owner shall be responsible for such notice in situations in which more than one contractor or owner may be required to provide notice under this subsection.
- (3) For a series of two or more water wells completed and pumped into a common carrier as part of a single site plan for irrigation purposes, a registration form and a detailed site plan shall be filed for each water well. The registration form shall include the registration numbers of other water wells included in the series if such water wells are already registered.
- (4) A series of water wells completed for purposes of installation of a ground heat exchanger for a structure for utilizing the geothermal properties of the ground shall be considered as one water well. One registration form and a detailed site plan shall be filed for each such

series.

(5) One registration form shall be required along with a detailed site plan which shows the location of each such water well in the site and a log from each such water well for water wells constructed as part of a single site plan for (a) monitoring ground water, obtaining hydrogeologic information, or extracting contaminants from the ground, (b) water wells constructed as part of remedial action approved by the Department of Environmental Quality pursuant to section 66-1525, 66-1529.02, or 81-15,124, and (c) water well owners who have a permit issued pursuant to the Industrial Ground Water Regulatory Act and also have an underground injection control permit issued by the Department of Environmental Quality.

- (6) The department shall be notified by the owner of any change in the ownership of a water well required to be registered under this section. Notification shall be in such form and include such evidence of ownership as the Director of Natural Resources by rule and regulation directs. The department shall use such notice to update the registration on file. The department shall not collect a fee for the filing of the notice.
- (7) The water well contractor or pump installation contractor responsible therefor shall notify the department on a form provided by the department of any pump installation or any modifications to the construction of the water well or pump, after the initial registration of the well. A water well owner shall notify the department on a form provided by the department of any other changes or any inaccuracies in recorded water well information, including, but not limited to, changes in use. The department shall not collect a fee for the filing of the notice.
- (8) Whenever a water well becomes an illegal water well as defined section 46-656.07, the owner of the water well shall either correct the deficiency that causes the well to be an illegal water well or shall cause the proper decommissioning of the water well in accordance with rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the Water Well Standards and Contractors' Licensing Act. Upon proper decommissioning of any water well, written notice ef abandonment shall be provided by The water well contractor who decommissions the water well, the pump installation contractor who decommissions the water well, or the owner if the owner decommissions a driven sandpoint well which is on land owned by him or her for farming, ranching, or agricultural purposes or as his or her place of abode, shall provide a the department Department of properly completed notice of abandonment to Natural Resources within sixty days. The Department of Health and Human Services Regulation and Licensure shall, by rule and regulation, determine which contractor or owner shall be responsible for such notice in situations in which more than one contractor or owner may be required to provide notice under this subsection. The department Department of Natural Resources shall not collect a fee for the filing of the notice.
- (9) Except for water wells which are used solely for domestic purposes and were constructed before September 9, 1993, and for test holes and dewatering wells used for less than ninety days, each water well which was completed in this state before July 1, 2001, and which is not registered on that date shall be an illegal water well until it is registered with the Department of Natural Resources. Such registration shall be completed by a water well contractor or by the current owner of the water well, shall be on forms provided by the department, and shall provide as much of the information required by subsections (1) through (5) of this section for registration of a new water well as is possible at the time of registration.
- Sec. 7. Section 46-1204.01, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:
- 46-1204.01. Abandoned water well means any water well (1) the use of which has been accomplished or permanently discontinued, (2) which has been decommissioned as described in the rules and regulations of the Department of Health and Human Services Regulation and Licensure, and the owner of which has filed a notice of abandonment with the Department of Natural Resources if required by section 46-602 (3) for which the notice of abandonment required by subsection (2) of section 46-602 has been filed with the Department of Natural Resources by the licensed water well contractor or pump installation contractor who decommissioned the water well or by the water well owner if the
- owner decommissioned the water well.

  Sec. 8. Section 46-1235, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:
- 46-1235. In cases other than those relating to failure to meet the requirements for an initial license or an initial certificate, the department may deny, refuse renewal of, suspend, or revoke licenses or certificates or may take other disciplinary action for any of the following acts or offenses:
  - (1) Practice of fraud or deceit in obtaining a license or

certificate

(2) Violation of the Water Well Standards and Contractors' Licensing Act or any standards, rules, or regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to such act;

- (3) Incompetence or gross negligence in the performance of any activity for which licenses or certificates are issued pursuant to the act;
- (4) Conduct or practices detrimental to the health or safety of persons hiring the services of the licensee or certificate holder or of members of the general public;
- (5) Practice of the trade fraudulently, beyond the authorized scope, or with manifest incapacity;
- (6) Practice of the trade while the ability to practice is impaired by alcohol, controlled substances, narcotic drugs, or physical disability;
- (7) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the practice of the trade or the performance of activities requiring a license or certificate by a person not licensed or certified to do so;
- (8) Having had a license or certificate denied, refused renewal, limited, suspended, or revoked or having been disciplined in any other manner by another state or jurisdiction to practice water well construction, water well drilling, water well decommissioning, or pump installation based upon acts by the applicant, licensee, or certificate holder similar to acts described in this section. A certified copy of the record of denial, refusal of renewal, limitation, suspension, or revocation of a license or certificate or the taking of other disciplinary action by another state or jurisdiction shall be conclusive evidence;
- (9) Unprofessional conduct as may be defined in rules and regulations of the board with approval of the department;
- (10) Practice of the trade while the license or certificate to do so is suspended or practice of the trade in contravention of any limitation placed upon the license or certificate;  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$
- (11) Failing to file a water well registration required by subsection (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 46-602 or failing to file a notice required by subsection (7) of such section; or
- (12) Failing to file a properly completed notice of abandonment of a water well required by subsection (8) of section 46-602.
- A licensee or certificate holder shall not engage in the practice of the trade after a license or certificate is revoked or during the time for which it is suspended. If a license or certificate is suspended, the suspension shall be for a definite period of time to be fixed by the Director of Regulation and Licensure, and such license or certificate shall be automatically reinstated upon the expiration of such period if the current renewal fee has been paid. If such license or certificate is revoked, such revocation shall be for one year.
- Sec. 9. Section 54-311, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- Sec. 10. Section 54-315, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 54-315. Any resident freeholder leaving any well or pitfall unenclosed or unfilled, into which stock may fall, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars nor less than fifty dollars, and be liable to the owner of the stock for all damages Any person who violates section 54-311 shall be guilty of a Class IV misdemeanor.
- Sec. 11. Section 71-155.01, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:
- Sec. 12. Section 71-176.01, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:
  - 71-176.01. (1) On and after January 1, 1996, a person employed

exclusively in the office or clinic of a licensed podiatrist shall not perform any of the functions described in subsection (2) of section 71-3515.01 as a part of such employment unless the person is (a) licensed as a limited radiographer under the Radiation Control Act or (b) certified as provided in this section.

- (2) The Board of Podiatry may certify a person to perform medical radiography on the anatomical regions of the ankle and foot if such person (a) has completed a fifteen-hour course of instruction, approved by the board, on radiation hygiene and podiatric radiological practices, including radiation health and safety, lower extremity anatomy, physics, concepts, physiology, techniques, positioning, equipment maintenance, and minimization of radiation exposure, and (b) passed a competency examination administered approved by the board.
- Sec. 13. Section 71-1,143.01, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:
- 71-1,143.01. (1) Every applicant for examination and registration as a pharmacist shall be not less than twenty-one years of age, of good moral character and temperate habits, a graduate of an accredited school or college of pharmacy, or an accredited department of pharmacy of a university, recognized by the board, except that an applicant who is a graduate of a school, college, or university department of pharmacy located outside of the United States and which is not accredited, shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirement of being a graduate of an accredited school, college, or department of pharmacy upon providing evidence satisfactory to the board, of graduation from such foreign school, college, or department of pharmacy and upon successfully passing an equivalency examination approved by the board.
- (2) Every applicant shall file proof of sufficient internship experience in a pharmacy, under the supervision of a registered or licensed pharmacist, as may be required by the board, which shall comply with national requirements for internship as set forth by the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy; shall have satisfactorily completed at least five years of college of which at least three years shall have been in an accredited school or college of pharmacy, or in an accredited department of pharmacy of a university; and shall pass an examination satisfactory to the board.
- (3) Proof of the qualifications for registration prescribed in this section shall be made to the satisfaction of the board, substantiated by proper affidavits, except that in all cases the actual time of attendance at an accredited school or college of pharmacy or an accredited department of pharmacy of a university is certified by the appropriate school, college, or university authority by the issuance of the degree granted to a graduate of such school, college, or department of pharmacy. Service and experience in a pharmacy under the supervision of a registered pharmacist, as required in this section, shall be predominantly related to the practice of pharmacy, and shall include the keeping of records and the making of reports required under state and federal statutes. The Department of Health and Human Services Regulation and Licensure, upon the recommendation of the board, shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations as may be required to establish standards for internship which shall comply with national requirements to effect reciprocity with other states which have similar requirements for licensure. The fee for pharmacy internship shall be forty dollars and shall accompany the application and shall be transmitted to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Nebraska Pharmaceutical Fund.
- Sec. 14. Section 71-1,166, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is amended to read:
- 71-1,166. (1) The department shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations providing for (a) licensure of veterinary technicians meeting the requirements of section 71-1,165 and (b) standards for the level of supervision required for particular delegated animal health care tasks and which determine which tasks may be performed by a veterinary technician and by unlicensed assistants. The level of supervision may be immediate supervision, direct supervision, or indirect supervision as determined by the department based upon the complexity and requirements of the task.
  - (2) The department shall establish and collect the following fees:
- (a) For an initial application for licensure as a veterinary technician, an amount not less than five dollars nor more than seventy-five dollars;
- (b) For annual biennial renewal of licensure as a veterinary technician, an amount not less than  $\frac{\text{five}}{\text{five hundred}}$  dollars; and
  - (c) For a duplicate original license, ten dollars.
- Sec. 15. Section 71-1,233, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

The board shall, with the approval of the department, issue a license to perform respiratory care to an applicant who, on or before July 17, 1986, has passed the Certified Respiratory Therapy Technician or Registered Respiratory Therapist examination administered by the National Board for Respiratory Care or the appropriate accrediting agency acceptable to the department. Any applicant who has not passed either of such examinations as of July 17, 1986, and who, through written evidence, verified by oath, demonstrates that he or she is currently a respiratory care practitioner shall be given a temporary license to practice respiratory care for a period of up to twenty-eight months from January 1, 1987. Such applicant shall pass the licensure examination administered by the board during the twenty-eight-month period in order to continue to practice respiratory care after the temporary license has expired.

Section 81-1316, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, is Sec. 16. amended to read:

81-1316. (1) All agencies and personnel of state government shall be covered by sections 81-1301 to 81-1319 and shall be considered subject to the State Personnel System, except the following:

- (a) All personnel of the office of the Governor;
- (b) All personnel of the office of the Lieutenant Governor;(c) All personnel of the office of the Secretary of State;
- (d) All personnel of the office of the State Treasurer;
- (e) All personnel of the office of the Attorney General;
- (f) All personnel of the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts;
- (g) All personnel of the Legislature;
- (h) All personnel of the court systems;
- (i) All personnel of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds;
- (j) All personnel of the Public Service Commission;
- (k) All personnel of the Nebraska Brand Committee;
- (1) All personnel of the Commission of Industrial Relations;
- (m) All personnel of the State Department of Education;
- (n) All personnel of the Nebraska state colleges and the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges;
  - (o) All personnel of the University of Nebraska;
- (p) All personnel of the Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education:
- (q) All personnel of the Governor's Policy Research Office, but not to include personnel within the State Energy Office;
  - (r) All personnel of the Commission on Public Advocacy;
  - (s) All agency heads; and
- (t) The Director of Medical Services established under section 83-125 and the chief executive officers of the Beatrice State Developmental Center, Lincoln Regional Center, Norfolk Regional Center, Hastings Regional Center, Grand Island Veterans' Home, Norfolk Veterans' Home, Thomas Fitzgerald Veterans' Home, Western Nebraska Veterans' Home, Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Kearney, and Youth Rehabilitation and Treatment Center-Geneva; and
- (u) All personnel employed as pharmacists, physicians, or psychologists of the Department of Health and Human psychiatrists, Services, the Department of Health and Human Services Finance and Support, and the Department of Health and Human Services Regulation and Licensure.
- (2) At each agency head's discretion, up to the following number of additional positions may be exempted from the State Personnel System, based on the following agency size categories:

mber of Agency	Number of Noncovered
Employees	Positions
less than 25	0
25 to 100	1
101 to 250	2
251 to 500	3
501 to 1000	4
1001 to 2000	5
2001 to 3000	8
3001 to 4000	11
4001 to 5000	14
over 5000	17

The purpose of having such noncovered positions shall be to allow agency heads the opportunity to recruit, hire, and supervise critical, confidential, or policymaking personnel without restrictions from selection procedures, compensation rules, career protections, and grievance privileges. Persons holding the noncovered positions shall serve at the pleasure of the agency head and shall be paid salaries set by the agency head.

positions (3) No changes to this section or to the number of noncovered within an agency shall affect the status of personnel employed on the date the changes become operative without their prior written agreement. In no case shall a current A state employee's career protections or coverage by personnel rules and regulations shall not be revoked by redesignation of the employee's position as a noncovered position without the prior written agreement of such employee.

Sec. 17. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2004.
Sec. 18. Original sections 43-3313, 43-3329, 54-311, 54-315, and 71-1,233, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 28-405, 29-4125, 43-1723, 46-602, 46-1204.01, 46-1235, 71-155.01, 71-176.01, 71-1,143.01, 71-1,166, and 81-1316, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2002, are repealed. Sec. 19. The following sections are outright repealed: Sections

54-312 to 54-314 and 71-1,232, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.