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would suggest the number certainly would be, to me, would be reasonable to raise it, but I would not want to, at this point, what would be exactly right. Senator Wehrbein introduced this bill. I signed on to it simply because there were a lot of people, a lot of people at the county and city level saying that in some instances it really wasn't necessary to go for the expense of a professional engineer to do the design; that you could, in fact, get it built and save that cost. And I think the issue that came down that I heard and particularly in the hearing was we're, on the one hand, telling all communities, all counties, state, everybody to be more efficient and to do things as cheaply as...and well and cheaply as they could. Nobody wants to build an unsafe project. It will, in fact, in the long term cost them money. So I guess it's a matter what the body feels comfortable with as far as the numbers. Roger has said 80 and I signed on with it. I'm willing to stay with that as long as there aren't any people who feel uncomfortable with it. So I guess, again, it's a judgment case and, with that, I thank you, Mr. Chairman.

PRESIDENT MAURSTAD: Thank you, Senator. Chair recognizes Senator Suttle.

SENATOR SUTTLE: Thank you, Mr. President. I am one of those people that find this disturbing and I am cautious about doing this kind of thing. I think even though the liability is not addressed in this and they will be more liable, I think there is a time where we have to decide if we find that cheapness and efficiency is more important than safety for the people who are going to use these...this capital construction and the people who are going to use the buildings. You have to decide whether \$80,000 is something that you feel comfortable with in allowing buildings to be erected without having an engineer look at it. You've got to realize that buildings nowadays aren't like buildings were in 1978. They didn't have the ADA at that time. They didn't have foul...buildings that had bad air and they...and legionnaires' disease or any other kind of multiple fatigue that can happen inside a building. You didn't have a whole bunch of things that changes the way a building is constructed nowadays. It will...if someone does get sick and their...or structural things happen to the building, I think the political subdivision that put up that building will have