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bill everything that they said the bill is being brought for. Now if they stand and tell us that's not what it's being brought for, then you have to accept what I allege, that all they want to do is run up a smoke screen so that they could open the gate wider forever for any and every company, no matter how large they are, whether they need this kind of assistance or not. In Senator Wesely's handout there are specific figures given on this Nebraska beef plant operation. And the figures are based on the two minimum qualification investment standards required under the law, and news accounts of the number of jobs supposedly created. So, based on the \$100 million investment and 800 employees, they would get \$7,500,000 in benefits. LB 775 credits for direct refunds another \$3,750,000; then the LB 775 5 percent tax credit, \$5,250,280; then the 775 10 percent tax credit on total investments, \$10 million; Community Development Block Grant funds, which the city of Omaha threw at them, even though there are problems created in the city of Omaha by this company, \$700,000; Tax Increment Financing, which Omaha kicked into the kettle, \$1,725,000; then these Nebraska Job Training Funds, \$2,500,000, for a total of \$31,425,000. Now, if they would give me that much money, I could start a business. But we know what this kind of legislation is for. Children will be burdened because these obligations run on into the future. Once the state enters these contracts, the state can be required, under the law, to deliver on them. I hear people, when they're running for office, say, don't burden our children, don't burden the future, and so forth. Well, when it's in this particular state, all that goes out the window. In Congress there are people, depending on which party they belong to, who love the independent council legislation, others hate it. But that legislation was drafted in an interesting way.

SPEAKER KRISTENSEN: One minute.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: The law that authorizes the existence of the independent council does not just go on forever. Periodically, Congress must affirmatively reauthorize that legislation. If they choose, for whatever reason, not to reauthorize it, it ceases to be. And maybe that's the approach we ought to take on this, where, unless the Legislature continues to take affirmative action, this kind of thing does not just go on and on forever. I think what Senator Lynch's amendment will do is