### LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

### ONE HUNDRED THIRD LEGISLATURE

## FIRST SESSION

# LEGISLATIVE BILL 558

Read first time January 23, 2013

Committee: Revenue

## A BILL

- 6 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 25-21,149, Reissue Revised Statutes of

- 2 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 3 25-21,149 Courts of record within their respective
- 4 jurisdictions shall have power to declare rights, status, and other
- 5 legal relations whether or not further relief is or could be claimed.
- 6 No action or proceeding shall be open to objection on the ground that
- 7 a declaratory judgment or decree is prayed for. The declaration may
- 8 be either affirmative or negative in form and effect, and such
- 9 declarations shall have the force and effect of a final judgment or
- 10 decree. Any action or proceeding seeking a declaratory judgment that
- 11 any tax, penalty, or part thereof is unconstitutional shall be
- 12 brought in the tax year in which the within twelve months after such
- 13 tax or penalty was levied or assessed.
- 14 Sec. 2. Section 77-1735, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 15 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 16 77-1735 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this
- 17 section, if a person makes a payment to any county or other political
- 18 subdivision of any property tax or any payment in lieu of tax with
- 19 respect to property and claims the tax or any part thereof is illegal
- 20 or unconstitutional for any reason other than the valuation or
- 21 equalization of the property, he or she may, at any time within
- 22 thirty days after such payment, make a written claim for refund of
- 23 the payment from the county treasurer to whom paid. The county
- 24 treasurer shall immediately forward the claim to the county board. If
- 25 the payment is not refunded within ninety days thereafter, the

claimant may sue the county board for the amount so claimed. Upon the 1 2 trial, if it is determined that such tax or any part thereof was 3 illegal or unconstitutional, judgment shall be rendered therefor and such judgment shall be collected in the manner prescribed in section 4 5 77-1736.06. If the tax so claimed to be illegal or unconstitutional was not collected for all political subdivisions in a consolidated 6 7 tax district and if a suit is brought to recover the tax paid or a 8 part thereof, the plaintiff in such action shall join as defendants in a single suit as many of the political subdivisions as he or she 9 seeks recovery from by stating in the petition a claim against each 10 such political subdivision as a separate cause of action. For 11 12 purposes of this section, illegal shall mean a tax levied for an 13 unauthorized purpose or as a result of fraudulent conduct on the part of the taxing officials. A person shall not be entitled to a refund 14 15 pursuant to this section of any property tax paid or any payment in lieu of tax unless the person has filed a claim with the county 16 treasurer or prevailed in an action against the county. If a county 17 18 refuses to make a refund, a person shall not be entitled to a refund 19 unless he or she prevails in an action against the county on such 20 claim even if another person has successfully challenged a similar 21 tax or payment. 22 (2) For property valued by the state, for purposes of a

claim for refund pursuant to this section, the Tax Commissioner shall perform the functions of the county treasurer and county board. Upon approval of the claim by the Tax Commissioner or a court of competent

1 jurisdiction, the Tax Commissioner shall certify the amount of the

- 2 refund to the county treasurer to whom this tax was paid or
- 3 distributed. The refund shall be made in the manner prescribed in
- 4 section 77-1736.06.
- Sec. 3. Original sections 25-21,149 and 77-1735, Reissue
- 6 Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.